Exhibit No.:

Issue: Class Cost-of-Service

Type of Exhibit: Direct

Witness: Anne E. Ross

Sponsoring Party: MoPSC Staff

Case No.: ER-97-81

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION **POLICY & PLANNING DIVISION**

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

ANNE E. ROSS

FILED FEB 2 0 1997

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

THE EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY

CASE NO. ER-97-81

Jefferson City, Missouri

February, 1997

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3	DIRECT TESTIMONY
4	OF
5	ANNE E. ROSS
6	THE EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY
7	CASE NO. ER-97-81
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9	Q. Please state your name and business address.
10	A. My name is Anne E. Ross and my business address is Missouri Public
11	Service Commission, P. O. Box 360, Jefferson City, Missouri, 65102.
12	Q. What is your present position with the Missouri Public Service
13	Commission?
14	A. I am a Regulatory Analyst in the Economic Analysis Department of
15	the Policy and Planning Division.
16	Q. Would you please review your educational background?
17	A. I have a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration and an
18	M.B.A. from the University of Missouri - Columbia.
19	Q. Have you previously filed testimony before the Commission?
20	A. Yes. I joined the Staff of the Missouri Public Service Commission
21	(MoPSC or Staff) in September, 1989. Since that time, I have filed class cost-of-service
22	and rate design testimony in numerous gas and electric cases.

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Q. What is the purpose of your direct testimony?

A. Under the direct supervision of Mr. James C. Watkins, I was responsible for the preparation of the two Staff class cost-of-service studies for the Empire District Electric Company (EDE or Company). The first study was done using the Staff's recommended \$6.8 million dollar increase in revenue requirement; the second with the Staff's recommended \$15.1 million dollar increase in revenue requirement, which includes the anticipated costs associated with a true-up through March 31, 1997.

Q. What is the purpose of the Staff 's class cost-of-service study?

A. The purpose of the Staff's class cost-of-service study is to provide the Commission with a measure of relative class cost responsibility for the overall revenue requirement of EDE. For individual items of cost, class cost responsibility can be either directly assigned or allocated to customer classes using reasonable methods for determining the class responsibility for that item of cost. The results are then summarized so that they can be compared to revenues being collected from each class on current rates.

- Q. What were the sources of information used in Staff's class cost-of-service study?
- A. Rate revenues were developed by Staff witness Janice Pyatte, and will be discussed in her direct testimony. Other revenue and accounting information was provided by the Accounting Department Staff of the MoPSC, and is based on a twelve month test year ending September 30, 1996, trued-up through March 31, 1997.

Direct T	estimony	of
Anne E.	Ross	

Q. What customer classes are used in the Staff's class cost-of-
service study?
A. The customer classes used in this study are as follows:
Residential Small General Service Large General Service Large Power Service Special Contract Service
Q. Please describe how you categorized the individual items of cost in
the Staff's class cost-of-service study.
A. Categorization of costs into functional categories that are to be
allocated in the same way is called cost functionalization. Where possible, the rate base
and expense accounts are assigned to one of seventeen functional categories. The
functional categories used in this study are as follows:
Production - Capacity Production - Energy Transmission - Capacity Distribution Substations - Demand Poles and Conductors - Primary Feeder - Demand Poles and Conductors - Secondary Customer Poles and Conductors - Secondary Demand Transformers - Secondary Customer - 1 Phase Transformers - Secondary Customer - 3 Phase Transformers - Demand Distribution Services Distribution Meters Customer Deposits Meter Reading Customer Billing, Sales, Service Assigned - Residential and Small General Service, Special Contract Service

Direct Testimony of Anne E. Ross

Expense accounts.

Q. How are costs functionalized which cannot directly be assigned to a single functional category?

A. Those costs which cannot directly be assigned to any specific functional category are divided among several functional categories based upon some related factor. For example, it is reasonable to assume that social security taxes are directly related to payroll costs and can therefore be functionalized in the same manner as payroll costs. Two major accounting categories of costs which are refunctionalized in this manner are General and Intangible Plant accounts and Administrative and General

Q. How were the General and Intangible Plant accounts functionalized?

A. General and Intangible Plant accounts were functionalized using each functional category's relative share of Production, Transmission, and Distribution gross plant.

Q. How were the Administrative and General Expense accounts functionalized?

A. These accounts were functionalized in one of three ways. Laborrelated accounts, such as Salaries and Employee Pensions and Benefits, were
functionalized using each functional category's relative share of payroll costs. I was
unable to obtain the labor costs for the test year in the detail needed, so the labor costs
used in the study are those from the previous case. Plant-related accounts, such as
Property Insurance, were functionalized using an aggregate gross plant factor. Finally,

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each cost-of-service class' allocated costs was used to functionlize overhead costs such as Regulatory Commission Expense.

- O. How were Production and Transmission costs allocated?
- A. Production and Transmission costs were allocated using Time of Use allocators. These allocators were developed by Staff witness James C. Watkins, and will be discussed in his direct testimony.
 - Q. How were Distribution costs allocated?
- A. Costs associated with the Distribution functions were allocated using class demands and weighted customers. These allocators were developed by Staff witness Daniel I. Beck, and will be discussed in his testimony.
 - Q. How were costs associated with Customer Deposits allocated?
- A. The inputs for this allocator were updated using the results of a Company study on Customer Deposits.
 - Q. How were Meter Reading costs allocated?
- A. These costs were allocated using the results of a Company study on meter reading.
- Q. How were costs functionalized to the Customer Billing, Sales, and Service category allocated?
- A. These costs were allocated among the cost-of-service classes using unweighted customer numbers.

Direct Testimony of Anne E. Ross

Q. How were costs assigned to the Large General Service, Large Power Service, and Special Contract Service or to only the Residential and Small General Service cost-of-service classes allocated among these classes?

A. These costs were allocated among only the affected cost-of-service classes using customer numbers.

Q. How were the various Other Revenue accounts allocated to the cost-of-service classes?

A. In general, Other Revenue accounts were allocated using one of two procedures. Where the revenues could be directly associated with certain customers or groups of customers, these revenue accounts were directly assigned to the corresponding customer class or classes. Otherwise, revenue accounts were functionalized based on the nature of the revenues in these accounts, and then allocated to the customer classes.

Q. What are the results of Staff's class cost-of-service studies?

A. The results are shown on Schedules 1 and 2, and are presented in terms of class revenue requirements. Schedule 1 details the cost-of-service associated with the Staff's recommended \$6.8 million revenue requirement increase. Schedule 2 details the cost-of-service associated with the Staff's projected \$15.1 million increase, which reflects the results of an anticipated true-up audit through March 31, 1997.

Q. What are the class cost-of-service study results for the various customer classes?

A. The class cost-of-service study associated with the \$6.8 million increase shows that revenues from Residential, Large Power Service and Special

Direct Testimony of Anne E. Ross

Contract Service cost-of-service classes are less than the cost of providing service to these classes, and that revenues from the Small General Service and Large General Service cost-of-service classes are greater than the costs of providing service to these classes. The class cost-of-service study associated with the \$15.1 million increase shows that revenues from all of the above classes are less than the cost of providing service to these classes.

- Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?
- A. Yes, it does.

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BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the matter of the Empire of Joplin, Missouri, for Aut Increasing Rates for Electric Customers in the Missouri S	hority to File Tariffs c Service Provided to	·)) CASE NO. ER-97-81)
	AFFIDAVIT OF AN	INE E. ROSS	
STATE OF MISSOURI)) ss)		
Anne E. Ross, of I preparation of the foregoing v pages of testimony to be pretestimony were given by her; that such matters are true to	vritten testimony in ques esented in the above ca that she has knowledge o	tion and answer se; that the ans of the matters se	wers in the attached writter
		anne	E. Ross
Subscribed and sworn to before	ore me this 2012	day of Febru	
My commission expires	June 1, 1997	;	

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STAFF CLASS COST-OF-S	SERVICE RESUL	_1 S - REV RE(). W/O TRUE-UP \$

			DISTRICT ELE SE NO. ER-97-8					i
	FUNCTIONAL CATEGO		RES I	sgs	LGS	LPS	sc	TOTAL
PRODUCTION PRODUCTION	CAPACITY ENERGY		\$19,628,445 \$23,686,003	\$6,031,148 \$7,319,980	\$13,087,417 \$15,965,200	\$7,338,158 \$8,947,540	\$1,657,195 \$2,029,674	\$47,742,363 \$57,948,397
TRANSMISSION	CAPACITY		\$5,989,024	\$1,817,113	\$3,753,598	\$2,024,785	\$437,165	\$14,021,685
DISTRIBUTION	SUBSTATIONS	DEMAND	\$4,809,074	\$1,364,763	\$2,152,232	\$965,211	\$93,891	\$9,385,171
DISTRIBUTION DISTRIBUTION	POLES AND CONDUCTORS POLES AND CONDUCTORS	PRI. FEEDER - DEMAND PRI. TAP -CUSTOMER	\$9,815,168 \$0	\$2,785,885 \$0	\$4,394,304 \$0	\$1,973,009 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$18,968,367 \$0
DISTRIBUTION DISTRIBUTION	POLES AND CONDUCTORS POLES AND CONDUCTORS	SEC, CUSTOMER PRI. TAP - DEMAND	\$3,172,432 \$0	\$730,154 \$0	\$205,118 \$0	\$1,110 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$4,108,813 \$0
DISTRIBUTION	POLES AND CONDUCTORS POLES AND CONDUCTORS	SEC. DEMAND ASSIGNED LPS CUSTOMERS	\$1,243,409 \$0	\$337,061 \$0	\$425,196 \$0	\$20,836 \$0	\$0 0	\$2,026,502 \$0
DISTRIBUTION DISTRIBUTION	TRANSFORMERS TRANSFORMERS	SEC, CUSTOMER - 1 PHASE SEC, CUSTOMER - 3 PHASE	\$2,274,276 \$28,154	\$553,661 \$578,556	\$5,710 \$3 47,484	\$0 \$1,484	\$0 \$0	\$2,833,648 \$955,677
DISTRIBUTION	TRANSFORMERS	DEMAND	\$1,146,720	\$310,851	\$392,132	\$19,215	\$0	\$1,868,918
DISTRIBUTION DISTRIBUTION	SERVICES METERS		\$3,508,245 \$1,961,040	\$878,510 \$771,455	\$228,775 \$448,890	\$7,436 \$40,169	\$0 \$2,517	\$4,622,966 \$3,224,071
	CUSTOMER DEPOSITS METER READING BILLING, SALES, SERVICE		(\$189,464) \$1,018,875 \$2,129,943	(\$89,541) \$237,921 \$369,978	(\$43,598) \$39,869 \$33,382	\$0 \$3,036 \$651	\$0 \$202 \$43	(\$322,603) \$1,299,904 \$2,533,997
	ASSIGNED LGS/LPS/SC ASSIGNED RES/SGS		\$0 \$3,469,907	\$0 \$602,733	\$187,780 \$0	\$3,663 \$0	\$244 \$0	\$191,687 \$4,072,640
	TOTAL		\$83,691,251	\$24,600,228	\$41,623,488	\$21,346,301	\$4,220,933	\$175,482,203
	RATE REVENUE	<u> </u>	\$74,129,942	\$24,056,415	\$39,800,915	\$18,082,021	\$3.564.859	\$159,634,152
	LIGHTING & RATE 70 RATE REVEN ADDITIONAL RATE REVENUES	IUE	\$1,523,807 \$0	\$447,908 \$0	\$757,859 \$0	\$388,663	\$76,853	\$3,195,090 \$0
	LIGHTING & RATE 70 ASSIGNED O OTHER REVENUE LESS LIGHTING		\$1,304 \$2,265,697	\$383 \$680,856	\$649 \$1,363,199	\$0 \$333 \$730,755	\$0 \$66 \$156,215	\$0 \$2,734 \$5,196,721
	ASSIGNED OTHER REVENUE TOTAL REVENUE (RATE+LIGHTING	3 & RATE 70+OTHER)	\$261,151 \$78,181,901	\$181,310 \$25,366,872	\$161,965 \$42,084,586	\$30,500 \$19,232,271	\$1,818 \$3,799,811	\$636 <u>,744</u> \$168,665,441
	REVENUE DEFICIENCY		\$5,509,350	(\$766,644)	(\$461,098)	\$2,114,031	\$421,123	\$6,816,761
	% CHANGE		7.43%	-3.19%	-1.16%	11.69%	11.81%	4.27%

STAFF CLASS COST-OF-SERVICE RESULTS - REV. REQ. WITH TRUE-UP \$

EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC

CASE	NO	ER-97-81	
	110.	m1/-01-01	

		CAS	E NO. ER-97-8	31				
	FUNCTIONAL CATEGO	DRY	RES	SGS	LGS	LPS	sc	TOTAL
PRODUCTION PRODUCTION	CAPACITY ENERGY		\$:21,723,243 \$23,318,548	\$6,674,808 \$7,206,420	\$14,484,140 \$15,717,522	\$8,121,305 \$8,808,731	\$1,834,055 \$1,998,187	\$52,837,551 \$57,049,409
TRANSMISSION	CAPACITY		\$6,898,954	\$2,093,192	\$4,323,893	\$2,332,417	\$503,585	\$16,152,040
DISTRIBUTION	SUBSTATIONS	DEMAND	\$5,081,519	\$1,442,081	\$2,274,161	\$1,019,892	\$99,211	\$9,916,863
DISTRIBUTION DISTRIBUTION	POLES AND CONDUCTORS POLES AND CONDUCTORS	PRI. FEEDER - DEMAND PRI. TAP -CUSTOMER	\$10,186,644 \$0	\$2,891,323 \$0	\$4,560,616 \$0	\$2,047,682 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$19,686,266 \$0
DISTRIBUTION	POLES AND CONDUCTORS POLES AND CONDUCTORS	SEC. CUSTOMER PRI. TAP - DEMAND	\$3,291,690 \$0	\$757,602 \$0	\$212,829 \$0	\$1,151 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$4,263,272 \$0
DISTRIBUTION DISTRIBUTION	POLES AND CONDUCTORS POLES AND CONDUCTORS	SEC. DEMAND ASSIGNED LPS CUSTOMERS	\$1,290,151 \$0	\$349,732 \$0	\$441,180 \$0	\$21,619 \$0	\$0 0	\$2,102,682 \$0
DISTRIBUTION	TRANSFORMERS	SEC. CUSTOMER - 1 PHASE	\$2,383,774	\$580,318	\$5,985	\$0	\$0	\$2,970,077
DISTRIBUTION DISTRIBUTION	TRANSFORMERS TRANSFORMERS	SEC, CUSTOMER - 3 PHASE DEMAND	\$29,509 \$1,201,930	\$606,411 \$325,817	\$364,214 \$411,011	\$1,556 \$20,140	\$0 \$0	\$1,001,689 \$1,958,899
DISTRIBUTION DISTRIBUTION	SERVICES METERS		\$3,633,952 \$1,998,559	\$909,989 \$786,214	\$236,973 \$457,478	\$7,702 \$40,937	\$0 \$2,566	\$4,788,615 \$3,285,755
DISTRIBUTION	MEIERS		\$1,556,555			940,93 7	\$ ∠, 300	
	CUSTOMER DEPOSITS METER READING		(\$193,843) \$1.017.163	(\$91,610) \$237,521	(\$44,606) \$39,802	\$0 \$3,031	\$0 \$202	(\$330,059) \$1,297,719
	BILLING, SALES, SERVICE		\$2,126,490	\$369,378	\$33,328	\$650	\$43	\$2,529,889
	ASSIGNED LGS/LPS/SC ASSIGNED RES/SGS		\$0 \$3,463,540	\$0 \$601,627	\$187,467 \$0	\$3,657 \$0	\$244 \$0	\$191,368 \$4,065,167
	TOTAL		\$87,451,824	\$25,740,823	\$43,705,993	\$22,430,470	\$4,438,092	\$183,767,202
	DATE DEVENIE		674 400 040	604.056.445	620.000.045	640 000 004	62 564 050	0450 524 452
<u></u>	RATE REVENUE		\$74,129,942	\$24,056,415	\$39,800,915	\$18,082,021	\$3,564,859	\$159,634,152
LIGHTING & RATE 70 RATE REVENUE ADDITIONAL RATE REVENUES LIGHTING & RATE 70 ASSIGNED OTHER REVENUE OTHER REVENUE LESS LIGHTING & 70			\$1,520,801 \$0	\$447,654 \$0	\$759,740 \$0	\$389,808 \$0	\$77,086 \$0	\$3,195,090 \$0
			\$1,282	\$377	\$640	\$329	\$65	\$2,693
			\$2,265,722	\$680,864	\$1,363,205	\$730,756	\$156,215	\$5,196,762
	ASSIGNED OTHER REVENUE TOTAL REVENUE (RATE+LIGHTIN	G & RATE 70+OTHER)	\$261,151 \$78,178,897	\$181,310 \$25,366, 621	<u>\$161,965</u> \$42,086,466	<u>\$30,500</u> \$19,233,413	<u>\$1,818</u> \$3,800,044	<u>\$636,744</u> \$168,665,441
	REVENUE DEFICIENCY		\$9,272,926	\$374,201	\$1,619,527	\$3,197,057	\$638,049	\$15,101,760
	% CHANGE		12.51%	1.56%	4.07%	17.68%	17.90%	9.46%