FILED
September 4, 2019
Data Center
Missouri Public
Service Commission

Exhibit No.:

Issue: Cost Allocations - Auxiliary Power and

Renewable Energy Credits

Witness: Linda J. Nunn

Type of Exhibit: Surrebuttal Testimony

Sponsoring Party: KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company

Case No.: EO-2019-0067 (lead)

EO-2019-0068 (consolidated) ER-2019-0199 (consolidated)

Date Testimony Prepared: August 5, 2019

#### MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CASE NOS.: EO-2019-0067 (lead) EO-2019-0068 (consolidated) ER-2019-0199 (consolidated)

#### SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

**OF** 

LINDA J. NUNN

ON BEHALF OF

KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS COMPANY

Kansas City, Missouri August 2019

CPL Exhibit No. 4

Date 8-27-19 Reporter Byte
File No. E0-2019-0061

E0-2019-0068

ER-2019-0199

### SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

# OF

# LINDA J. NUNN

Case Nos. EO-2019-0067 (lead) EO-2019-0068 (consolidated) ER-2019-0199 (consolidated)

1		INTRODUCTION			
2	Q:	Please state your name and business address.			
3	A:	My name is Linda J. Nunn. My business address is 1200 Main, Kansas City,			
4		Missouri 64105.			
5	Q:	By whom and in what capacity are you employed?			
6	A:	I am employed by Kansas City Power & Light Company ("KCP&L") and serve			
7		as Manager - Regulatory Affairs for KCP&L, KCP&L Greater Missouri			
8		Operations Company ("GMO") and Westar Energy, Inc., the operating utilities of			
9		Evergy, Inc.			
10	Q:	Who are you testifying for?			
11	A:	I am testifying for KCP&L and GMO.			
12	Q:	Are you the same Linda J. Nunn who filed Direct Testimony in EO-2019-			
13		0067 and the other consolidated dockets?			
14	A:	Yes, I am.			
15	Q:	What is the purpose of your testimony?			
16	A:	The purpose of my testimony is to rebut the recommendations made by Office of			
17		Public Counsel ("OPC") regarding the costs associated with auxiliary power used			

to produce industrial steam at GMO's Lake Road Generating Station. In addition,

I will provide testimony which rebuts the Missouri Public Service Commission

Staff's ("Staff") assertion that KCP&L is in violation of its Rider Fuel Adjustment

Clause ("FAC") tariff.

O:

A:

Q:

A:

#### I. RESPONSE TO OPC

On pages 3 and 13 of witness Mantle's rebuttal testimony in this case, she makes five recommendations to the Commission. Do you agree with these recommendations?

No. All of her recommendations should be rejected because they are based on OPC's incorrect claim that GMO is not allocating auxiliary power costs to its steam operations, and OPC's refusal to recognize the settlement agreements which govern how steam customers have been allocated costs in GMO's last six rate cases.

Do you agree with Ms. Mantle's claim on p. 7 of her rebuttal testimony that auxiliary power for the electric and steam systems needs to be determined by a 1995 allocations procedures manual?

No. There are a variety of ways to account for the amount of auxiliary power used by the steam system. There can be direct assignment of costs, or an allocation percentage of costs can be employed. The use of the 1995 allocations procedures manual, which resulted in a direct assignment of costs, is no longer used based on the agreement of all parties, including OPC, in the last six GMO rate cases. As recounted on pp. 4-7 of my direct testimony, the allocation of costs between the steam and electric systems is now accomplished by the use of a seven-factor allocation procedure. Auxiliary power is not allocated directly from the fuel

1	accounts, but through the allocation of non-fuel steam production Operating and
2	Maintenance ("O&M") costs.

Ms. Mantle claims at p. 8 of her rebuttal testimony that if the cost to provide auxiliary power for steam operations is not removed from the actual net energy cost of the FAC then electric customers are paying all of the fuel costs for auxiliary power and therefore subsidizing GMO's steam operations. Do you agree with this claim?

No. Ms. Mantle ignores the fact that a representative amount of costs has been allocated within the non-fuel steam production O&M accounts to account for steam auxiliary power. No direct assignment has been made. An allocation method that has been used to develop rates which was approved of by the Commission in each electric case as well as GMO's last industrial steam case from 2009 forward was used.

## 14 Q: Is any method of sharing costs without problems?

A:

Q:

A: No allocation or direct assignment method is perfect, and there may be improvements that can be made. However, as I indicate above, the allocation method used by GMO has been used to develop rates approved by the Commission in the past five electric rate cases as well as GMO's last industrial steam rate case. Additionally, in its last electric rate case GMO agreed to work with Staff, OPC and MECG to develop new steam allocation procedures prior to GMO's next electric general rate case.<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Order Approving Stipulations and Agreements, Case No. ER-2018-0146 (consolidated with Case No. ER-2018-0145) issued October 31, 2018, Stipulation and Agreement 1, page 5, paragraph 10.

1 O: Ms. Mantle argues at p. 11 that because Staff's fuel run in GMO's previous 2 rate case was modeled as "electric only" that the seven-factor allocation 3 procedure does not allocate auxiliary electric power because none of the 4 allocation factors are applied to fuel costs in the FAC. Do you agree? 5 A: No. A representative amount of overall O&M costs was allocated to cover a 6 variety of costs, including the cost of auxiliary power, in the last rate case by 7 allocating other non-fuel steam O&M costs out of the electric base rates. There is 8 no requirement that there be a direct assignment to account for fuel used to 9 produce steam auxiliary power. Approximately \$3.4 million in non-fuel O&M 10 costs were allocated to the steam business in the true-up filing of GMO's most 11 recent rate case. GMO's last filed Steam Management Report included \$3.4 12 million in allocated non-fuel O&M costs as well. 13 Q: In the FAC rate change filing related to Accumulation Period 23 in Case No. 14 ER-2019-0198, GMO agreed to make an adjustment of \$263,061 for auxiliary 15 power costs. Does this indicate an agreement on the part of GMO that 16 OPC's proposed adjustment is necessary? 17 A: No. GMO agreed to make the above-mentioned adjustment solely to remove that 18 as an obstacle to the FAC tariffs becoming effective in a timely manner for 19 Accumulation Period 23 in Case No. ER-2019-0198. GMO agreed to make the 20 adjustment knowing that the Commission will be ruling on the appropriate

treatment of these costs in this current prudence review case.

21

1 Q: Should the Commission find GMO imprudent for including costs for its 2 steam operation in its fuel costs to be recovered from its electric customers?

A:

A:

GMO has not included costs for its steam operation in its fuel costs to be recovered from its electric customers. As I indicated in my direct testimony, a representative amount of costs has been excluded from electric base rates that covers the cost of auxiliary power used to produce industrial steam. These costs were managed by using an allocation method used in settlements agreed to by many parties, including OPC, and approved by the Commission in GMO's 2009 industrial steam general rate case and five previous GMO electric general rate cases. Therefore, it is unknown if actual costs were higher or lower than the amount allocated. However, it is clear that costs have been allocated out of the electric base rates using the allocation methodology used to develop rates approved by the Commission in six previous GMO rate cases.

# Q: Should the Commission order GMO to return \$469,409 plus interest to its customers?

No. While OPC's calculated amount may represent the amount of fuel that was used to produce auxiliary power for steam as calculated under the direct assignment method used in the 1994 case, it does not take into consideration that GMO has allocated out of the electric base rates a representative amount of costs from the non-fuel steam production O&M accounts in its last rate case using the approved seven-factor allocations procedure. Consequently, OPC's adjustment is unwarranted.

l	Ų:	Should GMO be ordered to calculate the fuel cost of steam operations			
2		auxiliary power that was recovered through the FAC since July 1, 2011 and			
3		return that amount plus interest to its customers?			
4	A:	No, as I've explained previously, a representative amount of costs has been			
5		allocated to the steam customers to cover auxiliary power among other applicable			
6		O&M costs. Additionally, this current prudence review is the eighth prudence			
7		review for GMO's FAC <sup>2</sup> . In the seven previous audits, OPC never indicated that			
8		the cost for steam operations was improperly allocated. The Commission			
9		approved Staff's prudence audits (except when a different issue was taken to			
10		hearing) and those dockets are closed. OPC's adjustment in this case unfairly			
11		penalizes GMO.			
12	Q:	Should GMO be ordered to calculate the correct adjustment for the 23 <sup>rd</sup>			
13		Accumulation Period and make the appropriate adjustment in the true-up of			
14		that period?			
15	A:	No. As I've indicated in my Direct Testimony and again above in this testimony,			
16		a representative amount of costs has been allocated out of the electric business to			
17		cover the auxiliary power costs to produce industrial steam using the allocation			
18		methodology used to develop rates approved by the Commission. Therefore, no			
19	÷	additional amount needs to be calculated for Accumulation Period 23 of GMOs			
20		FAC.			

 $<sup>^2 \ \</sup>text{Case Nos. EO-2009-0115, EO-2010-0167, EO-2011-0390, EO-2013-0325, EO-2014-0242, EO-2016-0053, EO-2017-0232} \ \text{and the current case EO-2019-0067.}$ 

Q: Should GMO be ordered to make an adjustment to exclude the costs of the
auxiliary power necessary to generate steam for its steam system from future
FAC rate changes until otherwise authorized by the Commission?

No. As explained above, GMO has already allocated a representative amount of costs from its electric business in the setting of base rates. This representative

A:

costs from its electric business in the setting of base rates. This representative amount is based upon allocation methods used to develop rates approved by the Commission in six previous GMO rate cases. In addition, the Commission has already ordered GMO to work with Staff and OPC to develop new allocation procedures before GMO's next rate case.

#### II. RESPONSE TO STAFF

Q: Staff witness Kory Boustead states on page 3 of her rebuttal testimony that KCP&L's FAC tariff mandates that KCP&L sell unused Renewable Energy Credits ("RECs") that are not needed to meet the Renewable Energy Standards in the state of Missouri. Do you agree with this assessment?

No, I do not. Prior to January 26, 2013, when rates became effective from rate case number ER-2012-0175, there was no mention in GMO's FAC tariff of RECs. I participated in the discussions leading to the changes made to the FAC tariffs in that case. The wording added that is referenced in witness Boustead's testimony was only intended to ensure that if the GMO ever did decide to sell RECs, the proceeds would flow through the FAC. At no time was it even discussed that the wording included in the tariff would indicate a mandate that GMO sell excess RECs. When KCP&L first applied for an FAC tariff, KCP&L fashioned its tariff after GMO's. Thus, neither company's tariff mandated that the company was required to sell excess RECs.

- 1 Q: Does this conclude your testimony?
- 2 A: Yes, it does.

# BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of the Eighth Prudence Review of Costs Subject to the Commission-Approved Fuel Adjustment Clause of KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company	) ) ) )	<u>Case No. EO-2019-0067</u> (Lead Case)
In the Matter of the Second Prudence Review of Costs Subject to the Commission-Approved Fuel Adjustment Clause of Kansas City Power and Light Company	)	Case No. EO-2019-0068 (Consolidated)
In the Matter of the Application of KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company Containing its Semi-Annual Fuel Adjustment Clause True-Up	) ) ) )	Case No. ER-2019-0199 (Consolidated)
AFFIDAVIT	OF LI	NDA J. NUNN

STATE OF MISSOURI	)	
	)	S
COUNTY OF JACKSON	)	

Linda J. Nunn, being first duly sworn on her oath, states:

- 1. My name is Linda J. Nunn. I work in Kansas City, Missouri, and I am employed by Kansas City Power & Light Company as Supervisor Regulatory Affairs.
- 2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Surrebuttal Testimony on behalf of Kansas City Power & Light Company and KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company, consisting of eight (8) pages, having been prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in the above-captioned docket.
- 3. I have knowledge of the matters set forth therein. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to the questions therein propounded, including

any attachments thereto, are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, information and belief.

Subscribed and sworn before me this 5<sup>th</sup> day of August 2019.

My commission expires:  $\frac{4/24}{2021}$ 

ANTHONY R WESTENKIRCHNER Notary Public, Notary Seal State of Missouri Platte County Commission # 17279952 My Commission Expires April 26, 2021