Exhibit No.:

Issues: Spot Prices Fuel & PP Witness: James W. Okenfuss

Sponsoring Party: Aquila Networks-MPS

& L&P

Case No.: ER-

Before the Public Service Commission of the State of Missouri

Direct Testimony

of

James W. Okenfuss

Exhibit No. _____ Case No(s). SQ - 2005 - 0\B L Date _ 09-06 Rptr \K

TABLE OF CONTENTS

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI DIRECT TESTIMONY OF JAMES W. OKENFUSS, P.E. ON BEHALF OF AQUILA, INC. D/B/A AQUILA NETWORKS-MPS AND AQUILA NETWORKS-L&P CASE NO. ER-_____

1	Q.	Please state your name and business address.			
2	A.	My name is James W. Okenfuss. My business address is 10750 East 350			
3		Highway, Kansas City, Missouri 64138.			
4	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?			
5	A.	I am employed by Aquila, Inc. ("Aquila" or "Company") in the position of			
6		Electric Systems Analyst.			
7	Q.	Please briefly describe your education and work experience.			
8	A.	I graduated from the University of Missouri - Columbia in 1987 with a			
9		bachelor's degree in electrical engineering. My employment with Missouri			
10		Public Service ("MPS") began in 1988 as Marketing Engineer and later as			
11		Associate Engineer - Instruments and Controls at the Sibley Generating			
12		Station. In 1995, I left MPS to work as a consultant for Black & Veatch			
13		("B&V") and Shafer, Kline and Warren ("SKW"). In 1997, I completed a			
14		masters of business administration at Rockhurst University. In 2000, I			
15		became, and still remain, a member of the adjunct faculty of Avila University			
16		teaching economics and statistics courses in the Undergraduate Business and			
17		MBA programs. In 2001, I accepted employment with Aquila Merchant			
18		Services as Senior Fundamentals Analyst. In 2002, I was transferred from the			

1		deregulated Aquila Merchant Services Group to the regulated Aquila
2		Networks Group in my current capacity. In 2003, I completed a masters in
3		economics at the University of Missouri - Kansas City. I am a Missouri
4		licensed professional engineer; E-27080.
5	Q.	Briefly describe your current duties at Aquila.
6	A.	I currently analyze the state of the market for electricity in the various regions
7		that Aquila Networks serves, primarily the North American Reliability
8		Council ("NERC") regions designated as the Western Electric Coordinating
9		Council ("WECC") and the Southwest Power Pool ("SPP"). Part of my
10		analysis includes providing models of spot market prices for the Eastern
11		Interconnect, an electrical grid that extends from the Atlantic to the Rockies.
12	Q.	Have you previously filed testimony before the Missouri Public Service
13		Commission ("Commission")?
14	A.	Yes. I filed rebuttal testimony in Case Nos. ER-2004-0034 and HR-2004-
15		0024 (Consolidated) concerning issues involving the determination of natural
16		gas and power prices to be used in those electric and steam rate cases, for the
17		purpose of setting rates.
18	Q.	What is the purpose of your direct testimony?
19	A.	The purpose of this testimony is to present and support Aquila's position in
20		this case regarding spot market power prices used in determining fuel and
21		purchased power expense for the Aquila Networks-MPS ("MPS") and Aquila
22		Networks-L&P ("L&P") operating divisions of Aquila.
23	Ο.	Are you sponsoring any schedules?

1	A.	Yes. I am sponsoring Schedule JWO-1, which summarizes the price of spot
2		market power used in determining fuel and purchased power expense for the
3		Aquila Networks-MPS ("MPS") and Aquila Networks-L&P ("L&P")
4		operating divisions of Aquila. This schedule details the on-peak power prices
5		estimated for the Southwest Power Pool, Northern Subregion (SPPN).
6	N	IPS /L&P REGIONAL SPOT-MARKET POWER PRICE MODELING
7	Q.	In developing the annualized purchased energy expense in this case, did
8		Aquila adjust the price paid for spot-market energy from what was actually
9		paid during the test year?
10	A.	Yes, the adjustment was made to improve the accuracy of the model in
11		response to current fuel prices and economic conditions.
12	Q.	Please describe the market drivers used in your development of power market
13		price estimates.
14	A.	Aquila assumes that the power market price is roughly determined by the
15		impact of several factors operating at the same time. Principal drivers of the
16	·	price for power are: existing and proposed generation, current load profiles
17		and load growth, and the current level of fuel costs with fuel price
18		movements. Technological advancements to the production of power can
19		have an impact over time, but have a minimal impact in the test year power
20		price estimates. Therefore those advances are left out of the price
21		determination model.
22	0	Please describe Aquila's sources for existing and future generation resources

1	A.	Aquila utilizes a national database of power production from Global Energy		
2		Decisions (GED) that is specially formatted for use in GED's MIDAS Gold		
3		TM analysis package. The MIDAS Gold TM database has as its source the		
4		current GED Energy Velocity ™ database.		
5		The MIDAS Gold ™ database contains unit specific operating data on every		
6		operating plant within NERC. This operating data includes unit capacity, heat		
7		rate, fuel type, variable O&M costs, fixed plant costs, etc. GED compiles		
8		much of this data from published resources such as FERC Form 1 submissions		
9		and quarterly CEMS data compiled by the EPA.		
10	Q.	Please summarize Aquila's assumptions concerning regional and national		
11		loads.		
12	A.	Regional loads are included in the MIDAS Gold ™ dataset. Regional loads		
13		and 10-year forecasts are reported by NERC region in the EIA-411. GED		
14		collects this information and breaks down present load and growth by market		
15		area. The MIDAS Gold ™ data set uses this information to simulate the load		
16		growth of all regions and market areas in NERC. Aquila does not modify this		
17		information in the production of the spot market price curve for power. So,		
18		for the test year 2004 neighboring systems load profiles were modeled from		
19		the 2004 forecast information each neighboring utility and region submitted to		
20		NERC.		
21	Q.	Please explain which fuel costs are used in power price determination.		
22	A.	The power market price estimating methods used by Aquila, are concerned		
23		with only a few types of primary energy source costs. Nuclear fuel, coal,		

1 hydro, natural gas and fuel oil are the fuels that have a material impact on the 2 ultimate market price for power. The impact of wind, solar, biomass and other renewable resources appear to be minimal, and therefore are not used as 3 4 a driver for market power prices. 5 Q. Please describe the method of estimated primary fuel source forward prices. 6 Fuel costs assumptions vary by the fuel being considered. The methods used Α. 7 for determining the cost of each primary energy source is considered 8 separately. 9 Q. Describe the method used to forecast nuclear, coal and hydro fuel costs. 10 A. The majority of the energy produced in the country is generated by base 11 loaded plants most of which use nuclear, coal or hydro fuel (stable cost) as 12 their primary energy source. The costs of these sources have two features in 13 common. First, the cost is heavily dependent upon the individual plant. The 14 costs for fuel at these plants vary due to a large number of factors, including 15 refueling schedules, coal and delivery contracts, water usage constraints, etc. 16 The second feature these fuel costs have in common is that they are relatively 17 stable and do not fluctuate over time. Therefore, the fuel cost estimate for 18 actual fuel purchased costs contained in GED's Energy Velocity™ database 19 for each individual plant is likely to hold throughout the timeframe of the test 20 year. Therefore, for Aquila's test year estimating purposes, GED's actual 21 costs for these fuels are held constant for the study period. 22 Q. Please explain how natural gas and fuel oil prices are estimated.

1	A.	Due to the volatile nature of the price of natural gas and the increasing		
2		percentage of time that natural gas fired generating units are the marginal		
3		price unit, the need for a natural gas forecast that considers the seasonal		
4		price fluctuations is essential to an accurate power market price estimate		
5		Regional natural gas prices were developed using the method sponsored		
6		Aquila witness Jerry G. Boehm's testimony. Natural gas basis for the		
7		individual plants are assumed to be relatively constant across a NERC region		
8		or sub-region. Average historical basis are calculated for each region and		
9		applied to the Henry Hub forecast to provide a delivered cost for natural gas in		
10		each of the NERC regions or sub-regions. It is assumed that the natural gas		
11		basis will not vary over time.		
12		Fuel oil appears to drive power prices for certain months of the years in		
13		certain areas of the country, primarily Florida and the Northeast. However,		
14		the impact of fuel oil price movements to the power market prices in the		
15		Midwest is insignificant. For modeling purposes, the futures prices of New		
16		York Harbor delivered #2 and #6 Fuel oil is used as an input to the model.		
17	Q.	Please describe the method by which power prices are developed.		
18	A.	Power market prices are developed using the MIDAS Gold ™ analysis		
19		software from GED. The MIDAS Gold TM software can be used in a variety		
20		of ways. When used for price forecasting, the model is being used in the		
21		"multi-area" mode.		
22	0.	What is the MIDAS Gold TM "multi-area" mode of analysis?		

1	A.	The multi-area mode of analysis is basically an application of a transportation
2		linear programming model. All regions of the country are condensed into
3		market areas, each with a load profile and a set of generation resources.
4		Within each market area, loads and resources are matched 8760 hourly
5		periods per year.
6		The market areas are connected in the model by a series of transmission lines,
7		each subject to a transmission constraint. Price differences in market areas
8		connect with an unconstrained transmission path and will cause the model to
9		assume a power flow between the two areas, the effect of which will be to
10		lower the cost in the high price area and increase the cost in the low cost area.
11		This assumed power flow increases until the two market prices have
12		equilibrated at an identical level or the transmission line has reached its limit.
13	Q.	Are prices only developed for the Southwest Power Pool (SPP) NERC region?
14	A.	No. Market prices are simultaneously determined for all regions within the
15		model study. The Midwest model produces power market forward prices for
16		market areas in the SPP, Mid-Continent Area Power Pool (MAPP), Mid-
17		American Interconnected Network (MAIN), and the Southeastern Electric
18		Reliability Council (SERC) NERC regions.
19	Q.	Does this conclude your testimony at this time?
20	A.	Yes.

Schedule JWO-1: Average Spot Market Power Prices - SPPN

SPPN Average Spot Power Prices - \$/MWh			
Month	Peak	Off-Peak	
JAN	68.53	8 39.542	
FEB	68.32	1 43.635	
MAR	56.98	1 36.390	
APR	53.86	7 35.595	
MAY	46.43	4 26.478	
JUN	58.50	3 27.158	
JUL.	72.40	9 39.238	
AUG	75.12	0 37.034	
SEP	48.87	1 25.834	
OCT	41.97	9 22.577	
NOV	46.07	8 25.022	
DEC	60.32	7 37.380	

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

for authority to file ta	Aquila Networks-L&P, ariffs increasing electric provided to customers in)) Case N))	Io. ER
County of Jackson State of Missouri)) ss)		
	AFFIDAVIT OF JA	MES W. OKENFUSS	
sponsors the accomp said testimony was p were made as to the a and that the aforesaid information, and belie	panying testimony entitled prepared by him and under facts in said testimony and testimony and schedules ef.	day of Nay Lexres Notary	nes W. Okenfuss;" that rision; that if inquiries and as therein set forth; best of his knowledge, v. Okenfuss 7. Okenfuss
My Commission exp	ires:	Name Blogs	TERRY D LUTES

Jackson County

My Commission Expires

August 20, 2008

8-20-2108