

**APPENDIX NIM
(NETWORK INTERCONNECTION METHODS)**

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APPENDIX NIM
(NETWORK INTERCONNECTION METHODS)

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth the terms and conditions that Network Interconnection Methods (NIM) is provided by the applicable SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) owned Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC) and CLEC. This Appendix describes the physical architecture for Interconnection of the Parties' facilities and equipment for the transmission and routing of Telephone Exchange Service traffic and Exchange Access traffic between the respective Customers of the Parties pursuant to Section 251(c)(2) of the Act; provided, however, Interconnection may not be used solely for the purpose of originating a Party's own interexchange traffic.
- 1.2 SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) means the holding company which owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a Ameritech Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada Bell Telephone Company, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Pacific Bell Telephone Company, The Southern New England Telephone Company, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company¹ and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a Ameritech Wisconsin.
- 1.3 SBC-13STATE - As used herein, SBC-13STATE means the above listed ILECs doing business in Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Texas, California, Connecticut, Nevada, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Wisconsin.
- 1.4 SWBT - As used herein, SWBT means the above listed ILEC doing business in Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.5 PACIFIC - As used herein, PACIFIC means the above listed ILEC doing business in California.
- 1.6 NEVADA - As used herein, NEVADA means the above listed ILEC doing business in Nevada.
- 1.7 SNET - As used herein, SNET means the above listed ILEC doing business in Connecticut.
- 1.8 AMERITECH - As used herein, AMERITECH means the above listed ILECS doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio and Wisconsin.

¹On December 30, 2001, Southwestern Bell Telephone Company (a Missouri corporation) was merged with and into Southwestern Bell Texas, Inc. (a Texas corporation) and, pursuant to Texas law, was converted to Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P., a Texas limited partnership, doing business as Southwestern Bell Telephone Company ("SWBT").

- 1.9 Network Interconnection Methods (NIMs) include, but are not limited to, Physical Collocation Interconnection; Virtual Collocation Interconnection; Leased Facilities Interconnection; Fiber Meet Interconnection; and other methods as mutually agreed to by the Parties. One or more of these methods may be used to effect the Interconnection.

1.9.1 Trunking requirements associated with Interconnection are contained in Appendix ITR.

1.9.2 The terms and conditions associated with access to Unbundled Network Elements (UNEs) are not found in Appendix NIM, but are contained in Appendix UNE. SNET Unbundled Network Elements are offered via the Connecticut Access Tariff.

1.10 SBC-13STATE shall provide Interconnection for CLEC's facilities and equipment for the transmission and routing of telephone exchange service and exchange access, at a level of quality that is equal to that which SBC-13STATE provides itself, a subsidiary, an affiliate, or any other party to which SBC-13STATE provides Interconnection and on rates, terms and conditions that are just, reasonable and non-discriminatory.

1.11 The Parties shall effect an Interconnection that is efficient, fair and equitable with each party being financially responsible for approximately half of the Interconnection facilities or in any other manner that is mutually agreeable to the Parties.

2. NETWORK INTERCONNECTION ARCHITECTURE PLAN

2.1 SBC-13STATE's network is partly comprised of End Office switches, Tandem switches that serve local only traffic (SWBT), Tandem switches that serve IntraLATA and InterLATA traffic, and Tandem switches that serve a combination of local, IntraLATA and InterLATA traffic. SBC-13STATE's network architecture in any given local exchange area and/or LATA can vary markedly from another local exchange area/LATA. Using one or more of the NIMs herein, the Parties will agree to a physical architecture plan for a specific Interconnection area. Due to differing state regulatory calling scope requirements, SWBT requires Interconnection in each local exchange area, while SNET, PACIFIC, NEVADA and AMERITECH require Interconnection at all Tandems in a LATA. CLEC and SBC-13STATE agree to Interconnect their networks through existing and/or new Interconnection facilities between CLEC switch(es) and SBC-13STATE End Office(s) and/or Tandem switch(es). The physical architecture plan will, at a minimum, include the location of CLEC's switch(es) and SBC-13STATE's End Office switch(es) and/or Tandem switch(es) to be interconnected, the facilities that will connect the two networks and which Party will provide (be financially responsible for) the Interconnection facilities. At the time of implementation in a given local exchange area the plan will be documented and signed by appropriate representatives of the Parties, indicating their mutual agreement to the physical architecture plan.

- 2.2 Points of Interconnection (POIs): A Point of Interconnection (POI) is a point in the network where the Parties deliver Interconnection traffic to each other, and also serves as a demarcation point between the facilities that each Party is responsible to provide. In many cases, multiple POI(s) will be necessary to balance the facilities investment and provide the best technical implementation of Interconnection requirements to each Tandem within an exchange area and/or LATA. Both parties shall negotiate the architecture in each location that will seek to mutually minimize and equalize investment.
- 2.3 The Parties agree to meet as often as necessary to negotiate the selection of new POIs. The overall goal of POI selection will be to achieve a balance in the provision of facilities that is fair to both Parties. Criteria to be used in determining POIs for each geography (LATA, tandem area, etc.) include existing facility capacity, location of existing POIs, traffic volumes, relative costs, future capacity needs, etc. Agreement to the location of POIs is based on the network architecture existing at the time the POI(s) is/are negotiated. In the event either Party makes subsequent changes to its network architecture, including but not limited to trunking changes or adding new switches, then the Parties will negotiate new POIs. The mutually agreed to POIs will be documented and distributed to both Parties.
- 2.4 Each Party is responsible for the facilities to its side of the negotiated POI(s) and may utilize any method of Interconnection described in this Appendix. Each Party is responsible for the appropriate sizing, operation, and maintenance of the transport facility to the POI(s). The parties agree to provide sufficient facilities for the Interconnection trunk groups required for the exchange of traffic between CLEC and SBC-13STATE.
- 2.5 Either Party, must provide thirty (30) days written notice of any intent to change to the physical architecture plan.
- 2.6 CLEC is solely responsible for the facilities that carry OS/DA, 911, mass calling and Meet-Point trunk groups as specified in Appendix ITR.
- 2.7 If CLEC has established Collocation in an SBC-13STATE End Office, the facility for the Direct End Office Trunks (DEOTS) to that End Office shall be the financial responsibility of CLEC.
- 2.8 Technical Interfaces
- 2.8.1 The Interconnection facilities provided by each Party shall be formatted using either Alternate Mark Inversion (AMI) line code with Superframe format framing or Bipolar 8 Zero Signaling (B8ZS) with Extended Superframe format framing or any mutually agreeable line coding and framing.
- 2.8.2 Electrical handoffs at the POI(s) will be at the DS1 or DS3 level. When a DS3 handoff is agreed to by the Parties, SBC-13STATE will provide any multiplexing required for DS1 facilities or trunking at their end and CLEC

will provide any DS1 multiplexing required for facilities or trunking at their end.

- 2.8.3 When the Parties demonstrate the need for Optical handoffs at the OC-n level, the parties will meet to negotiate specific Optical handoff needs.

3. METHODS OF INTERCONNECTION

3.1 Physical Collocation Interconnection

- 3.1.1 When CLEC provides their own facilities or uses the facilities of a 3rd party to a SBC-13STATE Tandem or End Office and wishes to place their own transport terminating equipment at that location, CLEC may Interconnect using the provisions of Physical Collocation as set forth in Appendix Physical Collocation or applicable state tariff.

3.2 Virtual Collocation Interconnection

- 3.2.1 When CLEC provides their own facilities or uses the facilities of a 3rd party to a SBC-13STATE Tandem or End Office and wishes for SBC-13STATE to place transport terminating equipment at that location on the CLEC's behalf, they may Interconnect using the provisions of Virtual Collocation as set forth in Appendix Virtual Collocation or applicable state tariff. Virtual Collocation allows CLEC to choose the equipment vendor and does not require that CLEC be Physically Collocated.

3.3 Leased Facility Interconnection ("LFI")

- 3.3.1 Where facilities are available, CLEC may lease facilities from SBC-13STATE as defined in Section 5 of this Appendix.

3.4 Fiber Meet Interconnection

- 3.4.1 Fiber Meet Interconnection between SBC-13STATE and CLEC can occur at any mutually agreeable and technically feasible point between CLEC's premises and an SBC-13STATE Tandem or End Office within each local exchange area (SWBT) or LATA (AMERITECH, SNET, PACIFIC, and NEVADA).
- 3.4.2 When the Parties agree to interconnect their networks pursuant to the Fiber Meet, a single point-to-point linear chain SONET system must be utilized. Only Interconnection trunking shall be provisioned over this jointly provided facility.
- 3.4.3 Neither Party will be allowed to access the Data Communications Channel ("DCC") of the other Party's Fiber Optic Terminal (FOT). The Fiber Meet will be designed so that each Party may, as far as is technically feasible,

independently select the transmission, multiplexing, and fiber terminating equipment to be used on its side of the POI(s). The Parties will work cooperatively to achieve equipment and vendor compatibility of the FOT equipment.

- 3.4.4 Requirements for such Interconnection specifications will be defined in joint engineering planning sessions between the Parties. The Parties may share the investment of the fiber as mutually agreed.

3.4.5 In addition to the semi-annual trunk forecast process, discussed in Appendix ITR, discussions to provide relief to existing facilities can be initiated by either party. Actual system augmentations will be initiated only upon mutual agreement. Facilities will be planned for to accommodate the verified and mutually agreed upon trunk forecast.

3.4.6 Both Parties will negotiate a project service date and corresponding work schedule to construct relief facilities prior to facilities exhaust.

3.4.7 There are two basic Fiber Meet design options. The option selected must be mutually agreeable to both Parties. Additional arrangements may be mutually developed and agreed to by the Parties pursuant to the requirements of this section.

3.4.7.1 Design One: CLEC will provide fiber cable to the last entrance (or SBC-13STATE designated) manhole at the SBC-13STATE Tandem or End Office switch. SBC-13STATE shall make all necessary preparations to receive and to allow and enable CLEC to deliver fiber optic facilities into that manhole. CLEC will provide a sufficient length of Fiber cable for SBC-13STATE to pull through the SBC-13STATE cable vault. CLEC shall deliver and maintain such strands wholly at its own expense up to the POI. SBC-13STATE shall take the fiber from the manhole and terminate it inside SBC-13STATE's office at the cable vault at SBC-13STATE's expense. In this case the POI shall be at the SBC-13STATE designated manhole location.

3.4.7.2 Design Two: Both CLEC and SBC-13STATE each provide two fibers between their locations to terminate at each parties' FOT This design may only be considered where existing fibers are available and there is a mutual benefit to both Parties. SBC-13STATE will provide the fibers associated with the working side of the system. CLEC will provide the fibers associated with the protection side of the system. The Parties will work cooperatively to terminate each other's fiber in order to provision this joint point-to-point linear chain SONET system. Both Parties will work cooperatively to determine the appropriate technical handoff for purposes of demarcation and fault isolation. The POI will be defined as being at the SBC-13STATE location.

- 3.4.8 CLEC location includes FOTs, multiplexing and fiber required to terminate the optical signal provided from SBC-13STATE. This location is CLEC's responsibility to provision and maintain.
- 3.4.9 The SBC-13STATE location includes all SBC-13STATE FOT, multiplexing and fiber required to terminate the optical signal provided from CLEC. This location is SBC-13STATE's responsibility to provision and maintain.
- 3.4.10 SBC-13STATE and CLEC shall, solely at their own expense, procure, install, and maintain the agreed-upon FOT equipment in each of their locations where the Parties established a Fiber Meet in capacity sufficient to provision and maintain all trunk groups prescribed by Appendix ITR for the purposes of Interconnection.
- 3.4.11 Each Party shall provide its own source for the synchronized timing of its FOT equipment.
- 3.4.12 CLEC and SBC-13STATE will mutually agree on the capacity of the FOT(s) to be utilized based on equivalent DS1s or DS3s. Each Party will also agree upon the optical frequency and wavelength necessary to implement the Interconnection. The Parties will develop and agree upon methods for the capacity planning and management for these facilities, terms and conditions for over provisioning facilities, and the necessary processes to implement facilities as indicated in section 4 of this document.

3.5 Other Interconnection Methods

- 3.5.1 Other Interconnection methods that are technically feasible may be mutually agreed to by the Parties.

4. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES

- 4.1 For each local Interconnection within an SBC-13STATE area, CLEC shall provide written notice to SBC-13STATE of the need to establish Interconnection in each local exchange area (SWBT) or LATA (PACIFIC, NEVADA, SNET, and AMERITECH). CLEC shall provide all applicable network information on forms acceptable to SBC-13STATE (as set forth in SBC's CLEC Handbook, published on the CLEC website.)
- 4.2 Upon receipt of CLEC's notice to interconnect, the Parties shall schedule a meeting to negotiate and mutually agree on the network architecture (including trunking) to be documented as discussed in Section 2.1. The Interconnection activation date for an Interconnect shall be established based on then-existing force and load, the scope and complexity of the requested Interconnection and other relevant factors.

- 4.3 Either party may add or remove additional switches. The parties shall provide 120 days written notice to establish such Interconnection; and the terms and conditions of this agreement will apply to such Interconnection.
- 4.4 The Parties recognize that a facility handoff point must be agreed to that establishes the demarcation for maintenance and provisioning responsibilities for each party on their side of the POI.
- 4.5 Facilities will be planned for in accordance with the trunk forecasts exchanged between the Parties as described in Appendix ITR.

5. LEASING OF FACILITIES

- 5.1 Should SBC-13STATE wish to voluntarily provide CLEC with Leased ILEC Facilities for the purpose of interconnection, the Parties agree that this voluntary offering is not required under FTA 96 nor under FCC UNE Remand Order 99-238, November 5, 1999, and is made with all rights reserved. The Parties further agree that any such voluntary offering is not subject to TELRIC cost methodologies, and instead will be market priced on an individual case basis. Should SBC-13STATE voluntarily offer Leased Facilities under this section, it (I) will advise the CLEC in writing in advance of the applicable charges for Leased Facilities, and (II) will process the request only if CLEC accepts such charges.
 - 5.1.1 Leased facilities in AMERITECH and SNET are obtained from the applicable Access Tariffs.
- 5.2 Upon CLEC's request, the CLEC will provide a written leased facility request that will specify the A- and Z-ends (CLLI codes, where known), equipment and multiplexing required and provide quantities requested. Requests for leasing of facilities for the purposes of Interconnection and any future augmentations are subject to facility availability at the time of the request. Applicable rates, terms and conditions will be determined at the time of the request.
- 5.3 Requests by CLEC for leased facilities where facilities, equipment, or riser cable do not exist will be considered and SBC-13STATE may agree to provide facilities under a Bona Fide Request (BFR).

6. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER RATES, TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 6.1 Every interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder, shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in this Agreement which are legitimately related to such interconnection, service or network element. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following terms and conditions of the General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to be legitimately related to, and to be applicable to, each interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder: definitions, interpretation, construction and severability; notice of changes; general responsibilities of the Parties; effective date,

term and termination; fraud; deposits; billing and payment of charges; non-payment and procedures for disconnection; dispute resolution; audits; disclaimer of representations and warranties; limitation of liability; indemnification; remedies; intellectual property; publicity and use of trademarks or service marks; no license; confidentiality; intervening law; governing law; regulatory approval; changes in End User local exchange service provider selection; compliance and certification; law enforcement; no third party beneficiaries; disclaimer of agency; relationship of the Parties/independent contractor; subcontracting; assignment; responsibility for environmental contamination; force majeure; taxes; non-waiver; network maintenance and management; signaling; transmission of traffic to third parties; customer inquiries; expenses; conflicts of interest; survival; scope of agreement; amendments and modifications; and entire agreement.

APPENDIX NUMBER PORTABILITY

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**APPENDIX NP
(NUMBER PORTABILITY)**

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth terms and conditions for Number Portability provided by the applicable SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) owned Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC) and CLEC.
- 1.2 SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) means the holding company which owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a Ameritech Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada Bell Telephone Company, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Pacific Bell Telephone Company, The Southern New England Telephone Company, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a Southwestern Bell Telephone Company and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a Ameritech Wisconsin.
- 1.3 As used herein, SBC-13STATE means an ILEC doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.4 As used herein, SBC-12STATE means an ILEC doing business in Arkansas, California, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.5 As used herein, SBC-10STATE means an ILEC doing business in Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.6 As used herein, SBC-8STATE means an ILEC doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.7 As used herein, SBC-7STATE means an ILEC doing business in Arkansas, California, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.8 As used herein, SBC-SWBT means an ILEC doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.9 As used herein, SBC-AMERITECH means an ILEC doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.
- 1.10 As used herein, PACIFIC means an ILEC doing business in California.
- 1.11 As used herein, NEVADA means an ILEC doing business in Nevada.

- 1.12 As used herein, SNET means an ILEC doing business in Connecticut.
- 1.13 The prices at which SBC-13STATE agrees to provide CLEC with Numbering Portability are contained in the applicable FCC tariff.

2. **INTERIM NUMBER PORTABILITY (INP) [SBC-SWBT ONLY]**

- 2.1 Due to all NEVADA, PACIFIC, SBC-AMERITECH and SNET switches being LNP capable, this Section does not apply.

2.2 General Terms and Conditions

- 2.2.1 SBC-SWBT and CLEC will provide Interim Number Portability (INP) in accordance with requirements of the Act. INP will be provided by each Party to the other upon request. INP will be provided with minimum impairment of functionality, quality, reliability and convenience to subscribers of CLEC or SBC-SWBT. As described herein, INP is a service arrangement whereby an End User, who switches subscription of exchange service from one provider to another is permitted to retain, for its use, the existing assigned number provided that the End User remains in the same serving wire center.

2.3 Service Provided

- 2.3.1 SBC-SWBT shall provide INP to CLEC only, as described herein.
- 2.3.2 SBC-SWBT shall provide INP services and facilities only where technically feasible, subject to the availability of facilities, and only from properly equipped central offices. SBC-SWBT does not offer INP services and facilities for NXX codes 555, 976, 950.
- 2.3.3 SBC-SWBT shall not provide INP services for End User accounts where the End User's payments are thirty (30) days or more in arrears, or where contract termination liabilities would be assessed by SBC-SWBT to the End User, unless full payment is made, or an agreement is reached where CLEC agrees to make full payment on the End User's behalf, including any termination amounts due.
- 2.3.4 When the exchange service offerings associated with INP service are provisioned using remote switching arrangements, SBC-SWBT shall make INP service available only from, or to host central offices.

2.4 Obligations of SBC-SWBT

- 2.4.1 SBC-SWBT's sole responsibility is to comply with the service requests it receives from CLEC and to provide INP in accordance with this Appendix.

2.5 Obligations of CLECs

- 2.5.1 CLEC shall coordinate the provision of service with SBC-SWBT to assure that CLEC's switch is capable of accepting INP ported traffic.
- 2.5.2 CLEC is solely responsible to provide equipment and facilities that are compatible with SBC-SWBT's service parameters, interfaces, equipment and facilities. CLEC shall provide sufficient terminating facilities and services at the terminating end of an INP call to adequately handle all traffic to that location and shall ensure that its facilities, equipment and services do not interfere with or impair any facility, equipment or service of SBC-SWBT or any of its End Users. In the event that SBC-SWBT determines in its sole judgment that CLEC will likely impair or is impairing, or interfering with any equipment, facility or service of SBC-SWBT or any of its End Users, SBC-SWBT may either refuse to provide INP service or terminate it in accordance with other provisions of this Agreement or SBC-SWBT's tariffs, where applicable.
- 2.5.3 CLEC shall provide an appropriate intercept announcement service for any telephone numbers subscribed to INP service for which CLEC is not presently providing exchange service or terminating to an End User.
- 2.5.4 Where CLEC chooses to disconnect or terminate any INP service, CLEC shall designate which standard SBC-SWBT intercept announcement SBC-SWBT shall provide for disconnected number.
- 2.5.5 When a ported telephone number becomes vacant, e.g., the telephone number is no longer in service by the original End User and a period for intercept and referral equivalent to that which is provided by SBC-SWBT to its own End User subscribers has elapsed, the ported telephone number will be released back to SBC-SWBT.
- 2.5.5.1 Formerly ported telephone numbers which revert to SBC-SWBT as described above shall be reassigned or provided with a standard SBC-SWBT intercept announcement in accordance with SBC-SWBT's standard operating procedures then in effect.
- 2.5.6 CLEC shall designate to SBC-SWBT at the time of its initial service request for INP service one of the following options for handling and processing of Calling Card, Collect, Third Party, and other operator handled non-sent paid calls from or to CLEC assigned telephone numbers:

2.5.6.1 CLEC may elect to block the completion of third number and calling card calls through the use of LIDB to select ported numbers.

2.5.6.2 For non-sent paid calls billed to INP assigned numbers, a separate sub-clearinghouse billing arrangement must be established which will provide for the transmission of the EMR 01-01-01 billing records, and settlement of toll revenues.

2.6 Limitations of Service

2.6.1 SBC-SWBT is not responsible for adverse effects on any service, facility or equipment from the use of INP service.

2.6.2 End-to-end transmission characteristics cannot be specified by SBC-SWBT for calls over INP facilities because end-to-end transmission characteristics may vary depending on the distance and routing necessary to complete calls over INP facilities and the fact that another carrier is involved in the provisioning of service.

2.7 Service Descriptions

2.7.1 INP-Remote

2.7.1.1 INP-Remote is a service whereby a call dialed to an INP-Remote equipped telephone number, assigned to SBC-SWBT, is automatically forwarded to CLEC-assigned, 7 or 10 digit telephone number. The forwarded-to-number must be specified by CLEC at the same wire center wherein the ported number resides.

2.7.1.2 INP-Remote provides an initial call path and two (2) additional paths for the forwarding of no more than three (3) simultaneous calls to CLEC's specified forwarded-to number. Additional call paths are available on a per path basis.

2.7.1.3 The CLEC-assigned forwarded-to number shall be treated as two (2) separate calls with respect to interconnection compensation, End User toll billing and intercompany settlement and access billing, i.e., an incoming call to the SBC-SWBT ported number shall be handled like any other SBC-SWBT call being terminated to that end office and the ported call to CLEC assigned telephone number in CLEC switch shall be handled as any local calls between SBC-SWBT and CLEC.

2.7.1.4 Where facilities exist, SBC-SWBT will provide identification of the originating telephone number, via SS7 signaling, to CLEC.

2.7.2 INP-Direct

2.7.2.1 INP-Direct is a service which provides for the delivery of the called (dialed) number to CLEC's switching (central office or premises) equipment for identification and subsequent routing and call completion.

2.7.2.2 INP-Direct is available either on a per voice grade channel basis or a per DS1 (24 equivalent voice grade channels) basis.

2.7.2.2.1 Where the location of CLEC's switching equipment to which SBC-SWBT is providing voice grade or DS1 INP-Direct service reside outside the exchange or central office serving area from which the INP-Direct service is purchased, CLEC shall pay applicable interoffice mileage charges as specified in the applicable state Special Access Tariff.

2.7.2.3 INP-Direct service must be established with a minimum configuration of two (2) voice grade channels and one (1) unassigned telephone number per SBC-SWBT switch. Transport facilities arranged for INP-Direct may not be mixed with any other type of trunk group. Outgoing calls may not be placed over facilities arranged for INP-Direct service.

2.7.2.4 SS7 Signaling is not available on the INP-Direct facilities.

2.8 Intercompany Terminating Compensation

2.8.1 With regard intercompany terminating compensation and switched access revenues associated with interim number portability, the Porting Party shall pay the Ported-to-Party \$1.75 per month for each business line and \$1.25 per month for each residence line associated with the INP arrangement. Determination of the number of lines to which the above payment shall apply will be made at the time the INP arrangement is established. Such payment shall continue until the INP arrangement is disconnected or PNP is made available for the INP number, whichever occurs first. Such amount is in consideration of the Switched Access compensation and intercompany terminating reciprocal compensation that would have been received by each Party if PNP had been in effect.

2.9 Pricing

2.9.1 The Parties will comply with all effective FCC, Commission and/or court orders governing INP cost recovery and compensation. The Parties acknowledge that the Telephone Number Portability Order is subject to pending Petitions for Reconsideration and may be appealed. As such, the Number Portability Order may be reconsidered, revised and remanded, or vacated, subject to further proceedings before the FCC. As such, until a final decision is rendered on INP cost recovery, the Parties agree to track the costs associated with the implementation and provision of INP and to "true-up" INP-related accruals to reflect the final terms of any such order.

2.9.2 Neither Party waives its rights to advocate its views on INP cost recovery, or to present before any appropriate regulatory agency or court its views.

3. **PERMANENT NUMBER PORTABILITY (PNP)**

3.1 General Terms and Conditions

3.1.1 The Parties agree that the industry has established local routing number (LRN) technology as the method by which permanent number portability (PNP) will be provided in response to FCC Orders in FCC 95-116 (i.e., First Report and Order and subsequent Orders issued to the date this agreement was signed). As such, the parties agree to provide PNP via LRN to each other as required by such FCC Orders or Industry agreed upon practices.

3.1.2 Other than as specifically set out elsewhere in this agreement, SNET does not offer PNP under this agreement. Rather, PNP is available as described in Section 14 of the Connecticut Tariff FCC No. 39.

3.2 Service Provided

3.2.1 SBC-12STATE provides CLECs the use of the SBC-12STATE PNP database via the Service Provider Number Portability (SPNP) Database Query. The CLEC's STP, tandem, and/or end office's LRN software will determine the need for, and triggers, the query. SBC-12STATE's PNP database will determine if a number has, or has not, been ported and will provide LRN if a number is ported.

3.2.2 SBC-12STATE will provide CLEC the use of the SBC-12STATE PNP database, PNP software, and SS7 network via the SPNP Query.

3.2.3 The Parties shall:

3.2.3.1 disclose, upon request, any technical limitations that would prevent LNP implementation in a particular switching office; and

3.2.3.2 provide PNP services and facilities only where technically feasible, subject to the availability of facilities, and only from properly equipped central office.

3.2.4 The Parties do not offer PNP services and facilities for NXX codes 555, 976, 950.

3.3 Obligations of SBC-12STATE

3.3.1 PACIFIC/NEVADA/SBC-AMERITECH has deployed LRN in all of their switches.

3.3.2 SBC-SWBT has deployed LRN in the following MSAs per the timelines set forth by the FCC:

MSA	DEPLOYMENT WAS COMPLETED BY
Houston	May 26, 1998
Dallas, St. Louis	June 26, 1998
Ft. Worth, Kansas City	July 27, 1998
Oklahoma City, Austin, San Antonio, West Memphis,	September 30, 1998
Tulsa, El Paso, Wichita, Little Rock	December 31, 1998

3.3.3 After December 31, 1998, SBC-SWBT will deploy LRN in other MSAs/areas within six (6) months after receipt of Bona Fide Request (BFR) from the CLEC (see EXHIBIT 1).

3.3.4 SBC-12STATE may cancel any line-based calling cards associated with telephone numbers ported from their switch.

3.4 Obligations of CLEC

3.4.1 When purchasing the SPNP Database Query, CLEC will access SBC-12STATE's facilities via an SS7 link: SBC-AMERITECH - Section 8 of FCC No. 2 Access Service Tariff/NEVADA - Section 6 of FCC No. 1

Access Services tariff/PACIFIC - Section 6 of FCC No. 128 Access Service tariff/ SBC-SWBT- Section 23 and 32 of FCC No. 73 Access Service Tariff) to the SBC-12STATE STP.

- 3.4.2 When purchasing the SPNP Query - Prearranged, CLEC will advise PACIFIC/NEVADA/SBC-SWBT of the entry point(s) of queries to the PACIFIC/NEVADA/SBC-SWBT network and provide a query forecast for each entry point.
- 3.4.3 The CLEC is responsible for advising the Number Portability Administration Center (NPAC) of telephone numbers that it imports and the associated data as identified in industry forums as being required for PNP.
- 3.4.4 After the initial deployment of PNP in a mandated MSA, CLEC shall submit a BFR (see EXHIBIT 1) to request that a SBC-SWBT switch in that MSA become LRN capable. The requested switch will be made LRN capable within the time frame stipulated by the FCC.
- 3.4.5 When CLEC requests that an NXX in an LRN capable SBC-12STATE switch become portable, CLEC shall follow the industry standard LERG procedure.
- 3.4.6 CLEC shall be certified by the Regional NPAC prior to scheduling Intercompany testing of PNP.
- 3.4.7 CLEC shall adhere to SBC-12STATE's Local Service Request (LSR) format and PNP due date intervals.
- 3.4.8 CLEC shall adhere to SBC-12STATE's reserved number terms and conditions pursuant to Appendix Numbering.

3.5 Obligations of Both Parties

- 3.5.1 When a ported telephone number becomes vacant, e.g., the telephone number is no longer in service by the original End User, the ported telephone number will be released back to the carrier owning the switch in which the telephone number's NXX is native.
- 3.5.2 Each party has the right to block default routed call entering a network in order to protect the public switched network from overload, congestion, or failure propagation.
- 3.5.3 Industry guidelines shall be followed regarding all aspects of porting numbers from one network to another.

- 3.5.4 Intracompany testing shall be performed prior to the scheduling of intercompany testing.
- 3.5.5 Each Party will designate a single point of contact (SPOC) to schedule and perform required testing. These tests will be performed during a mutually agreed time frame and must meet the criteria set forth by the InterIndustry LNP Regional Team for porting.
- 3.5.6 Each Party shall abide by NANC and the InterIndustry LNP Regional Team provisioning and implementation process.
- 3.5.7 Each Party shall become responsible for the End User's other telecommunications related items, e.g. E911, Directory Listings, Operator Services, Line Information Database (LIDB), when they port the End User's telephone number to their switch.

3.6 Limitations of Service

- 3.6.1 Telephone numbers can be ported only within **PACIFIC/NEVADA/SBC-SWBT** toll rate centers / **SBC-AMERITECH** rate centers or rate districts, which ever is a smaller geographic area, as approved by State Commissions.
- 3.6.2 Telephone numbers in the following **SBC-12STATE** NXXs shall not be ported: (i) wireless NXXs until the FCC mandates that those NXXs be portable; and (ii) **SBC-12STATE** Official Communications Services (OCS) NXXs.
- 3.6.3 Telephone numbers with NXXs dedicated to choke/High Volume Call-In (HVCI) networks are not portable via LRN. Choke numbers will be ported as described in Section 5 of this Appendix.

3.7 Service Descriptions

- 3.7.1 The switch's LRN software determines if the called party is in a portable NXX. If the called party is in a portable NXX, a query is launched to the PNP database to determine whether or not the called number is ported.
- 3.7.2 When the called number with a portable NXX is ported, an LRN is returned to the switch that launched the query. Per industry standards, the LRN appears in the CdPN (Called Party Number) field of the SS7 message and the called number then appears in the GAP (Generic Address Parameter) field.
- 3.7.3 When the called number with a portable NXX is not ported, the call is completed as in the pre-PNP environment.

- 3.7.4 The FCI (Forward Call Identifier) field's entry is changed from 0 to 1 by the switch triggering the query when a query is made, regardless of whether the called number is ported or not.
- 3.7.5 The N-1 carrier (N carrier is the responsible Party for terminating call to the End User) has the responsibility to determine if a query is required, to launch the query, and to route the call to the switch or network in which the telephone number resides.
- 3.7.6 If CLEC chooses not to fulfill its N-1 carrier responsibility, SBC-12STATE will perform queries on calls to telephone numbers with portable NXXs received from the N-1 carrier and route the call to the switch or network in which the telephone number resides.
- 3.7.7 The CLEC shall be responsible for payment of charges to SBC-12STATE for any queries made on the N-1 carrier's behalf when one or more telephone numbers have been ported in the called telephone number's NXX.
- 3.7.8 The CLEC shall populate the Jurisdictional Identification Parameter (JIP) field with the first six (6) digits (NPA NXX format) of the appropriate LRN of the originating switch.

3.8 Pricing

- 3.8.1 The price of PNP queries shall be the same as those in

SBC-AMERITECH - Section 6 of the FCC No. 2 Access Services Tariff
NEVADA BELL - Section 19 of the FCC No. 1 Access Services Tariff
PACIFIC BELL - Section 13 of the FCC No. 128 Access Services Tariff
SBC-SWBT - Section 34 of the FCC No. 73 Access Services Tariff

- 3.8.2 CLEC agrees not to charge SBC-12STATE, nor any SBC Affiliate, SBC Subsidiary, or SBC-12STATE End User for the ordering, provisioning, or conversion of ported telephone numbers as a means for the CLEC to recover the costs associated with LNP.

4. INP TO PNP TRANSITION

- 4.1 PACIFIC/NEVADA/SBC-AMERITECH has deployed LRN in all of their switches.
- 4.2 SBC-SWBT has deployed LRN in the switches requested as result of the State Commission's poll of CLECs to name the switches in which they wanted LRN deployed.

- 4.3 CLECs shall issue LSRs to change their existing INP accounts to PNP within a ninety (90) day window, or as otherwise negotiated, which starts immediately after the FCC mandated PNP Phase completes for that MSA or when a switch in a non-mandated area becomes LNP capable.
- 4.4 New requests for INP will not be provided in a SBC-12STATE switch once LRN has been deployed in that switch.
- 4.5 The Parties shall coordinate each MSA's transition from INP to PNP. When a service provider's INP lines exceed eight (8) in an NXX and/or fifty (50) lines in a MSA, they shall send advance notice to the owner of the switch(es) in which those telephone numbers are homed indicating the volume of orders involved in the INP to PNP transition.

5. MASS CALLING CODES

5.1 General Terms and Conditions

- 5.1.1 Mass calling codes, i.e., choke/HVCI NXXs, are used in a network serving arrangement provided by SBC-12STATE in special circumstances where large numbers of incoming calls are solicited by an End User and the number of calls far exceeds the switching capacity of the terminating office, the number of lines available for terminating those calls, and/or the STP's query capacity to the PNP database. The following two different sets of End User objectives usually create this condition: (a) low call completion; and (b) high call completion.
- 5.1.2 Given the potentially hazardous effect calling conditions of this nature could have on the network, SBC-12STATE will provide mass calling code portability using a non-LRN solution.

5.2 Service Provided

- 5.2.1 SBC-12STATE will offer the ability to port telephone numbers with mass calling NXX codes via the use of pseudo codes or route index numbers. In this non-LRN scenario, calls to the SBC-12STATE mass calling NXX code will leave the originating end office over dedicated MF (multi-frequency) trunk groups to the SBC-12STATE mass calling tandem and/or SBC-AMERITECH mass calling hub. The mass calling tandem will then route the calls over dedicated MF trunks to the SBC-12STATE choke serving central office (CSO). The CSO will translate the dialed mass calling number to a non-dialable pseudo code or a route index number that routes the call to the mass calling customer.

- 5.2.2 When a CLEC requests that a SBC-12STATE number with a mass calling NXX code be ported to its network, SBC-12STATE will build translations at the CSO to route the incoming calls to a CLEC provided dedicated Direct Inward Dial (DID) MF trunk group from the CSO to the CLEC central office.

5.3 Obligations of SBC-12STATE

- 5.3.1 SBC-12STATE will port its numbers with mass calling NXXs upon request by the CLEC. Non-LRN porting will be done via pseudo code or route index translation in the SBC-12STATE CSO rather than STP queries to the PNP database. This method of porting mass call numbers will be used during both INP and PNP period in each market.
- 5.3.2 SBC-12STATE will not charge the CLEC for the use of its choke network by the CLEC's mass calling customer. In exchange, SBC-12STATE shall not be responsible to pay intercompany terminating compensation for terminating minutes of use (MOU) for ported choke calls.

5.4 Obligations of CLEC

- 5.4.1 CLEC shall agree to adhere to SBC-12STATE LSR format and mass calling due date intervals.
- 5.4.2 The CLEC shall provide the facility and DID trunk group from the SBC-12STATE CSO to the CLEC's serving office. The CLEC shall size this one-way MF trunk group.
- 5.4.3 The CLEC shall forego any inter-company terminating MOU compensation for termination calls coming in on this trunk group.

5.5 CLEC Mass Calling Codes

- 5.5.1 Should the CLEC assign a mass calling NXX code(s) and establish a mass calling interface for traffic destined to its CSO(s), the CLEC shall home its CSO(s) on a SBC-12STATE mass calling tandem and a similar mass calling trunking arrangement (one-way outgoing with MF signaling) will be provided from SBC-12STATE's tandem and/or SBC-AMERITECH mass calling hub to the CLEC. In order to allow the Parties time to order and install such mass calling trunks, the CLEC shall provide SBC-12STATE notification of its intention to deploy mass calling NXX code(s) at least ninety (90) days before such codes are opened in the LERG. For more information regarding this mass local interconnection trunk group, See Appendix ITR.

- 5.5.2 MF SS7 trunk groups shall not be provided within a DS1 facility. A separate DS1 facility per signaling type must be used. Where SBC-12STATE and CLEC both provide mass calling trunking, both Parties' mass calling trunks may ride the same DS1 facility.

5.6 Limitations of Service

- 5.6.1 CLEC shall adhere to SBC-12STATE's reserved number terms and conditions. When a ported number with a mass calling NXX code becomes vacant, e.g., the ported number is no longer in service by the original End User, the ported number shall be released back to the carrier owning the switch in which the telephone number's NXX is native.

6. **PROVISION OF INP AND PNP BY CLEC TO SBC-SWBT**

- 6.1 CLEC shall provide INP and PNP to SBC-SWBT under no less favorable terms and conditions as when SBC-SWBT provides such services to CLEC.

7. **PROVISION OF PNP BY CLEC TO PACIFIC/NEVADA/SBC-AMERITECH**

- 7.1 CLEC shall provide PNP to PACIFIC/NEVADA/SBC-AMERITECH under no less favorable terms and conditions as when PACIFIC/NEVADA/SBC-AMERITECH provides such services to CLEC.

8. **APPLICABILITY OF OTHER RATES, TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

- 8.1 Every interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder, shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in this Agreement which are legitimately related to such interconnection, service or network element. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following terms and conditions of the General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to be legitimately related to, and to be applicable to, each interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder: definitions, interpretation, construction and severability; notice of changes; general responsibilities of the Parties; effective date, term and termination; fraud; deposits; billing and payment of charges; non-payment and procedures for disconnection; dispute resolution; audits; disclaimer of representations and warranties; limitation of liability; indemnification; remedies; intellectual property; publicity and use of trademarks or service marks; no license; confidentiality; intervening law; governing law; regulatory approval; changes in End User local exchange service provider selection; compliance and certification; law enforcement; no third party beneficiaries; disclaimer of agency; relationship of the Parties/independent contractor; subcontracting; assignment; responsibility for environmental contamination; force majeure; taxes; non-waiver; network maintenance and management; signaling; transmission of traffic to third parties;

customer inquiries; expenses; conflicts of interest; survival; scope of agreement; amendments and modifications; and entire agreement.

EXHIBIT 1

[This Attachment is applicable to SBC-SWBT only.]
PERMANENT NUMBER PORTABILITY (PNP)
BONA FIDE REQUEST (BFR) PROCESS

The Permanent Number Portability (PNP) Bona Fide Request (BFR) is a process that Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLECs) shall use to request that PNP be deployed

- in a Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) beyond the 100 largest MSAs in the country and
- additional switch(es) in an MSA in which PNP has been deployed.

Per the FCC First Report and Order and Further Notice Of Proposed Rulemaking (July, 1996, ¶80), CLEC can request that PNP be deployed in additional MSAs beginning January 1, 1999. SBC-SWBT is to provide PNP in that MSA in the requested switches within six (6) months of receipt of BFR.

Per the FCC's First Memorandum Opinion And Order On Reconsideration (March 1997, ¶65,66), switches that were not requested to be PNP capable in the initial PNP deployment in the top 100 MSAs can be requested to be made PNP capable. The following time frames begin after an MSA's Phase end date has been reached:

1. equipped remote switches within 30 days
2. hardware capable switches within 60 days
3. capable switches requiring hardware within 180 days
4. non-capable switches within 180 days

These time frames begin after the receipt of a BFR.

REQUEST FOR INSTALLATION OF PNP SOFTWARE

The request to make one or more switches in an MSA PNP capable shall be made in the form of a letter or the form on pages 3 through 5 of this Attachment from CLEC to its SBC-SWBT Account Manager which shall specify the following:

- The MSA in which requested switch(es) are located.
- The switch(es), by CLLI code, that are to become PNP capable.
- The date when PNP capability is requested with the FCC established time frames being the least amount of time.
- The projected quantity of queries that result from this new capability with a demand forecast per tandem or end office with which CLEC interconnects.
- An initial response from the SBC-SWBT Account Manager, acknowledging receipt of the BFR and the date when requested switch(es) will be PNP capable, must be made to CLEC within ten (10) business days of receipt of the BFR.

Local Number Portability (LNP) Bona Fide Request (BFR)

Southwest Region LNP Network Operations Team

DATE: _____ (date of request)

TO: _____ (name of service provider)
_____ (address of service provider)
_____ (contact name/number)

FROM: _____ (requester/service provider name/ID)
_____ (requester switch(es)/CLLI)
_____ (authorized by name)
_____ (authorized by title)
_____ (contact name/address/number)

Affidavit attesting requester as authorized agent should accompany request.

SWITCH(ES):

CLLI ¹	Rate Center Name ²	Rate Center VC/HC ²	NPA-NXX(s) ³
_____	_____	_____	All: Y or N
_____	_____	_____	All: Y or N
_____	_____	_____	All: Y or N
_____	_____	_____	All: Y or N
_____	_____	_____	All: Y or N

DATES: Requested date switch(es) should be LNP capable: _____ (mm/dd/yy)
Requested code opening date⁴: _____ (mm/dd/yy)

Notes: See following page.

Acknowledgment of BFR is to be sent to the requester within ten business days.

Local Number Portability (LNP) Bona Fide Request (BFR)

Southwest Region LNP Network Operations Team
(Continued)

- Notes: ¹ List each switch targeted for LNP by its specific CLLI code.
² Enter associated Rate Center information from LERG, including: Rate Center Name and Associated V&H Terminating Point Master Coordinates; Source of the LERG information: Destination Code Record (DRD) Screen.
³ Circle or highlight Y if requesting all eligible NPA-NXX codes in that specific switch to be opened. Circle or highlight N if only certain NPA NXX codes are being requested, then provide list of desired NPA NXX(s).

Note: Targeting of specific NPA-NXX codes should be carefully considered. A traditional ILEC may serve a single rate center with multiple switches (CLLIs and NXX codes) while CLEC may serve multiple rate centers with a single switch. In the latter case, use of a specific NXX code will determine the rate center.

- ⁴ As documented in the Southwest Region Code Opening Process.

Acknowledgment of LNP Bona Fide Request (BFR)

Southwest Region LNP Network Operations Team

DATE: _____ (date of response)

TO: _____ (requester/CLEC name/ID)
_____ (contact name/address/number)
_____ (requester switch(es)/CLLI)

FROM: _____ (name of service provider)
_____ (address of provider)
_____ (contact name/number)

Switch request(s) accepted:

CLLI Accepted	LNP Effective Date	or <i>Modified Effective Date</i>	Ineligible NPA-NXXs
_____ (CLLI 1)	_____	_____	_____
_____ (CLLI 2)	_____	_____	_____
_____ (CLLI 3)	_____	_____	_____
_____ (CLLI 4)	_____	_____	_____

Switch request(s) denied/reason for denial:

_____ (CLLI 1): _____

_____ (CLLI 2): _____

_____ (CLLI 3): _____

Authorized company representative signature/title: _____

APPENDIX NUMBERING – SBC-13STATE

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SBC-13STATE/AMERICAN FIBER SYSTEMS, INC.

010802

APPENDIX NUMBERING

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APPENDIX NUMBERING

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth the terms and conditions under which the Illinois Bell Telephone Company, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a Ameritech Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada Bell Telephone Company, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Pacific Bell Telephone Company, The Southern New England Telephone Company, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a Southwestern Bell Telephone Company, and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a Ameritech Wisconsin will coordinate with respect to NXX assignments.
- 1.2 As used herein, SBC-13STATE means the above listed ILECs doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas and Wisconsin.

2. GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 2.1 Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to limit or otherwise adversely impact in any manner either Party's right to employ or to request and be assigned any North American Numbering Plan (NANP) number resources from the numbering administrator including, but not limited to, central office (NXX) codes pursuant to the Central Office Code Assignment Guidelines, or to establish, by tariff or otherwise, Exchanges and Rating Points corresponding to such NXX codes. Each Party is responsible for administering the NXX codes it is assigned.
- 2.2 At a minimum, in those Metropolitan Exchange Areas where the CLEC is properly certified by the appropriate regulatory body and intends to provide local exchange service, the CLEC shall obtain a separate NXX code for each SBC-13STATE rate center which is required to ensure compliance with the industry-approved Central Office Code (NXX) Assignment Guidelines (most current version) or other industry approved numbering guidelines and the FCC's Second Report & Order in CC Docket 95-116, released August 18, 1997 (Local Number Portability). This will enable CLEC and SBC-13STATE to identify the jurisdictional nature of traffic for intercompany compensation until such time as both Parties have implemented billing and routing capabilities to determine traffic jurisdiction on a basis other than NXX codes.

- 2.3 Pursuant to Section 7.3 of the North American Numbering Council Local Number Portability Architecture and Administrative Plan report, which was adopted by the FCC, Second Report and Order, CC Docket 95-116, released August 18, 1997, portability is technically limited to rate center/rate district boundaries of the incumbent LEC due to rating and routing concerns. Therefore, Parties shall assign telephone numbers from its NXX's only to those customers that are physically in the rate center to which the NXX is assigned.
- 2.4 Each Party is responsible to program and update its own switches and network systems to recognize and route traffic to the other Party's assigned NXX codes at all times. Neither Party shall impose fees or charges on the other Party for such required programming and updating activities.
- 2.5 Each Party is responsible to input required data into the Routing Data Base Systems (RDBS) and into the Telcordia Rating Administrative Data Systems (BRADS) or other appropriate system(s) necessary to update the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG), unless negotiated otherwise.
- 2.6 Neither Party is responsible for notifying the other Parties' End Users of any changes in dialing arrangements, including those due to NPA exhaust.
- 2.7 NXX Migration
- 2.7.1 Where either Party has activated an entire NXX for a single end user, or activated more than half of an NXX for a single end user with the remaining numbers in that NXX either reserved for future use or otherwise unused, and such End-User chooses to receive service from the other Party, the first Party shall cooperate with the second Party to have the entire NXX reassigned in the LERG (and associated industry databases, routing tables, etc.) to an End Office operated by the second Party provided that the requested rate center is the same rate center that physically serves the customer in a non-foreign exchange arrangement. Such transfer will require development of a transition process to minimize impact on the Network and on the end user(s)' service and will be subject to appropriate industry lead times (currently forty-five (45) days) for movements of NXXs from one switch to another. The Party to whom the NXX is migrated will pay NXX migration charges per NXX to the Party formerly assigned the NXX as described in the Pricing Appendix under "OTHER".
- 2.8 Test Numbers
- 2.8.1 Each Party is responsible for providing to the other, valid test numbers. One number terminating to a VOICE announcement

identifying the Company and one number terminating to a milliwatt tone providing answer supervision and allowing simultaneous connection from multiple test lines. Both numbers should remain in service indefinitely for regressive testing purposes.

3. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER RATES, TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 3.1 Every interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder, shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in this Agreement which are legitimately related to such interconnection, service or network element. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following terms and conditions of the General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to be legitimately related to, and to be applicable to, each interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder: definitions, interpretation, construction and severability; notice of changes; general responsibilities of the Parties; effective date, term and termination; fraud; deposits; billing and payment of charges; non-payment and procedures for disconnection; dispute resolution; audits; disclaimer of representations and warranties; limitation of liability; indemnification; remedies; intellectual property; publicity and use of trademarks or service marks; no license; confidentiality; intervening law; governing law; regulatory approval; changes in End User local exchange service provider selection; compliance and certification; law enforcement; no third party beneficiaries; disclaimer of agency; relationship of the Parties/independent contractor; subcontracting; assignment; responsibility for environmental contamination; force majeure; taxes; non-waiver; network maintenance and management; signaling; transmission of traffic to third parties; customer inquiries; expenses; conflicts of interest; survival; scope of agreement; amendments and modifications; and entire agreement.

APPENDIX OS

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**APPENDIX OS
(OPERATOR SERVICES)**

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth the terms and conditions for Operator Services (OS) for switched-based CLEC's or CLEC's leasing unbundled switched ports as provided by the applicable SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) owned Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC) and CLEC.
- 1.2 SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) means the holding company which owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a Ameritech Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada Bell Telephone Company, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Pacific Bell Telephone Company, The Southern New England Telephone Company, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a Southwestern Bell Telephone Company and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a Ameritech Wisconsin.
- 1.3 As used herein, SBC-13STATE means the applicable above listed ILECs doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.4 As used herein, SBC-12STATE means the applicable above listed ILECs doing business in Arkansas, California, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.5 As used herein, SBC-10STATE means the applicable above listed ILECs doing business in Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.6 As used herein, SBC-8STATE means the applicable above listed ILECs doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.7 As used herein, SBC-7STATE means the applicable above listed ILECs doing business in Arkansas, California, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.8 As used herein, SBC-SWBT means the applicable above listed ILECs doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.9 As used herein, SBC-AMERITECH means the applicable above listed ILECs doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.
- 1.10 As used herein, SBC-2STATE means the applicable above listed ILECs doing business in California and Nevada.

- 1.11 As used herein, SNET means the applicable above listed ILECs doing business in Connecticut.
- 1.12 As used herein, PACIFIC means the applicable above listed ILECs doing business in California.
- 1.13 As used herein, NEVADA means the applicable above listed ILECs doing business in Nevada.

2. SERVICES

- 2.1 Where technically feasible and/or available, SBC-13STATE will provide the following OS:

- 2.1.1 Fully Automated Call Processing

- 2.1.1.1 Allows the caller to complete a call utilizing equipment without the assistance of an SBC-13STATE operator, hereafter called "Operator.

- 2.1.1.2 SBC-10STATE and PACIFIC/SNET - This allows the caller the option of completing calls through an Automated Alternate Billing System (AABS). Automated functions can only be activated from a touch-tone telephone. Use of a rotary telephone or failure or slow response by the caller to the audio prompts will bridge the caller to an Operator for assistance.

- 2.1.1.3 NEVADA - This allows the caller the option of billing calling card calls through a Mechanized Calling Card Service (MCCS). Automated functions can only be activated from a touch-tone telephone.

- 2.1.2 Operator-Assisted Call Processing

- 2.1.2.1 Allows the caller to complete a call by receiving assistance from an Operator.

3. DEFINITIONS

- 3.1 Fully Automated Call Processing - Where technically feasible and/or available, SBC-13STATE can support the following fully automated call types as outlined below:

- 3.1.1 Fully Automated Calling Card Service.

- 3.1.1.1 SBC-13STATE - This service is provided when the caller dials zero ("0"), plus the desired telephone number and the calling card number

to which the call is to be charged. The call is completed without the assistance of an Operator. An authorized calling card for the purpose of this Appendix, is one for which SBC-13STATE can perform billing validation.

3.1.2 Fully Automated Collect and Bill to Third Number Services.

3.1.2.1 SBC-12STATE - The caller dials zero (0) plus the telephone number desired, and selects the Collect or Bill To Third Number billing option as instructed by the automated equipment. The call is completed without the assistance of an Operator.

3.2 Operator-Assisted Call Processing - Where technically feasible and/or available, SBC-13STATE will support the following Operator-assisted call types for CLEC:

3.2.1 Semi-Automated Calling Card Service. A service provided when the caller dials zero (0) plus the telephone number desired and the calling card number to which the call is to be charged. The call is completed with the assistance of an Operator. An authorized calling card for the purpose of this Appendix, is one for which SBC-13STATE can perform billing validation.

3.2.2 Semi-Automated Collect and Bill to Third Number Services. SBC-12STATE - The caller dials zero (0) plus the telephone number desired, and selects the Collect or Bill To Third Number billing option as instructed by the automated equipment. The call is completed with the assistance of an Operator.

3.2.3 Semi-Automated Person-To-Person Service. A service in which the caller dials zero (0) plus the telephone number desired and asks the Operator for assistance in reaching a particular person, or a particular PBX station, department or office to be reached through a PBX attendant. This service applies even if the caller agrees, after the connection is established, to speak to any party other than the party previously specified.

3.2.4 Operator Handled Services. Services provided when the caller dials zero (0) for Operator assistance in placing a sent paid, calling card, collect, third number or person to person call.

3.2.5 Busy Line Verification (BLV)/Line Status Verification. A service in which the Operator, upon request, will check the requested line for conversation in progress and advise the caller.

3.2.6 Busy Line Verification Interrupt (BLVI). A service in which the caller asks the Operator to interrupt a conversation in progress, to determine if one of the parties is willing to speak to the caller requesting the interrupt. Busy Line Interrupt service applies even if no conversation is in progress at the time of

the interrupt attempt, or when the parties interrupted refuse to terminate the conversation in progress.

- 3.2.7 Operator Transfer Service. A service in which the local caller requires Operator Assistance for completion of a call terminating outside the originating LATA.

4. CALL BRANDING

- 4.1 The procedure of identifying a provider's name audibly and distinctly to the End User at the beginning of each OS call.

- 4.1.1 Where technically feasible and/or available, SBC-13STATE will brand OS in CLEC's name based upon the criteria outlined below:

4.1.1.1 Where SBC-13STATE provides CLEC Operator Services (OS) and DA services via the same trunk, both the OS and DA calls will be branded with the same brand. Where SBC-13STATE is only providing OS on behalf of the CLEC, the calls will be branded.

4.1.1.2 CLEC name used in branding calls may be subject to Commission regulations and should match the name in which CLEC is doing business.

4.1.1.3 SBC-13STATE - CLEC will provide written specifications of its company name to be used by SBC-13STATE to create the CLEC's specific branding announcement for its OS calls in accordance with the process outlined in the Operator Services OS/DA Questionnaire (OSQ).

4.1.1.4 A CLEC purchasing SBC-13STATE unbundled local switching is responsible for maintaining CLEC's End User customer records in SBC-13STATE Line Information Database (LIDB) as described in Appendix LIDB-AS. CLEC's failure to properly administer customer records in LIDB may result in branding errors.

4.1.1.5 Branding Load Charges

4.1.1.5.1 SBC-SWBT - An initial non-recurring charge applies per state, per brand, per Operator assistance switch, for the establishment of CLEC specific branding. An additional non-recurring charge applies per state, per brand, per Operator assistance switch for each subsequent change to the branding announcement. In addition, a per call charge applies for every OS call handled by SBC-SWBT on behalf of CLEC when such services are provided in conjunction

with the purchase of SBC-SWBT unbundled local switching.

4.1.1.5.2 SBC-AMERITECH – An initial non-recurring charge applies per brand, per Operator Assistance Switch, per trunk group for the establishment of CLEC specific branding. In addition, a per call charge applies for every OS call handled by SBC-AMERITECH on behalf of CLEC when such services are provided in conjunction with the purchase of SBC- AMERITECH unbundled local switching. An additional non-recurring charge applies per brand, per Operator assistance switch, per trunk group for each subsequent change to the branding announcement.

4.1.1.5.3 SBC-2STATE – An initial non-recurring charge applies per state, per brand, per Operator assistance switch, for the establishment of CLEC specific branding. An additional non-recurring charge applies per state, per brand, per Operator assistance switch for each subsequent change to the branding announcement.

4.1.1.5.4 SNET – An initial non-recurring charge applies per brand, per load, per Operator assistance switch for the establishment of CLEC specific branding. An additional non-recurring charge applies per brand, per load, per Operator assistance switch for each subsequent change to the branding announcement.

5. OPERATOR SERVICES (OS) REFERENCE/RATER INFORMATION

5.1 An SBC database referenced by an SBC Operator for CLEC OS specific Reference/Rater information based upon the criteria.

5.1.1 Where technically feasible and/or available, SBC-12STATE will provide CLEC OS Rate/Reference Information based upon the criteria outlined below:

5.1.1.1 CLEC will furnish OS Reference and Rater information in accordance with the process outlined in the Operator Services Questionnaire (OSQ).

5.1.1.2 CLEC will inform SBC-12STATE, via the Operator Services Questionnaire (OSQ) of any changes to be made to Reference/Rater information.

5.1.1.3 An initial non-recurring charge will apply per state, per Operator assistance switch for loading of CLEC's OS Reference/Rater information. An additional non-recurring charge will apply per state, per Operator assistance switch for each subsequent change to either the CLEC's OS Reference or Rater information.

5.1.2 When an SBC-12STATE Operator receives a rate request from a CLEC End User, SBC-12STATE will quote the applicable OS rates as provided by CLEC or as otherwise defined below.

5.1.2.1 SNET- until technically feasible and/or available, when a SNET Operator receives a rate request from a CLEC end user, SNET will quote the surcharge rate only.

6. INTRALATA MESSAGE RATING

6.1 SBC-SWBT - Upon request, CLEC may opt to purchase intraLATA Message Rating Service. This service provides the message rating function on all SBC-SWBT Operator assisted intraLATA calls. With this service, SBC-SWBT will compute the applicable charges for each message based on CLEC's schedule of rates provided to SBC-SWBT.

7. HANDLING OF EMERGENCY CALLS TO OPERATOR

7.1 To the extent CLEC's NXX encompasses multiple emergency agencies, SBC-13STATE agrees to ask the caller for the name of his/her community and to transfer the caller to the appropriate emergency agency for the caller's area. CLEC must provide SBC-13STATE with the correct information to enable the transfer as required by the OSQ. CLEC will also provide default emergency agency numbers to use when the customer is unable to provide the name of his/her community. When the assistance of another Carrier's operator is required, SBC-13STATE will attempt to reach the appropriate operator if the network facilities for inward assistance exist. CLEC agrees to indemnify, defend, and hold harmless SBC-13STATE from any and all actions, claims, costs, damages, lawsuits, liabilities, losses and expenses, including reasonable attorney fees, arising from any misdirected calls.

8. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES

8.1 CLEC agrees that due to quality of service and work force scheduling, SBC-13STATE will be the sole provider of OS for CLEC's local serving area(s) for a minimum of a one (1) year period.

8.2 CLEC will be responsible for providing the equipment and facilities necessary for signaling and routing calls with Automatic Number Identification (ANI) to each SBC-13STATE Operator assistance switch. Should CLEC seek to obtain interexchange OS from SBC-13STATE, CLEC is responsible for ordering the

necessary facilities under the appropriate interstate or intrastate Access Service Tariffs. Nothing in this Agreement in any way changes the manner in which an interexchange Carrier obtains access service for the purpose of originating or terminating interexchange traffic.

- 8.3 Facilities necessary for the provision of OS shall be provided by the Parties hereto, using standard trunk traffic engineering procedures to insure that the objective grade of service is met. Each party shall bear the costs for its own facilities and equipment.
- 8.4 CLEC will furnish to SBC-13STATE a completed OSQ, thirty (30) calendar days in advance of the date when the OS are to be undertaken.
- 8.5 CLEC will provide SBC-13STATE updates to the OSQ fourteen (14) calendar days in advance of the date when changes are to become effective.
- 8.6 CLEC understands and acknowledges that before live traffic can be passed, CLEC is responsible for obtaining and providing to SBC-13STATE, default emergency agency numbers.

9. METHODS AND PRACTICES

- 9.1 SBC-13STATE will provide OS to CLEC's End Users in accordance with SBC-13STATE OS methods and practices that are in effect at the time the OS call is made, unless otherwise agreed in writing by both Parties.

10. PRICING

- 10.1 The prices at which SBC-13STATE agrees to provide CLEC with OS are contained in the applicable Appendix Pricing and/or the applicable Commission ordered tariff where stated.
- 10.2 Beyond the specified term of this Appendix, SBC-13STATE may change the prices for the provision of OS upon one hundred-twenty (120) calendar days' notice to CLEC.

11. MONTHLY BILLING

- 11.1 For information regarding billing, non-payment, disconnection, and dispute resolution, see the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement.
- 11.2 SBC-13STATE will accumulate and provide CLEC such data as necessary for CLEC to bill its End Users.

12. LIABILITY

- 12.1 The provisions set forth in the General Terms and Conditions of this Agreement, including but not limited to those relating to limitation of liability and indemnification, shall govern performance under this Appendix.
- 12.2 CLEC also agrees to release, defend, indemnify, and hold harmless SBC-13STATE from any claim, demand or suit that asserts any infringement or invasion of privacy or confidentiality of any person or persons caused or claimed to be caused, directly, or indirectly, by SBC-13STATE employees and equipment associated with provision of the OS Services, including but is not limited to suits arising from disclosure of the telephone number, address, or name associated with the telephone called or the telephone used to call Operator Services.

13. TERMS OF APPENDIX

- 13.1 Appendix will continue in force for the length of the Interconnection Agreement, but no less than twelve (12) months. At the expiration of the term of the Interconnection Agreement to which this Appendix is attached or twelve (12) months, whichever occurs later, either Party may terminate this agreement upon one hundred-twenty (120) calendar days written notice to the other Party.
- 13.2 If CLEC terminates this Appendix prior to the expiration of the term of this Appendix, CLEC shall pay SBC-13STATE, within thirty (30) days of the issuance of any bills by SBC-13STATE, all amounts due for actual services provided under this Appendix, plus estimated monthly charges for the unexpired portion of the term. Estimated charges will be based on an average of the actual monthly service provided by SBC-13STATE pursuant to this Appendix prior to its termination.

14. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER RATES, TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 14.1 Every interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder, shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in this Agreement which are legitimately related to such interconnection, service or network element. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following terms and conditions of the General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to be legitimately related to, and to be applicable to, each interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder: definitions, interpretation, construction and severability; notice of changes; general responsibilities of the Parties; effective date, term and termination; fraud; deposits; billing and payment of charges; non-payment and procedures for disconnection; dispute resolution; audits; disclaimer of representations and warranties; limitation of liability; indemnification; remedies; intellectual property; publicity and use of trademarks or service marks; no license; confidentiality; intervening law; governing law; regulatory approval; changes in End User local exchange service provider selection; compliance and certification; law enforcement; no third party beneficiaries; disclaimer of agency; relationship of the

Parties/independent contractor; subcontracting; assignment; responsibility for environmental contamination; force majeure; taxes; non-waiver; network maintenance and management; signaling; transmission of traffic to third parties; customer inquiries; expenses; conflicts of interest; survival; scope of agreement; amendments and modifications; and entire agreement.

APPENDIX OSS - RESALE & UNE

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APPENDIX OSS
(ACCESS TO OPERATIONS SUPPORT SYSTEMS FUNCTIONS)

1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth terms and conditions for nondiscriminatory access to Operations Support Systems (OSS) "functions" to CLEC for pre-ordering, ordering, provisioning, maintenance/repair, and billing provided by the applicable SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) owned Incumbent Local Exchange Carrier (ILEC). With respect to all matters covered by this Appendix, the Parties will comply with the final SBC-Ameritech POR for Uniform and Enhanced OSS ("Uniform POR") as approved by FCC on September 22, 2000.
- 1.2 SBC Communications Inc. (SBC) means the holding company which owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a Ameritech Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada Bell Telephone Company, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company, Pacific Bell Telephone Company, The Southern New England Telephone Company, Southwestern Bell Telephone L.P. d/b/a Southwestern Bell Telephone Company and/or Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a Ameritech Wisconsin.
- 1.3 SBC-13STATE - As used herein, SBC-13STATE means the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.4 SBC-12STATE - As used herein, SBC-12STATE means the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 1.5 SBC-8STATE - As used herein, SBC-8STATE means an applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.6 SBC-7STATE - As used herein, SBC-7STATE means the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Kansas, Missouri, Nevada, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.7 SWBT - As used herein, SWBT means the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 1.8 AMERITECH - As used herein, AMERITECH means the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.

- 1.9 PACIFIC - As used herein, PACIFIC means the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in California.
- 1.10 NEVADA - As used herein, NEVADA means the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Nevada.
- 1.11 SNET - As used herein, SNET means the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Connecticut.
- 1.12 SBC-13STATE has established performance measurements to illustrate non-discriminatory access. These measurements are represented in Appendix Performance Measurements.

2.0 DEFINITIONS

- 2.1 "LSC" means (i) the Local Service Center (LSC) for SBC-12STATE; (ii) Local Exchange Carrier Center (LECC) for SNET.
- 2.2 "LOC" means (i) the Local Operations Center (LOC) for SWBT, PACIFIC, NEVADA, and SNET; and (ii) the Customer Response Unit (CRU) for AMERITECH.
- 2.3 "Service Bureau Provider" - For purposes of this Agreement, Service Bureau Provider is a company which has been engaged by CLEC to act as its agent for purposes of accessing SBC-13STATE's OSS application-to-application interfaces.

3.0 GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 3.1 Resale and Unbundled Network Elements (UNE) functions will be accessible via electronic interface(s), as described herein, where such functions are available. The Parties agree that electronic order processing is more efficient than manual order processing. During implementation the Parties will negotiate a threshold volume of orders after which electronic ordering is required. Once CLEC is submitting more than the agreed to threshold amount, but not later than twelve (12) months from the Effective Date of this Agreement, CLEC will no longer submit orders manually (and SBC-13STATE shall not be required to accept and process manual orders) except when the electronic order processing is unavailable for a substantial period of time, or where a given order cannot be processed electronically.

3.2 Proper Use of OSS interfaces:

3.2.1 For SBC-13STATE, CLEC agrees to utilize SBC-13STATE electronic interfaces, as described herein, only for the purposes of establishing and maintaining Resale Services or UNEs through SBC-13STATE. In addition, CLEC agrees that such use will comply with SBC-13STATE's Data Connection Security Requirements as identified in Section 9 of this Appendix. Failure to comply with such security guidelines may result in forfeiture of electronic access to OSS functionality. In addition, CLEC shall be responsible for and indemnifies SBC-13STATE against any cost, expense or liability relating to any unauthorized entry or access into, or use or manipulation of SBC-13STATE's OSS from CLEC systems, workstations or terminals or by CLEC employees, agents, or any third party gaining access through information and/or facilities obtained from or utilized by CLEC and shall pay SBC-13STATE for any and all damages caused by such unauthorized entry.

3.3 Within SBC-13STATE regions, CLEC's access to pre-order functions described in 4.2.2 will only be utilized to view Customer Proprietary Network Information (CPNI) of another carrier's End User where CLEC has obtained an authorization for release of CPNI from the End User and has obtained an authorization to become the End User's Local Service Provider.

3.3.1 In SBC-13STATE regions, CLEC must maintain records of individual customers' authorizations for change in local exchange service and release of CPNI which adhere to all requirements of state and federal law, as applicable.

3.3.2 This section applies to PACIFIC ONLY. For consumer End Users, prior to accessing such information, CLEC shall, on its own behalf and on behalf of PACIFIC, comply with all applicable requirements of Section 2891 of the California Public Utilities Code and 47 USC 222 (and implementing FCC decisions thereunder), and, where accessing such information via an electronic interface, CLEC shall have obtained an authorization to become the End User's local service provider. Accessing such information by CLEC shall constitute certification that CLEC is in compliance with applicable requirements of Section 2891 and Section 222 (and implementing FCC decisions thereunder) and has complied with the prior sentence. CLEC shall receive and retain such information in conformance with the requirements of 47 USC 222 (and implementing FCC decisions thereunder). CLEC agrees to indemnify, defend and hold harmless PACIFIC against any claim made by a consumer End User or governmental entity against PACIFIC or CLEC under Section 2891 or Section 222 (and implementing FCC decisions thereunder) or for any breach by CLEC of this section.

- 3.3.3 Throughout SBC-13STATE region, CLEC is solely responsible for determining whether proper authorization has been obtained and holds SBC-13STATE harmless from any loss on account of CLEC's failure to obtain proper CPNI consent from an End User.
- 3.4 By utilizing electronic interfaces to access OSS-functions, CLEC agrees to perform accurate and correct ordering including Resale and UNE services, rates, and charges, subject to the terms of this Agreement and applicable tariffs dependent on region of operation. CLEC is also responsible for all actions of its employees using any of SBC-13STATE's OSS systems. As such, CLEC agrees to accept and pay all reasonable costs or expenses, including labor costs, incurred by SBC-13STATE caused by any and all inaccurate ordering or usage of the OSS, if such costs are not already recovered through other charges assessed by SBC-13STATE to CLEC. In addition, CLEC agrees to indemnify and hold SBC-13STATE harmless against any claim made by an End User of CLEC or other third parties against SBC-13STATE caused by or related to CLEC's use of any SBC-13STATE OSS.
- 3.5 In the event SBC has good cause to believe that CLEC has used SBC-13STATE OSS in a way that conflicts with this Agreement or Applicable Law, SBC shall give CLEC written notice describing the alleged misuse ("Notice of Misuse"). CLEC shall immediately refrain from the alleged misuse until such time that CLEC responds in writing to SBC's Notice of Misuse, which shall be provided to SBC within twenty (20) calendar days after receipt of the Notice of Misuse. In the event CLEC agrees with SBC's allegation of misuse, CLEC shall refrain from the alleged misuse during the term of this Agreement.
- 3.6 In the event CLEC does not agree that the CLEC's use of SBC-13STATE OSS is inconsistent with this Agreement or Applicable Law, then the parties agree to the following steps:
- 3.6.1 If such misuse involves improper access of pre-order applications to obtain CPNI in violation of this Agreement, Applicable Law, or involves a violation of the security guidelines contained herein, or negatively affects another OSS user's ability to use OSS, CLEC shall continue to refrain from using the particular OSS functionality in the manner alleged by SBC to be improper, until CLEC has implemented a mutually agreeable remedy to the alleged misuse.
- 3.6.2 To remedy the misuse for the balance of the agreement, Parties will work together as necessary to mutually determine a permanent resolution for the balance of the term of the agreement.
- 3.7 In order to determine whether CLEC has engaged in the alleged misuse described in the Notice of Misuse, and for good cause shown, SBC shall have the right to conduct an audit of CLEC's use of the SBC-13STATE OSS. Such audit shall be

limited to auditing those aspects of CLEC's use of the SBC-13STATE OSS that relate to SBC's allegation of misuse as set forth in the Notice of Misuse. SBC-13STATE shall give ten (10) calendar days advance written notice of its intent to audit CLEC ("Audit Notice") under this Section 3.7, and shall identify the type of information needed for the audit. Such Audit Notice may not precede SBC's Notice of Misuse. Within a reasonable time following the Audit Notice, but no less than fourteen (14) calendar days after the date of the notice (unless otherwise agreed by the Parties), CLEC shall provide SBC-13STATE with access to the requested information in any reasonably requested format, at an appropriate CLEC location, unless otherwise agreed to by the Parties. The audit shall be at SBC-13STATE's expense. All information obtained through such an audit shall be deemed proprietary and/or confidential and subject to confidential treatment without necessity for marking such information confidential. SBC-13STATE agrees that it shall only use employees or outside parties to conduct the audit who do not have marketing, strategic analysis, competitive assessment or similar responsibilities within SBC-13STATE.

- 3.8 When Resale Service and UNE order functions are not available via an electronic interface for the pre-order, ordering and provisioning processes, SBC-13STATE and CLEC will use manual processes. Should SBC-13STATE develop electronic interfaces for these functions for itself, SBC-13STATE will make electronic access available to CLEC within the specific operating region.
- 3.9 The Information Services (I.S.) Call Center for the SBC-13STATE region provides for technical support function of electronic OSS interfaces. CLEC will also provide a single point of contact for technical issues related to the CLEC's electronic interfaces.
- 3.10 The Parties will follow the final adopted guidelines of "SBC Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC) 13-State Interface Change Management Process", developed in collaboration with CLECs. This plan may be modified from time to time in accordance with the Change Management principles.
- 3.11 SBC-13STATE will and CLEC may participate in the Order and Billing Forum (OBF) and the Telecommunications Industry Forum (TCIF) to establish and conform to uniform industry guidelines for electronic interfaces for pre-order, ordering, and provisioning. Neither Party waives its rights as participants in such forums or in the implementation of the guidelines. To achieve system functionality as quickly as possible, the Parties acknowledge that SBC-13STATE may deploy interfaces with requirements developed in advance of industry guidelines. Thus, subsequent modifications may be necessary to comply with emerging guidelines. CLEC and SBC-13STATE are individually responsible for evaluating the risk of developing their respective systems in advance of guidelines and agree to support their own system modifications to comply with new requirements. In addition, SBC-13STATE has the right to define Local Service Request (LSR) Usage requirements according to the General Section 1.0,

paragraph 1.4 of the practices in the OBF Local Service Ordering Guidelines (LSOG), which states: "Options described in this practice may not be applicable to individual providers tariffs; therefore, use of either the field or valid entries within the field is based on the providers tariffs/practices."

- 3.12 Due to enhancements and on-going development of access to SBC-13STATE's OSS functions, certain interfaces described in this Appendix may be modified, temporarily unavailable or may be phased out after execution of this Appendix. SBC-13STATE shall provide proper notice of interface phase-out as required by the Change Management process.
- 3.13 CLEC is responsible for obtaining operating system software and hardware to access SBC-13STATE OSS functions. All hardware and software requirements are specified in: "CLEC Hardware/Software Requirements for Access of SBC Uniform OSS Applications", or any other documents or interface requirements subsequently generated by SBC-13STATE for any of its regions.

4.0 PRE-ORDERING

- 4.1 SBC-13STATE will provide real time access to pre-order functions to support CLEC ordering of Resale services and UNE. The Parties acknowledge that ordering requirements necessitate the use of current, real time pre-order information to accurately build service orders. The following lists represent pre-order functions that are available to CLEC so that CLEC order requests may be created to comply with SBC-13STATE region-specific ordering requirements.

4.2 Pre-Ordering functions for Resale Services and UNEs include:

4.2.1 Feature/Service Availability:

4.2.1.1 Feature Inquiry provides SBC-12STATE with feature and service availability by WTN, NPA/NXX, and CLLI Code (as applicable). For SNET, features will be available based on NPA-NXX.

4.2.1.2 PIC/LPIC Inquiry provides SBC-12STATE Primary Interexchange Carrier (PIC) options for intraLATA toll and interLATA toll.

4.2.2 Customer Service Information - CSI Inquiry:

Access to SBC-13STATE retail or resold CPNI and account information for pre-ordering will include: billing name, service address, billing address, service and feature subscription, directory listing information, long distance carrier identity, and for SBC-12STATE, pending service order activity is included. CLEC agrees that CLEC's representatives will not access the information specified in this subsection until after the End User requests that his or her Local Service Provider be changed to CLEC,

and an End User authorization for release of CPNI complies with conditions as described in section 3.2 of this Appendix.

4.2.3 Telephone Number Inquiry:

SBC-13STATE provides a Telephone Number Reservation Inquiry and a Cancel Reservation function. With the rollout of the Uniform Pre-Order Interfaces, Ameritech also provides a Telephone Number Confirmation Inquiry function.

4.2.4 Scheduling Inquiry/Availability:

4.2.4.1 Due Date Inquiry provides next available dates for the End User (where available).

4.2.4.2 Dispatch Inquiry provides information to indicate whether dispatch is required.

4.2.5 Address Validation Inquiry:

SBC-13STATE provides address validation function.

4.3 **The following are Pre-Order functions specific to UNEs:**

4.3.1 Loop Pre-Qualification and Loop Qualification Inquiry:

SBC-13STATE provides pre-order loop qualification information specific to DSL capable and Line Shared UNE loops consistent with the XDSL and Advanced Services OSS Plan of Record filed 4/3/00 and approved by FCC on 12/22/00.

4.3.2 Common Language Location Indicator (CLLI) Inquiry:

Provided in SBC-12STATE. Will be available across SBC-13STATE with the Uniform POR Release of Pre-Order interfaces.

4.3.3 Connecting Facility Assignment (CFA) Inquiry:

Provided in SBC-12STATE. Will be available across SBC-13STATE with the Uniform POR Release of Pre-Order interfaces.

4.3.4 Network Channel/Network Channel Interface (NC/NCI) Inquiry:

Provided in SBC-12STATE. Will be available across SBC-13STATE with the Uniform POR Release of Pre-Order interfaces.

4.4 **Electronic Access to Pre-Order Functions:**

4.4.1 **Resale and UNE Pre-order Interface Availability:**

4.4.1.1 Enhanced Verigate is the 13-state uniform pre-order GUI interface available in SBC-12STATE to provide the pre-ordering functions

listed in section 4.2. Enhanced Verigate is accessible via a web-based Toolbar.

- 4.4.1.2 An industry standard EDI/CORBA Pre-ordering Gateway is provided by SBC-12STATE. This pre-ordering gateway supports two structural protocols, EDI and CORBA, as recommended by the technical industry committees. EDI/CORBA, like DataGate, is application-to-application interface that can be integrated with the CLEC's own negotiation system and that supports both Resale services and UNEs.
- 4.4.1.3 DataGate is a transaction-based data query system through which SBC-7STATE provides CLEC access to pre-ordering functions. This gateway shall be a Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) gateway and will, once CLEC has developed its own interface, allow CLEC to access the pre-order functions for Resale services and UNE. DataGate follows industry guidelines, but is based on SBC-7STATE's proprietary pre-ordering functionality.
- 4.4.1.4 Consumer Easy Access Sales Environment (C-EASE): C-EASE is an ordering entry system through which SWBT provides CLEC access to the functions of pre-ordering to order SWBT consumer Resale services.
- 4.4.1.5 Business Easy Access Sales Environment (B-EASE): B-EASE is an ordering entry system through which SWBT provides CLEC access to the functions of pre-ordering to order SWBT business Resale services.
- 4.4.1.6 Service Order Retrieval and Distribution (SORD) is available for the pre-order function of viewing the CPNI, when SORD is used to order PACIFIC Resale service.
- 4.4.1.7 SNET provides CLEC access to the Resale and UNE preorder functions described in section 4.2 via the application to application interface called MSAP which is an Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) based interface.
- 4.4.1.8 SNET provides CLEC access to the following Resale preorder applications through its proprietary (GUI) Graphical User Interface called W-CIWin.
 - 4.4.1.8.1 W-SNAP is an order entry application through which SNET provides CLEC access to pre-ordering functionality embedded in the ordering tool.

5.2 **Service Order Request System Availability:**

- 5.2.1 SBC-12STATE makes available to CLEC an Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) interface for transmission of Local Service Requests (LSR) as defined by the OBF, consistent with SBC-13STATE Local Service Order Requirements (LSOR), and via EDI mapping as defined by TCIF. In ordering and provisioning of Resale Services or UNEs, CLEC and SBC-12STATE will utilize industry guidelines developed by OBF and TCIF EDI to transmit data based upon SBC-12STATE's Resale Service and UNE ordering requirements, dependent on operating region. In addition, Local Number Portability (LNP) will be ordered consistent with the OBF LSR and EDI process.
- 5.2.2 For SBC-12STATE, web-based LEX is the new 13-state uniform ordering GUI interface that provides access to the uniform ordering functions for Resale Services and UNEs. Web-based LEX is accessible via a web-based Toolbar.
- 5.2.2.1 For SWBT region, C-EASE is available for the ordering of consumer Resale services.
- 5.2.2.2 For SWBT region, B-EASE is available for the ordering of business Resale services.
- 5.2.3 For SWBT and PACIFIC regions, SORD interface provides CLECs with the ability to create Resale and UNE orders as well as certain complex Resale and UNE orders that cannot be ordered through Easy Access Sales Environment (EASE), Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) or Local Exchange (LEX). In addition, the SORD interface supports the modification of service orders submitted electronically by CLEC. The Parties agree that the following conditions are applicable to electronically generated service orders with errors corrected via SORD. If CLEC chooses to use SORD to issue orders, then CLEC becomes responsible for correction of all service order errors between order application and order completion that occur on mechanically generated service orders created or modified by CLEC. CLEC may need to call the LSC to obtain additional information. CLEC may also choose to clear service order errors, even though CLEC is not initiating service orders via SORD. CLEC would then become responsible for correction of all errors, as detailed above. For terms and conditions for service order error correction within SORD, see section 5.3.3.
- 5.2.3.1 For SWBT region, SORD interface supports the modification of service orders submitted electronically by CLEC. The Parties agree that the following conditions are applicable to electronically generated service orders with errors corrected via SORD. If CLEC

chooses to use SORD to issue orders, then CLEC becomes responsible for correction of all service order errors between order application and order completion that occur on mechanically generated service orders created or modified by CLEC. CLEC may need to call the LSC to obtain additional information. CLEC may also choose to clear service order errors, even though CLEC is not initiating service orders via SORD. CLEC would then become responsible for correction of all errors, as detailed above. For terms and conditions for service order error correction within SORD, see section 5.3.3.

- 5.2.3.2 In PACIFIC region, any service order errors will be corrected by the LSC. CLEC will be given a list generated by the LSC of CLEC order errors, and CLEC will be responsible for contacting their customer when necessary to clear an error. With CLEC being the point of contact for their customer, the CLEC agrees to respond timely to the LSC with correct information in order for LSC to complete the correction of the error and subsequent completion of the order. For terms and conditions for service order error correction within SORD, see section 5.3.3.
- 5.2.4 For PACIFIC and NEVADA regions, the Pacific Bell Service Manager (PBSM) system is available for ordering Centrex and ISDN Resale services.
- 5.2.5 In SNET, Resale ordering is supported by W-CIWin (SNET's proprietary GUI interface).
 - 5.2.5.1 W-SNAP is made available for the ordering of non-complex Resale products and services.
 - 5.2.5.2 Order Negotiation (as part of CCTOOLS) is made available for the ordering of complex Resale products and services.
 - 5.2.5.3 Electronic Forms (EF) is an automated workflow process for ordering of specific complex Resale products and services.
- 5.2.6 In SNET, MSAP (SNET's EDI-based industry standard app-to-app interface) is available for the ordering of both complex and non-complex Resale Services, as well as the ordering of UNEs.
- 5.2.7 In ordering and provisioning Unbundled Dedicated Transport and local interconnection trunks, CLEC and SBC-13STATE will utilize industry ASR guidelines developed by OBF based upon SBC-13STATE ordering requirements.

- 5.3 **Provisioning for Resale Services and UNE in SBC-12STATE:**
SBC-12STATE will provision Resale services and UNE as detailed in CLEC order requests. Access to status on such orders will be provided via the following electronic interfaces:
- 5.3.1 For **SBC-12STATE**, Order Status and Provisioning Order Status functionality is provided through the Enhanced Verigate interface which will allow CLEC to check service order status. In addition, in **SWBT** pending orders can be viewed in SORD.
 - 5.3.2 For EDI ordering, **SBC-12STATE** will provide, and CLEC shall use, an EDI interface for transferring and receiving orders, Firm Order Confirmation (FOC), service completion, and, as available, other provisioning data and information.
 - 5.3.3 For **SWBT** and **PACIFIC** regions, as detailed in section 5.2.3, the Parties agree that the following timelines are applicable to electronically generated service orders with errors corrected via SORD:
 - 5.3.3.1 Errors occurring between application and distribution must be corrected within five (5) business hours for a simple order and within twenty four (24) hours for a complex order;
 - 5.3.3.2 Error Service Order Image (ESOI) errors must be corrected within three (3) business hours.
 - 5.3.3.4 Service orders will be excluded from calculation of the results for all related performance measurements, described in Appendix Performance Measurements, if CLEC fails to correct service order errors within the timeframes specified in this Section 5.3.3.
 - 5.3.3.5 Additionally, service orders with errors that occur after order generation, but prior to distribution will not qualify for an **SBC-13STATE** issued FOC.

6.0 MAINTENANCE/REPAIR

- 6.1 Two electronic interfaces are accessible in each region to place, and check the status of, trouble reports for both Resale services and UNEs. Upon request, CLEC may access these functions via the following methods:
 - 6.1.1 In **SBC-12STATE**, Electronic Bonding for Trouble Administration (EBTA-GUI) allows CLEC to perform MLT, issue trouble tickets, view status, and view trouble history on-line.

- 6.1.2 In SBC-12STATE, Electronic Bonding Trouble Administration (EBTA) is an application to application interface that is available for trouble report submission and status updates. EBTA conforms to ANSI guidelines T1.227:1995, T1.228:1995 and T1.262:1998, Electronic Communications Implementation Committee (ECIC) Trouble Report Format Definition (TRFD) Number 1 as defined in ECIC document ECIC/TRA/95-003, and all guidelines referenced within those documents, as mutually agreed upon by CLEC and SBC-12STATE. Functions currently implemented include Enter Trouble, Request Trouble Report Status, Add Trouble Information, Modify Trouble Report Attributes, Trouble Report Attribute Value Change Notification, and Cancel Trouble Report, as explained in 6 and 9 of ANSI T1.228:1995. CLEC and SBC-12STATE will exchange requests over a mutually agreeable X.25-based network.
- 6.1.3 In SBC-7STATE, Trouble Administration (TA) system access provides CLEC with SBC-7STATE software that allows CLEC to submit trouble reports and subsequently check status on trouble reports for CLEC End-Users. TA will provide the ability to review the maintenance history of a converted Resale CLEC account. TA is accessible via SBC-7STATE Classic Toolbar.
- 6.1.4 In SNET the maintenance and repair functionality for Resale services and UNEs is available via the MSAP EDI interface. In addition, for Resale products and services, trouble history and trouble status functions are available via CCTOOLS.

7. BILLING

- 7.1 SBC-13STATE will bill CLEC for Resold services and UNEs. SBC-13STATE will send associated billing information to CLEC as necessary to allow CLEC to perform billing functions. At minimum SBC-13STATE will provide CLEC billing information in a paper format, or via 18-track magnetic tape, as agreed to between CLEC and SBC-13STATE. Such alternate bill media will be made available to CLEC consistent with the individual state tariff provisions.
- 7.2 Electronic access to billing information for Resale services will also be available via the following interfaces:
- 7.2.1 In SBC-13STATE, CLEC may receive a mechanized bill format via the EDI 811 transaction set.
- 7.2.2 For Resale Services in SWBT, CLEC may receive Bill Plus™, an electronic version of its bill, as described in, and in accordance with, SWBT's Local Exchange Tariff.

- 7.2.3 For Resale Services in PACIFIC, CLEC may elect to receive Custom Billing Disk/ CD Bill. Custom Billing Disk/ CD Bill provides an electronic bill with the same information as a paper bill along with various reporting options.
- 7.2.4 For Resale Services in AMERITECH, CLEC may elect to receive its bill on CD.
- 7.2.5 For Resale Services in SWBT, CLEC may also view billing information through the Bill Information interface. Bill Information will be accessible via SWBT Classic Toolbar.
- 7.2.6 In SBC-13STATE, CLEC may receive a mechanized bill format via the EDI 811 transaction set.
- 7.2.7 In SBC-13STATE, CLEC may receive electronically a Daily Usage Extract. On a daily basis, this feed provides information on the usage billed to its accounts for Resale services in the industry standardized EMI format.
- 7.2.8 SBC-13STATE will provide Loss Notifications. This notification alerts CLECs that a change requested by another telecommunications provider has been completed and, as a result, the Local Service Provider associated with a given telephone number has been changed. It will be provided via the uniform ordering application to application interface using the EDI 836 transaction, and will also be available via the uniform ordering GUI interface, WebLEX. The current loss notification processes via CARE record format and the "Local Disconnect Report", where applicable in the SBC-8STATE region, will remain in effect until full implementation and testing of the new Loss Notification processes is completed.
- 7.2.9 In SNET, CLEC may receive a Billing Detail File on 18-track magnetic tape.
- 7.2.10 In AMERITECH, CLEC may receive a mechanized bill for Resale Services via the AMERITECH Electronic Billing System (AEBS) transaction set.
- 7.3 Electronic access to billing information for UNE will also be available via the following interfaces:
 - 7.3.1 SBC-13STATE makes available to CLECs a local Bill Data Tape to receive data in an electronic format from its CABS database. The local Bill Data Tape contains the same information that would appear on CLEC's paper bill.

- 7.3.2 In SWBT, CLEC may also view billing information through the Bill Information interface. Bill Information will be accessible via SWBT Classic Toolbar.
- 7.3.3 In SBC-13STATE, CLECs will receive a Daily Usage Extract •electronically, on a daily basis, with information on the usage billed to its accounts for UNEs in the industry standardized Exchange Message Interface (EMI) format.
- 7.3.4 SBC-12STATE, CLEC may receive a uniform loss notification via EDI 836 transaction or via the uniform GUI interface, WebLEX. For UNEs this loss notification indicates when CLEC's End Users, utilizing SBC-12STATE ports, change their Competitive Local Exchange Carrier. The current loss notification processes via CARE record format (in the SBC-8STATE region) will remain in effect until full implementation and testing of the new Loss Notification processes is completed.

8.0 REMOTE ACCESS FACILITY

- 8.1 CLEC must access OSS interfaces via a CLEC Remote Access Facility. For the SWBT region, the LRAF located in Dallas, TX will be used. The PRAF in Fairfield, CA handles the PACIFIC and NEVADA regions. The ARAF, located in Chicago, IL, serves AMERITECH and the SRAF in New Haven, CT, handles the SNET region. Connection to these remote access facilities will be established via a "port" either through dial-up or direct connection as described in Section 8.2. CLEC may utilize a port to access SBC-13STATE OSS interfaces to perform the supported functions in any SBC-13STATE where CLEC has executed an Appendix OSS.
- 8.2 For SBC-13STATE, CLEC may use three types of access: Switched, Private Line, and Frame Relay. For Private Line and Frame Relay "Direct Connections," CLEC shall provide its own router, circuit, and two Channel Service Units/Data Service Units (CSU/DSU). The demarcation point shall be the router interface at the LRAF, PRAF, ARAF, or SRAF. Switched Access "Dial-up Connections" require CLEC to provide its own modems and connection to the SWBT LRAF, PACIFIC PRAF, AMERITECH ARAF, and SNET SRAF. CLEC shall pay the cost of the call if Switched Access is used.
- 8.3 For SBC-13STATE, CLEC shall use TCP/IP to access SBC-13STATE OSS via the LRAF, ARAF, SRAF, and the PRAF. In addition, each CLEC shall have one valid Internet Protocol (IP) network address per region. CLEC shall maintain a user-id / password unique to each individual for accessing a SWBT, PACIFIC, NEVADA, AMERITECH, or SNET OSS on CLEC's behalf. CLEC shall provide estimates regarding its volume of transactions, number of concurrent users, desired number of private line or dial-up (switched) connections, and length of a typical session.

- 8.4 For SBC-13STATE, CLEC shall attend and participate in implementation meetings to discuss CLEC LRAF/PRAF/ARAF/SRAF access plans in detail and schedule testing of such connections.

9.0 DATA CONNECTION SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

- 9.1 CLEC agrees that interconnection of CLEC data facilities with SBC-13STATE data facilities for access to OSS will be in compliance with SBC-13STATE's "Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC) Operations Support System Interconnection Procedures" document current at the time of initial connection to a RAF. The following additional terms in this Section 9 govern direct and dial up connections between CLEC and the PRAF, LRAF, ARAF and SRAF for access to OSS Interfaces.

9.2 Joint Security Requirements

- 9.2.1 Both Parties will maintain accurate and auditable records that monitor user authentication and machine integrity and confidentiality (e.g., password assignment and aging, chronological logs configured, system accounting data, etc.)
- 9.2.2 Both Parties shall maintain accurate and complete records detailing the individual data connections and systems to which they have granted the other Party access or interface privileges. These records will include, but are not limited to, user ID assignment, user request records, system configuration, time limits of user access or system interfaces. These records should be kept until the termination of this Agreement or the termination of the requested access by the identified individual. Either Party may initiate a compliance review of the connection records to verify that only the agreed to connections are in place and that the connection records are accurate.
- 9.2.3 CLEC shall immediately notify the ISCC when a employee userid is no longer valid (e.g. employee termination or movement to another department).
- 9.2.4 Both Parties shall use an industry standard virus detection software program at all times. The Parties shall immediately advise each other by telephone upon actual knowledge that a virus or other malicious code has been transmitted to the other Party.
- 9.2.5 All physical access to equipment and services required to transmit data will be in secured locations. Verification of authorization will be required for access to all such secured locations. A secured location is where walls and doors are constructed and arranged to serve as barriers and to provide uniform protection for all equipment used in the data connections which are made as a result of the user's access to either the CLEC or SBC-

13STATE network. At a minimum, this shall include: access doors equipped with card reader control or an equivalent authentication procedure and/or device, and egress doors which generate a real-time alarm when opened and which are equipped with tamper resistant and panic hardware as required to meet building and safety standards.

- 9.2.6 Both Parties shall maintain accurate and complete records on the card access system or lock and key administration to the rooms housing the equipment utilized to make the connection(s) to the other Party's network. These records will include management of card or key issue, activation or distribution and deactivation.

9.3 Additional Responsibilities of Both Parties

- 9.3.1 Modem/DSU Maintenance And Use Policy: To the extent the access provided hereunder involves the support and maintenance of CLEC equipment on SBC-13STATE's premises, such maintenance will be provided under the terms of the Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC) Operations Support System Interconnection Procedures document cited above.
- 9.3.2 Monitoring: Each Party will monitor its own network relating to any user's access to the Party's networks, processing systems, and applications. This information may be collected, retained, and analyzed to identify potential security risks without notice. This information may include, but is not limited to, trace files, statistics, network addresses, and the actual data or screens accessed or transferred.
- 9.3.3 Each Party shall notify the other Party's security organization immediately upon initial discovery of actual or suspected unauthorized access to, misuse of, or other "at risk" conditions regarding the identified data facilities or information. Each Party shall provide a specified point of contact. If either Party suspects unauthorized or inappropriate access, the Parties shall work together to isolate and resolve the problem.
- 9.3.4 In the event that one Party identifies inconsistencies or lapses in the other Party's adherence to the security provisions described herein, or a discrepancy is found, documented, and delivered to the non-complying Party, a corrective action plan to address the identified vulnerabilities must be provided by the non-complying Party within thirty (30) calendar days of the date of the identified inconsistency. The corrective action plan must identify what will be done, the Party accountable/responsible, and the proposed compliance date. The non-complying Party must provide periodic status reports (minimally monthly) to the other Party's security organization on the implementation of the corrective action plan in order to track the work to completion.

- 9.3.5 In the event there are technological constraints or situations where either Party's corporate security requirements cannot be met, the Parties will institute mutually agreed upon alternative security controls and safeguards to mitigate risks.
 - 9.3.6 All network-related problems will be managed to resolution by the respective organizations, CLEC or SBC-13STATE, as appropriate to the ownership of a failed component. As necessary, CLEC and SBC-13STATE will work together to resolve problems where the responsibility of either Party is not easily identified.
- 9.4 **Information Security Policies And Guidelines For Access To Computers, Networks and Information By Non-Employee Personnel:**
- 9.4.1 Information security policies and guidelines are designed to protect the integrity, confidentiality and availability of computer, networks and information resources. Section 9.5 - 9.11 summarizes the general policies and principles for individuals who are not employees of the Party that provides the computer, network or information, but have authorized access to that Party's systems, networks or information. Questions should be referred to CLEC or SBC-13STATE, respectively, as the providers of the computer, network or information in question.
 - 9.4.2 It is each Party's responsibility to notify its employees, contractors and vendors who will have access to the other Party's network, on the proper security responsibilities identified within this Attachment. Adherence to these policies is a requirement for continued access to the other Party's systems, networks or information. Exceptions to the policies must be requested in writing and approved by the other Party's information security organization.
- 9.5 **General Policies**
- 9.5.1 Each Party's resources are for approved business purposes only.
 - 9.5.2 Each Party may exercise at any time its right to inspect, record, and/or remove all information contained in its systems, and take appropriate action should unauthorized or improper usage be discovered.
 - 9.5.3 Individuals will only be given access to resources that they are authorized to receive and which they need to perform their job duties. Users must not attempt to access resources for which they are not authorized.
 - 9.5.4 Authorized users must not develop, copy or use any program or code which circumvents or bypasses system security or privilege mechanism or distorts accountability or audit mechanisms.

9.5.5 Actual or suspected unauthorized access events must be reported immediately to each Party's security organization or to an alternate contact identified by that Party. Each Party shall provide its respective security contact information to the other.

9.6 User Identification

9.6.1 Access to each Party's corporate resources will be based on identifying and authenticating individual users in order to maintain clear and personal accountability for each user's actions.

9.6.2 User identification shall be accomplished by the assignment of a unique, permanent user id, and each user id shall have an associated identification number for security purposes.

9.6.3 User ids will be revalidated on a monthly basis.

9.7 User Authentication

9.7.1 Users will usually be authenticated by use of a password. Strong authentication methods (e.g. one-time passwords, digital signatures, etc.) may be required in the future.

9.7.2 Passwords must not be stored in script files.

9.7.3 Passwords must be entered by the user.

9.7.4 Passwords must be at least 6-8 characters in length, not blank or a repeat of the user id; contain at least one letter, and at least one number or special character must be in a position other than the first or last one. This format will ensure that the password is hard to guess. Most systems are capable of being configured to automatically enforce these requirements. Where a system does not mechanically require this format, the users must manually follow the format.

9.7.5 Systems will require users to change their passwords regularly (usually every 31 days).

9.7.6 Systems are to be configured to prevent users from reusing the same password for 6 changes/months.

9.7.7 Personal passwords must not be shared. A user who has shared his password is responsible for any use made of the password.

9.8 Access and Session Control

- 9.8.1 Destination restrictions will be enforced at remote access facilities used for access to OSS Interfaces. These connections must be approved by each Party's corporate security organization.
- 9.8.2 Terminals or other input devices must not be left unattended while they may be used for system access. Upon completion of each work session, terminals or workstations must be properly logged off.

9.9 User Authorization

- 9.9.1 On the destination system, users are granted access to specific resources (e.g. databases, files, transactions, etc.). These permissions will usually be defined for an individual user (or user group) when a user id is approved for access to the system.

9.10 Software And Data Integrity

- 9.10.1 Each Party shall use a comparable degree of care to protect the other Party's software and data from unauthorized access, additions, changes and deletions as it uses to protect its own similar software and data. This may be accomplished by physical security at the work location and by access control software on the workstation.
- 9.10.2 Untrusted software or data shall be scanned for viruses before use on a Party's corporate facilities that can be accessed through the direct connection or dial up access to OSS interfaces.
- 9.10.3 Unauthorized use of copyrighted software is prohibited on each Party's corporate systems that can be access through the direct connection or dial up access to OSS Interfaces.
- 9.10.4 Proprietary software or information (whether electronic or paper) of a Party shall not be given by the other Party to unauthorized individuals. When it is no longer needed, each Party's proprietary software or information shall be returned by the other Party or disposed of securely. Paper copies shall be shredded. Electronic copies shall be overwritten or degaussed.

9.11 Monitoring And Audit

- 9.11.1 To deter unauthorized access events, a warning or no trespassing message will be displayed at the point of initial entry (i.e., network entry or applications with direct entry points). Each Party should have several approved versions of this message. Users should expect to see a warning message similar to this one:

*"This is a (**SBC-13STATE** or CLEC) system restricted to Company official business and subject to being monitored at any time. Anyone using this system expressly consents to such monitoring and to any evidence of unauthorized access, use, or modification being used for criminal prosecution."*

9.11.2 After successful authentication, each session will display the last logon date/time and the number of unsuccessful logon attempts. The user is responsible for reporting discrepancies.

10. OPERATIONAL READINESS TEST (ORT) FOR ORDERING/PROVISIONING AND REPAIR/ MAINTENANCE INTERFACES

10.1 Prior to live access to interface functionality, the Parties must conduct Operational Readiness Testing (ORT), which will allow for the testing of the systems, interfaces, and processes for the OSS functions. ORT will be completed in conformance with agreed upon processes and implementation dates.

11. OSS TRAINING COURSES

11.1 Prior to live system usage, CLEC must complete user education classes for **SBC-13STATE**-provided interfaces that affect the **SBC-13STATE** network. Course descriptions for all available classes by region are posted on the CLEC website in the Customer Education section. CLEC Training schedules by region are also available on the CLEC website and are subject to change, with class lengths varying. Classes are train-the-trainer format to enable CLEC to devise its own course work for its own employees. Charges as specified below will apply for each class:

Training Rates	5 day class	4.5 day class	4 day class	3.5 day class	3 day class	2.5 day class	2 day class	1.5 day class	1 day class	1/2 day class
1 to 5 students	\$4,050	\$3,650	\$3,240	\$2,835	\$2,430	\$2,025	\$1,620	\$1,215	\$810	\$405
6 students	\$4,860	\$4,380	\$3,890	\$3,402	\$2,915	\$2,430	\$1,945	\$1,455	\$970	\$490
7 students	\$5,670	\$5,100	\$4,535	\$3,969	\$3,400	\$2,835	\$2,270	\$1,705	\$1,135	\$570
8 students	\$6,480	\$5,830	\$5,185	\$4,536	\$3,890	\$3,240	\$2,590	\$1,950	\$1,300	\$650
9 students	\$7,290	\$6,570	\$5,830	\$5,103	\$4,375	\$3,645	\$2,915	\$2,190	\$1,460	\$730
10 students	\$8,100	\$7,300	\$6,480	\$5,670	\$4,860	\$4,050	\$3,240	\$2,430	\$1,620	\$810
11 students	\$8,910	\$8,030	\$7,130	\$6,237	\$5,345	\$4,455	\$3,565	\$2,670	\$1,780	\$890
12 students	\$9,720	\$8,760	\$7,780	\$6,804	\$5,830	\$4,860	\$3,890	\$2,920	\$1,945	\$970

11.2 A separate agreement will be required as a commitment to pay for a specific number of CLEC students in each class. CLEC agrees that charges will be billed by **SBC-13STATE** and CLEC payment is due thirty (30) days following the bill date. CLEC agrees that personnel from other competitive Local Service Providers may be scheduled into any class to fill any seats for which the CLEC has not contracted. Class availability is first-come, first served with priority given to CLECs who have not yet attended the specific class.

- 11.3 Class dates will be based upon SBC-13STATE availability and will be coordinated among CLEC, the CLEC's SBC-13STATE Account Manager, and SBC-13STATE Industry Markets CLEC Training Product Management.
- 11.4 CLEC agrees to pay the cancellation fee of the full price noted in the separate agreement if CLEC cancels scheduled classes less than two (2) weeks prior to the scheduled start date. CLEC agrees to provide to SBC-13STATE completed registration forms for each student no later than one week prior to the scheduled training class.
- 11.5 CLEC agrees that CLEC personnel attending classes are to utilize only training databases and training presented to them in class. Attempts to access any other SBC-13STATE system are strictly prohibited.
- 11.6 CLEC further agrees that training material, manuals and instructor guides can be duplicated only for internal use for the purpose of training employees to utilize the capabilities of SBC-13STATE's OSS in accordance with this Appendix and shall be deemed "Proprietary Information" and subject to the terms, conditions and limitations of Section 20 of the General Terms and Conditions.

12. MISCELLANEOUS CHARGES

- 12.1 For SWBT region only, CLEC requesting the Bill Plus™, as described in 7.2.2, agrees to pay applicable tariffed rate, less Resale discount.
- 12.2 For SBC-7STATE, CLEC requesting the billing function for the Daily Usage Extract which contains the usage billable records, as described in 7.2.7 and 7.3.3, agrees to pay established rates pursuant to Appendix Pricing.
- 12.3 For SBC-7STATE, CLEC requesting the Local Disconnect Report, as described in 7.2.8 and 7.3.4, agrees to pay established rates pursuant to Appendix Pricing.
- 12.4 For SBC-13STATE, should CLEC request custom development of an exclusive interface to support OSS functions, such development will be considered by SBC-13STATE on an Individual Case Basis (ICB) and priced as such.
- 12.5 SNET will charge for the Billing Detail File, Daily Usage Extract, and Loss Notification File at rates filed and approved by DPUC.

13. SERVICE BUREAU PROVIDER ARRANGEMENTS FOR SHARED ACCESS TO OSS

- 13.1 SBC-13STATE shall allow CLEC to access its OSS via a Service Bureau Provider under the following terms and conditions:

13.2 Notwithstanding any language in this Agreement regarding access to OSS to the contrary, CLEC shall be permitted to access SBC-13STATE OSS via a Service Bureau Provider as follows:

13.2.1 CLEC shall be permitted to access SBC-13STATE application-to-application OSS interfaces, via a Service Bureau Provider where CLEC has entered into an agency relationship with such Service Bureau Provider, and the Service Bureau Provider has executed an Agreement with SBC-13STATE to Allow Service Bureau Provider to establish access to and use of SBC-13STATE's OSS.

13.2.2 CLEC's use of a Service Bureau Provider shall not relieve CLEC of the obligation to abide by all terms and conditions of this Agreement. CLEC must ensure that its agent properly performs all OSS obligations of CLEC under this Agreement, which CLEC delegates to Service Bureau Provider.

13.2.3 It shall be the obligation of CLEC to provide notice in accordance with the notice provisions of the Terms and Conditions of this Agreement whenever it established an agency relationship with a Service Bureau Provider or terminates such a relationship. SBC-13STATE shall have a reasonable transition time to establish a connection to a Service Bureau Provider once CLEC provides notice. Additionally, SBC-13STATE shall have a reasonable transition period to terminate any such connection after notice from CLEC that it has terminated its agency relationship with a Service Bureau Provider.

13.3 Notwithstanding any language in this Agreement regarding Performance Measures to the contrary, SBC-13STATE shall not be obligated to pay liquidated damages or assessments for noncompliance with a performance measurement to the extent that such noncompliance was the result of actions or events beyond SBC-13STATE's control associated with third-party systems or equipment including systems, equipment and services provided by a Service Bureau Provider (acting as CLEC's agent for connection to SBC-13STATE's OSS) which could not be avoided by SBC-13STATE through the exercise of reasonable diligence or delays or other problems resulting from actions of a Service Bureau Provider, including Service Bureau provided processes, services, systems or connectivity.

14. APPLICABILITY OF OTHER RATES, TERMS AND CONDITIONS

14.1 Every interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder, shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in this Agreement which are legitimately related to such interconnection, service or network element. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following terms and conditions of the General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to be legitimately related to, and to be applicable to, each interconnection,

service and network element provided hereunder: definitions, interpretation, construction and severability; notice of changes; general responsibilities of the Parties; effective date, term and termination; fraud; deposits; billing and payment of charges; non-payment and procedures for disconnection; dispute resolution; audits; disclaimer of representations and warranties; limitation of liability; indemnification; remedies; intellectual property; publicity and use of trademarks or service marks; no license; confidentiality; intervening law; governing law; regulatory approval; changes in End User local exchange service provider selection; compliance and certification; law enforcement; no third party beneficiaries; disclaimer of agency; relationship of the Parties/independent contractor; subcontracting; assignment; responsibility for environmental contamination; force majeure; taxes; non-waiver; network maintenance and management; signaling; transmission of traffic to third parties; customer inquiries; expenses; conflicts of interest; survival; scope of agreement; amendments and modifications; and entire agreement.

**APPENDIX
RECIPROCAL COMPENSATION
(AFTER FCC ORDER NO. 01-131)**

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APPENDIX RECIPROCAL COMPENSATION

1. APPENDIX SCOPE OF TERM

- 1.1 This Appendix sets forth the terms and conditions for Reciprocal Compensation of intercarrier telecommunications traffic between ILEC and CLEC, but only to the extent they are interconnected and exchanging calls pursuant to a fully executed, underlying Interconnection Agreement approved by the applicable state or federal regulatory agency for telecommunications traffic in this state.
- 1.2 The compensation arrangement for the joint provision of Feature Group A (FGA) Services shall be subject to the underlying Interconnection Agreement or as otherwise mutually agreed by the Parties.
- 1.3 The provisions of this Appendix apply to calls originated over the originating carrier's facilities or over Unbundled Network Elements.
- 1.4 The provisions of this Appendix do not apply to traffic originated over services provided under local Resale service.
- 1.5 Any inconsistencies between the provisions of this Appendix and other provisions of the underlying Interconnection Agreement shall be governed by the provisions of this Appendix.
- 1.6 The Parties agree that this Appendix governs the exchange, routing and rating of all intercarrier ISP and Internet-bound traffic between ILEC and CLEC in this state. The terms "ISPs" and "Internet" shall be given the same meaning as used in the underlying Agreement, and if not defined there, shall be given the same meaning as found in the ISP Compensation Order and the Telecommunications Act of 1996.

2. ILEC DESIGNATIONS

- 2.1 **SBC Communications Inc. (SBC)** means the holding company which owns the following ILECs: Illinois Bell Telephone Company, Indiana Bell Telephone Company Incorporated, Michigan Bell Telephone Company d/b/a Ameritech Michigan, Nevada Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Nevada Bell Telephone Company, The Ohio Bell Telephone Company, Pacific Bell Telephone Company d/b/a SBC Pacific Bell Telephone Company, The Southern New England Telephone Company, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a Southwestern Bell Telephone Company and Wisconsin Bell, Inc. d/b/a Ameritech Wisconsin.
- 2.2 **SBC-13STATE** - As used herein, **SBC-13STATE** means the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.

- 2.3 SBC-12STATE - As used herein, SBC-12STATE means the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, California, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nevada, Ohio, Oklahoma, Texas, and Wisconsin.
- 2.4 SBC-AMERITECH - As used herein, SBC-AMERITECH means the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, and Wisconsin.
- 2.5 SBC-SWBT - As used herein, SBC-SWBT means the applicable above listed ILEC(s) doing business in Arkansas, Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma, and Texas.
- 2.6 SWBT-MO - As used herein, SWBT-MO means the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Missouri.
- 2.7 SWBT-OK - As used herein, SWBT-OK means the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Oklahoma.
- 2.8 SWBT-KS - As used herein, SWBT-KS means the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Kansas.
- 2.9 SWBT-AR-As used herein, SWBT-AR means the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Arkansas.
- 2.10 SWBT-TX - As used herein, SWBT-TX means the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Texas.
- 2.11 PACIFIC - As used herein, PACIFIC means the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in California.
- 2.12 NEVADA - As used herein, NEVADA means the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Nevada.
- 2.13 SNET - As used herein, SNET means the applicable above listed ILEC doing business in Connecticut.

3. CLASSIFICATION OF TRAFFIC

- 3.1 Telecommunications traffic exchanged between CLEC and ILEC will be classified as either Local Calls, Transit Traffic, Optional Calling Area Traffic, IntraLATA Toll Traffic, or InterLATA Toll Traffic. For purposes of this Appendix, calls to ISPs will be rated and routed according to these same classifications, depending on the physical location of the originating and terminating end users.
- 3.2 For purposes of this Appendix, until such time that ILEC may choose to invoke the FCC's ISP pricing plan as ordered in FCC 01-131, the Parties agree that "Local Calls" and "Local ISP Calls" will be compensated at the same rates and rate

structures, depending on the End Office or Tandem serving arrangement, so long as the originating end user of one Party and the terminating end user or ISP of the other Party are:

- a. ~~both~~ physically located in the same ILEC Local Exchange Area as defined by the ILEC Local (or "General") Exchange Tariff on file with the applicable state commission or regulatory agency; or
 - b. both physically located within neighboring ILEC Local Exchange Areas, or within an ILEC exchange and an Independent LEC exchange, that are within the same common mandatory local calling area. This includes but is not limited to, mandatory Extended Area Service (EAS), mandatory Extended Local Calling Service (ELCS), or other types of mandatory expanded local calling scopes.
- 3.3 The Parties agree that, notwithstanding the classification of traffic under this Appendix, either Party is free to define its own "local" calling area(s) for purposes of its provision of telecommunications services to its end users.
- 3.4 When an End User originates a Local Call which terminates to an End User physically located in the same local exchange area and served on the other Party's physical switch or, if operating in SBC-12STATE, through the other Party's Unbundled Network Element (UNE) switch port, the originating Party shall compensate the terminating Party for the transport and termination of Local Calls at the rate(s) provided in this Appendix and Appendix Pricing. In SNET, calls originated over UNEs are not subject to reciprocal compensation since the rates for unbundled local switching reflect and include the costs of call termination.
- 3.5 The Parties' obligation to pay reciprocal compensation to each other shall commence on the date the Parties agree that the interconnection is complete (i.e., each Party has established its originating trunks as well as all ancillary traffic trunking such as Operator Services, 911 or Mass Calling trunks).
- 3.6 The compensation arrangements set forth in this Appendix are not applicable to (i) Exchange Access traffic, (ii) Information Service traffic, (iii) traffic originated by one Party on a number ported to its network that terminates to another number ported on that same Party's network or (iv) any other type of traffic found to be exempt from reciprocal compensation by the FCC or the Commission, with the exception of calls to ISPs, which are addressed in this Appendix. All Exchange Access traffic and IntraLATA Toll Traffic shall continue to be governed by the terms and conditions of applicable federal and state tariffs.
- 3.7 Calls delivered to or from numbers that are assigned to an exchange within a common mandatory local calling area but where the receiving or calling party is physically located outside the common mandatory local calling area of the exchange to which the number is assigned are either Feature Group A (FGA) or Foreign

Exchange (FX) and are not Local Calls for intercarrier compensation and are not subject to local reciprocal compensation.

- 3.8 Private Line Services include private line-like and special access services and are not subject to local reciprocal compensation. Private Line Services are defined as dedicated Telecommunications channels provided between two points or switched among multiple points and are used for voice, data, audio or video transmission. Private Line services include, but are not limited to, WATS access lines.
- 3.9 Reciprocal Compensation applies to Local Calls that are terminated at either Party's terminating circuit switch. Traffic that is delivered via dedicated circuits, private line services or Digital Subscriber Line (DSL) service to a LEC or ISP and not terminated at a circuit switch is not subject to intercarrier compensation.

4. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE PARTIES

- 4.1 Each Party to this Appendix will be responsible for the accuracy and quality of its data as submitted to the respective Parties involved.
- 4.2 Where SS7 connections exist, each Party will include in the information transmitted to the other for each call being terminated on the other's network, where available, the original and true Calling Party Number (CPN).
- 4.3 If one Party is passing CPN but the other Party is not properly receiving information, the Parties will work cooperatively to correct the problem.
- 4.4 Where SS7 connections exist, calls originated by one party and terminated by the other, if the percentage of calls passed with CPN is greater than ninety percent (90%), all calls exchanged without CPN information will be billed as either Local Traffic or intraLATA Toll Traffic in direct proportion to the minutes of use (MOU) of calls exchanged with CPN information. If the percentage of calls passed with CPN is less than ninety percent (90%), all calls passed without CPN will be billed as intraLATA switched access.
- 4.5 Where the Parties are performing a transiting function as defined in Section 9.0 below, the transiting Party will pass the original and true CPN if it is received from the originating third party. If the original and true CPN is not received from the originating third party, the Party performing the transiting function can not forward the CPN and will not be billed as the default originator.

5. LOCAL CALL TERMINATION

- 5.1 Until and unless ILEC chooses to invoke the FCC's pricing plan as ordered in FCC 01-131, the compensation set forth below will also apply to all Local and Local ISP

Calls as defined in section 3.2 of this Appendix, depending on whether the call is terminated directly to an End Office or through a Tandem.

- 5.2 Bifurcated Rates (Call Set Up and Call Duration). The Parties agree to compensate each other for the termination of Local Calls and Local ISP Calls on a "bifurcated" basis, meaning assessing an initial Call Set Up charge on a per Message basis, and then assessing a separate Call Duration charge on a per Minute of Use (MOU) basis, where ever per Message charges are applicable. The following rate elements apply, but the corresponding rates are shown in Appendix Pricing:
- 5.3 Tandem Serving Rate Elements:
 - 5.3.1 Tandem Switching - compensation for the use of tandem switching (only) functions.
 - 5.3.2 Tandem Transport - compensation for the transmission facilities between the local tandem and the end offices subtending that tandem.
 - 5.3.3 End Office Switching in a Tandem Serving Arrangement - compensation for the local end office switching and line termination functions necessary to complete the transmission in a tandem-served arrangement. It consists of a call set-up rate (per message) and a call duration (per minute) rate.
- 5.4 End Office Serving Rate Elements:
 - 5.4.1 End Office Switching - compensation for the local end office switching and line termination functions necessary to complete the transmission in an end office serving arrangement. It consists of a call set-up rate (per message) and a call duration (per minute) rate.
- 5.5 All ISP and Internet-bound traffic shall be subject to the same terms and conditions regarding switch recordings, Calling Party Number (CPN) signaling, and other usage detail as for other Local Calls under this Appendix. Minutes of use to ISPs may be shown separately on the monthly usage detail, invoices, payment summaries, or other documents exchanged between ILEC and CLEC in the monthly billing cycle.
- 5.6 All ISP and Internet-bound traffic for a given usage month shall be due and owing at the same time as payments for Local Calls under this Appendix. The parties agree that all terms and conditions regarding disputed minutes of use, nonpayment, partial payment, late payment, interest on outstanding balances, or other billing and payment terms shall apply to ISP and Internet-bound traffic the same as for Local Calls under this Appendix.

6. NON-LOCAL CALL TERMINATION

6.1 The Parties recognize and agree that ISP and Internet-bound traffic could also be traded outside of the applicable local calling scope, or routed in ways that could make the rates and rate structure in section 5. above not apply, including but not limited to ISP calls that fit the underlying Agreement's definitions of:

- Transit Traffic
- Optional EAS Traffic
- IntraLATA Interexchange Traffic
- InterLATA Interexchange Traffic
- 800, 888, 877, ("8yy") Traffic
- Feature Group A Traffic
- Feature Group D Traffic

6.2 The Parties agree that, for the purposes of this Appendix, either Parties' end users remain free to place ISP calls on a "Non-Local" basis under any of the above classifications. To the extent such "non-Local" ISP calls are placed, the Parties agree that section 5 above does not apply, and that the Agreement's rates, terms and conditions for IntraLATA and/or InterLATA calling shall apply, including but not limited to rating and routing according to the terminating parties' Exchange Access intrastate and/or interstate tariffs.

6.3 The Parties agree that physical interconnection, routing, and trunking of ISP calls on an Inter-Exchange basis, either IntraLATA or InterLATA, shall be as specified in the Agreement for all other traffic exchanged, including but not limited to, the need to route over Meet Point Billed trunks.

7. OPTIONAL CALLING AREA TRAFFIC -- SWBT-OK, KS, AR, TX

7.1 Compensation for Optional Calling Area (OCA) Traffic is for the termination of intercompany traffic to and from the one-way or two-way optional exchanges(s) and the associated metropolitan area.

7.2 In the context of this Appendix, Optional Calling Areas (OCAs) exist only in the states of Oklahoma, Kansas, Arkansas, and Texas, and are outlined in the applicable state Local Exchange tariffs. This rate is independent of any retail service arrangement established by either Party. CLEC and SWBT-OK, SWBT-KS, SWBT-AR, and SWBT-TX are not precluded from establishing its own local calling areas or prices for purposes of retail telephone service; however the terminating rates to be used for any such offering will still be administered as described in this Appendix.

7.3 The state specific OCA Transport and Termination rates are outlined in Appendix Pricing.

8. MCA TRAFFIC -- SBC-MO

- 8.1 For compensation purposes in the state of Missouri, Local Traffic shall be further defined as "Metropolitan Calling Area (MCA) Traffic" and "Non-MCA Traffic." MCA Traffic is traffic originated by a party providing a local calling scope plan pursuant to the Missouri Public Service Commission Orders in Case No. TO-92-306 and Case No. TO-99-483 (MCA Orders) and the call is a local call based on the calling scope of the originating party pursuant to the MCA Orders. Non-MCA Traffic is all Local Traffic that is not defined as MCA Traffic.
- 8.1.1 Either party providing Metropolitan Calling Area (MCA) service shall offer the full calling scope prescribed in Case No. TO-92-306, without regard to the identity of the called party's local service provider. The parties may offer additional toll-free outbound calling or other services in conjunction with MCA service, but in any such offering the party shall not identify any calling scope other than that prescribed in Case No. TO-92-306 as "MCA" service.
- 8.1.2 Pursuant to the Missouri Public Service Commission Order in Case No. TO-99-483, MCA Traffic shall be exchanged on a bill-and-keep intercompany compensation basis meaning that the party originating a call defined as MCA Traffic shall not compensate the terminating party for terminating the call. Furthermore, the Transit Traffic rate element shall not apply to MCA Traffic (i.e., no transiting charges shall be assessed for MCA Traffic).
- 8.2 The parties agree to use the Local Exchange Routing Guide (LERG) to provision the appropriate MCA NXXs in their networks. The LERG should be updated at least 45 days in advance of opening a new code to allow the other party the ability to make the necessary network modifications. If the Commission orders the parties to use an alternative other than the LERG, the parties will comply with the Commission's final order.
- 8.3 If CLEC provides service via resale or in conjunction with ported numbers in the MCA, the appropriate MCA NXXs will be updated by SWBT.

9. TRANSIT TRAFFIC COMPENSATION

- 9.1 Transiting Service allows one Party to send Local, Optional, intraLATA Toll Traffic, and 800 intraLATA Toll Traffic to a third party network through the other Party's tandem. A Transiting rate element applies to all MOUs between a Party and third party networks that transits an SBC-13STATE network. The originating Party is responsible for payment of the appropriate rates unless otherwise specified. The Transiting rate element is only applicable when calls do not originate with (or terminate to) the transit Party's End User. Pursuant to the Missouri Public Service Commission Order in Case No. TO-99-483, the Transit Traffic rate element shall not apply to MCA Traffic (i.e., no transiting charges shall be assessed for MCA Traffic)

for SWBT-MO. The rates that SBC-13STATE shall charge for transiting CLEC traffic are outlined in Appendix Pricing.

- 9.2 The Parties agree to enter into their own agreement with third party Telecommunications Carriers prior to delivering traffic for transiting to the third party. In the event one Party originates traffic that transits the second Party's network to reach a third party Telecommunications Carrier with whom the originating Party does not have a traffic Interexchange agreement, then originating Party will indemnify the second Party against any and all charges levied by such third party telecommunications carrier, including any termination charges related to such traffic and any attorneys fees and expenses. The terminating party and the tandem provider will bill their respective portions of the charges directly to the originating party, and neither the terminating party nor the tandem provider will be required to function as a billing intermediary, e.g. clearinghouse.
 - 9.3 The CLEC shall not bill SBC-13STATE for terminating any Transit traffic, whether identified or unidentified, i.e. whether SBC-13STATE is sent CPN or is not sent CPN by the originating company.
 - 9.4 In those SBC-13STATEs where Primary Toll Carrier (PTC) arrangements are mandated, for intraLATA Toll Traffic which is subject to a PTC arrangement and where SBC-13STATE is the PTC, SBC-13STATE shall deliver such intraLATA Toll Traffic to the terminating carrier in accordance with the terms and conditions of such PTC arrangement. Upon receipt of verifiable Primary Toll records, SBC-13STATE shall reimburse the terminating carrier at SBC-13STATE's applicable tariffed terminating switched access rates. When transport mileage cannot be determined, an average transit transport mileage shall be applied as set forth in Appendix Pricing.
 - 9.5 CLEC will establish sufficient direct trunk groups between CLEC and a Third Party's network when CLEC's traffic volumes to said Third Party require twenty-four (24) or more trunks.
10. **OPTIONAL CALLING AREA TRANSIT TRAFFIC -- SWBT-MO, SWBT-KS, SWBT-AR, SWBT-TX**
- 10.1 In the states of Texas, Missouri, Kansas, and Arkansas, the Optional Area Transit Traffic rate element applies when one End User is in a SBC-SWBT one-way or two-way optional exchange and the other End User is within the SWBT-KS, SWBT-AR, and/or SWBT-TX local or mandatory exchanges. The Parties agree to apply the Optional Area Transit rate to traffic terminating to third party Independent LEC that shares a common mandatory local calling area with all SWBT-MO, SWBT-KS, SWBT-AR, and SWBT-TX exchanges included in a specific metropolitan exchange area. The Optional Area Transit Traffic rates that will be billed are outlined in

Appendix Pricing. The specific NXXs and associated calling scopes can be located in the applicable state Local Exchange tariff.

11. INTRALATA 800 TRAFFIC

- 11.1 The Parties shall provide to each other intraLATA 800 Access Detail Usage Data for Customer billing and intraLATA 800 Copy Detail Usage Data for access billing in Exchange Message Interface (EMI) format. On a monthly basis the Parties agree to provide this data to each other at no charge. In the event of errors, omissions, or inaccuracies in data received from either Party, the liability of the Party providing such data shall be limited to the provision of corrected data only. If the originating Party does not send an End User billable record to the terminating Party, the originating Party will not bill the terminating Party any interconnection charges for this traffic.
- 11.2 IntraLATA 800 Traffic calls are billed to and paid for by the called or terminating Party, regardless of which Party performs the 800 query. Billing shall be based on originating and terminating NPA/NXX.

12. MEET-POINT-BILLING (MPB) and SWITCHED ACCESS TRAFFIC COMPENSATION

- 12.1 Intercarrier compensation for Switched Access Traffic shall be on a MPB basis as described below.
- 12.2 The Parties will establish MPB arrangements in order to provide Switched Access Services to IXC and ESPs via the respective carrier's Tandem Office Switch switches in accordance with the MPB guidelines adopted by and either contained in, or upon approval to be added in future to the Ordering and Billing Forum's MECOD and MECAB documents.
- 12.3 Billing to Interexchange Carriers (IXCs) and ESPs for the Switched Exchange Access Services jointly provided by the Parties via MPB arrangements shall be according to the multiple bill/single tariff method. As described in the MECAB document, each Party will render a bill in accordance with its own tariff for that portion of the service it provides. Each Party will bill its own network access service rates to the IXC. The residual interconnection charge (RIC), if any, will be billed by the Party providing the end office function. For the purpose of this Appendix, CLEC is the Initial Billing Company (IBC) and SBC-13STATE is the Subsequent Billing Company.
- 12.4 The Parties will maintain provisions in their respective federal and state access tariffs, or provisions within the National Exchange Carrier Association (NECA) Tariff No. 4, or any successor tariff, sufficient to reflect this MPB arrangement, including MPB percentages.

- 12.5 As detailed in the MECAB document, the Parties will, in accordance with appropriate billing cycle intervals defined herein, exchange all information necessary to accurately, reliably and promptly bill third parties for Switched Access Services traffic jointly handled by the Parties via the Meet Point arrangement. Information shall be exchanged in a mutually acceptable electronic file transfer protocol. Where the EMI records cannot be transferred due to a transmission failure, records can be provided via a mutually acceptable medium. The initial billing company (IBC) will provide the information to the subsequent billing company within ten (10) working days of sending the IBC's bills. The exchange of records to accommodate MPB will be on a reciprocal, no charge basis.
- 12.6 MPB shall also apply to all jointly provided MOU traffic bearing the 900, or toll free NPAs (e.g., 800, 877, 866, 888 NPAs, or any other non-geographic NPAs) which may likewise be designated for such traffic in the future where the responsible party is an IXC or ESP. When ILEC performs 800 database queries, ILEC will charge the end office provider for the database query in accordance with standard industry practices.
- 12.7 Each Party shall coordinate and exchange the billing account reference (BAR) and billing account cross reference (BACR) numbers for the Meet Point Billing service. Each Party shall notify the other if the level of billing or other BAR/BACR elements change, resulting in a new BAR/BACR number.
- 12.8 For purposes of this Appendix the Party to whom the End Office Switch belongs is the IBC and the Party to whom the Tandem Office Switch belongs is the secondary billing company. The secondary billing company will provide the IBC with the Exchange Access detailed usage data within thirty (30) days of the recording date. The IBC will provide to the secondary billing company the Exchange Access summary usage data within ten (10) working days of the IBC's bill date to the IXC and/or ESP. SBC-13STATE acknowledges that currently there is no charge for Summary Usage Data Records but that such a charge may be appropriate. At CLEC's request, SBC-13STATE will negotiate a mutual and reciprocal charge for provision of Summary Usage Data Records.
- 12.9 SBC-13STATE and CLEC agree to provide the other Party with notification of any discovered errors within ten (10) business days of the discovery.
- 12.10 In the event of a loss of data, both Parties shall cooperate to reconstruct the lost data within sixty (60) days of notification and if such reconstruction is not possible, shall accept a reasonable estimate of the lost data, based upon no more than three (3) to twelve (12) consecutive months of prior usage data.

13. INTRALATA TOLL TRAFFIC COMPENSATION

- 13.1 For intrastate intraLATA toll traffic, compensation for termination of intercompany traffic will be at terminating access rates for Message Telephone Service (MTS) and originating access rates for 800 Service, including the Carrier Common Line (CCL) charge where applicable, as set forth in each Party's Intrastate Access Service Tariff, but not to exceed the compensation contained in an ILEC's tariff in whose exchange area the End User is located. For interstate intraLATA intercompany service traffic, compensation for termination of intercompany traffic will be at terminating access rates for MTS and originating access rates for 800 Service including the CCL charge, as set forth in each Party's interstate Access Service Tariff, but not to exceed the compensation contained in the ILEC's tariff in whose exchange area the End User is located. Common transport, (both fixed and variable), as well as tandem switching and end office rates apply only in those cases where a Party's tandem is used to terminate traffic.

14. BILLING FOR MUTUAL COMPENSATION – SBC-SWBT

- 14.1 In SBC-SWBT other than for traffic described in Section 6.0 above, each Party shall deliver monthly settlement statements for terminating the other Party's traffic based on the following:
- 14.2 Each Party shall, unless otherwise agreed, adhere to the detailed technical descriptions and requirements for the recording, record exchange, and billing of traffic using the guidelines as set forth in the Technical Exhibit Settlement Procedures (TESP). Each Party will transmit the summarized originating minutes of usage within fifteen (15) business days following the prior month's close of business for all traffic including local, transiting, and optional EAS via the 92-type record process to the transiting and/or terminating Party for subsequent monthly intercompany settlement billing. This information will also be utilized by the Parties for use in verifying and auditing to confirm the jurisdictional nature of Local Calls and is required from the originating Party under the terms of this Appendix.
- 14.3 If originating records are not received within sixty (60) days, upon written notification the Party not receiving the originating records will bill all MOU for that month at Switched Access rates based upon a seven (7) day traffic study.
- 14.4 The Parties will not render invoice nor payment to each other for the transport and termination of calls for a particular month's usage until both Parties have received the originating 92-type summary records CLEC for that same month's usage.
- 14.5 On a monthly basis, each Party will record its originating MOU including identification of the originating and terminating NXX for all intercompany calls.

- 14.6 Each Party will transmit the summarized originating MOU above to the transiting and/or terminating Party for subsequent monthly intercompany settlement billing.
- 14.7 MOUs will be measured in seconds by call type, and accumulated each billing period into one (1) minute increments for billing purposes in accordance with industry rounding standards.
- 14.8 Where CLEC has direct End Office Switch and Tandem Office Switch interconnection arrangements with SBC-13STATEs, SBC-13STATEs will multiply the Tandem Office Switch routed terminating MOU and End Office Switch routed terminating MOUs by the appropriate rates in order to determine the total monthly billing to each Party.

15. BILLING FOR MUTUAL COMPENSATION -- SBC-AMERITECH, NEVADA, PACIFIC, SNET

- 15.1 In SBC-AMERITECH, NEVADA, PACIFIC, and SNET, each Party will calculate terminating interconnection minutes of use based on standard Automatic Message Accounting (AMA) recordings made within each Party's network. These recordings are the basis for each Party to generate bills to the other Party. For purposes of reciprocal compensation only, measurement of minutes of use over Local Interconnection Trunk Groups shall be in actual conversation seconds. The total conversation seconds over each individual Local Interconnection Trunk Group will be totaled for the entire monthly bill and then rounded to the next whole minute.
- 15.2 Each Party will provide to the other, within fifteen (15) calendar days, after the end of each quarter, a usage report with the following information regarding traffic terminated over the Local Interconnection Trunks:
 - 15.2.1 Total traffic volume described in terms of minutes and messages and by call type (local, toll, and other) terminated to each other over the Local Interconnection Trunk Groups, and
 - 15.2.1.1 Percent Local Usage (PLU) is calculated by dividing the Local MOU delivered to a party for termination by the total MOU delivered to a Party for termination.
 - 15.2.2 Upon thirty (30) days written notice, each Party must provide the other the ability and opportunity to conduct an annual audit to ensure the proper billing of traffic between the Parties' networks. The Parties agree to retain records of call detail for six (6) months from when the calls were initially reported to the other Party. The audit will be conducted during normal business hours at an office designated by the Party being audited. Audit requests shall not be submitted more frequently than once per calendar year for each call detail type unless a subsequent audit is required. Audits shall be performed by a

mutually acceptable independent auditor paid for by the Party requesting the audit. Based upon the audit, previous compensation, billing and/or settlements will be adjusted for the past twelve (12) months. Also, if the PLU is adjusted based upon the audit results, the adjusted PLU will apply for the nine (9) month period following the completion of the audit. If, as a result of the audit, either Party has overstated the PLU or underreported the call detail usage by twenty percent (20%) or more, that Party shall reimburse the auditing Party for the cost of the audit and will pay for the cost of a subsequent audit which is to happen within nine (9) months of the initial audit.

16. RESERVATION OF RIGHTS AND SPECIFIC INTERVENING LAW TERMS

- 16.1 The Parties acknowledge that on April 27, 2001, the FCC released its Order on Remand and Report and Order in CC Dockets No. 96-98 and 99-68, *In the Matter of the Local Competition Provisions in the Telecommunications Act of 1996; Inter-carrier Compensation for ISP-bound Traffic* (the "ISP Compensation Order"), which was remanded in *WorldCom, Inc. v. FCC*, No. 01-1218 (D.C. Cir. 2002). The Parties agree that by executing this Appendix and carrying out the intercarrier compensation terms and conditions herein, neither Party waives any of its rights, and expressly reserves all of its rights, under the ISP Compensation Order or any other regulatory, legislative or judicial action, including but not limited to the ILEC's option to invoke on a date specified by ILEC the FCC's ISP terminating compensation plan, after which date ISP-bound traffic will be subject to the FCC's prescribed terminating compensation rates, and other terms and conditions.
- 16.2 ILEC agrees to provide 20 days advance written notice to the person designated to receive official contract notices in the underlying Interconnection Agreement of the date upon which the ILEC designates that the FCC's ISP terminating compensation plan shall begin in this state. CLEC agrees that on the date designated by ILEC, the Parties will begin billing Reciprocal Compensation to each other at the rates, terms and conditions specified in the FCC's terminating compensation plan.
- 16.3 ILEC and CLEC agree to carry out the FCC terminating compensation plan on the date designated by ILEC without waiving, and expressly reserving, all appellate rights to contest FCC, judicial, legislative, or other regulatory rulings regarding ISP and Internet-bound traffic, including but not limited to, appeals of the FCC's ISP Compensation Order. By agreeing to this Appendix, both Parties reserve the right to advocate their respective positions before courts, state or federal commissions, or legislative bodies.
- 16.4 Should a regulatory agency, court or legislature change or nullify the ILEC's designated date to begin billing under the FCC's ISP terminating compensation plan, then the Parties also agree that any necessary billing true ups, reimbursements, or other accounting adjustments shall be made symmetrically and to the same date that the FCC terminating compensation plan was deemed applicable to all traffic in that

state exchanged under section 251(b)(5) of the Act. By way of interpretation, and without limiting the application of the foregoing, the Parties intend for retroactive compensation adjustments, to the extent they are ordered by Intervening Law, to apply uniformly to all traffic among ILEC, CLEC and Commercial Mobile Radio Service (CMRS) carriers in the state where traffic is exchanged as Local Calls within the meaning of this Appendix.

- 16.5 The Parties further acknowledge that federal or state court challenges could be sustained against the FCC's ISP Compensation Order in particular, or against ISP intercarrier compensation generally. In particular, a court could order an injunction, stay or other retroactive ruling on ISP compensation back to the effective date of the FCC's ISP Compensation Order. Alternatively, a court could vacate the underlying Order upon which the compensation was based, and the FCC (either on remand or on its own motion) could rule that past traffic should be paid at different rates, terms or conditions.
- 16.6 Because of the possibilities in section 16.5, the Parties agree that should the ISP Compensation Order be modified or reversed in such a manner that prior intercarrier compensation was paid under rates, terms or conditions later found to be null and void, then the Parties agree that, in addition to negotiating appropriate amendments to conform to such modification or reversal, the Parties will also agree that any billing true ups, reimbursements, or other accounting adjustments on past traffic shall be made uniformly and on the same date as for all traffic exchanged under section 251(b)(5) of the Act. By way of interpretation, and without limiting the application of the foregoing, the Parties intend for retroactive compensation adjustments, to apply to all traffic among ILEC, CLEC, and CMRS carriers in the state where traffic is exchanged as Local Calls within the meaning of this Appendix.
- 16.7 The Parties further acknowledge that the FCC has issued a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking on the topic of Intercarrier Compensation generally. *See, In the Matter of Developing a Unified Intercarrier Compensation Regime*, CC Docket 01-92; established in Notice of Proposed Rulemaking Order No. 01-132, April 27, 2001. In the event that a final, legally binding FCC Order is issued upon the conclusion of that NPRM proceeding and during the term of this Appendix, the Parties agree to conform this Agreement to the compensation procedures set forth in that Order.
- 16.8 The parties agree to that the foregoing terms, and conditions for the exchange of ISP-bound and Internet-bound traffic are subject to all rules, regulations, and interpretations of that traffic as Information Access pursuant to section 201 of the Act and FCC implementing orders, as opposed to sections 251 and 252 of the Act.
- 16.9 The Parties reserve the right to raise the appropriate treatment of Voice Over Internet Protocol (VOIP) or other Internet Telephony traffic under the Dispute Resolution provisions of this Interconnection Agreement. The Parties further agree that this Appendix shall not be construed against either Party as a "meeting of the minds" that

VOIP or Internet Telephony traffic is or is not local traffic subject to reciprocal compensation. By entering into the Appendix, both Parties reserve the right to advocate their respective positions before state or federal commissions whether in bilateral complaint dockets, arbitrations under Sec. 252 of the Act, commission established rulemaking dockets, or in any legal challenges stemming from such proceedings.

17. ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- 17.1 Legitimately Related Terms. Every interconnection, service and network element provided here shall be subject to all rates, terms and conditions contained in the underlying Interconnection Agreement which are legitimately related to such interconnection, service or network element. Without limiting the general applicability of the foregoing, the following terms and conditions of the General Terms and Conditions are specifically agreed by the Parties to be legitimately related to, and to be applicable to, each interconnection, service and network element provided hereunder: definitions, interpretation, construction and severability; notice of changes; general responsibilities of the Parties; effective date, term and termination; fraud; deposits; billing and payment of charges; non-payment and procedures for disconnection; dispute resolution; audits; disclaimer of representations and warranties; limitation of liability; indemnification; remedies; intellectual property; publicity and use of trademarks or service marks; no license; confidentiality; intervening law; governing law; regulatory approval; changes in End User local exchange service provider selection; compliance and certification; law enforcement; no third party beneficiaries; disclaimer of agency; relationship of the Parties/independent contractor; subcontracting; assignment; responsibility for environmental contamination; force majeure; taxes; non-waiver; network maintenance and management; signaling; transmission of traffic to third parties; customer inquiries; expenses; conflicts of interest; survival; scope of agreement; amendments and modifications; and entire agreement.
- 17.2 Entire Agreement. This Reciprocal Compensation Appendix is intended to be read in conjunction with the underlying Interconnection Agreement between ILEC and CLEC, but that as to the Reciprocal Compensation terms and conditions, this Appendix constitutes the entire agreement between the Parties on these issues, and there are no other oral agreements or understandings between them on Reciprocal Compensation that are not incorporated into this Appendix.