Page 1

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Union Electric)	
Company d/b/a AmerenUE for Authority)	
to File Tariffs Increasing Rates)	Case No.:
for Electric Service Provided to)	ER-2008-0318
Customers In the Company's Missouri)	
Service Area)	

DEPOSITION OF JAMES DAUPHINAIS

October 23, 2008

Sheryl A. Pautler, CCR 871

JAMES DAUPHINAIS 10/23/2008

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	Page 2		Page 4
1	QUESTIONS BY: PAGE NO.	1 2	APPEARANCES For AmerenUE:
2	Mr. Lowery 5	3	Mr. James B. Lowery
3	DIDEN OF EXHIDITE	4	Smith Lewis, LLP 111 South Ninth Street, Suite 200
4	INDEX OF EXHIBITS	4	Columbia, Missouri 65205
5	NO. PAGE MKD.	5	573-443-3141
6	5 Platts and ICE charts and graphs. 47	6	Lowery@smithlewis.com
7	6 Work papers. 50	7	For Missouri Industrial Energy Consumers:
8		8	Ms. Diana M. Vuylsteke
9 10		9	Bryan Cave One Metropolitan Square, Suite 3600
11			St. Louis, Missouri 63102
12	(Whereupon the exhibits were attached to the original and	10	314-259-2543
12	(Whereupon the exhibits were attached to the original and	11	Dmvuylsteke@bryancave.com
13	copies.)	12	The Court Reporter:
14		13	Ms. Sheryl Pautler Midwest Litigation Services
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18			Also present:
19		17	Ma John Coosida
20		18	Mr. John Cassidy
21		19	
22		20 21	
23		22	
24		23	
25		24 25	
	Page 3		Page 5
1	BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION	1	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED, by and
	OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI	2	between counsel for all parties, that the deposition of
2		3	JAMES DAUPHINAIS may be taken in shorthand by Sheryl A.
3		4	Pautler, a notary public and shorthand reporter, and
_	In the Matter of Union Electric)	5	afterwards transcribed into typewriting; and the signature
4	Company d/b/a AmerenUE for Authority) to File Tariffs Increasing Rates) Case No.:	6	of the witness is expressly reserved.
5	for Electric Service Provided to) ER-2008-0318	7	****
	Customers In the Company's Missouri)	8	JAMES DAUPHINAIS,
6	Service Area.	9	of lawful age, being produced, sworn and examined on
7	DEPOSITION OF WITNESS, JAMES DAUPHINAIS,	10	behalf of AmerenUE, deposes and says:
8	produced, sworn, and examined on the 23rd day of October,	11	[EXAMINATION]
9 10	2008, between the hours of eight o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at Brubaker	12	QUESTIONS BY MR. LOWERY:
10 11	& Associates, Inc., 16690 Swingley Ridge Road,	13	Q. Good morning, Mr. Dauphinais.
12	Chesterfield, Missouri, before SHERYL A. PAUTLER, a Notary		A. Good morning.
13	Public and Certified Court Reporter within and for the	15	Q. You've been deposed before; is that correct?
14	State of Missouri, in a certain cause now pending before	16	A. That is correct.
15	the Public Service Commission in the State of Missouri.	17	Q. Did you bring materials in response to the
16		18	subpoena that was issued with the notice of deposition that
17 18		19	we gave you?
19		20	A. Yes.
20		21	Q. The work papers that you've listed on these
21		22	materials that you provided me, these have all been
22		23	provided to the company; is that correct?
23		24	A. The only thing that was not previously
24		25	provided were the actual individual e-mails that contained
25		دے	provided were the actual murvidual e-mails that contained

2 (Pages 2 to 5)

Page 6 Page 8 1 1 Q. And you agree, like Mr. Brubaker, that flowing a source of our forward prices we used in our analysis. 2 Those numbers were provided in the spreadsheets previously 2 them through the fuel adjustment clause is the appropriate 3 3 provided, but we actually added those in as well on those structure, correct, if there is a fuel adjustment clause? 4 4 A. If a fuel adjustment clause is established, discs. 5 5 flowing them through the fuel adjustment clause is the Q. When you say e-mails, you get those forward 6 prices via e-mail from your provider? 6 appropriate approach, yes. 7 7 A. I do, daily e-mails, yes. Q. Was there something about my description of Q. Okay. Mr. Dauphinais, are you taking any 8 8 your assignment relating to off-system sales themselves, 9 9 medication or have any physical or psychological not in relation to the fuel adjustment clause, that wasn't conditions -- and don't be offended by that question --10 10 quite accurate? 11 that would prevent you from understanding my questions or 11 A. It's only I haven't taken a position or 12 giving full and complete truthful answers? 12 developed any opinion with regard to whether the company 13 13 A. No. should have a fuel adjustment clause or not. 14 Q. If you don't understand a question that I pose 14 Q. I understand. And I assume like Mr. Brubaker, 15 15 or I'm not clear about it, just let me know and I'll that you have no opinion about whether or not the fuel 16 rephrase to the best of my ability. 16 adjustment clause should be approved? 17 A. All right. 17 A. That's correct. 18 Q. Ms. Vuylsteke has a right to object. But if 18 Q. And don't intend to take a position or have an 19 19 she objects, you still, except for matters of privilege, opinion about that in this case; is that right? 20 20 are bound to answer. And the objection will be taken up A. That's correct. 21 with the commission if that becomes necessary at some 21 Q. And who gave the assignment to you? 22 22 point. A. Mr. Brubaker. 23 When did you first start working -- doing the 23 Q. And your assignment has not changed since you 24 work on this case? 24 were first given it? 25 A. It was shortly after the testimony was filed 25 A. That's correct. Page 7 Page 9 in this proceeding. I don't recall the exact date. 1 Q. In the context of arriving at your opinions in 1 2 2 Q. What was your specific assignment? this case, did you consider all of the factors or 3 A. Specifically to take a look at the company's information that you consider to be important to those 4 4 position in regard to the off-system sales margin which was opinions? 5 presented actually as revenues in the testimony. 5 A. Yes. 6 6 Q. And that was the only assignment, just to look Q. Would all such important considerations be 7 at off-system revenues, slash, margins in this case? 7 reflected in your direct testimony? 8 A. And their treatment through the fuel 8 A. Yes. 9 adjustment clause. 9 Q. Are you working on surrebuttal testimony? 10 10 A. I have not begun drafting. I'm in the process Q. When you say their treatment, explain to me 11 what you mean. In other words, whether they are included 11 of reviewing the company's testimony, reviewing responses 12 or being tracked in the fuel adjustment clause versus not 12 to discovery, considering other testimony of other parties 13 being tracked; is that what you mean by treatment? 13 who have filed testimony in regard to this issue in 14 14 A. That is correct. rebuttal. 15 Q. So you have two aspects to your assignment, to 15 Q. Do you anticipate filing surrebuttal 16 16 look at the level of off-system sales revenue, slash, testimony? 17 17 margins that you think is appropriate and look at how those A. I anticipate I will be. 18 should be handled for rate making purposes, whether in base 18 Q. And on what matters do you anticipate filing 19 rates or whether through a fuel adjustment clause if there 19 surrebuttal testimony? 20 20 is a fuel adjustment clause; is that a fair summary of your A. Off-system sales. 21 assignment? 21 Q. In response to what witnesses? 22 22 A. It's fairly close. In regard to the FAC piece A. Mr. Schukar most likely. I don't know if any 23 of it, it was a matter of whether if there's a fuel 23 others will be addressed at that point. 24 adjustment clause, whether they would flow through the fuel 24 Q. What statements or contentions or testimony of 25 adjustment clause. 25 Mr. Schukar do you anticipate on filing surrebuttal

Page 10 Page 12 1 Q. You're looking at a table? 1 testimony on? 2 2 A. Yes. I've turned to highly confidential Table A. At this point, I haven't developed those. 3 3 3 of my direct testimony which is at Page 8. We're still digesting his testimony and we're getting 4 responses to the data request in regard to his rebuttal 4 Q. All right. 5 5 A. And what I did is I compared and contrasted in testimony. 6 Q. Do you have any initial impressions or 6 this table different projections or historic levels of 7 7 off-system sales margins for the company. All these opinions about your views of the matters presented in this 8 rebuttal testimony? 8 comparisons were done without Taumsauk in place because the 9 9 historic numbers can't possibly include Taumsauk. But they A. I don't have any developed at this point. 10 are adjusted to include projected capacity revenues for the 10 Q. You have no idea what you're going to say or company as contained in the supplemental direct testimony 11 not say about his rebuttal testimony? 11 12 A. No. It's just too early. I haven't 12 of Mr. Schukar. 13 13 considered all the facts that will eventually be available Q. So your 64 and a half million dollars is 14 to me. I've primarily only reviewed the discovery request 14 essentially the difference between the off-system sales 15 15 margins recommended by Mr. Schukar in his direct testimony responses that we have submitted. 16 16 and the 2008 fuel budget for AmerenUE as of 1/10/2008? Q. I think you gave me one opinion that you have 17 rendered in this case, which is essentially the same 17 A. That is correct. 18 Q. Do any of the prices that you talk about in --18 opinion that Mr. Brubaker had rendered. And that is, if a 19 fuel adjustment clause is granted, that off-system sales 19 the around-the-clock energy prices you talk about in your 20 20 testimony, do any of those relate specifically to the 64 should be tracked through the fuel adjustment clause? 21 21 and a half million dollar difference? A. Yes. 22 22 Q. That would be one of your opinions in this A. There is some relationship. The company's 23 case; is that right? 23 fuel budget forecasts are usually based on a single forward 24 price. A single day is picked and that forward price is 24 A. It has been, yes. It was in my direct 25 testimony. 25 used. And in considering the use of that PROSYM run, that Page 11 Page 13 1 Q. And that's going to remain your opinion? 1 PROSYM run for January 10, 2008, I took a look at what 2 2 A. That is correct. forward prices were around that time, versus where the 3 Q. What other opinions have you given in this 3 forward curve has been over the last several months. And 4 4 case; what other opinions do you have in this case? this particular day was towards the lower end of the 5 A. The only other opinion I've had in this case 5 forward price curve. 6 6 is in regard to the level of off-system sales I presented Q. What was the forward price curve upon which 7 as margins that included in the -- either if a fuel 7 this PROSYM run that generated the \$ million of 8 8 adjustment clause is granted, the base point for net fuel margin; what was the forward price? 9 cost for the company or the revenue requirement if an FAC 9 A. The Cinergy Hub forward price was on the order 10 10 is not granted. of around \$60 or a little more than \$60. 11 11 Q. And could you state what your opinion Q. Around-the-clock price? A. That would have been an on-peak price. 12 regarding the level of off-system sales margins -- I'll use 12 13 13 margins since that's the opinion you've expressed -- should Q. That's what I thought. What was the 14 14 be in this case and how you arrived at that opinion. around-the-clock price, do you know? 15 A. The opinion was -- is that the 64 -- the 15 A. The around-the-clock forward price is 16 16 revenue requirement or the base point for net fuel cost typically about 77 percent of the on-peak price. There 17 17 isn't substantial trading forward for off-peak products. should be 64 and a half million dollars higher than that 18 proposed by the company in its direct testimony, 18 So typically what's done, is looked at, is recent historic 19 19 supplemental direct testimony. hourly prices, spot prices, and usually a rate shield is 20 20 Q. All right. And that 64 and a half million then developed to come up with an estimated off-peak dollars is derived how? 21 21 forward price. 22 22 A. That was derived by looking at several Q. You said about \$60 was the on-peak price, the 23 23 different projections and historic levels of off-system forward price as of this 1/10/2008 run? 24 24 sales margins for the company. Specifically in my A. I believe it was -- it may have been around 25 25 \$60. I would have to obviously go back to the curve. But

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testimony --

	Page 14		Page 16
1	that's based on my recollection where the curve was setting	1	A. As of right now. I'm still evaluating
2	around that price.	2	Mr. Schukar's testimony. Depending on the result of my
3	Q. \$60 is a pretty close approximation?	3	completion of my review, we may you know, our position
4	A. Yes.	4	may change. But as we stand right now, my position is
5	Q. So if we took 77 percent of \$60 to get an	5	unchanged from the direct testimony.
6	apprximation of what the around-the-clock price would have	6	Q. And if your position changes, that would be
7	been at that time would be about \$46?	7	reflected in your surrebuttal testimony; is that correct?
8	A. That sounds about right.	8	A. That is correct.
9	Q. You can verify my math if you'd like. 46	9	Q. Would you agree that getting setting the
10	sounds about right?	10	level of off-system sales margins is important for setting
11	A. Yes.	11	UE's rates in this case?
12	Q. So is it fair to say that your 64 and a half	12	A. Yes.
13	million dollar number is roughly based on a \$46	13	Q. Energy prices have a great impact on margins,
14	around-the-clock price?	14	off-system sales margins?
15	A. Roughly, yes. Based on the assumption that	15	A. Yes.
16	typically the around-the-clock prices are about 77 percent	16	Q. If I say margins from now on, you'll
17	of the on-peak prices.	17	understand I'm talking about off-system sales margins; is
18	Q. And you think that's a pretty fair assumption?	18	that fair?
19	A. That's been a pretty good assumption the last	19	A. That is fair, yeah.
20	few years.	20	Q. With whom did you consult in working on your
21	Q. That relationship holds pretty true in your	21	assignment in this case and developing your opinions and
22	experience?	22	testimony?
23	A. There's some variability, but that's	23	A. The opinions are my own. But I certainly have
24	approximately correct.	24	others who work under my direction. Mr. Brian Collins is
25	Q. All right. So two opinions in the case. One,	25	one of those and he performed some of the analysis under my
	Page 15		Page 17
1	that off-system sales should be tracked through the fuel	1	direction and I certainly bounced various opinions with
2	adjustment clause if there is one. And, two, that a	2	back and forth between him and discussed through those. I
3	normalized level of off-system sales margins, whether it be	3	certainly had some discussion with Mr. Brubaker, as well,
4	used to set net based fuel cost or whether it be included	4	bouncing back different thoughts and got his opinion from
5	in base rates as an offset revenue requirement, should be	5	his experience and his thoughts and feedback.
6	million. Those are your two opinions in the case;	6	Q. Nobody except folks within your firm? Did you
7	is that correct?	7	seek any outside information or counsel about the validity
8	A. Correct.	8	of your opinions or basis of your opinions?
9	Q. And you don't have any other opinions in this	9	A. No.
10	case that you're expressing; is that right?	10	MS. VUYLSTEKE: I would object and instruct
11	A. Correct.	11	the witness not to answer to the extent you're talking
12	Q. All right. What documents, materials, or data	12	about conversations that would have been attorney/client
13	did you principally rely upon in arriving at your opinion	13	privilege.
14	about the off-system sales margins?	14	MR. LOWERY: Just to clarify, is Brubaker and
15	A. I principally relied on responses to data	15	Associates your client or is MIEC your client?
16	requests that provided historical off-system sales margins	16	MS. VUYLSTEKE: MIEC is our client, our joint
17	for the company, looked at the specific PROSYM runs that	17	client. But there could be conversations that would be
18	were performed by the company for its supplemental direct	18	privileged vis-a-vis MIEC that counsel and Brubaker and
19	case, looked at the fuel budget projections as well. I did	19	Associates and our clients have had. So I would just
20	not have access to the PROSYM runs at that time, but we did	20	caution the witness not to answer questions in this area.
21	have the results of those PROSYM runs reported in the	21	Q. (By Mr. Lowery) Other than conversations
22	responses to data requests.	22	you've had with Ms. Vuylsteke, did you consult with
23	Q. As you sit here today, is your opinion	23	anybody?
24	regarding the level of off-systems sales margins the same	24	A. No.
25	as it was when you filed your direct testimony?	25	Q. Is it fair to say that off-system sales are an

Page 18 Page 20 1 item that's very difficult to forecast? 1 accurately predict the appropriate level of off-system 2 A. Yes. My testimony is there is quite a bit of 2 sales margins to include in the revenue requirement than it 3 3 range where it can actually come out, yes. is to accurately predict the level of regulated retail 4 Q. A fuel adjustment clause essentially solves 4 sales for the revenue requirement? 5 5 problems of over or under-recoveries associated with A. I haven't made any evaluation of that. 6 forecasting off-system sales margins as long as you include 6 Q. You just don't have an opinion about that? 7 7 the margins in the fuel adjustment cost, correct? A. I don't have an opinion. 8 A. Could you repeat the question? 8 Q. Are you aware Mr. Brubaker expressed that 9 9 Q. A fuel adjustment clause largely solves opinion in a KCPL case a couple of years ago? 10 problems of over or under-recoveries associated with 10 A. I'm not aware. 11 forecasting off-system sales margins as long as you include 11 O. You don't want to build a level of margin into 12 the off-system sales in the fuel adjustment clause, 12 rates that's too high, do you? 13 correct? 13 A. You don't want to build a margin into rates 14 A. If a fuel adjustment clause is established, it 14 that's either too high or too low. 15 15 can be used as a mechanism to deal with the uncertainty Q. Fair enough. 16 associated with forecasting off-system sales margin levels. Off-system sales revenues and margins are --16 17 However, parts of that is looking -- part of that is 17 they're a very large item in UE's revenue requirement, are 18 getting still a good estimate of the base point from which 18 they not? 19 19 adjustments are made, especially if it's not a hundred A. Yes. 20 20 percent flow, if you're under or over. Q. Would you agree that a fuel budget in a single 21 21 Q. I understand. But if you're flowing the year -- and a fuel budget includes off-system sales for 22 22 off-system sales through the fuel adjustment clause, then this purpose; do you understand that? 23 if you misestimated the impact of that on the company or on 23 A. I understand. 24 the rate payor is a lot less if you're flowing them through 24 Q. Do you agree that a fuel budget in a single 25 a fuel adjustment clause, than if you are dealing with them 25 year is not based upon a normalized level of generator Page 19 Page 21 1 1 just in base rates, correct? outages either planned or unplanned? 2 2 A. That I would agree with, yes. A. I don't know. I haven't taken a look at that. 3 Q. It's not likely to have the same kind of 3 O. You haven't considered whether fuel budgets 4 impact on customers missing out on higher off-system sales 4 are based on normalized outage schedules or unplanned 5 or the company suffering from off-system sales, is it? 5 outage rates; you've made no consideration of that? 6 6 A. No. All I've looked at is that the company A. That's correct. 7 7 develops a fuel budget and they do it one manner and maybe Q. I mean the risk that a particular level of 8 8 use a different manner apparently for developing their off-system sales that would be included in utilities 9 revenue requirement that the utility will either fail while 9 estimate of that fuel cost for the rate case. 10 rates are in effect to achieve that level or it will 10 Q. Do you agree outages, whether they're planned 11 achieve a level that's higher than you said if you're just 11 or unplanned, can have a significant effect in off-system 12 dealing with base rates, that risk is pretty high, isn't 12 sales margins in a given year? 13 13 A. Yes, I agree with that. it? 14 14 A. I haven't attempted to measure the risk. But Q. And you agree units can experience forced 15 certainly it's on the order of tens of millions of dollars. 15 outages unexpectedly? 16 16 Q. Right. Either way, right? A. Yes. Certainly within a certain band --17 A. I haven't evaluated whether there's more 17 certain classes of generation can be predicted. You cannot 18 upward or downward risk. 18 predict exactly when you're going to have forced outage and 19 19 exactly how long it's going to be. But over a period of Q. It's tens of millions of dollars either way 20 20 though; would that be fair to say? I mean one dollar of time, it's possible to project a certain general behavior. 21 price movement of UE amounts to \$10 million, right? 21 But specific outages cannot be predicted. 22 22 Q. Would you agree that if a forced outage occurs A. If the base is set perfectly with regard to 23 23 during hours or days of weeks when margins might otherwise forecast, yes, it could be up or down tens of millions of 24 24 dollars. have been high, the so-called expected off-system sales 25 25 margins for that year could be cut significantly? Q. Would you agree it's more difficult to

Page 24 Page 22 1 1 A. If it's in a period where a substantial periods. 2 portion of off-system sales margins are coming and it's a 2 Q. Are margins typically slimmer during the off 3 significant generator outage, yes. 3 peak than during the on peak? 4 Q. The converse is generally not true; lots of 4 A. I made no evaluation of that. 5 5 additional megawatt hours don't usually show up in a given O. You don't know. 6 year from what was expected, isn't that true, to make 6 Let's take an example. Let's assume there's a 7 7 off-system sales? We don't suddenly have a big jump in cool snap in the Midwest that lowers loads for many of the 8 availability at power plants in a given year, do we? 8 midwestern utilities. They may all have more generating 9 9 capacity from which megawatt hours could be produced, but A. When estimates are made, some assumptions are 10 10 because of all those loads went down because of the cool made in regard to the level of outages that are likely to 11 occur. That's reflected usually in a forecast. So greater 11 snap, the supply of the electricity has gone up; is that 12 availability could lead to greater off-system sales. 12 fair? 13 13 Q. Greater availability probably would lead to 14 more off-system sales, wouldn't it? 14 Q. Under those facts, power prices consequently 15 15 A. Greater availability would likely lead to may have gone down, right? 16 greater levels of off-system sales. 16 A. Yes. 17 O. But my question was, it's unusual for a 17 O. And those lower power prices may render 18 company to suddenly have a substantial increase in the 18 dispatching certain units uneconomic or at least trim the 19 19 megawatt hours that its plants are capable of generating in margins they could make from off-system sales, right? 20 20 A. For some units. For others, there may be new a given year, a step change in the amount of megawatt hours 21 that those plants can generate, unless it goes out and buys 21 opportunities to make sales because their need of load has 22 a new plant, correct? 22 been reduced. 23 A. For an individual unit, yes. But it can't be 23 Q. And I think my question said those lower looked at that way. You have to look at it as if you have 24 prices may render certain units uneconomic, right? 24 25 25 superior performance over a large number of plants; that A. Yes. Page 23 Page 25 is, lower forced outage rates than expected and that could 1 1 Q. If you can't economically dispatch a unit, 2 2 have a significant impact. then volumes from that unit are not going to be generated 3 Q. UE has very high equivalent availability 3 and they're not going to be sold off-system, right? 4 across its fleet right now; isn't that true? 4 A. Right. If the unit is not selected to A. I haven't made an examination of that. 5 5 dispatch, that's correct. 6 6 Q. So you really haven't considered whether or Q. Would you agree that a fuel budget for a 7 not UE's fuel budget in 2008 was based on normalized level 7 single year is not based upon weather normalized loads that 8 8 of outages or what level of equivalent availability the account for weather over a 30-year period? 9 fleet has at all in that budget; is that right? 9 A. Can you ask the question again, please? 10 A. No. What I know is UE does a projection of 10 Q. Would you agree that a fuel budget for a 11 what it believes it needs in fuel based on those runs, 11 single year is not based upon weather normalized loads that 12 those PROSYM runs. And I would expect them to consider 12 account for weather over a 30-year period? 13 outage levels and forecasting levels of outages and 13 A. It depends on the assumptions that are chosen 14 14 reflecting what they would typically expect in those by the party making the forecast. 15 forecast runs that they do with PROSYM. 15 Q. What about UE's 2008 fuel budget? 16 Q. But you have no idea whether or not those 16 A. I haven't evaluated whether they made that 17 levels are normal over a time, over a multi-year period? 17 assumption, used normalized or they used some sort of 18 A. No. I've made no examination of that. 18 projection of weather over that year. 19 Q. Would you agree that a substantial percentage 19 Q. So you didn't evaluate normalized outage 20 of UE's margins have historically been generated from sales 20 levels and you didn't evaluate normalized loads, weather 21 of energy during off-peak hours? 21 normalized loads when you made your decision to rely upon 22 22 the 2008 budget for your margin number; is that correct? A. I've made no specific evaluation of that. But 23 considering many of the sales come from the fact that UE is 23 A. That is correct. 24 24 Q. Would you agree in a given year, weather can rich in coal fired and nuclear generation, I would expect 25 that a good proportion of them would come from off-peak 25 have a material effect on native load?

1	Page 26		Page 28
1			rage 20
	A. Yes.	1	correct?
2	Q. Or that weather can effect generation levels	2	A. Yes.
3 1	like hydroelectric generation levels?	3	Q. We therefore need to weather normalize energy
4	A. Yes.	4	prices we use to model off-system sales, don't we?
5	Q. Would you agree that weather can have a	5	A. Can you ask that again, please?
6 r	material effect on the off-system sales that are made?	6	Q. We therefore need to weather normalize energy
7	A. Yes.	7	prices we use to model off-system sales, don't we?
8	Q. So a reason that off-system sales can be	8	A. I would agree with that.
9 v	volatile is because the volumes of energy available can	9	Q. Because if we don't do that, we might
10 v	vary greatly from year to year?	10	overstate the model off-system sales margins, correct?
11	A. That's certainly a contributor, yes.	11	A. I would agree with that.
12	Q. Volumes of energy can vary from day to day,	12	Q. Do you agree that Ameren UE's native load for
13 r	right?	13	the first half of 2008 was lower than normal, as
14	A. Yes.	14	Mr. Schukar indicated in his rebuttal testimony?
15	Q. From hour to hour?	15	A. I'm still evaluating whether I agree with that
16	A. Yes.	16	or not. So I don't have an opinion at this point.
17	Q. If it gets real hot, then in general, native	17	Q. What information are you lacking to draw that
	load customers will need more energy resulting in less	18	opinion?
19 ε	energy being available to sell off system, correct?	19	A. I just haven't gone to the extent of looking
20	A. Correct.	20	at that at this point.
21	Q. If it's cooler than normal, we may have more	21	Q. Mr. Schukar indicates that that was about a
22 (off-system sales, right?	22	hundred thousand kilowatt difference Strike that.
23	A. I agree with that.	23	Do you agree that 2008 has been one of the
24	Q. Would you agree that market prices for energy	24	wettest years on record in Ameren UE's service territory?
25 i	in a particular region and loads in that same region will	25	A. I don't know.
	Page 27		Page 29
1 t	end to be higher during a period of hot summer weather and	1	Q. Do you watch the weather? I mean I'm just
	would tend to be lower during a period of cool summer	2	asking have you heard the weatherman say that this is the
3 v	weather?	3	fifth wettest year on record in the state of Missouri?
4	A. All other factors remaining the same, yes.	4	A. Earlier this year, certainly. And you are
5	Q. So regional energy prices and regional loads	5	jogging my memory. I've forgotten it has been in the news.
6 h	have a relatively strong correlation with each other; is	6	I don't know if it's the wettest record for UE. But
7 t	hat fair?	7	certainly there especially the earlier part of this
8	A. I haven't performed any analysis in regard to	8	year, I believe and then through the spring, certainly
9 c	correlation. I would say that they tend to follow each	9	we've had record rain fall, so.
10 c	other, but there are other factors that affect marketplaces	10	Q. You're unwilling to say that it's been an
11 b	pesides just the weather.	11	unusually wet year here in Missouri? I'm not trying to
12	Q. But regional loads certainly affect regional	12	argue with you. It just seems like a fairly obvious point
13 e	energy prices?	13	to me.
14	A. Yes.	14	A. No. I had forgotten these reports. I would
15	Q. And there certainly is it's intuitive, is	15	agree that it's been a wet far wetter than normal year
16 i	t not, that there's some material correlation between	16	in Missouri.
17 t	hose two things; isn't that true?	17	Q. Do you agree UE hydro generation has been a
18	A. I would agree with that, yes.	18	lot higher than normal this year?
19	Q. It's generally true, is it not, that if it's	19	A. I don't know that, but I would expect it to
	not in a region, it's going to be hot in UE service	20	be.
	erritory?	21	Q. You're not disputing Mr. Schukar's rebuttal
22	A. Depending on the size of the region. Because	22	testimony about that; you just haven't verified it yet?
	depending on what side of a funnel boundary you're on,	23	A. Yes.
	here could be a significant difference in temperatures.	24	Q. I mean you've been provided work papers and
25	Q. In rate making, we weather normalize loads,	25	information that would show whether or not in fact there's

			- 20
	Page 30		Page 32
1	319,000 megawatt hours of additional generation of	1	testimony back on April 4 of this year. And I thought
2	hydroelectric above normal levels or not, correct?	2	perhaps you might have in that six or seven months have
3	A. I just received the work papers a few days	3	given some thought to that issue.
4	ago. But I would presume there would be sufficient	4	A. No, I haven't.
5	information for me to verify that there.	5	Q. Hasn't been something that's been important to
6	Q. And I take it you're not at this point	6	you?
7	disputing the higher margins of 18 million cited by Mr.	7	A. That's correct.
8	Schukar in his rebuttal testimony that were caused by the	8	Q. Do you agree that if UE at any given time has
9	combination of lower than normal native loads and higher	9	million megawatt hours of off-system sales volumes
10	than normal hydro generation, but you just haven't been	10	unhedged that this injects a lot of uncertainty in what the
11	able to verify it yet?	11	actual off-system sales will be in the ensuing 12-month
12	A. Yes, that's fair.	12	period beyond that given point in time?
13	Q. Do you agree that UE is limited in the volume	13	A. I don't know if million is the right number
14	of megawatt hours that it can sell forward Let me	14	or to the extent it creates risk. I will say that
15	rephrase that.	15	certainly because not all of the off-system sales can be
16	Do you agree that there's some limitations on	16	hedged, the forward sales, it does create a significant
17	UE's ability to hedge forward its off-system sales?	17	risk in regard to UE's off-system sales margin level.
18	A. Yes.	18	Q. And I did preface my question that if
19	Q. Does about of those volumes maybe up	19	XX million megawatt is the right number, then there would be
20	to a year out sound right to you?	20	a lot of uncertainty about what the level of off-system
21	A. I really haven't looked at that.	21	sales are actually going to be because of exposure to the
22	Q. You read that in Mr. Schukar's testimony,	22	spot power market, right?
23	didn't you?	23	A. It's not just the million. It's million
24	A. I believe he said that.	24	in relation to what. I don't have a relation to what.
25	Q. You understand that UE can't hedge all of	25	Q. Well, if I'm standing here today on October
	Page 31		Page 33
1	those off-system sales because of uncertainty about native	1	whatever it is, October 23, and over the next 12 months
2	load obligations, right?	2	I've got million megawatt hours unhedged, then what
3	A. I understand that.	3	my off-system sales are going to be between October 23,
4	Q. That makes sense, right?	4	'08, and October 23, '09 is pretty uncertain because of
5	A. I agree.	5	exposure to the spot power markets; isn't that true?
6	Q. Do you contend UE could or should hedge more	6	A. For that million, yes.
7	than that?	7	Q. And for that 12-month period, right?
8	A. I have no contention at this point in regard	8	A. Yes.
9	to that.	9	Q. Okay. Do you dispute the range of uncertainty
10	Q. Either in terms of the volumes that UE hedges	10	could be as large as million that Mr. Schukar
11	or the time period forward that UE hedges those volumes	11	cited in his rebuttal testimony?
12	forward; you have no opinion, contention, disagreement,	12	A. I haven't evaluated it and I currently don't
13	agreement one way or the other about either of those	13	dispute it.
14	subjects?	14	Q. Does that surprise you that the range could be
15	A. Not at this time, no.	15	that big?
16	Q. Do you have some reasonable expectation you're	16	A. Well, as I said earlier, you know, around a
17	going to have opinions about that?	17	good forecast number, it could be tens of millions of
18	A. I'm certainly going to look at the details of	18	dollars higher or lower, so.
19	Mr. Schukar's testimony in that regard. Once I've done	19	Q. Would you consider PROSYM to be a good
20	that and looked at the work papers, I may develop an	20	production cost model?
21	opinion from what I see or I may have the same situation I	21	A. Yes. Provided, you know, good inputs or
22	have right now, which is I currently don't have a	22	good inputs are used with it, yes.
23	contention.	23	Q. Does it do a good job of simulating the
24	Q. I'm just curious because there was testimony	24	operation of UE's generation system in your view?
25	about that in Mr. Arora's testimony, Mr. Schukar's	25	A. I haven't looked at UE in specific. But in

Page 34 Page 36 general, it does a good job of simulating most utility 1 1 Q. Do you agree that using more than one year's 2 2 data would mitigate weather-related abnormalities that 3 3 occur within a particular year? Q. What criticisms, if any, do you have of 4 relying on PROSYM to determine a normalized level of 4 A. Not necessarily. The problem is that there 5 5 off-system sales for use in setting rates or setting net has been an upward trend in spot market prices over the 6 base fuel cost in a fuel adjustment clause in this case? 6 past few years since 2002. And if you simply average the 7 7 A. As a tool? I have no problem with it. prices out, it removes -- it fails to capture that upward 8 Q. What do you -- When you qualify your answer by 8 trend in prices so it tends to understate the prices. So 9 9 saying as a tool, tell me what you mean by as a tool. if that type of averaging is done to try to normalize the 10 10 prices, they need to be adjusted back up to reflect where A. Well, as a tool, it's only as useful as the 11 11 inputs put into the tool. So the assumptions are a big prices in the wholesale market are now because of this 12 driver in regard to how good it is at forecasting 12 creeping up trend of prices over time. It's unrelated to 13 13 normalized level of off-system sales. weather. 14 Q. Let me ask you this: If the company, by some 14 Q. I think you answered a different question than 15 stroke of luck, and the company and you were to agree on 15 I asked you though. 16 what the around-the-clock energy price should be in this 16 Do you agree however that using more than one 17 case, we agree, and we inputted that price into the model, 17 year's of data mitigates weather-related abnormalities? 18 18 would it be an appropriate way to set off-system sales in You talked about other things. 19 19 this case? A. It cannot -- you cannot -- you cannot mitigate 20 20 A. I believe my testimony indicated that that weather-related abnormalities by simply using more than one 21 21 would be a reasonable alternative way of doing it. year's one worth of data. 22 22 Q. Really, the input you're talking about that Q. If there are weather-related abnormalities in 23 there's some disagreement about is about energy price and 23 one year in a particular year that don't occur in the year 24 24 before or the year after, doesn't using more than one really no other input that there's really a disagreement in 25 25 this case; isn't that true? year's of data mitigate those particular weather-related Page 37 Page 35 1 A. That's correct. That's the only element. 1 abnormalities that occur within a particular year? 2 2 Q. So it's not really -- you don't have a problem A. It does. But it does possibly introduce other 3 with the model, you don't think the model doesn't do a good 3 abnormalities that have to be adjusted for. 4 job, you don't think UE runs the model improperly. You 4 Q. But the answer to my question is, yes. You 5 just say the energy price should be X and the company says 5 may disagree with using more than one year's data because 6 6 it should be Y. That's the only disagreement; isn't that it introduces other things. But in terms of mitigating the 7 7 weather-related abnormalities in a given year, the answer true? 8 8 A. That's correct. There's a disagreement on to the question is yes, isn't it? 9 that assumption. 9 A. It is, again with what I've said, yes. 10 Q. You think the volumes of off-system sales 10 Q. Do you agree that generation and transmission 11 predicted by PROSYM are reasonable? 11 outages in the MISO footprint can affect the congestion 12 A. They're right in the ballpark, yes. 12 component of the LMPs that UE can realize at its generating 13 Q. Have you expressed all of the criticisms you 13 plants? 14 14 had about Mr. Schukar's direct testimony or supplemental 15 direct testimony in your direct testimony? 15 Q. Do you agree that using more than one year's 16 16 A. Yes. data would mitigate any abnormal effects within a 17 MR. LOWERY: Off the record. 17 particular year caused by transmission or generation 18 (Whereupon there was a lunch break.) 18 outages within that year? 19 Q. (By Mr. Lowery) Mr. Dauphinais, we're back 19 A. Yes, again with the same caveats that I 20 after a break. Do you remember where we were? 20 previously mentioned with regard to adjusting for weather 21 A. A little bit. 21 abnormalities. 22 22 Q. All right. Do you agree that it's appropriate Q. Do you agree that you need to match the period

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used to determine dispatch cost with the period used to

determine market prices for power?

A. Yes.

23

24

25

to use a weighted average price of the generator LMP at

UE's plants as inputs as elements in PROSYM model?

23

24

25

A. Yes.

Page 38 Page 40 1 due to greater supply of capacity in the market? 1 Q. Do you agree that varying loads inject 2 uncertainty in the level of off-system sales? 2 A. It could potentially be, yes. 3 3 A. Can you say that again, please? Q. Economics would tell us that that's 4 Q. Do you agree that varying loads inject 4 directionally where prices might go, correct, because of 5 5 uncertainty into the level of off-system sales? additional supply? 6 A. You'll have to define what you mean by varying 6 A. Yes. But the magnitude of the effect isn't a 7 7 given. It may be a small decrease or it could be large. loads. 8 Q. The fact that loads from one period to the 8 Q. Do you agree that a forward price from a given 9 9 day can vary significantly from a forward price from a next can vary in terms of the level of load. 10 different day, taken from a different day? 10 A. Ask the question again. 11 A. Yes. 11 O. Does the fact that loads vary from period to 12 period inject uncertainty into what off-system sales will 12 Q. So if I were to -- Well, strike that. be from period to period? 13 13 You say a normalization of spot power prices 14 A. Yes. 14 may be appropriate. I think you said that on Page 4 of 15 Q. That must be a better question. 15 your direct testimony. Do you recall making that 16 16 A. Well, I understand it with your definition. statement? 17 Q. Do you agree the fact that unplanned outages 17 A. That's correct. can vary from period to period also injects uncertainty 18 Q. Your direct testimony did not propose any 18 normalization of spot power prices, did it? 19 into what the level of off-system sales can be from period 19 20 20 A. It did not. It proposed instead a to period? 21 21 A. Yes. modification to the way the company did the normalization 22 22 of prices as an alternative belief, versus my primary Q. Do you agree that the fact that power prices 23 vary from period to period injects uncertainty into what 23 recommendation. the level of off-system sales will be from period to 24 24 Q. Your primary recommendation was just to grab 25 25 period? the budget number for the 2008 budget and recommend that as Page 39 Page 41 a level of off-system sales margin, right? 1 A. Yes. 1 2 2 O. Is the depth of the capacity sales market A. That's correct. 3 available to AmerenUE infinitely? 3 Q. But your alternative recommendation was to 4 4 rerun the PROSYM model using 12 months ending June 2008, I A. No. 5 Q. There's some limit on the amount of capacity 5 believe, prices, right? 6 A. Yes. But what I would do is be adjusting up 6 AmerenUE can sell, correct? 7 7 the hourly prices that AmerenUE came up with, normalized A. There's always going to be some limit for any 8 8 market participant in regard to selling capacity. There prices, it would scale them all up. 9 will be some limit to what the market can take. 9 Q. Because the 12-month average in June is a 10 10 higher average than a 24-month average for '06 and '07? Q. I want you to assume that the Taumsauk plant 11 is operating instead of being out of service as it is right 11 A. Yes. So it would retain the hourly 12 12 now. Do you agree that just because it's operating does normalization properties that AmerenUE introduced. 13 not mean that UE can sell additional capacity in the 13 Q. Are there benefits sometimes to using more 14 14 than one year's data for arriving at normalized levels of capacity markets? 15 A. I'm sorry, Jim. You'll have to repeat it 15 power prices? 16 A. There are benefits from normalization, yes, 16 again. 17 17 because of the variations that can occur that we've gone Q. Assume the plant was operating, the Taumsauk 18 plant was operating. Do you agree that just because it's 18 through already today in discussions. 19 operating does not necessarily mean that UE can sell 19 Q. So why was your primary recommendation based 20 20 on essentially a non-normalized situation? additional capacity into the capacity markets? 21 A. I agree. There would have to be market depth 21 A. Well, what it was based on is the company's 22 22 own fuel budget forecast. Now, fuel budget forecast, in my to take it. 23 23 opinion, had to represent what the company's best estimate Q. Do you agree that if Taumsauk were operating 24 24 of what they would need in regard to fuel and what they and if 440 megawatts of additional capacity was available, that the market price at capacity might very well be lower 25 were expecting for off-system sales at the time that budget 25

	Page 42		Page 44
1	was put together.	1	Q. What have forward energy prices done since
2	Q. And understand that budget was based upon a	2	June, early July 2008?
3	forward price curve for 2008 chosen for one day?	3	A. They have fallen from the high levels they
4	A. It was, but it was taken from the lower end of	4	were at in the spring.
5	the forward curve when you look at that forward curve over	5	Q. Spot prices are also falling since that time?
6	several days. That is, it wasn't taken this wasn't a	6	A. I've not analyzed that. I do know spot prices
7	price grabbed from the spring when forward market prices	7	for July and August well, July especially were not lower
8	were very, very high. It was grabbed in January when they	8	than July of the previous year.
9	were substantially lower than they were in the spring.	9	Q. You wouldn't agree that spot prices since back
10	Q. Would you agree that federal court's vacation	10	in June, early July, have fallen more through today than
11	of CAIR rule do you know what I mean by CAIR?	11	you would normally expect based on the change in seasons
12	A. No, I do not.	12	from summer to fall?
13	Q. Clean Air Interstate Rule; does that ring a	13	A. I haven't done any analysis.
14	bell?	14	Q. You just don't know?
15	A. Yes.	15	A. I don't know.
16	Q. I'm going to shorten that to CAIR. Do you	16	Q. You don't know.
17	understand the acronym now, C-A-I-R?	17	Isn't that kind of information something that
18	A. Yes.	18	might be important as we proceed forward in this rate case
19	Q. Would you agree that the federal court's	19	to try to come up with a reasonable normalized power price
20	vacation of the CAIR rule call caused a spike in power	20	for setting off-system sales?
21	prices earlier in the summer of 2008?	21	A. That's certainly something to be considered in
22	A. I do not know and I've asked the company to	22	the next couple of weeks.
23	explain the impact its experience with impact of the	23	Q. So you do intend to look at that in the next
24	CAIR and they've indicated they have performed no analysis	24	couple of weeks?
25	of that. So I have no knowledge of it and apparently the	25	A. As part of the evaluation of Mr. Schukar's
	Page 43		Page 45
1	company does not either.	1	rebuttal testimony, yes.
2	Q. Would you agree that there were coal supply	2	Q. Is it possible that around-the-clock spot
3	disruptions in Australia and China that impacted coal	3	prices for 2008 might end up being about the same as they
4	markets here which in turn may have contributed to	4	were for 2007?
5	temporarily higher power prices here this last summer, last	5	A. It's possible.
6	summer being 2008?	6	Q. Do you know what UE's Gen LMPs have done in
7	A. There were coal shortages of the issue spoke	7	2008?
8	of and it did have an impact on off-peak prices. I don't	8	A. I know through June they were higher.
9	know that's the exact period, but I know they did occur.	9	Q. What have they done since June, do you know?
10	Q. Would you agree that market speculation in the	10	A. I know July was substantially higher than
11	oil markets temporarily raised power prices this past	11	June. And July '08 was substantially higher than July of
12	summer?	12	'07.
13	A. I wouldn't I would not agree that with	13	Q. Have you taken a look of Mr. Schukar's Figure
14	the speculation. Because I don't have the expertise to	14	SES-R1 in his rebuttal testimony?
15	have analyzed or determined whether there's been	15	A. I have seen it.
16	speculation. I would agree that rising oil prices	16	Q. Do you recall seeing figure SES-R1, on Page 6
17	influenced natural gas prices, which influenced electricity	17	of Mr. Schukar's rebuttal testimony?
18	prices.	18	A. Yes.
19	Q. You don't know whether there was speculation	19	Q. Would you agree the Gen LMPs at AmerenUE have
20	or not is what you're saying?	20	fallen off considerably since midsummer?
21	A. Yes.	21	A. I cannot tell with this graph. The scale's
22	Q. If there had been market speculation, that	22	too large and we have too much data being shown here.
23	might have raised oil and gas prices more, which in turn	23	Q. Are you going to take a look at Mr. Schukar's
24	would have, in your view, raised power prices? A. Yes, if there was speculation, that's true.	24	work papers to confirm whether or not what I just said is
25	A Vac it there was eneculation that's true	25	true?

	Page 46		Page 48
1	A. Yes. I requested them in discovery and we've	1	A. It's yellow. That's why.
2	since received them a couple of days ago. We're also going	2	Q. I'm sorry. Yellow.
3	to independently look at MISO LMP data.	3	A. Yellow is calendar year '09, yes.
4	Q. Just for clarification, you received them	4	Q. That's the on-peak price for forward price
5	right after the testimony was filed as part of the work	5	for calendar year '09?
6	papers that were produced.	6	A. Correct.
7	A. I did not receive the work papers until two	7	Q. Let's take a look at the July 17. I think
8	days ago. They're voluminous and I received them on a CD.	8	I've got those in order. That price was about \$84 per
9	Q. Are you familiar with published forward price	9	megawatt hour on July 17, correct?
10	data from Platts and forward price curves that Platts and	10	A. That is correct.
11	ICE put together?	11	Q. So just for the record, the market expected
12	A. Yes.	12	on-peak prices in 2009 to average \$84 a megawatt hour as of
13	Q. You're familiar with a publication called	13	July 17; is that correct?
14	Megawatt Daily?	14	A. Actually, I don't believe July 17 is the
15	A. Yes, I am.	15	day \$84 for July 17. I'm sorry. That's not correct.
16	Q. Is that power price data that Platts and ICE	16	Q. All right. I stand corrected. On June 13 or
17	report, is that data that's relied upon by industry market	17	thereabouts, \$84 was the expected price in forward price
18	participants?	18	in 2009, correct?
19	A. Yes.	19	A. A little bit below \$84, but, yeah,
20	Q. And folks in your position?	20	approximately.
21	A. Yes.	21	Q. And by July 17, that price had fallen off to,
22	Q. You'd consider that to be a reasonable source	22	it looks like about \$70, correct?
23	of pricing data?	23	A. That's correct.
24	A. It's basically the only source available for	24	Q. If you look at the next one, which if you flip
25	forward prices.	25	to the next page, Mr. Dauphinais.
	Page 47		Page 49
1	MR. LOWERY: I'm going to show you what will	1	A. Yes.
2	be marked as Deposition Exhibit 5.	2	Q. That's the August 15 forward pricing curve
3	(Whereupon the reporter marked Exhibit No. 5	3	from Platts, correct?
4	for identification.)	4	A. Yes, it is.
5	Q. (By Mr. Lowery) Deposition Exhibit 5 consists	5	Q. Now, by August 15, that forward price for 2009
6	of four documents. I'm going to ask you if you recognize	6	had fallen I'll try to take a look here as well to
7	those charts and graphs.	7	around \$70, right?
8	A. I've seen these charts before. I have not	8	A. That is correct.
9	looked at this particular chart particular day before.	9	Q. If you take a look at the September 16 Platts
10	I generally don't follow the Platts reports and Megawatt	10	ICE data, by September 16, what had the price dropped to?
11	Daily anymore because they basically cycle every 7 or 14	11	A. Around \$66 per megawatt hour.
12	days. They don't give us daily information anymore.	12	Q. About \$66. And if you take a look at the
13	Q. You recognize those as being charts from	13	October 15 Platts ICE data, the price by then had dropped
14	Platts Megawatt Daily?	14	to about \$58; is that correct?
15	A. Yes.	15	A. That is correct.
16	Q. All right. And would you confirm that those	16	Q. Now, to get those prices on equal footing with
17	four pages are graphs from published information from	17	the prices that one would expect to experience at UE's
18	Platts for July 17, August 15, September 16, and	18	generation, you've got to take into account the bases, the
19	October 15, 2008?	19	differential between the Cinergy Hub and UE's generation,
20	A. Yes, they are.	20	correct?
21	Q. Now, would you confirm that the orange line on	21	A. That is correct.
22	the graph that's labeled Cinergy Hub, key packages, last 30	22	Q. And you actually did that in your direct
23	days, would you confirm that the orange line reflects the	23	testimony as reflected in Footnote 3. I believe you used
24	average forward energy price at the Cinergy Hub for the	24	that bases differential adjusted information Table 2; is
25	on-peak period for calendar year 2009?	25	that correct?

Page 50 Page 52

A. That is correct.

- Q. And you applied a ratio of .887 to those Cinergy Hub prices to get the UE prices that you report in Table 2?
 - A. That sounds about the right magnitude.

MR. LOWERY: Let me show you what's been marked as Deposition Exhibit 6, I believe.

(Whereupon the reporter marked Exhibit No. 6 for identification.)

- Q. (By Mr. Lowery) Do you recognize Deposition Exhibit 6?
- A. Yes. This is my work paper for the calculation of the bases.
- Q. Do you recognize -- my handwriting is never that great to read. Do you recognize that I've written the file name that you had named this file on the bottom of that page?
 - A. Yes, that is correct.
- Q. Would you confirm that your bases differential that you used .887?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. So let's look at \$58 forward price for 2009 that we have. To put it on equal footing with the prices UE would expect at the generator, we'd have to multiple that by .887, correct?

- this is being driven by generally a need to generate cash
 and all commodities are falling very rapidly right now in
 the current market situation. So these forward prices may
 in fact understate the current fundamentals of the market.
 - Q. They may and they may not, right?
 - A. There -- they may or may not, but there is a lot of discussion along the lines of they may be understating the fundamentals of the market.
 - Q. But whether they are or they are not, when you apply the bases differential, you're about 7 or \$8 below the average of the spot price for July '07 to June '08, correct?
 - A. Using these -- these latest prices, yes. But, again, the other thing I would hesitate to do is just one price when we're on a downward sloping market. We're using the lowest price on a downward sloping market. When I -- when I use and selected the off-system sales margin recommendation, I picked a forward market projection that the company did where we're not at the high price forward prices in the spring in recognition that that would be overstating the situation.

So when you use forward prices, you have to be careful. You cannot just pick one day. But if you pick one day, you need to pick one that's conservative for what you're trying to estimate so it doesn't overstate what

Page 51

- A. It would put it approximately on the right footing. I would want to update this for a later period. This was a one-year period, I believe ending in 2008. So I would want to update it, but that's probably in the right ballpark.
- Q. You're just saying the .887 might be .872 or .895, but it's going to be in the ballpark. The bases differential is not going to be significantly different; is that fair to say?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. So if we multiply the \$58 forward price by .887, just an approximation, I understand it could change a little bit, we would get a price -- I'm going to let you verify my numbers just so no one can say that I was making these numbers up. If we take .887 times the \$58 forward price for 2009, we get an on-peak price of 51.44, do we not?
 - A. That's correct.
- Q. If we look at your Table 2, 51.44 is considerably less than the average of the 2006 and 2007 spot prices that you reference in Table 2; isn't that correct?
- A. It's the -- yes, that's correct. I would warn that these forward prices that we're seeing now represent a sell-off and there is discussion in the marketplace that

you're trying to estimate. To pick today's low prices in the forward markets, in my opinion, would be to understate what spot prices are likely to be in the future. You need to look back more than the last few days. You need to look back at a few months and average them together.

Page 53

- Q. If we were to apply -- and I understand what you just said. But at this point the forward price of -- the market at this moment in time or at least as of October 15, I guess it would be, the market as of October 15 expected the on-peak price for 2009 to be \$58, correct?
- A. Yes. The market consensus on that day was that, yes.
- Q. You're just saying the market consensus might change tomorrow, it might change the next day. But on that day, it expected the price to be \$58 in 2009, right?
- A. Yes. Because on individual days we can see behavior that's driven by facts that are beyond fundamentals. We saw this in some of the forward prices shortly after the hurricanes two years ago. And we may be seeing this now on a downward slope instead of an upward slope.
- Q. You don't know when that downward slope might end, do you?
- A. I don't know when the downward slope will end; that's correct.

Page 54 Page 56 1 Q. Mr. Brubaker this morning in fact talked about 1 why. A few things have to be taken into consideration. 2 changing economic conditions. And when we were talking 2 One is the forward sales; those are not going to be 3 3 affected by the change in prices. That piece is going to about whether fuel prices are going to continue to go up, 4 he said, well, I don't know. The economy and demand is 4 be fixed. And, second, the revenue -- for example, my 5 5 falling off and industrial production may fall off, not recommendation was an adjustment to margin, but revenues 6 sure where the economy is going. So in fact, this downward 6 are different. So I can't calculate § million from what 7 7 slope may in fact sustain itself for some time; isn't that you're putting forth here. 8 fair to say? 8 Q. We'll try it again because I said revenues. I 9 9 didn't say margins. I understand that they're different. A. It may or may not. It's certainly a leading 10 10 indicator where spot prices may go. A. Yeah. 11 11 Q. If in fact it does sustain itself, then the Q. Let's assume for purposes of my question that 12 use of an around-the-clock price of around \$46, which is 12 UE has about 10 million megawatt hours a year to sell off 13 what the 2008 budget was based upon, would substantially 13 system, which you previously agreed is a pretty close 14 overstate the power prices UE could expect to achieve in 14 approximation to what is normal; is that right? 15 15 2009, wouldn't it? A. I don't believe I agreed to that at all. 16 A. It may, yes. 16 Q. Well, the record will reflect whether you did 17 Q. Because if we -- after we apply the bases 17 or not. Let's assume that 10 million megawatt hours is 18 18 about the volume of off-system sales UE has per year. differential, this \$58 forward price for '09 and then apply 19 the reasonably accurate ratio of 77 percent to the on-peak 19 A. All right. 20 20 price to get an around-the-clock price, you can again Q. Let's assume that approximately 21 verify my math, but if we take 51.44 times .77, we get an 21 those are hedged. 22 22 around-the-clock price of \$39.60, don't we? A. All right. 23 A. Yes. Again, that's based on these forward 23 Q. That leaves about, can we say, 24 prices actually being realized. 24 unhedged. I guess it's but just for round 25 Q. The mathematics was correct though, right? 25 figures; is that fair? Page 55 Page 57 A. Yes. A. Sure. 1 1 2 2 Q. If the forward prices that the market expects Q. If the around-the-clock price ends up being 6 3 today of \$58, adjusted for the bases differential between 3 or \$7 a megawatt hour lower, then off system revenues, I'm 4 4 Cinergy and UE's generation and adjusted to predict at not talking about margins, revenues are going to be 5 least an approximation of what the around-the-clock would 5 million less than they would be based upon the price in 6 6 be, then UE might very well only realize \$39.60 or the 2008 budget that you're relying on for making a margin 7 thereabouts around-the-clock in 2009, not \$46, right? 7 adjustment, correct? 8 8 A. That's correct. A. Six to \$7 lower? 9 Q. If that were to happen, UE would undershoot 9 Q. I'm sorry. I think I did do the math wrong. 10 million times \$6, more like \$ million, right? 10 off-system sales margins by -- or off-system sales 11 11 revenues -- excuse me -- by something on the order of A. Yes. 12 million, correct? 12 million lower off-system sales revenues? 13 A. Margins may. There would be an offsetting 13 A. I agree with that. 14 effect in purchased power and natural gas cost. 14 Q. You'll agree with that. Do you know just in approximate numbers for 15 Q. Let me just get an answer to my question to 15 16 16 begin with. If I said margins, I should have said every dollar of off-system sales revenues approximately, 17 revenues. 17 how much margin UE makes on average? 18 18 A. No, I do not. But if the around-the-clock price ends up 19 39.60, not the roughly 46 that was assumed in the budget 19 Q. If we were to look at your Table 3 and average 20 20 that you're relying upon, then the revenues from off-system some of those numbers, would that give us a rough 21 sales, putting aside what fuel prices or power purchases 21 approximation? If we divided the margin in the revenue 22 22 might do, the revenue from off-system sales would be off by across those different scenarios, would that probably give 23 23 about \$ million at 10 million megawatt hours a year, us a rough approximation of what percentage of the revenue

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is represented by margin?

A. Yes. But I will say that ratio may vary

million and this is

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correct?

A. I'm not going to say \$

A. Yes. Q. Is that 54.7 percent? A. Yes, it is. Q. And to get the next one, we divide into 48.1? A. Yes. A. That is correct. Q. Take a look at Page 19, Line 4, I believe it is, of Mr. Schukar's rebuttal testimony. Is 43.57 the price that he's recommending the around-the-clock price he's recommending for establishing off-system sales in this				
Q. But if we average those, would you agree that that would be at least a fair approximation of what the margins - what percent of revenues are represented by margins? A. If we averaged all these cases together? Q. Yes. A. Yes. That would be a fair estimate. Q. Why don't we do that real quick. We take and divide it into wouldn't we, to get the first ratio? A. Yes. That would be a fair estimate. Q. Why don't we do that real quick. We take and divide it into wouldn't we, to get the first ratio? A. Yes. A.		Page 58		Page 60
Description of water and that would be at least a fair approximation of what the margins — what percent of revenues are represented by margins? A. If we averaged all these cases together? Q. Yes. A. If we averaged all these cases together? Q. Yes. A. Yes. That would be a fair estimate. Q. Why don't we do that real quick. We take and divide it into wouldn't we, to get the first ratio? A. Yes. Q. Is that 54.7 percent? A. Yes, it is. Q. And to get the next one, we divide into 48.1? A. Yes. A. Yes. Q. And the next one would be desired by the first part of the part of t	1	depending on which scenario we're looking at.	1	A. Five at most, I'd say.
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that what you recall? And we can take a look if you don't remember. Q. Why don't we do that real quick. We take and divide it into wouldn't we, to get the first ratio? A. Yes. A. Yes. 12 A. Yes. Q. And to get the next one, we divide into 48.1? A. Yes, it is. Q. And to get the next one, we divided by 48.2? A. Yes, it is. Q. And to get the next one would be divided by 49.2 or 3, you pick. A. 49.3. Q. And the least one divided by 49.2 or 3, you pick. A. 49.3. Q. And the last one divided by 49.2 or 3, you pick. A. Yes, and the spread of the numbers is such that I think that's a reasonable estimate, yes. Q. So if we go back to the \$40 million of revenues that UE might undershoot if prices end up being 39.60, not the \$46, then margins are going to be down about 2 or 3 percent of the ner enginement or the nef fuel cost because UE's whole to 6 power and its gas fired generation is only about 2 or 3 percent of the energy that it produces? A. Minor, but significant enough that it needs to be taken into consideration. The would again it would be an offset of the revenue requirement or the neft fuel cost because UE's about 2 or 3 percent of the energy that it produces? A. Has is correct. Q. Take a look at Page 19, Line 4, I believe it is, of Mr. Schukar's rebuttal testimony, 1s 43.57 the price that he's recommending for establishing off-system sales in this case? A. Yes, it is. Q. Mould be correct that a 43.57 we go would the vould be yound offset of the revenue requirement or the net fuel cost of the revenue requirement or the net fuel cost of the revenue requirement or the net fuel cost of the sease UE's and the sale of the numbers is such that I shink that's a reasonable estimate, yes. Q. So if we didn't take that bases differential between Cinergy and UE, provided the price that full undershoot if prices end up being a special price probably north of \$60, correct? A. Yes. Q. Those offsets would be an offset of the revenue requirement or the net fuel cost of the revenue requirement or the net fue		<u> </u>	6	
A. Yes. That would be a fair estimate. Q. Why don't we do that real quick. We take and divide it into wouldn't we, to get the first ratio? A. Yes. Q. Is that 54.7 percent? A. Yes, it is. Q. And to get the next one, we divide into 48.1? A. Yes. Q. And to get the next one would be divided by 49.2 or 3, you pick. Q. And the next one would be divided by 49.2 or 3, you pick. Q. And the last one divided by 58.9? Q. And the last one divided by 58.9? Q. Fair enough. So if we add those together and divide by five, on average, margins are about 53.9 percent of revenues; is that right? A. Ayes. And the spread of the numbers is such that I think that's a reasonable estimate, yes. Q. So if we go back to the \$40 million of revenues that IE might undershoot if prices end up being again, I would caution there would be an offset of the revenue requirement or the net fuel cost because UE's purchase power cost and natural gas fuel cost would fail. So there would be some fisetting amounts. Q. Those offsets wouldh't fully offset those lower margins, would they, given UE doesn't purchase a whole to of power and its gas fired generation is only about 2 or 3 percent of the energy that it produces? A. Minor, but significant enough that it needs to be taken into consideration. Q. The offset would be fairly minor in relation to the \$21 million, would't it? A. A Couple million dollars, a few million A. Husing and divide to to make sure. And A. A. Is correct. Q. Take a look at Page 19, Line 4. J believe it is, of Mr. Schukar's rebuttal testimony. Is 43.57 the price that he's recommending for establishing off-system sales in this size of Mr. Schukar's rebuttal testimony. Is 43.57 the price that he's recommending for establishing off-system sales in this indicated was reasonable? A. Yes, it is. Q. Would I be correct that a 43.57 around-the-clock price would imply roughly \$56.50 on-peak price using the 77 percent ratio that you previously indicated was reasonable? A. That is correct. Q. And this 43.57 price, it already taking into	7		7	*
9 A. It sounds right. 10 and divide it into wouldn't we, to get the first 1 ratio? 11 ratio? 12 A. Yes. 13 Q. Is that 54.7 percent? 14 A. Yes, it is. Q. And to get the next one, we divide into 48.1? 15 A. Yes. 16 Q. And to get the next one, we divide into 48.1? 17 A. Yes. 18 Q. And the next one would be individed by 49.2 or 3, you pick. 19 49.2 or 3, you pick. 20 A. 49.3. 21 Q. 49.3. 22 A. Correct. 23 Q. And the last one divided by 58.9? 24 A. Correct. 25 S. 9.? 26 A. I would call it 59.0. 27 Page 59 28 Q. Fair enough. So if we add those together and divide by five, on average, margins are about 53.9 percent of revenues; is that right? 28 A. Was, and the spread of the numbers is such that I think that's a reasonable estimate, yes. 29 Q. So if we go back to the \$40 million of revenues that UE might undershoot if prices end up being again, I would caution there would be an offset of the revenue requirement or the net fuel cost because UE's purchase youver cost and natural gas fuel cost would fall. 29 C. Those offsets wouldh fully offset those lower margins, would be down by that amount. 20 Take a look at Page 19, Line 4, I believe it so, off Mr. Schukar's rebuttal testimony. Is 43.57 the price is 44 44.73? A. That is correct. 9 C. Would I be correct that a 43.57 around-the-clock price would imply proviously indicated was reasonable? A. That is correct. Q. And this this correct. Q. And this 43.57 price, it's already taking into account the bases differential into account, that 43.57 around-the-clock price would imply probably an on-peak price probably north of \$60, correct? A. Yes. 17 A. Yes. 18 A. Yes. 29 A. I would agrie have been down by that amount. But, again, I would acution there would be an offset of the revenue requirement or the net fuel cost because UE's purchase power cost and natural gas fuel cost would fall. 19 A. I would agree with that. Q. Those offsets wouldh fully offset those lower margins, would be down by that amounts. 10 The offset would be found trip? A. Hould agree with that. Q			8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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	23		23	Q. But you're considering in good faith whether
25 dollars out of that 21 million at most? 25 A. That's correct.	24		24	
	25	dollars out of that 21 million at most?	25	A. That's correct.

	Page 62		Page 64
1	Q. Because you would agree that some fundamentals	1	that the seasons would naturally cause some fall-off from
2	in the market may very well have changed since earlier	2	prices from the summer to the fall. But if in fact it
3	2008; would you agree with that?	3	turns out that those spot prices have fallen considerably,
4	A. I would say that things have changed since my	4	then prices through June can't very well be a known
5	testimony was filed and that needs to be considered as an	5	immeasurable change for setting rates, can they?
6	input in reviewing what Mr. Schukar has proposed in his	6	A. Please repeat the question.
7	rebuttal testimony.	7	MR. LOWERY: Read it back.
8	Q. When you looked at a trend that ended in	8	(Whereupon the reporter read back the previous
9	June 2008, you were picking a point in time when prices had	9	question.)
10	run up considerably; isn't that true?	10	A. The prices through June are a component into
11	A. I guess I disagree with the framework of the	11	determining what a valid known immeasurable adjustment
12	question. I didn't I don't agree that a price trend	12	would be. If prices have fallen since June significantly,
13	ended in June for spot prices.	13	that is another input. Both inputs would be used in
14	Q. You agree spot prices have fallen off	14	utilizing in determining what the proper known immeasurable
15	considerably since June; isn't that true?	15	would be.
16	A. In relation to what was in May? I guess I'm	16	Q. (By Mr. Lowery) I think if I could rephrase
17	confused.	17	what you just said, if I don't say it right, I'm sure
18	Q. Would you agree that spot prices have fallen	18	you'll tell me. If there's been a considerable fall-off
19	off since June, more than one would expect, just because of	19	from those spot prices through September or October,
20	seasonal differences?	20	whenever it is that you look at them, that would be just as
21	A. I do not know that.	21	much of a known immeasurable change as looking at it just
22	Q. You don't know.	22	through June; isn't that fair?
23	The 43.57 price that Mr. Schukar recommends	23	A. It is. It will have to be considered whether
24	and 44.73 price that you indicate as an alternative if the	24	there's an abnormality or a trend going on I guess. That's
25	PROSYM model is rerun, that is still your opinion, correct,	25	one of the things that will have to be evaluated.
	Page 63		Page 65
1	at least at this moment?	1	Q. I take it you have not updated your analysis
2	A. Yes.	2	for data through September 30?
3	Q. That's only a little more than a dollar	3	A. I have not.
4	different, correct?	4	Q. But you're planning to?
5	A. Yes.	5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Which means that your off-system sales	6	Q. Your Table 2 on Page 6, the range between the
7	recommendations revenues on the revenue side, and	7	high and the low prices that you show there is about \$20,
8	Mr. Schukar's, is only about 10, \$12 million apart; is that	8	right?
9	true?	9	A. For all of the prices here? No. It's about
10	A. It may be.	10	\$30.
11	Q. We're talking about a disagreement in the	11	Q. I'm sorry. I stand corrected. It's more than
12	context of off-system sales revenues of \$	12	\$30. It's about \$30. Not more, but about \$30?
13	of only percent, correct?	13	A. That's correct.
14	A. It's on that order of magnitude.	14	Q. \$30 \$30 of price uncertainty generates
15	Q. You can't be all that sure you're right and	15	quite a lot of uncertainty in what the level of off-system
16	Mr. Schukar is wrong about what prices are going to be, can	16	sales revenues might be; isn't that fair to say?
17	you?	17	A. Yes.
18	A. We pick we need to pick the most accurate	18	Q. If we look at just March 19 to August 19,
19		19	you've got three different values. You've got a range of
20	Q. Because predicting off-system sales is pretty	20	about \$20 there, right, just within a five-month period?
21	difficult business, isn't it?	21	A. That's correct.
22	A. It's a difficult business.	22	Q. Is there there's no reason to expect that
23	Q. If in fact when you do your examination it	23	the range of variation might be smaller for the rest of the
24	turns out that spot prices since June have fallen off	24	given 12-month period, is there?
	considerably not just due to seasonal changes, I understand	25	A. For forward price, this type of variation
25			

	Page 66		Page 68
1	would not be unexpected.	1	great extent on what power prices do, then UE's fuel prices
2	Q. And your schedule JRD-1, it reflects a range	2	which are substantially immune from these spot price
3	varying by about megawatt hours varying from high	3	variations aren't very well correlated with off-system
4	to low; is that correct?	4	sales, correct?
5	A. Correct.	5	A. In the overall picture, yes. A portion of it
6	Q. And so that's additional volume of uncertainty	6	is; that is, the purchased power cost and natural gas cost
7	on top of the price uncertainty we were just talking about,	7	are. But the remainder of the costs are not. And as we've
8	correct?	8	discussed, only a small portion of the fuel cost, a
9	A. Yes, it is.	9	relatively small portion.
10	Q. Is it fair to say that none of us know that	10	Q. So a very, very high percentage the
11	energy prices	11	correlation does not exist with a respect to a very, very
12	A. I'm sorry. I would note some of the variation	12	high percent of UE's off-system sales, correct?
13	from the lowest to the highest on schedule JRD-1 is in fact	13	A. A high percentage.
14	related to the refueling outage, I believe, for Callaway.	14	Q. Probably 90 plus percent, right, or more?
15	That would have an impact on volume, significant impact on	15	A. Somewhere in the neighborhood of 90 percent, I
16	volume.	16	would say.
17	Q. But there is some volume uncertainty; you'd	17	Q. On Page 6 on Table 2, you provided data on
18	agree with that?	18	March 19 to August 19 forward prices for 2009, correct?
19	A. There is some volume uncertainty.	19	A. 2008.
20	Q. Some, quote, normal volume uncertainty?	20	Q. Well, they're forward prices for 2009, aren't
21	A. Correct.	21	they?
22	Q. None of us know what energy prices are going	22	A. In part. It's a rolling 12 months it's
23	to be starting March 1 when rates for this case go into	23	rolling 12 months looking forward. So from March 19
24	effect; is that fair to say? If we did, we could all go	24	from March 19, 2008 to
25	make a lot of money.	25	Q. To March 18 of 2009?
	Page 67		Page 69
1	A. That's correct.	1	A. For April '07 April '08 through
2	Q. None of us know how many megawatt hours of	2	Q. Right. So the March 19 one goes through March
3	off-system sales UE is going to make during the first	3	of 2009. We get out to August 19, 12 months forward, it
4	12-month period post March 1, '09, correct?	4	goes into August 2009, a combination of forward prices for
5	A. No one knows the exact.	5	the rest of '08 and that part of '09, up to August 18 or 19
6	Q. Or the next 12-month period; we don't know	6	or '09; is that right?
7	what prices are going to be, we don't know what volume is	7	A. Yes, that's correct.
8	going to be, correct?	8	Q. Now I understand.
9	A. We don't know exact amount. Certainly bands	9	Over that period, the trend in forward prices
10	can be put around it on expectation.	10	is actually decreasing, isn't it?
11	Q. From a price prospective, the band is probably	11	A. By trend, what do you mean? Can you define
12	going to be pretty wide, is it not?	12	that, please?
13 14	A. As we discussed, plus or minus tens of	13	Q. Well, if we look at forward prices on March 19, 20, 21, and June and July and August, if we look
15	millions of dollars. Q. You state on Page 4, Lines 1 to 4 of your	14 15	forward 12 months at each of those points, the trend in
16	direct testimony, that UE's fuel costs are substantially	16	forward prices is actually decreasing, isn't it?
17	immune to spot price variations, correct?	17	A. Over this time period, I believe it went up
18	A. Can you give me a line?	18	and then went down. Towards the tail-end of the curve,
19	Q. Line 1 to 4 on Page 4.	19	yes, it was going downward for forward prices.
20	A. Yes, I do.	20	Q. If I were to graph those forward prices over
21	Q. It follows then that UE's fuel costs are not	21	this period, I'm going to end up lower than where I
22	correlated with the spot markets for fuel or for power,	22	started; isn't that correct?
23	correct?	23	A. Yes. For this period, yes.
24	A. That's generally correct, yes.	24	Q. Since you initially recommended or are
25	Q. And since UE's off-system sales depend to a	25	recommending today, at least as of today, to use the 2008

Page 70 Page 72 1 budget as January 10 to set off-system sales in this case, 1 punished for suffering the down side, right? 2 would you agree that only an updated budget forecast that 2 A. Yes. But there may be other costs that are 3 3 takes into account the declining prices we've seen since being effected that may be offsetting. 4 June should be used? 4 Q. Or the company may beat the off-system sales 5 5 A. You'd take that into consideration, but it number and have higher costs in other areas and not be any 6 6 certainly wouldn't be necessarily based on most recent better off, right, it goes both ways? 7 7 prices in October necessarily. But I think you need to A. There's some tie between them. We talked 8 look at several months. I know the company does it on a 8 about the correlation. There's some tie. 9 9 single day, but I think the more reasonable estimate would Q. My only point is, you wanted to point out the 10 10 be looking at several days averaged out. fact that off-system sales might be below target and maybe 11 Q. When you recommended use of the 2008 budget to 11 the company could save money somewhere else. It could go 12 set off-system sales in this case, were you aware the 12 exactly the other way, right? The company might make more 13 13 company missed its budgeted margins for 2007 by more than money in off-system sales, but it might have rate based 14 million? 14 investments or other expenses that went up that offset 15 15 A. No, I was not aware of it. every dollar of that? 16 Q. You're aware of it now? 16 A. Depending on how those costs are tied to 17 A. I am aware, yes. 17 correlate to off-system sales margins, yes, there could be 18 Q. And the company budgeted using essentially the 18 a difference, yes. 19 19 same methodology for 2007 as it did for 2008; isn't that Q. But if we have a fuel adjustment clause and if 20 20 your understanding? we include off-system sales in it, we're largely mitigating 21 21 A. There's nothing to lead me to believe there's the right to the customer and to the company of getting the 22 22 anything different. estimate of off-system sales wrong, aren't we? 23 Q. So the company's budget isn't always right, is 23 A. Yes. If a fuel adjustment clause is 24 established including off-system sales, then it would 24 it? 25 25 A. Apparently not. achieve that, yes. Page 71 Page 73 1 Q. Would you agree that a fuel adjustment clause 1 Q. Do you have any opinions about the level of 2 2 mitigates risk of forecasting uncertain quantities like ancillary services revenues that UE recommends for 3 off-system sales, if you include the off-system sales in 3 inclusion in it's net base fuel cost in this case? 4 4 A. No, I don't have any opinion on that. the fuel adjustment clause, the risk to the customers and 5 the company of missing the off-system sales number? 5 Q. Do you have any opinions about the level of 6 6 A. Again, if you were going to have a fuel capacity sales UE recommends for inclusion in the net base 7 7 adjustment clause, the fuel adjustment clause would be fuel cost? 8 8 handy in regard to dealing with the risk associated with A. No. Q. Do you have any opinions about the level of 9 off-system sales revenues. 9 10 10 Taumsauk capacity sales that UE recommends for inclusion in Q. Because if we -- if the commission sets off-system sales at a particular level like it did in the 11 11 the net base fuel cost? 12 last rate case and if the company is able to beat that and 12 A. No. 13 we don't have a fuel adjustment clause, the company can 13 Q. Do you have any opinions about the level of 14 just pocket that money, right? 14 RSG May (phonetic) coal payments that UE recommends for 15 A. Yes. 15 inclusion in net base fuel cost, which Mr. Schukar 16 Q. The customers are at risk of missing out on 16 recommended in his rebuttal testimony? 17 17 A. I'm studying Mr. Schukar's recommendation as the up side, right? well as the testimony of staff on the issue and I have not 18 A. Right. Especially in the fuel adjustment 18 19 clause, the company is seeing and able to recover higher 19 come to a conclusion as of yet. 20 20 fuel costs at the same time. Q. Are you still studying any testimony related 21 Q. Well, let's separate the situation. Let's say 21 to ancillary services revenues or capacity revenues or are 22 22 we don't have a fuel adjustment clause at all. you just not going to have an opinion about that? 23 23 A. I'm looking at Mr. Kye's (phonetic) testimony. A. Okav. 24 24 Q. In that case, if the commission gets it wrong, At the moment, I have no opinion.

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Q. Do you have any particular disagreements or

customers may miss out on the up side or the company may be

25

Page 74 Page 76 1 criticisms at this moment of Mr. Schukar's rebuttal 1 I got the CD two days ago. But, yes. 2 testimony? 2 Q. But you're pretty familiar with the outputs 3 3 and the work papers that Mr. Finnell produces when he runs A. No. I'm still studying it at this point. 4 Q. You talk about the alternative of AmerenUE 4 the PROSYM model, are you not? 5 5 rerunning its model, its PROSYM model. At least at the A. Yes, I am. 6 time you filed your direct testimony, you were pointing to 6 Q. I mean this is not something that's foreign to 7 the 44.73 price if the company did that. It's my 7 you? 8 understanding that you're looking at what's going on in the 8 A. That's correct. 9 9 market now and more recent information and your opinion Q. And unless there was some fundamental change 10 might change about the 44.73; is that true? 10 in the inputs, if principally the change was to update fuel 11 A. That's true. 11 prices through September 30 and update energy prices 12 Q. Let me ask you this: You indicated some 12 through September 30 just hypothetically, it shouldn't be 13 13 concern about the impracticability of being able to rerun too difficult if you get the work papers within a few days 14 the model based on the right price, whether it's the price 14 of November 7, it shouldn't be too difficult to analyze 15 15 you think ought to be used, the price the company thinks that data and handle a true-up hearing that occurs in early 16 ought to be used as part of this case; do you recall having 16 January with respect to data, should it? 17 that concern? 17 A. I can do it. The only caution is it's not 18 A. The concern was having sufficient time to 18 clear what the mode would be in order to respond, if we had 19 19 review those runs and what went into them. a difficulty how we had -- a difficulty with regard to how 20 20 Q. Let me ask you this: If AmerenUE reruns its that was done. 21 21 model and provides that rerun as part of providing the Q. You understand there's provisions in the 22 true-up data on November 7, you understand that the company 22 procedural schedule for filing true-up testimony in mid 23 will be providing true-up data through September 30 on 23 December, right? 24 November 7 to all the parties; do you understand that? 24 A. Is there? I wasn't aware of that. 25 A. I understand that. 25 Q. If in fact that's the case, wouldn't you be Page 77 Page 75 1 Q. The company does that with a true-up hearing 1 able to get that November 7 data and work papers within 2 2 that's not scheduled until January 6 or 7, why wouldn't you just a few days, take a look at it, and determine by mid 3 have plenty of time to review the data and work papers and 3 December whether or not you have issues with the rerun? 4 provide any testimony you needed to about that new PROSYM 4 A. With all the assumptions we've discussed in 5 5 terms of it's a very clean rerun and the work papers are 6 6 A. It depends on the details of how the rerun is provided very promptly and there's nothing unusual, it 7 done. If it's a very clean rerun where that's the only 7 maying be possible. One of the measures -- one of the 8 8 change made and we get the work papers very quickly and factors in play now also that wasn't in play before, as 9 it's very clear on what was done and how the inputs were 9 you've mentioned, is staff's own runs are real time. And 10 changed, it may be possible. Let me express a concern that 10 the fact that matched on -- when used common assumptions, 11 depending on what happens, that may not be possible. 11 the net fuel cost is matched up. So there's a level of 12 Q. Let's talk about that just a little bit. 12 confidence that wasn't there when I filed my direct 13 Mr. Finnell reran his models in connection with his 13 testimony. 14 rebuttal testimony, right? 14 Q. So that level of confidence makes it even more 15 A. Uh-huh. 15 practical to rerun the PROSYM model with updated energy 16 Q. And the staff's models and the company's 16 prices if in fact you may come to a conclusion that energy 17 models are in essential agreement except for energy prices, 17 prices need to be different, the company has changed energy 18 correct? 18 price as time has gone on and looked at more recent data. 19 19 So it's even more practical -- or likely more practical now A. That's correct. 20 20 Q. And you've gotten Mr. Finnell's work papers than it might have been at the time you filed your direct 21 from his rebuttal testimony, right? 21 testimony, in your mind; isn't that true? 22 22 A. That's correct. A. It's more likely it will work out. 23 Q. You've seen those work papers from various 23 Q. Do you have any other opinions about the 24 PROSYM runs on a number of occasions, correct? 24 appropriate level of off-system revenues or margins to

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include in UE's revenue requirement in this case at this

25

A. The most recent ones I have not looked at yet.

25

	Page 78		Page 80
1	point that you have not told me or that are not reflected	1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	in your pre-filed testimony?	2	I, Sheryl A. Pautler, Certified Court
3	A. No.	3	Reporter, Notary Public within and for the State of
4	Q. Subject to whatever difference Let me start	4	Missouri, do hereby certify that the witness whose
5	over: Subject to whatever modifications you might make to	5	testimony appears in the foregoing deposition was duly
6	the opinions you've expressed so far in your surrebuttal	6	sworn by me; the testimony of said witness was taken by me
7	testimony, other than that, you've told me all the opinions	7	to the best of my ability and thereafter reduced to
8	that you have with respect to this case; is that correct?	8	typewriting under my direction; that I am neither counsel
9	A. That is correct.	9	for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to the
10	Q. You're working on this case based on hourly	10	action in which this deposition was taken, and further that
11	rate; is that correct?	11	I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel
12	A. That's correct.	12	employed by the parties thereto, nor financially or
13	Q. You probably bill at a rate that's a little	13	otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.
14	lower than Mr. Brubaker's?	14	
15	A. Yes.	15	
16	Q. What's your rate?	16	Notary Public within and for
17	A. \$195 per hour.	17	the State of Missouri
18	Q. Do you have at least a reasonable idea of how	18	My commission expires April 10, 2009.
19	many hours you've spent on this case to date?	19	
20	A. No. I would have to check.	20	
21	Q. You have no idea?	21	
22	A. Order of magnitude.	22	
23	Q. 50, 150, 250?	23	
24	A. I would be surprised if it exceeded 100, but I	24	
25	do not know.	25	
	Page 79		Page 81
1	Q. Fair enough. Mr. Dauphinais, are you familiar	1	I, JAMES DAUPHINAIS, do hereby certify:
2	with ICAP?	2	That I have read the foregoing deposition;
3	A. If ICAP means installed capacity, yes.	3	That I have made such changes in form and/or
4	Q. No. How about International Capital, PLC, a	4	substance to the within deposition as might be necessary to
5	power broking firm?	5 6	render the same true and correct;
6	A. I'm not aware of them.	7	That having made such changes thereon, I hereby subscribe my name to the deposition.
7	MR. LOWERY: Never heard of them. All right.	8	I declare under penalty of perjury that the
8	I think that's all the questions I have.	9	foregoing is true and correct.
9	Same stipulation about waiving presentment.	10	1010going 10 true and correct
10	You'll read and sign and stipulate that if it's not signed	11	Executed the day of,
11	by the time of the hearing, it will be deemed to be signed? MS. VUYLSTEKE: Yes.	12	20, at
12 13	(Whereupon signature was reserved.)	13	
14	(whereupon signature was reserved.)	14	
15		15	JAMES DAUPHINAIS
16		16	
17		17	My Commission Expires:
18		18	Notary Public:
19		19	SP/James Dauphinais In the Matter of Union Electric Company
20		20	in the matter of Onion Electric Company
21		21	
22		22	
23		23	
24		24	
25		25	

JAMES DAUPHINAIS 10/23/2008

		Page	82
1 2 3 4 5 6	Errata Sheet Witness: James Dauphinais In Re: In the Matter of Union Electric Company Upon reading the deposition and before subscribing thereto, the deponent indicated the following changes should be made: Page Line Should read: Reason assigned for change: Page Line Should read:		
8 9 10 11 12	Page Line Should read: Reason assigned for change: Page Line Should read: Reason assigned for change: Page Line Should read: Reason assigned for change: Page Line Should read:		
13 14 15	Reason assigned for change : Page Line Should read: Reason assigned for change : Page Line Should read: Reason assigned for change :		
17 18 19 20 21	Page Line Should read: Reason assigned for change: Page Line Should read: Reason assigned for change: Page Line Should read: Reason assigned for change: Page Line Should read: Page Line Should read:		
22 23 24 25	Reason assigned for change : Reporter: Sheryl A. Pautler	Dago	02
		Page	83
1 2 3 4 5 6	Midwest Litigation Services 711 North Eleventh Street St. Louis, Missouri 63101 Phone (314) 644-2191 * Fax (314) 644-1334 October 24, 2008 Ms. Diana M. Vuylsteke Bryan Cave One Metropolitan Square, Suite 3600 St. Louis, Missouri 63102		
8 9	In Re: In the Matter of Union Electric Company		
10	Dear Ms. Vuylsteke: Please find enclosed your copy of the deposition of James Dauphinais, taken on October 23, 2008 in the		
12 13	above-referenced case. Also enclosed is the original signature page and errata sheets. Please have the witness read your copy of the transcript, indicate any changes and/or corrections desired on the errata sheets, and sign the signature		
15	page before a notary public. Please return the errata sheets and notarized signature page to Mr. James B. Lowery for filing prior to hearing date.		
17 18	Thank you for your attention to this matter. Sincerely,		
19 20 21	Sheryl Pautler CC: Mr. James B. Lowery		
22 23 24 25	CC. All James D. Lowery		