Exhibit No.:

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issue:

Rate LTS, Impact

Witness:

George Swogger

Type of Exhibit: Surrebuttal Testimony Sponsoring Party:

Noranda

Case Number:

EA-2005-0180

Date Testimony Prepared:

February 14, 2005

AmerenUE

MAR 0 2 2005

Case No. EA-2005-0180

service Communication

Prepared Surrebuttal Testimony of

George Swogger

On behalf of

Noranda Aluminum, Inc.

February 2005

Exhibit No. Case No(s). FA-200

Date 2-22-05

BEFORE THE

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of the Application of Union Electric) Company for a Certificate of Public Convenience) and Necessity Authorizing it to Construct, Install,) Own, Operate, Control, Manage and Maintain Electric Plant, as Defined in Section 386.020(14),) RSMo, to Provide Electric Service in a Portion of) New Madrid County, Missouri, as an Extension of its Existing Certificated Area.

Case No. EA-2005-0180

Affidavit of George Swogger

State of Missouri

SS

County of New Madrid

George Swogger, of lawful age, on his oath states: that he has reviewed the attached written testimony in question and answer form, all to be presented in the above case, that the interest in the attached written testimony were given by him; that he has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; that such matters are true to the best of his knowledge, information and belief.

Subscribed and sworn before me this 1/2 th day of February, 2005

JANE ANN BENNETT New Madrid County

My Commission Expires

April 27, 2008 My Commission expires: 4 2

Before the

Missouri Public Service Commission

AmerenUE

Case No. EA-2005-0180

Prepared Surrebuttal Testimony of George Swogger

1 INTRODUCTION

- 2 Q PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS.
- 3 A George Swogger. My address is 110 Holmes Drive, Sikeston, Missouri 63801.
- 4 Q ARE YOU THE SAME GEORGE SWOGGER THAT PREVIOUSLY SUBMITTED
- 5 DIRECT TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?
- 6 A Yes I am. A summary of my education and experience is included in my direct
- 7 testimony.
- 8 Q WHAT ARE THE PURPOSES OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 9 A First, I continue to support the Union Electric Company d/b/a AmerenUE
- 10 application to extend its service territory to include the Noranda Smelter and

approval of the rate for Large Transmission Service (LTS) as proposed by

AmerenUE.

At this time I want to address some of the points raised in the rebuttal testimonies. My silence on any rebuttal point should not be construed as my agreement.

LARGE TRANSMISSION SERVICE VERSUS LARGE PRIMARY SERVICE

- 7 Q WHAT IS THE POSITION TAKEN BY MR. WATKINS ON BEHALF OF THE STAFF
- 8 OF THE COMMISSION?

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9 A Mr. Watkins apparently opposes the creation of a Large Transmission Service
10 (LTS) rate schedule and suggests instead that Noranda be placed on the Large
11 Primary Service (LPS) rate schedule, a rate that applies to larger customers
12 that receive distribution services.

13 Q WHY DO YOU THINK THERE SHOULD BE A NEW RATE?

A First, let me say that I am not a rate expert so my comments are simply as the customer that will be spending about \$11 million per month on electricity.

From my perspective Noranda's size and load factor have always immediately come to mind when discussing rates. For example, Mr. Grotzinger states that Noranda has a load as large as the cities of Independence and Columbia together. But unlike a city that resells power to a whole variety of customers, Noranda uses power continuously. That is also unlike other retail customers of AmerenUE. Day in and day out, hour after hour, the average Noranda load is



470 MW, which is just one percent less than the peak load of 475 MW. In fact, even though AmerenUE is a large utility, I understand that Noranda will consume more electricity than AmerenUE's entire Large Primary Service (LPS) customer class. In my mind that in itself is enough reason to put Noranda on the LTS rate, but there is another reason.

Distribution services are another big difference. Noranda has always bought power delivered at AECI's New Madrid transmission substation, not at its plant. And Noranda has always owned and maintained the 161,000 volt (161 kV) power lines that bring the electricity into the plant from the transmission substation and to Noranda's own distribution transformers. All costs associated with the AECI New Madrid substation, whether they are called transmission, distribution, or something else are also paid by Noranda, but to AECI, not AmerenUE. We will also buy transmission service from AECI.

The AmerenUE service will only provide power through the AmerenUE transmission system to the AECI transmission system so the AmerenUE transmission lines will not even connect directly to Noranda distribution lines. In short, it will be impossible for AmerenUE to provide anything but transmission level service.

Noranda's large size, high load factor, AmerenUE delivery to AECI through its transmission interconnections with AECI, Noranda's separate provision of AECI transmission, and Noranda's ownership of the 161 kV lines that bring the power into the plant, all should result in a lower cost per kWh



for the AmerenUE part of the service. These considerations also make the service characteristics of Noranda unique.

Since the service arrangements and usage characteristics are unique to Noranda it seems to me that the most straightforward approach is to set up a rate such as the proposed large transmission rate. "Large" fits because it is for service to the largest customer, larger than all other LPS customers put together. "Transmission" fits because the power goes out from AmerenUE over transmission interconnections and no distribution services will be provided by AmerenUE. With a separate LTS rate schedule, when costs and rates are reviewed in future cases the analyses would be more straightforward as Noranda would in all likelihood be alone on the LTS rate.

MR. WATKINS SUGGESTS THAT NORANDA SHOULD BE SERVED UNDER THE LPS

RATE SCHEDULE, NOT RATE LTS. DO YOU AGREE?

No. The problem I see is that the current LPS rate does not account for the unique characteristics of service to Noranda. In addition, I do not like the idea of starting with a rate for an altogether different service and then developing credit adjustments. It is easier to understand and work with a rate that addresses the Noranda service characteristics straightaway. In my mind it just makes a lot more sense to establish a rate that is appropriate for Noranda in the first place.

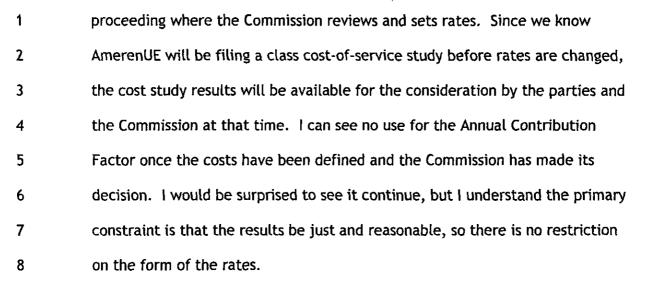


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1	Q	ARE THERE ANY OTHER REASONS WHY YOU WOULD LIKE TO SEE THE LARGE
2		TRANSMISSION SERVICE RATE ESTABLISHED AT THIS TIME?
3	A	Yes. While I would like to see a commitment to a specific rate level, I
4		understand that part of accepting regulated service is accepting that rate
5		levels may change as the overall costs for the utility change. Therefore,
6		Noranda has not requested assurance of a particular rate. However, Noranda is
7		very concerned that a cost based approach will be followed and would take
8		establishment of the LTS rate schedule as a positive step in that direction.
9	Q	MR. WATKINS COMMENTED ON THE ANNUAL CONTRIBUTION FACTOR. CAN
10		YOU EXPLAIN WHY THERE IS AN ANNUAL CONTRIBUTION FACTOR IN THE LTS
11		RATE SCHEDULE?
12	Α	Yes. The Annual Contribution Factor is simply a result of negotiations between
13		Noranda and AmerenUE. Both sides agreed that the unique service
14		characteristics of Noranda were not adequately addressed in the LPS rate and
15		that led to the creation of the LTS rate. In particular, the costs of the
16		distribution system needed to be removed from the rate for the purposes of
17		serving Noranda. Another consideration was the initial price. \$32.50 was
18		simply the initial price that both parties, for their own reasons, could accept.
19		A third point of agreement was that the Commission would determine
20		rates in future rate proceedings. The way that we could put the separate
21		agreements together was in the proposed LTS rate. The purpose of the Annual

Contribution Factor is to reconcile the price to this agreed level until there is a



- 9 Q DR. PROCTOR SEEMS CONCERNED THAT NORANDA UNDERSTAND THAT THE
- 10 RATE FOR NORANDA WILL BE SUBJECT TO CHANGE. CAN YOU PROVIDE ANY
- 11 ASSURANCE?
- 12 A Yes, I understand that AmerenUE's costs will be reviewed in future rate cases
- as will the costs for each of the rates, including the rate paid by Noranda.
- 14 Simply stated, when time comes to change the rates, I want the rate for
- 15 Noranda to reflect costs on a basis that is consistent with the approach used for
- 16 other customers.

17 OFFICE OF PUBLIC COUNSEL PRICING

- 18 Q HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE PRICING SUGGESTION OF MR. KIND FOR THE
- 19 OFFICE OF PUBLIC COUNSEL?
- 20 A Yes. Mr. Kind describes his pricing proposal as follows:



2 3 4 5 6		allocated embedded costs associated with providing service to Noranda plus (2) any forgone margins on off-system sales associated with providing service to Noranda that are not offset by Noranda's contribution to the recovery of fixed production costs.
7	Q	DO YOU THINK THE OPC PRICING SUGGESTION IS A GOOD IDEA?
8	A	No. I understand the suggestion to be both costs that are incurred and costs
9		that are not incurred. Noranda needs a stable basis on which to make business
10		plans. I do not feel like I would have the stable and predictable rates that the
11		plant needs if the rate is always subject to change based on off system sales
12		that are not being made. I have no idea how the Commission would determine
13		and administer his suggestions and that is a concern for me.
14		Also, I sense that stability is an issue for AmerenUE and its other
15		customers as well as for Noranda. That is something that I can understand.
16		However, the pricing suggested by Mr. Kind is potentially counter productive
17		because it seems to have the potential to artificially create a high price
18		environment without the benefit of the lows that ought to go with the highs.
19		Such a one sided approach could shut the plant down, to the detriment of
20		stability for all concerned.
21	Q	DID YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY EXPRESS CONCERN WITH THE POSSIBILITY OF A
22		RATE DECISION THAT WAS NOT BASED ON THE COST OF SERVICE?



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Yes. I stated:

1		A downside concern is the possibility of a future rate decision that
2 3		would increase the cost to the Smelter in a manner that was not
3		related to the cost of providing the service. While this risk
4		remains troublesome, the Smelter is depending on decisions that
5		will not discriminate against Noranda.
6		Mr. Kind's proposal is an example of my concern. I respect his thoughts, but
7		strongly disagree with the approach and I will advise Noranda to continue to
8		participate in proceedings before the Commission to defend the cost based
9		approach to rates from suggestions such as Mr. Kind's.
40	41D 17	TANDIC CUCCECTION FOR AN EVIT FEE OR A RICK PREMILIA
10	<u>MR. K</u>	IND'S SUGGESTION FOR AN EXIT FEE OR A RISK PREMIUM
11	Q	PLEASE SUMMARIZE THE SUGGESTION OF MR. KIND FOR AN EXIT FEE OR A
12		RISK PREMIUM.
13	A	Mr. Kind summarizes these suggestions at page 16, line 23 of his rebuttal
14		testimony:
15		Noranda should either be (1) subject to exit fees that would
16		recover any stranded costs that result from Noranda's choice to
17		use a supplier other than AmerenUE for some or all of the power
18		supply needs at its aluminum smelting facilities near New Madrid,
19		Missouri or (2) paying some reasonable amount over and above the
20		costs described in the above bullet which would represent a risk
21		premium to compensate AmerenUE's existing customers for
22		bearing the risk that they may be required to pay increased rates
23		in the future due to stranded costs associated with Noranda's
24		choice to use a supplier other than AmerenUE after the end of the
25		15-year term of its contract with AmerenUE.

His suggestions are, in my opinion, neither reasonable nor appropriate.



1 Q PLEASE EXPLAIN.

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His concerns seem to start with the assumption that Noranda will create stranded costs by purchasing electricity from suppliers other than AmerenUE. However, Noranda has agreed that it will not assert its right to make such purchases during the term of the contract and the term will be a minimum of fifteen years. After the first fifteen years the contract term will automatically extend one year at a time. But in addition, a five year notice is always required to terminate the contract, even when it continues beyond the first 15 years.

In fact, the decision to give up the flexibility to change suppliers was a difficult one for me. However, I came to believe that an equitable provision that would allow early or abrupt departure from AmerenUE service would need to be tied directly to AmerenUE's costs or capacity requirements in ways that would be extraordinarily complex and difficult to write down in a contract. Further, the rationale for a cost based rate might be undermined. Therefore Noranda ultimately agreed to the long term and notice provisions.

Mr. Kind has not offered a workable definition for stranded costs, which may or may not exist. Likewise, there is no workable basis for the computation of a risk premium. His suggestions, while unreasonable and inappropriate in the context of the agreements and rate LTS, are, in my opinion, also practically unworkable.



- PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR THOUGHTS REGARDING STRANDED COSTS, EXIT 1 Q 2 FEES, AND ANY RELATED RISK PREMIUMS. 3 Α In the course of our negotiations with AmerenUE, Noranda agreed to give up 4 the right to leave AmerenUE on short notice as a part of the agreement. 5 Noranda also gave up the right to leave AmerenUE in less than fifteen years. In 6 this context it makes no sense to me to try to quantify either an exit fee or a 7 risk premium. While his words address these issues, in my opinion Mr. Kind has 8 offered very little that could constructively be a part of any power contract or 9 rate schedule.
- 10 TRANSMISSION ISSUES RAISED BY MR. GROTZINGER FOR THE MJMEUC
- 11 Q WHAT IS THE SUGGESTION OFFERED BY MR. GROTZINGER?
- He wants AmerenUE to provide assurances and priorities for transmission

 projects he perceives to be important to the MJMEUC. In the course of his

 discussion he addresses some of the same issues I faced on behalf of Noranda

 and so I will offer some perspectives as a lay person that has devoted a lot of

 time to buying power.
- 17 Q WAS IT POSSIBLE FOR NORANDA TO SHOP FOR THE LOWEST COST POWER
- 18 WITHOUT REGARD TO TRANSMISSION CONSIDERATIONS?
- 19 A No. While I have always understood that AECI had the ability to deliver power
 20 if I could get it to them, that was the extent of my assurance. As I understand
 21 the system everyone would like to get the power from the cheapest source at



any moment (regardless of the locations of the production and consumption),
but that is simply not possible. It never occurred to me to ask someone else to
address and pay for the transmission that would give Noranda improved access
to cheaper sources, but yet that in some respects seems to be just what Mr.
Grotzinger is suggesting for the MJMEUC in his testimony.

DO YOU BELIEVE THAT THE CUSTOMERS OF AMERENUE, INCLUDING
NORANDA, SHOULD PAY TO SOLVE PROBLEMS THAT HAVE BEEN FACED BY
MJMEUC IN THE PAST OR ANY FUTURE PROBLEMS?
The simple answer is no. I understand that AmerenUE as a transmission owner has obligations including the MISO agreements. I expect they will live up to

those obligations. If Mr. Grotzinger defines his future needs he can pursue them in a proper context just like any other transmission customer. That said, I do not see how any MJMEUC interference with the proposed service to Noranda can be a proper context. In fact, I am disappointed to see MJMEUC professing support for (or at least non-opposition to) the proposed service for Noranda while at the same time apparently attempting to create obligations

I am a novice in regulatory matters, but as I am beginning to understand the regulatory system, it seems the concerns raised by Mr. Grotzinger are matters for MISO and the FERC to sort out. I do not fully understand how

and more costs for Noranda and other customers of AmerenUE.

regulation works, but I assume MISO and FERC, as the responsible agencies, will



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- follow a proper process for addressing and resolving any request for service, and will determine an equitable cost recovery mechanism.
- 3 Q DOES MR. GROTZINGER SPEAK FOR ALL MEMBERS OF MJMEUC IN THIS
- 4 MATTER?
- 5 Α To my knowledge he does not. First, in contrast to the position laid out by Mr. 6 Grotzinger, I note the important public interest testimony provided by the City 7 of New Madrid, one of the MJMEUC members. Second, I sit on the Board of the 8 Sikeston Board of Municipal Utilities (BMU), another of the MJMEUC members, 9 and I can state from firsthand knowledge that MJMEUC did not reflect the 10 BMU's interest in this matter. The BMU was not aware of the intervention of 11 MJMEUC until after it was filed. Nor was the MJMEUC testimony made 12 available for review by the BMU. I find it disappointing that MJMEUC did not at 13 a minimum check with members that have a direct interest in this matter. I do 14 not know which of the MJMEUC members Mr. Grotzinger may or may not be 15 speaking for, but it is certainly not all of his members.

16 THE SUGGESTION OF DELAY FROM MEG WITNESS LACONTE

- 17 Q WHAT IS THE SUGGESTION OFFERED BY MS. LACONTE FOR THE MISSOURI
- 18 ENERGY GROUP?
- The essence of her suggestion is delay. Obviously we would all like to have the luxury of more time. I appreciate the work of the parties that have dug in and done their analyses and come up with their suggestions, even if I might not



George Swogger Surrebuttal Testimony

agree. In so doing it seems to me that the important questions have been addressed. My concern with MEG is that only questions are offered -- and a proposal for delay. The one unique aspect of the MEG interests as I understand Ms. LaConte is an interest in interruptible power. Hopefully the MEG concerns can be addressed elsewhere in a proper proceeding, but in any event I do not see it as appropriate to hold up approval of the Noranda transaction to facilitate an investigation of interruptible power, a question that is unique to MEG.

9 Q IS DELAY A PROBLEM FOR NORANDA?

- Yes, it is a serious and potentially very expensive and detrimental problem for

 Noranda. I am opposed to any delay of the current schedule for this

 proceeding.
- 13 Q DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 14 A Yes it does.

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