Exhibit No.:

Issue(s): Rate Design, Inclining

Block Rate

Witness: Curt B. Gateley Sponsoring Party: MoPSC Staff

Type of Exhibit: Surrebuttal Testimony

Case No.: WR-2017-0285

Date Testimony Prepared: February 9, 2018

# MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMMISSION STAFF DIVISION WATER AND SEWER DEPARTMENT

### SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

**OF** 

**CURT B. GATELEY** 

## MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY CASE NO. WR-2017-0285

Jefferson City, Missouri February 2018

1		SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY				
2	OF					
3	CURT B. GATELEY					
4	MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY					
5		CASE NO. WR-2017-0285				
6	Q.	Please state your name and business address.				
7	A.	Curt B. Gateley, P.O. Box 360, Jefferson City, Missouri, 65102.				
8	Q.	Are you the same Curt B. Gateley who previously filed testimony in this case?				
9	A.	Yes I am.				
10	Q.	What is the purpose of your Surrebuttal Testimony?				
11	A.	I will respond to portions of rebuttal testimony from MAWC Witness				
12	Brian LaGrand dealing with the rate design for Arnold, MAWC witnesses James Jenkins and					
13	Constance Heppenstall on inclining block rates, and DE witness Martin Hyman on the formation					
14	of MAWC and Staff rate design testimony.					
15	Q.	What did MAWC witness LaGrand propose?				
16	A.	Mr. LaGrand correctly identified that the Report and Order from the previous				
17	rate case, Case No. WR-2015-0301, included additional clarifying language not previously					
18	cited by Staff. That additional language authorized MAWC to raise rates for Arnold sewe					
19	customers to no more than \$33.58 in this rate case. Staff does not oppose this change to allow					
20	rates to rise to \$33.58.					

- Q. Did Mr. LaGrand have additional proposals for Arnold?
  - A. Yes, he proposed that the Commission calculate what the rates should be for Arnold based on cost of service; and if this would result in a rate higher than \$33.58 then the Commission should approve a tariff which would automatically raise rates for Arnold customers once the agreement with the City expires in May of 2019.
    - Q. What is Staff's position on this proposal?
  - A. Staff opposes this proposal for automatic, future rate increases. While Mr. LaGrand states that the higher rate would be based on the current cost of service, Staff asserts that the cost of service a year and a half from now likely will be different than it is now. If the company determines that rates need to increase for Arnold at a future date, MAWC may file a rate case at that time so that all relevant information may be examined.
  - Q. MAWC witnesses describe a possible inclining block rate pilot program. Is MAWC now proposing inclining block rates?
  - A. No. As described in MAWC witnesses Jenkins and Heppenstall's testimonies, MAWC opposes inclining block rates. But both witnesses describe a possible pilot program limited to Joplin if the Commission decides to pursue an inclining block rate. This pilot program is conditioned on the Commission approving a revenue stabilization mechanism (RSM) for the entire MAWC service territory.
    - Q. Does Staff support such a pilot program?
  - A. No. Staff still recommends the Commission consider inclining block rates unnecessary, and potentially harmful to both the customers and MAWC. The same concerns previously offered in testimony would apply to a pilot program in Joplin. The company has not completed any studies to attempt to design a block rate or to predict customer response,

along with consideration of existing declines in usage, changes in population, etc. Therefore, it is quite possible that were the Commission to implement an inclining block rate, customers in Joplin would be paying a different amount of money for the same service, without that difference being supported by any evidence in the case. While the risks to MAWC of under earning would be greatly reduced if the experimental rate were limited to Joplin, the risks to customers residing in Joplin overpaying for service would remain the same. Additionally, MAWC conditions the experimental pilot rate on the Commission approving a RSM for the entire MAWC service territory. As explained in its rebuttal testimony, Staff generally does not support MAWC's request for an RSM, but Staff cannot foresee any benefit to customers by tying that request to an inclining block rate pilot proposal. Staff understands what MAWC is trying to accomplish with the pilot proposal, but cannot endorse it.

- Q. What is DE witness Hyman's position on the format of rate design testimony?
- A. Mr. Hyman proposes that the Commission order MAWC and Staff to file rate designs based on each other's revenue requirements, rate classifications, and consolidation proposals, but using the same customer charges as proposed in their respective testimonies, as well as bill impact comparisons. Mr. Hyman does not state why other parties to the case that have filed similar testimony should not be included in his request.
  - Q. What is Staff's response to this unusual request?
- A. MAWC and the other parties may file whatever testimony they see fit to support their rate position. The positions of Staff, and the resulting proposed potential rates for customers, are evident in the testimony. Neither Staff nor MAWC should be required to file additional testimony or scenarios in a format requested by the Division of Energy.

- Q. Does Mr. Hyman make additional statements about Staff's and MAWC's positions on inclining block rates?
- A. Yes, Mr. Hyman suggests that considering water scarcity as a primary driver of inclining block rates focuses on short-run decisions. He suggests inclining block rates can be used to decrease customer water use, which can reduce the need for future plant investment. However, Mr. Hyman does not identify what plant investments would be reduced. MAWC contends in this case that customer usage is decreasing, not increasing. MAWC plant investment is driven by replacing existing infrastructure that is beyond its useful design life, improving water quality, and delivering water to customers in a more efficient manner. MAWC is not forecasting the need for a series of larger water treatment plants. Source of supply is MAWC's most important long-term planning decision, and MAWC is in the best position to make these decisions. Mr. Hyman does not address that existing, routine efforts to replace plant, such as worn out pumps, already drives significant energy efficiency for MAWC and lowers energy usage.
- Q. Does Mr. Hyman address the conclusions by researchers previously cited in this testimony that inclining block rates generally have a much lower impact on customer usage than overall rate levels?
- A. No. Mr. Hyman seems to suggest that an inclining block rate will, in and of itself, create significant changes in usage. This has not been the case in the situations Staff reviewed.
- Q. Does Mr. Hyman provide any cost-benefit analysis to support the effort of developing inclining block rates?

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1	A. No. Mr. Hyman affirms Staff's position that not enough information exists to					
2	develop inclining block rates at this time, but he fails to address the costs to create a					
3	well-developed inclining block rate. These include the cost of MAWC commissioning a					
4	study to attempt to predict customer usage reaction to an inclining block rate, determining					
5	socio-economic factors related to the ability to alter base usage, the potential for increased bad					
6	debt expense, education and outreach, the possibility of additional rate case expense to					
7	attempt to modify or eliminate an inclining block rate if it does not work as intended, etc.					
8	Mr. Hyman does not identify any monetary benefits to customers resulting from the					
9	imposition of an inclining block rate, except as an assumption of reduced usage and					
10	theoretical reduction in plant investment at a future unknown date. The additional costs,					
11	which would result in new additional costs to be recovered in rates, are not justified by any					
12	identified benefits in the testimony provided at this time.					
13	Q. Does Mr. Hyman provide specific recommendations for an order from the					
14	Commission on this subject?					

- A. Yes, Mr. Hyman recommended that the Commission order in the next rate case:
  - 1. The Company and Staff shall provide bill frequency data along with their direct case filings; and
  - 2. The Company and Staff shall provide alternative inclining block rate proposals in addition to their recommended rate designs as part of their direct filings.

Staff does not recommend the Commission order the parties to provide inclining block rate proposals, for the reasons discussed above. Staff does not oppose MAWC providing additional billing data with its direct case filing.

Surrebuttal Testimony of Curt B. Gateley

- 1 Q. Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony?
- 2 A. Yes, it does.

#### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

#### OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

Company's Request f Implement General Rate and Sewer Service Pro	y to ) Water )	Case No. WR-2017-0285						
Service Areas )								
AFFIDAVIT OF CURT B. GATELEY								
STATE OF MISSOURI	)							
COUNTY OF COLE	) ss )	•						

COMES NOW CURT B. GATELEY and on his oath declares that he is of sound mind and lawful age; that he contributed to the foregoing Surrebuttal Testimony; and that the same is true and correct according to his best knowledge and belief.

Further the Affiant sayeth not.

**CURT B. GATELEY** 

#### JURAT

Subscribed and sworn before me, a duly constituted and authorized Notary Public, in and for the County of Cole, State of Missouri, at my office in Jefferson City, on this \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ day of February, 2018.

D. SUZIE MANKIN
Notary Public - Notary Seal
State of Missourl
Commissioned for Cole County
My Commission Expires: December 12, 2020
Commission Number: 12412070

Notary Public