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Sponsoring Party: Missouri Propane Gas Association Type of Exhibit: Rebuttal Testimony Case No.: GR-2014-0086

Date Testimony Prepared: July 9, 2014

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Summit Natural Gas of)	
Missouri, Inc.'s Filing of Revised Tariffs)	Case No. GR-2014-0086
To Increase Its Annual Revenues For)	
Natural Gas Service)	

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF
BRIAN T. BROOKS
ON BEHALF OF THE
MISSOURI PROPANE GAS ASSOCIATION
JULY 9, 2014

NP

Date 8-12-14 Reporter XF File No. G-R-2014-0086

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF BRIAN T. BROOKS ON BEHALF OF THE MISSOURI PROPANE GAS ASSOCIATION

JULY 9, 2014

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I. Introduction

- 2 Q 1: Please state your name, occupation and business address.
- A: My name is Brian T. Brooks. I am the Hearth Products Manager for Brooks Gas

 Company. My business address is 209 S. Clay, Marshfield, MO 65706.
- 5 Q 2: Please describe your experience and qualifications.
- A: I am the fourth generation of my family to work in the propane business. I have a 6 7 B.S. degree in Finance from Metropolitan State University of Denver. I have worked 8 at Brooks Gas Company for six and a half years and currently manage all aspects of 9 our hearth and BBQ retail division. In addition, I assist in the daily customer service 10 related operations of the propane business. I regularly develop new marketing strategies and provide management with information relating to retaining and 11 growing not only our existing customer base, but new customers as well. I am 12 familiar with all aspects of the propane business. 13
- I am actively involved in the Missouri Propane Gas Association as a Board Member representing District 6, serving as a Board Member since the spring of 2014. I am also a founding member of the National Hearth Patio and Patio and BBQ

 Association's Young Guns Committee.
- 18 Q 3: On whose behalf are you appearing in this proceeding?
- 19 A: I am appearing on behalf of the Missouri Propane Gas Association ("MPGA").
- 20 II. PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY
- 21 Q 4: What is the purpose of your testimony in this proceeding?
- A: The purpose of my testimony is to respond to the Applicant's witnesses and some of the witnesses who testified at the local public hearings. In particular, I address issues

1		relating to policy and certain business practices of Summit Natural Gas of Missouri,
2		Inc. ("SNG") that make it difficult for propane providers to compete on a fair and
3		level playing field. These include:
4		(1) Conversion costs, improper conversions of customer appliances, and other
5		business practices;
6		(2) Rates set below cost-of-service to unfairly drive customer conversions; and
7		(3) Support for SNG's proposal to end its Free Conversion Program.
8		The MPGA does not ask for or expect special treatment; however, it is asking this
9		Commission to ensure that SNG adheres to fair business practices and competes for
10		customers on a fair and level playing field.
11	III.	Conversion costs
11	III. Q 5:	Conversion costs? What are conversion costs?
12		What are conversion costs?
12 13		What are conversion costs? A: Conversion costs are the costs incurred to convert a customer from propane to natural
12 13 14		What are conversion costs? A: Conversion costs are the costs incurred to convert a customer from propane to natural gas, or from natural gas to propane. Typically, these costs include labor, orifice kits,
12 13 14 15	Q 5:	What are conversion costs? A: Conversion costs are the costs incurred to convert a customer from propane to natural gas, or from natural gas to propane. Typically, these costs include labor, orifice kits, gas valves, and/or new appliances.
12 13 14 15	Q 5:	What are conversion costs? A: Conversion costs are the costs incurred to convert a customer from propane to natural gas, or from natural gas to propane. Typically, these costs include labor, orifice kits, gas valves, and/or new appliances. What does it typically cost a customer to convert from propane to natural gas?
12 13 14 15 16	Q 5:	 What are conversion costs? A: Conversion costs are the costs incurred to convert a customer from propane to natural gas, or from natural gas to propane. Typically, these costs include labor, orifice kits, gas valves, and/or new appliances. What does it typically cost a customer to convert from propane to natural gas? A: The current out of pocket cost for a customer to convert to Natural Gas is minimal;
12 13 14 15 16 17	Q 5:	 What are conversion costs? A: Conversion costs are the costs incurred to convert a customer from propane to natural gas, or from natural gas to propane. Typically, these costs include labor, orifice kits, gas valves, and/or new appliances. What does it typically cost a customer to convert from propane to natural gas? A: The current out of pocket cost for a customer to convert to Natural Gas is minimal; however, this does not mean that there are not significant costs to start service. SNG

¹ SNG's Response to MPGA Data Request 1.6, attached as Exhibit 1 hereto.

SNG, the customer is never informed of the true cost of converting to natural gas.

Customers would be more likely to consider the implications of converting from propane if they were responsible and aware of the true cost of converting. Instead, the cost is hidden in SNG's rates, effectively making all customers pay to subsidize the conversion costs for new customers.

6 Q 7: Is it important for customers to know the true conversion costs when they are considering switching from propane to natural gas?

A: Yes, it is very important.

9 Q 8: Why is it important?

A: Conversions from propane to natural gas at no or low cost to customers could trap those customers who could not easily reconvert back to propane once natural gas prices go up. Because SNG subsidizes conversions, and only informs customers in the fine print of their contract, many are unware that there would be a substantial cost to convert back to propane. Customers would be trapped because the natural gas rates were understated and the true costs would be higher in future rate cases. As it sits now, customers wanting to switch back to propane frequently experience shock and disbelief when presented with an estimate to convert back. If anything, the Commission should require SNG to provide customers with a cost estimate of reasonably known expenses to convert back if they are unhappy with their natural gas service—much like a HUD-1 form for mortgage settlements.

Q 9: On page 17, lines 16-17 of SNG witness James M. Anderson's testimony, he states: "All of the Company's customers have the option to switch back to a competing fuel." Is this true?

A: Technically, yes. However, it is not economically feasible for a majority of the customers wanting to do so. For example, at the Warsaw Local Public Hearing, Mr. Douglas Fredrick, owner of a chicken farm operation, testified about switching back from natural gas to propane: "...I could go and put a 30,000 gallon tank in...". If Mr. Fredrick is no longer in possession of his storage tank, which his testimony would lead one to believe, the cost of a 30,000 gallon tank would run between \$60,000 to \$90,000, depending on age and condition. Add in the cost of gas lines and conversion materials, it could easily exceed \$100,000. As for residential customers, I have attached Exhibit 2 that better outlines typical costs for a residential customer to convert back to propane.

Q 10: Are you aware of any other conversion issues?

A: Yes. There have been instances of SNG improperly converting vent-free appliances.

I can recount one from my personal experience. See Exhibit 3 attached. In addition, in the summer of 2012, I had a brief informal conversation with the President of SNG, Dave Moody. When I asked Mr. Moody about SNG and their practice of converting vent-free appliances, Mr. Moody told me that they used proper pilots, orifices and followed manufacture guidelines. I respectfully suggested that he review the practice and that most vent-free appliance companies did not allow conversion of their products.

² Transcript of Warsaw Local Public Hearing, page 13, lines 2-8.

Most homeowners are not aware that conversions are not allowed per code and manufacturer's instructions. See Exhibit 4 attached. Improper conversion can lead to equipment malfunction, injury, and possible fatalities. SNG should be required to convert only appliances that are approved and listed to be converted by, but not limited to, national codes, certification agencies, and manufacturers.

Q11: Are you aware of any other business practices that are anti-competitive?

A: Yes. Item 10 in SNG's customer contracts states: "For safety purposes, applicant agrees not to use propane inside of any structure using natural gas." See Exhibit 5 attached. MPGA is not aware of any safety issues that arise from using both types of fuel inside the same building. Most installations where both types of fuel are used would dictate that the propane is servicing a single appliance. Further, having propane on the premises would not pose a threat to SNG's equipment or service lines. MPGA believes this is anti-competitive because it specifically prohibits customers from making a choice concerning the fuel type used. SMNG's Tariff Sheet No. 55 effective, April 15, 1995, does not address this issue, and Sheet No. 55 effective, December 1, 2000 does not address this issue. Sheet No. 55 with an effective date of July 24, 2003 is the only instance where this is addressed. See Exhibit 6 attached. If the use of different fuels is a legitimate safety issue, it is inconceivable that it took SNG and its predecessors almost twenty (20) years to address the issue. Moreover, the proposed tariff, P.S.C. MO No. 3, filed for this rate case, does not address

Moreover, the proposed tariff, P.S.C. MO No. 3, filed for this rate case, does not address the use of other fuels. Because of this, MPGA believes that line 10 should be removed from SNG's customer contract because it is in direct conflict with their proposed tariff and unnecessary from a safety standpoint.

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IV. RATES SET BELOW COST-OF-SERVICE TO DRIVE CUSTOMER CONVERSIONS

Q 12: SNG witness Michelle Moorman stated on page 9, lines 17-20 of her direct testimony with respect to the rate increase in Branson, they are "...avoiding assigning the full cost of the system to early moving customers." What does that mean?

A: Because SNG currently is not charging an appropriate rate to their customers in the Branson areas, the large rate increase request is making customers experience rate shock and a feeling of being thrown under the bus. Branson's Mayor Raeanne Presley testified at the Branson Local Public Hearing the she felt customers were not given "adequate notification" that the true costs of service would not be recovered through the introductory teaser rates, and that only through significant rate increases would SNG be able to recover its costs.³ Further, SNG and its predecessors have established that it is underpricing its product in order to drive customer conversions. SNG's own expert witness, Kent Taylor, has testified in his Direct Testimony at page 13, lines 11-13, that "As can be inferred from an inspection of the full revenue requirement shown in Schedule KDT-4, Exhibit 3, the required rate increase is considered excessive by SNG's management." By not using the revenue requirements established by Mr. Taylor, SNG will have a shortfall in Branson of \$4.5 million and \$800,000 in Warsaw. If SNG is proposing a revenue shortfall now, one can logically infer that future substantial rate increases will be necessary—not for equity return for investors, but to maintain and ensure the safety of the equipment and the reliability of providing service. If SNG had from the first day of service in Branson charged the appropriate amount to recover their costs of service, people such

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³ Transcript of Branson Local Public Hearing, page 7, lines 3-10.

⁴ Taylor Direct, Schedule KDT-4, Exhibit 4, page 1.

l as Mayor Presley would have a clearer understanding of what they were signing up for. SNG, by admitting that it is not generating sufficient revenue to cover its costs in 2 Branson and Warsaw, cannot reasonably assure customers in other service areas that 3 they are not subsidizing expansion and maintenance of equipment in Branson and Warsaw. 5

Q 13: Why is this important to MPGA?

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A: It is important to MPGA because its members must compete for customers with SNG. Market forces determine what propane companies can charge for providing propane service. If the Commission sets rates that are artificially low and not based on costof-service, it unfairly skews the market. From MPGA's standpoint, competition is welcome, but MPGA's members would like a fair and level playing field.

V. MPGA Supports SNG's Proposal to End Its Free Conversion Program

Q14: On page 14, lines 1-11 of her direct testimony, SNG witness Martha Wankum proposes to amend the Free Conversion Program, instead offering the service to new customers for a charge. Do you agree with her proposal?

> A: Yes. This program has been in place for 10 years. The program made sense when natural gas was not at an economic advantage over competing fuels, but that has not been the case for several years due to the low price natural gas has enjoyed. Under current circumstances, not charging for conversion costs would provide SNG with an unfair advantage over the small propane businesses that SNG competes with daily.

O 15: Does this complete your testimony?

A: Yes it does.

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

Summit Natural Gas of Missouri Inc.'s) File No. GR-2014-0086 Filing of Revised Tariffs to Increase Its) Annual Revenues for Natural Gas Service)
AFFIDAVIT OF BRIAN T. BROOKS
STATE OF MISSOURI)
COUNTY OF WEBSTEL)
Brian T. Brooks, being first duly sworn on his oath, states:
1. My name is Brian T. Brooks. I am The Hearth Products Manager and Assistant
Office Manager for Brooks Gas Company. My business address is 209 S. Clay, Marshfield, MO
65706.
2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Rebuttal Testimony
on behalf of the Missouri Propane Gas Association, consisting of pages, all of which have
been prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in the above-referenced docket.
2. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to
the questions therein propounded are true and correct.
Bristo T. Brooks
Subscribed and sworn to before me thisday of July, 2014.
Hotary Public
My commission expires: $\frac{9/33}{3014}$
DARCY A. WHITEHURST Notary Public – Notary Seal STATE OF MISSOURI Webster County My Commission Expires Sept. 23, 2014 Commission #10449908

Missouri Propane Gas Association

Data Request

Data Request No.

1.6

Company Name

Summit Natural Gas of Missouri, Inc.

Case/Tracking No.

GR-2014-0086

Date Requested

5/20/2014

Requested From

Martha Wankum

Requested By

Terry Jarrett

Description

Please provide the following information: The current average cost for Summit to convert a customer from propane to natural gas services for the following customer classes: General Service, Optional General Service, Commercial Service, Large General Service, Large Volume

Service, and Missouri School Pilot Program.

Due Date

6/9/2014

Security

Public

RESPONSE:

SNGMO currently pays 3rd party conversion contractors for small commercial and residential homes (General Service, Optional General Service and Commercial Service) \$650 to set the gas meter, complete tie-in and convert up to 3 appliances in the service areas where the tariff allows.

Response Provided by: Dave Moody

Brooks Exhibit |

Conversion kits average \$20-\$50 per appliance. Some can be as high as \$200-300 (gas dryers, fireplaces, etc...)

The labor required to convert an appliance varies by type, but most take less than an hour per unit.

Water heaters are brand specific in regards to converting, however, most cannot be converted from natural gas to propane. (See AO Smith instruction). Water heaters can range from \$500 for a standard vent, to over \$1800 for power vented models.

Vent-free appliances cannot be converted from one fuel to another. If they were originally LP and converted to natural when the customer switched, the appliance should not be in service. Vent-free logs and heaters can run anywhere from \$200 for a small heater to over \$1000 for a quality vent-free log. (See Vent Free Alliance sheet attached)

The customer would also be responsible for an tank setting fees and running the lines from the tank to the house.

In my opinion, a customer that had a furnace, water heater, and gas log, all of average quality, would spend in excess of \$1500.00 to convert back to propane. This does not include the line from tank to house or cost of gas delivered.

Brooks Exhibit 2



P (417) 468-2549 | F (417) 468-4121 209 South Clay Street, Marshfield, MO 65706 | brooksgas.com

July 9, 2014

who is no longer residing at the above address, contacted the office in either December 2010 or January 2011 with and requested a service call to fix a pilot not staying lit on her vent-free gas log.

When I arrived at the residence, the gas log pilot was not staying lit. Basic troubleshooting and cleaning did not solve the issue. Further diagnosing indicated that the ODS pilot was no longer working and a replacement was needed. Reviewing the data plate for pertinent information, I noticed that the model number indicated that the log was originally manufactured for LP Gas.

I informed the customer that the vent-free gas log was originally propane and had been converted to natural gas. I then informed her that I was red tagging the appliance, taking it out of service, and the gas log could not be used or repaired. I told her the only option for them to have a gas log was to purchase a new unit. I gave her a rough estimate of our cost of replacing the log and informed her of other companies that could provide the same services.

Shortly thereafter, learning requested that our company convert her home back to propane because she felt unsafe that SMNG improperly converted appliances, and by doing so could have posed danger to her and her family.

Brian Brooks

Brooks Exhibit 3 (Public)



WATER HEATER BULLETIN

Date:

December 20, 1999

Subject: Gas Water Heater Conversion Policy

No. 137 Rev. 2

To:

All Accounts

GAS WATER HEATER CONVERSION POLICY

All A.O. Smith Water Products Company's residential and commercial gas water heaters are designed certified by CSA or UL, under ANSI Standards for operation on one type of gas only, as indicated on the water heater's model number and rating plate.

A.O. Smith realizes that there may be certain situations where a field conversion may be necessary and in order to facilitate such a conversion, A. O. Smith complies with CSA or UL regulations ensuring that a field conversion be appropriately and safely completed.

An improper field conversion from one type of gas to another could cause potentially dangerous conditions that may cause an explosion or fire resulting in property damage, bodily injury or both.



A.O. SMITH WILL ONLY ALLOW THE CONVERSION OF GAS WATER HEATERS FROM LP GAS (PROPANE) TO NATURAL GAS. THE CONVERSION OF A GAS WATER HEATER FROM NATURAL GAS TO LP GAS (PROPANE) IS NOT ALLOWED UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES.

A.O. Smith will provide kits as demand warrants through our Parts Department, phone no.
 1-800-433-2545. Prices, dimensions and specifications are subject to change without notice.

Each conversion kit is to be installed by an A.O. Smith service agent or a gas utility serviceman in accordance with A.O. Smith's written instructions and all codes and requirements of the authority having jurisdiction. Failure to follow instructions could result in serious injury or property damage. The utility performing this work assumes responsibility for this conversion.

Changing the Input on Gas Water Heaters

The only changes to the input of a gas water heater allowed are:

Adjustments to match that shown on the rating plate of the heater. The installation instructions supplied with the heater indicate if adjustments to input are a required procedure.

Changes made as required to adjust the heater for proper operation at high altitude as determined by a qualified service technician. Service manuals include the proper procedure for adjusting heaters at high altitudes.

Conversion of Gas Water Heaters

The conversion of LP gas (Propane) to Natural gas is ONLY allowed providing:

The conversion is done as part of a gas utility's program where propane appliances were installed anticipating the completion of natural gas service to the area. The conversion must be done under the direct supervision of the utility and by their service representatives.

Claims of damage or injury arising from the unauthorized conversion of any A.O. Smith water heater not design certified for conversion will be the complete and total responsibility of the person or entity making the conversion.

If you have any questions regarding the above policy, please contact the A.O. Smith Parts Department at 1-800-433-2545 or our Technical Information Center at 1-800-527-1953.

A.O. SMITH WATER PRODUCTS CO., INC. 5621 W. 115TH STREET • ALSIP, ILLINOIS 60803

PHONE: 1-809-433-2545
FAX: 1-809-433-2515 • www.hotwater.com

Printed in the U.S.A. 2574 04/00

No. 137 Rev. 2

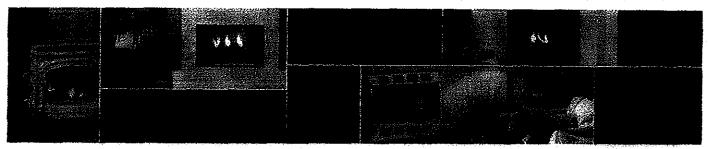


^{*} This supersede all previous letters and field bulletins concerning residential and commercial water heater conversion.



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HOME PUBLICATIONS SAFETY NEWS CONSUMERINFO PRESCRIATIONS MEMBERS/DEALERS TECHNICAL CODES EXHIBITS



Information on Safety

Letter from Consumer Products Safety Commission and Safety of Vent-Free Cas-Applicates

🚈 Click have to down bad so ke

Response of the VeotsFree Gas Products Alliance to Critique of the American Lung Association and their "Health Home" Partners Reat & Glo. Reatilator, Qoadea-Fire (HCT)

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Answers to Comments
Concerning Vent-Free Safety
Read more:

Information on Vent Free Car in 1936 Allfindes Read work,

SAFETY

ShareThis 🔬 🔬 🗭



The Vent-Free Gas Products Alliance has teamed up with the nonprofit Home Safety Council to support fire and life safety educators in local fire departments across America. Through Home Safety Council's Expert Network of more than 5,000 safety advocates, the partnership supports delivery of accurate home safety information, including important tips for safe home heating."

Sue Walker
 Chairman of the Vent-Free Alliance
 "Proud Supporter of the Home Safety Council"

A unique system called an Oxygen Detection Safety-pilot, or ODS

Oxygen Detection Safety-pilot (ODS) technology was adopted by all U.S. manufacturers for all vent-free gas products in the early 1980s.

ODS technology originated in Europe, where it has been used for more than half a century with an outstanding record of safety. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) accident/incident data compiled since 1980 show no documented deaths due to emissions associated with the use of an ODS-equipped vent-free gas heating appliance. Industry engineers say the ODS pilot is to gas what a circuit breaker is to electricity.

HOW THE ODS WORKS

The ODS system consists of three main components:

- a precisely designed, oxygen sensitive pilot burner that regulates flame characteristics;
- a thermocouple positioned in the mantle of the pilot flame; and
- a safety shut-off valve.

The pilot is designed to be stable within a very narrow operating range. The thermocouple responds to changes in the pilot same characteristics and, when heated, generates a millivoltage, which keeps the gas supply valve in the open position. If low levels of oxygen are detected by the ODS system, the slame extinguishes. The loss of slame causes the thermocouple to cool. This cooling reduces the millivoltage, which causes the gas valve to return to its normally closed position, thus turning off the suel supply to the appliance. This extinguishes the slame and the pilot. The unit will not operate until the living space is properly ventilated and adequate oxygen is introduced, and the pilot is relighted.

IT'S TAMPER-RESISTANT

Every ODS system contains a precision orifice. This orifice will disintegrate with any attempt at drilling it out to enlarge the pilot flame. Additionally, it is not interchangeable with a normal standing pilot. Furthermore, propane and natural gas vent-free products cannot be converted from one type of gas to another.



☐ Hollister Office

215 gage Dr., Ste. G Hollister, MO 65672 Phone: (800) 927-0787

Fax: (417) 239-1554

☐ Mt. Grove Office 500 W. 19th St Mt. Grove, MO 65711

Phone: (800) 927-0787 Fax: (417) 926-7538

Case No GR-2014-0086 1201 Deadra Dr Lebanon, MO 65536 Phone: (800) 927-0787 Fax: (417) 588-3500

	CATION AND USAGE/SALES AGREEMENT
☐ General Service Rate-GS (\$10.00 Customer Charge ^{3A})	RATE RESIDENTIAL Optional General Service Rate (No Customer Charge ¹⁸)
GENERAL SERVICE General Service Rate-GS (\$15.00 Customer Charge ^{IA})	RATE COMMERCIAL Optional General Service Rate (No Customer Charge ²⁰)
□ OWNER □ BUILDER □ RENTER* Non Shut-off Agreement *Renter needs to establish account by calling SNG. Applicants Name: Last First MI	Date of Application: Phone # Home: ()
Co-applicants Name: Last First MI	Office/Work: () Cell: () Email: Emergency Contact: Emergency Phone: () Billing Address: (if different) City: St: Zip:
Per the tariff currently on file with the Missouri Public Service Commission (MPSC), Summit Natural Gas of MO, Inc. (SNG) as a utility is allowed to contribute up to \$ for the service line necessary to serve your residence. The applicant is responsible for any cost that exceeds SNG's contribution. The estimated cost to provide service to this residence is \$ The applicant's portion of this cost is estimated to be \$ 2. The applicant's portion of the cost will be billed after the service line is installed and gas is available fot the residence. If the applicant is not using natural gas within 30 days of gas being available, the applicant agrees to pay SNG the total cost of installation, which is estimated to be \$ 3. Option A includes a per month fixed customer charge, however has a lesser charge for gas used. Option B does not include a per month fixed customer charge, however consists solely of a higher charge for gas. 4. Applicant authorizes SNG and its contractors access to the property fo installation of the service line. Cancellation of this agreement must be received in writing prior to the installation of the service line. If the service line is installed prior to written cancellation, the applicant will be responsible for all installation charges. 5. It may be necessary to change the location of the service line due to rocks, trees, septic lines, etc. Applicant agrees to the location of the service line. If SNG is unable to obtain sufficient number of customers for the area to warrant construction of if the applicant is not willing to pay any cost that exceeds the estimate in paragraph 1, then	SNG may elect to not provide service to the residence, without any liability. 6. Applicant shall provide SNG with the location of all underground septic tanks, leach fields, propane lines, electric lines, or any other service line for any other utilities located on the applicant's property. (Please use paint, flags, etc. to identify). 7. SNG and its contractors are not responsible for damage to unmarked facilities as mentioned in paragraph 6. 8. SNG, or its contractors, will attempt to resore the ground back to the same condition it was prior to digging; however, if more attention is necessary, it will be the applicant's responsibility. 9. Applicant agrees to have at least two appliances, one of which must be either a hot water heater or a furnace using gas at the time of meter installation. 10. For safety purposes, applicant agrees not to use propane inside of any structure using natural gas. 11. Applicant agrees to begin using natural gas within 30 days of gas being available. 12. At SNG's discretion or upon your first delinquent payment, SNG may choose to perform a credit check and may require a deposit which will be refundable after 12 months if there are no additional delinquent payments.
Applicant's Signature	Co-Applicant's Signature
	Summit Natural Gas Rep Signature

Brooks Exhibit 5



☐ Hollister Office 215 Gage Dr., Ste. G Hollister, MO 65672 Phone: (800) 927-0787 Fax: (417) 239-1554 ☐Mt. Grove Office 500 W 19th St Mt. Grove, MO 65711 Phone: (800) 927-0787 Fax: (417) 926-7538 DLebanon Office 1201 Deardra Dr Lebanon, MO 65536 Phone: (800) 927-0787 Fax: (417) 588-3500

LARGE GENERAL SERVICE APPLICATION AND USE/SALES AGREEMENT LARGE GENERAL SERVICE RATE COMMERCIAL (\$50.00 Customer Charge)

	LDER RENTER* Cestablish account by ca		ement D	ate of Applica	tion:			
Applicant's Name:		inig 314G		ione#				
Co-applicant's Nam	Last	First	IVII					
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☐ Tax Exempt (Coov of Commercial	Tax Exempt Certificate Atte	ached)	Ci	у:			šT:	Zip:
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service line and applicant is respicentibution. The residence is \$\sum_{\text{is}}\$ is estimated to be service line is institute applicant is institute applicant is institute applicant is institute applicant is instituted as a portion of the continuous on the monthly be applicant author property for instate agreement must be of the service line written cancellate installation charged. It may be necessare due to rocks, tree location of the service in the service line written cancellate installation charged.	portion of the cost will stalled and gas is avail- not using natural gas we the applicant agrees to thich is estimated to be et a fixed charge of \$5 tost of the distribution sizes SNG and its controllation of the service libe received in writing per lift the service line is ton, the applicant will the service line is ton, the applicant will the service line is ton, the applicant will the service line is	rve your business. It exceeds SNG's livide service to this ant's portion of this continuous process of the able to the residence, ithin 30 days of gas pay SNG the total consistence. This is show actors access to the installation of the installation of the installation of the service line plicant agrees to the nable to obtain	7. If 8. ost 9. ver vn 10. this 11. on 12.	septic tanks, other service property. (P SNG and its unmarked fa SNG, or its of the same con attention is in Applicant ag must be either time of mete For safety pure any structure Applicant ag being available At SNG's die	nall provide leach fields leach	SNG with s, propane y other util aint, flags, are not renentioned will attem as prior to will be the at least the e at least the reneater on. Olicant agreeral gas. in using na upon your a credit che after 12 ryments.	the locati- lines, elec- lities locati- etc. to ide sponsible in paragraph pt to restor digging; he e applicant wo applian or a furnace ees not to unitural gas v first deline eck and me months if the	on of all underground tric lines, or any ted on the applicant's entity.) for damage to ph 6. For the ground back to lowever, if more the ground back to lowever, if more the using gas at the using gas at the use propane inside of within 30 days of gas quent payment, SNG ay require a deposit
	Applicant's Signatu	re			Co-Ap	plicant's S	Signature	
					S	Summit Na	tural Gas	Rep Signature

ORM NO. 13 P	S.C. MO No.		(original) (revised)	Sheet No. 55
lancelling P.S.C.	MO No.		(original) (revised)	Sheet No
	uiri Gas Company, L.C uing Corporation	For .	All Communities and Rural A Receiving Natural Gas Servi Community, Town or C	co profilian
				OCT 19 1004
	ļ	Rules and reg	ULATIONS (cont.)	IMO. PUBLIC SERVICE COMM
	(3) Failure to com	ply with the terms a	and conditions of a settlement agr	rement.
the premises o			npany at reasonable times to equi , meter reading, maintenance or r	
	(5) Misrepresenta	tion of identity for th	he purpose of obtaining service.	
which adversely service.			Company on file with and approver persons, or the integrity of the	
	(7) Unauthorized	interference, diversio	on or use of the Company's servi	ce.
	(8) As provided b	y State or Federal la	w.	
within eleven (een the hours of 8:00 l l) business days ther	a.m. and 4:00 p.m. c eafter. Service shall	s, the Company may discontinue on the date specified on the notic I not be discontinued on a day w or on a day immediately precedi	e of discontinuance or hen utility personnel are
discontinuance	by first class mail is so	ent to the customer : felivered to the customer	ential service pursuant to Section at least ten (10) days prior to the omer, it shall be done in hand to notice by	date of the proposed
			CANCELLED	
		ř	DEC 0 1 2000 By 154 R 555 Public Service Commission	ion The same of th
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				MISSOURI Public Service Commis
ATE OF ISSUE	October 14, 199 month day yes		TIVE April 15, 1995 month day yea	
SUE BY	Tom M. Taylor	Presiden		Tulsa, OK 74137
	name of officer	title	address	

Brooks Exhibit 6

Missouri Public Service Gemmission

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FORM NO. 13 P.S.C.	No. <u>1</u>	(original)	Sheet No.	55
Cancelling P.S.C. MO	No1	lst (revised) (original)	Sheet No.	55
ominating t with into		(revised)	SHOEL NO.	<u></u>
		All Communities and Rural Areas		
Southern Missouri Gas Cor	mpany, L.P.	For Receiving Natural Gas Service		
Name of Issuing Corpor	stion	Community, Town or City		

RULES AND REGULATIONS (cont.)

- (3) Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of a settlement agreement.
- (4) Refusal to grant access to the Coropany at reasonable times to equipment installed upon the premises of the customer for purposes of inspection, meter reading, maintenance or replacement.
 - Misrepresentation of identity for the purpose of obtaining service.
- (6) Violation of any other rule of the Company on file with and approved by the Commission which adversely affects the safety of the customer or other persons, or the integrity of the Company's delivery service.
 - (7) Unauthorized interference, diversion or use of the Company's service.
 - (8) As provided by State or Federal law.
- (b) Subject to the requirements of these rules, the Company may discontinue service to a residential customer between the hours of 8:00 s.m. and 4:00 p.m. on the date specified on the notice of discontinuance or within eleven (11) business days thereafter. Service shall not be discontinued on a day when utility personnel are not readily available to reconnect the customer's service or on a day immediately preceding such day.
- (c) The Company shall not discontinue residential service pursuant to Section (a) of Rule 17 unless written notice by first class mail is sent to the customer at least ten (10) days prior to the date of the proposed discontinuance. If written notice is delivered to the customer, it shall be done in hand to the customer at least ninety-six (96) hours prior to discontinuance. Service of notice by

CANCELLED

DEC 1 2 2003

By ST RS 55

Public System Comments

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Missouri Public Service Germission 0 0 - 4 8 5 FILED DEC 0 1 2000

DATE OF ISSUE	November 17, 2000	DAT	e effective		يحبين كروان	₩
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ISSUE BY T	om M. Tavlor	President	8801 S. Yelo	DEC 0 Ste. 385, Tuls	<u>a ok 74137</u>	
	name of officer	title		iddress		_
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Cancelling P.S.C. MO	No. <u>1</u>		First	(fevised) (original) (revised)	Sheet No. 55
Southern Missouri Gas Con Name of Issuing Corpor		L.P.	For	All Communities and Ru Receiving Natural Gas S Community, Town o	ervice

RULES AND REGULATIONS (cont.)

- (3) Unauthorized interference, diversion or use of the Company service situated or delivered on or about the customer's premises.
 - (4) Failure to comply with terms of a settlement agreement.
- (5) Refusal after reasonable notice to permit inspection, maintenance, replacement or meter reading of Company equipment. If the Company has a reasonable belief that health or safety is at risk, notice at the time inspection is attempted is reasonable.
 - (6) Misrepresentation of identity in obtaining Company service.
- (7) Except in certain commercial and industrial applications that are authorized by the Company, the Company shall have the authority to refuse gas service to a customer that uses another gaseous fuel, such as liquified petroleum gas, in the same building since it could pose a safety hazard.
- (8) Violation of any other rules of the Company approved by the Commission which adversely affects the safety of the customer or other persons or the integrity of the Company's system.
 - (9) As provided by state or federal law.
- (b) Subject to the requirements of these rules, the Company may discontinue service to a residential customer between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. on the date specified on the notice of discontinuance or within eleven (11) business days thereafter. Service shall not be discontinued on a day when utility personnel are not readily available to reconnect the customer's service or on a day immediately preceding such day.
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1	customer at least ninety-six (96) hours prior to discontinuance. Service of notice by								
CANCELLE									
March 24, 20									
Missouri Pub									
Service Commi									
GM-2011-03									
YG-2012-03	99								
C	DATE OF ISSUE	June 24, 2003 month day year	DATE EFFECTIVE	July 24, 2003 month day year					
15	SSUE BY	Scott F, Klemm name of officer	Vice-President title	301 East 17th Street, Mountain Grove MO 6571 address					