Exhibit No.: Issue: Witness: Sponsoring Party: Type of Exhibit: Case No.: Date Testimony Prepared:

Combustion Turbines Valuation Cary G. Featherstone MoPSC Staff Surrebuttal Testimony EO-2005-0156 June 27, 2005

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

UTILITY SERVICES DIVISION

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

CARY G. FEATHERSTONE

AQUILA, INC.

CASE NO. EO-2005-0156

Jefferson City, Missouri June 2005



<u>Denotes Highly Confidential Information</u>

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

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In the Matter of the Application of Aquila, Inc., for Authority to Acquire, Sell and Lease Back Three Natural Gas-Fired **Combustion Turbine Power Generation** Units and Related Improvements to be Installed and Operated in the City of Peculiar, Missouri

Case No. EO-2005-0156

AFFIDAVIT OF CARY G. FEATHERSTONE

STATE OF MISSOURI)	
)	SS.
COUNTY OF COLE)	

Cary G. Featherstone, being of lawful age, on his oath states: that he has participated in the preparation of the following Surrebuttal Testimony in question and answer form, consisting of \mathcal{I} _ pages to be presented in the above case; that the answers in the following Surrebuttal Testimony were given by him; that he has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; and that such matters are true and correct to the best of his knowledge and belief.

Cary G. Featherstone

Subscribed and sworn to before me this $\underline{\mathscr{O}}$ day of June 2005.



otary

TONI M. CHARLTON Notary Public - State of Missouri My Commission Expires December 28, 2008 **Cole County** Commission #04474301

1		SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY	
2	OF		
3	CARY G. FEATHERSONE		
4		AQUILA, INC.	
5		CASE NO. EO-2005-0156	
6	Q.	Please state your name and business address.	
7	А.	Cary G. Featherstone, Fletcher Daniels State Office Building, 615 East	
8	13 th Street, Kansas City, Missouri.		
9	Q.	Are you the same Cary G. Featherstone that filed rebuttal testimony in this case,	
10	Case No. EO-2005-0156?		
11	А.	Yes.	
12	Q.	What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony in this case?	
13	А.	I am responding to the rebuttal testimony filed by the Office of Public Counsel	
14	(Public Coun	sel) witness Ted Robertson concerning his recommendation for the value of the	
15	three Siemens Westinghouse combustion turbines being installed at Aquila's South Harper		
16	facility. Like R. W. Beck for Aquila, Public Counsel witness Robertson does not rely on the best		
17	available information as the basis for his recommendation. Specifically, rather than relying on		
18	actual offers, bids or contracts, Public Counsel witness Robertson, as the Staff believes that		
19	R. W. Beck did, relies on a third party's estimate of the approximate cost of these combustion		
20	turbines as the basis of his recommendation. Where an actual offer, bid or contract information		
21	is available, the Staff does not agree that estimates should be relied on since they are not as		
22	accurate as actual offers, bids and contracts for establishing the market value of the three		
23	combustion turbines.		

1 Q. What estimate has Public Counsel witness Robertson relied on for his 2 recommendation to the Commission for the value of the three Siemens turbines? 3 A. At page 81, line 3 of Mr. Robertson's rebuttal testimony, he states that he 4 believes: 5 ... that the cost identified in the 2003 GTW Handbook are a more reasonable estimate of the actual costs that the regulated utility would 6 7 have incurred for the combustion turbines had it issued RFPs for the 8 equipment to be put into service in 2005. Public Counsel believes that 9 the GTW published prices are a more accurate source for the equipment costs than the R. W. Beck appraisal given that the appraisal contains 10 11 inaccurate costs and conclusions. Furthermore, it is my belief, based on 12 the market pricing I have reviewed, that had the Company actually issued 13 competitive bids for the equipment it is possible that the prices it would 14 have paid may have been significantly less than the GTW Handbook 15 published prices. Thus, I believe, that the GTW published prices are a more moderate position that benefits both the shareholder and the 16 17 ratepayer. What is the GTW Handbook? 18 Q. 19 A. The GTW Handbook is the Gas Turbine World Handbook which is a trade publication relied on by the utility and merchant industry to identify the market trends for gas 20 21 combustion turbines and combined cycle units. The prices identified in this publication are 22 estimates compiled by the publishers of GTW which allow the industry to make comparisons 23 between time periods such as from one year to another and pricing comparisons between 24 manufacturers such as Siemens Westinghouse and General Electric equipment. Do you believe that pricing from a trade publication can be used for rate making 25 Q. 26 purposes? 27 A. No, not if better information such as actual offers, bids or request for proposals 28 (RFPs), or contracts is available. Public Counsel witness Robertson relies on the value found in 29 an industry trade publication in the same manner that the Staff believes R. W. Beck (Beck) did

1 when it prepared the estimate that was prefiled with the direct testimony of Aquila witness 2 Dennis R. Williams as Schedule DRW-1 (HC). Beck relied on an estimate provided by Siemens 3 Westinghouse in an attempt to develop the fair market value of the combustion turbines, not on 4 actual offers, bids or contracts. Both recommendations put forth by Public Counsel and Beck are 5 nothing more than estimates or approximate values for the recommendations proposed be used to determine the cost for the three Siemens turbines. These estimates do not rise to the level of 6 7 actual sales or even offers that is available to make a better determination of the true market 8 value for these three Siemens turbines.

9 Q. What has the Staff relied on for its recommendation to the Commission for the10 value the Siemens turbines?

11 A. At pages 31 through 35 of my rebuttal testimony, I identify several offers that 12 were made for combustion turbine equipment that Aquila Merchant had for sale during the summer and fall of 2002. Aquila Merchant offered Kansas City Power and Light (KCPL) and 13 14 Black and Veatch, an engineering firm, the three Siemens turbines. In addition Aquila Merchant 15 also offered to KCPL a combination of up to four combustion turbines manufactured by General 16 Electric which are model 7EAs. Aquila Merchant offered to sale the three Siemens turbines to 17 KCPL for \$66,760,000. The price offer to KCPL included the transformers and breakers, which were separate items that Beck considered in its estimates. The highly confidential pricing for the 18 19 General Electric 7EAs appears at page 35 of my rebuttal testimony and also on my highly confidential Schedule 5-49 attached to my rebuttal testimony. 20

In addition to the offers of sale of the combustion turbines to KCPL and Black and
Veatch, Aquila Merchant actually sold three of the General Electric 7EAs to two non-Aquila
utility entities. Aquila Merchant sold two of the General Electric 7EA turbines for ** ____ **

1	million or **** million each and sold the third combustion turbine for ****			
2	million which was substantially below the purchase price that Aquila Merchant paid for those			
3	units when it acquired them in 2002 (See page 15, line 1 of my rebuttal testimony; Source: Data			
4	Request No. 77 in Case No. EO-2005-0156 and Data Request No. 376 in Case			
5	No. ER-2004-0034). The average price that Aquila Merchant sold these three units for was			
6	** ** million [** ** million plus ** ** million divided by three]. Using this			
7	average price, MPS could have acquired four of the General Electric 7EAs for approximately			
8	** ** million [** ** million times four turbines], well under the amount offered to			
9	KCPL for the three Siemens turbines of \$66.8 million, including transformers and breakers and			
10	substantially under the \$68.4 million amount recommended by Beck for the three Siemens			
11	turbines, a price that <u>excluded</u> the transformers and breakers. Three of the four General Electric			
12	turbines were actually sold so that would determine the market value for those turbines.			
13	The estimates used by Public Counsel and Beck do not in any way reflect a true market			
14	of a willing buyer negotiating with a willing seller.			
15	Q. Are the General Electric turbines comparable to the Siemens turbines?			
16	A. While both the General Electric and Siemens generating equipment are			
17	combustion turbines, each of 7EAs are cable of producing 75 megawatts and the Siemens units			
18	are rated at 105 megawatts.			
19	Q. What is the market value of an asset?			
20	A. The price at which a willing seller would sell and a willing buyer would buy an			
21	item in question, in this case combustion turbines, after an arms-length negotiation would			
22	determine its true market value.			
23	Q. Why are offers to sell and actual sales of combustion turbines owned by Aquila			



4

1 Merchant important?

2 The actual sales by Aquila Merchant of the General Electric 7EA turbines provide A. 3 a much better valuation for the Siemens Westinghouse combustion turbines than an estimate 4 taken from the Gas Turbine World trade publication or a budget estimate obtained from Siemens 5 Westinghouse. Aquila Merchant's offers to sell to KCPL and Black and Veatch also provide a 6 better source for valuing these combustion turbines. Given Aquila's pending general electric 7 rate case, Case No. ER-2005-0436, it is likely that if the Commission values the Siemens 8 combustion turbines in this case, that value will also be used by the Commission in the pending 9 rate case when it determines customer rates. Once an asset goes into rate base, rates are 10 generally determined using the values over the life of that asset. Where information from actual 11 transactions and negotiations is available, estimates should not be relied upon to determine plant 12 asset values that will be included in the rate base of Aquila Networks MPS and the depreciation 13 expense for a period of 40 years or more. Actual offers, bids and sales are much better indicators of the true market value that 14 15 should be placed on the Siemens turbines. 16 Q. Do you know how R. W. Beck arrived at its recommendation for the fair market 17 value of the three Siemens turbines? 18 A. Beck described in its report attached to Aquila's Application in this case and 19 to the direct testimony of Dennis R. Williams as Schedule DRW-1 (HC), how it developed 20 its recommendation. At Section 4.2.2 Replacement Cost, page 4-4 Beck states: ** ____ 21 22 23 24 25 26

Beck obtained from Siemens an estimated price of \$24,500,000 for a single Siemens Westinghouse 501D5A combustion turbine. A copy of a Siemens letter to Beck dated July 28. 2004, (attached to this Surrebuttal testimony as Schedule 1) indicates a price of \$24,500,000 for 7 a new Siemens 501D5A Econopac combustion turbine (pricing includes technical field 8 assistance, training, and transportation to the site). This price was for one turbine and had a lead 9 time of 18 months from placement of the order to delivery at the site. The Siemens' letter 10 indicates that this estimate was "budgetary information that (Beck) requested for the Lea County Electric Cooperative project," that "[a]ll pricing and lead time information is to be used for 11 12 budgetary purposes only and is subject to final management approval and scope review" and that "[p]ricing assumes firm order placed in 2004." The Siemens' estimate Beck relied on for its 13 14 recommendation to Aquila is as equally flawed as the Public Counsel witness Robertson's use of 15 the Gas Turbine World pricing for recommending be used to value the Siemens turbines being 16 installed at the South Harper facility.

**

Is Aquila relying on Beck's recommendation for the fair market value of the 17 Q. 18 Siemens turbines?

19 Yes. Although Beck used Siemens' estimate developed for budget purposes only A. 20 to determine the "replacement costs" of these units in its appraisal. Aquila relied on Beck's 21 estimates as the basis for its recommendation to the Commission for the value of the combustion turbines, which value it has included in rate base in Case No. ER-2004-0436. Beck's 22 23 adjustments to the Siemens' estimate to arrive at the amount Aquila proposes follows:

6

1		Combustion Turbines	Replacement Costs
2		SiemensTurbines Replacement Cost	\$73,500,000 (3 X \$24,500,000)
3		Adjustments	
4		Warranty	(\$2,240,000)
5		Exhaust stacks	(\$1,849,200)
6		Multi-Unit purchase	<u>(\$1,000,000)</u>
7		Combustion Turbine Subtotal	\$68,410,800
8		Transformers and Breakers	<u>\$2,386,050</u>
9		Total Value of Replacement Costs	
10 11		for Combustion Turbines Net of Adjustments	\$70,796,850
12	Q.	What value does Public Counsel witness Ro	obertson propose?
13	А.	At page 81 of his rebuttal testimony, Public	Counsel witness Robertson states he
14	used the cost identified in the 2003 Gas Turbine World Handbook of which is an estimate of		
15	\$19.9 million for one Siemens 501D5A combustion turbine. Using this estimate, the amount for		
16	three Siemens turbines being installed at South Harper would be \$59.7 million, substantially		
17	below the \$73.5 million for the Siemens' budget amounts that Beck used for its replacement cost		
18	valuation. Neither the Beck amount nor Public Counsel's reliance on Gas Turbine World		
19	estimates should be used to value the Siemens turbines. While Staff's proposal is to not make a		
20	rate determination in this case, if the Commission decides to do so, the valuation of South		
21	Harper combustion turbines should be based on something more than estimates since the		
22	valuation will affect Aquila's rate base and the costs of this facility over the life of the		
23	generating plant.		
24	Q.	What value should the Commission place o	n the Siemens turbines?

1	A.	As indicated in my rebuttal testimony, the Commission	should not make a	
2	determination in this case, but should it decide to do so, the only proper valuation that should be			
3	considered is one that rises to an actual offer such as that which Aquila Merchant made to KCPL			
4	or relating to an actual sale/purchase transaction such as what occurred for the General Electric			
5	7EA turbines made to non-affiliated entities of Aquila. Estimates from trade publications or			
6	from a turbine manufacturer that is to be used for budget purposes only, do not give rise to a			
7	determination of the combustion turbine market in the Kansas City region. The Commission			
8	should not give any reliance to either the Public Counsel estimate of the Beck replacement cost			
9	recommendation that Aquila used to value the Siemen turbines.			
10	Q.	Can you summarize the various recommendations for th	e value of the three	
11	turbines?			
12	А.	Yes. Staff's recommendations as compared to Mr. Robertso	on's (Public Counsel)	
13	and Mr. Williams' (Aquila) are as follows:			
14 15		KCPL (3) Siemens 501D offered for (includes transformers and breakers)	\$66.8 million	
16 17		Actual Sale of (4) General Electric 7EAs (excluding transformers and breakers)	** <u>\$</u> ** million	
18 19		Public Counsel recommendation for (3) Siemens (excluding transformers and breakers)	\$59.7 million	
20 21 22 23 24		Aquila recommendation for Siemens turbines (excluding transformers and breakers) Aquila recommendation for Siemens turbines	\$73.5 million (before adjustments) \$68.4 million (after adjustments) \$70.8 million	
24 25		(including transformers and breakers)	φ70.0 mmi0n	

Q. Are there other recent turbine purchases that would identify the market price for
 the Siemens turbines?

3 Empire District Electric Company (Empire) has recently acquired a A. Yes. 4 "distressed unit" for a discounted price. This unit is manufactured by Siemens and is their model 5 V84.3A2 Econopac (V84 turbine). This unit is rated at 155 megawatts and is in brand new, undamaged condition that Empire acquired from Siemens with an expected commercial in-6 7 service date of 2007. This unit is another indication that the recommendation made by Aquila 8 and Public Counsel in this case, have other information available on which to base values for the 9 Siemens turbines being installed at the South Harper facility.

Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony?

10

11

A. Yes, it does.

Q.

SIEMENS Westinghouse

July 28, 2004

ELECTRONIC TRANSMITTAL

Paul Harmon Client Services Director R.W. Beck, Inc. 1801 California Street, Suite 2800 Denver, CO 80202

Subject: W501D5A Budgetary Information

Dear Paul:

Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation acknowledges receipt of your written inquiry dated June 30, 2004.

Below is the budgetary information that you requested for the Lea County Electric Cooperative project. All pricing and lead time information is to be used for budgetary purposes only and is subject to final management approval and scope review. Pricing assumes firm order placed in 2004.

W501D5A Equipment (new build)

Econopac Price (including TFA, training, and transportation to site) \$24,500,000 Lead Time from Order Placement to Site Delivery 18 months

W501D5A Maintenance

See SB36803 (attached)
\$850,000
\$3,000,000
\$6,500,000

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If you have any questions or require additional information, please feel free to contact me at any time.

Siemens Westinghouse Power Corporation A Siemens Company

10200 E. Girard Avenue Bldg. B, Suite 421 Denver, CO 80231 Phone: (303) 696-7695 FAX: (303) 751-2125 Reference: DN01-0031

Schedule 1-1

SIEMENS Westinghouse

Regards,

Dave Alonso Sales Engineer

DJA

Enclosures (1)

cc: Jim Heller