Exhibit No.: Issues: Fuel Adjustment Clause Witness: Donald Johnstone Type of Exhibit: Direct Testimony Sponsoring Party: Sedalia Industrial Energy Users' Association and St. Joe Industrial Group Case Number: ER-2007-0004 Date Testimony Prepared: January 18, 2007

Aquila Networks-MPS and Aquila Networks-L&P

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Case No. ER-2007-0004

Prepared Direct Testimony of

Donald Johnstone

On behalf of

Sedalia Industrial Energy Users' Association and St. Joe Industrial Group

January 2007

Exhibit No. 🔿 $\overline{000}$ Case No(s) Date

MAY 3 2007

Missouri Public Service Commission

BEFORE THE

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Aquila, Inc. d/b/a Aquila Networks-MPS and Aquila Networks-L&P, for authority to file tariffs increasing electric rates for the service provided to customers in the Aquila Networks-MPS and Aquila Networks-L&P service areas

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Case No. ER-2007-2004

Affidavit of Donald Johnstone

State of Missouri)) ss County of <u>Canden</u>)

Donald Johnstone, of lawful age, on his oath states: that he has reviewed the attached written testimony in question and answer form, all to be presented in the above case, that the answers in the attached written testimony were given by him; that he has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; that such matters are true to the best of his knowledge, information and belief.

ANT Donald Johnstone

Subscribed and sworn before me this 18 th day of January, 2007

in Mepor Notary Publ

My Commission expires:

CAROLYN NEPORADNY Notary Public - Notary Seal STATE OF MISSOURI Commissioned for Camden County My Commission Expires: August 30, 2009 Commission Number 05452654

Before the Missouri Public Service Commission

Aquila Networks-MPS and Aquila Networks-L&P

Case No. ER-2007-0004

Prepared Direct Testimony of Donald Johnstone

- Q PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS.
 A My name is Donald Johnstone and my address is 384 Black Hawk Drive, Lake
- 3 Ozark, Missouri, 65049.

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4 Q BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?

5 A I am employed as President of Competitive Energy Dynamics, L. L. C.

6 Q PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATION AND EXPERIENCE.

7 A My qualifications and experience are set forth in Appendix A.

8 Q WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

9 A I have been engaged to address the appropriate design of a Fuel Adjustment
10 Clause ("FAC") within the context of the Commission's new fuel adjustment
11 rule. The rule addresses the possibility of rate adjustment mechanisms, which
12 may take the form of either an interim energy charge mechanism or a fuel

adjustment mechanism. Although Aquila has put forward a specific proposal,
 this being the intervener opportunity for direct testimony, I will in due course
 respond to the Aquila proposal in the rebuttal round of testimony.

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There is a grey area in which some aspects of any appropriately-designed 4 FAC could have "revenue requirement" implications even though the bulk of 5 the issues involved are properly addressed as "rate design." I will address 6 7 issues in this testimony that appear to me to have the most direct revenue 8 requirement implications. The balance of my specific proposal for the 9 appropriate design of a fuel adjustment clause will appear in my testimony 10 filed on the "rate design" date. Also, as noted above, I will reserve comment 11 on Aquila's specific FAC proposal for the rebuttal round of testimony.

12 Q IN ORDER TO PROVIDE CONTEXT FOR YOUR COMMENTS, PLEASE DESCRIBE 13 THE AQUILA FAC PROPOSAL.

Aquila proposes a new rate schedule that is captioned "FUEL ADJUSTMENT 14 Α 15 CLAUSE ELECTRIC" The proposed rate generally provides for the collection of 16 the Missouri jurisdictional share of Aquila's actual "fuel consumed in Company 17 generating units, purchased power charges and emission allowance costs." The FAC rate is proposed to be adjusted quarterly. Among other things the 18 19 proposed rate also provides for all hedge costs, settlement costs and benefits, 20 emission allowance costs, and interest on the deferred amounts. The rate 21 further provides for the costs incurred in each three-month "accumulation

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period" to be collected in a subsequent three-month "recovery period". The
effect is a six month lag in the collection. 100% of the variations in the tracked
costs would flow through to ratepayers. Finally, the rate provides for
additional collections or refunds, as the case may be, pursuant to any under or
over collections and pursuant to annual prudence reviews.

6 Q IN YOUR OPINION, SHOULD IT BE NECESSARY FOR A UTILITY TO 7 DEMONSTRATE A NEED FOR A FAC?

8 Α Yes. A fuel adjustment clause more or less automatically flows through to 9 customers the variations in costs. Retail rates are thus made volatile and, to 10 state the obvious, volatile rates are not beneficial to customers. Rather. 11 volatility is typically perceived as a problem for customers. Consequently, 12 Aquila, before shifting the burden of volatility directly to customers, ought to 13 first be required to demonstrate a need and then that need must be weighed 14 against the negative effects of the proposed FAC. Among the negative effects 15 are rate volatility, unpredictable utility bills, reduced incentives for the utility to achieve low and stable costs, distorted investment incentives, and the 16 17 complexities of the rate administration. Any rate adjustment mechanism 18 should be approved only if the need is acute and the negative effects are 19 reasonably mitigated. Of course, a design that mitigated the negative effects 20 would be preferable to one that did not do so.

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1QSHOULD AN APPROPRIATELY DESIGNED FAC PASS THROUGH 100% OF THE2FUEL COST VARIATIONS FACED BY THE UTILITY?

3 A This is a matter I will address in "rate design" testimony. Suffice to say any 4 100% proposal shifts a great burden to customers and regulators and my 5 recommendation for the design will mitigate the shift in burden.

6 Q SHOULD A FAC EFFECT THE REVENUE REQUIREMENT AND THE LEVEL OF THE 7 RATES THAT GO INTO EFFECT AT THE CONCLUSION OF THIS PROCEEDING?

8 A There are several parts to this answer. First, a FAC will reduce the risk for the 9 utility and will therefore logically have an effect on the return on equity that 10 will be granted by the Commission. I will leave the extent of the effect to be 11 quantified by the return experts.

12 The second part of the answer goes to the remainder of the revenue 13 requirement. In this regard, I recommend that the revenue requirement be 14 developed under the standard Commission rules and procedures. In other 15 words, the fuel costs ought to be a part of the determination of the revenue 16 requirement on the same basis as if there were no FAC.

17 One additional consideration is the need to define the portion of the 18 costs (revenue requirement) that is to be tracked if a fuel adjustment is 19 approved. The FAC costs need to be defined and expressed as an amount per 20 kWh (with due consideration of line losses). It may be that certain rate case 21 adjustments to the fuel costs remain in base rates and it may also be that a

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Donald Johnstone Direct Testimony

- 1 fixed percentage of fuel costs remains in base rates. Costs not included in the 2 FAC tracking mechanism would continue to be a part of base rates. ARE THERE REASONS WHY IT WOULD BE DESIRABLE TO TRACK SOMETHING 3 Q OTHER THAN 100% OF FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER COSTS IN A RATE 4 5 ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM? 6 Yes. I will address the reasons in my rate design testimony. Α 7 SHOULD A RATE ADJUSTMENT MECHANISM NECESSARILY PROTECT AQUILA Q FROM THE INEVITABLE EXPENSE BUMPS THAT WILL OCCUR IN THE 8 9 **OPERATION OF ITS PRODUCTION FACILITIES?** No. I do not understand that to be the goal of a FAC. However, any 100% pass 10 Α 11 through of fuel and purchased power costs under a FAC would do just that. 12 Every time a low cost unit goes off line or suffers reduced output due to 13 any outage, expenses will necessarily go up due to the higher cost of 14 replacement energy. In fact, every bump in expenses due to any and all operational problems would automatically pass through to customers. 15 16 Ratepayers, in effect, become insurers of the energy replacement cost for 17 every operational limitation and problem. That is not a good thing for 18 customers. Nor is it sound regulatory policy.
- The only prospect whatsoever for any ratepayer protection should not
 come after the fact, perhaps even years later at the conclusion of any

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prudence review and litigation. For in the meantime, the money would be out
of ratepayer pockets and in the coffers of the utility. This is a most
unfortunate side effect of any fuel adjustment mechanism that passes through
100% of fuel and purchased power costs and this unfortunate result should be
either mitigated or eliminated with a design that will protect customers.

6 Q IS IT POSSIBLE TO ESTABLISH A RATE ADJUSTMENT PROVISION THAT WOULD

7 OFFER AQUILA SOME RELIEF FROM VOLATILE ENERGY MARKETS WHILE NOT 8 AT THE SAME TIME AUTOMATICALLY PASSING THRU EVERY COST ASSOCIATED 9 WITH EVERY OPERATIONAL PERTURBATION IN THE AQUILA PRODUCTION 10 FACILITIES?

11 A Yes. This matter will be addressed in my rate design testimony.

12 Q DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY AT THIS TIME?

13 A Yes it does. As I noted earlier, I will address in my rate design testimony
14 present the criteria that I believe are important to implement in any FAC so
15 that it is appropriate and reasonable in its operation and effect on consumers.
16 I will reserve until the rebuttal testimony any evaluation of the specific Aquila
17 FAC proposal and compare it to those standards.

1		Appendix A
		Qualifications of Donald E. Johnstone
2	Q	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS.
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3	Α	Donald E. Johnstone. My address is 384 Black Hawk Drive, Lake Ozark, MO
4		65049.
5	Q	PLEASE STATE YOUR OCCUPATION.
6	A	I am President of Competitive Energy Dynamics, L. L. C. and a consultant in the
7		field of public utility regulation.
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8	Q	PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE.
9	A	In 1968, I received a Bachelor of Science Degree in Electrical Engineering from
10		the University of Missouri at Rolla. After graduation, I worked in the customer
1 1		engineering division of a computer manufacturer. From 1969 to 1973, I was an
12		officer in the Air Force, where most of my work was related to the Aircraft
13		Structural Integrity Program in the areas of data processing, data base design
14		and economic cost analysis. Also in 1973, I received a Master of Business
15		Administration Degree from Oklahoma City University.
16		From 1973 through 1981, I was employed by a large Midwestern utility
17		and worked in the Power Operations and Corporate Planning Functions. While
18		in the Power Operations Function, I had assignments relating to the peak
19		demand and net output forecasts and load behavior studies which included such
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factors as weather, conservation and seasonality. I also analyzed the cost of replacement energy associated with forced outages of generation facilities. In the Corporate Planning Function, my assignments included developmental work on a generation expansion planning program and work on the peak demand and sales forecasts. From 1977 through 1981, I was Supervisor of the Load Forecasting Group where my responsibilities included the Company's sales and peak demand forecasts and the weather normalization of sales.

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In 1981, I began consulting, and in 2000, I created the firm Competitive 8 9 Energy Dynamics, L.L.C. As a part of my twenty-five years of consulting 10 practice, I have participated in the analysis of various electric, gas, water, and 11 sewer utility matters, including the analysis and preparation of cost-of-service 12 studies and rate analyses. In addition to general rate cases, I have participated 13 in electric fuel and gas cost reviews and planning proceedings, policy 14 proceedings, market price surveys, generation capacity evaluations, and 15 assorted matters related to the restructuring of the electric and gas industries. I have also assisted companies in the negotiation of power contracts 16 17 representing over \$1 billion of electricity.

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18 I have testified before the state regulatory commissions of Delaware,
19 Hawaii, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Missouri, Montana, New
20 Hampshire, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia, and the
21 Rate Commission of the Metropolitan St. Louis Sewer District.

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