FILED September 1, 2023 Data Center Missouri Public Service Commission

### Exhibit No. 203

OPC – Exhibit 203 Riley Surrebuttal File No. WR-2023-0006 Exhibit No.: Issue(s):

Outside Accounting Services/ Income Tax Expense it: Riley/Surrebuttal Public Counsel WR-2023-0006

Witness/Type of Exhibit: Sponsoring Party: Case No.:

### SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

### OF

### JOHN S. RILEY

Submitted on Behalf of the Office of the Public Counsel

### **CONFLUENCE RIVERS UTILITY OPERATING COMPANY, INC.**

CASE NO. WR-2023-0006

July 21, 2023

### SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

### OF

### **JOHN S RILEY**

### CASE NO WD 2022 0006

	CASE NO. WK-2025-0000	
1	Q.	What is your name and what is your business address?
2	A.	John S. Riley, PO Box 2230, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102.
3	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
4 5	A.	I am employed by the Missouri Office of the Public Counsel ("OPC") as a Utility Regulatory Supervisor.
6	Q.	What is your educational background?
7	А.	I earned a B.S. in Business Administration with a major in Accounting from Missouri State
8		University.
9	Q.	What is your professional work experience?
10	A.	I was employed by the OPC from 1987 to 1990 as a Public Utility Accountant. In this capacity,
11		I participated in rate cases and other regulatory proceedings before the Public Service
12		Commission ("Commission"). From 1994 to 2000 I was employed as an auditor with the

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18 Are you a Certified Public Accountant ("CPA") licensed in the State of Missouri? Q.

individuals and small business from 2014 through 2017

19 Yes. As a CPA, I am required to continue my professional training by attending Missouri А. 20 State Board of Accountancy qualified educational seminars and classes. The State Board of

Missouri Department of Revenue. I was employed as an Accounting Specialist with the

Office of the State Court Administrator until 2013. In 2013, I accepted a position as the Court

Administrator for the 19th Judicial Circuit until April 2016 when I joined the OPC as a Public

Utility Accountant III. I have also prepared income tax returns, at a local accounting firm, for

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Accountancy requires that I spend a minimum of 40 hours a year in training that continues my education in the field of accountancy.

### 3 Q. Have you previously filed testimony before the Missouri Public Service Commission?

A. Yes I have. A listing of my case filings is attached as JSR-S-1.

### 5 Q. What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony?

A. To respond to rebuttal testimony of Confluence Rivers witness Brent Thies concerning Staff
 witness Jane C. Dhority's assessment of the Company's external Audit and Accounting fees.
 I am also responding to Company witness Brad Seltzer's rebuttal testimony concerning Staff's
 income tax expense amount included in the cost of service.

### 10 Q. What was Ms. Dhority's original assessment of the external audit & accounting fees?

A. She determined that the services provided by Anders CPAs + Advisors ("Anders") was
 duplicative to the duties Confluence in-house accounting personnel were responsible for and
 therefore removed the cost of the Anders contract from the rate case.<sup>1</sup>

### 14 **Q.** What was the Company response to her recommendation?

A. Mr. Thies stated Anders work was not duplicative to Company personnel's work but as he
 explained Anders' responsibilities, he reinforced the argument that Anders work was
 unnecessary.

### 18 Q. Please elaborate on Mr. Thies' explanation.

19A.As Mr. Thies explains: Anders was hired to support the month-end close and account20reconciliation processes. He continues by stating that these "services are inherently not

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> WR-2023-0006, Dhority Direct, page 6, lines 1-18 (External Audit & Accounting Fees)

duplicative."<sup>2</sup> He points out that "proper accounting procedures require review of all journal entries and reconciliations. The presence of Anders' staff working to compile supporting materials and prepare journal entries allows CSWR's staff to review those entries before posting to the general ledger."

Q. How do you view this explanation?

A. It is hard to tell which group of accountants is reviewing the other. Mr. Thies appears to be implying that Anders is not reviewing the supporting materials it compiles or the journal entries it prepares. This makes no sense. Any competent third-party accounting firm engaged by a utility to support the month-end close and account reconciliation processes would include a review of all the journal entries and reconciliations at issue as a matter of routine practice. Mr. Thies' suggesting that CSWR staff are required to "review" those same journal entries and reconciliations a second time is irrational. Moreover, Mr. Thies fails to mention that CSWR also employs an auditing firm that is paid on a monthly basis.<sup>3</sup> Auditing by definition is a review process. It would therefore be logical that the auditors would review the month end processes Anders has been contracted to assist with, thus negating the need for CSWR to employ its own staff of accountants to review the work being performed by Anders. Somewhere, somehow accounting processes are being duplicated by at least one of three accounting groups.

Overall, there can be no question some accounting process is being duplicated. There is no justification for CSWR to employ its own staff of accounting specialists to review the work of an independent commercial accounting firm. Any competent third-party accounting firm will perform all necessary review of the relevant journal entries and reconciliations as part of the scope of its work in assisting with the month-end close and account reconciliation processes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Thies rebuttal, page 6, line 14

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> RSM LLP has been identified as CSWR's outside and independent auditing company

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CSWR should consequently not be entitled to collect both the expenses incurred in retaining Anders and employing its own internal accounting staff.

Q. Mr. Thies states that "CSWR does not employ accountants or other employees with extra capacity in their schedules. Were it not for the support Anders provides, any employee time off would have the potential to create a backlog of time sensitive accounting work." <sup>4</sup> How do you respond to this?

A. The month end closing processes do not have to be accomplished on the last day of the month.
A great deal of the information needed to close the books isn't even available at month end.
There is no drop dead time limit on month end closings. In fact, Staff was still waiting on
Company's January 2023 financial information as of the end of June 2023, so the Company
should not be implying that any accounting information from a half a year ago was "time
sensitive" at the end of January.

## 13Q.Could you summarize your position on the exclusion of the Anders contract from the<br/>cost of service?

A. Yes. Ms. Dhority stated the work performed by Anders was duplicative to what the Company
 in-house accountants should be completing. She's absolutely correct. With three different
 accounting groups working for the same small Company, there are too many bean counters
 in the mix. As Staff has proposed, the Anders contract should be excluded from the revenue
 requirement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Thies rebuttal, page 7, lines 1-3

### **INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

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### Q. Company witness Mr. Bradly Seltzer takes exception to Staff witness Ms. Kimberly Bolin's interpretation of Net Operating Loss ("NOL") and how it applies to the current cost of service. Should the Commission give any credence to Mr. Seltzer's arguments?

A. No. First, I would note that the question of whether Confluence's NOLs constitute a "tax timing difference" is irrelevant. The only important point the Commission needs to understand and make a decision regarding is that Confluence is not expected to have taxable income in the near future and the available NOL balance will cover the taxable income in these rates. A "timing difference" does not change how much income tax should be included in the cost of service.

#### **Q**. Is Mr. Seltzer's interpretation that this NOL is a "tax timing difference" correct? 11

A. No. Mr. Seltzer has several facts misconstrued in his analogy. The first thing to consider is the phrase "tax timing difference" as it applies to this NOL. A tax timing difference infers 13 that there was a difference in an expense (or many expenses combined) recorded for financial (*i.e.* regulatory) purposes as opposed to the amount applied within a tax return. The most 15 common and best understood expense that is applied differently in financial reporting and tax 16 returns would be accelerated depreciation.

#### 18 Q. Was this NOL a by-product of accelerated depreciation?

No. Mr. Seltzer acknowledges this on page 4 of his testimony. He goes on to state that since 19 A. this NOL is not caused by deferred taxes attributable to accelerated depreciation then the 20 21 normalization rules of the IRS do not apply.

## Q. Does Mr. Seltzer ever explain in his testimony what timing differences caused the Company's NOL?

A. No. I did not find an explanation or any specific expense differences mentioned in his rebuttal testimony. I did try and follow his explanation that NOLs in general are a "tax timing difference," but it appears Mr. Seltzer's argument is extremely misguided. He quoted a recent Missouri American Water Co. Western District case opinion<sup>5</sup> to attempt to illustrate a point but the quote doesn't apply to his argument. Let's review the quote and his attempted analogy.

"a company is allowed to deduct certain costs against income for tax purposes at different times than when it is allowed to reflect the same costs as a reduction to income for financial reporting purposes. This is referred to as 'timing differences." That is precisely the situation in the instant case where Confluence Rivers properly deducted its operating expenses for book and financial reporting purposes, but, <u>by</u> reason of its NOLs, was unable to currently deduct such expenses for tax reporting purposes. <sup>6</sup>

He begins by quoting a generally agreed upon statement that tax deduction expenses can be taken at different times than when they are deducted for financial reporting. However, his conclusion that Confluence "by reason of its NOLs, was unable to currently deduct such expenses for tax reporting purposes" is completely inaccurate. An existing NOL does not prevent expense deduction for tax purposes. If the Company is in a net income loss situation then the added expenses merely create a larger tax loss, which in turn translates into a larger NOL carryforward. He further muddles his argument by trying to assert that a deferred tax liability is inherent in the NOL. Mr. Seltzer has already stated that the Confluence NOLs were not a product of deferred taxes attributable to accelerated depreciation and does not imply there was any other deferred tax timing difference that caused the losses, yet he suddenly states that there is a deferred tax "liability." To state that there is a "liability"

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> He provides a four line quote but does not cite it in the opinion and he does not apply context to how this quotation is relevant to Confluence's NOL

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Seltzer rebuttal, page 5 lines 11-17 Emphasis added

necessarily infers a future amount will come due.<sup>7</sup> Because there is nothing due in the future based on this NOL, it is therefore not a "liability" as Mr. Seltzer states.

### Q. How do you believe these NOLs were created?

A. Without any other assertions from Mr. Seltzer, these losses were not generated by specific tax provisions and therefore will not eventually "turn around" by way of expiring temporary deferred tax benefits. Stated another way, the IRS Code did not create special tax inducements that caused these NOLs. These losses were instead generated the old fashion way; by having more expenses than revenues. The Company has an operating loss, taxable or otherwise. These NOLs can be applied to taxable income indefinitely. They do not expire<sup>8</sup>.

# Q. Mr. Seltzer lists several authoritative sources to support his contention that income tax expense should be included in the cost of service. Should these sources be considered by the Commission when making a decision about income tax expense in the rate case?

A. No. The sources Mr. Seltzer mentions refer to deferred tax liabilities and he has already admitted the Company does not have any deferred tax liability in this case. Staff has performed the calculations and determined that the Company will not have an income tax liability in the near future. If the Commission were to include an income tax expense in the cost of service without including an offsetting deferred tax liability, the Company would enjoy a <u>permanent</u> tax savings due to the ratepayer funding an expense that does not exist. All three parties agree that there are no normalization rules that drive inclusion of an income tax expense in this case. Absent IRS directives, including an income tax expense that does not exist is punitive and unjust to the Company's captive customers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Oxford definition of Liability. "debts or obligations a person or company owes to someone else."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> One of the provisions of the TCJA was to change the expiration period of NOLs from 20 years to no expiration date

# Q. To summarize that answer, are you saying the Commission would need to include a deferred tax liability into rate base to offset the Company's proposed income tax expense because without the liability, the expense is a <u>permanent gift of interest free money?</u>

A. Yes. I believe the Commission should exclude the nonexistent tax expense, however, if it believes a normalization needs to be established then a corresponding deferred liability, tax or otherwise, should be included to offset the amount.

### Q. Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony?

8 A. Yes.

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### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

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In the Matter of Confluence Rivers Utility Operating Company, Inc.'s Request for Authority to Implement a General Rate Increase for Water Service and Sewer Service Provided in Missouri Service Areas

Case No. WR-2023-0006

### AFFIDAVIT OF JOHN S. RILEY

### STATE OF MISSOURI

) ss COUNTY OF COLE )

John S. Riley, of lawful age and being first duly sworn, deposes and states:

1. My name is John S. Riley. I am a Utility Regulatory Supervisor for the Office of the Public Counsel.

2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my surrebuttal testimony.

3. I hereby swear and affirm that my statements contained in the attached testimony are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

John S. Riley

Utility Regulatory Supervisor

Subscribed and sworn to me this 20th day of July 2023.



TIFFANY HILDEBRAND My Commission Expires August 8, 2023 Cole County Commission #15637121

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Tiffany Hildebrand Notary Public

My Commission expires August 8, 2023.

ST LOUIS COUNTY WATER COMPANY	CASE NO. WR-88-5
SOUTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY	CASE NO. TC-89-21
EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY	CASE NO. ER-2016-0023
KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS COMPANY	CASE NO. ER-2016-0156
KANSAS CITY POWER & LIGHT COMPANY	CASE NO. ER-2016-0285
AMEREN MISSOURI	CASE NO. ER-2016-0179
EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC PRUDENCE REVIEW	CASE NO. EO-2017-0065
LACLEDE GAS COMPANY	CASE NO. GR-2017-0215
MISSOURI AMERICAN WATER COMPANY	CASE NO. WU-2017-0351
MISSOURI AMERICAN WATER COMPANY	CASE NO. WR-2017-0285
LIBERTY (MIDSTATE NATURAL GAS)	CASE NO. GR-2018-0013
KANSAS CITY POWER AND LIGHT	CASE NO. ER-2018-0145
KCP&L GREATER MISSOURI OPERATIONS COMPANY	CASE NO. ER-2018-0146
EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC PRUDENCE REVIEW	CASE NO. EO-2018-0244
EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY	CASE NO. ER-2018-0228
EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY	CASE NO. ER-2018-0366
EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY	CASE NO. EO-2018-0092
AMEREN GAS COMPANY	CASE NO. GR-2018-0227
MISSOURI AMERICAN WATER COMPANY	CASE NO. WO-2018-0373
LIBERTY UTILITIES EMPIRE ELECTRIC CO	CASE NO. EA-2019-0010
SUMMIT NATURAL GAS OF MISSOURI, INC	CASE NO. GR-2018-0230
SPIRE NATURAL GAS, EAST/WEST ISRS	CASE NO. GO-2019-0115
MISSOURI AMERICAN WATER COMPANY	CASE NO. WO-2019-0184

AMEREN GAS UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY LIBERTY EMPIRE ELECTRIC CO. **EVERGY MISSOURI METRO** MISSOURI AMERICAN WATER CO. EMPIRE ELECTRIC COMPANY FAC MISSOURI AMERICAN WATER CO. SPIRE MISSOURI INC UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY EMPIRE ELECTRIC COMPANY EMPIRE DISTRICT GAS COMPANY EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY EMPIRE DISTRICT ELECTRIC COMPANY EVERGY MISSOURI WEST SECURITIZATION EVERGY MISSOURI WEST EVERGY MISSOURI EAST SPIRE MISSOURI, INC. UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

CASE NO. GR-2019-0077 CASE NO. ER-2019-0335 CASE NO. ER-2019-0374 CASE NO. EO-2020-0262 CASE NO.WO-2020-0190 CASE NO. ER-2020-0311 CASE NO. WR-2020-0344 CASE NO. GR-2021-0108 CASE NO. ER-2021-0240 CASE NO. ER-2021-0312 CASE NO. GR-2021-0320 CASE NO. EO-2022-0040 CASE NO. EO-2022-0193 CASE NO. EF-2022-0155 CASE NO. ER-2022-0130 CASE NO. ER-2022-0129 CASE NO. GR-2022-0179 CASE NO. ER-2022-0337