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Return on Equity and

Capital Structure

Witness:

Ann E. Bulkley

Exhibit Type:

Direct

Sponsoring Party:

Missouri-American Water Company

Case No.:

WR-2017-0285 SR-2017-0286

Date:

June 30, 2017

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

CASE NO. WR-2017-0285 CASE NO. SR-2017-0286

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

ANN E. BULKLEY

ON BEHALF OF

MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

File No. w11 -2011 - 011

Exhibit 8 WR-2017-0285 Direct Testimony of Ann E. Bulkley

DIRECT TESTIMONY ANN E. BULKLEY MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY CASE NO. WR-2017-0285 CASE NO. SR-2017-0286

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OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

IN THE MATTER OF MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY FOR AUTHORITY TO FILE TARIFFS REFLECTING INCREASED RATES FOR WATER AND SEWER SERVICE

CASE NO. WR-2017-0285 CASE NO. SR-2017-0286

AFFIDAVIT OF ANN E. BULKLEY

Ann E. Bulkley, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that she is the witness who sponsors the accompanying testimony entitled "Direct Testimony of Ann E. Bulkley"; that said testimony and schedules were prepared by her and/or under her direction and supervision; that if inquiries were made as to the facts in said testimony and schedules, she would respond as therein set forth; and that the aforesaid testimony and schedules are true and correct to the best of her knowledge.

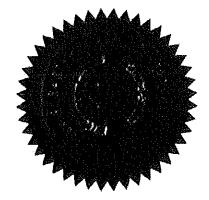
Ann E. Bulkley

State of Massachusetts
County of Middlesex
SUBSCRIBED and sworn to
Before me this 2/ day of Time 2017.

My commission expires:

Sources Granding Public

LAUREEN G. SASSEVILLE
Notary Public
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
My Commission Expires
October 19, 2023



DIRECT TESTIMONY

ANN E. BULKLEY

1		I. <u>WITNESS IDENTIFICATION AND QUALIFICATIONS</u>
2	Q.	Please state your name, affiliation, and business address.
3	A.	My name is Ann E. Bulkley. I am employed by Concentric Energy Advisors, Inc.
4		("Concentric") as a Senior Vice President. My business address is 293 Boston
5		Post Road West, Suite 500, Marlborough, Massachusetts 01752.
6		
7	Q.	On whose behalf are you submitting this testimony?
8	A.	I am submitting this testimony on behalf of Missouri-American Water Company
9		("MAWC" or the "Company"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of American Water
10		Works Company, Inc. ("AWW").
11		
12	Q.	Please describe your background and professional experience in the energy
13		and utility industries.
14	A.	I hold a Bachelor's degree in Economics and Finance from Simmons College and
15		a Master's degree in Economics from Boston University, with more than 20 years
16		of experience consulting to the energy industry. I have advised numerous energy

and utility clients on a wide range of financial and economic issues with primary concentrations in valuation and utility rate matters. Many of these assignments have included the determination of the cost of capital for valuation and ratemaking purposes. My qualifications and testimony listing are presented in more detail in Attachment A.

A.

Q. Please describe Concentric's activities in energy and utility engagements.

Concentric provides financial and economic advisory services to many and various energy and utility clients across North America. Our regulatory, economic, and market analysis services include utility ratemaking and regulatory advisory services; energy market assessments; market entry and exit analysis; corporate and business unit strategy development; demand forecasting; resource planning; and energy contract negotiations. Our financial advisory activities include buy- and sell-side merger, acquisition, and divestiture assignments; due diligence and valuation assignments; project and corporate finance services; and transaction support services. In addition, we provide litigation support services on a wide range of financial and economic issues on behalf of clients throughout North America.

II. PURPOSE AND OVERVIEW OF TESTIMONY

- 2 Q. What is the purpose of your Direct Testimony?
- 3 A. The purpose of my Direct Testimony is to present evidence and provide a
- 4 recommendation regarding MAWC's authorized return on equity ("ROE" or "cost
- of equity") and to assess the reasonableness of its proposed capital structure for
- 6 ratemaking purposes. My analyses and recommendations are supported by the
- 7 data presented in Schedules AEB-1 through AEB-10.

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- Q. Please provide a brief overview of the analysis that led to your ROE
- 10 recommendation.
- 11 A. In developing my ROE recommendation, I applied the Constant Growth
- Discounted Cash Flow ("DCF") model and the Capital Asset Pricing Model
- 13 ("CAPM"). In addition to these analyses, I also considered the Value Line
- projected ROEs for the proxy group companies, and a Constant Growth DCF
- 15 analysis based on projected dividend yields and share prices. My ROE
- recommendation also considers the following factors: (1) the risk associated with
- 17 MAWC's capital expenditure program relative to the proxy group companies; (2)
- the effect of environmental regulations on water and wastewater utilities and the
- 19 costs associated with compliance; and (3) the effect of regulatory lag on the
- ability of MAWC to earn its authorized ROE, and the Company's proposals to

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reduce regulatory lag by way of a forecast test period through June 30, 2019 and a Revenue Stabilization Mechanism. Although I did not make any specific adjustments to my ROE estimates for the foregoing factors, I considered each of them when determining where the Company's ROE should fall within the range of analytical results. Finally, I compared MAWC's proposed capital structure to the actual capital structures of the proxy group companies.

- 8 Q. Please summarize your analytical results.
- 9 A. My analytical results are summarized in Table 1.

Table 1: Summary of Cost of Equity Results

	Forward-l	Looking CAPM Re	sults	
	Current Risk- Free Rate (2.95%)	2017-2018 Projected Risk- Free Rate (3.48%)	2019-2023 Projected Risk- Free Rate (4.30%)	Mean Result
Including AWW ¹				
Bloomberg Beta	10.64%	10.78%	10.99%	10.80%
Value Line Beta	10.39%	10.54%	10.78%	10.57%
Excluding AWW ²				
Bloomberg Beta	10.89%	11.02%	11.21%	11.04%
Value Line Beta	10.48%	10.63%	10.86%	10.66%

See Schedule AEB-6. See Schedule AEB-7.

	Mean Low	Mean	Mean High	
(Constant Growth DCF	– 90 Day Average ³		
Including AWW	6.78%	8.85%	11.43%	
Excluding AWW	6.43%	8.62%	10.88%	
Constant	Growth DCF – Project	ted DCF Model 202	20-20224	
	Mean Low	Mean	Mean High	
Including AWW	7.31%	9.38%	11.97%	
Excluding AWW	6.89%	9.08%	11.34%	
Valu	e Line Projected Equit	y Returns 2020-20	22 ⁵	
	Low	Mean	High	
Including AWW	10.50%	11.94%	14.00%	
Excluding AWW	11.00%	12.14%	14.00%	

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As shown in Schedule AEB-1, the DCF model is producing individual company results as low as 4.82 percent, or 44 basis points lower than MAWC's embedded cost of long-term debt of 5.26 percent for the 13-month average test year ending June 30, 2019.6 There is more risk associated with owning common equity than debt because shareholders are the residual claimants on the firm's earnings and assets. As such, the return to equity holders must be higher than the return to bond holders.

³ See Schedule AEB-1.

⁴ See Schedule AEB-2.

Source: Value Line Investment Survey, Water Industry, April 14, 2017, at 1782-1790.

Source: Company provided data.

In addition, as discussed in more detail in Section IV of my Direct Testimony, there are concerns among investors and regulators that the DCF model is not producing reasonable results at this time due to anomalous conditions in capital markets. For that reason, my ROE recommendation also considers the results of a forward-looking CAPM analysis and the projected ROEs for the water utilities in the proxy group, as published by Value Line. In addition, I consider company-specific risk factors, and current and prospective capital market conditions.

A.

Q. What is your conclusion regarding the appropriate authorized ROE for MAWC in this proceeding?

A reasonable range of ROE estimates for MAWC is from 10.00 percent to 10.80 percent. Considering the business and financial risk factors facing MAWC, I believe that an ROE of 10.80 percent is reasonable and appropriate. The required ROE should be a forward-looking estimate; therefore, the analyses supporting my recommendation rely on forward-looking inputs and assumptions (e.g., projected analyst growth rates in the DCF model, forecasted risk-free rate and Market Risk Premium in the CAPM analysis, etc...). I also take into consideration capital market conditions, including the effect of the current low interest rate environment on utility stock valuations and dividend yields, and the market's expectation for higher interest rates.

A.

Q. How is the remainder of your Direct Testimony organized?

The remainder of my Direct Testimony is organized in seven sections. Section III reviews the regulatory guidelines pertinent to the development of the cost of capital. Section IV discusses the current and prospective capital market conditions and the effect of those conditions on MAWC's cost of equity. Section V explains my selection of a proxy group of water utilities. Section VI describes my analyses and the analytical basis for the recommendation of the appropriate ROE for MAWC. Section VII provides a discussion of specific business and financial risks that have a direct bearing on the Company's authorized ROE in this case. Section VIII provides an assessment of the reasonableness of MAWC's proposed capital structure relative to the proxy group. Section IX presents my conclusions and recommendations.

III. REGULATORY GUIDELINES

- 16 Q. Please describe the principles that guide the establishment of the cost of capital for a regulated utility.
- A. The United States Supreme Court's *Hope* and *Bluefield* decisions established the standards for determining the fairness or reasonableness of a utility's authorized ROE. Among the standards established by the Court in those cases are: (1)

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consistency with other businesses having similar or comparable risks; (2)
adequacy of the return to support credit quality and access to capital; and (3) the
principle that the specific means of arriving at a fair return are not important, only
that the end result leads to just and reasonable rates. ⁷

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Q. Has the Missouri Public Service Commission ("Commission") provided similar guidance in establishing the appropriate return on common equity?

A. Yes. The Commission follows the precedents of the *Hope* and *Bluefield* cases and acknowledges that utility investors are entitled to a fair and reasonable return.

This position was set forth by the Commission as follows:

11 12

1) A "just and reasonable" rate is one that is fair to both the utility and its customers; it is no more than is sufficient to "keep public utilty plants in proper repair for effective public service, and ... to insure to the investors a reasonable return upon funds invested."8

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⁷ Bluefield, 262 U.S. at 692-93; Hope, 320 U.S., at 603.

In the Matter of Missouri Gas Energy and its Tariff Filing to Implement a General Rate Increase for Natural Gas Service, Report and Order, Missouri Public Service Commission, Case No. GR-2009-0355. February 10, 2010, at 7.

1	Q.	Why is it important for a utility to be allowed the opportunity to earn a
2		return that is adequate to attract capital at reasonable terms?

A return that is adequate to attract capital at reasonable terms enables MAWC to continuing providing safe, reliable water and wastewater service while maintaining its financial integrity. That return should be commensurate with returns expected elsewhere in the market for investments of equivalent risk. If it is not, debt and equity investors will seek alternative investment opportunities for which the expected return reflects the perceived risks, thereby inhibiting MAWC's ability to attract capital at reasonable cost.

A.

A.

Q. What are your conclusions regarding regulatory guidelines?

The ratemaking process is premised on the principle that, in order for investors and companies to commit the capital needed to provide safe and reliable utility services, a utility must have the opportunity to recover the return of, and the market-required return on, its invested capital. Because utility operations are capital-intensive, regulatory decisions should enable the utility to attract capital at reasonable terms; doing so balances the long-term interests of the utility and its customers.

The financial community carefully monitors the current and expected financial condition of utility companies, and the regulatory framework within which they Page 12 MAWC – DT-AEB

operate. In that respect, the regulatory framework is one of the most important factors in both debt and equity investors' assessments of risk. The Commission's order in this case, therefore, should establish rates that provide MAWC with the opportunity to earn a ROE that is: (1) adequate to attract capital at reasonable terms; (2) sufficient to ensure its financial integrity; and (3) commensurate with returns on investments in enterprises with similar risk. To the extent the Company is authorized the opportunity to earn its market-based cost of capital, the proper balance is achieved between customers' and shareholders' interests.

A.

IV. CAPITAL MARKET CONDITIONS

Q. Why is it important to analyze capital market conditions?

The ROE estimation models rely on market data that are either specific to the proxy group, in the case of the DCF model, or the expectations of market risk, in the case of the CAPM. The results of the ROE estimation models can be affected by prevailing market conditions at the time the analysis is performed. Because the ROE established in a rate proceeding is intended to be forward-looking, the analyst uses current and projected market data, specifically stock prices, dividends, growth rates and interest rates in the ROE estimation models to estimate the required return for the subject company. As discussed in the remainder of this section, analysts and regulatory commissions have concluded Page 13 MAWC – DT-AEB

that current market conditions are anomalous and that these conditions have
affected the results of the ROE estimation models. As a result, it is important to
consider the effect of these conditions on the ROE estimation models when
determining the appropriate range and recommended ROE for a future period. In
this case, the test period is July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019, which extends
more than a year in the future. Therefore, it is very important to consider
projected market data to estimate the return for that forward-looking period.

A.

Q. What factors are affecting the cost of equity for regulated utilities in the current and prospective capital markets?

The cost of equity for regulated utility companies is being affected by several factors in the current and prospective capital markets, including: (1) the current low interest rate environment and the corresponding effect on valuations and dividend yields of utility stocks relative to historical levels; and (2) the market's expectation for higher interest rates. In this section, I discuss each of these factors and how it affects the models used to estimate the cost of equity for regulated utilities.

1	Q.	How has the Federal Reserve's monetary policy affected capital markets in
2		recent years?

Extraordinary and persistent federal intervention in capital markets artificially lowered government bond yields after the Great Recession of 2008-09, as the Federal Open Market Committee ("FOMC") used monetary policy (both reductions in short-term interest rates and purchases of Treasury bonds and mortgage-backed securities) to stimulate the U.S. economy. As a result of very low returns on short-term government bonds, yield-seeking investors have been forced into longer-term instruments, bidding up prices and reducing yields on those investments. As investors have moved along the risk spectrum in search of yields that meet their return requirements, there has been increased demand for dividend-paying equities, such as water utility stocks.

A.

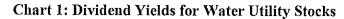
A.

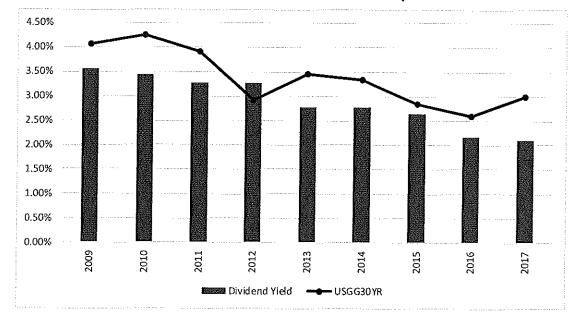
Q. How has the period of abnormally low interest rates affected the valuations and dividend yields of water utility shares?

The Federal Reserve's accommodative monetary policy has caused investors to seek alternatives to the historically low interest rates available on Treasury bonds.

As a result of this search for higher yield, the share prices for many common stocks, especially dividend-paying stocks such as utilities, have been driven higher while the dividend yields (which are computed by dividing the dividend Page 15 MAWC – DT-AEB

payment by the stock price) have decreased to levels well below the historical average. As shown in Chart 1, yields on 30-year Treasury bonds have declined by 106 basis points since 2009 when the Federal Reserve began to actively manage interest rates as a result of the Great Recession, while dividend yields on water utilities have declined by 146 basis points over this period.





Q. How are higher stock valuations and lower dividend yields for utility companies affecting the results of the DCF model?

A. During periods when stock valuations and dividend yields are not being distorted by the level of interest rates, the DCF model adequately reflects market conditions

Page 16 MAWC – DT-AEB

and investor expectations. However, in the current market environment, the DCF model results are distorted by the historically low level of interest rates and the higher valuation of utility stocks. Value Line recently commented on the low dividend yields and high valuations for water utilities:

Indeed, the industry's strong run has lowered the yield on an average water utility stock to a level close to the Value Line median. The yield spread between water stocks and other dividend paying equities in the Value Line Investment Survey is near an all-time low. Thus, we find it hard to recommend these stocks because they appear to be more than fully valued.

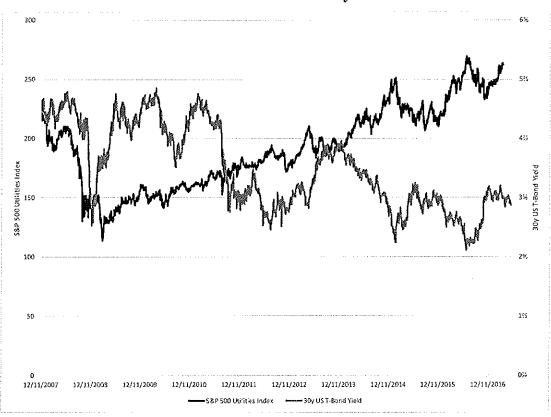
As a result of the substantial rise in stock prices, the yield on these stocks has dropped substantially. As we went to press, the average dividend yield for the nine members of the industry was 2.15%, a measly 15 basis points higher than the average stock we follow. Scarcity is one of the reasons water stocks trade at a premium as the industry's market cap is relatively small: There are two large cap stocks, two medium cap stocks, and the remaining five are all small caps. For example, should institutional investors choose to enter this sector to diversify out of electric or gas utilities, they have to pay a higher relative price because there are so few equities to choose from.⁹

In order to assess how low interest rates are affecting the dividend yields for utility stocks, I compared the Standard & Poor's ("S&P") Utilities index (which includes American Water Works, the parent company of MAWC) to the yield on the 30-year Treasury bond since 2007. As shown in Chart 2, the S&P Utilities

Source: Value Line Investment Survey, Water Industry, April 14, 2017, at 1781.

index has increased steadily as yields on 30-year Treasury bonds have declined in response to federal monetary policy.

Chart 2: S&P Utilities Return and U.S. Treasury Bond Yields - 2007 - 2017



1	Q.	Have regulators in other jurisdictions recently responded to the historically
2		low dividend yields for utility companies and the corresponding effect on the
3		DCF model?
4	A.	Yes. Understanding the important role that dividend yields play in the DCF
5		model, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") recently
6		determined that anomalous capital market conditions have caused the DCF model
7		to understate equity costs for regulated utilities at this time. In Opinion No. 531,
8		the FERC noted:
9 10 11 12 13 14		There is 'model risk' associated with the excessive reliance or mechanical application of a model when the surrounding conditions are outside of the normal range. 'Model risk' is the risk that a theoretical model that is used to value real world transactions fails to predict or represent the real phenomenon that is being modeled. ¹⁰
15		In Opinion No. 531, the FERC noted that the low interest rates and bond yields
16		that persisted throughout the analytical period that was relied on (study period)
17		resulted in anomalous market conditions and recognized the need to move away
18		from the midpoint of the DCF analysis. In that case, the FERC relied on the
19		CAPM and other risk premium methodologies to inform its judgment to set the
20		return above the midpoint of the DCF results.

FERC Docket No. EL11-66-001, Opinion No. 531, footnote 286. While Opinion No. 531 was recently remanded to the FERC by the D.C. Circuit Court, the Court's decision did not question the finding by the FERC that capital market conditions were anomalous.

1	In Opinion No. 551, issued in September 2016, the FERC recognized that those
2	anomalous market conditions continued into the study period and again concluded
3	that it was necessary to rely on ROE estimation methodologies other than the
4	DCF model to set the appropriate ROE:
5	Though the Commission noted certain economic conditions in
6	Opinion No. 531, the principle argument was based on low interest
7	rates and bond yields, conditions that persisted throughout the
8	study period. Consequently, we find that capital market conditions
9	are still anomalous as described above ¹¹
10	***
11	Because the evidence in this proceeding indicates that capital
12	markets continue to reflect the type of unusual conditions that the
13	Commission identified in Opinion No. 531, we remain concerned
14	that a mechanical application of the DCF methodology would
15	result in a return inconsistent with <i>Hope</i> and <i>Bluefield</i> . ¹²
16	***
17	As the Commission found in Opinion No. 531, under these
18	circumstances, we have less confidence that the midpoint of the
19	zone of reasonableness in this proceeding accurately reflects the
20	equity returns necessary to meet the <i>Hope</i> and <i>Bluefield</i> capital
21	attraction standards. We therefore find it necessary and reasonable
22	to consider additional record evidence, including evidence of
23	alternative methodologies ¹³
24	Yields on 10-year Treasury bonds are currently well below 3.00 percent, which is
25	the level that FERC has determined represents "anomalous" capital market
26	conditions. In summary, the results of the DCF model are understating the cost of

FERC Docket No. EL14-12-002, Opinion No. 551, at para 121.

Id., at para 122.

¹³ *Id*.

equity under current market conditions due to the low interest rate environment that has reduced dividend yields and raised valuations on utility shares to unsustainable levels. Consequently, it is necessary to consider the results of other Risk Premium models, such as the CAPM, in order to determine where to set the appropriate return.

A.

Q. What evidence is there that the interest rate environment is shifting?

Based on stronger conditions in employment markets, a relatively stable inflation rate, steady economic growth, and increased household spending, the Federal Reserve raised the short term borrowing rate by 25 basis points at both the March and June 2017 meetings. Since December 2015, the Federal Reserve has increased interest rates four times, bringing the federal funds rate to the range of 1.00 percent to 1.25 percent. As the economy continues to expand, the Federal Reserve is expected to continue increasing short-term interest rates to sustain the desired balance between unemployment and consumer price inflation.¹⁴ The Federal Reserve has indicated that it intends to raise short-term interest rates gradually in 25 basis point increments to the federal funds rate over time¹⁵ and in

¹⁴ Federal Open Market Committee, Federal Reserve press release, March 15, 2017.

¹⁵ FOMC, Federal Reserve press release, June 14, 2017.

March 2017, projected it would raise interest rates three times in 2017 and three times again in 2018.¹⁶

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A.

Q. What is the financial market's perspective on the future path of interest rates?

According to the May 2017 issue of Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, 100 percent of those surveyed expect the Federal Reserve will raise short-term interest rates again at either the June or September 2017 meetings. ¹⁷ In response to the question regarding the amount of the additional increase in short-term interest rates by the Federal Reserve in 2017, 7 percent of those surveyed expect an additional increase of 25 basis points, 77 percent expect an additional increase of 50 basis points, and 16 percent expect an additional increase of 75 basis points. ¹⁸ In response to the same question for 2018, 13 percent of those surveyed expect the Federal Reserve to increase interest rates by 50 basis points, 44 percent expect

¹⁸ *Id*.

Economic projections of Federal Reserve Board members and Federal Reserve Bank presidents under their individual assessments of projected appropriate monetary policy, March 2017. Advance release of table 1 of the Summary of Economic Projections to be released with FOMC minutes. For release at 2:00 p.m., EDT, March 15, 2017.

Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 36, Issue No. 5, May 1, 2017.

1		an increase of 75 basis points, and 38 percent expect an increase of 100 basis
2		points. ¹⁹
3		
4	Q.	What effect do rising interest rates have on the cost of equity?
5	A.	As interest rates increase, the calculated cost of equity for the proxy companies
6		using the Constant Growth DCF model is likely to be a conservative estimate of
7		investors' required return because the dividend yield is calculated based on stock
8		prices when interest rates were substantially lower. As such, rising interest rates
9		support the selection of a return toward the upper end of a reasonable range of
10		ROE estimates that are based on current market data. Alternatively, my CAPM
11		analysis includes estimated returns based on near-term projected interest rates.
12		
13	Q.	What conclusions do you draw from your analysis of capital market
14		conditions?
15	A.	My main conclusions are that the accommodative monetary policy of the Federal
16		Reserve has driven dividend yields to historically and unsustainably low levels
17		and that the DCF model, is, therefore, currently understating the forward-looking

cost of equity.²⁰ Accordingly, it is important to give weight to the results of alternative financial models, such as the CAPM, in establishing the authorized ROE in this proceeding.

A.

V. PROXY GROUP SELECTION

Q. Why have you used a group of proxy companies to estimate the cost of equityfor MAWC?

In this proceeding, I am estimating the cost of equity for MAWC, which is a rate-regulated subsidiary of AWW. Since the ROE is a market-based concept, and given the fact that MAWC's operations do not make up the entirety of a publicly traded entity, it is necessary to establish a group of companies that is both publicly traded and comparable to the Company in certain fundamental business and financial respects to serve as its "proxy" for purposes of the ROE estimation process. The proxy companies used in my analyses all possess a set of operating and financial risk characteristics that are substantially comparable to MAWC, and, therefore, provide a reasonable basis for deriving the appropriate ROE.

As the FOMC tightens monetary policy and increases interest rates, it is likely utility dividend yields will increase.

1	Q.	Please provide a brief profile of MAWC.
2	A.	MAWC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of AWW, provides water distribution service
3		and wastewater service to approximately 477,200 customers in Missouri. ²¹ The
4		Company generally accesses debt markets through American Water Capital Corp.
5		("AWCC"). The current credit ratings on senior unsecured debt for AWW and
6		AWCC are as follows: (1) S&P - A (Outlook: Stable); and (2) Moody's - A3
7		(Outlook: Stable). ²²
8		
9	Q.	How did you select the companies in your proxy group?
10	A.	I began with the group of nine U.S. utilities that Value Line classifies as Water
11		Utilities, and I simultaneously applied the following screening criteria to select
12		companies that:
13		• pay consistent quarterly cash dividends because companies that do not
14		cannot be analyzed using the Constant Growth DCF model;
15		• have positive long-term earnings growth forecasts from at least two
16		sources;
17		• have investment grade long-term issuer ratings from either S&P or
18		Moody's; and

Source: Company provided data. Source: Amercian Water Works Company, Inc., 2016 SEC Form 10-K, issued February 2017, at 57.

1		• derive more than 80 percent of their total operating income from regulated
2		water operations.
3		
4	Q.	Did you include American Water Works in your analysis?
5	A.	While my general practice is to exclude the subject company, or its parent holding
6		company, from the proxy group, given the small number of companies classified
7		by Value Line as Water Utilities and given the fact that Missouri is one of sixteen
8		states served by AWW, I have presented my ROE results both including and
9		excluding AWW.
10		
11	Q.	What is the composition of your proxy group?
12	A.	The screening criteria discussed above resulted in a proxy group consisting of the
13		companies in Table 2.

Table 2: Proxy Group

Company	Ticker
American States Water Company	AWR
American Water Works Company, Inc.	AWK
Aqua American, Inc.	WTR
California Water Service Group	CWT
Connecticut Water Service Inc.	CTWS
Middlesex Water Company	MSEX
SJW Corporation	SJW
York Water Company	YORW

A.

Q. Why is it appropriate to rely on a water proxy group for the water and wastewater operations of MAWC?

MAWC's business operations are predominantly water distribution service. Therefore, it is appropriate to rely on a proxy group of publicly traded water companies to establish the ROE for the Company's water distribution service. I have also relied on that same proxy group to establish the ROE for the wastewater distribution service. There is an insufficient number of publicly traded wastewater utilities to develop a proxy group from that universe. The business operations and overall risk factors of the water utilities are more similar to wastewater operations than to any other regulated utility. Therefore, I believe that

1		the water utility proxy group is the most comparable to the wastewater operations
2		from a risk perspective.
3		
4		VI. COST OF EQUITY ESTIMATION
5	Q.	Please briefly discuss the ROE in the context of the regulated rate of return
6		("ROR").
7	A.	The overall ROR for a regulated utility is based on its weighted average cost of
8		capital, in which the costs of the individual sources of capital are weighted by
9		their respective book values. While the costs of debt and preferred stock can be
10		directly observed, the cost of equity is market-based and, therefore, must be
11		estimated based on observable market data.
12		
13	Q.	How is the required ROE determined?
14	A.	The required ROE is estimated by using multiple analytical techniques that rely
15		on market-based data to quantify investor expectations regarding required equity
16		returns, adjusted for certain incremental costs and risks. Quantitative models
17		produce a range of reasonable results from which the market-required ROE is
18		selected. That selection must be based on a comprehensive review of relevant
19		data and information, and does not necessarily lend itself to a strict mathematical

solution. The key consideration in determining the cost of equity is to ensure that

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the methodologies employed reasonably reflect investors' views of the financial markets in general and of the subject company (in the context of the proxy group) in particular.

A.

Q. What methods did you use to estimate MAWC's cost of equity?

I considered the results of the Constant Growth DCF model and the CAPM. I also considered the Value Line projected ROEs for the proxy group companies, and the results of a forward-looking DCF analysis using projected dividend yields and projected share prices published by Value Line. I believe that a reasonable ROE estimate considers alternative methodologies, observable market data, and the reasonableness of their individual and collective results.

A.

Q. Why is it important to use more than one analytical approach?

It is important to use more than one analytical approach because the cost of equity is not directly observable, and, therefore, it must be estimated based on both quantitative and qualitative information. In estimating the cost of equity, analysts and investors are inclined to gather and evaluate as much relevant data as can be reasonably analyzed. A number of models have been developed to estimate the cost of equity. Analysts and academics understand that ROE models are tools to be used in the ROE estimation process and that strict adherence to any single Page 29 MAWC – DT-AEB

1	approach, or the results of any single approach, can lead to flawed or irrelevant
2	conclusions. Consistent with the Hope finding, it is the analytical result, not the
3	methodology, which is controlling in arriving at ROE determinations.

A.

A. Constant Growth DCF Model

6 Q. Are DCF models widely used to estimate the ROE for regulated utilities?

Yes. DCF models are widely used in regulatory proceedings and have sound theoretical bases, although neither the DCF model nor any other model can be applied without considerable judgment in the selection of data and the interpretation of results. As discussed in Section IV of my Direct Testimony, analysts are projecting that the currently high stock market valuations and low dividend yields for water utility companies are not sustainable. This is raising concerns among analysts and regulators that the DCF model is understating the cost of equity at this time.

16 Q. Please describe the DCF approach.

17 A. The DCF approach is based on the theory that a stock's current price represents
18 the present value of all expected future cash flows. In its most general form, the
19 DCF model is expressed as follows:

$$P_0 = \frac{D_1}{\left(1+k\right)} + \frac{D_2}{\left(1+k\right)^2} + \dots + \frac{D_{\infty}}{\left(1+k\right)^{\infty}}$$

Where P₀ represents the current stock price, D1...D∞ are all expected future dividends, and k is the discount rate, or required ROE. Equation [1] is a standard present value calculation that can be simplified and rearranged into the following form:

$$k = \frac{D_0(1+g)}{P_0} + g$$
 [2]

Equation [2] is often referred to as the Constant Growth DCF model in which the first term is the expected dividend yield and the second term is the expected long-term growth rate.

A.

Q. What assumptions are required for the Constant Growth DCF model?

The Constant Growth DCF model requires the following assumptions: (1) a constant growth rate for earnings and dividends; (2) a stable dividend payout ratio; (3) a constant price-to-earnings ("P/E") ratio; and (4) a discount rate greater than the expected growth rate. To the extent any of these assumptions is violated, considered judgment and/or specific adjustments should be applied to the results.

1	Q.	What market data did you use to calculate the dividend yield in your
2		Constant Growth DCF model?
3	A.	The dividend yield in my Constant Growth DCF model is based on the proxy
4		companies' current annual dividend and average closing stock prices over the 30-,
5		90-, and 180-trading days as of May 31, 2017.
6		
7	Q.	Why did you use three averaging periods for stock prices?
8	A.	It is important to use an average of trading days to calculate the price term in the
9		DCF model to ensure that the calculated ROE is not skewed by anomalous events
10		that may affect stock prices on any given trading day. The averaging period
11		should be reasonably representative of expected capital market conditions over
12		the long term. In my view, the use of the 30-, 90-, and 180-day averaging periods
13		reasonably balances those considerations.
14		
15	Q.	Did you make any adjustments to the dividend yield to account for periodic
16		growth in dividends?
17	A.	Yes. Since utility companies tend to increase their quarterly dividends at different
18		times throughout the year, it is reasonable to assume that dividend increases will
19		be evenly distributed over calendar quarters. Given that assumption, it is
20		reasonable to apply one-half of the expected annual dividend growth rate for Page 32 MAWC – DT-AEB

purposes of calculating the expected dividend yield component of the DCF model.
This adjustment ensures that the expected first year dividend yield is, on average,
representative of the coming twelve-month period, and does not overstate the
aggregated dividends to be paid during that time.

A.

Q. Why is it important to select appropriate measures of long-term growth in applying the DCF model?

In its Constant Growth form, the DCF model (i.e., Equation [2]) assumes a single long-term growth rate in perpetuity. In order to reduce the long-term growth rate to a single measure, one must assume that the dividend payout ratio remains constant and that earnings per share, dividends per share, and book value per share all grow at the same constant rate. Over the long run, however, dividend growth can only be sustained by earnings growth. For example, earnings growth rates tend to be least influenced by capital allocation decisions that companies may make in response to near-term changes in the business environment. Since such decisions may directly affect near-term dividend payout ratios, estimates of earnings growth are more indicative of long-term investor expectations than are dividend or book value growth estimates.

1	Q.	what sources of long-term growth rates and you rely on in your Constan
2		Growth DCF model?
3	A.	My Constant Growth DCF model incorporates the following sources of long-term
4		earnings growth rates: 1) consensus estimates from Zacks Investment Research
5		2) consensus estimates from Thomson First Call (provided by Yahoo! Finance)
6		3) consensus estimates from Thomson Reuters; and 4) long-term earnings growth
7		estimates from Value Line.
8		
9	Q.	How did you calculate the expected dividend yield?
10	A.	I adjusted the dividend yield to reflect the growth rate that was being used in that
11		particular scenario. This ensures that the growth rate used in the dividend yield
12		calculation and the growth rate used as the "g" term of the DCF model are
13		internally consistent.
14		
15	Q.	Please summarize the results of your Constant Growth DCF analyses.
16	A.	The results of the Constant Growth DCF analysis are shown in Table 3.
17		

	Mean Low	Mean	Mean High
(Constant Growth DCF	– Including AWW	
30-Day Average	6.77%	8.84%	11.42%
90-Day Average	6.78%	8.85%	11.43%
180-Day Average	6.81%	8.88%	11.46%
C	onstant Growth DCF -	- Excluding AWW	
30-Day Average	6.42%	8.61%	10.87%
90-Day Average	6.43%	8.62%	10.88%
180-Day Aveage	6.46%	8.65%	10.90%

A.

Q. How did you calculate the range of results for the Constant Growth DCFmodel?

I calculated the low DCF result using the minimum growth rate (i.e., the lowest of the Thomson First Call, Thomson Reuters, Zacks, and Value Line earnings growth rates) for each of the proxy group companies. Thus, the low result reflects the minimum DCF result for the proxy group. I used a similar approach to calculate the high results, using the highest growth rate for each proxy group company. The mean results were calculated using the average growth rates from all sources.

1	Q.	What are your	conclusions	about	the	results	of tl	he	Constant	Growth	DCF

A. As discussed previously, one primary assumption of the DCF model is a constant P/E ratio. That assumption is heavily influenced by the market price of utility stocks. To the extent utility valuations are high and may not be sustainable, it is important to consider the results of the DCF model with caution. As shown in Chart 2 above, the average dividend yield for the proxy group has declined from 3.56 percent in 2009 to 2.10 percent in 2017 due primarily to the low interest rate environment for government bonds. By comparison, the dividend yield on the 90-day average DCF analysis is 2.12 percent, which is at the bottom of the range of dividend yields for water utilities since 2009. While I have given weight to the results of the Constant Growth DCF model, my recommendation also gives weight to the results of other ROE estimation models.

A.

model?

Q. Have you considered the results of any other DCF analyses?

Yes, I have considered two additional DCF analyses: 1) a projected Constant Growth DCF model; and 2) the expected returns on equity for the proxy group companies. Because analysts have indicated that utility stocks may currently be at unsustainably high prices due to market conditions, I considered the results of a projected Constant Growth DCF model. Under this DCF analysis, the dividend Page 36 MAWC – DT-AEB

yield is calculated using Value Line's projected average share prices and
dividends for the period from 2020-2022, while the long-term growth rate is
based on the same five-year projected EPS growth rates used in the Constant
Growth DCF model. As shown in Schedule AEB-2, the projected DCF analysis
produces a mean DCF result of 9.38 percent and a mean high result of 11.97
percent (including AWW) and 9.08 percent and 11.34 percent (excluding AWW).
Relying on Value Line's projected dividend yields and share prices in 2020-2022,
the mean results of the Constant Growth DCF model increase by 54 basis points
(i.e., 9.38 percent vs. 8.84 percent shown in Schedules AEB-1 and AEB-2). ²³
I have also considered the expected returns on equity as reported by Value Line
for each of the proxy group companies in 2017 and for the period from 2020-
2022. As shown in Table 4 (also see Schedule AEB-3), the proxy group
companies are expected to earn average returns on equity of 10.88 percent in 2017
and 11.94 percent from 2020-2022 (including AWW) and 11.00 percent in 2017
and 12.14 percent from 2020-2022 (excluding AWW). This demonstrates that
investors are expecting substantially higher returns on equity for the water utilities
than what is suggested by the DCF model.

²³ This comparison includes the results of Amercian Water Works.

Table 4: Value Line Projected Returns on Equity²⁴

Company	Ticker	2017	2020-2022
American States Water Co	AWR	12.00%	14.00%
American Water Works Co. Inc.	AWK	10.00%	10.50%
Aqua America, Inc.	WTR	12.50%	12.50%
California Water Service, Inc.	CWT	9.50%	11.00%
Connecticut Water Service, Inc.	CTWS	10.00%	11.00%
Middlesex Water Company	MSEX	11.00%	12.50%
SJW Corporation	SJW	10.50%	11.50%
York Water Company	YORW	11.50%	12.50%
Mean		10.88%	11.94%
Mean excl. AWK		11.00%	12.14%

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B. CAPM Analysis

4 Q. Please briefly describe the Capital Asset Pricing Model.

The CAPM is a risk premium approach that estimates the cost of equity for a given security as a function of a risk-free return plus a risk premium to compensate investors for the non-diversifiable or "systematic" risk of that security. Systematic risk is the risk inherent in the entire market or market segment. This form of risk cannot be diversified away using a portfolio of assets.

Source: Value Line Investment Survey, Water Utilities, April, 14, 2017, at 1782-1790.

- Non-systematic risk is the risk of a specific company that can be mitigated through portfolio diversification.
- The CAPM is defined by four components, each of which must theoretically be a forward-looking estimate:

$$K_e = r_f + \beta (r_m - r_f)$$
 [3]

6 Where:

 $K_e =$ the required market ROE;

 β = Beta coefficient of an individual security;

9 $r_f = \text{the risk-free ROR}; \text{ and}$

 r_m = the required return on the market as a whole.

In this specification, the term $(r_m - r_f)$ represents the Market Risk Premium. According to the theory underlying the CAPM, since unsystematic risk can be diversified away, investors should only be concerned with systematic risk. Systematic risk is measured by Beta. Beta is a measure of the volatility of a security as compared to the market as a whole. Beta is defined as:

$$\beta = \frac{Covariance(r_e, r_m)}{Variance(r_m)} [4]$$

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The variance of the market return (i.e., Variance (r_m)) is a measure of the uncertainty of the general market. The covariance between the return on a

specific security and the general market (i.e., Covariance (re, rm)) reflects the extent to which the return on that security will respond to a given change in the general market return. Thus, Beta represents the risk of the security relative to the general market.

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Q. What risk-free rate did you use in your CAPM analyses?

A. I relied on three sources for my estimate of the risk-free rate: (1) the current 30-day average yield on 30-year U.S. Treasury bonds (i.e., 2.95%);²⁵ (2) the projected 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield for 2017 through 2018 (i.e., 3.48%);²⁶ and (3) the projected 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield for 2019 through 2023 (i.e., 4.30%).²⁷

12

13 Q. What Beta coefficients did you use in your CAPM analyses?

A. As shown in Schedule AEB-3, I used the average Beta coefficients for the proxy group companies as reported by Value Line and Bloomberg. Value Line's calculation is based on five years of weekly returns relative to the New York Stock Exchange Composite Index. The Bloomberg Betas are calculated based on

²⁵ Bloomberg Professional, as of May 31, 2017.

²⁶ Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 36, No. 6, June 1, 2017, at 2.

²⁷ *Id.*, at 14.

1		two years of weekly returns relative to the New York Stock Exchange Composite
2		Index.
3		
4	Q.	How did you estimate the Market Risk Premium in the CAPM?
5	A.	I estimated the Market Risk Premium based on the expected total return on the
6		S&P 500 Index less the 30-year Treasury bond yield. The expected total return
7		on the S&P 500 Index is calculated using the Constant Growth DCF model for the
8		companies in the S&P 500 Index. As shown in Schedule AEB-5, based on an
9		estimated dividend yield of 2.01 percent and a long-term earnings growth rate of
10		11.27 percent, the estimated total market return for the S&P 500 Index is 13.39
11		percent. The implied Market Risk Premia over the current and projected yields on
12		the 30-year U.S. Treasury bond range from 9.09 percent to 10.44 percent.
13		
14	Q.	What are the results of your CAPM analyses?
15	A.	As shown in Table 5 (see also Schedules AEB-4 and AEB-5), my CAPM analyses
16		produce a range of returns from 10.39 percent to 10.99 percent (including AWW)
17		and from 10.48 percent to 11.21 percent (exlcuding AWW).

Table 5: Forward-Looking CAPM Results

Forward-Looking CAPM Results				
	Current Risk- Free Rate (2.95%)	2017-2018 Projected Risk- Free Rate (3.48%)	2019-2023 Projected Risk- Free Rate (4.30%)	Mean Result
	In	cluding AWW	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Bloomberg Beta	10.64%	10.78%	10.99%	10.80%
Value Line Beta	10.39%	10.54%	10.78%	10.57%
	Ex	celuding AWW	,	
Bloomberg Beta	10.89%	11.02%	11.21%	11.04%
Value Line Beta	10.48%	10.63%	10.86%	10.66%

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VII. <u>BUSINESS RISKS</u>

- Q. Do the mean DCF and CAPM results for the proxy group, taken alone,
 provide an appropriate estimate of the cost of equity for MAWC?
- A. No. These mean results provide only a range of the appropriate estimate of
 MAWC's cost of equity. Several additional factors must be considered when
 determining where MAWC's cost of equity falls within the range of results.

 These factors, discussed below, should be considered with respect to their overall effect on MAWC's risk profile relative to the proxy group.

1		A. Misks Associated with Capital Expenditure I rogani				
2	Q.	Please summarize MAWC's capital expenditure program.				
3	A.	MAWC projects that the Company will spend approximately \$1.084 billion on				
4		capital investments for the period from 2018-2022, including significant				
5		investment to replace aging infrastructure necessary to meet the needs of its				
6		customers and to comply with various regulations.				
7						
8	Q.	How is MAWC's risk profile affected by its substantial capital expenditure				
9		program?				
10	A.	As with any utility faced with substantial capital expenditures, MAWC's risk				
11		profile is adversely affected in two significant and related ways: (1) the				
12		heightened level of investment increases the risk of under-recovery, or delayed				
13		recovery, of the invested capital; and (2) an inadequate return would put				
14		downward pressure on key credit metrics.				
15						
16	Q.	Do credit rating agencies recognize the risks associated with elevated capital				
17		expenditures?				
18	A.	Yes. From a credit perspective, the additional pressure on cash flows associated				
19		with high levels of capital expenditures exerts corresponding pressure on credit				
20		metrics and, therefore, credit ratings. A July 2014 report from S&P explains: Page 43 MAWC – DT-AEB				

[T]here is little doubt that the U.S. electric industry needs to make record capital expenditures to comply with the proposed carbon pollution rules over the next several years, while maintaining safety standards and grid stability. We believe the higher capital spending and subsequent rise in debt levels could strain these companies' financial measures, resulting in an almost consistent negative discretionary cash flow throughout this higher construction period. To meet the higher capital spending requirements, companies will require ongoing and steady access to the capital markets, necessitating that the industry maintains its We expect that utilities will continue to high credit quality. effectively manage their regulatory risk by using various creative means to recover their costs and to finance their necessary higher spending.²⁸

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28 29 While this S&P report refers to electric utilities, the same applies to water utilities. To the extent that MAWC's rates do not permit it to recover its full cost of doing business, the Company will face increased recovery risk and thus increased pressure on its credit metrics. In an August 2016 report, S&P explains the importance of regulatory support for large capital projects:

When applicable, a jurisdiction's willingness to support large capital projects with cash during construction is an important aspect of our analysis. This is especially true when the project represents a major addition to rate base and entails long lead times and technological risks that make it susceptible to construction delays. Broad support for all capital spending is the most credit-sustaining. Support for only specific types of capital spending, such as specific environmental projects or system integrity plans, is less so, but still favorable for creditors. Allowance of a cash return on construction work-in-progress or similar ratemaking methods

S&P, Ratings Direct, "U.S. Regulated Electric Utilities' Annual Capital Spending is Poised to Eclipse \$100 Billion," July 2014.

1 2 3 4 5 6		historically were extraordinary measures for use in unusual circumstances, but when construction costs are rising, cash flow support could be crucial to maintain credit quality through the spending program. Even more favorable are those jurisdictions that present an opportunity for a higher return on capital projects as an incentive to investors. ²⁹
7		
8	Q.	Have credit rating agencies commented specifically on AWW's capital
9		spending program?
10	A.	Yes, both S&P and Moody's have observed that AWW has significant capital
11		spending requirements. S&P states:
12 13 14 15 16		The Company's geographic diversity, reliability, and efficiency further support its business risk profile. AWK's elevated capital spending requirements for infrastructure replacement, increased compliance costs to meet water quality standards, and reliance on acquisitions to provide growth partially offset these strengths. ³⁰
17		Similarly, Moody's comments that one credit challenge for AWW is that it
18		operates in a "highly capital intensive industry with an old asset base."31
19		

2016, at 2.

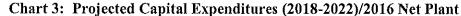
S&P Global Ratings, "Assessing U.S. Investor-Owned Utility Regulatory Environments," August 10, 2016, at 7.

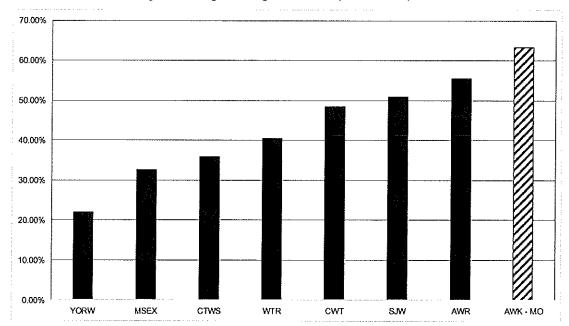
S&P Global Ratings, "Summary: American Water Works Company, Inc.," August 10, 2016, at 3.
 Moody's Investors Service, Credit Opinion "American Water Works, Company, Inc.," August 10,

- Q. Have you conducted any analysis of the Company's projected capital expenditures for water and wastewater services relative to the proxy
- 3 companies?

4 A. Yes. I compared the ratio of projected capital expenditures from 2018 through
5 2022 to net utility plant as of December 31, 2016, for MAWC with each of the
6 proxy group companies. Chart 3 demonstrates that MAWC's ratio of projected
7 capital expenditures to net plant is higher than any of the seven proxy group
8 companies (excluding AWK). Furthermore, as shown in Schedule AEB-8,
9 MAWC's ratio of capital spending to net plant of 63.4 percent is well above the
10 proxy group median of 40.4 percent, suggesting that the Company faces greater

risk as compared to the proxy group.





Q. Does MAWC have an infrastructure replacement program?

A. Yes. MAWC has historically had an Infrastructure System Replacement Surcharge ("ISRS") that allowed the Company to recover the cost of infrastructure replacement in St. Louis County that occurred between rate cases through a tracking mechanism.³² MAWC has been allowed to recover approximately 30-35 percent of its total capital investments through the ISRS in rate case years and 50-55 percent in non-rate case years. The authority of the Commission to grant the ISRS is a matter of litigation as of the date that this

American Water Works Company, Inc., Securities and Exchange Commission Form 10-K, December 31, 2016, at 107.

testimony is being prepared. Therefore, while some portion of the MAWC capital program is expected to be recovered through the ISRS, there is some risk that the tracker will be denied by the Missouri Supreme Court.³³ In addition to the uncertainty related to the validity of the ISRS, the remaining amount of capital investment that was not included in that tracking mechanism would not be included in rates until the rate proceeding following the in-service date of the investment.

- Q. Do the proxy group companies also have the ability to recover capital investments through a distribution system infrastructure surcharge?
- 11 A. Yes. As shown in Schedule AEB-9, the proxy companies, excluding AWK, have
 12 a distribution system infrastructure charge in approximately 54 percent of their
 13 operating jurisdictions.

- 15 Q. What are your conclusions regarding the effect of MAWC's capital spending
 16 program on its risk profile?
- 17 A. MAWC's projected capital expenditures are significant relative to the Company's current level of rate base investment and relative to the proxy group companies.

³³ *Id*.

Timely cost recovery is needed in order to maintain credit metrics at a level consistent with the current credit ratings. The financial community recognizes the additional risks associated with substantial capital expenditures. In my view, those factors support an ROE above the proxy group mean.

B. Risks Associated with Environmental and Water Quality Regulation

- Q. Please provide an overview of the risks associated with environmental and
 regulations for MAWC.
- 9 A. Water supply utilities are subject to a complex array of regulations at the federal,
 10 state and river basin commission levels with respect to water quantity, water
 11 quality and other environmental aspects of their facilities and operations.

The testimony of Company Witness Bruce W. Aiton provides a detailed description of the environmental and regulatory risks facing water and wastewater utilities. As discussed in Mr. Aiton's direct testimony, MAWC faces risks related to the the cost associated with adopting programs to mitigate the potential exposure to lead in drinking water and also related to increased regulation of disinfectant byproducts. In addition, Mr. Aiton's testimony addresses the significant state and Federal environmental regulations that affect the operation of wastewater systems. In particular, at the Federal level, the wastewater operations are regulated under the Clean Water Act and many EPA regulations that are Page 49 MAWC – DT-AEB

related to this Act. At the state level, Missouri has recently increased the regulation of waterways that increases regulation of discharge from wastewater systems.

A.

Q. How do these more stringent regulations potentially impact the cost of capital for water utilities?

More stringent environmental regulations for both water and wastewater operations create the potential need for additional investments in order to comply with the new standards. In addition, there is significant uncertainty regarding which regulations will be approved by the EPA, and how regulations will change over time, which serves to increase uncertainty among investors. Higher costs could become a key credit issue for regulated water utilities given the importance of managing customer rate increases. This has implications for relations with regulators, as well as economic and political ramifications that could heighten business risk. Any rating actions would likely not occur until there is further clarity from a utility about environmental regulations and recovery of compliance costs.

1	Q.	What is your conclusion with respect to the effect of the risk associated with
2		environmental regulations and water quality regulations on MAWC's cost of
3		equity?

MAWC has significant risk and uncertainty associated with environmental and water quality regulations, and the recovery of costs to comply with those regulations. It is clear that the financial community recognizes the additional risks to credit quality associated with the capital investment required to meet environmental and water quality regulations. In my view, those factors in addition to the magnitude of the capital program that the Company has planned to ensure compliance, support an ROE above the proxy group mean.

A.

A.

C. Risk related to Regulatory Lag

13 Q. Please discuss the effect of regulatory lag on earnings attrition.

Regulatory lag occurs when a regulated utility is not able to recover its just and reasonable costs of providing service to customers on a timely basis. Regulatory lag is reflected in a utility's financial performance through earnings attrition, which is the inability of the utility to earn its authorized ROE due to delays in the recovery of allowable costs that have been incurred to provide regulated service to customers.

1	O.	Please summarize MAWC's proposals with respect to regulatory lag.
1	Q,	I lease summarize many c s proposais with respect to regulatory tag.

A. MAWC is proposing to rely on a test period from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2019, which extends almost two years in the future. In addition, as discussed in the Direct Testimony of Company Witness John M. Watkins, MAWC is proposing to implement a revenue stabilization mechanism ("RSM"), which is designed to stabilize fluctuations in the Company's revenues caused by factors such as weather conditions or failure to meet sales forecasts due to reduced

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demand.

Q. Why is MAWC proposing these alternative ratemaking mechanisms?

A. As shown in Schedule GPR-6 to Company witness Greg Roach's testimony,
MAWC has not earned its authorized revenue in nine of the ten years from 2007
through 2016. Over that time period, MAWC's total underearnings is estimated
to be \$88.6 million. The projected test year and the RSM would provide MAWC a
more reasonable opportunity to earn its authorized return.

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Q. How do MAWC's proposals affect the Company's overall risk profile?

A. For purposes of evaluating whether the these factors affect the auhorized ROE of MAWC, the relevant question is whether other companies in the proxy group are allowed to use a forecast test year or have similar mechanisms that reduce Page 52 MAWC – DT-AEB

volumetric risk. As shown in Schedule AEB-9, approximately 57 percent of the
operating companies held by the proxy group have forward test periods, which
serve to mitigate risk related to regulatory lag. In addition, another 19 percent of
the operating companies have protection against volumetric risk (i.e., revenue
stabilization mechanisms, revenue decoupling, etc.). The evidence demonstrates
that the proxy companies have implemented some form of alternative ratemaking
mechanism to increase the companies' ability to achieve the revenue requirement
that was authorized by the regulatory commission. Therefore, the returns for the
proxy companies already reflect any risk-reducing features of these mechanisms.

VIII. CAPITAL STRUCTURE

- 12 Q. What is the Company's proposed capital structure?
- 13 A. MAWC is proposing a capital structure comprised of 51.03 percent common equity 48.92% long-term debt, and 0.05% preferred stock.

- 16 Q. Have you conducted any analysis to determine a reasonable equity ratio for MAWC?
- 18 A. Yes, I reviewed the capital structures of the proxy companies.

- Q. Why is it appropriate to consider the equity ratio for the proxy companies?
- A. The determination of the ROE is based on the expected return for a proxy group of companies that are comparable to MAWC. The equity ratio is a measure of the financial risk of the company, and the authorized ROE is the return to compensate investors for that risk. If the Commission is going to rely on the ROE estimates for the proxy companies to establish the authorized ROE for MAWC, it is important that the financial risk of MAWC be similar to the financial risk of the proxy group. This is accomplished when the equity ratio of the subject company

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Q. How did you conduct your analysis of the proxy group capital structures?

(in this case MAWC) is within the range established by the proxy group.

12 A. I calculated the mean and median proportions of common equity and long-term
13 debt³⁴ over the past five years (2012-2016) for each of the proxy group
14 companies. As shown in Schedule AEB-10, the mean and median common
15 equity ratios for the proxy group (excluding AWW) at December 31, 2016 were
16 55.03 percent and 54.17 percent, respectively, within a range from 49.31 percent
17 to 60.60 percent. Including AWW, the mean equity ratio for the proxy group is
18 53.97 percent. MAWC's proposed common equity ratio of 51.03 percent is near

Long-term debt includes the current portion of long-term debt, assuming that the current portion would be refinanced with debt at maturity.

the lower end of the range for the proxy group, and below the mean and median common equity ratios for the proxy group. On that basis, MAWC has somewhat higher financial risk than the proxy group companies.

A.

Please explain why it is appropriate to use the actual capital structure of MAWC rather than the consolidated capital structure of AWW for ratemaking purposes.

The determination of the ROE and capital structure in this proceeding are for ratemaking purposes for MAWC and therefore should be based on the stand-alone capital structure of MAWC. According to the stand-alone principle, the various equity and debt cost rates and capital structure components should be set as if the operating utility company were going to the financial market to raise capital on its own merits. Furthermore, as discussed previously, because my ROE recommendation for MAWC is based on a proxy group of risk comparable companies, it is appropriate to also consider the subject company's equity ratio in comparison to the average equity ratio for that same proxy group of companies.

- Q. What would be the effect of relying on an equity ratio significantly below the average equity ratio for the proxy group?
- As discussed previously, the equity ratio is an important indicator of financial risk for a regulated utility such as MAWC. To the extent the authorized equity ratio is significantly lower than the average of the proxy group, the financial risk of MAWC is higher than the benchmark group. Therefore, it would be necessary to compensate investors for the greater financial risk associated with a lower equity

ratio through an increase in the authorized ROE.

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- Q. How would you estimated the adjustment that would be necessary if the AWW capital structure was used instead of the MAWC proposed capital structure?
- A. MAWC's proposed capital structure and ROE results in a Weighted Average

 Cost of Capital ("WACC") of 8.07 percent (51.03% x 10.8% + 0.05% X 9.70% +

 48.92% x 5.24%= 8.07%). Adjusting the equity ratio in the Company's proposal,

 from the 51.03% proposed to the AWW consolidated equity ratio of 45.17

 percent, reduces the WACC to 7.75 percent. In order to establish a WACC of 8.07

 percent at the lower equity ratio, it would be necessary to increase the ROE by 71

 basis points (45.17% x 11.51% + 0.05% X 9.70% + 54.78% x 5.24%= 8.07%).

- 1 Q. What is your conclusion with regard to MAWC's proposed capital 2 structure?
- A. Based on my review of the equity ratios of the proxy companies, MAWC's proposed common equity ratio of 51.03 percent is reasonable, if not conservative, relative to the proxy group.

A.

IX. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION

8 Q. What is your conclusion regarding a fair ROE for MAWC?

Based on the various quantitative analyses summarized in Table 6 and the qualitative analyses presented in my Direct Testimony, a reasonable range of ROE results for MAWC is from 10.00 percent to 10.80 percent. I recommend that the Commission set the Company's authorized rate of return on common equity at 10.80 percent. A return at the high end of the range of results takes into account MAWC's company-specific risks relative to the proxy group, as discussed in my Direct Testimony. In addition, the recommended ROE takes into consideration the anomalous conditions in the capital markets that are causing the DCF model to understate the cost of equity, including the effect of the current low interest rate environment on utility stock valuations and dividend yields, and the market's expectation for higher interest rates during the period in which the rates established in this proceeding would be in effect.

Table 6: Summary of Analytical Results

Forward-Looking CAPM Results					
	Current Risk- Free Rate (2.95%)	2017-2018 Projected Risk- Free Rate (3.48%)	2019-2023 Projected Risk- Free Rate (4.30%)	Mean Result	
an ear mar.	In	cluding AWW ³⁵	1		
Bloomberg Beta	10.64%	10.78%	10.99%	10.80%	
Value Line Beta	10.39%	10.54%	10.78%	10.57%	
	Ex	cluding AWW ³⁶			
Bloomberg Beta	10.89%	11.02%	11.21%	11.04%	
Value Line Beta	10.48%	10.63%	10.86%	10.66%	

³⁵ See Schedule AEB-6.

³⁶ See Schedule AEB-7.

	Mean Low	Mean	Mean High			
C	Constant Growth DCF – 90 Day Average ³⁷					
Including AWW	6.78%	8.85%	11.43%			
Excluding AWW	6.43%	8.62%	10.88%			
Constant (Constant Growth DCF – Projected DCF Model 2020-2022 ³⁸					
	Mean Low	Mean	Mean High			
Including AWW	7.31%	9.38%	11.97%			
Excluding AWW	6.89%	9.08%	11.34%			
Value	e Line Projected Equi	ty Returns 2020-2022	239			
	Low	Mean	High			
Including AWW	10.50%	11.94%	14.00%			
Excluding AWW	11.00%	12.14%	14.00%			

2 Q. What is your conclusion regarding MAWC's proposed capital structure?

- 3 A. My conclusion is that MAWC's proposed capital structure consisting of 51.03
- 4 percent common equity and 48.97 percent long-term debt is reasonable, if not
- 5 conservative, as compared to the proxy group companies and should be adopted.

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7 Q. Does this conclude your Direct Testimony?

8 A. Yes.

³⁷ See Schedule AEB-1.

³⁸ See Schedule AEB-2.

³⁹ Source: Value Line Investment Survey, Water Industry, April 14, 2017, at 1782-1790.



Ann E. Bulkley Senior Vice President

Ms. Bulkley more than two decades of management and economic consulting experience in the energy industry. Ms. Bulkley has extensive state and federal regulatory experience on both electric and natural gas issues including rate of return, cost of equity and capital structure issues. Ms. Bulkley has advised clients seeking to acquire utility assets, providing valuation services including an understanding of regulation, market expected returns, and the assessment of utility risk factors. Ms. Bulkley has assisted clients with valuations of public utility and industrial properties for ratemaking, purchase and sale considerations, ad valorem tax assessments, and accounting and financial purposes. In addition, Ms. Bulkley has experience in the areas of contract and business unit valuation, strategic alliances, market restructuring and regulatory and litigation support.

REPRESENTATIVE PROJECT EXPERIENCE

Regulatory Analysis and Ratemaking

Ms. Bulkley has provided a range of advisory services relating to regulatory policy analysis and many aspects of utility ratemaking. Specific services have included: cost of capital and return on equity testimony, cost of service and rate design analysis and testimony, development of ratemaking strategies; development of merchant function exit strategies; analysis and program development to address residual energy supply and/or provider of last resort obligations; stranded costs assessment and recovery; performance-based ratemaking analysis and design; and many aspects of traditional utility ratemaking (e.g., rate design, rate base valuation).

Cost of Capital

Ms. Bulkley has provided expert testimony on the cost of capital testimony before several state regulatory commissions. In addition, Ms. Bulkley has prepared and provided supporting analysis for at least forty Federal and State regulatory proceedings over the past seven years. Ms. Bulkley's expert testimony experience includes:

- Northern States Power Company: Before the North Dakota Public Service Commission, provided expert testimony on the cost of capital for the company's North Dakota electric utility operations.
- WE Energies: Before the Michigan Public Service Commission, provided expert testimony in support of the company's cost of capital for its electric utility operations.
- Atmos Energy: Provided expert testimony in support of the company's return on equity and capital structure before the Public Utilities Commission for the State of Colorado.
- UNS Electric: Provided expert testimony in support of the company's return on equity and capital structure before the Arizona Corporation Commission.
- Portland Natural Gas Transmission: Provided testimony strategy as well as analytical support for cost of capital testimony before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.



• In addition to the specific cases listed above, Ms. Bulkley has provided testimony strategy as well as analytical support on cost of capital in several cases in the following states: Arizona, Colorado, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Minnesota, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, South Carolina, South Dakota, Virginia, and Utah.

Valuation

Ms. Bulkley has provided valuation services to utility clients, unregulated generators and private equity clients for a variety of purposes including ratemaking, fair value, ad valorem tax, litigation and damages, and acquisition. Ms. Bulkley's appraisal practices are consistent with the national standards established by the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice. In addition, Ms. Bulkley has relied on other simulation based valuation methodologies.

Representative projects/clients have included:

- Northern Indiana Fuel and Light: Provided expert testimony regarding the fair value of the company's natural gas distribution system assets. Valuation relied on cost approach.
- Kokomo Gas: Provided expert testimony regarding the fair value of the company's natural gas distribution system assets. Valuation relied on cost approach.
- Prepared fair value rate base analyses for Northern Indiana Public Service Company for several electric rate proceedings. Valuation approaches used in this project included income, cost and comparable sales approaches.
- Confidential Utility Client: Prepared valuation of fossil and nuclear generation assets for financing purposes for regulated utility client.
- Prepared a valuation of a portfolio of generation assets for a large energy utility to be used for strategic planning purposes. Valuation approach included an income approach, a real options analysis and a risk analysis.
- Assisted clients in the restructuring of NUG contracts through the valuation of the underlying assets. Performed analysis to determine the option value of a plant in a competitively priced electricity market following the settlement of the NUG contract.
- Prepared market valuations of several purchase power contracts for large electric
 utilities in the sale of purchase power contracts. Assignment included an assessment of
 the regional power market, analysis of the underlying purchase power contracts, a
 traditional discounted cash flow valuation approach, as well as a risk analysis. Analyzed
 bids from potential acquirers using income and risk analysis approached. Prepared an
 assessment of the credit issues and value at risk for the selling utility.
- Prepared appraisal of a portfolio of generating facilities for a large electric utility to be used for financing purposes.
- Prepared an appraisal of a fleet of fossil generating assets for a large electric utility to establish the value of assets transferred from utility property.
- Conducted due diligence on an electric transmission and distribution system as part of a buy-side due diligence team.
- Provided analytical support for and prepared appraisal reports of generation assets to be used in ad valorem tax disputes.



- Provided analytical support and prepared testimony regarding the valuation of electric distribution system assets in five communities in a condemnation proceeding.
- Valued purchase power agreements in the transfer of assets to a deregulated electric market.

Ratemaking

Ms. Bulkley has assisted several clients with analysis to support investor-owned and municipal utility clients in the preparation of rate cases. Sample engagements include:

- Assisted several investor-owned and municipal clients on cost allocation and rate design issues including the development of expert testimony supporting recommended rate alternatives.
- Worked with Canadian regulatory staff to establish filing requirements for a rate review
 of a newly regulated electric utility. Analyzed and evaluated rate application. Attended
 hearings and conducted investigation of rate application for regulatory staff. Prepared,
 supported and defended recommendations for revenue requirements and rates for the
 company. Developed rates for gas utility for transportation program and ancillary
 services.

Strategic and Financial Advisory Services

Ms. Bulkley has assisted several clients across North America with analytically based strategic planning, due diligence and financial advisory services.

Representative projects include:

- Preparation of feasibility studies for bond issuances for municipal and district steam clients.
- Assisted in the development of a generation strategy for an electric utility. Analyzed various NERC regions to identify potential market entry points. Evaluated potential competitors and alliance partners. Assisted in the development of gas and electric price forecasts. Developed a framework for the implementation of a risk management program.
- Assisted clients in identifying potential joint venture opportunities and alliance partners.
 Contacted interviewed, and evaluated potential alliance candidates based on companyestablished criteria for several LDCs and marketing companies. Worked with several LDCs
 and unregulated marketing companies to establish alliances to enter into the retail energy
 market. Prepared testimony in support of several merger cases and participated in the
 regulatory process to obtain approval for these mergers.
- Assisted clients in several buy-side due diligence efforts, providing regulatory insight and developing valuation recommendations for acquisitions of both electric and gas properties.

PROFESSIONAL HISTORY

Concentric Energy Advisors, Inc. (2002 - Present)
Senior Vice President
Vice President



Assistant Vice President Project Manager

Navigant Consulting, Inc. (1995 - 2002) Project Manager

Cahners Publishing Company (1995) Economist

EDUCATION

M.A., Economics, Boston University, 1995 B.A., Economics and Finance, Simmons College, 1991 Certified General Appraiser licensed in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts



SPONSOR	DATE	CASE/APPLICANT	DOCKET /CASE NO.	SUBJECT
Arizona Corporation	Commission			
Tucson Electric Power Company	11/15	Tucson Electric Power Company	Docket No. E-01933A-15-0322	Return on Equity
UNS Electric	12/12	UNS Electric	Docket No. E-04204A-12-0504	Return on Equity
UNS Electric	05/15	UNS Electric	Docket No. E-04204A-15-0142	Return on Equity
Arkansas Public Sery	ice Commiss	ilon		
Arkansas Oklahoma Gas Corporation	10/13	Arkansas Okłahoma Gas Corporation	Docket No. 13-078-U	Return on Equity
Colorado Public Utili	ties Commis	sion		
Atmos Energy Corporation	05/13	Atmos Energy Corporation	Docket No. 13AL-0496G	Return on Equity
Atmos Energy Corporation	04/14	Atmos Energy Corporation	Docket No. 14AL-0300G	Return on Equity
Atmos Energy Corporation	05/15	Atmos Energy Corporation	Docket No. 15AL-0299G	Return on Equity
Connecticut Public U				T
The United Illuminating Company	07/16	The United Illuminating Company	Docket No. 16-06-04	Return on Equity
	en allenger france in the company of			
Federal Energy Regul	T			
Tallgrass Interstate	10/15	Tallgrass Interstate Gas Transmission	RP16-137	Return on Equity



SPONSOR	DATE	CASE/APPLICANT	DOCKET /CASE NO.	Subject
Indiana Utility Regula	tory Comm	ission		
Indianapolis Power and Light Company	09/15	Indianapolis Power and Light Company	Cause No. 44576 Cause No. 44602	Fair Value
Indianapolis Power and Light Company	12/16	Indianapolis Power and Light Company	Cause No.44893	Fair Value
Kokomo Gas and Fuel Company	09/10	Kokomo Gas and Fuel Company	Cause No. 43942	Fair Value
Northern Indiana Fuel and Light Company, Inc.	09/10	Northern Indiana Fuel and Light Company, Inc.	Cause No. 43943	Fair Value
Northern Indiana Public Service Company	10/15	Northern Indiana Public Service Company	Cause No. 44688	Fair Value
Kansas Corporation C	ommission			
Atmos Energy Corporation	08/15	Atmos Energy Corporation	Docket No. 16-ATMG-079-RTS	Return on Equity
Massachusetts Depart	ment of Pul	blic Utilities		
Unitil Corporation	01/04	Fitchburg Gas and Electric	DTE 03-52	Integrated Resource Plan; Gas Demand Forecast
Michigan Public Servi	e Commiss	ion		
Wisconsin Electric Power Company	12/11	Wisconsin Electric Power Company	Case No. U-16830	Return on Equity
Michigan Tax Tribuna				
Covert Township	07/14	New Covert Generating Co., LLC.	Docket No. 399578	Valuation of Electric Generation Assets



Sponsor	DATE	CASE/APPLICANT	DOCKET /CASE NO.	SUBJECT
New Mexico Public Re	gulation Co	mmission		
Southwestern Public Service Company	06/15	Southwestern Public Service Company	Case No15-001398-UT	Return on Equity
Southwestern Public Service Company	10/15	Southwestern Public Service Company	Case No15-00296-UT	Return on Equity
Southwestern Public Service Company	12/16	Southwestern Public Service Company	Case No 16-00269-UT	Return on Equity
New York State Depar	tment of Pu	blic Service		
Corning Natural Gas Corporation	06/16	Corning Natural Gas Corporation	Case No. 16-G-0369	Return on Equity
KeySpan Energy Delivery	01/16	KeySpan Energy Delivery	Case No. 15-G-0059	Return on Equity
National Fuel Gas Company	04/16	National Fuel Gas Company	Case No. 16-G-0257	Return on Equity
New York State Electric and Gas Company	05/15	New York State Electric and Gas Company	Case No. 15-G-0284	Return on Equity
North Dakota Public S	ervice Com	mission		
Northern States Power Company	12/10	Northern States Power Company	C-PU-10-657	Return on Equity
Northern States Power Company	12/12	Northern States Power Company	C-PU-12-813	Return on Equity
Oklahoma Corporatio	n Commissi	on		
Arkansas Oklahoma Gas Corporation	01/13	Arkansas Oklahoma Gas Corporation	Cause No. PUD 201200236	Return on Equity

Concentric Energy Advisors | Pg. 7



Sponsor	DATE	CASE/APPLICANT	DOCKET /CASE NO.	SUBJECT
Public Utility Commis	sion of Tex	35		
Southwestern Public Service Company	01/14	Southwestern Public Service Company	Docket No. 42004	Return on Equity
South Dakota Public U	tilities Con	nnission		
Northern States Power Company	06/14	Northern States Power Company	Docket No. EL14-058	Return on Equity

30-DAY CONSTANT GROWTH DCF

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]	[12]	[13]	[14]
Company		Annualized Dividend	Stock Price	Dividend Yield	Expected Dividend Yield	Value Line Earnings Growth	Yahoo! Finance Earnings Growth	Zacks Earnings Growth	Recters High	Reuters Low	Reuters Mean	Average Growth Rate	Lo# ROE	Mean ROE	. High ROE
American States Water Co	AWR	\$0.97	\$44.87	2,16%	2.21%	6.50%	5.05%	4,00%	6.10%	4.00%	5.05%	5.15%	6.20%	7.36%	8.73%
American Water	AWK	\$1.66	\$77.64	2.14%	2.23%	8.50%	7.70%	7.80%	13.00%	7.00%	8.76%	8.19%	9.21%	10.42%	15.28%
Agua America, Inc.	WTR	\$0.77	\$32.37	2.36%	2.44%	7.00%	5.25%	5,50%	9.00%	5.00%	6.50%	6.06%	7.42%	8.50%	11.47%
California Water Service Group	CWT	\$0.72	\$35,15	2,05%	2,14%	9.00%	9.70%	5.00%	9,70%	9.70%	9.70%	8.60%	8,11%	10,74%	11.85%
Connecticut Water Service, Inc.	CTWS	\$1.19	\$53,54	2,22%	2.28%	4.50%	5.15%	6,00%	6,00%	4.30%	5.15%	5.20%	6.57%	7.48%	8.29%
Middlesex Water Company	MSEX	\$0,85	\$36,23	2,33%	2.40%	8.50%	2.70%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	5.60%	5,06%	8,00%	10.93%
SJW Corporation	SJW	\$0.87	\$48.57	1.79%	1.87%	3.00%	14.00%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	8.50%	4.82%	10,37%	15.92%
York Water Company	YORW	\$0.64	\$34.78	1.84%	1.90%	7.00%	4.90%	n/a	n₁'a	n/a	n/a	5,95%	6.79%	7.85%	8.91%
Mean				2.11%	2.18%	6.75%	6.81%	5.86%	8.76%	6.00%	7.03%	6.66%	6.77%	8.84%	11.42%
Mean excluding AVIK				2,11%	2,18%	6,50%	6.68%	5.38%	7.70%	5,75%	6.60%	6.44%	6.42%	8,61%	10,87%

Notes:
[1] Source: Bloomberg Professional
[2] Source: Bloomberg Professional
[3] Equals [1] / [2]
[4] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x [8])
[5] Source: Value Line
[6] Source: Value Line
[6] Source: Yahoo! Finance
[7] Source: Zacks
[8] Source: Reuters
[9] Source: Reuters
[10] Source: Reuters
[11] Equals (3) x (1 + 0.50 x Maximum ([5], [6], [7], [8], [9]) + Minimum ([5], [6], [7], [8], [9])
[13] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x Maximum ([5], [6], [7], [8], [9]) + Maximum ([5], [6], [7], [8], [9])

90-DAY CONSTANT GROWTH DCF

		(1)	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]	[12]	[13]	[14]
Сотрапу		Annua£zed Dividend	Stock Price	Dividend Yield	Expected Dividend Yield	Value Line Earnings Growth	Yahoo! Finance Earnings Growth	Zacks Earnings Growth	Reuters High	Reuters Low	Reuters Mean	Average Growth Rate	Low ROE	Mean ROE	High ROE
American States Water Co	AVAR	\$0,97	\$44.20	2.19%	2.25%	6,50%	5.05%	4,00%	6,10%	4,00%	5.05%	5.15%	6.23%	7.40%	8.76%
American Water	AWK	\$1.66	\$76.25	2.18%	2.27%	8.50%	7.70%	7.80%	13.00%	7.00%	8.76%	8.19%	9.25%	10.46%	15,32%
Aqua America, Inc.	WTR	\$0.77	\$31.57	2.42%	2.50%	7.00%	5.25%	5.50%	9.00%	5.00%	6.50%	6.06%	7.48%	8.55%	11.53%
California Water Service Group	CWT	\$0.72	\$35.18	2.05%	2.13%	9,00%	9,70%	6,00%	9.70%	9.70%	9,70%	8,60%	8,11%	10.73%	11.85%
Connecticut Water Service, Inc.	CTWS	\$1.19	\$53.84	2.21%	2.27%	4,50%	5,15%	6.00%	6.00%	4.30%	5.15%	5,20%	6,56%	7.47%	8.28%
Middlesex Water Company	MSEX	\$0.85	\$36.65	2.31%	2.37%	8,50%	2,70%	n'a	n/a	n/a	n/a	5,60%	5.04%	7,97%	10.90%
SJW Corporation	SAV	\$0.87	\$48.60	1.79%	1.87%	3,00%	14.00%	n'a	n/a	n/a	n/a	8.50%	4.82%	10.37%	15.92%
York Water Company	YORW	\$0.64	\$34.97	1.83%	1.89%	7,00%	4.90%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	5.95%	6.78%	7,84%	8.90%
Mean				2.12%	2.19%	6.75%	6.81%	5.86%	8.76%	6.00%	7.03%	6.66%	6.78%	8.85%	11.43%
Mean excluding AV/K				2.11%	2.18%	6.50%	6.68%	5.38%	7.70%	5.75%	6.60%	6.44%	6.43%	8.62%	10.88%

180-DAY CONSTANT GROWTH DCF

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]	[12]	[13]	[14]
Company		Annualized Dividend	Stock Price	Dividend Yield	Expected Dividend Yield	Value Line Earnings Growth	Yahoo! Finance Earnings Growth	Zacks Earrings Growth	Reuters High	Reuters Low	Reuters Mean	Average Growth Rate	Low ROE	Mean ROE	High ROE
American States Viater Co	AWR.	\$0.97	\$42.93	2.25%	231%	6,50%	5,05%	4.00%	6.10%	4,00%	5.05%	5.15%	6.30%	7.46%	8,83%
American Water	AWK	\$1,66	\$74.50	2.23%	2.32%	8.50%	7,70%	7.80%	13.00%	7.00%	8.76%	8.19%	9.31%	10.51%	15.37%
Agua America, Inc.	WTR	\$0.77	\$30.79	2.48%	2.56%	7.00%	5.25%	5.50%	9.00%	5.00%	6,50%	6.06%	7.55%	8.62%	11.60%
California Water Service Group	CWT	\$0.72	\$34.07	2.11%	2.20%	9.00%	9,70%	6,00%	9.70%	9.70%	9,70%	8,60%	8.18%	10.80%	11.92%
Connecticut Water Service, Inc.	CTWS	\$1.19	\$53,34	2.23%	2.29%	4,50%	5,15%	6,00%	6.00%	4.30%	5,15%	5,20%	6.58%	7.49%	8.30%
Middlesex Water Company	MSEX	\$0,85	\$37,33	2.26%	2.33%	8.50%	2,70%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	5,60%	4.99%	7.93%	10.86%
SJW Corporation	SJW	\$0.87	\$49,10	1.77%	1.85%	3.00%	14.00%	n'a	n/a	n/a	n/a	8.50%	4.80%	10.35%	15.90%
York Water Company	YORW	\$0,64	\$34,30	1.87%	1.92%	7.00%	4,90%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/2	5,95%	6.81%	7.87%	8.93%
Mean				2.15%	2.22%	6.75%	6.81%	5,86%	8.76%	6.00%	7.03%	6.66%	6.81%	8.88%	11.46%
Mean Excluding AWK				2.14%	2.21%	6.50%	6.68%	5.38%	7,70%	5.75%	6.60%	6.44%	6,46%	8.65%	10.90%

- Notes:

 [1] Source: Bloomberg Professional
 [2] Source: Bloomberg Professional
 [2] Source: Bloomberg Professional, equals 180-day average as of May 31, 2017
 [3] Equals [1] / [2]
 [4] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x [8])
 [5] Source: Valve Line
 [6] Source: Yahool Finance
 [7] Source: Racks
 [8] Source: Reuters
 [9] Source: Reuters
 [10] Source: Reuters
 [10] Source: Reuters
 [11] Equals Average ([5], [6], [7], [10])
 [12] Equals (3) x (1 + 0.50 x Maximum ([5], [6], [7], [8], [9]) + Minimum ([5], [6], [7], [8], [9])
 [13] Equals [4] + [11]
 [14] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x Maximum ([5], [6], [7], [8], [9]) + Maximum ([6], [6], [7], [8], [9])

PROJECTED CONSTANT GROWTH DCF -- ALL WATER COMPANIES

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	(9)	[10]	[11]	[12]	[13]	[14]	[15]	[16]
		Annualized	Stock	Price (2020 -	20221				Yehoo!								
		Dhridend	•===	1 100 (2020	LULL)		Exected	Value Line	Farance	Zacks		Reuters		Аусгада			
		(2020 -				Dividend	Dividend	Exmings	Еаттюря	Earnings				Groati			
Company		2022)	High	Low	Mean	Yield	Yield	Growth	Growth	Growth	Hon	Low	Иезп	Rače	Les ROE	Mean ROE	H + ROE
American States Water Co	AVVR	\$1,35	\$55.00	\$40,60	\$47,50	2.84%	2.92%	6,50%	5,05%	4,05%	6,10%	4.00%	5.05%	5.15%	6,90%	8.07%	9.43%
American Water	AVX	\$2,35	\$90,00	\$60,00	\$75.00	3.13%	3.26%	8,50%	7.70%	7,80%	13,00%	7,00%	8.76%	8,19%	10.24%	11,45%	16.34%
Aqua America, Inc.	WTR	\$1.15	\$45,00	\$35.00	\$49.00	283%	2.95%	7,00%	5,25%	5,50%	9,00%	5,00%	6,50%	6,05%	7.95%	9.02%	12.00%
California Water Service Group	CVVT	\$0.99	\$50.00	\$30.00	\$40,00	2.41%	2.58%	9.00%	9.70%	6.00%	9.70%	9.70%	9.70%	8,60%	8,55%	11,18%	12.30%
Connectcut Water Service, Inc.	CTVIS	\$1,40	\$60,00	\$40.00	\$50.00	2.80%	2.87%	4.50%	5.15%	6.00%	6,00%	4,30%	5,15%	5,20%	7.16%	8.07%	8.85%
Middlesex Water Company	MSEX	\$1.02	\$50.00	\$35.00	\$42.50	2.40%	2.47%	8,50%	2.70%	rJa	n/a	n/a	n'a	5,60%	5.13%	8.07%	11,00%
S.W Corporation	SJW	\$1.12	\$75,00	\$50,00	\$62.50	1,79%	1,87%	3.00%	14.00%	n/a	r/a	r/a	r/a	8.50%	4.82%	10,37%	15,92%
York Water Company	YORN	\$9.90	\$40,60	\$25,00	\$32.50	2.77%	2.85%	7.00%	4.93%	r/a	r.¹a	r.fa	n/a	5.95%	7.74%	8.80%	9.87%
Wean						2.64%	2.72%	6.75%	5.81%	5.85%	8,76%	6,00%	7.03%	6.65%	7.31%	9.38%	11.97%
Mean end AVVX						2.56%	2.65%	6.50%	6.68%	5.38%	7.70%	5.75%	6 60%	6 4 4 5 6	6.83%	9 65%	11 34%

Motes
[1] Source: Value Line dated April 14, 2017
[2] Source: Value Line dated April 14, 2017
[3] Source: Value Line dated April 14, 2017
[4] Source: Value Line dated April 14, 2017
[4] Source: Value Line dated April 14, 2017
[5] Equate [1]/[4]
[6] Equate [3] x (1 + 0.50 x [13))
[7] Source: Value Line
[8] Source: Value Line
[9] Source: Value Line
[9] Source: Value Line
[10] Source: Reviers
[11] Source: Reviers
[11] Source: Reviers
[12] Source: Reviers
[13] Equate Average [7]: [6]: [9]: [12])
[13] Equate Average [7]: [6]: [9]: [12]
[13] Equate [6] x (1 + 0.50 x Maximum [7]: [8]: [9]: [10]: [11]) + Maximum [7]: [9]: [9]: [10]: [11])
[14] Equate [9] x (1 + 0.50 x Maximum [7]: [8]: [9]: [10]: [11]) + Maximum [7]: [8]: [9]: [10]: [11])

VALUE LINE ROE PROJECTIONS

Company	Ticker	2017	2020-2022
American States Water Co	AWR	12.00%	14.00%
American Water Works Co, Inc.	AWK	10.00%	10.50%
Aqua America, Inc.	WTR	12.50%	12.50%
California Water Service Group	CWT	9.50%	11.00%
Connecticut Water Service, Inc.	CTWS	10.00%	11.00%
Middlesex Water Company	MSEX	11.00%	12.50%
SJW Corporation	SJW	10.50%	11.50%
York Water Company	YORW	11.50%	12.50%
	Mean	10.88%	11.94%
	Mean excl AWK	11.00%	12.14%

Source: Value Line Reports, April 14, 2017

PROXY COMPANY BETAS

		[1]	[2]
		Bloomberg	Value Line
American States Water Co	AWR	0.72	0.75
American Water	AWK	0.57	0.65
Aqua America, Inc.	WTR	0.61	0.70
California Water Service Group	CWT	0.74	0.75
Connecticut Water Service, Inc.	CTWS	0.64	0.65
Middlesex Water Company	MSEX	0.89	0.75
SJW Corporation	SJW	0.81	0.70
York Water Company	YORW	0.92	0.75
	Mean	0.736	0.713
	Mean excl AWK	0.761	0.721

Notes:
[1] Source: Bloomberg Professional, May 31, 2017
[2] Source: Value Line; dated April 14, 2017

MARKET RISK PREMIUM DERIVED FROM ANALYSTS' LONG-TERM GROWTH ESTIMATES

[1] Estimated Weighted Average Dividend Yield	2.01%
[2] Estimated Weighted Average Long-Term Growth Rate	11.27%
[3] S&P 500 Estimated Required Market Return	13.39%

		[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8] Cap-Weighted
Name	Ticker	Weight in Index	Current Dividend Yield	Cap-Weighted Dividend Yield	Long-Term Growth Est.	Long-Term Growth Est.
LyondellBasell Industries NV	LYB	0,15%	4.47%	0.01%	6.50%	0.01%
American Express Co	AXP	0,32%	1.66%	0.01%	7.25%	0.02%
Verizon Communications Inc	VZ	0,88%	4.95%	0.04%	1.62%	0,01%
Broadcom Ltd	AVGO	0.45%	1.70%	0.01%	15.64%	0.07%
Boeing Co/The	BA	0,53%	3.03%	0.02%	14,57%	0.08%
Caterpillar Inc	CAT	0,29%	2.92%	0.01%	7.64%	0.02%
JPMorgan Chase & Co	JPM	1.36%	2.43%	0.03%	8.43%	0.11%
Chevron Corp	CVX	0.91%	4.17%	0.04%	48.63%	0.44%
Coca-Cola Co/The	ко	0.90%	3.25%	0.03%	5.16%	0.05%
AbbVie Inc	ABBV	0.49%	3.88%	0.02%	10.97%	0.05%
Walt Disney Co/The	DIS	0.78%	1.45%	0.01%	8.60%	0.07%
Extra Space Storage Inc	EXR	0.05%	4.03%	0.00%	6.41%	0.00%
El du Pont de Nemours & Co	DD	0.32%	1.93%	0.01%	6.90%	0.02%
Exxon Mobil Corp	XOM	1.58%	3,83%	0.06%	10.04%	0.16%
Philips 66	PSX	0.18%	3.68%	0.01%	16.53%	0.03%
General Electric Co	GE	1.10%	3,51%	0.04%	10.03%	0.11%
HP Inc	HPQ	0,15%	2.83%	0.00%	1.93%	0.00%
Home Depot Inc/The	HD	0.85%	2.32%	0.02%	13.25%	0.11%
International Business Machines Corp	IBM	0.67%	3,93%	0.03%	6.05%	0.04%
Concho Resources Inc	CXO	0.09%	n/a	n/a	-1.89%	0.00%
Johnson & Johnson	JNJ	1,60%	2.62%	0.04%	6.42%	0.10%
McDonald's Corp	MCD	0.57%	2.49%	0.01%	9.93%	0.06%
Merck & Co Inc	MRK	0.83%	2.89%	0.02%	5.55%	0.05%
3M Co	MMM	0.57%	2.30%	0.01%	7.87%	0.04%
American Water Works Co Inc	AWK	0.06%	2.12%	0.00%	7.00%	0.00%
Bank of America Corp	BAC	1.04%	1.34%	0.01%	14.95%	0.15%
CSRA Inc	CSRA	0.02%	1.33%	0.00%	7.50% 5.00%	0.00% 0.05%
Pfizer Inc	PFE	0.90%	3.92%	0.04%		0.08%
Procter & Gamble Co/The	PG T	1.05%	3.13% 5.09%	0.03% 0.06%	7,50% 4,50%	0.05%
AT&T inc	TRV	1.10%		0.00%	4,50% 6,88%	0.01%
Fravelers Cos Inc/The		0.16%	2.31% 2.18%	0.00%	8,56%	0.04%
United Technologies Corp	XTV Iđa	0.45% 0.15%	2.10%	0.00%	11,76%	0.02%
Analog Devices Inc	WMT	1.11%	2.60%	0.03%	5.14%	0.02%
Wal-Mart Stores Inc	CSCO	0.73%	3.68%	0.03%	7,35%	0.05%
Cisco Systems Inc	INTC	0.79%	3.02%	0.02%	7.87%	0.06%
intel Corp General Motors Co	GM	0.24%	4.48%	0.02%	10.23%	0.02%
Microsoft Corp	MSFT	2.50%	2.23%	0.06%	10.48%	0.26%
Dollar General Corp	DG	0.09%	1.42%	0.00%	9.40%	0.01%
Kinder Morgan Inc/DE	KMI	0.19%	2.67%	0.01%	9.85%	0.02%
Citigroup Inc	C	0.77%	1.06%	0.01%	4.43%	0.03%
American International Group Inc	AĬG	0.27%	2.01%	0.01%	11.00%	0.03%
International Inc	HON	0,47%	2.00%	0.01%	9.05%	0,04%
Altria Group Inc	MO	0,68%	3.23%	0.02%	7.97%	0,05%
HCA Holdings Inc	HCA	0.14%	n/a	n/a	11.18%	0,02%
Juder Armour Inc	UAA	0.02%	n/a	n/a	16,49%	0,00%
nternational Paper Co	ĮΡ	0,10%	3.50%	0.00%	7.00%	0.01%
fewlett Packard Enterprise Co	HPE	0.14%	1.38%	0.00%	-2.47%	0.00%
Abbott Laboratories	ABT	0,37%	2.32%	0.01%	10.63%	0.04%
Affac Inc	AFL	0.14%	2.28%	0.00%	3.30%	0.00%
Air Products & Chemicals Inc	APD	0.15%	2.64%	0.00%	8.78%	0.01%
Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd	RCL	0.11%	1.74%	0.00%	18.43%	0.02%
American Electric Power Co Inc	AEP	0.16%	3.29%	0.01%	4.00%	0.01%
tess Corp	HES	0.07%	2.18%	0.00%	-31.26%	-0.02%
Anadarko Petroleum Corp	APC	0.13%	0.40%	0.00%	-2.25%	0.00%
Non PLC	AON	0.16%	1.10%	0.00%	11.08%	0.02%
Apache Corp	APA	0.08%	2.14%	0.00%	-16.24%	-0.01%
Archer-Daniels-Midland Co	MDA	0.11%	3,08%	D,00%	10.00%	0.01%
automatic Data Processing Inc	ADP	0.21%	2.23%	0.00%	11,10%	0.02%
erisk Analytics Inc	VRSK	0.06%	n/a	n/a	9.88%	0.01%
utoZone Inc	AZO	0.08%	n/a	n/a	12.80%	0.01%
Avery Dennison Corp	AVY	0.03%	2,14%	0.00%	7.10%	0.00%
laker Hughes Inc	BHI	0.11%	1,23%	0.00%	33.00%	0.04%
Ball Corp	BLL	0.07%	0,98%	₩ 00,0	8.00%	0.01%
Bank of New York Mellon Corp/The	вк	0.23%	1.61%	0.00%	11.73%	0.03%
CR Bard Inc	BCR	0.10%	0.34%	0.00%	9.30%	0.01%
taxter International Inc	BAX	0.15%	1.08%	0.00%	13.08%	0,02%
secton Dickinson and Co	BDX	0.20%	1.54%	0.00%	10.47%	0.02%

		[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
Name	Ticker	Weight in Index	Current Dividend Yield	Cap-Weighted Dividend Yield	Long-Term Growth Est.	Cap-Weighted Long-Term Growth Est.
Best Buy Co Inc	BBY	0,08%	2,29%	0,00%	13,28%	0.01%
H&R Block Inc	HRB	0,03%	3,32%	0.00% %00.0	11.00%	0.00%
Boston Scientific Corp	BSX	0.17%	n/a	n/a	10.54%	0.02%
Bristol-Myers Squibb Co	BMY	0.41%	2.89%	0.01%	9.10%	0.04%
Fortune Brands Home & Security Inc	FBHS	0.05%	1,14%	0.00%	12.48%	0.01%
Brown-Forman Corp	BF/B	0.05%	1.41%	0.00%	1.53%	0.00%
Cabot Oil & Gas Corp	COG	0.05%	0.90%	0.00%	40.65%	0.02%
Campbell Soup Co	СРВ	0,08%	2.43%	0.00%	5.49%	0.00%
Kansas City Southern	KSU	0.05%	1,39%	0.00%	12.70%	0.01%
Advanced Micro Devices Inc Carnival Corp	AMD CCL	0.05% 0.16%	r√a 2.50%	n/a 0,00%	5,00% 13,55%	0,00% 0,02%
Qorvo inc	QRVO	0.05%	2.50% n/a	0,00% n/a	13,24%	0,02%
CenturyLink Inc	CTL	0.06%	8,66%	0,01%	0,46%	0,00%
Cigna Corp	CI	0.19%	0.02%	0,00%	12.87%	0,02%
UDR Inc	UDR	0.05%	3,21%	0,00%	6,48%	0.00%
Clorox Co/The	CLX	0.08%	2.48%	0,00%	7,14%	0.01%
CMS Energy Corp	CMS	0.06%	2.81%	0.00%	6.83%	0.00%
Colgate-Palmolive Co	CL	0.31%	2.10%	0.01%	9.10%	0.03%
Comerica Inc	CMA	0.06%	1.52%	0.00%	10.97%	0.01%
CA Inc	CA	0.06%	3.21%	0.00%	4.20%	0.00%
Conagra Brands Inc	CAG	0.08%	2.08%	0.00%	8.65%	0.01%
Consolidated Edison Inc	ED	0.12%	3.33%	0.00%	4.27%	0.01%
SL Green Realty Corp	SLG GLW	0.05%	3.07%	0.00%	0.27%	0.00%
Corning Inc Cummins Inc	CMI	0.12%	2.13% 2,60%	0.00% 200.0	9.19% 10.20%	0.01%
Danaher Corp	DHR	0.12% 0.27%	0.66%	0.00%	9.62%	0.01% 0.03%
Target Corp	TGT	0.14%	4,35%	0.00%	-1.49%	0.03%
Deere & Co	DE	0,18%	1,96%	0.00%	8.20%	0.01%
Dominion Resources IncVA	D	0,24%	3,74%	0.01%	5.23%	0.01%
Dover Corp	DOV	0,06%	2,13%	0,00%	13.63%	0.01%
CBOE Holdings Inc	CBOE	0.04%	1.16%	0.00%	20.00%	0.01%
Dow Chemical Co/The	DOW	0,35%	2.97%	0.01%	6.12%	0.02%
Duke Energy Corp	DUK	0.28%	3,99%	0.01%	5.53%	0.02%
Eaton Corp PLC	ETN	0.16%	3.10%	0.00%	10.20%	0.02%
Ecolab Inc	ECL	0,18%	1,11%	0.00%	12.96%	0.02%
PerkinElmer Inc	PKI	0.03%	0.44%	0.00%	8.10%	0.00%
Emerson Electric Co	EMR	0.18%	3,25%	0.01%	7.07%	0.01%
EOG Resources Inc	EOG	0.24%	0.74%	0.00%	-26.71%	-0.06%
Entergy Corp	ETR	0.07%	4.40%	0.00%	-3.83%	0.00%
Equifax Inc	EFX	0.08%	1,14%	200,0 200,0	9,00%	0,01%
EQT Corp XL Group Ltd	EQT XL	0.04% 0.05%	0.22% 2.01%	%00,0 %00,0	r√a 9,00%	n/a 0.00%
Gartner Inc	ΙΤ	0.05%	2,01% n/a	0,00% n/a	13,75%	0.01%
FedEx Corp	FDX	0.24%	0.83%	0.00%	13,67%	0.03%
Macy's Inc	M	0.03%	6,43%	0.00%	0.65%	0,00%
FMC Corp	FMC	0.05%	0.88%	0.00%	12.00%	0.01%
Ford Motor Co	F	0.20%	5.40%	0.01%	3.82%	0.01%
NextEra Energy Inc	NEE	0.31%	2.78%	0.01%	6.67%	0.02%
Franklin Resources Inc	BEN	0.11%	1.91%	0.00%	10.00%	0.01%
Freeport-McMoRan Inc	FCX	0.08%	n/a	n/a	17.33%	0.01%
TEGNA Inc	TGNA	0.02%	1.84%	0.00%	5.50%	0.00%
Gap Inc/The	GPS	0.04%	4.09%	0.00%	5.03%	0.00%
General Dynamics Corp	GD	0.28%	1.65%	0.00%	8.40%	0.02%
General Mills Inc	GIS	0.15%	3.38%	0.01%	8.13%	0.01%
Genuine Parts Co	GPC	0.06%	2.92%	0.00%	10.32%	0.01%
WW Grainger Inc	GWW	0.05%	2.97%	0.00%	12.28%	0.01%
Halliburton Co Harley-Davidson Inc	HAL HOG	0.18% 0.04%	1.59%	0.00% 0.00%	n/a 8.80%	n/a 0.00%
Harris Corp	HRS	0.06%	2.75% 1.89%	0.00%	0.60% n/a	n/a
HCP Inc	HCP	0.07%	4.72%	0.00%	-2.14%	0.00%
felmerich & Payne Inc	HP	0.03%	5.32%	0.00%	-1.80%	0.00%
Forlive Corp	FTV	0.10%	0.45%	0.00%	8.70%	0.01%
Hershey Co/The	HSY	0.08%	2.14%	0.00%	9.97%	0.01%
Synchrony Financial	SYF	0.10%	1.94%	0.00%	8.20%	0.01%
Hormel Foods Corp	HRL	0.08%	2.02%	0.00%	5.60%	0.00%
Arthur J Gallagher & Co	AJG	0.05%	2.75%	0.00%	9.95%	0.00%
Mondelez International Inc	MDLZ	0.33%	1,63%	0.01%	10.49%	0.03%
CenterPoint Energy Inc	CNP	0.06%	3,74%	0.00%	6.53%	0.00%
lumana Inc	HUM	0.16%	0.69%	0.00%	12,53%	0.02%
Will's Towers Watson PLC	WLTW	0.09%	1,45%	0.00%	12,85%	0.01%
llinois Tool Works Inc	шw	0.23%	1,84%	0.00%	8.40%	0.02%
ngersoll-Rand PLC	IR.	0,11%	1.79%	0.00%	10.26%	0.01%
Foot Locker Inc	FL	0,04%	2.09%	0.00%	8.41%	0.00%
nterpublic Group of Cos Inc/The	1PG	0.05%	2.89%	0.00%	9,21%	0.00%
nternational Flavors & Fragrances Inc		0.05%	1.86%	0.00%	7.90%	0.00%
	lFF					
acobs Engineering Group Inc	JEC	0.03%	1.14%	0.00%	10,54%	0.00%
lacobs Engineering Group Inc fanesbrands Inc	JEC HBI	0.03% 0.03%	1.14% 2.91%	0.00%	13.80%	0.00%
acobs Engineering Group Inc	JEC	0.03%	1.14%			

		[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
		Weight in	Current	Cap-Weighted	Long-Term	Cap-Weighted Long-Term
Name	Ticker	Index	Dividend Yield	Dividend Yield	Growth Est,	Growth Est.
Kimberly-Clark Corp	KM8	0.21%	2,99%	0.01%	6.75%	0.01%
Kimco Realty Corp	KIM	0.03%	6,16%	0,00%	7.82%	0.00%
Kohl's Corp Oracle Corp	KSS ORCL	0.03% 0.87%	5.72% 1.67%	0.00% 0.01%	5.58% 9.06%	0.00% 0.08%
Kroger Co/The	KR	0.13%	1.61%	0.00%	6.60%	0.01%
Leggett & Platt Inc	LEG	0.03%	2.77%	0.00%	19.00%	0.01%
Lennar Corp	LEN	0.05%	0.31%	0.00%	10.09%	0.00%
Leucadia National Corp	LUK	0.04%	1.03%	0.00%	18.00%	0.01%
Eli Lilly & Co	LLY	0.41%	2.61%	0.01%	12.98%	0.05%
L Brands Inc Charter Communications Inc	LB CHTR	0.07% 0.43%	4.65% n/a	0.00% n/a	6.73% 19.30%	0.00% 0.08%
Lincoln National Corp	LNC	0.07%	1.79%	0.00%	8.98%	0.01%
Loews Corp	L	0.07%	0.53%	0.00%	n/a	n/a
Lowe's Cos Inc	LOW	0.31%	1.78%	0.01%	15.67%	0.05%
Host Hotels & Resorts Inc	HST MMC	0.06%	4.45% 1.93%	0.00% 0.00%	4.35%	0.00%
Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Masco Corp	MAS	0.19% 0.06%	1.07%	0,00%	11.78% 13.68%	0.02% 0.01%
Mattel Inc	MAT	0.04%	6.63%	0.00%	13.00%	0.00%
S&P Global Inc	SPGI	0.17%	1,15%	0.00%	10.00%	0.02%
Medtronic PLC	MDT	0,54%	2.04%	0.01%	6.34%	0.03%
CVS Health Corp	cvs	0.36%	2.60%	0.01%	11.87%	0.04%
Micron Technology Inc Motorola Solutions Inc	MU MSI	0,16% 0.06%	n/a 2.25%	n/a 0.00%	10.00% 2.80%	0.02% 0.00%
Murphy Oil Corp	MUR	0.02%	4.10%	0.00%	2.60% n/a	0,00% n/a
Mylan NV	MYL	0.10%	n/a	n/a	12.00%	0.01%
Laboratory Corp of America Holdings	LH	0.07%	r/a	n/a	10.03%	0.01%
Newell Brands Inc	NWL	0.12%	1.74%	0.00%	11.96%	0.01%
Newmont Mining Corp	NEM	0.08%	0.59%	0.00%	-12.95%	-0.01%
Twenty-First Century Fox Inc NIKE Inc	FOXA NKE	0.13% 0.33%	1.33% 1.36%	0.00% 0.00%	9.60% 11.59%	0.01% 0.04%
NiSource Inc	NI NI	0.04%	2.69%	0.00%	6.98%	0.00%
Noble Energy Inc	NBL	0.06%	1.39%	0.00%	10.59%	0.01%
Norfolk Southern Corp	NSC	0.17%	1.97%	0.00%	12.75%	0.02%
Eversource Energy	ES	0.09%	3.06%	0.00%	6.10%	0.01%
Northrop Grumman Corp	NOC	0.21%	1.54%	0.00%	7.26%	0.02%
Wells Fargo & Co Nucor Corp	WFC NUE	1.19% 0.09%	2.97% 2.60%	0.04% 0.00%	13.41% 5.55%	0.16% 0.00%
PVH Corp	PVH	0.04%	0.14%	0.00%	8.32%	0.00%
Occidental Petroleum Corp	OXY	0,21%	5,16%	0.01%	-3,28%	-0,01%
Omnicom Group Inc	OMC	0.09%	2,63%	200,00 200,0	6.81%	0,01%
ONEOK Inc	OKE	0.05%	4.95%	0,00%	25,10%	0.01%
Raymond James Financial (no	RJF PCG	0.05%	1,22 % 3,10%	0,00% 0,01%	17,00% 3,70%	0,01% 0,01%
PG&E Corp Parker-Hannifin Corp	PH	0,16% 0,10%	1,68%	0.00%	10,27%	0.01%
PPL Corp	PPL	0,13%	3,96%	0.00%	1,80%	0.00%
PepsiCo Inc	PEP	0.78%	2.76%	0.02%	6.40%	0.05%
Exelon Corp	EXC	0.16%	3.61%	0.01%	4.00%	0.01%
ConocoPh避ps	COP	0.26%	2.37%	0.01%	7.00%	0.02%
PulteGroup Inc Pinnacle West Capital Corp	PHM PNW	0.03% 0.05%	1.59% 2.97%	%00.0 %00.0	17.50% 5.90%	0.01% 0.00%
PNC Financial Services Group Inc/The	PNC	0.05%	1.85%	0.00%	6.65%	0.02%
PPG Industries Inc	PPG	0.13%	1.50%	0.00%	8.14%	0.01%
Praxair Inc	PX	0.18%	2.38%	0.00%	11.30%	0.02%
Progressive Corp/The	PGR	0.11%	1.60%	0.00%	11.08%	0.01%
Public Service Enterprise Group Inc	PEG	0.11%	3.83%	0.00%	3.20%	0.00%
Raytheon Co Robert Half International Inc	RTN RHI	0.22% 0.03%	1.95% 2.07%	0.00% 0.00%	7.83% 8.00%	0.02% 0.00%
Ryder System Inc	R	0.03%	2.65%	0.00%	15.00%	0.00%
SCANA Corp	SCG	0.05%	3.59%	0.00%	6.00%	0.00%
Edison International	EIX	0.12%	2.66%	0.00%	6.18%	0.01%
Schlumberger Ltd	SLB	0.45%	2.87%	0.01%	44.77%	0.20%
Charles Schwab Corp/The	SCHW	0.24%	0.83%	0.00%	20.22%	0.05%
Sherwin-Williams Co/The IM Smucker Co/The	WH8 ML8	0.14% 0.07%	1.02% 2.35%	0.00% 0.00%	10.59% 6.20%	0.02% 0.00%
Snap-on Inc	SNA	0.04%	1,76%	0.00%	9.55%	0.00%
METEK Inc	AME	0,07%	0.59%	0.00%	9.86%	0.01%
Southern Co/The	so	0,23%	4,58%	0,01%	4.65%	0.01%
BB&T Corp	BBT	0.16%	2,88%	0.00%	8.41%	0.01%
Southwest Airlines Co	LUV	0.17%	0.83%	0.00%	8.27%	0.01%
Stanley Black & Decker Inc Public Storage	SWK PSA	0.10% 0.17%	1,69% 3.71%	0.00% 0.01%	11,00% 5.75%	0.01% 0.01%
FunTrust Banks Inc	STI	0.12%	1.95%	0.00%	8.20%	0.01%
Sysco Corp	SYY	0.14%	2.42%	0.00%	8.92%	0.01%
esoro Corp	TSO	0.05%	2.64%	0.00%	16.90%	0.01%
exas Instruments Inc	TXN	0.38%	2.42%	0.01%	10.43%	0.04%
	TXT	0.06%	0.17%	0.00%	9.16%	0.01%
extron Inc	2110	A 2401	V 4581	0.000/	11 700	V U V V
extron the Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc Tiffany & Co	TMO TIF	0.31% 0.05%	0.35% 2.30%	0.00% 0.00%	11.78% 9.90%	0.04% 0.00%

		[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
Name	Ticker	Weight in Index	Current Dividend Yield	Cap-Weighted Dividend Yield	Long-Term Growth Est.	Cap-Weighted Long-Term Growth Est
Torchmark Corp	TMK	0.04%	0,79%	0,00%	7.57%	0.00%
Total System Services Inc	TSS	0,05%	0.67%	0.00%	11.00%	0.01%
Johnson Controls International plc	JCI	0.18%	2.39%	0.00%	11.33%	0.02%
Ulta Beauty Inc	ULTA	0.09%	n/a	n/a	21.83%	0.02%
Union Pacific Corp	UNP	0.41%	2.19%	0.01%	9.58%	0.04%
UnitedHealth Group Inc Unum Group	HNU MNU	0.78%	1,43% 2.05%	0.01%	12.96%	0.10%
Marathon Oil Corp	MRO	0.05% 0.05%	1.54%	0.00% 0.00%	6.53% 8.60%	0.00% 0.00%
Varian Medical Systems Inc	VAR	0.04%	n/a	n/a	8.00%	0.00%
Ventas Inc	VTR	0.11%	4.66%	0.01%	4.07%	0.00%
VF Corp	VFC	0.10%	3,12%	0.00%	7.91%	0.01%
Vornado Realty Trust	VNO	0.08%	3,08%	0.00%	3.91%	0.00%
Vulcan Materials Co	VMC	0.08%	0,80%	0,00%	25.81%	0.02%
Weyerhaeuser Co	WY	0.12%	3,76%	0,00%	7.50%	0.01%
Whirlpool Corp	WHR	0.06%	2.37%	0.00%	15.88%	0.01%
Williams Cos Inc/The	WMB	0.11%	4,20%	0.00%	15,50%	0.02%
WEC Energy Group Inc Xerox Corp	WEC XRX	0.09%	3.31%	0.00%	6.70%	0.01%
Adobe Systems Inc	ADBE	0.03% 0.33%	3.54% n/a	0.00% n/a	1.80% 17.48%	0.00% 0.06%
AES Corp/VA	AES	0.04%	4.11%	0.00%	7.50%	0.00%
Amgen Inc	AMGN	0.53%	2.96%	0.02%	4.86%	0.03%
Apple Inc	AAPL	3.70%	1.65%	0.06%	10.43%	0.39%
Autodesk Inc	ADSK	0.11%	n/a	n/a	71.51%	0.08%
Cintas Corp	CTAS	0.06%	1.06%	0.00%	11.08%	0.01%
Comcast Corp	CMCSA	0,92%	1.51%	0.01%	10.91%	0,10%
Molson Coors Brewing Co	TAP	0.09%	1.73%	0.00%	8.80%	0.01%
KLA-Tencor Corp	KLAC	0.08%	2.08%	0.00%	4.80%	0,00%
Marriott International Inc/MD McCormick & Co Inc/MD	MAR MKC	0.19%	1.23%	0.00%	14.78%	0.03%
Nordstrom Inc	JWN	0,05% 0,03%	1.81% 3.54%	0.00% 0.00%	n/a 7.13%	n/a 0,00%
PACCAR Inc	PCAR	0.10%	1.59%	0.00%	6.73%	0.01%
Costco Wholesale Corp	COST	0.37%	1.11%	0.00%	10.47%	0.04%
Stryker Corp	SYK	0.25%	1.19%	0.00%	8.04%	0.02%
Tyson Foods Inc	TSN	0.08%	1.57%	0.00%	7.40%	0.01%
Applied Materials Inc	TAMA	0.23%	0.87%	0.00%	18.97%	0.04%
Time Warner Inc	XWT	0.36%	1,62%	0.01%	9.30%	0.03%
Bed Bath & Beyond Inc	BBBY	0.02%	1,74%	0.00%	5.64%	0.00%
American Airlines Group Inc	AAL	0.11%	0.83%	0.00%	0.11%	0.00%
Cardinal Health Inc	CAH	0.11%	2.49%	0.00%	7.74%	0.01%
Celgene Corp Cemer Corp	CELG CERN	0.41% 0.10%	r√a n/a	n/a n/a	20,51% 12,43%	0.09%
Cincinnati Financial Corp	CINF	0.10%	2.85%	0,00%	12,43% n/a	0.01% n/a
DR Horton Inc	DHI	0.06%	1.22%	0,00%	11,77%	0.01%
Flowserve Corp	FLS	0.03%	1,57%	0,00%	11,74%	0.00%
Electronic Arts Inc	EA	0.16%	r/a	n/a	9,40%	0.02%
Express Scripts Holding Co	ESRX	0.16%	n/a	n/a	11,99%	0.02%
Expeditors International of Washington Inc	EXPD	0.04%	1.57%	0.00%	8.80%	0.00%
Fastenal Co	FAST	0.06%	2.97%	0.00%	14.55%	0.01%
M&T Bank Corp	MTB	0.11%	1.92%	0.00%	6.57%	0.01%
Fisery Inc	FISV	0.12%	n/a	r/a	10.13%	0.01%
Fifth Third Bancorp Gilead Sciences Inc	FITB	0.08%	2.36%	0.00%	1.40%	0.00%
Hasbro Inc	GILD HAS	0.39% 0.06%	3.21% 2.17%	0.01% 0.00%	-2.84% 9.63%	-0.01% 0,01%
Huntington Bancshares Inc/OH	HBAN	0.06%	2.55%	0.00%	10.43%	0.01%
Welltower Inc	HCN	0.12%	4.80%	0.01%	4.46%	0.01%
Biogen Inc	BIIB	0,24%	n/a	n/a	7.09%	0.02%
Range Resources Corp	RRC	0,03%	0.35%	0.00%	-13.43%	0,00%
Northern Trust Corp	NTRS	0,09%	1.74%	0.00%	13.12%	0,01%
Paychex Inc	PAYX	0.10%	3.11%	0.00%	9.00%	0.01%
People's United Financial Inc	PBCT	0.03%	4.16%	0.00%	2.00%	0.00%
Patterson Cos Inc	PDCO	0.02%	2.36%	0.00%	2.69%	0.00%
QUALCOMM Inc	QCOM	0.39%	3.98%	0.02%	8.40%	0.03%
Roper Technologies Inc	ROP	0.11%	0.62%	0.00%	12.87%	0.01%
Ross Stores Inc DEXX Laboratories Inc	ROST IDXX	0.12% 0.07%	1.00% n/a	0.00% n/a	12.51% 10.42%	0.01% 0.01%
AutoNation Inc	AN	0.02%	n/a	n/a	7.92%	0.00%
Starbucks Corp	SBUX	0.43%	1,57%	0.01%	17.30%	0.07%
(eyCorp	KEY	0.09%	2.18%	0.00%	7.42%	0.01%
Staples Inc	SPLS	0.03%	5,29%	0.00%	1.27%	0.00%
State Street Corp	STT	0.14%	1.87%	0.00%	11.28%	0.02%
JS Bancorp	USB	0.40%	2.20%	0.01%	8.54%	0.03%
symantec Corp	SYMC	0.09%	0.99%	0.00%	11,77%	0.01%
Rowe Price Group Inc	TROW	0.08%	3.24%	D.00%	11.72%	0.01%
	V /7.1	0.15%	2,33%	0.00%	10.77%	0.02%
Vaste Management Inc						
Vaste Management Inc BS Corp	CBS	0.10%	1.18%	0.00%	12.64%	0.01%
Vaste Management Inc BBS Corp Illergan PLC	CBS AGN	0.10% 0.35%	1.18% 1.25%	0,00% 0,00%	12.64% 13.30%	0.01% 0.05%
Vaste Management Inc BS Corp	CBS	0.10%	1.18%	0.00%	12.64%	0.01%

		[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8] Cap-Weighted
Morro	Total	Weight in	Current	Cap-Weighted Dividend Yield	Long-Term Growth Est.	Long-Term Growth Est.
Name	Ticker	Index	Dividend Yield			
DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc	XRAY	0.07%	0,55%	0,00%	9.53%	0.01%
Zions Bancorporation	ZION	0.04%	0.80%	0,00% 0,00%	9.00% 11.77%	0.00% 0.01%
Alaska Air Group Inc Invesco Ltd	ALK IVZ	0.05% 0.06%	1,38% 3,66%	0.00%	11.75%	0.01%
Intuit Inc	INTU	0.17%	0.97%	0.00%	15.60%	0.03%
Morgan Stanley	MS	0.36%	1.92%	0.01%	15.80%	0.06%
Microchip Technology Inc	MCHP	0.09%	1.74%	0.00%	15.08%	0.01%
Chubb Ltd	CB	0.31%	1,98%	0.01%	10.63%	0.03%
Hologic Inc	HOLX	0.06%	n/a	n/a	10.52%	0.01%
Chesapeake Energy Corp	CHK	0.02%	n/a	n/a	-13,42%	0.00%
Citizens Financial Group Inc	CFG	0.08%	1.64%	0.00%	19,13%	0.02%
O'Reilly Automotive Inc	ORLY	0.10%	n/a	n/a	16,27%	0.02%
Allstate Corp/The	ALL	0.15%	1.71%	0.00% 0.00%	10,60%	0.02% n/a
FLIR Systems Inc	FLIR	0.02%	1.58%	0.00% %00.0	n/a 5,70%	0.01%
Equity Residential	EQR BWA	0.11% 0.04%	3.10% 1.32%	0.00%	6.22%	0.00%
BorgWarner Inc Newfield Exploration Co	NFX	0.03%	n/a	n/a	18.69%	0.01%
ncyte Corp	INCY	0.12%	n/a	n/a	41.56%	0.05%
Simon Property Group Inc	SPG	0.22%	4.54%	0,01%	7.64%	0.02%
Eastman Chemical Co	EMN	0.05%	2.55%	0.00%	6.97%	0.00%
AvalonBay Communities Inc	AVB	0.12%	2.97%	0.00%	6.87%	0.01%
Prudential Financial Inc	PRU	0.21%	2.86%	0.01%	9.70%	0.02%
United Parcel Service Inc	UPS	0.34%	3.13%	0.01%	8.50%	0.03%
Apartment Investment & Management Co	AIV	0.03%	3,36%	0.00%	6.53%	0.00%
Walgreens Boots Alliance Inc	WBA	0.41%	1.85%	0.01%	11.00%	0.04%
McKesson Corp	MCK	0.16%	0,69%	0.00%	8.70%	0.01%
ockheed Martin Corp	LMT	0.38%	2.59%	0.01%	6,33%	0.02%
AmerisourceBergen Corp	ABC	0.09%	1,59%	0.00%	9,45%	0.01%
Capital One Financial Corp	COF	0.17%	2.08%	0.00%	5.76%	0.01%
Waters Corp	WAT	0.07%	n/a	n/a	7,55%	0.01%
Dolfar Tree Inc	DLTR	0.09%	n/a	n/a	15,30%	0.01%
Darden Restaurants Inc	DRI	0.05%	2.52%	0.00%	9.69%	0.00%
NetApp Inc	NTAP	0.05%	1.98%	0.00%	7.39%	0.00% 0.01%
Citrix Systems Inc	CTXS	0.06%	n/a	n/a 0,00%	12.73% r√a	0.01% n/a
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co/The	GT DXC	0,04% 0,10%	1.24% 0.93%	0.00%	rva rva	n/a
DXC Technology Co DaVita Inc	DVA	0.06%	n/a	n/a	7.60%	0.00%
Hartford Financial Services Group Inc/The	HIG	0.08%	1.86%	0.00%	9.50%	0.01%
ron Mountain Inc	IRM	0.04%	6.30%	0.00%	12.90%	0.01%
Estee Lauder Cos Inc/The	EL	0.10%	1.44%	0,00%	10.45%	0.01%
/ahoo! Inc	YHO0	0.22%	n/a	n/a	10.53%	0.02%
Principal Financial Group Inc	PFG	0.08%	2.92%	0.00%	9.64%	0.01%
Stericycle Inc	SRCL	0.03%	n/a	n/a	9.18%	0.00%
Iniversal Health Services Inc	UHS	0.05%	0.35%	0,00%	9.49%	0.00%
E*TRADE Financial Corp	ETFC	0.04%	n/a	n/a	16.17%	0.01%
Skyworks Solutions Inc	SWKS	0.09%	1.05%	₩00.0	14.35%	0,01%
National Oilwell Varco Inc	NOV	0.06%	0.61%	0.00%	r√a	n√a
Quest Diagnostics Inc	DGX	0.07%	1.65%	0.00%	8.64%	0.01%
Activision Blizzard Inc	ATVI	0.21%	0.51%	0.00%	10.92%	0.02%
Rockwell Automation Inc	ROK	0.09%	1,92%	0.00%	11.21%	0.01%
Craft Heinz Co/The	KHC	0.52%	2.60%	0.01%	8.39%	0.04%
merican Tower Corp	AMT	0.26%	1.89%	0.00%	19.73% 19.77%	0.05% 0.04%
Regeneron Pharmaceuticals Inc	REGN	0,22%	nla n/a	n/a n/a	34,40%	0.76%
Amazon.com Inc	AMZN RL	2,21% 0,02%	2.95%	0.00%	1.79%	0.00%
Ralph Lauren Corp Boston Properties Inc	BXP	0.09%	2.47%	0.00%	5,90%	0.01%
Amphenol Corp	APH	0.11%	0.86%	0.00%	10,03%	0.01%
vrconic Inc	ARNC	0.06%	0.87%	0.00%	13,10%	0.01%
Pioneer Natural Resources Co	PXD	0,13%	0.05%	0.00%	15,00%	0.02%
/alero Energy Corp	VLO	0.13%	4.56%	0.01%	13.15%	0.02%
Synopsys Inc	SNPS	0.05%	n/a	n/a	9.03%	0.00%
3 Technologies Inc	LLL	0.06%	1.78%	×00.0	6.57%	0.00%
Vestern Union Co/The	WU	0.04%	3.68%	0.00%	4.72%	0.00%
H Robinson Worldwide Inc	CHRW	0.04%	2.69%	0.00%	9.28%	0.00%
ccenture PLC	ACN	0.36%	1.94%	0.01%	10.07%	0.04%
ransDigm Group Inc	TDG	0.06%	n/a	n/a	8.32%	0.01%
'um! Brands Inc	YUM	0.12%	1,65%	0.00%	12.62%	0.01%
rologis Inc	PLD	0.14%	3,17%	0,00%	4.82%	0,01%
irstEnergy Corp	FE	0.06%	4.92%	0.00%	-0.40%	0,00%
eriSign Inc	VRSN	0.04%	n/a	n/a	9.30%	0,00%
Quanta Services Inc	PWR	0.02%	n/a	n/a - ∕-	16.80%	0.00%
lenry Schein Inc	HSIC	0.07%	n/a	n/a	10.23%	0.01%
meren Corp	AEE	0.06%	3,10%	%00.0 %00.0	5.80%	0.00%
cripps Networks Interactive Inc	SNI	0.03%	1,81%	0.00%	7.56% 9.56%	0.00% 0.04%
	NVDA	0.40%	0.39%	0.00%	9.56%	0.00%
IVIDIA Corp	0.00	D D 407				
ealed Air Corp	SEE	0.04%	1.44% n.ene	0.00%	2,51%	
	SEE CTSH ISRG	0.04% 0.18% 0.16%	1.44% 0.90% n/a	0.00% 0.00% n/a	2.51% 14.03% 9.73%	0.03% 0.02%

		[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
Name	Ticker	Weight in Index	Current Divideed Vield	Cap-Weighted	Long-Term	Cap-Weighted Long-Term
	Ticker	Index	Dividend Yield	Dividend Yield	Growth Est.	Growth Est.
Aetna Inc	AET	0.04%	0.52%	0.00%	15.57%	0,01%
Republic Services Inc eBay Inc	R\$G EBAY	0.10% 0.17%	2.01% n/a	0,00% n/a	9.48% 9.63%	0,01% 0.02%
Goldman Sachs Group Inc/The	GS	0.39%	1,42%	0.01%	7.16%	0.02%
Sempra Energy	SRE	0.14%	2.82%	0.00%	12.15%	0.02%
Moody's Corp	MCO	0.11%	1.28%	0.00%	8.00%	0.01%
Priceline Group Inc/The	PCLN	0.43%	n/a	n/a	16.75%	0.07%
F5 Networks Inc Akamai Technologies Inc	FFIV AKAM	0.04% 0.04%	n/a	n/a	12.17%	0.00%
Reynolds American Inc	RAI	0.45%	n/a 3,03%	n/a 0.01%	14.18% 8.88%	0.01% 0,04%
Devon Energy Corp	DVN	0.08%	0.71%	0.00%	37.66%	0.03%
Alphabet Inc	GOOGL	1.36%	n/a	n/a	15.34%	0.21%
Red Hat Inc	RHT	0.07%	n/a	n/a	14,92%	0.01%
Allegion PLC Netflix Inc	ALLE NFLX	0.33%	n/a	n/a	41.30%	0.13%
Agitent Technologies Inc	A	0.03% 0.09%	0,81% 0.88%	0.00% 0.00%	13,10% 10,20%	0.00% 0.01%
Anthem Inc	ANTM	0.22%	1.43%	0.00%	9.49%	0.02%
CME Group Inc	CME	0.19%	2.25%	0.00%	9.84%	0.02%
Juniper Networks Inc	JNPR	0.05%	1.36%	0.00%	9.15%	0.00%
BlackRock Inc	BLK	0.31%	2.44%	0.01%	13.16%	0.04%
DTE Energy Co Nasdaq Inc	DTE NDAQ	0.09% 0.05%	3.01%	0.00%	6.00%	0.01%
Philip Morris International Inc	PM	0.86%	2.25% 3.47%	0.00% 0.03%	8.35% 9.96%	0.00% 0.09%
salesforce,com inc	CRM	0.30%	n/a	n/a	27.90%	0.08%
MetLife Inc	MET	0.25%	3.16%	0,01%	7.14%	0.02%
Under Armour Inc	UA	0.24%	1.84%	0.00%	10.10%	0.02%
Monsanto Co Coach Inc	MON	0.02%	n/a	n/a	11.28%	0.00%
Fluor Corp	COH FLR	0.06% 0.03%	2.92% 1.87%	%00,0	12.60%	0.01%
CSX Corp	CSX	0.03%	1.48%	0.00% 0,00%	17.50% 11.06%	0.01% 0,03%
Edwards Lifesciences Corp	EW	0.11%	n/a	n/a	16.68%	0.02%
Ameriorise Financial Inc	AMP	0.09%	2.75%	0.00%	8.40%	0.01%
Xcel Energy Inc	XEL	0.11%	3.01%	0.00%	5.90%	0.01%
Rockwell Collins Inc	COL	0.08%	1.21%	0.00%	9.60%	0.01%
TechnipFMC PLC Zimmer Biomet Holdings Inc	FTI ZBH	0.06%	n/a	n/a	4.30%	0,00%
CBRE Group Inc	CBG	0.11% 0.05%	0.81% n/a	0.00% n/a	8.38% 10.23%	0.01% 0.01%
Mastercard Inc	MA	0.02%	2.58%	0.00%	3.53%	0.00%
Signet Jewelers Ltd	SIG	0.60%	0.72%	0.00%	14.50%	0.09%
Cartifax Inc	KMX	0.05%	n/a	n/a	13.42%	0,01%
Intercontinental Exchange Inc	ICE	0.17%	1.33%	0.00%	11,06%	0.02%
Fidelity National Information Services Inc Chipotle Mexican Grill Inc	FIS CMG	0.13% 0.06%	1,35%	0.00%	9.08%	0.01%
Wynn Resorts Ltd	WYNN	0.06%	n/a 1,55%	n/a 0.00%	34.67% 19,80%	0.02% 0.01%
Assurant Inc	AIZ	0.02%	2,16%	0.00%	21,41%	0.01%
NRG Energy Inc	NRG	0.02%	0.75%	0.00%	-15.70%	0.00%
Regions Financial Corp	RF	0.13%	r√a	n/a	20.30%	0.03%
Monster Beverage Corp	MNST	0.08%	2.02%	0.00%	9.76%	0.01%
Teradata Corp Mosaic Co/The	TDC MOS	0.02%	n/a	n/a	3,39%	0.00%
Expedia Inc	EXPE	0.04% 0.09%	2.65% 0.78%	0.00% 0.00%	16,35% 19,34%	0.01% 0.02%
Discovery Communications Inc	DISCA	0.02%	n/a	n/a	14,10%	0.00%
CF Industries Holdings Inc	CF	0.03%	4.46%	0.00%	6,00%	0.00%
Viacom Inc	VIAB	0.06%	2.30%	0.00%	1,59%	0.00%
Myndham Worldwide Corp	WYN	1.55%	n/a	n/a	15.34%	0.24%
Alphabet Inc Mead Johnson Nutrition Co	GOOG	0.05%	2.30%	0.00%	13,90%	0.01%
Cooper Cos inc/The	COD	0.08% 0.13%	1.85% 2.03%	0,00% 0,00%	4.65% 6.75%	0.00% 0.01%
FE Connectivity Ltd	TEL	0.05%	0.03%	0.00%	12.00%	0.01%
Discover Financial Services	DFS	0.10%	2.04%	0.00%	5.70%	0.01%
FripAdvisor Inc	TRIP	0.02%	n/a	n/a	15.14%	0.00%
Or Pepper Snapple Group Inc	DPS	0.08%	2.50%	0.00%	8.58%	0.01%
/isa Inc /id-America Apartment Communities Inc	٧	0.82%	0.69%	0.01%	16.00%	0.13%
Kylem Inc/NY	MAA XYL	0.05% 0.04%	3.41% 1.38%	0.00% 0.00%	n/a 10.10≅	n/a
Marathon Petroleum Corp	MPC	0.13%	2.77%	0.00%	12.10% 10.00%	0.01% 0.01%
evel 3 Communications Inc	LVLT	0.03%	1,96%	0.00%	14.10%	0.00%
ractor Supply Co	TSCO	0.10%	n/a	n/a	5.00%	0,00%
Mettler-Toledo International Inc	MTD	0.07%	n/a	r√a	12.24%	0.01%
dbemarte Corp Transocean Ltd	ALB	0.06%	1,13%	0.00%	11.70%	0.01%
ransocean Ltd Ssex Property Trust Inc	RIG ESS	0.02% 0.08%	n/a 2,72%	n/a	-25.20%	0,00%
GGP Inc	GGP	0.09%	2.72% 3.95%	0.00% 0.00%	7.15% 5.90%	0,01% 0,01%
Realty Income Corp	0	0.07%	4,61%	0.00%	5.07%	0,00%
eagate Technology PLC	STX	0.06%	5,78%	0.00%	13.27%	0.01%
VestRock Co	WRK	0.06%	2.94%	0.00%	7.88%	0.01%
Vestern Digital Corp	WDC	0.12%	2.22%	0.00%	14.62%	0.02%
thurch & Dwight Co Inc	CHD	0.06%	1.47%	0.00%	8.53%	0.01%
ederal Realty Investment Trust	FRT	0.04%	3.19%	0.00%	6.36%	0.00%

		[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
Name	Ticker	Weight in Index	Current Dividend Yield	Cap-Weighted Dividend Yield	Long-Term Growth Est	Cap-Weighted Long-Term Growth Est.
Twenty-First Century Fox Inc	FOX	0.10%	1.34%	0.00%	9,60%	0.01%
Alliant Energy Corp	LNT	0.04%	3.04%	0.00%	6,43%	0.00%
JB Hunt Transport Services Inc	JBHT	0.04%	1.08%	0.00%	13.43%	0.01%
Lam Research Corp	LRCX	0.12%	1.16%	0.00%	20.88%	0.02%
Mohavk Industries Inc	MHK	0.08%	n/a	n/a	7.01%	0.01%
Pentair PLC	PNR	0.06%	2.08%	0,00%	5.28%	0.00%
Vertex Pharmaceuticals Inc	VRTX	0.14%	n/a	n/a	69,80%	0.10%
Facebook Inc	FB	1.66%	n/a	n/a	27.35%	0.45%
United Rentals Inc	URI	0.04%	n/a	n/a	17.76%	0.01%
Alexandria Real Estate Equities Inc	ARE	0.05%	2.85%	0.00%	7.09%	0.00%
United Continental Holdings Inc	UAL	0.12%	n/a	n/a	1.91%	0.00%
Delta Air Lines Inc	DAL	0.02%	4.44%	0.00%	8.00%	0.00%
Navient Corp	NAVI	0.17%	1.65%	0.00%	11.38%	0.02%
Maßinckrodt PLC	MNK	0.02%	n/a	r/a	6.50%	0.00%
News Corp	NWS	0.01%	1,46%	0.00%	13.05%	0.00%
Centene Corp	CNC	0.06%	n/a	n/a	13.22%	0.01%
Regency Centers Corp	REG	0.05%	3.48%	0.00%	8.80%	0.00%
Macerich Co/The	MAC	0.04%	4.95%	0.00%	7.87%	0.00%
Martin Marietta Materials Inc	MLM	0.07%	0.75%	0.00%	21.84%	0.01%
Envision Healthcare Corp	EVHC	0.03%	n/a	n/a	8.06%	0.00%
PayPal Holdings Inc	PYPL	0.29%	n/a	n/a	19.55%	0.06%
Coty Inc	COTY	0.07%	2.64%	0.00%	2.01%	0.00%
DISH Network Corp	DISH	0.07%	n/a	n/a	-4.85%	0.00%
Alexion Pharmaceuticals Inc	ALXN	0.10%	n/a	n/a	20,93%	0.02%
News Corp	NWSA	0.02%	1.49%	0,00%	13,05%	0.00%
Global Payments Inc	GPN	0.06%	0.06%	0,00%	13,00%	0.01%
Crown Castle International Corp	CCI	0.17%	3.74%	0.01%	19,97%	0.03%
Delphi Automotive PLC	DLPH	0.11%	1.32%	0,00%	11,88%	0.01%
Advance Auto Parts Inc	AAP	0.05%	0.18%	0.00%	14.85%	0.01%
Michael Kors Holdings Ltd	KORS	0.02%	n/a	n/a	2.40%	0.00%
Illumina Inc	ILMN	0.12%	n/a	n/a	14.57%	0.02%
Acuity Brands Inc	AYI	0.03%	0.32%	0.00%	20.00%	0.01%
Alliance Data Systems Corp	ADS	0.06%	0.86%	0.00%	14.50%	0.01%
LKQ Corp	LKQ	0.05%	n/a	n/a	13.05%	0.01%
Nielsen Holdings PLC	NLSN	0.06%	3,53%	0.00%	10.00%	0.01%
Garmin Ltd	GRMN	0.05%	3,92%	0.00%	5.70%	0.00%
Cimarex Energy Co	XEC	0.05%	0.30%	0.00%	43.05%	0.02%
Zoetis Inc	ZTS	0,14%	0.67%	0.00%	12.76%	0.02%
Digital Realty Trust Inc	ÐLR	0,16%	1.81%	0.00%	40.67%	0,06%
Equinix Inc	EQIX	0,09%	3.15%	0.00%	5.49%	0,00%
Discovery Communications Inc	DISCK	0,03%	n/a	n/a	14.10%	0.00%

- Notes:

 [1] Equals Sum ([6])
 [2] Equals Sum ([8])
 [3] Equals ([1] x (1 + (0.5 x [2]))) + [2]
 [4] Equals weight in S&P 500 based on market capitalization
 [5] Source: Bloomberg Professional
 [6] Equals [4] x [5]
 [7] Source: Bloomberg Professional
 [8] Equals [4] x [7]

CAPITAL ASSET PRICING MODEL

 $K = R_f + \beta \left(R_m - R_f \right)$

	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
	Risk-Free Rate	Beta	Market Return	Market Risk Premium	ROE
	(R _f)	(β)	(R _m)	$(R_m - R_f)$	(K)
Proxy Group Average Bloomberg Beta					
Current 30-day average of 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield [1]	2.95%	0.736	13.39%	10.44%	10.64%
Near-term projected 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield (Q3 2017 - Q3 2018) [2]	3.48%	0.736	13.39%	9.91%	10.78%
Projected 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield (2019 - 2023) [3]	4.30%	0.736	13,39%	9.09%	10.99%
Average					10.80%
Proxy Group Average Value Line Beta					
Current 30-day average of 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield [1]	2.95%	0,713	13,39%	10.44%	10.39%
Near-term projected 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield (Q3 2017 - Q3 2018) [2]	3.48%	0.713	13,39%	9.91%	10.54%
Projected 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield (2019 - 2023) [3]	4.30%	0.713	13.39%	9.09%	10.78%
Average	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				10.57%
Overall Average					10.69%

Notes:

Notes:
[1] Source: Bloomberg Professional as of May 31, 2017
[2] Source: Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 36, No. 6, June 1, 2017, at 2
[3] Source: Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 36, No. 6, June 1, 2017, at 14
[4] See Notes [1], [2], and [3]
[5] Source: Exhibit AEB-4
[6] Source: Exhibit AEB-5
[7] Equals [6] – [4]
[8] Equals [4] + [5] x [7]

CAPITAL ASSET PRICING MODEL EXCLUDING AWK

$$K = R_t + \beta \left(R_m - R_t \right)$$

	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
	Risk-Free Rate (R _f)	Beta <i>(β)</i>	Market Return (R m)	Market Risk Premium (R _m - R _f)	ROE (K)
Proxy Group Average Bloomberg Beta					
Current 30-day average of 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield [1]	2.95%	0.761	13.39%	10.44%	10.89%
Near-term projected 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield (Q3 2017 - Q3 2018) [2]	3.48%	0.761	13.39%	9.91%	11.02%
Projected 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield (2019 - 2023) [3]	4.30%	0.761	13.39%	9.09%	11.21%
Average					11.04%
Proxy Group Average Value Line Beta					
Current 30-day average of 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield [1]	2.95%	0.721	13.39%	10.44%	10.48%
Near-term projected 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield (Q3 2017 - Q3 2018) [2]	3.48%	0.721	13.39%	9.91%	10.63%
Projected 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield (2019 - 2023) [3]	4.30%	0.721	13.39%	9.09%	10.86%
Average					10.66%
Overali Average					10.85%

Notes:
[1] Source: Bloomberg Professional as of May 31, 2017
[2] Source: Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 36, No. 6, June 1, 2017, at 2
[3] Source: Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 36, No. 6, June 1, 2017, at 14
[4] See Notes [1], [2], and [3]
[5] Source: Exhibit AEB-4
[6] Source: Exhibit AEB-5
[7] Equals [6] - [4]
[8] Equals [4] + [5] x [7]

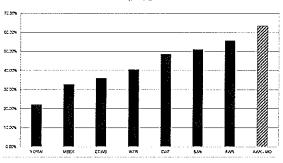
Schedule AEB-8 Page 1 of 1

2018-2022 CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AS A PERCENT OF 2016 NET PLANT (\$ MEGAS)

	[1]	21	[3]	। প	F)	[9]	(7)
	2016	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
American States Water AWR							
Capital Scending per Share		3,15	3,35	3.60	3.50	3.60	
Common Share's Outstanding		35.70	35.45				
Capital Expenditures		115.61	124.37	133.20	133.20	133.20	
Net Plant	1 150.93						
2018-22 Capital Spanding / 2016 Nrt Plant							55 57%
Connection/ Water CTV/5	\$						
Cabbal Sconding per Share		4.35	3.55	3.35	3.35	3.35	
Common Shares Outstanding		11,50	11,75	12.03	12.69	12.00	
Capital Espanditures		50.03	45.24	43.20	43.20	43.20	
Net Plant	601.40						
2018-22 Capital Spending / 2016 Net Plant							35.83%
California Water CV/T							
Capital Spending per Share		3.65	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.65	
Common Shares Outstanding		45,00	49.00	50,00	50,00	50.00	
Capital Erganditures		175.20	178.65	152.50	182.50	182.50	
Nat Plant	1,659,30						
2018-22 Capital Spanding / 2016 Not Plant							48.43%
Middleses Wither USEA	(
Capital Spending per Share		1.90	1.93	2.05	2.05	2.05	
Common Shares Outstanding		16.50	16.75	17.00	17,60	17.00	
Capital Expensiones		31,35	33.05	34 85	34.85	34.85	
Net Plant	517.50						
2018-22 Capital Spanding / 2016 Nat Plant							32.63%
S/W Corp S//V							
Capital Spending per Share		5.50	5.25	5.00	5.00	5.00	
Common Shares Outstanding		22.00	22.50	23.00	23.00	23.00	
Capital Espenditures		121.00	113,13	115.00	115.00	115.00	
Net Part	1,145,47						
2018-22 Capital Spending / 2016 Net Plant							50.55 X
Aqua America WTR							
Capital Spending per Share		2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25	
Common Shares Outstanding		178.50	179.25	180.00	180,60	180.00	
Capital Especiatures		451.63	433.31	405.00	405,00	405.00	
Net Plant	5,001,60						
2018-22 Capital Spending / 2016 Net Plant							43.33%
York Water YORN	į						
Capital Spanding per Share		1.25	1,05	0,45	25,0	0.65	
Common Shares Outstanding		12.75	12.33	12.00	12.60	12.60	
Capital Espenditures		15.94	12.99	10.20	10.20	10.20	
Net P4 4	270.53						
2015-22 Capital Spending / 2016 Net Plant							21.98%
American Water - Massauri AAX - U	10						
Capital Expanditures [6]		195,225,876	192 530,998	218,347,748	250,551,872	215 247,612	
Net Plant [8]	1.711,212,061						
2018-22 Capital Spending / 2019 Net Plant							63.36%
2016-22 Capital Spending / 2015 Net Plant							63.

Notes: (1) Source: Value Unit; defed April 14, 2017.
[5] Source: Value Unit; defed April 14, 2017.
[7] Source: Value Unit; defed April 14, 2017.
[7] Source: (2) [7] [4] [8] [8] [6] [7] [8] [5] (11) [8] Source: (2) (2) [7] [8] [8] [9] [7]

2018-2022 CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AS A PERCENT OF 2016 NET PLANT (\$ MXCrq)



		2713-2722
		Careal
		Spending /
		2016 Net Plan
Yerk Water	YORW	21,53%
Modern Water	MSEX	32.53%
Connecticut Water	CTWS	35.85%
Aqua America	WTR	43.33%
California Water	CVVT	48.43%
SAV Corp	\$.///	50.55%
American States Water	AWR	55.57%
American Water - Missouri	CU-NIA	63.35%
Provi Group Median		42.35%

Company	Ticker	State	Infrastructure Replacement Surchage	Future Test Year	Revenue Stabilization or Decoupling	Citations [1]
American States Water Co	AWR	0-86		Voo	Van	2046 Annual Based sees 9
A	A145C	California		Yes	Yes	2016 Annual Report, page 8 2016 10-K, pages 3 and 6
American Water	AWK	New Jersey	Yes			2016 TO-K, pages 3 and 6
		Pennsylvania	Yes	Yes		
		Illinois	Yes	Yes	Yes	
		Missouri	Yes			
		Indiana	Yes	Yes		
		California		Yes	Yes	
		West Virginia	Yes			
		Georgia				
		Hawaii		Yes		
		lowa				
		Kentucky		Yes		
		Maryland				
		Michigan				
		New York	Yes	Yes	Yes	
		Tennessee	Yes	Yes		
		Virginia		Yes		
Aqua America, Inc.	WTR					2016 10-K, page 8
		Pennsylvania	Yes	Yes		
		Ohio	Yes	Yes		
		Texas				
		Illinois	Yes	Yes		
		North Carolina	Yes			
		New Jersey	Yes			
		Indiana	Yes	Yes		
		Virginia		Yes		
California Water Service Group	CWT			V	V	2016 10-K, page 9
		California		Yes	Yes	
		New Mexico		Yes		
		Washington		Voo		
Connections Whater Consider Inc.	OTMAN:	Hawaii		Yes		2016 10-K, pages 7-9
Connecticut Water Service, Inc.	CTWS	Connections	Yes		Yes	2010 10-10, pages 1-5
		Connecticut Maine	Yes		163	
Middlesex Water Company	MSEX	Mairie	163			2016 10-K, page 6
Middlesex Water Company	WIGEX	New Jersey	Yes			2010 To Te page 0
		Delaware	Yes			
		Pennsylvania	Yes	Yes		
SJW Corporation	SJW	· omioyirama				2016 10-K, page 3
out on polation		California		Yes	Yes	
		Texas				
York Water Company	YORW					2016 10-K page 4
		Pennsylvania	Yes	Yes		
Total Number of Jurisdictions (Y)		20	21		
Total Number of Jurisdictions			37	37		
Percent of Jurisdictions			54.05%	56.76%		
Total Number of Jurisdictions (ex	_		12	12		
Total Number of Jurisdictions (ex			21	21		
Percent of Jurisdictions (excl. AV	VK)		57.14%	57.14%	19.05%	

[&]quot;Alternative Regulation and Ratemaking Approaches for Water Companies," September 23, 2013, The Brattle Group

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CAPITAL STRUCTURE OF PROXY GROUP COMPANIES

Company Name	Ticker	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	5-Year Average
American States Water Co.	AWR						
Common Equity		60.60%	59.19%	60.85%	59.70%	57.51%	59.57%
Preferred Stock		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Long-Term Debt		39.40%	40.81%	39.15%	40.30%	42.49%	40.43%
Total Capital		100.00%	100.00%	100,00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
As as Assactants							
Aqua America Inc.	WTR	40 4044					
Common Equity		49.49%	49.57%	50.55%	49,39%	46.58%	49.12%
Preferred Stock		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Long-Term Debt Total Capital		50.51% 100.00%	50.43% 100.00%	49,45% 100.00%	50.61% 100.00%	53.42% 100,00%	50.88%
тота Сарка		100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	מיטט,טטו	100.00%
California Water Service Group	CWT						
Common Equity		54,17%	55,54%	59.54%	57.97%	49,61%	55,36%
Preferred Stock		0,00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0,00%
Long-Term Debt		45.83%	44.46%	40.46%	42.03%	50.39%	44.64%
Total Capital		100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Connecticut Water Service Inc.	CTWS						
Common Equity	• •	53.80%	56.07%	53,80%	52,36%	50.66%	53.34%
Preferred Stock		0.18%	0.19%	0,20%	0.20%	0.21%	0.20%
Long-Term Debt		46.02%	43.74%	46.00%	47.44%	49.13%	46.47%
Total Capital		100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100,00%	100.00%
Middlesex Water Co.	MSEX						
Common Equity		60,41%	59.43%	57.74%	57.75%	55.45%	58,16%
Preferred Stock		0.67%	0.70%	0.71%	0.88%	1.02%	0,80%
Long-Term Debt		38,91%	39.87%	41.54%	41.36%	43.53%	41.04%
Total Capital		100.00%	100,00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
SJW Corp.	SJW						
Common Equity		49.31%	50,20%	48,34%	48.91%	44.61%	48.27%
Preferred Stock		0.00%	0,00%	0,00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Long-Term Debt		50.69%	49,80%	51.66%	51.09%	55.39%	51.73%
Total Capital		100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100,00%	100.00%	100.00%
Vade Matas Ca	YORW						
York Water Co. Common Equity	TORW	57,40%	56.33%	55.19%	54.93%	54.02%	EE 671/
Preferred Stock		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	55.57% 0.00%
Long-Term Debt		42.60%	43.67%	44,81%	45,07%	45,98%	44.43%
Total Capital		100,00%	100,00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100,00%
Total Capital	•	100,0070	100,00%	100.007	100.00 N	100.0075	100,00%
Proxy Group Mean excluding AWW							
Common Equity		55.03%	55.19%	55.14%	54.43%	51.20%	54.20%
Preferred Stock		0.12%	0,13%	0.13%	0.16%	0.18%	0.14%
Long-Term Debt		44.85%	44.68%	44.72%	45.42%	48.62%	45.66%
Total Capital		100.00%	100.00%	100,00%	100,00%	100.00%	100.00%
Proxy Group Median excluding AWW							
Common Equity		54.17%	56.07%	55.19%	54,93%	50,66%	54.20%
Preferred Stock		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Long-Term Debt		45.83%	43.74%	44,81%	45,07%	49.13%	45.72%
Total Capital		100,00%	99.81%	100.00%	100,00%	99,79%	99.92%
American Water	AWK						
Common Equity		45.17%	46.00%	47.18%	47.41%	45.49%	46.25%
Preferred Stock		0.09%	0.11%	0.14%	0.17%	0.20%	0.14%
Long-Term Debt		54,74%	53.89%	52.68%	52.42%	54,32%	53.61%
Total Capital		100.00%	100,00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100,00%
Proxy Group Mean including AWW							
Common Equity		53.79%	54.04%	54.15%	53.55%	50.49%	53.21%
Preferred Stock		0.12%	0.13%	0.13%	0.16%	0.18%	0.14%
Long-Term Debt		46.09%	45,83%	45.72%	46.29%	49.33%	46.65%
Totał Capital		100.05%	100.00%	100,00%	100,00%	100,00%	100.00%

Source: Company 10-K's and annual reports