

Exhibit No.: Issue(s): **Sponsoring Party:** Case No.

Cost of Service Witness/Type of Exhibit: Meisenheimer/Surrebuttal **Public Counsel** EO-2002-384

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY



Missouri Public ervice Commission

BARBARA A. MEISENHEIMER

Submitted on Behalf of the Office of the Public Counsel

AQUILA, INC.

CASE NO. EO-2002-384

October 28, 2005

Exhibit No. 7 Case No(s) EC-9002 Date -01-05 Aptr

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of an Examination of Class Cost of) Service and Rate Design in the Missouri) Jurisdictional Electric Service Operations of) Aquila, Inc., Formerly Known as UtiliCorp United) Inc.)

SS

Case No. EO-2002-384

AFFIDAVIT OF BARBARA A. MEISENHEIMER

STATE OF MISSOURI)) COUNTY OF COLE)

Barbara A. Meisenheimer, of lawful age and being first duly sworn, deposes and states:

1. My name is Barbara A. Meisenheimer. I am Chief Utility Economist for the Office of the Public Counsel.

2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my surrebuttal testimony consisting of pages 1 through 7.

3. I hereby swear and affirm that my statements contained in the attached testimony are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Barbára A. Meisenheimer

Subscribed and sworn to me this 28th day of October 2005.



JERENE A. BUCKMAN My Commission Expires August 10, 2009 Cole County Commission #05754036

Jerene A. Buckman Notary Public

My Commission expires August 10, 2009.

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF BARBARAMEISENHEIMER

AQUILA INC.

CASE NO. EO-2002-0384

Q. I LEASE STATE TOUR NAME, ITTLE, AND BUSINESS ADDRESS	Q. 1	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, TITLE, AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
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A. Barbara A. Meisenheimer, Chief Utility Economist, Office of the Public Counsel,
P. O. 2230, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102.

Q. HAVE YOU TESTIFIED PREVIOUSLY IN THIS CASE?

 Yes, I submitted direct testimony on cost of service and rate design issues on September 19, 2005 and rebuttal testimony on October 14, 2005.

Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

A. The purpose of my surrebuttal testimony is to respond to the rebuttal testimony of Aquila Inc. (Aquila or the Company), the Public Service Commission Staff (Staff) and Brubaker & Associates filed on behalf of Ag. Processing Inc., the Federal Executive Agencies and the Sedalia Industrial Energy Users' Association (Industrials).

Q. IN PREPARATION OF YOUR TESTIMONY, WHAT MATERIALS DID YOU REVIEW?

I have reviewed the relevant portion of the rebuttal testimony and supporting documentation of David Stowe filed on behalf of Aquila, the rebuttal testimony and supporting documentation of James Busch and James Watkins filed on behalf of the Staff, and the rebuttal testimony and supporting documentation of Maurice Brubaker filed on behalf of the Industrials.

Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE COMMMENTS OF DAVID STOWE'S THAT YOU WISH TO RESPOND TO.

A. 1) He claims that I have erred in the peak demand data I used because allegedly it does not agree with the Company's or Staff's. This assertion is incorrect. I used the peak demands provided to me by the Staff.

2) He claims that my use of a primary and secondary split for distribution facilities is confusing and allegedly inconsistent with statements in my testimony. The manner of presentation was not intended to confuse but instead to allow the Commission a more "apples to apples" comparison with other parties' studies in order to narrow the areas of disagreement. Further, my use of a primary and secondary split for distribution facilities is not inconsistent with other portions of my testimony.

Q. PLEASE DISCUSS HIS FIRST CRITICIMZ?

A. At page 20, line 11, of his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Stowe claims that my study is wrong because I use demand and energy data that is different than the Company

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> and Staff. This is simply incorrect. I used noncoincident peak demand data that was obtained from the Staff and I labeled it as such in my workpapers which were provided to the Company. Likewise, I used the annual energy data provided by Staff, labeled the Staff as my source in my workpapers and provided those workpapers to the Company. The Staff data was readily available to Mr. Stowe for comparison since it was also included in the Staff's direct and rebuttal workpapers. I do recognize that there are differences in the Staff and Company data. These are due to differences in the customer class groupings included in the cost study classes. With the exception of lighting, I used the same groupings as the Staff so it was appropriate to use the same aggregate noncoincident peak demands and annual energy data. To determine the monthly coincident peak values which were only used to determine the successive monthly increments that would later be distributed to classes. I summed data provided to me by the The source of this data was also labeled and provided in my Company. workpapers to the Company with the formula links intact that demonstrated how the data was summed and later used.

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Q. PLEASE DISCUSS HIS SECOND CRITICIZM?

A. At page 21, line 15, of his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Stowe creates a "straw man" by crafting snippets of my testimony in a manner that misrepresents and distorts the context of the statements made in my actual testimony. The full text of the relevant portion of my testimony is as follows;

<u>Many</u> of the distribution costs associated with providing service to electric utility customers are not directly associated with or reasonable assignable to a particular class <u>with precision</u>. For example, with the exception of service drops and meters, <u>most</u> of the facilities between the utility customer's point-of-service and the distribution substation are shared facilities. Since no portion of such

facilities are directly related to the number of customers, the associated costs are best classified as demand related, rather than customer related.

The bolded text shows the portion that Mr. Stowe chose to inappropriately exclude. Later in his testimony, at page 22, lines 6-8, he pursues this specious representation of my testimony by claiming that I am referring to FERC Accounts 364-368. I never made such a statement and the underlined portions of the testimony above highlight that what he portrays as unqualified statements were taken out of context. Finally, with respect to two issues he attempts to paint my testimony as inconsistent with the guidelines contained in the NARUC Electric Manual. The first relates to the use of primary and secondary splits in determining the assignment of costs. The second relates to the demand and customer allocations of certain FERC Accounts.

Q. PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW HE MISCHARACTERIZES YOUR TESTIMONY ON THE PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SPLITS USED IN DETERMINING THE ASSIGNMENT OF COSTS.

A. At page 22, line 20, through page 23, line 7, Mr. Stowe presents an argument regarding voltage as a determinant in classifying costs. First he assumes that my testimony suggests that the classification of plant as customer or demand related is dependent on its operation at primary or secondary voltage. He states "Nowhere in the NARUC manual is it suggested that voltage level plays a role in determining the classification of distribution plant, nor have I ever heard of this idea being discussed. The proposition suggested by OPC is, to my knowledge, unsupported." This is another area where he has chosen to mischaracterize my testimony and, in this case, its relationship to the guidelines in the NARUC

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Manual. My actual use of primary and secondary voltage considerations occur as a step in the functionalization of costs. This method of functionalization based on primary and secondary voltage <u>is</u> discussed in the NARUC guidelines as an appropriate method of functionalizing costs.

With respect to the classification of costs, analysts must evaluate the uses with which functionalized costs are most closely related: energy, demand or On page 20, the 1992 NARUC Electric Utility Cost Allocation customer. Manual defines customer costs to be those costs that are directly related to the number of customers served. On page 8, the NARUC Manual describes that distribution plant includes substations, primary and secondary conductors, poles and line transformers that are jointly used and in the public right of way as well as the services, meters, and installations that are on the customer's own premises. Based on my evaluation, services, meters and installations satisfy the definition of customer related. It is not as obvious that substations, primary and secondary conductors, poles and line transformers that are jointly used and in the public right of way are customer related or directly related to the number of customers. For example, it is my understanding that the number of electric poles and other cost driving characteristics of poles needed to serve customers depends more on land use and geographic considerations than the specific number of customers served. In areas where sufficient poles are already in place, no additional pole related costs maybe incurred to serve an additional customer. Another consideration that is growing in relevance with growth in technology is that with some exceptions, electric utilities as well as telephone utilities are required to lease pole space to other entities including cable providers and competitive local telephone companies. These considerations argue against a proposition that the cost of poles is directly related to the number of customers. I believe that similar reasoning

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applies to conduit. On the other, I recognize that some level of investment in facilities might be better treated as non-energy and non-demand related so I classified them as customer related by "default". I believe that this is more likely true for cost functionalized as secondary rather than primary since primary related facilities are farther removed in the sense that they tend to be less directly related or sized to serve particular customers, therefore I classified a portion of the secondary functionalized costs associated with FERC Accounts 364-367, as customer related while classifying all primary functionalized costs associated with FERC Accounts 364-367 as demand related. Please see Attachment 2 for an overview discussion of engineering considerations in electric system design.

Q. ON PAGE 7, LINES 4-5, MAURICE BRUBAKER ARGUES THAT ACCOUNTS 502, 504, 505, 506, 509, 512, 513, 514, 553, 556 and 557 should be allocated based on class demands rather than on class energy. On page 8, he argues that various A&G expenses (Accounts 920 -923, 927-931 and 935) should be allocated based on factors such as plant investment or payroll. Have you considered the impact that such changes would have on your study results?

Yes, although I continue to believe it is appropriate to allocate the Accounts in the Α. 18 19 manner I did in my study. With the exception of Maintenance Accounts 512, 513 and 514, I have recalculated the revenue neutral class shifts using my Demand 20 allocator rather than the Energy allocator for the listed accounts in the 500 series. 21 I did not alter the allocator for Accounts 512, 513 and 514 because an energy 22 allocator is specifically referenced for these accounts in the NARUC Manual. The 23 overall aggregate impact of changing all the allocation factors would result in only 24 25 minimal changes to the revenue neutral shifts suggested by my studies for

residential customers. The change was less than one half of one percent for each

service area.

Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

A. Yes.

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