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004 Overview/Policy

Steven L. Lindsey

Direct Testimony

Laclede Gas Company; Missouri Gas Energy

GR-2017-0215; GR-2017-0216

LACLEDE GAS COMPANY MISSOURI GAS ENERGY

GR-2017-0215 GR-2017-0216

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

STEVEN L. LINDSEY

APRIL 2017

Lade Exhibit No. 004 Datel - 6-17 Reporter A.F. File NoGR-2017-0215, GR--2017-02 KG

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DIRECT TESTIMONY OF STEVEN L. LINDSEY

3

Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.

4 A. My name is Steven L. Lindsey, and my business address is 700 Market Street,
5 St. Louis, Missouri 63101.

6 Q. BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND IN WHAT CAPACITY?

A. On October 1, 2012, I joined Spire Inc. (Spire), formerly known as The Laclede
Group, Inc., as the Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer for
Distribution Operations. I also serve as Chief Executive Officer and President of
Laclede Gas Company ("Laclede" or "Company"). Laclede operates two utilities
in Missouri that serve nearly 1.2 million customers; its Laclede Gas operating unit
("LAC") serves customers in Eastern Missouri and its Missouri Gas Energy
operating unit ("MGE") serves customers in Western Missouri.

14 Q. WHERE WERE YOU EMPLOYED PRIOR TO JOINING SPIRE?

A. Prior to joining Spire, I was employed by AGL Resources, Inc. or its subsidiaries 15 16 for nearly 24 years. I served as AGL's Senior Vice President, Southern Operations of AGL Resources, Inc. and President of its Atlanta Gas Light, 17 Chattanooga Gas and Florida City Gas subsidiaries since December 2011. In 18 19 these roles, I managed the operations, top-line growth and strategic affairs of the 20 utilities. Before assuming that role, I served as Vice President and General Manager of Atlanta Gas Light and Chattanooga Gas from 2005 to 2011, 21 overseeing the day-to-day operations and market development of the utilities. 22 Prior to that, I held a variety of positions within Atlanta Gas Light, including: 23 Managing Director – marketing, new business & marketer services; Managing 24

1 Director, field operations; Manager, engineering & new construction supervisor;

2 Distribution Engineer; and Commercial and Industrial Representative.

3 Q. WHAT IS YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND?

4 A I am a graduate of the Georgia Institute of Technology, where I received a 5 bachelor's degree in mechanical engineering.

6 Q. HAVE YOU TESTIFIED IN OTHER REGULATORY PROCEEDINGS?

A. Yes. As part of my responsibilities with my prior employer, I had an opportunity
to submit testimony in a number of regulatory proceedings on a variety of
regulatory issues. I also submitted testimony in Laclede's and MGE's most
recent general rate case proceedings, Case Nos. GR-2013-0171 and GR-20140007, respectively, as well as Case No. GM-2013-0254, in which Laclede sought
and received Commission approval to acquire and operate MGE.

PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY

14 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS CASE?

13

The purpose of my testimony is to provide the Commission an overview of what 15 Α. we have been doing for our customers since our last rate cases in the 2013-14 16 time frame. Specifically, I will explain how our growth strategy has improved 17 safety and reliability, controlled costs, and advanced customer service. I will also 18 discuss the main drivers underlying our need for rate relief at this time and 19 important initiatives we are proposing in this case, which will be discussed in 20 more detail by Laclede's policy witness Lobser. Finally, I will introduce 21 Laclede's witnesses in this case. 22

1

OUR ROLE IN THE NATURAL GAS INDUSTRY

2 Q. AS CEO AND PRESIDENT OF LACLEDE, AND CHIEF OPERATING
3 OFFICER OF DISTRIBUTION OPERATIONS FOR SPIRE, WHAT ROLE
4 DO YOU AND OTHER SPIRE EMPLOYEES PLAY IN INDUSTRY
5 POLICY DISCUSSIONS?

A. Given our increasing scale, we believe it is important to actively participate in
such discussions, and many of our management employees take leadership
positions with industry organizations. We believe this leads to better safety and
reliability practices, energy policies, operational practices, and cyber security,
which ultimately benefits our customers and contributes to the economic health
and security of our nation.

Q. WHAT ARE SOME OF THE INDUSTRY ORGANIZATIONS IN WHICH SPIRE MEMBERS PARTICIPATE AND HAVE LEADERSHIP ROLES?

14 A. Spire is a member and has taken leadership roles in the following: American Gas 15 Association (AGA); Southern Gas Association (SGA); Missouri Association of Natural Gas Operators (MANGO); Missouri Energy Development Association 16 17 (MEDA); Common Ground Alliance (CGA) – National 811; Missouri One Call Systems (MOCS) - the Missouri 811; National Association of Corrosion 18 19 Engineers (NACE); and the American National Institute of Standards (ANSI) in 20 addition to numerous other federal and state organizations. Our active 21 involvement with these organizations ensures we have access to developing 22 trends, issues and opportunities to keep our companies performing at a high level to serve our customers, communities, and other constituents. 23

Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE CURRENT STATE OF THE NATURAL GAS INDUSTRY IN WHICH SPIRE AND LACLEDE OPERATE TODAY.

It is a tremendously exciting time to be involved in the natural gas industry. 3 A. Natural gas remains an essential part of America's energy mix, comprising one-4 fourth of all primary energy used in the United States. It also remains a highly 5 efficient source of energy, with a 92 percent efficiency rate from its extraction to 6 its ultimate end use applications. Most importantly, the availability and price of 7 natural gas supply has changed dramatically - and for the better - with the shale 8 revolution. This abundance of supply has had an extremely favorable impact on 9 natural gas prices. That said, we always recognize that natural gas is largely a 10 fuel of choice for our customers. Unlike electricity, there are other energy options 11 for almost all of our end uses. Therefore, our business approach and focus has to 12 be the same as it would be in any other competitive field. The Company's 13 ongoing efforts to "bend down" the cost curve, which would otherwise cause 14 regular increases in base rates, has also contributed to bills for our customers that 15 are lower today than they were a decade ago, even with the rate increase proposed 16 in these cases. We need to earn the business of our customers every day, and so 17 we strive to keep costs low, consistent with safety, reliability and quality service. 18 As I discuss below, the successful implementation of our growth strategy has 19 been a major contributor to our ability to achieve these goals. 20

21

GROWTH THROUGH ACQUITITIONS

Q. HOW HAS THE NATURAL GAS UTILITY INDUSTRY CHANGED IN
 THE LAST SEVERAL YEARS IN TERMS OF ACQUISITION
 ACTIVITY?

There has been an increase in the rate of mergers and acquisitions in the industry. A. 4 5 Gas utilities are not just being acquired by other natural gas companies, they are 6 now also being acquired by large electric companies, including Duke Energy, 7 which acquired Piedmont Natural Gas and Southern Company, which acquired my former employer, AGL Resources. We believe that after Congress settles on a 8 9 new tax structure the market will continue to be acquisitive. In addition, foreign investors have been active in the market. Particularly, Canadian tax structures are 10 11 generally more beneficial for acquirers and that has resulted in a number of 12 Canadian utilities acquiring U.S. utilities, with the most recent being Alta Gas' announcement of plans to buy WGL Holdings (the parent company of 13 14 Washington Gas Light).

Q. WHAT IS THE COMPANY'S POSITION ON THIS ACQUISITORY ACTIVITY?

A. It is often said if you are not a buyer then you are a seller. Our intent is to be on the
buyer side, not the seller. Our goal is to remain a strong corporation based in
Missouri. As I will explain further, we believe this strategy is best for our
customers, our investors, and Missouri. Based on the companies and customers we
have added over the past five years, we currently rank as the 4th largest pure play
natural gas company in the nation, with 1.7 million customers across five utilities in
three states.

Q. HOW DOES THIS GROWTH STRATEGY BENEFIT CUSTOMERS?

A. Growth through acquisitions benefits customers in many ways. Some examples are
it (i) improves safety and reliability; (ii) helps control costs; and (iii) advances
customer service. I want to add that while we emphasize cost control and quality of
service, safety always comes first, and we consider it our top value.

6 Q. STRATEGICALLY, HOW IS THIS ACCOMPLISHED?

Our growth has created scale to our enterprise, which provides a number of 7 A. 8 opportunities to create strategic advantages. Increased scale allows us to spread costs across a larger business and customer base, and the implementation of our 9 shared services model has allowed us to do so both efficiently and effectively. This 10 enables us to keep rates lower than they would have otherwise been, "bending down 11 the cost curve" from normal cost pressures. Our scale also means we can better 12 invest in more capable platforms and apply those platforms at a lower cost across 13 our business units to improve their effectiveness. Because we are a gas utility-14 focused enterprise, increased investment is focused on the utility, and our pipeline 15 replacement programs and other initiatives have benefitted from that. Scale means 16 we also benefit from having a large and diverse group of employees to provide a 17 high level of functional expertise in corporate and utility shared services and 18 implement better practices across each of our utilities. I say "better practices" 19 because "best practices" implies nothing better is possible and we always strive for 20 continuous improvement. The access these functions have to rich data and long 21 experiences from our five utilities helps us to constantly be looking for 22 improvement opportunities in all areas. 23

SAFETY AND RELIABILITY 1 MR. LINDSEY, HOW HAS SPIRE'S GROWTH IMPROVED SAFETY AND 2 Q. **RELIABILITY?** 3 A. Because of improved technology and our discipline to measure and monitor results, 4 we have discovered many opportunities to leverage the practices of one part of the 5 newly combined organization to help improve the others. Some of those actions 6 have directly enhanced safety and reliability though improvements in field 7 operations. 8 CAN YOU PROVIDE EXAMPLES OF IMPROVEMENTS RESULTING 9 Q. **FROM THOSE EFFORTS?** 10 Yes. The first example is leak response time. This is the time between when we 11 Α. receive notification of a possible gas leak and when our technician first arrives on 12 site. We have steadily reduced the average leak response time at LAC over the last 13 three years. 14 HOW WAS THIS ACCOMPLISHED? 15 Q. After the acquisition of MGE, we quickly noticed it had a better average leak 16 A. 17 response time than LAC. As with many of the practices in the operations area, we analyzed the processes and performance of both companies to understand the 18 similarities and differences. As a result of that analysis, we modified LAC's 19 dispatching and scheduling processes. Since then, LAC has realized a steady 20 improvement in this critical area. 21 CAN YOU PROVIDE ANOTHER EXAMPLE OF SAFETY-RELATED Q. 22 **IMPROVEMENTS RESULTING FROM THE INTEGRATION?** 23

1 Α. Yes. As mentioned, we closely analyzed a number of practices between our operating divisions. A main area of focus has been in the area of system integrity, 2 with a strong emphasis on infrastructure upgrades. Following the acquisition, 3 4 Laclede accelerated MGE's replacement schedule to reduce the timeline necessary to upgrade its aging infrastructure. In the three years before the acquisition, MGE 5 had replaced an average of 18.6 miles of main per year. In the first year after the 6 acquisition, it replaced more miles than the previous three years combined. 7 We have made steady progress at MGE moving from a pace that would have taken 8 nearly a century to complete the needed upgrades to less than 20 years. This was 9 done by putting in place a more strategic replacement program at MGE, similar to 10 11 LAC's, by working from a "master plan" approach that makes replacement projects both more efficient and effective. Both LAC and MGE are now on similar 12 infrastructure upgrade schedules on both sides of the state, which will provide long 13 term benefits to our customers. These benefits include a safer and more reliable 14 distribution system, reduced maintenance needs and lower future operating costs. 15

Q. ARE THERE OTHER AREAS OF SAFETY AND RELIABILITY WHERE YOU HAVE SEEN BETTER PERFORMANCE FOLLOWING THE INTEGRATION OF LACLEDE AND MGE?

A. Yes. The next example is third-party damage rate. We improved our system
integrity, safety and reliability by reducing the frequency of third-party damages to
our facilities. Prior to the acquisition, MGE did not have a functional department
dedicated to damage prevention and struggled in this area. The performance has
improved dramatically over the past several years.

1

Q. HOW WAS THIS ACCOMPLISHED?

A. LAC had developed a very successful process and committed dedicated resources to
reducing third-party damages. Again, as we analyzed the process and practices of
each company, we determined that adopting the LAC process could improve
performance at MGE. This required the addition of damage prevention coordinator
positions at MGE and the adoption many of the LAC enforcement practices such as
excavator education, damage investigation procedures and timely invoicing.

8 Q. HAS LACLEDE EXTENDED THIS FOCUS ON SAFETY BEYOND LAC 9 AND MGE?

Yes. For example, shortly after acquiring MGE and in the wake of the JJ's incident, Laclede, in collaboration with the Commission's safety staff, spearheaded a statewide effort to better coordinate the work of utility personnel and first responders (i.e. firefighters and law enforcement) in responding to natural gas emergencies. Among other initiatives, Laclede provided start-up funds to make an on-line training program and associated materials available to first responders throughout Missouri, and not just in the service territories of LAC and MGE.

17

CONTROLLING COSTS

18 Q. HOW HAS GROWTH THROUGH ACQUISITIONS HELPED CONTROL

19

THE COST TO SERVE CUSTOMERS?

A. Strategic growth clearly benefits our customers by enabling cost control opportunities that would not typically be available to a standalone natural gas company. In fact, we believe our strategic growth strategy is one of the best ways to slow the increase in the costs our customers would otherwise be facing. Smart,

1 strategic growth has allowed us to spread common corporate costs across a larger base in multiple jurisdictions. Stated another way, but for our success with this 2 3 strategy, our request in this case would have been meaningfully higher. A quick review of our case filing compared to the last rate cases at LAC and MGE confirms 4 5 substantial operating savings, particularly for A&G costs, even without taking into 6 account inflation. Laclede witness Flaherty provides a detailed analysis in his direct 7 testimony that quantifies the nature and magnitude of the significant cost savings that have been achieved by the Company as a result of the successful 8 implementation of its acquisition strategy. 9

10

ADVANCING CUSTOMER SERVICE

11 Q. HOW HAVE THESE ACQUISITIONS ADVANCED CUSTOMER 12 SERVICE?

A. There are a number of ways that customer service has been advanced. Again, our discipline and systems have helped us to monitor, identify and implement successful programs aimed at improving customer service on an ongoing basis. Through the sharing of ideas and "better practices" between the companies that make up the Spire family, we have been able to identify and incorporate across all of our customer service platforms more effective measures for providing higher quality utility service to our customers.

20 Q. CAN YOU GIVE EXAMPLES OF HOW GROWTH THROUGH

21 ACQUISITIONS HAS ADVANCED CUSTOMER SERVICE?

A. Yes. One example of improved performance is the number of estimated bills. An
 estimated bill is calculated using an estimated meter reading and therefore it is not

calculated on actual usage. There are a number of reasons a utility may have to 1 estimate a bill, but in general we strive to have that be the exception and not the 2 norm. Our customers are better served when we can render a bill on actual usage 3 instead of having to deal with potential discrepancies inherent in an estimation 4 process. Both LAC have MGE have continued to see steady progress on reducing 5 the number of estimated bills through continuous improvements and standardized 6 processes. As with the other improvements, practices at both companies were 7 analyzed and changes were made to facilitate the improvement. Another example 8 of improved customer service is the appointment attainment rate for customer 9 generated orders. By leveraging technology and process improvements, LAC has 10 been consistently able to offer more appointment windows and achieve a higher 11 appointment attainment rate, all while keeping a sharp focus on controlling costs. 12 These are only a few examples of Laclede's constant focus on finding ways to 13 better serve our customers. 14

15

Q. ARE THERE OTHER EXAMPLES OF IMPROVEMENTS IN CUSTOMER

16 SERVICE AS A RESULT OF SPIRE'S GROWTH?

A. Yes. The implementation of performance accountability in our call centers has significantly lowered the Average Speed of Answer and reduced the Abandonment Rate for calls, despite what I would call a normal transition period of working out the kinks from upgrading MGE customers to LAC's new billing system. This significant investment in improving IT platforms for MGE customers will also create an opportunity for further enhancements to our Customer Care & Billing System that are expected to be rolled out later this year. These enhancements will

1	give customers better 24/7 capabilities to manage their account, schedule service
2	work such as connection of service, make payment arrangements, or even get text
3	alerts – all of which enables better service to our customers.

4 Q. HAS MGE BENEFITED FROM OTHER ASPECTS OF BEING PART OF
5 LACLEDE?

A. Yes. We recently added MGE to Laclede's long and successful Dollar Help
program, providing additional energy assistance funds to low-income customers on
the western side of the state.

9 Q. HOW ELSE HAS SPIRE'S GROWTH HELPED THE CITIZENS OF 10 MISSOURI?

While many Missouri companies are becoming subsidiaries or divisions of growing 11 A. 12 organizations outside of the state, Spire is a growing company that calls Missouri home. In addition to hard-dollar economic benefits, we believe that having a 13 company like Spire based in Missouri brings a certain civic pride to our state as we 14 compare ourselves to others. This can play an important role in economic 15 development in both attracting new businesses and retaining and growing our 16 existing businesses in Missouri. 17

18 Q. DOES THE COMMISSION PLAY A ROLE IN THIS GROWTH 19 INITIATIVE?

A. Yes, in this very competitive environment, it is our hope that regulators will not
 adversely affect our ability to compete for growth opportunities on a level playing
 field. A Missouri company should not be placed at a disadvantage to companies
 from other states in pursuing an acquisition. At the same time, we recognize the

- Commission's role in protecting Missouri customers from any undue effects of such
 growth.
- 3

TRANSITION TO SPIRE

4 Q. PLEASE DISCUSS THE CORPORATE NAME CHANGE FROM THE 5 LACLEDE GROUP TO SPIRE INC.

A. All of the benefits of scale I discussed earlier aren't nearly as impactful if we 6 7 don't work together as one team with a common, customer-focused culture that always strives for continuous improvement. In order to realize the opportunities 8 presented by growth, we integrated our new companies with our existing 9 companies in a way that enhances operational efficiency and customer service. 10 To do so, we recognized the need to establish a focus and a culture throughout our 11 organization that identifies to our employees, our customers, and our communities 12 what we represent. As a company, we adopted a mission statement in which we 13 14 pledge to "answer every challenge, advance every community and enrich every life through the strength of our energy." 15

16 Q. HOW DOES THE TRANSITION TO SPIRE FURTHER THIS MISSION?

A. In St. Louis, our culture of achievement was identified by a reference to Pierre
Laclede, a merchant and visionary who founded the city of St. Louis on the banks
of the Mississippi in 1764. Now, as we spread our reach outside of Eastern
Missouri, first to Western Missouri, then to Central Alabama, and most recently
to Southern Alabama and Southeast Mississippi, we realized that we needed to
adopt a new corporate identity to bind our employees together and represent who
we are to our increasingly diverse customer base. We decided that rather than

1 make reference to a single person, we needed to identify who we are by adopting 2 a name that communicated who we *aspire* to be. The Laclede Group officially 3 transitioned to Spire in April of 2016 and we've been busy emphasizing our team 4 culture and philosophy with employees to create a greater ownership in how we 5 manage the business and serve our customer. We plan to roll out the Spire identity 6 to all our utility companies later this year.

Q. WILL THIS TRANSITION TO SPIRE IN ANY WAY LESSEN THE 8 COMPANY'S FOCUS ON THE LOCAL COMMUNITIES IT SERVES?

9 Quite the contrary. Spire represents our ongoing efforts to bring people and Α. 10 energy together in ways that enrich lives and improve the communities we serve. 11 We have deep ties to our local communities because we live and work with the 12 people we serve. We are dedicated to understanding our customers' needs and goals to better serve them today and tomorrow. Our transformation to Spire is a 13 14 logical next step that supports the successful execution of our strategy of growing 15 our company. In fact, moving to Spire will enable us to be even more involved 16 and supportive of the communities we proudly serve given the benefits of scale that were discussed earlier. Finally, we are enhancing our ability to support and 17 18 encourage our tremendous employees to be actively involved in the communities 19 in which they work and live through ongoing and new initiatives for corporate 20 social responsibility through our "Spire Serves" program.

22

21

<u>NEED FOR, AND THE TIMING OF, RATE RELIEF</u>

1 Q. LACLEDE FILED ITS LAST FEW RATE CASES IN DECEMBER. WHY

2

ARE YOU FILING THIS RATE CASE IN APRIL?

Α. There are two main reasons behind the timing of these cases: requirements of the 3 4 ISRS (Infrastructure System Replacement Surcharge) Statute and the 2013 5 Stipulation and Agreement in the MGE acquisition case, Case No. GM-2013-0254. 6 The ISRS Statute requires a gas utility to file a rate case within three years of 7 initiating the surcharge to begin recovering costs for replacement of critical ·8 infrastructure identified by the statute for accelerated replacement for safety 9 purposes. For LAC, that three year period expires on April 12, 2017. Although the expiration of MGE's three year period is not imminent, the 2013 Stipulation and 10 Agreement requires Laclede to file its next rate cases contemporaneously for LAC 11 and MGE. That said, by the time these rates go into effect, it will have been 12 roughly four years since our last general rate cases went into effect in 2013 and 13 2014. 14

15 Q. WHAT LEVEL OF RATE RELIEF ARE MGE AND LAC SEEKING IN THESE CASES?

A large part of the rate relief simply reflects a rebasing of the ISRS charges that
customers are already paying. As such, the incremental amount of rate relief being
sought by MGE is approximately \$37.0 million, while the incremental amount
being sought by LAC is approximately \$28.5 million. I should note that, if
approved by the Commission, these incremental amounts would be the first base
rate increases received by LAC and MGE for costs other than its safety and public
improvement ISRS investments since their rate cases in 2010 – more than seven

years ago – and these rates will likely not go into effect until 2018. This would still
 result in our average customer's overall bill being lower than it was a decade ago,
 despite having upgraded hundreds of miles of pipelines and making significant
 investments in new IT systems for both LAC and MGE during that time.

5 Q. HOW DOES THIS COMPARE TO PREVIOUS REQUESTS FOR RATE 6 RELIEF BY MGE AND LAC?

This rate case is significantly different than those of the past that were chiefly 7 A. 8 driven by operating expense increases. This requested rate increase is driven by 9 costs associated with substantial investments by the Company, above and beyond 10 those mentioned for pipeline safety, and recovery of other cash outlays for costs 11 deferred for later recovery and not included in rates these past seven years. 12 Offsetting those cost pressures is the lower operating expense I noted earlier, which 13 is driven by an A&G level that's significantly lower than not just our rate cases in 14 2013/2014, but also those all the way back to 2010. As I discussed above, much of 15 this is a result of the growth strategy that has been successfully implemented by Spire and LGC over the past several years -a strategy that has allowed us to make 16 good on our promise to the Commission to "bend down" the cost curve that 17 18 historically led LAC and MGE to seek significantly larger and more frequent rate 19 increases in the past.

20 Q. WHAT ARE THE DRIVERS FOR THE INCREMENTAL, NON-ISRS 21 INCREASES BEING SOUGHT IN THESE CASES?

A. The most significant driver is the need to begin recovery of costs related to over
\$200 million in rate base growth from those non-ISRS capital investments and

1		deferred cash outlays that have been made by MGE and LAC since their last rate
2		cases. These include upgraded IT systems, support of energy efficiency and low-
3		income programs for customers, and pension and other benefit obligations for our
4		employees. It also includes the impact of inflation on those base-level operating
5		costs we could not cut. Remarkably, after roughly four years, all of these cost
6		drivers are being accommodated by the relatively modest increases being sought by
7		MGE and LAC in this proceeding due, in no small measure, to the offsetting costs
8		reductions the Company has achieved as a result of its growth strategy and other
9		efficiency initiatives.
10	Q.	IN ADDITION TO RATE RELIEF DOES THE COMPANY HAVE OTHER
11		OBJECTIVES TO ACCOMPLISH IN THIS CASE?
12	A.	Yes. Those objectives are summarized at length in the testimony of Laclede
13		witness Lobser, and are briefly mentioned in the next section below.
14		OVERVIEW OF COMPANY'S DIRECT TESTIMONY
15	Q.	PLEASE PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF THE COMPANY'S WITNESSES
16		AND THE ISSUES THEY ARE ADDRESSING IN THESE PROCEEDINGS?
17	A.	Eric Lobser is Vice-President - Regulatory & Governmental Affairs for Spire Inc.
18		Mr. Lobser has served in a number of finance-related positions with LGC over the
19		past 26 years, including Managing Director of Strategic Planning and Corporate
20		Development. His testimony addresses the Company's major regulatory and
21		ratemaking proposals in these proceedings. These include, among others, proposals
22		aimed at: (a) the benefits of further integrating LAC and MGE with more consistent
23		state-wide regulatory and operational platforms, with a goal of providing customers

1 consistent regulatory treatment and predictable service regardless of which side of 2 the state they are located; (b) improving opportunities for organic growth and enhancing economic development in its jurisdictions through rates designed to 3 cover their incremental costs while providing current customers the rate benefit of 4 the added scale; and (c) making enhancements to regulatory structures to: 1) 5 6 prevent over or under-recoveries of the residential and commercial revenues 7 authorized by the Commission due factors beyond the Company's control while 8 also reducing the reliance on a high customer charge and complex rate designs, 2) 9 reduce the disincentive for necessary and beneficial expenditures for environmental 10 compliance requirements, integrity management and cybersecurity expenses for 11 critical infrastructure, and major capital projects necessary for the business that 12 might otherwise be delayed under typical regulatory treatment, and 3) introduce greater accountability and incentives for achieving safety, reliability, customer 13 14 service and cost management benefits for customers.

Pauline Ahern, a consultant with ScottMadden, Inc., is supporting our rate of 15 return and return on equity. Ms. Ahern is a recognized and well-respected expert 16 17 on these topics. She is a Certified Rate of Return Analyst, and has testified before 18 thirty-one state regulatory commissions in the United States and Canada, including 19 representing MGE, Ameren, and Missouri American Water before this 20 Commission. She provides the analytical foundation for the reasonable and 21 competitive return on equity required by Laclede to attract the capital needed to 22 continuing upgrading its critical utility infrastructure.

Glenn Buck is the Director, Regulatory and Finance, for Laclede. He has 30 years'
 experience with Laclede and has provided regulatory and financial support in more
 than a dozen rate cases. Mr. Buck is providing testimony on a variety of issues,
 including capital structure, pensions, OPEBs, and the proposed revenue
 stabilization mechanism.

Keri Feldman is Laclede's Manager of Operations Accounting. Ms. Feldman has
a MBA and over 10 years' experience with Laclede. She is sponsoring the
Companies' revenue needs and many of the accounting adjustments needed to
arrive at those revenues.

10 Thomas Flaherty is Senior Vice President in the Power and Utilities Practice of 11 Strategy&. Mr. Flaherty is one of the nation's foremost experts on regulatory 12 issues, including cost allocation, a topic which he will testify on in these cases. He 13 has testified in cases in the majority of states, including seven cases in Missouri. As 14 I previously noted, he will also quantify the shared services cost savings that have 15 been achieved as a result of the acquisition activities of Spire and Laclede.

Lew Keathley is a Senior Analyst in Laclede's Regulatory Affairs Department. Mr. Keathley has extensive regulatory experience with American Water and now Laclede. Mr. Keathley has testified before Commissions in several Midwestern states. He will testify on the respective rate bases that should be used to establish rates for LAC and MGE.

Tim Krick is the Managing Director and Controller for Spire, and is also Laclede's Controller. He has a host of valuable experience in cost accounting with other companies and he has brought that experience to Laclede. He will testify on cost

allocations and the level of uncollectible expense that should be recognized in these
 cases.

Chuck Kuper is the Director of Tax and External Financial Reporting for Spire. He
will testify on tax issues for LAC and MGE. Mr. Kuper has 30 years of experience
in tax accounting, both at public accounting firms and in-house positions.

6 Tim Lyons is a Partner at the consulting firm of ScottMadden, Inc. Mr. Lyons will 7 be testifying on the Companies' class cost of service and cash working capital. He 8 has over 30 years' experience in the energy industry, both with utilities and 9 consultants, and has testified in numerous regulatory proceedings.

Mike Noack is Director of Pricing and Regulatory Affairs for Laclede. He served in a similar role for MGE for 13 years before MGE was acquired by Laclede. Prior to that, Mr. Noack had extensive experience in accounting and started his own energy consulting business. He is a CPA, and he will testify regarding the expenses that should be included in the revenue requirements for LAC and MGE.

Scott Weitzel is Laclede's Manager of Tariffs and Rate Administration. He started
 his career with CenterPoint Energy, and worked for Ameren for nine years before
 joining Laclede in 2016. He will testify on tariff issues, including integration of
 Laclede and MGE tariffs.

For the Commission's convenience, presented below is a table that provides a short
 summary of Laclede witnesses and the testimony they will be sponsoring.

2122WitnessTopic23Pauline M. AhernReturn on Equity; Rate of Return2425Glenn W. BuckCost of Capital26Capital Structure

1			Mechanics of Implementing Policies	
2			Miscellaneous	
3				
4		Keri E. Feldman	Revenues and Accounting Adjustments	
5				
6		Thomas J. Flaherty	Cost Allocations	
7				
8 9		Lewis E. Keathley	Rate Base	
9 10		Timothy W. Krick	Uncollectible Evenence	
11		Thirdary W. Klick	Uncollectible Expense Internal Cost Allocation Mechanics	
12			Internal Cost Anocation Mechanics	
13		Chuck J. Kuper	Income Tax	
14		1		
15		C. Eric Lobser	Policy	
16				
17		Timothy S. Lyons	Cash Working Capital	
18			Class Cost of Service	
19				
20 21		Michael R. Noack	Expenses; Revenue Requirement	
21 22		Scott A. Weitzel	Tailt Ohan	
22		Scott A. Wenzel	Tariff Changes	
23 24			Customer Class Changes	
25				
26	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?		
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27	А.	Yes.		



BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

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In the Matter of Laclede Gas Company's Request to Increase its Revenues for Gas Service

File No. GR-2017-0215

In the Matter of Laclede Gas Company d/b/a Missouri Gas Energy's Request to Increase its Revenues for Gas Service

File No. GR-2017-0216

SS.

AFFIDAVIT

STATE OF MISSOURI

CITY OF ST. LOUIS

Steven L. Lindsey, of lawful age, being first duly sworn, deposes and states:

1. My name is Steven L. Lindsey. I am Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer for Distribution Operations for Spire, Inc. and President of Laclede Gas Company. My business address is 700 Market St., St Louis, Missouri, 63101.

2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my direct testimony on behalf of Laclede Gas Company and MGE.

3. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to the questions therein propounded are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Steven L. Lindsey

Subscribed and sworn to before me this $\frac{3 \, \text{nd}}{2017}$ day of $\frac{2017}{2017}$.

Maria A. Spongler Notary Public

