1	BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
2	STATE OF MISSOURI
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4	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
5	ORAL ARGUMENT
6	May 6, 2002
7	Jefferson City, Missouri
8	Volume 8
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11	In the Matter of Missouri Gas Energy's Gas ) Cost Adjustment Tariff Revisions to be Reviewed)Case No.
12	In its 1996-1997 Annual Reconciliation )GR-96-450 Adjustment Account. )
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17	BEFORE:  MORRIS WOODRUFF, Presiding,
18	SENIOR REGULATORY LAW JUDGE. KELVIN SIMMONS, Chair
19	CONNIE MURRAY, SHEILA LUMPE,
20	STEVE GAW, BRYAN FORBIS,
21	COMMISSIONERS. ———
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24	REPORTED BY:
25	TRACY L. CAVE, CSR ASSOCIATED COURT REPORTERS

1	APPEARANCES
2	CHARLES BRENT STEWART, Attorney at Law
3	1001 Cherry Street, Suite 302 Columbia, Missouri 65201 573-499-0635
4	FOR: Riverside Pipeline Company, L.P.
5	and Mid-Kansas Partnership
6	GARY W. DUFFY, Attorney at Law P.O. Box 456 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102
7	573-635-7166  FOR: Missouri Gas Energy
8	DOUGLAS E. MICHEEL, Senior Public Counsel
9	P.O. Box 7800
10	Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 573-751-5559
11	FOR: Office of Public Counsel and the Public
12	TIM SCHWARZ, Deputy General Counsel CLIFF SNODGRASS, Senior General Counsel P.O. Box 360
13	Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 573-751-5239
14	FOR: Staff of the Missouri Public Service Commission
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1	JUDGE WOODRUFF: We're here for oral argument
2	in Case No. GR-96-450, which is in the matter of Missouri
3	Gas Energy's gas cost adjustment tariff revisions to be
4	reviewed in its 1996-1997 annual reconciliation adjustment
5	account is the title on that. And we're actually going to
6	be taking oral arguments on the request for rehearing that
7	was filed by Riverside Mid-Kansas Pipeline Companies.
8	And we'll begin by taking entries of
9	appearance beginning with Riverside Mid-Kansas.
10	MR. STEWART: Charles Brent Stewart, the law
11	firm of Stewart and Keevil, LLC, 1001 Cherry Street,
12	Suite 302, Columbia, Missouri 65201 appearing on behalf of
13	Riverside Pipeline Company L.P. and Mid-Kansas Partnership.
14	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Thank you.
15	And for MGE?
16	MR. DUFFY: Gary Duffy, Brydon, Swearengen and
17	England, PC, P.O. Box 456, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102
18	appearing for Missouri Gas Energy.
19	JUDGE WOODRUFF: For Staff?
20	MR. SCHWARZ: Tim Schwarz and Cliff Snodgrass,
21	P.O. Box 360, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 appearing for
22	Staff of the Commission.
23	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Thank you.
24	For Public Counsel?
25	MR. MICHEEL: Douglas E. Micheel appearing on
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1	behalf of the Office of Public Counsel and the public,
2	P.O. Box 7800, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102-7800.
3	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Thank you.
4	There are several other parties that had
5	become part of this case. Mark Comley is representing City
6	of Kansas City and he called me this morning indicating he
7	would not be here and I gave him permission for that.
8	Midwest Gas Users is also a party. Stu Conrad
9	contacted me through Mr. Micheel indicating also that he
10	would not be here, and he has permission to do that.
11	Williams Pipeline was also a party. I don't
12	believe anyone here is for Williams Pipeline and they,
13	again, have not participated in the later portions of this
14	case. They are excused also.
15	As far as argument today, as the order
16	indicated that established this argument, Riverside
17	Mid-Kansas will go first. Thereafter, Staff, Public Counsel
18	and MGE will be given a chance to respond, and Riverside
19	Mid-Kansas finally given a chance to reply to that.
20	There were certain times announced in the
21	order that were taken directly from the regulation that
22	creates the ability to have these oral arguments. I'm not
23	going to try and hold the parties directly to that. If you
24	find you're running out of time and you want more time, just
25	request more time and leave will be freely granted. And I

1	just want to make sure everyone has a chance to present
2	their arguments as they wish.
3	And I anticipate the Commissioners will be
4	down here in a few minutes. They may be asking questions
5	during the process of the argument. But let's go ahead and
6	get started with Riverside Mid-Kansas.
7	MR. STEWART: Do you want me up here?
8	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Yes.
9	MR. STEWART: I guess this is for the cameras,
10	not for the Commissioners.
11	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Yes. And we're not even
12	using the cameras today, so
13	MR. STEWART: Okay. May it please the
14	Commission.
15	Good morning. My name's Brent Stewart. I'm
16	appearing today pursuant to the Commission's April 18th
17	order on behalf of Riverside Pipeline Company, LP, and
18	Mid-Kansas Partnership.
19	I'd like to start by a brief chronology. The
20	Commission issued its Report and Order in this case on
21	March the 12th. Six days later, on March 18th, the Staff
22	filed its monthly status update in Case No. GR-99-304, which
23	is the MGE ACA rate case in which the Commission had
24	requested monthly updates from Staff as to the status of all
25	of the pending ACA cases.

1	In that March 18th Staff filing, the Staff
2	once again indicated its intent to challenge the Mid-Kansas
3	2basically on the same basis, that it had unsuccessfully
4	proposed such an adjustment in this most recently concluded
5	proceeding.
6	A few days later, on March 21st, Mid-Kansas
7	Riverside filed its Application for rehearing in this case
8	on the limited issue of the interpretation of the 1996
9	stipulation and agreement.
10	On April 3rd, Staff filed its suggestions on
11	rehearing, which were, at least in part, directly responsive
12	to the limited issues raised by Mid-Kansas Riverside in its
13	Application for rehearing.
14	I'd like to, I guess, start by addressing a
15	threshold question, and that is why does the Commission have
16	to decide this issue. There are several reasons for that.
17	The first is that the Cole County Circuit
18	Court has ordered the Commission to do so and they did so in
19	the prohibition proceeding. I believe the record in the
20	case has that particular order as Exhibit 20, if I'm not
21	correct.
22	MR. SCHWARZ: I think it is.
23	MR. STEWART: And I suspect, talking with
24	Mr. Schwarz, I think a copy of that is going to be provided
25	

1	to the Commission when he steps up here.
2	In that order, the circuit court found that
3	the stipulation was ambiguous as a matter of law. And we
4	will abide, of course, by that decision of the court. It is
5	ambiguous, that was the law of the case. We did not appeal
6	that particular issue.
7	There's a second reason though that the
8	Commission needs to
9	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Let me interrupt you for a
10	moment, Mr. Stewart. That circuit court decision you're
11	talking about, it wasn't directly appealed, but there was a
12	subsequent appeal
13	MR. STEWART: Correct.
14	JUDGE WOODRUFF: from a case, went to Court
15	of Appeals. And did the Court of Appeals not say at the
16	time that the circuit court entered that order, it did not
17	have jurisdiction?
18	MR. STEWART: No. That is not correct.
19	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Can you explain that to me?
20	MR. STEWART: There were two separate court
21	proceedings rising out of this case. Initially, when I
22	believe Staff had filed its direct testimony, Mid-Kansas
23	Riverside at some point it was in the summer of '98, we
24	filed a Motion to Dismiss before the Commission. And we
25	argued in those motions that the stipulation precluded the
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1	adjustment proposed by the Staff.
2	The Commission at that time denied our motion.
3	Our first avenue was an extraordinary writ because of the
4	pending procedural schedule in the case. And, frankly, we
5	didn't want to go to hearing if we didn't have to. We took
6	an extraordinary writ to the Cole County Circuit Court.
7	The court issued a preliminary writ, but after
8	the brilliant arguments of Counselor Schwarz, the Cole
9	County Circuit Court ultimately quashed the writ, but in so
10	doing, when it issued its order quashing the writ and
11	basically coming back to sending the matter back to the
12	Commission, it found that, in fact, the stipulation was
13	ambiguous at that point. We did not appeal the motion or
14	the order quashing our writ.
15	Shortly and it was just within a few days
16	after the court issued its order in the prohibition case,
17	the Commission issued we had subsequently then filed an
18	application for rehearing, which we had pending here at the
19	Commission on the Commission's original order. And I
20	apologize it gets kind of confusing, but it believe me,
21	it was confusing.
22	We had filed after immediately after the
23	Commission denied our Motion to Dismiss, before the
24	Commission, an Application for rehearing, which that was
25	done also while we were in circuit court on the prohibition

1	case. The Commission did not rule on our Application for
2	rehearing until after the Cole County Circuit Court had
3	issued its order in the prohibition case.
4	Once the Commission had denied our Application
5	for rehearing, we then sought a writ of review on that
6	order, on the denial of the Application for rehearing under
7	the Commission's writ of review appeal provisions.
8	It was in that case that Judge Brown I
9	think we alleged two points. One had to do with the Staff's
10	Direct Testimony and what we claimed to be insufficiency of
11	the evidence. Judge Brown ruled against us in that.
12	He did grant, however, and issued an order
13	reversing and remanding the issue of the stip denial of
14	the stip. And he told basically in his order he said,
15	Commission, you need to come back and you need to take
16	evidence on this issue.
17	The Commission appealed that decision to the
18	Western District Court of Appeals on the basis that the
19	Commission's order denying a rehearing was an interlocutory
20	order, it was not a final order. And therefore, in the
21	Commission's mind, that order was not final, that the
22	Commission could still change its mind on the issue and that
23	our appeal was premature. That was what was argued to the
24	circuit court or the Western District Court of Appeals.
25	The Western District Court of Appeals
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1	ultimately agreed with the Commission. It found that the
2	circuit court had no jurisdiction to entertain our writ of
3	review and directed that the circuit court remand the order
4	back to the Commission.
5	And that's a good point, because I was going
6	to at this point anyway read to this is my second point
7	about why the Commission needs to address this now. This is
8	what the Commission told the Western District Court of
9	Appeals and the circuit court. And I'm reading from the
10	Commission's own brief.
11	The Commission understands that it must take
12	evidence from which a finding on the stipulation's meaning
13	can be made. The parties have pre-filed with the Commission
14	substantial testimony on the subject, will file surrebuttal
15	testimony when the case is remanded and will cross-examine
16	the witnesses at hearing. The Commission has not and will
17	not refuse to execute its duties as prescribed by law.
18	A little later in the brief it states, Because
19	the matter has not been heard by the Commission, the
20	Commission concedes that it must conduct a hearing to obtain
21	evidence prior to finding as fact the meaning of the
22	ambiguous stipulation.
23	That's what the Commission told the Western
24	District and, of course, the Western District agreed.
25	Prior to going to the Western District, the
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1	Commission made similar arguments in front of Judge Brown
2	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Now, when you say the Western
3	District, I don't think there was anything in their written
4	decision saying that the Commission had to make these
5	findings, was there?
6	MR. STEWART: No. I'm getting to that.
7	They found that the Cole County Circuit Court
8	did not have jurisdiction. In that case, however, the
9	Commission, again, through Mr. Schwarz argued that and
10	frankly at this stage, I agree with him the law of the
11	case at that point was the fact that a court had found the
12	con or the stipulation to be ambiguous and because that
13	decision of the court, which was not challenged
14	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Okay. Let me back up again
15	to that earlier decision. If I recall, MGE was not a party
16	in that case; is that correct?
17	MR. STEWART: That is correct.
18	JUDGE WOODRUFF: They were not a party to
19	that. My reading of law of the case indicates that all
20	parties have to be the same for law of the case to apply.
21	Do you disagree with that?
22	MR. STEWART: With the court's finding, if I'm
23	understanding would the would Judge Brown's finding in
24	the prohibition case be binding
25	JUDGE WOODRUFF: On MGE.

1	MR. STEWART: on MGE since MGE was not a
2	party in that case? Hadn't really thought about that. In
3	fact, I think I'd refer you to Mr. Duffy, if he'd like to
4	respond. I don't know.
5	JUDGE WOODRUFF: He'll have an opportunity.
6	MR. STEWART: I don't know. As far as we were
7	concerned, the and what I mean by the Commission, by
8	Mid-Kansas Riverside. And certainly that's what the
9	Commission argued itself at the Western District, was that
10	the law of the case was the contract was ambiguous and it
11	was up to the Commission to get me back out of court, back
12	here in front of the Commission and let's litigate this
13	thing and we'd come up with a conclusion.
14	And, again, that's consistent with what the
15	Commission also had told Judge Brown just prior to going up
16	to the Western District. The Commission has not considered
17	any evidence on the record in the underlying case. What we
18	were doing was premature. And, again, that's how that case
19	was resolved.
20	There was a remand order from the Western
21	District and I think we cited this in our Application for
22	Rehearing. I don't know. I think that's in the record as
23	well, possibly as Exhibit 20. The order on remand came
24	out came out of the writ of review case under the
25	direction of the Western District where Judge Brown then
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Т	remanded the matter back to the commission for and 1 11
2	quote the I have it in here in the order of remand
3	dated October 26th, the circuit court remanded the case to
4	the Commission, quote, for further proceedings not
5	inconsistent with the opinion of the Court of Appeals and
6	the orders of this court, which we believe includes the
7	original order and prohibition. And that's on page 2 of our
8	Application for Rehearing.
9	JUDGE WOODRUFF: The order and prohibition is
10	a separate case with a separate case number?
11	MR. STEWART: Yes, it was a separate case
12	number. You had the prohibition here and you had the writ
13	of review here. Went up. We're back to the Commission.
14	And it's because the second reason that the
15	Commission needs to decide this now is because of the
16	representations made by the Commission to the courts and to
17	us as party litigants that, in fact, that decision would be
18	made here.
19	Finally, there's a practical consideration.
20	And I alluded to this earlier. We have several ACA cases
21	docketed and pending. The effect that not deciding has on
22	the parties, the effect that not deciding has on this
23	Commission's caseload, this Commission's resource commitment
24	and, frankly, our resource commitment in litigation, we've
25	been at this issue for a long time and the Commission's
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1	decision, one way or the other, even not deciding, has a
2	definite impact on the parties.
3	And for all of those reasons, that's why I
4	would suggest to the Commission that the Commission has to
5	decide that issue now. It's properly before you. You've
6	had the evidence on the record, and I'll get into the
7	problems with that in a minute, but it is now finally
8	properly before you and is requiring decision for those
9	reasons.
10	My second point would how should the
11	Commission go about resolving this ambiguity? We have an
12	order from the court saying the contract was ambiguous. The
13	Commission found it was ambiguous in its Report and Order.
14	What do you do?
15	It might surprise you, but I'm going to agree
16	with the Staff that the parties have presented the
17	Commission with sufficient evidence to resolve the issue and
18	it's, frankly, highly unlikely that any additional evidence
19	can be found, produced and brought forward in a subsequent
20	proceeding. It's just not there. If it was there, frankly,
21	we would have brought it in on our end and I'm sure the
22	Staff would have done so as well.
23	There's only two possible exceptions to that.
24	One does not require the Commission to engage in any further
25	evidentiary proceedings. We alluded we mentioned this in

1	our Application for rehearing and I believe that's at
2	paragraph 3.
3	The previous ALJ, Judge Register, late in the
4	hearing issued a ruling or an evidentiary decision on the
5	admissibility of certain evidence which would which was
6	at the time uncontested and unobjected to by any of the
7	parties. None of the parties sought to seek this
8	particular keep this particular piece of evidence out.
9	And I want to be careful what I say here
10	because it's not the evidence I'm talking about is not
11	the pre-filed testimony of Mr. Hack. Mr. Hack didn't
12	testify, there was no way that that testimony could be
13	brought forward. That's not what we're talking about.
14	What Judge Register did, over Mr. Duffy's
15	objection and our objection, was she struck portions of
16	Mr. Langley's testimony and Mr. Langston's testimony, which
17	referenced a data request response issued by the Staff to
18	MGE which was responded to by Rob Hack. This was a Staff
19	data request response and that data request response asked
20	for Mr. Hack's interpretation of what the language meant.
21	I'm not sure why Judge Register ruled the way
22	she did. We objected to it, we both Mr. Duffy and
23	Mr. Keevil at the time mentioned that we thought that was
24	inappropriate. We took exception to it and our what we
25	did do in the record of the transcript, I believe you'll

1	find it at pages 736 to 741, if you want to see how the
2	record was handled, we invoked what I call the offer of
3	proof provision under Section 536.070 to have that stricken
4	testimony regarding the one data request preserved in the
5	record.
6	And I guess what I'm getting at is the
7	Commission, if it so desired, without taking any additional
8	evidence, could re-examine Judge Register's decision from
9	the Bench on striking that portion of the testimony and
10	receive it into the record.
11	Again, it was not objected to at the time. I
12	don't believe it's objected to now, I could be wrong. But
13	that is one opportunity.
14	The other opportunity and, frankly, I'm not
15	advocating this at this point and I'm not sure the Staff
16	would want to do this we don't want to do it simply
17	because it would involve additional proceedings, evidentiary
18	proceedings, but on cross-examination of Tom Shaw it came
19	out in the record that we were talking about who on the
20	Staff was responsible for drafting the stipulation, who had
21	input into the stipulation. You'll find this under the
22	cross-examination of Tom Shaw. I'm sorry. I don't have the
23	exact transcript cite.
24	But it was elicited both through myself and
25	Mr. Duffy that there were two other Staff members, potential

1	Staff members who might have had knowledge, might have been
2	involved. And I believe Tom Shaw testified prob were
3	involved, at least with one of them, and that was the then
4	division director, Ken Rodman and his boss, David Ralk
5	(phonetic spelling).
6	I don't know if that would provide the
7	Commission with any useful information. I don't remember
8	the extent to which either one of them were involved. I
9	would suspect, just based on my involvement, that Mr. Ralk
10	probably was not that involved.
11	Mr. Ralk succeeded me as executive secretary
12	and he did not take as a general rule, he did not take as
13	an active of role in the Staff's case preparations and Staff
14	policy development and those sort of things as I did. So I
15	would be kind of surprised if Mr. Ralk would even remember
16	that.
17	On the other hand, Mr. Rodman was actively
18	involved, as a general rule, in those types of matters. But
19	again, I'm not I'll let the Staff speak to this, but I
20	know there have been problems in the past in trying to bring
21	Mr. Rodman in to discuss things such as that and I'm not
22	advocating that.
23	I believe it's correct to say that the Staff
24	has not and, of course, we are not requesting that the
25	Commission in this proceeding take any additional evidence
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1	or hold any further proceedings. I guess we're basically
2	telling you you've got the difficult job of going back
3	through the record and reviewing the record evidence, try to
4	find competent and substantial evidence on the record as a
5	whole and then apply the principles of contract
6	interpretation as we've laid out in our Application for
7	Rehearing. And, frankly, I would be more than happy to also
8	cite you to the case Mr. Schwarz cited in his the
9	medical whatever that
10	MR. SCHWARZ: Blue Cross/Blue Shield.
11	MR. STEWART: Blue Cross/Blue Shield. I think
12	two of the cases that were cited were very instructive. One
13	is the Transit Casualty case because it talks about the
14	various options available as the Commission goes into the
15	record the parole evidence.
16	And let me back up just a second. Before you
17	find before, as a matter of law, you find the contract
18	ambiguous and, again, the court's already found that, the
19	Commission's found that you can try to go to the intent
20	of the parties and go within the document itself.
21	Once it's ambiguous, you have to go outside
22	the document. You take parole evidence. I think the cases
23	are pretty clear on that. That's what the Commission has
24	done.
25	And in taking that parole evidence and, for

1	example, and I'll agree with Mr. Schwarz on this point, in
2	weighing the in looking at the evidence adduced by
3	Mr. Langley, who was directly involved in the negotiations
4	and his testimony, and then looking at what the Staff
5	witness and I believe that was Mr. Shaw, what he
6	testified as to his what he remembered, Mr. Langston's
7	interpretation of what he, through the correspondence and
8	I forget the exhibit number with Mr. Duffy on the various
9	drafts, when you are engaging in looking at that, you're
10	engaging in fact-finding.
11	When you apply a principle of contract
12	interpretation such as, for example and, again, I'll just
13	go to the Transit Casualty case construing the contract
14	as a whole not to render any piece of it meaningless, when
15	you apply that to the facts that you have found, I believe
16	you are engaged in a legal question.
17	Have you properly applied that principle of
18	law to the facts that you have found? And that would go all
19	the way through the various contract interpretation
20	provisions that are set forth in the cases provided by both
21	us and the Staff.
22	What the Commission reading the order, I
23	think the one item and, again, I'll make this suggestion,
24	this is a way you can comply with the order of the circuit
25	court, you can reach a conclusion on what the how to

1	resolve the ambiguity after you've looked at all the
2	testimony in the record, it has to be on the record.
3	And, by the way what I say today, what
4	Mr. Schwarz says today, this isn't evidence. This cannot
5	form the basis of your opinion on the written decision of
6	this issue. It has to be from the record. And I'm sure the
7	Commission understands that, but that's what you work from
8	is that record.
9	As you're doing that and you go through, I
10	could not tell from the order if you applied the principle
11	of contract interpretation. And I suspect I understand why
12	the Commission or some of you were reluctant to do that.
13	But if, after you've gone through everything
14	else and, again, this is the Missouri healthcare case
15	says the same thing cited by Mr. Schwarz, if you can't get
16	to the conclusion using everything else in Transit Casualty
17	and these other cases we've cited, there is one more rule of
18	contract interpretation that lawfully you can, and I would
19	argue, are required under the Missouri healthcare case to
20	apply.
21	And that is you have to construe the contract
22	against the drafter. And that is a matter of law if all
23	else fails. And when you get to that point, if the record
24	clearly shows who drafted this, it was the Staff it was
25	not Mid-Kansas Riverside, it was not MGE. If you get to

2	figure it out, the next step is construe it against the
3	drafter and you have complied with the case law as I
4	understand it.
5	I will make one final point and I hope I'm not
6	going over time. If I am, I'll be happy to save that.
7	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Go ahead.
8	MR. STEWART: In going back over the
9	transcript, I recognize the Commission's difficulty in
10	trying to figure out answer the simple question of why in
11	the world would the Staff give up a prudence review for
12	14 years through 2009?
13	And when I reread the transcript, I reread the
14	cross, I reread the testimony, to me it was different
15	because I've been messing with this for a long time, but I
16	could see where other people could get confused.
17	And I just wanted to suggest this, that
18	nowhere in the stipulation does it even purport to limit the
19	Commission from challenging the FERC-approved rates of
20	Riverside.
21	Now, remember at the time that the Mid-Kansas
22	2 and Riverside 1 contracts were executed, February of '95,
23	the FERC had not asserted jurisdiction yet over the
24	Mid-Kansas Pipelines. We were in a big fight about that, in
25	fact.

that point where you throw your hands up and say, We can't

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1	The record would show that Williams Natural
2	Gas had filed a complaint against that group saying that
3	these pipelines ought to be FERC regulated and we were
4	fighting that at the time.
5	However, we also knew at the time about
6	unbundling. We also knew that the way the industry was
7	moving was that unbundling, the merchant function, the gas
8	piece buying the gas from the transportation piece was
9	the direction everybody was going, including the FERC.
10	So we provided in '95 at some point in time
11	for Mid-Kansas 2 to expire and Riverside 1 to take its
12	place. And there is nothing the parties I think the
13	record reflects this. The parties the contracts
14	themselves reflect this.
15	At some point during these 14 years we weren't
16	sure exactly when, but at some point the FERC was going to
17	take jurisdiction over those rates. And we can dance around
18	this and we will, I'm sure, later today as to the basis of
19	the Staff's disallowance.
20	But the bottom line and if you go back and
21	look at their position statements, look at their testimony,
22	it all comes down to basically the rates are too high
23	according to the Staff. And we did not it's not in
24	the we have never suggested to this Commission that
25	even with all of our court appeals down here in front of
	11/1

1	Brown and the Western District, that the Commission could
2	not challenge the level of the Riverside rates.
3	And, in fact, this Commission has. It
4	challenged the interim rates when the FERC we finally
5	acquiesced and the FERC assumed jurisdiction over the Kansas
6	Pipeline Group. That was, I believe the record will show,
7	on October 3rd, 1997 when the FERC finally asserted
8	jurisdiction.
9	I believe the Riverside record shows that the
10	Riverside 1 contract, the transportation only contract,
11	commenced and the Mid-Kansas 2 contract terminated on
12	June 1st, 1998. And I think there were as part of that,
13	there were some interim rates set. This Commission
14	participated vigorously in that case.
15	And, again, I'm not as familiar with the FERC
16	proceedings as I probably should be, but I was not hired to
17	do that. I do know the Commission, through Carmen Morrissey
18	and a few other Staff members along with your hired outside
19	counsel who, frankly, the same outside counsel we used when
20	I was down here, had been vigorously active in that interim
21	rate case.
22	They also have been as the Commission
23	knows, you've been vigorously active in the permanent rate
24	case before the FERC. And that order is expected any time
25	now.

1	So to think that somehow this stipulation
2	document precluded the it was our position that it
3	precluded the Commission from going after our rates at the
4	FERC is wrong. We never challenged your ability to do that.
5	You've done that, you're doing that, you will continue to do
6	that through 2009 and beyond. And I don't want this
7	Commission to have the impression that that stipulation
8	somehow purported to give that away.
9	I will say this. Mr. Shaw had a letter from
10	me in his testimony where early on in the process before we
11	ever got to settling the old contract case on appeal and the
12	rest of this, I was trying, and my client was trying, to do
13	what I call a global settlement. We wanted to put
14	everything that was out on the table into one document and
15	settle it.
16	That included the us acquiescing to FERC
17	jurisdiction, what our rate levels would be at the FERC. We
18	were asking the Commission and I think this came out in
19	my cross of Mr. Shaw, we were asking the Commission if we
20	could agree on those rates, you'll at least give us some
21	time and not challenge us for a few more years. All of
22	those things.
23	None of that come about. We could not reach
24	an agreement. Part of the problem was, frankly, it's
25	institutional and that is how do you deal with the
	11/12

2	state proceeding versus dealing with the Staff at the
3	Missouri state level where the Commission has to take the
4	role of the decision maker. And for a variety of reasons,
5	that didn't the work.
6	But having said that, the bottom line is still
7	the same. The Commission and we've never asked the
8	Commission and the stipulation certainly doesn't prohibit
9	this Commission from challenging those FERC rates and you've
10	done so.
11	I have no idea what the FERC is going to
12	order. I do know that our position was the Missouri
13	Commission's rate proposals were very low and I'm sure the
14	Missouri Commission thought our rates were very high.
15	But that forum is for that purpose. And it's
16	not something that we created, it's not something the
17	Missouri Commission created or MGE created or anybody else.
18	The federal jurisdiction over interstate pipeline line rates
19	is set at the FERC.
20	And we were back in '95 we were in a period
21	of transition and we contemplated at least that rates would
22	be out there at some point at the FERC. And perhaps maybe
23	that helps the Commission understand why there's not
24	language purporting to limit the ability to challenge rates
25	after '96. The question might be in what forum.

Commission as a party at the federal level or in another

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1	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Commissioner Murray, do you
2	have any questions for Mr. Stewart?
3	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: I don't believe so at
4	this time. Thank you.
5	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Okay. Commissioner Gaw?
6	COMMISSIONER GAW: I'm going to, but I want to
7	reserve that until we've had some more opening.
8	MR. STEWART: Thank you.
9	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Thank you.
10	Then for Staff?
11	MR. SCHWARZ: May it please the Commission.
12	I have copies here of a number of documents
13	that I think might help the Commission follow the arguments.
14	What I've handed Judge Morris Judge Woodruff for
15	distribution is a copy of an earlier order of the Commission
16	in this case, which was the subject of the litigation
17	described by Mr. Stewart. And I would call the Commission's
18	attention to page 6.
19	I screwed up the copying machine and it's got
20	a blank page between every page, but on page 6 I've
21	highlighted two sentences and those are the specific
22	sentences that the circuit court looked at in both the
23	prohibition and the purported review.
24	And it looked at those and said the Commission
25	has made a finding these are findings of fact that the
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1	Commission has made, but it hasn't taken any evidence on the
2	issues. And that's the language that was the basis of the
3	reviews.
4	I also have for the Commission a copy of the
5	judgment and order in the prohibition case. And, again, I
6	have highlighted language on the second page for your
7	convenience. I have provided copies with the highlighted
8	portions to the counsel present today.
9	And, finally, I have copies of the circuit
10	court's order in the purported direct review. And I have
11	highlighted language in paragraph 10 on page 7.
12	I would like to start by reminding the
13	Commission that on rehearing it should enter the order that
14	is proper and appropriate in the case, the order that should
15	have been entered in the first instance. I think that
16	Section 386.500, sub 4, indicates that.
17	And I would refer the Commission to State ex
18	rel. Capital City Water Company versus the Public Service
19	Commission, 850 S.W. 2d, 903 and State ex rel. County of
20	Jackson versus Public Service Commission 14 S.W. 3d at 99.
21	I think that on rehearing the Commission addresses all
22	issues that it feels are necessary to get the appropriate
23	decision.
24	Secondly, I think that jurisdiction is a
25	threshold issue. I think, however, that construction of the

1	Stipulation and Agreement in this case is not necessarily
2	jurisdictional; that is, the Commission clearly has
3	jurisdiction to consider an ACA case of Missouri Gas Energy
4	and to set rates in that case.
5	Rather, I think that construction of the
6	Stipulation and Agreement is a threshold question. And I
7	think that it's extremely important because if the
8	Commission construes the statute as proposed by Mid-Kansas
9	Riverside and MGE, what evidence would it have before it in
10	order to make the decision?
11	That is, if Staff is, in fact, precluded from
12	proposing an adjustment in this case, it has no right to
13	present any evidence at all. And then the record that the
14	Commission is considering in this case is remarkably
15	different than the record that you actually have in front of
16	you, which has been produced based on the proposition that
17	Staff does have the right to make an adjustment and present
18	evidence in the contested case.
19	I certainly think that the circuit court
20	understood that clearly in the prohibition proceeding, which
21	is the two-page order that I provided you. I do not
22	necessarily that's an order in prohibition. It is not a
23	writ of review.
24	That is, the court did not remand the case
25	with directions to the Commission. Rather, the court said

1	the Commission has an ambiguous contract that it needs to
2	construe and, basically, I think indicates that it considers
3	the Commission could construe it.
4	I think as well, the order on the purported
5	review of the order denying the Motion to Dismiss is
6	instructive. It is clearly not binding. I mean, the
7	circuit court never had jurisdiction to enter that order.
8	Obviously such an order can't be binding on the Commission.
9	On the other hand, I certainly think that it
10	is instructive for the Commission to understand what the
11	reviewing court's expectations will be should the matter
12	ever appear before the court again. And I think that
13	although the prohibition case may not be binding on Missouri
14	Gas Energy, it is certainly binding on the Commission and is
15	certainly binding on Mid-Kansas.
16	JUDGE WOODRUFF: In what way is it binding on
17	the Commission?
18	MR. SCHWARZ: Well, the Commission was a party
19	to this case.
20	JUDGE WOODRUFF: They were a party to the
21	case, but the language you're talking about where it says
22	that there's ambiguity in the settlement agreement is not
23	part of the order of the court. It's a description of why
24	it made its finding that the previously entered was
25	improvidently granted.

1	In what way is this order telling the
2	Commission to do anything other than the court is saying
3	what it wanted?
4	MR. SCHWARZ: Well, the court made a
5	conclusion of law that the contract the Stipulation and
6	Agreement was ambiguous. If the Commission concluded that
7	the court was incorrect, the Commission had the opportunity
8	to appeal the court's
9	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Well, wait a minute. What
10	would the Commission appeal? The preliminary writ was
11	quashed. Why would the Commission appeal that?
12	MR. SCHWARZ: Well, if it if it felt that
13	the basis was incorrect and that the court was unduly
14	restricting the Commission's ambit of activity, that is the
15	court would the court
16	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Go ahead.
17	MR. SCHWARZ: I mean
18	JUDGE WOODRUFF: I'll follow-up.
19	MR. SCHWARZ: Why don't you go ahead and
20	follow-up?
21	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Well, what you're saying is
22	the Commission didn't like the basis for the Commission
23	for the circuit court's decision, but agreed with the
24	result. Then how is the Commission aggrieved?
25	MR. SCHWARZ: The Commission would be
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1	aggrieved to the extent that the circuit court purported to
2	limit the Commission's action in considering the case. That
3	is, the court said this document is ambiguous. Okay?
4	The Commission had found in the language as
5	cited in the order that the Stipulation and Agreement was
6	not ambiguous and, in fact, construed it in a particular
7	manner. If the Commission continued to hue to that
8	position, I think that it had the opportunity and the
9	obligation to take that matter up. That is
10	JUDGE WOODRUFF: And, in fact, the Commission
11	did. Once the case went up for once the Commission
12	entered its order following this where it denied the
13	request for rehearing and went on up to circuit court, that
14	case went up and went down, found the circuit court didn't
15	have jurisdiction.
16	MR. SCHWARZ: Didn't have jurisdiction on a
17	writ of review of an interlocutory order.
18	JUDGE WOODRUFF: But you're saying it did have
19	jurisdiction to order the Commission to do something on the
20	writ of prohibition it denied?
21	MR. SCHWARZ: I think that as
22	JUDGE WOODRUFF: I mean, it had jurisdiction
23	on the writ of prohibition, but, frankly, it seems to me
24	this is just dicta explaining why the court made its
25	decision. It's not ordering the Commission to do anything.
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1	MR. SCHWARZ: Well, but it's certainly a
2	holding in the case.
3	JUDGE WOODRUFF: In what way is it a holding?
4	It looks to me like the holding is the last paragraph where
5	it says the writ previously ordered was improvidently
6	granted and, therefore, it's the judgment of the court that
7	the preliminary writ is quashed and the petition dismissed.
8	That looks like the order.
9	MR. SCHWARZ: That's the order, but I think
10	clearly the basis for the order is that the Stipulation and
11	Agreement, and specifically the first and second sentences
12	of paragraph 5 of the Stipulation and Agreement, render the
13	Stipulation and Agreement, yes, ambiguous.
14	Now, if the Commission, once the petition for
15	prohibition is quashed, declined to take evidence on the
16	Stipulation and Agreement, I think that the court would have
17	entered a writ of mandamus. I mean, I and prohibition
18	and mandamus, although separate, are certainly related.
19	I think that the court would have, from the
20	indications we have, issued mandamus saying that, yes, this
21	is an ambiguous agreement and, yes, you must take evidence
22	in order to construe it.
23	In any event, I think that even if you don't
24	concede if it not be conceded that the circuit court
25	order is binding on the Commission, I certainly think that

1	from the proceedings in front of the Commission, it would
2	certainly appear to be ambiguous.
3	And I'd like to turn now to the stipulation
4	the construction of the Stipulation and Agreement. I think
5	that it's certainly the opinion of the circuit court,
6	whether binding or not, that the first two sentences of
7	paragraph 5 cannot be read together without creating an
8	ambiguity, as a matter of law.
9	And I would point out that the second sentence
10	of that paragraph, which was inserted later into the process
11	according to the evidence that we've seen, was drafted by
12	Missouri Gas Energy, not by the Staff.
13	So if you're going to construe any language of
14	the Stipulation and Agreement against the party that drafted
15	it, I think that certainly the odd man out is the second
16	sentence of paragraph 5 and not the balance of the
17	Stipulation and Agreement.
18	If you look at the other portions of the
19	stipula the other parts of the Stipulation and Agreement,
20	none of those changed after the insertion of that second
21	sentence. That is, paragraph 6 of the Stipulation and
22	Agreement still recited that there was \$4 million of
23	consideration to settle Case No. GR-93-140, which was then
24	on appeal; Case 94-101; 94-227; 94-228; 95-82; and 96-78.
25	None of that language changed.

1	The fourth sentence of paragraph 5 itself
2	still lists the specific cases of the parties intended to
3	settle. Paragraphs 1 through 3 still set out the periods,
4	parties and cases settled by the Stipulation and Agreement.
5	The value of the consideration \$4 million is
6	consistent with the settlement of the cases that were
7	repeatedly listed in the Stipulation and Agreement. That
8	is, you can use as a rough benchmark the Commission's
9	holding in Case No. GR-93-140. And the settlement of those
10	recited cases for \$4 million is consistent with the
11	settlement of a limited number of periods.
12	Outside of the document, MKP's own outside
13	auditors suggest that the settlement was only for the period
14	through June of 1996. And that's Exhibit 22-HC.
15	And, finally, you have the Commission's own
16	order approving the Stipulation and Agreement, which again,
17	sets out the recitation that the Stipulation and Agreement
18	settled these specific cases.
19	I think that there is almost no likelihood
20	that the Commission will ever consider any additional
21	evidence on the construction of the Stipulation and
22	Agreement short of going out to the state of Kansas and
23	turning over rocks to look for loose pieces of paper.
24	I think the parties have presented the
25	Commission with all of the evidence that either of them or

1	any of them had at their disposal to bring to bear on this
2	issue. I think that it is extremely important for the
3	Commission to actually reach a decision one way or the other
4	on this issue, because I think that it is a condition
5	precedent for the Commission considering the evidence that
6	is brought to bear on the merits, that is, again, I
7	reiterate that there is should the Staff not be
8	precluded should the Staff be precluded from making an
9	adjustment and presenting evidence, then the record in this
10	case is clearly different than if the adjustment is
11	permitted.
12	I think that and I certainly apologize to
13	the Commission for finally arriving at a statement of the
14	case so late in the day, but I think that the framing of the
15	issue as to the matter of damages is probably critical.
16	That is I think that the issue in this case
17	needs to be framed as follows. By mitigating in a
18	subsequent period a portion of the damages of an imprudent
19	decision in a prior period, can a utility avoid all
20	consequences of the initial imprudent act and shift any
21	remaining detriment to the ratepayer?
22	The posturing of the case otherwise puts Staff
23	and the Office of Public Counsel in the position of proving
24	a negative; that is, MGE should have done better in the '95
25	contract renegotiations. If MGE in 1995 achieved any

1	benefits for the ratepayers, how can you say that that new
2	contract extension is imprudent?
3	On the other hand, how can you say that by
4	saving a million dollars a year, that MGE should be relieved
5	of the consequences of the \$7 million detriment of the
6	contract that this Commission found to be imprudent in
7	Case GR-93-140? That is the predicate finding that cannot
8	be avoided.
9	The decision that even MGE's predecessor in
10	its internal memos in 1991 when they decided not to use the
11	Williams rates as a cap on the rates with Mid-Kansas
12	Riverside, that decision and that finding of this Commission
13	is the overwhelming and controlling precedent.
14	Plainly, both MGE's predecessor and MGE
15	continue to have a duty to mitigate the damages from that
16	imprudent decision. But the mere fact that they were able
17	to mitigate some but not all of those damages is a far cry
18	from saying that the ratepayers should, therefore, be
19	responsible for the rest of the damages occurring as a
20	result of that imprudent decision. It's fundamentally
21	unfair to do so.
22	Staff continues to believe that the Williams
23	rates are the appropriate basis of comparison; that is
24	Williams is a dominant marketer in the Kansas City market.
25	Williams has a dominant share. It's Williams rates that the
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1	original contract with Mid-Kansas were tied to.
2	There are some differences in the services
3	offered by Mid-Kansas and Williams, but as the questions
4	of I think of Mr. Conrad to Mr. Wallace indicated, the
5	Williams service has characteristics that bring those
6	comparisons closer.
7	I would be glad to entertain any questions
8	from the Commissioners or from the Bench.
9	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Commissioner Simmons, do you
10	have any questions?
11	CHAIR SIMMONS: I don't.
12	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Commissioner Murray?
13	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Thank you, Judge. I
14	have a couple of questions.
15	Mr. Schwarz, in the argument that you made
16	about interpreting a contract against the drafter actually
17	was made earlier, but you pointed out a sentence that was
18	drafted by MGE, I believe you said.
19	But in the legal interpretation of the
20	contract when all else fails and the body interpreting the
21	contract or charged with interpreting it has to rely on the
22	last resort of finding against the drafter, interpreting it
23	against the drafter, doesn't it behove that body to
24	determine that there is a drafter? Because in all contracts
25	isn't there a give and take where there is some input by
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2	basically drafted by one party?
3	MR. SCHWARZ: Well, I think that certainly the
4	evidence in this case indicates that there were drafts first
5	proposed by Riverside and later drafts proposed by the
6	Staff.
7	I think that in situations where you have
8	negotiating positions or negotiating stances or power and
9	this is certainly not a contract of adhesion where one party
10	says to the other, This is the language, take it or leave
11	it. I think the evidence clearly suggests that there was a
12	fair exchange of ideas initiating with the company and
13	ultimately a draft produced by the Staff.
14	But I would suggest to you just as well that
15	the sentence that the single sentence that's really
16	causing the problem was not one that was drafted by the
17	Staff. If you look at the at the time that sentence was
18	interjected, my recollection is April 29th, but the record
19	is clear, very late in the process, they did not change the
20	language in paragraphs 1 through 3. They did not change the
21	language in paragraph 6.
22	If MGE not even Mid-Kansas Riverside, if
23	MGE had really wanted to change the nature of that
24	settlement, they had an obligation to change it consistently
25	and throughout. And they did not do that because, I

each party and the body -- or the contract itself though is

1

1	contend, they knew that it wouldn't sell. They knew that
2	the agreement that had basically been reached and hammered
3	out was to settle specific cases for specific consideration
4	and no more.
5	And to the extent that there was a I mean,
6	the cover letter containing that language says it's for
7	purposes of clarification, not change. I think that to
8	suggest that by inserting the one sentence they were
9	silently changing all of the other terms of the agreement
10	without making any attempt to do so, I don't think that that
11	is a practice that should be approved or encouraged.
12	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Let me ask you this.
13	Are you saying then it's only contracts of adhesion where
14	MR. SCHWARZ: No.
15	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: that principle of
16	contract construction should apply?
17	MR. SCHWARZ: No. But I think that it's fair
18	to say that I mean, I don't think anyone has said
19	well, Mr. Langley did, but I think that the other evidence
20	suggests otherwise.
21	I think that there's every evidence here that
22	the parties had a free a give and take. And I think that
23	to suggest that because of a sentence that Staff did not
24	draft that the balance of the provisions in the Stipulation
25	and Agreement should be abandoned is simply not a I mean,

1	that's taking the principle far beyond what it's intended to
2	do.
3	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Don't you have to
4	interpret the contract without rendering any part of it
5	meaningless?
6	MR. SCHWARZ: If you can.
7	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Okay. I've got another
8	question for you. In framing the issue re-framing the
9	issue that you said was critical, you said and I'm
10	definitely paraphrasing that an initial imprudent act
11	a company shouldn't be shielded from an initial imprudent
12	act and allowed to impose a detriment to the ratepayers in
13	such cases, something to that nature. Is that pretty
14	accurate?
11	
15	MR. SCHWARZ: Well, I that's
	MR. SCHWARZ: Well, I that's COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Well, don't expound on
15	
15 16	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Well, don't expound on
15 16 17	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Well, don't expound on it. If that's accurate, I'll go ahead and ask my other
15 16 17 18	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Well, don't expound on it. If that's accurate, I'll go ahead and ask my other question.
15 16 17 18 19	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Well, don't expound on it. If that's accurate, I'll go ahead and ask my other question.  MR. SCHWARZ: It's close.
15 16 17 18 19 20	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Well, don't expound on it. If that's accurate, I'll go ahead and ask my other question.  MR. SCHWARZ: It's close.  COMMISSIONER MURRAY: If that is the case,
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Well, don't expound on it. If that's accurate, I'll go ahead and ask my other question.  MR. SCHWARZ: It's close.  COMMISSIONER MURRAY: If that is the case, wouldn't that render any Stipulation and Agreement between
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Well, don't expound on it. If that's accurate, I'll go ahead and ask my other question.  MR. SCHWARZ: It's close.  COMMISSIONER MURRAY: If that is the case, wouldn't that render any Stipulation and Agreement between the Staff and any regulated utility related to prudence
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Well, don't expound on it. If that's accurate, I'll go ahead and ask my other question.  MR. SCHWARZ: It's close.  COMMISSIONER MURRAY: If that is the case, wouldn't that render any Stipulation and Agreement between the Staff and any regulated utility related to prudence unenforceable?

1	enforceable?
2	MR. SCHWARZ: Well, the Staff would simply not
3	be permitted to make adjustments for the period that they
4	agreed. The we're settled.
5	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And if they agreed to a
6	period of 10 years, for example, are you saying that they
7	should be allowed to make those adjustments because it would
8	be a detriment to the ratepayers and it has a fundamental, I
9	believe you said, unfairness about it?
10	MR. SCHWARZ: I think if Staff settled and
11	I would if Staff settled a period of 10 years, I think
12	that Staff would only do so if they felt that they were
13	getting sufficient value at the time of the settlement to
14	reasonably mitigate the damages of the imprudent act or
15	decision.
16	So that I think that the the premise for
17	that is that in settling any litigation for a given period
18	of time, the Staff weighs any number of elements and comes
19	to the conclusion that the consideration being paid by the
20	utility is adequate for the forbearance from further
21	adjustments for the given period of time.
22	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And then if it doesn't
23	work out, as Staff thought that it would work out when Staff
24	agreed to it, and there is, in fact, some detriment that
25	Staff interprets resulting to the ratepayers, then is the

2	MR. SCHWARZ: No, I don't I don't think so.
3	I mean, I think you'd have to it would have to be a total
4	failure of consideration for an agreement to be
5	unenforceable.
6	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Okay. Thank you. I
7	think that's all the questions I have right now.
8	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Commissioner Gaw?
9	COMMISSIONER GAW: I'm not sure I want to go
10	in depth yet, but I do have sort of a question that
11	Commissioner Murray sort of brought up in my mind.
12	Mr. Schwarz, forgive me, but if two farmers
13	had an agreement that they signed for the sale of a pig and
14	the description of the pig was it's to be found in the
15	farmer's front lot and Farmer A, who is buying the pig,
16	thought that this grand champion pig was kept in the lot and
17	indeed Farmer B had kept that pig in that lot on a regular
18	basis, but Farmer B believed that he was selling this other
19	pig that was not so prized and they entered into this
20	contract and both of them had different ideas about what was
21	being bought and sold, my question is, did Farmer A buy a
22	pig in the poke?
23	MR. SCHWARZ: Well, that well, he didn't
24	buy it in a poke. He thought he bought it in a pen. Well,
25	that question will be resolved under the uniform commercial
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1 contract unenforceable?

1	code. And I think you will you know, again, you're
2	talking about a question of fact, that was there a failure
3	of identification of the property to be sold.
4	Now I have not boned up on the UCC, because I
5	don't believe it's implicated in this case, but I think
6	that, yes, there are times when the courts or those
7	construing contracts will find as fact that there was no
8	meeting of the minds and that there was no enforceable
9	contract from the outset. I don't believe that's the case
10	here.
11	COMMISSIONER GAW: Well, I was assuming that
12	you didn't believe that from your argument, but it indeed is
13	one of the possibilities here, is it not?
14	MR. SCHWARZ: Yes, it is.
15	COMMISSIONER GAW: I think I want to save most
16	of what I want to ask for a little later and allow the
17	parties to go ahead and make their presentation, because I
18	do have some very detailed questioning I want to do, but I'd
19	like to save that and allow the parties to present their
20	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Commissioner Forbis?
21	I have a couple of questions on this. I'm
22	looking at the paragraph of the Stipulation and Agreement
23	that's causes all the problems and I'm quoting from it here.
24	It says, The finding and conclusions regarding the prudence
25	of the execution of the Missouri agreements made by the
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1	Commission in I'll start again.
2	That the findings and conclusions regarding
3	the prudence of the execution of the Missouri agreements
4	made by the Commission in Case No. GR-93-140 shall be
5	compromised and settled as provided for herein.
6	And then the next paragraph it mentions that
7	the MKP WR sales agreement and the Riverside WR
8	transportation agreement 1 are finally settled by this
9	Stipulation and Agreement. What do you interpret that to
10	mean?
11	MR. SCHWARZ: My view is that that indicates
12	only that well, I don't know.
13	JUDGE WOODRUFF: You don't know?
14	MR. SCHWARZ: I don't have the language in
15	front of me, Judge. If it
16	JUDGE WOODRUFF: It's right here. This is out
17	of the Report and Order.
18	MR. SCHWARZ: Understood. I think that
19	they're compromised and settled as provided herein. In the
20	entire document I think it's six cases, four years.
21	JUDGE WOODRUFF: And for that the parties gave
22	up their appeal of the 93-140 decision; is that correct?
23	MR. SCHWARZ: That's correct.
24	JUDGE WOODRUFF: And they paid \$4 million?
25	MR. SCHWARZ: They paid the Commission
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1	had and I can't remember the exact number, but it was
2	like 1.3, 1.4 million dollar adjustment in Case GR-93-140.
3	And I think if you extend that, yes, I think that \$4 million
4	is not an unreasonable consideration to be paid for
5	resolution of those cases.
6	JUDGE WOODRUFF: So you're telling me that
7	they agreed to forego their appeal which they might have
8	won?
9	MR. SCHWARZ: They might have, but
10	understand
11	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Nobody knows.
12	MR. SCHWARZ: That's true. But understand
13	that in that case there is an internal memo to what was then
14	I think I can't remember what they were calling
15	themselves, Kansas Gas Service
16	JUDGE WOODRUFF: The pipeline company?
17	MR. SCHWARZ: No, no, no. MGE's predecessor
18	in interest. There's an internal memo saying, If you make

is imprudent -- used the word imprudent to --21 JUDGE WOODRUFF: But that was before 93-140

this contract change and abandon the Williams price caps, it

22 was decided. Right? I think I saw that.

19

20

23 MR. SCHWARZ: It was evidence in the case.

24 So, yes, they had a right to appeal, but they were looking

25 at as close to a smoking gun as I've ever seen in 20 years

1	of practice in law. So, yes, they gave up their right to
2	appeal. How much value do you put on that? And that you
3	know, that's a
4	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Apparently \$4 million.
5	MR. SCHWARZ: No. Not \$4 million, because
6	they settled not only that case but three other years with
7	at least similar if not larger the adjustment has grown
8	larger over time, so
9	JUDGE WOODRUFF: But doesn't it say that the
10	prudence of entering into the MKP WR sales agreement and the
11	Riverside WR transportation agreement is finally settled by
12	the stipulation?
13	MR. SCHWARZ: As set forth here. Now, does
14	that sentence read out the provisions of paragraph 1 through
15	3? Does it read out the provisions of paragraph 6? Does it
16	read out sentence 4 of paragraph 5? I don't think. I think
17	if you look at the document as a whole, this sentence that
18	had added at the eleventh hour is is clearly
19	JUDGE WOODRUFF: This sentence wasn't added in
20	the eleventh hour. You're talking about the second
21	sentence?
22	MR. SCHWARZ: Yes.
23	JUDGE WOODRUFF: This is back in the body
24	which Staff drafted. There's no dispute about that, is
25	there?

1	MR. SCHWARZ: Staff was the scrivener. I will
2	concede to that, yes. Now, I no. I think that I
3	think that the sentence second sentence of paragraph 5 is
4	an anomaly. It was added at the last minute, it is not
5	particularly consistent with the other terms of the
6	agreement.
7	There was nothing provided at the same time to
8	alter any of balancing of the agreement and the agreement
9	everywhere else is very specific as to parties settling,
10	times that were settled and the amounts that were
11	compromised.
12	So, yes, I think that I mean, ultimately I
13	think that if you're going to construe things against the
14	party that drafted them, whoever drafted that second
15	sentence of paragraph 5 certainly had a duty to do far more
16	than they did if they were purporting to
17	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Let's look at that second
18	sentence, make sure we're talking about the same thing.
19	What I believe is the second sentence is, In addition, the
20	signatories agree that the transportation rates and gas
21	costs charge pursuant to the Missouri agreements shall not
22	be the subject of any further ACA prudence review until the
23	case associated with the audit period commencing July 1,
24	1996 and ending June 30, 1997.
25	Is that the sentence we're talking about?
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1	MR. SCHWARZ: I I did not well, I didn't
2	review
3	JUDGE WOODRUFF: That's my copy.
4	MR. SCHWARZ: Do we have the first paragraph?
5	MR. STEWART: I've got a complete copy here.
6	JUDGE WOODRUFF: If you'd like to review it,
7	go ahead.
8	MR. SCHWARZ: I'm sorry. It's the first
9	sentence that was added, I think.
10	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Okay. The first sentence, As
11	a result of this Stipulation and Agreement?
12	MR. SCHWARZ: Yes. And I defer that. I will
13	be honest. I did not review this area prior to this morning
14	and I would need to go back and see.
15	JUDGE WOODRUFF: I just want to make sure
16	we're talking about the same things.
17	MR. SCHWARZ: There was a sentence the
18	sentence that created the ambiguity was added at the end.
19	JUDGE WOODRUFF: And that's in the record, I
20	believe.
21	MR. SCHWARZ: That's in the record. I think
22	that's clear. It was added by MGE. And none of the other
23	substantive portions talking about periods and parties and
24	so forth was altered at the same time.
25	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Okay. Any other questions
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2	You may step down then.
3	MR. SCHWARZ: Thank you.
4	JUDGE WOODRUFF: And I believe Public Counsel
5	will be next.
6	MR. MICHEEL: May it please the Commission.
7	I'll be brief. I thought that the purpose of
8	today was to determine whether or not this Commission needs
9	to resolve that ambiguity and look at that stipulation and
10	finally decide one way or another.
11	And my simple answer to you is, yes, please do
12	it. We have numerous other ACA cases out there. The
13	parties came to you and I'm going to set aside everything
14	that happened in the circuit court and at the Court of
15	Appeals. I mean, that's all in the record.
16	But as a matter of good regulatory policy, the
17	parties have come to this Commission, they have a legitimate
18	disagreement about what the meaning of the 1996 Stipulation
19	and Agreement is. They've presented much evidence on it and
20	I think both Mr. Schwarz and Mr. Stewart have said they've
21	presented as much evidence as they think they can find.
22	I think we all have limited resources, that
23	the parties have requested that the Commission make this
24	decision and I think it would be good regulatory policy to
25	do it.
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for Mr. Schwarz at this time?

1	And, quite frankly, you know, we can run from
2	this issue, but we can't hide from the issue. Because in
3	the end, in the next ACA period, this issue is going to be
4	brought up, and in the next ACA period and for nine years
5	out unless we know from this Commission initially and I'm
6	assuming people will appeal, but from this Commission
7	initially, what did that Stipulation and Agreement mean.
8	Now, the Office of the Public Counsel believes
9	that that Stipulation and Agreement meant specific cases for
10	specific consideration for a specific time period. When you
11	talk about ACA cases, I like to think of ACA cases as a
12	snapshot picture. Each year we take a snapshot.
13	And my view of the settlement is we took a
14	snapshot of three periods and for those three periods we
15	were all willing to settle for \$4 million.
16	Now, I recognize that Mid-Kansas and MGE have
17	a different view of that and they say that period that was
18	covered was the entire contract period, many more snapshots
19	out through 2009. But this Commission has the evidence, the
20	parties are asking you, please decide this.
21	Let us know, because then we can all go about
22	our business knowing one way or another whether or not the
23	Stipulation and Agreement only settled those specific ACA
24	snapshots as the Staff and Public Counsel contend, or
25	whether or not it's to use another analogy, whether it
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1	took care of the whole motion picture all the way through
2	2009.
3	And if you don't do it in this case, you're
4	going to have the same contentious arguments in the next
5	case and if you sidestep it in that case, on and on and on,
6	so
7	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Any questions for
8	Mr. Micheel?
9	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: I just want to make a
10	comment. And I just want to thank you for getting us back
11	on to the track of what I think this oral argument was set
12	up to do, to determine whether or not we need to make that
13	decision in this case. And I appreciate your comments.
14	MR. MICHEEL: And I'd be happy to argue about
15	all the other stuff at another time, but
16	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Thank you.
17	For MGE?
18	MR. DUFFY: Good morning. I'm Gary Duffy for
19	MGE.
20	When we started this morning, it was going to
21	be my intention not to say anything, because I would remind
22	the Commission that we did not file for an Application for
23	Rehearing. We did not file a response to the Application
24	for Rehearing.
25	I think you can logically deduce from that
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1	that we were satisfied with your order and we didn't want
2	you to do anything else. And I think that's the impression
3	I want to leave you with, is that we were satisfied with
4	your order and we don't see the need to do anything else.
5	I believe I am disturbed by a couple of
6	things that I've heard in the oral argument this morning and
7	I will just give you a very brief reaction to them for
8	whatever it's worth.
9	I'm disturbed by the notion that because MGE
10	suggested or offered one sentence, that the Staff attorney
11	decided he would incorporate in the stipulation that somehow
12	that sentence has to be construed against MGE. I would
13	suggest that because the Staff attorney determined to take
14	that sentence out of MGE's suggestion and put it in the
15	stipulation, that that was the Staff who did that, because
16	there were several other things the Staff didn't take and
17	put in that stipulation.
18	And so I think it's unfair to say that because
19	the text was originally suggested by MGE, that it has to be
20	construed against MGE. The Staff, the evidence showed, was
21	in full control of what went into that stipulation. Not
22	MGE, not Mid-Kansas, not Public Counsel, not anybody else.
23	So I think that that distinction needs to be made.
24	I'm also very disturbed by the notion that the
25	Staff is arguing that in this fact situation, a company

1	should be and I'm the last person in the world to
2	understand much about the Bible, but I remember something
3	from Bible school about the sins of the fathers being
4	visited on the sons or something like that.
5	I'm very disturbed that something that Western
6	Resources did in the early 1990s, before MGE was a gleam in
7	anybody's eye, should be branded on MGE later on. You know,
8	under the fact circumstances in this case where MGE didn't
9	even exist until 1993 and you all didn't make a decision in
10	GR-93-140 until I think
11	MR. SCHWARZ: Late '95.
12	MR. DUFFY: late 1995, that somehow, you
13	know, when MGE come in and finds itself in this situation
14	and it does what it can to better the situation, and the
15	record reflects that, that because we weren't able to
16	completely eradicate the dollar effect of the imprudence you
17	found that Western Resources did four years before that MGE
18	should be responsible for that or MGE shareholders should be
19	responsible for that. I just think that's outrageous.
20	You've got a unique fact situation here where
21	the company's changed. We bought these assets. And we had
22	no notice that there was any taint at that point on that.
23	There was another case where they said, oh, you know, the
24	removal of the price cap and we dealt with that.
25	But I just think that we're going off on the
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1	deep end here if the Commission's going to rule that, you
2	know, even though there is a change of assets and a change
3	of company here, that the new company has you know, did
4	what they could, it has to be responsible for the actions of
5	the previous company.
6	Now, if it were the same company all along
7	and, you know, the same company then tried to better itself
8	or better the situation, I think you could reach a totally
9	different result, but not where the buyer and seller came to
10	you and said, okay, we want to buy these assets and you
11	were you more than anyone else and the Commission was
12	fully cognizant of what was going on and you said, okay,
13	that's fine and then to go with what the Staff's suggesting
14	here, I just think that's outrageous.
15	I think that Judge Woodruff was very
16	perceptive when he started talking about aggrieved parties a
17	while ago. I think the courts will ultimately tell us
18	whether Mid-Kansas Riverside is an aggrieved party or not in
19	this situation.
20	Mr. Micheel said the parties are asking you to
21	please decide this. I hope he wasn't including MGE when he
22	said the parties were asking you to decide this. We have
23	not asked you to decide this. We're happy with the order
24	that you issued.
25	So we don't really have a dog in this fight.

1	We didn't file for anything, we didn't ask for anything
2	after you reached your decision. That's all I have.
3	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Questions? Go ahead.
4	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: If we don't decide that
5	issue in this case though, isn't it true that it will be
6	re-litigated year after year after year and is that
7	efficient use of Commission and parties' time and resources?
8	MR. DUFFY: If the Staff doesn't get the
9	message that you're tired of listening to that and they
10	bring it up, then the parties will be forced to defend it.
11	And, yes, you're absolutely right it will get litigated
12	until somebody finally blinks and says, okay, I've had
13	enough.
14	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And do you agree that
15	all of the evidence that is ever likely to be presented on
16	this issue has already been presented?
17	MR. DUFFY: We tried to do that. I'm not
18	aware of anything I'm not aware of anything else out
19	there that would that could come to light that would give
20	you some different perspective that we haven't already given
21	you.
22	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And I understand a
23	party's reluctance to open up an order they're pleased
24	with
25	MR. DUFFY: Yeah. We thought we won.

1	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: but other than the
2	fact that similar to going to the legislature and opening
3	up a statute and reluctance to do that for fear of changing
4	the statute in a way that you don't want it to be changed,
5	is there any other reason that you think we should not
6	decide that issue once and for all in this case?
7	MR. DUFFY: Let me see if I understand your
8	question.
9	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: I'm sorry. That was a
10	very convoluted question.
11	MR. DUFFY: Maybe you can rephrase it.
12	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Is there any other
13	reason other than the fear of the outcome that the
14	outcome might change in other ways, that you think we should
15	not grant the motions for rehearing and decide that issue?
16	MR. DUFFY: I don't know how to answer that
17	question. I can tell you that we struggled with the Report
18	and Order. We were aware of the things that have been
19	discussed that if you did not decide it now, that it would
20	likely come up again.
21	And without revealing any kind of
22	attorney/client communications, obviously the result was
23	that we decided that it was prudent for us to accept the
24	order that was issued. I don't know how else to answer that
25	question.

1	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: All right. Thank you.
2	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Any other questions for
3	Mr. Duffy?
4	COMMISSIONER GAW: Just briefly. Mr. Duffy,
5	help me out here with the potential harm to the shareholders
6	of MGE. Does MGE have anything at risk with this decision?
7	Isn't there a hold harmless involved?
8	MR. DUFFY: There is a provision, as I
9	understand it, for a contractual indemnity contracts.
10	COMMISSIONER GAW: Of course, I know that
11	there are always risks with hold harmless
12	MR. DUFFY: That's right.
13	COMMISSIONER GAW: agreements. I'm just
14	wanting to understand whether that protection exists in this
15	case.
16	MR. DUFFY: I would say that, based on my
17	understanding, the contractual provision is there. Whether
18	it will ultimately work or not, as you point out, that's a
19	risk. MGE also has the risk of the expense of litigation,
20	which is not insignificant in this.
21	MGE's interest is getting some finality on
22	this, because the Staff appears to want to re-litigate what
23	Western Resources did in 1991 every year from now until
24	2009. So I would be, you know, less than candid if I told
25	you that we want to continue litigating this. We don't.

1	It's expensive, it's time consuming, we don't
2	have a big staff of people designed to deal with litigation.
3	We're trying to manage a gas system to the best of our
4	abilities. And so our interests are not only monetary, but
5	from a staff standpoint that we want some finality in this.
6	We want it to go away.
7	COMMISSIONER GAW: You seem to be arguing
8	against yourself at the moment about us resolving the issue.
9	Am I misinterpreting that?
10	MR. DUFFY: Well, we didn't ask for rehearing,
11	so that implies that we don't see any reason for you to make
12	any further rulings in this case.
13	COMMISSIONER GAW: Yes.
14	MR. DUFFY: If we were the only ones that had
15	acted, then we wouldn't be having this argument today.
16	COMMISSIONER GAW: Yeah. That's fine. Thank
17	you, Mr. Duffy.
18	JUDGE WOODRUFF: All right. Did you have
19	anything else?
20	Now, we'll go back to Riverside for an
21	opportunity to reply.
22	MR. STEWART: I'm going to have to be careful
23	how I say this, but I'm going to try. Riverside, when we
24	received the order, thought long and hard about asking for
25	rehearing. And I believe, as I indicated, one of the things
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1	that happened from the time the Commission issued its order
2	until the time we filed our Application for Rehearing, it
3	was the Staff's filing of its usual update in the 304 case,
4	a few days after the order was issued, where they clearly
5	stated they intended to keep litigating this question at
6	least until the end of the term of the contract. And,
7	frankly, that weighed heavy on our decision to seek
8	rehearing.
9	I tried to imply I don't know if I did a
10	very good job but a way that the Commission could limit.
11	We tried to file a very limited rehearing and I tried to
12	suggest several options for the Commission to keep its
13	current Report and Order as is with a simple exception of
14	taking that evidence that was rejected and then resolving,
15	if you will, reaching a different bottom line conclusion
16	also.
17	It's not our intent to have the Commission
18	obviously completely go in and redo its order, especially
19	re-litigate the case separately.
20	Mr. Schwarz used the phrase fundamentally
21	unfair. And I don't want to belabor this point, but when
22	the Staff filed its response to our limited Application for
23	Rehearing and this has been going on since the beginning
24	that this started and we raised a lot of issues about
25	that in regard to what was the Staff's case in the Direct
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1	Testimony, then was it in the rebuttal, was it in
2	surrebuttal?
3	The point was not an academic exercise on our
4	part to say they shake our finger, they didn't comply
5	with Commission rules. That was not the point. The point
6	was this has been a moving target.
7	And finally today he says, late in the day,
8	that's an understatement of the year, he's now figured out
9	on page 4 of his Application of Rehearing how to frame the
10	issue for the Commission.
11	I look at his item 2 and I would just
12	suggest that if Mr. Duffy or I or anybody else had come to
13	this Commission with a late-filed Application for Rehearing,
14	assuming we had the right to file an Application for
15	Rehearing in the first place, which Staff I don't believe
16	does in and of itself, but if we had come in late and we had
17	tried to do this, I suspect it would not only be summarily
18	denied, but summarily denied with a little bit of kick to it
19	and rightly so.
20	So I don't want to belabor this point. I
21	think the Commission should simply ignore point 2 in this
22	response. It goes far beyond what we raised and, frankly,
23	it's just yet one more chance for them to re-litigate an
24	issue that they've already lost.
25	I'm like Mr. Duffy too and this I have to
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1	respond to. The way they have phrased this that we won
2	and basically I'm going to paraphrase the Staff's position.
3	We won a prudent disallowance based on a removal of a price
4	cap in a contract that actually goes back to pre-date the
5	old Mid-Kansas 1 contracts, which aren't at issue in this
6	proceeding. We tried that case, we won it, we don't have to
7	re-litigate the fact whether or not that was an imprudent
8	act.
9	Well, the fundamental problem with that and
10	it's very clever, but the fundamental problem with that is
11	we are talking about two different contracts. We are
12	talking about two different contracts with different
13	provisions in the contracts. We are talking about contracts
14	with different parties to the contract.
15	And to bootstrap that old prudence decision
16	into the Mid-Kansas 2 I mean, what they should have done,
17	and I'm not going to try to manufacture the rope to hang
18	myself, but what they should have done and I think they
19	tried to do in this case, I think they certainly presented
20	all the evidence they can on that issue they should have
21	said we don't like the Mid-Kansas 2 contract because A, B,
22	C, whatever it was.
23	Well, it didn't contain a Williams price cap.
24	I don't know if they I think they suggested that was one
25	of the reasons that it was imprudent. They litigated it.

1	They had the opportunity to make that argument. And if they
2	had done so in testimony where we would have had an
3	opportunity to respond, we might have said there might
4	have been some evidence presented to this Commission that
5	that type of a price cap, a bundled Williams price cap,
6	which was at issue in the old case, was no longer applicable
7	after unbundling. Simple factual question. But they didn't
8	present that fully in their testimony. We didn't have a
9	chance to respond it.
10	Anyway, they're all over the board on this.
11	And I think the simple way to deal with these arguments the
12	Staff has made today is rely on the Commission's traditional
13	rule on rehearings and say it's out of time, thank you very
14	much, but no, thank you.
15	I don't think we've ever stated that Staff
16	does not have the right to make ACA adjustments as a general
17	rule. And as inartful as it was and as convoluted as it may
18	have been, a lot of that language that's in the Stipulation
19	and Agreement I think could be read to be designed to ensure
20	that the Staff retained the right to make certain types of
21	ACA prudence adjustments in the future cases if the
22	circumstances so warranted.
23	What it clearly did say they could not do was
24	attack the decision to execute the Missouri agreements.
25	Now, that included because we were dealing with two
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1	different contracts, we were dealing with several periods
2	where the old contracts were in play and the new contracts
3	were in play. Again, I didn't draft it. That's the
4	happiest thing I can think of today. I didn't draft it.
5	But the one thing that is clear is that the
6	decision the prudence decision from the Western contract,
7	from the old case, that's settled. The decision surrounding
8	the execution of the new contracts, the prudence of those,
9	that sentence one, I believe, settled. And perhaps we got
10	into the problem trying to carve out what the Staff could
11	do. I don't know.
12	I think the record speaks for itself on those
13	issues. I know the Commission is going to ask me some
14	questions about it. I hope having tried to go back
15	through all of the transcripts and everything, I hope I can
16	answer them, but I want to as strongly as possible make the
17	distinction between the old contract and the new contract.
18	They're not the same.
19	A prudence disallowance in a case involving
20	different parties and a different contract is not
21	automatically a qualifies as a prudence disallowance in
22	the future. I mean, I understand Staff's point. In their
23	view, because the new contract did not have the price cap
24	provision, it's therefore imprudent.
25	Well, guess what? They had Direct Testimony,

1	they had Rebuttal Testimony, they had Surrebuttal Testimony,
2	they had opportunity on cross, over our objections, I might
3	add, even to come to hearing on this. They had plenty of
4	opportunity to argue that point and they didn't.
5	And if the shoe was on the other foot and I
6	came to you and I said my client should have said this at
7	hearing, I know what your answer would have been. And
8	whatever the Commission decides, I would hope that the rules
9	would apply to all parties, including the Staff.
10	I think I'm just going to leave it at that,
11	other than to refer the Commission back to the briefs in
12	this case filed by the various parties. I think they were
13	detailed. I know ours was with cites to the record.
14	Hopefully, that will be helpful in your analysis.
15	The Staff has filed their briefs. Again,
16	they've had two opportunities in briefing to point you to
17	the transcript, to the record, to legal citations. And I
18	think as you go through the process, if you choose to go
19	through the process to on our request on the rehearing
20	issue, the record is there, the briefs are there, the road
21	maps are there as best as we can give you.
22	And, again, what I say today is not evidence,
23	so I hope in drafting a decision it will be based on the
24	record as a whole. And that's really all I had.
25	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Chair Simmons, do you have
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1	any questions?
2	CHAIR SIMMONS: No, I do not.
3	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Commissioner Murray?
4	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: I do.
5	Mr. Stewart, as I've been sitting here
6	listening today, I have tried to think of what position we
7	are leaving the parties in depending on what we do. And
8	tell me if I'm correct in this analysis, that if we don't
9	interpret the meaning of that Stipulation and Agreement in
10	this case, wouldn't the bottom line be that we were leaving
11	the parties all parties in a worse position than any
12	party would be in even if we interpreted that decision to
13	say that the Staff could bring those prudence disallowances
14	every year?
15	Because, one, if we don't decide it, that
16	entire issue gets re-litigated every year as to how you
17	interpret that Stipulation and Agreement. Plus, the Staff
18	may bring prudence disallowances every year based on their
19	interpretation of the prudence of entering into those
20	Missouri agreements. So isn't it worse for everyone if we
21	don't make a decision one way or the other?
22	MR. STEWART: I suspect I might disagree with
23	Mr. Duffy on this. I often disagree with Mr. Duffy on a lot
24	of things. But the short answer is yes. I think that's why
25	we asked.

1	The continuing threat of having to come in
2	here case after case after case, even if we continued to
3	prevail on the merits, is a significant problem for
4	Riverside. I don't know one of the issues that came up
5	as a possible settlement in settlement discussions at the
6	FERC where the Commission was a party, if we can agree on
7	the FERC rate here at the FERC and I understand from what
8	I've been told by my people that they were close to a number
9	to set on a going-forward basis to avoid future appeals, but
10	the problem remained with these ACA cases in Missouri.
11	And it's a continuing financial risk to our
12	company to have to to not know whether we're going to
13	have to re-litigate time and time again.
14	I don't want to leave the Commission with the
15	impression that had the Staff not said what it said in its
16	filing that we would have automatically not filed our
17	Application for Rehearing on this issue. I know my client
18	feels pretty strongly about it.
19	Had the Commission's order sent a signal to
20	the Staff a stronger signal to the Staff that maybe,
21	guys, drop it until you come up with something better, would
22	we be filing rehearing? I don't know. We obviously, like
23	Mr. Duffy, we would like finality. This is an expensive
24	process and at least we would know, let me put it that
25	way.

1	I don't know the grass is always greener,
2	but at least we would have finality, we would know if that
3	would send us to circuit court, for example, if the
4	Commission ruled against us and we would go up there, I hope
5	Mr. Schwarz at that point wouldn't argue that the order
6	wasn't final or something, but we don't know. But we'd
7	prefer not to have to do that obviously.
8	But, yes, finality is a good thing in
9	regulatory proceedings. And, frankly, as a matter of
10	regulatory policy, I mean, we're looking back this is
11	what is so frustrating to me.
12	The Commission's facing now all kinds of new
13	issues in the gas purchasing area. There are issues about,
14	you know, diversifying your supply portfolio, how best to do
15	that. Are incentive mechanisms appropriate or are they not
16	appropriate?
17	We look back and we see the results of the
18	last winter and we've seen issues involving the like we
19	have in telecommunications where we have a low income fund
20	or universal service fund type of mechanism. Why aren't we
21	working on that?
22	We're working on a case that dates back to
23	February of '95 and is going to I mean, to me the
24	resource issue is significant is a significant one. And
25	again, like I said, if the real issue here if the bottom
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1	line issue is those Riverside transportation rates, again, I
2	would suggest to the Commission that there is a forum that
3	the Commission has actively participated in and will
4	continue to do so and this stipulation certainty doesn't bar
5	that.
6	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Thank you. I think
7	that's all.
8	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Commissioner Gaw?
9	COMMISSIONER GAW: I want to wait.
10	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Thank you. You may step
11	down.
12	At this point since it appears the
13	Commissioners do have a few more questions, I'm going to
14	allow them to ask questions of which counsel they wish. At
15	the end, after they've asked their questions, I'll again
16	Riverside Mid-Kansas an opportunity to give final response,
17	if they wish.
18	Commissioner Simmons, do you have any
19	questions for any of the attorneys?
20	CHAIR SIMMONS: I'll pass. Thanks.
21	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Commissioner Murray?
22	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: I would like the other
23	counsel to respond to my question about or my analysis
24	that all parties would be worse off if we don't decide that
25	issue in this case.
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1	JUDGE WOODRUFF: You can reply from there, if
2	you wish.
3	MR. SCHWARZ: I think certainly Staff concurs
4	in that opinion. I think the sooner this issue is resolved,
5	the better.
6	I think that and I can't remember the exact
7	numbers that have been filed of record in the
8	recommendations in the cases that are lined up in the que as
9	it were, but it's my impression that it's on the order of
10	\$6 million a year and there's every indication that the
11	contract runs through the year 2009.
12	So I think that there absent resolution of
13	this issue, there's simply too much ratepayer interest at
14	stake for if the Commission suggests that Staff simply
15	failed to meet its evidentiary burden, that Staff would not
16	undertake, albeit reluctantly, to bolster that evidentiary
17	record, at least present it again for the Commission's
18	consideration.
19	So, yes, I think that to the extent that the
20	issue has been fully and fairly presented to the Commission
21	in this case, that the parties and the Commission are best
22	served by its resolution in this case.
23	MR. MICHEEL: I think I said yes in my initial
24	comments, Commissioner.
25	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Anything further?
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1	COMMISSIONER MURRAY: I guess Mr. Duffy
2	doesn't want to respond.
3	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Mr. Duffy, did you want to
4	respond to that?
5	MR. DUFFY: I thought I had earlier.
6	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Commissioner Gaw?
7	COMMISSIONER GAW: All right. Mr. Schwarz, I
8	would like for you to briefly tell me where it is that you
9	believe at this point in time that MGE acted imprudently,
10	what it was that you believe that they did that was
11	imprudent that is the subject of this case. Because I have
12	heard lots of different things and I'm trying to see if I
13	understand what the case is today.
14	MR. SCHWARZ: MGE took assignment of a
15	contract executed by Western Resources and Mid-Kansas in
16	1991. MGE freely and voluntarily took assignment of that
17	contract. It is that contract that the Staff believes
18	well, the Commission found to be imprudent.
19	I think that how you judge MGE's actions can
20	be based on or at least illuminated by the fact that they
21	argue vociferously that they simply couldn't walk away from
22	that contract. That contract was binding on them. They
23	took that contract as they found it. And they certainly
24	had I mean, they were the ones that were obliged to do
25	due diligence on it and they did. And they took that
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1	contract as they found it.
2	And certainly they didn't necessarily
3	anticipate that there would be a disallowance made by the
4	Commission with reference to that contract, but that was
5	certainly a possibility, certainly something that they could
6	have known.
7	And I think that certainly part of the problem
8	that I have had in this case is the articulation of exactly
9	what positions the parties were in. MGE has a contract that
10	the Commission found subsequently was imprudent in some of
11	its terms. MGE then took steps in February of '95 to
12	mitigate some of the damages from that contract. And they
13	did so. And Staff has given them every credit for the
14	mitigation of the damages that they achieved.
15	But at the same time, the fact that MGE had
16	this contract I mean, that's something that if you
17	recall the evidentiary hearing, they were saying we can't
18	just walk away from it, it's binding, it's our contract, we
19	have obligations under it.
20	Well, that's true. They do have obligations
21	under it and they assumed those obligations freely. And to
22	the extent that they assumed that bargain with Mid-Kansas,
23	they assumed all of that bargain with Mid-Kansas. And
24	vis-a-vis Western Resources or Mid-Kansas or MGE, certainly
25	the ratepayers had no part whatsoever in the negotiation or
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_	abbumption of that contract.
2	So I think that the fact of the matter is that
3	the contracts at issue were negotiated in 1995. Staff has
4	always said that there were aspects of these contracts that
5	were beneficial to the ratepayers. Staff has given in its
6	adjustment full credit for the benefit that was achieved and
7	the remainder of that contract, I think, fairly remains with
8	the parties who negotiated it.
9	COMMISSIONER GAW: All right. Help me out
10	with this date time line. Are you suggesting that MGE's
11	imprudence occurred because of the assumption of the
12	contracts that Western Resources had in existence when
13	that sale occurred? That would have been in July of '93; is
14	that correct?
15	MR. STEWART: Commissioner, I believe the
16	record shows that MGE acquired the Missouri properties
17	January 31st, '94.
18	MR. SCHWARZ: The contracts were executed in
19	June or July of '93, is my recollection, and finally closed
20	in conjunction with a Western Resources rate case in front
21	of this Commission and was finally consummated in
22	January 31st or February 1st of '94. Yeah. Well
23	COMMISSIONER GAW: Of '94? The sale was
24	approved in the Commission approved the sale of the
25	properties in December of '93; is that correct?
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assumption of that contract.

1	MR. MICHEEL: Yes.
2	MR. SCHWARZ: Yes.
3	COMMISSIONER GAW: And then there was an ACA
4	over the '92/'93 period with a 1.3 million disallowance.
5	Was that in April of '94 when that occurred?
6	MR. DUFFY: Your Honor, the time line in the
7	opening pages of our initial brief has all those dates. It
8	says the Staff issues recommendation for disallowance in
9	GR-93-140 on April 29, 1994.
10	COMMISSIONER GAW: Yeah. So, Mr. Schwarz, at
11	the time that the Commission approved this sale of the
12	transfer of assets, do you believe the Commission at that
13	point in time would have been approving or disapproving of
14	the prudence of the contracts that were the subject of the
15	assignment?
16	MR. SCHWARZ: No.
17	COMMISSIONER GAW: And why do you say that?
18	MR. SCHWARZ: Because that process takes place
19	not in a merger application, but rather in the ACA process.
20	That's the opportunity for the Commission to examine the gas
21	purchasing practices of the local distribution companies.
22	In the merger, the Commission is simply
23	approving the transfer of assets from in this case,
24	Western Resources to Southern Union. And certainly the
25	parties were aware that the contracts that were assigned
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1	were subject to review in the ACA dockets. I don't think
2	that it can fairly be said that the transfer from Western
3	Resources to MGE was intended to pass on the prudence of any
4	of those contracts.
5	COMMISSIONER GAW: Is there evidence in the
6	record that would allow the Commission to conclude that
7	there was imprudence by MGE in the assumption of those
8	contracts?
9	MR. SCHWARZ: I don't know that it's a matter
10	of prudence or imprudence. MGE agreed to pay Western
11	Resources consideration for the transfer of the Missouri
12	properties and the operating contracts. MGE has the
13	obligation to investigate, you know, what it's buying and
14	gauge the risk that it's taking and adjust its purchase
15	price accordingly.
16	I don't think it's the function of the Staff
17	or the Commission to tell MGE if it's paying too much or
18	paying too little necessarily for the properties, as long as
19	the transfer of those properties is not detrimental to the
20	public interest, which and I haven't looked at that
21	statute recently either, but my understanding is that that's
22	the standard in a merger, that if the transfer of assets is
23	not detrimental to the public interest, then the sale or
24	merger proceeds.
25	COMMISSIONER GAW: Okay. Are you saying that
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1	it would not have been a part of the Commission's review to
2	determine whether or not those contracts that were being
3	assigned were that the assumption of those contracts was
4	a prudent act?
5	MR. SCHWARZ: I don't believe it was the job
6	of the Commission to do that.
7	COMMISSIONER GAW: And those are the the
8	contracts that we're looking at here, are they the ones that
9	are subject to the hold harmless provision between Southern
10	Union and Western Resources in the event that there's a
11	determination from a regulatory body that the charges are
12	too high?
13	MR. SCHWARZ: It is my understanding that the
14	change that was initiated in 1991 between Western Resources
15	and Mid-Kansas removed the Williams cap and instead
16	substituted the indemnification in case of a regulatory
17	disallowance.
18	If my recollection of the record is correct,
19	there is a similar provision in the contracts that were
20	executed in February of 1995. And I'm just I'm not
21	COMMISSIONER GAW: Is there anything in the
22	contract for the sale of the assets in the assumption of the
23	contracts that dealt with that issue
24	MR. SCHWARZ: Not
25	COMMISSIONER GAW: between Southern Union
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1	and Western Resources?
2	MR. SCHWARZ: I'm not aware of anything other
3	than the contracts, but my recollection is that's in the
4	record as well, but I don't believe that that was
5	specifically addressed.
6	COMMISSIONER GAW: Mr. Schwarz, if we are to
7	make a determination here and construe this stipulation, is
8	it now the Staff's position that this Commission should find
9	that the contract as entered into by Western Resources
10	the contracts that are called the Missouri agreements and
11	those that were assumed and then later renegotiated by MGE,
12	that those contracts are imprudent for that ACA period in
13	front of us and for all periods subsequent?
14	MR. SCHWARZ: I think that Staff's position is
15	that the imprudent act at issue was the abandonment of rates
16	capped at Williams, which I think the record indicates is
17	\$9 or \$10 reservation charges and so forth.
18	COMMISSIONER GAW: Which occurred when?
19	MR. SCHWARZ: In 1991. And at the same time,
20	taking on contracts which are now priced at approximately
21	\$20 per MCF and in exchange for that, taking a regulatory
22	an agreement that if there is a regulatory disallowance of
23	the difference in those prices, that the payee the
24	transporter, Mid-Kansas, will indemnify the LDC.
25	We continue to think that that is the heart of
	1195

1	the problem. MGE freely agreed to assume a portion of that
2	contract and that's the Missouri issues here. And that by
3	executing the February '95 agreement MGE improved the
4	situation a little bit, but they did not mitigate the entire
5	harm to the ratepayers and, therefore, they should not get
6	credit for more than they have done.
7	The crux of the issue still remains the
8	imprudent decision to abandon the Williams rates as capped
9	in 1991 and the subsequent actions of MGE to make that
10	situation better are laudatory, but they're not enough to
11	exculpate that original bad decision.
12	And I would suggest to you that the evidence
13	in the case is fully supportive of that. The articulation
14	of exactly how all of these myriad facts fits together
15	only I mean, I think I've finally come up with a concise
16	statement of it. And I apologize that it's past the
17	eleventh hour.
18	But I think that the Commission upon
19	rehearing, as I stated earlier, should issue and I think
20	it's clear that the Commission can issue the order that was
21	appropriate in the first instance. And, you know, I'm
22	perfectly willing to accept all the contumely that needs to
23	be heaped on Staff for articulating things so late in the
24	process, but I still think that the Commission needs to do
25	the right thing now that it has the opportunity to do so.

1	COMMISSIONER GAW: Mr. Schwarz, I guess I'm
2	not sure you answered my question. I'm trying to understand
3	if the Commission were to agree with Staff and conclude that
4	MGE was that this contract would allow Staff to review
5	the ACA period and review it as Staff has attempted to do
6	and would further agree that Staff is correct and that there
7	should be some disallowance on a prudence basis, would we
8	not then be re-litigating the exact same issues for ACA
9	periods into the future on the very same factual and legal
10	argument as you have maintained in this particular ACA
11	period?
12	I'm trying to understand how agreeing with
13	Staff brings finality, other than unless it is about the
14	prudence of entering into the contracts and unless that is
15	the issue that we are resolving here.
16	MR. SCHWARZ: I think that resolution of the
17	threshold issue, that is, the meaning of the Stipulation and
18	Agreement, and assuming that that issue that decision of
19	the Commission will become final, that will be binding. And
20	if you say, no, Staff is precluded Staff agreed to settle
21	the contracts through 2009 for \$4 million, that ends it.
22	If, on the other hand, you say, no, it was for
23	a period of years and that's taken up and finally reviewed
24	and affirmed by the court on appeal, that ends it. I think
25	that will be finally resolved.

1	If the Commission finds that, for instance,
2	the 1995 amendments were not enough to fully mitigate the
3	results of the imprudent 1991 contract, and that is fully
4	litigated, I think that ends the issue.
5	I think that as to the matter of damages, that
6	is going to be something that has to be reviewed annually.
7	I think once that decision is made, however, that you come
8	very much closer to having a mathematical computation.
9	COMMISSIONER GAW: Mr. Schwarz, if we are to
10	do a prudence review based upon a prospective analysis and
11	we would agree with Staff that this what we are doing is
12	continuing to analyze this pipeline price issue versus the
13	Williams price, then there would just be there would have
14	to be a retrospective calculation of the mathematical
15	difference between those prices for every ACA period into
16	the future, would there not?
17	In essence, if I'm understanding you
18	correctly, you're saying that we would each ACA period look
19	at the difference and this is very overly simplistic, I
20	realize but look at the difference between the Williams
21	price and the price that you can get on the pipeline that's
22	in question and determine how much you could have gotten
23	over the Williams line. That's always in a retrospective
24	fashion, that mathematical calculation.
25	MR. SCHWARZ: The ACA computation is done
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1	after the particular ACA period. So that, for instance, in
2	the 2005, 2006 ACA period, the Staff would do its audit,
3	compare what were then Williams prices to what was then the
4	contract price for Riverside, which, as Mr. Stewart has
5	indicated, may change as a result of FERC activity, so those
6	numbers would need to be calculated for each ACA period,
7	yes.
8	COMMISSIONER GAW: So what would happen if in
9	the year 2006 the price on Williams is actually more than
10	the other pipeline?
11	MR. SCHWARZ: Then there would be there
12	would no longer be any harm.
13	COMMISSIONER GAW: So is that a harm question
14	or a prudence question or is it the same thing?
15	MR. SCHWARZ: It's a measure of damages. And
16	it's different.
17	COMMISSIONER GAW: If I could, Mr. Stewart, if
18	you wouldn't mind following up on the questions that I
19	just and I'm sorry. I didn't write them specifically
20	down for you, but if you would like to respond to what
21	Mr. Schwarz just stated, that would be helpful to me.
22	MR. STEWART: I'm sure I missed a few, but I
23	think your first question was along the lines of, as of
24	today, what is Staff alleging the imprudence to be? What is
25	the Staff's position?

1	And I guess my comment there would be, yes,
2	you know, in an ACA prudence review scenario the question of
3	what constitutes the imprudence is something that the
4	proponent needs to put forth at some point early on in the
5	proceeding, so that not only the Commission but the other
6	parties have the opportunity to know what evidence they need
7	to bring in to rebut, refute, argue with, whatever.
8	That's been a problem in this case, but as of
9	today and, again, I thought it I wrote down his answer
10	was it was the Western contract that the Commission found
11	imprudent and that MGE took assignment of that freely.
12	I think the record would show that and I'm
13	sure Mr. Duffy will want to comment on this too since it was
14	his company, but I remember specifically stating in my
15	opening statement at the beginning of this case and then I
16	also recall the testimony of Mr. Langston and I believe
17	Mr. Langley that once MGE took assignment of the KPL
18	properties, Western properties, that occurred after the
19	again, the time lines I believe are in Mr. Duffy's brief,
20	but if you'll look, one of the things that struck me, there
21	were one, two, three almost three ACA Missouri
22	Commission ACA periods that were affected under the old
23	contract, the old Western contract.
24	GR-93-140, which was the case of the $'92/'93$
25	time frame ACA period, was the case where the Staff
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1	challenged the removal of the price cap successfully. I
2	don't have all the dates in front of me, but as soon as that
3	happened, that issue I remember Mr. Langley specifically
4	was here for that case.
5	There was a lot of testimony, there was a lot
6	of issues procedurally there in that case. That was not
7	easy case. Dr. Proctor of the Commission Staff, I believe,
8	was brought in to talk about how the Commission should
9	conduct a prudence review, something about looking at the
10	process of the decision making.
11	I think he used an analogy you can have a
12	lousy decision-making process and five years later still end
13	up hitting the jackpot and it turns out well. You can have
14	a good decision-making process and still have a bad result
15	six years down the road.
16	That's the sort of testimony that was the
17	sort of issue that the Commission was grappling with in that
18	case, but it involved that contract. That case went up on
19	appeal and immediately at about the same time frame
20	because the ACA cases don't have a period of time in between
21	them.
22	The next case, the combined case, they had
23	101-228, that's where Western had part of the year, MGE took
24	the next part of the year. That case was going to hearing.
25	And the record will reflect what happened and what MGE did

1	at any given time, what they knew, what they didn't know,
2	what Staff knew, that's all in the record. But MGE
3	acquired actually acquired Missouri properties on
4	January 31, '94, which would have been inside of
5	the GR-94-101-228 ACA period.
6	The Mid-Kansas 2 contract MGE acted quickly
7	once it determined I believe the record shows this
8	acted very quickly once it determined that that old contract
9	had problems. And they immediately they went through all
10	kinds of things to and the record's clear as to what
11	actions they took, but they ended up executing the new
12	contract, the Mid-Kansas 2/Riverside 1 contract February 24,
13	'95.
14	Well, that meant that in the next subsequent
15	ACA period where no testimony was filed, nothing was
16	resolved, GR-95-82, the Mid-Kansas 2 contract already kicked
17	in. The first full ACA period under Mid-Kansas 2/Riverside
18	1 was Case No. GR-96-78 for the '95/'96 period. The
19	stipulation was signed May 2nd, '96 and approved in
20	June '96.
21	So what you had that old contract had a
22	potential period of two and a little bit more ACA periods.
23	They cut it off. They cut it off. They put in place a new
24	contract. And up to this point, up to GR-96-78, those were

the cases that were known to the parties when they executed

25

1	the stip. The very next case was this one and it wasn't
2	docketed at the time. And the testimony from Mr. Langley, I
3	believe, on cross from the Bench, if I recall, said that's
4	why we didn't list the other cases specifically.
5	But you're dealing with the issue there
6	I'm getting a little off track here I guess, but what is it
7	that's imprudent is very important. Because if we are still
8	litigating the question of the prudence of the original
9	Western contract, I need to know where to go apply to get my
10	money back.
11	We settled that case. I hope it's not
12	contested that the prudence the imprudence allegation,
13	the Commission finding in that case that would have gone
14	through June 30th of '95, I believe no, excuse me,
15	May 31st of '95, I hope we're not that's not still on the
16	table. Because if that's the case, we've got a bigger
17	problem here than the rest of it.
18	That litigation was I thought, everybody
19	thought, I think the stip clearly says that's settled. The
20	Commission's order says that. And so if the basis of the
21	Staff's disallowance is the re-litigation over and over and
22	over again of that old contract, then we've got a bigger
23	problem here than I anticipated.
24	The next question
25	(HEARING INTERRUPTED.)

1	COMMISSIONER GAW: Let me stop you since we
2	had a break, if I could ask you to at this stage, don't
3	you think that Staff is making the argument that the
4	settlement of those cases that are decided in the
5	stipulation were settled just for those cases and that
6	that's what Staff is arguing?
7	So when you suggest that it may be bigger than
8	what you thought it was, I'm a little confused because it
9	seems to me that is what they're arguing, that that is the
10	only thing that that was resolving.
11	MR. STEWART: The Staff's position, that
12	hasn't changed as far as I know. The Staff's position
13	hasn't changed that the stipulation covered everything up
14	until this case. I think that's been their position, that
15	they haven't changed.
16	My point was that if you go back and look at
17	the ACA periods that Staff says are covered, there are two
18	things covered. One is the final conclusion, the final nail
19	in the coffin of that old Western contract. And, two, at
20	least one full year for some reason under the new Mid-Kansas
21	contract.
22	And, frankly, if Mr. Schwarz is right, if it
23	wasn't it was okay to if it wasn't imprudent in
24	GR-96-78, the first full hearing of Mid-Kansas, but now all
25	of a sudden it is the next ACA period and presumably the
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1	next and the next and the next, I'm not sure that
2	supports that theory holds up based on his view of where
3	they draw the line as to the coverage of the stip. I
4	don't I hope that answers it.
5	COMMISSIONER GAW: No. That's fine. Go
6	ahead.
7	MR. STEWART: I think the next question I had
8	about it was imprudent due to MGE's assumption of the
9	contract. Again, I'll defer to Mr. Duffy and the record on
10	that.
11	Should the PSC have dealt with that question
12	in the order approving merger along the lines of an
13	additional condition, I think they could have. They
14	obviously chose not to. Again, I can't go back and
15	second-guess why they did or did not.
16	As to the hold harmless provision, I think
17	there was some testimony, and I believe it was Mr. Langley,
18	along with maybe Mr. Putnam, it was not uncommon in the I
19	believe the records shows that it was not uncommon during
20	the period of time that the Mid-Kansas 2/Riverside 1
21	contracts were being negotiated, not renegotiated, that a
22	hold harmless provision was coming into use as a
23	transitional way of dealing with the uncertainties facing an
24	unbundled market where everybody before had been Williams
25	had been bundled service, they had the merchant function.

1	There were a lot of regulatory risks out there
2	because no one knew how the various state and federal
3	commissions would deal with some of these issues.
4	And I think the evidence is also in the
5	record, in the testimony and also elicited a little bit on
6	cross as to why Riverside insisted that the how that risk
7	was going to be dealt with. And part of it had to do with,
8	frankly, the way the Riverside companies had been structured
9	as a new market entrant. They were highly highly in
10	debt. They had to get approval from their lenders.
11	Anything they would have agreed to their
12	lenders had approved the old contracts. The lenders needed
13	to be able to approve the new contracts. And one way to do
14	this was a give and take contained in the contract.
15	And, of course, with regard to the hold
16	harmless clause and I don't mean to sound glib, it is
17	tempting to say, well, a jurisdictional utility like or a
18	pipeline who we don't regulate, they're going to bear all
19	the risk anyway, let's just cut the rates.
20	Well, okay. I don't think that's sound
21	regulatory policy. And I think this Commission historically
22	has always based its decisions on what the record evidence
23	was in front of it and has tried to do the right thing.
24	And I don't think the Staff is arguing or
25	suggesting that the Commission ignore the evidence and

1	simply stick it to the pipeline because we're not part of
2	your regulatory family. But there's an implication of that
3	in a lot of questions that the Public Counsel and the Staff
4	during cross had raised on the hold harmless issue.
5	The next question I think you asked
6	Mr. Schwarz is it the Staff's position PSC should find the
7	Missouri agreements should they find that the Missouri
8	agreements are imprudent for this particular ACA period,
9	should you also find that it's imprudent for all subsequent
10	periods.
11	I'm not sure what I my notes aren't very
12	good on what Mr. Schwarz responded, but again, he says the
13	evidence supports it even if whatever the position is,
14	the evidence supports it even if it's not well articulated.
15	I think it's clear that even though the
16	Commission's record and order in this case said, Staff, you
17	didn't prove your case, that's not enough for the Staff to
18	say, well, we're going to continue to pursue in every ACA
19	period this same type of adjustment.
20	And, frankly, I think if the Commission had
21	ruled that way or for some reason decides now to go back and
22	change that, which we obviously would have some real
23	problems with, the record evidence it would seem to me
24	the Commission's going to have a fairly difficult time doing
25	that, but I think the answer was to your question, yes, he

2	until and I don't know what would happen in that
3	scenario.
4	There would obviously I'm almost certain
5	there would be court action from us. How that would I
6	don't know how that would play out.
7	How can you bring finality if the Commission
8	now reverses itself on its Report and Order to agree with
9	the Staff? He went through several scenarios. To me that's
10	speculation. I like the question. I'd like to get to some
11	finality.
12	I think I hate to even mention this, but we
13	had attempted throughout all of the court proceedings
14	through avenues at the FERC to try to settle this matter. I
15	hate to use that word in context of this hearing this
16	morning. But we're told, no, there is no reason to settle.
17	No settlement.
18	So we have not been able to come up with a
19	settlement, but that is another possibility to bring
20	finality. I would suggest if we go there, I'm not going to
21	draft the agreement.
22	I think Mr. Schwarz is correct about how the
23	Commission does a calculation looking backward at an ACA
24	period. The numbers have to be in before they can do what
25	they do in an ACA period. I think that's the nature of the
	1208

would love to have that finding and he would continue

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2	The ACA PGA process, there have been a lot of
3	criticisms of the fundamental nature of it. And I think I
4	mentioned in the opening statement when this all started
5	back in September, you have an inherent problem trying to
6	use what Mr. Micheel calls the annual snapshot approach to
7	review when you're dealing with multi-year contracts.
8	And I would just suggest to the Commission
9	that if the Commission is looking to encourage LDCs to mix
10	up their portfolio a little bit and have some longer term
11	contracts, this is only going to get worse as a matter of
12	policy.
13	And I'm afraid, Commissioner Gaw, my notes
14	faded off after that. I know there were a
15	COMMISSIONER GAW: That's all right. I just
16	wanted to give you an opportunity to address the comments.
17	And, Mr. Duffy, would you
18	MR. DUFFY: Yeah. I'm going to try to be real
19	brief. I want to focus on Mr. Schwarz' comment that MGE
20	freely and voluntarily took assignment of that 1991
21	contract.
22	That part of the statement is true. We freely
23	and voluntarily took assignment of that contract and we
24	freely and voluntarily entered into a contract with Western
25	Resources. But then we came to the Commission and on

1 beast.

1	August 5th, 1993, that entire contract was presented to the
2	Commission. And we said, here, we want to do this deal.
3	And I also disagree with Mr. Schwarz where he
4	says and my notes reflect he said, I don't think it's the
5	Staff's position to tell the Commission what's not
6	detrimental to the public interest.
7	I violently disagree with that. Just look at
8	the facts in that case. I was in that case and my
9	recollection is Staff came up with a couple dozen things
10	they said were detrimental to the public interest in this
11	deal.
12	And what shocks me to no end is that, okay,
13	they found all these things that were detrimental, but not
14	one word was said about this Mid-Kansas contract. And the
15	Staff is the only party who would have had the idea that
16	there was something detrimental about it, because they were
17	the ones doing the ACA audits.
18	So my simple proposition is if there was any
19	imprudence at all, it was on the Staff. The Staff was
20	imprudent in not telling the Public Service Commission in
21	1993 that there was a problem with these contracts.
22	Because if they had done that, then all the
23	parties would have had to face that at that point and the
24	Staff could have said, don't take assignment of those
25	contracts, Commission. Those are bad contracts. Make MGE
	1210

1	figure out another way to get gas to Kansas City then
2	through those contracts. Make Western Resources keep those
3	contracts.
4	And if that issue had come up in 1993, I don't
5	think we'd be here arguing about this today. I think it is
6	outrageous that by staying silent the Staff sandbagged
7	everybody in 1993. They knew about this, they were the only
8	one that could bring this up. They didn't say a word. They
9	sandbagged everybody because they apparently have this
10	notion that, well, it's okay, we don't have to bring it up
11	now because we'll be able to zap those companies for year
12	after year after year in the future. That's not the way the
13	regulation ought to be run.
14	The law says the Commission's supposed to look
15	at those contracts and say what's detrimental to the public
16	interest. If the Staff sat on their case and didn't bring
17	something forward that was not detrimental excuse me
18	and didn't bring something forward that was detrimental to
19	the public interest, they ought not to be heard about it
20	now.
21	And I would agree that I think your
22	question was how does agreeing with the Staff bring
23	finality. I don't think it brings finality.
24	COMMISSIONER GAW: Mr. Micheel?
25	Thank you, Mr. Duffy.
	1211

1	MR. MICHEEL: I just want to weigh in on just
2	the last statements by Mr. Duffy regarding what transpired
3	in the sale of assets case. And I was also involved in
4	that.
5	And I think it's very clear that when you look
6	at the Commission's Report and Order in that case, it says
7	clearly that there isn't any rate-making treatments at all
8	that are going to be, you know, stated one way or another
9	when Southern Union purchased the assets of the Missouri
10	jurisdictional gas system from Western Resources. So I
11	don't know that I can fundamentally agree with that.
12	And earlier Mr. Duffy also referred to that
13	and I guess he used a biblical tone and I'm not going to
14	reply with a biblical tone, I'm going to keep church and
15	state separate.
16	But I would just say that the company has a
17	job to do due diligence when they look at this. And the
18	ratepayer in this case had nothing to do with it. They're
19	captive customers. This is where they get their gas from.
20	They don't have any choices.
21	So the fact that, you know, MGE maybe didn't
22	do enough due diligence or didn't ask the Staff, excuse me,
23	has there been some prudent disallowances, do you have any
24	problems with that, I don't think that should absolve the
25	company from doing their job.

1	And I guess I would just respond a little
2	bit I'm trying to avoid all this argument on things I
3	didn't think we were going to be arguing about today, but I
4	guess we are so I've got a little bit to say.
5	Mr. Stewart said that he resented the
6	implication from the Staff and the Public Counsel in cross
7	that we should stick it to the pipeline company because
8	there's a hold harmless agreement.
9	The adjustment that was recommended in this
10	case and what the Staff asked the Commission to find was
11	that MGE was imprudent in doing the acts that they did.
12	And, you know, if the fall-out from that imprudence is that
13	MGE enforces a contractual agreement that it had with
14	Mid-Kansas for a hold harmless, so be it. I mean, that's
15	not what we're concerned about.
16	What we're concerned about and I'll let
17	Mr. Schwarz speak to this, but what I'm concerned about when
18	I'm before this Commission is ensuring that the customers
19	are getting just and reasonable rates. And the adjustment
20	would be an adjustment to MGE.
21	Now, I guess in this case there are some
22	contractual agreements that I believe Mid-Kansas and the
23	Kansas Pipeline entered into freely with the companies to do
24	that. And so I just don't think that's you know, that
25	wasn't our thrust or my view when I was cross-examining,
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2	COMMISSIONER GAW: I don't know whether I
3	hesitate to go back to Mr. Schwarz to start this circle all
4	over again, but at the risk of doing that, Mr. Schwarz, did
5	you have anything?
6	MR. SCHWARZ: I do have a number of comments,
7	yes.
8	My understanding in the merger transaction was
9	the Staff was to look at the merger and see if the sale was
10	detrimental; that is, Staff was not required to have Western
11	Resources complete its service line replacement program
12	because, my Lord, you wouldn't want them transferring leaky
13	service lines.
14	That was something that was being addressed on
15	an ongoing basis. Everybody understood that this is
16	property that is subject to continuing Commission regulatory
17	approval.
18	The Staff did make specific adjustments
19	because the sale purported, for instance, to transfer
20	pension liabilities, but didn't purport or propose to
21	transfer all of the pension assets. And Staff said, whoa,
22	if you're going that has to do with the sale itself, what
23	property, what assets and what liabilities are being sold.
24	I find it unbelievable I'm just as
25	incredulous as Mr. Duffy that Mr. Duffy can say that MGE,

1 so --

1	Southern Union when it bought the Missouri properties,
2	didn't realize that the contracts that it was assuming would
3	be subject to continuing regulatory review. That is an
4	astounding proposition.
5	If Missouri utilities, when they're bought and
6	sold, every aspect of continuing regulatory inquiry has to
7	be resolved at the time of the sale, it will take years to
8	consummate sales. And I don't believe that's the purpose of
9	the Staff's investigation in merger propositions and I don't
10	think it's fair to suggest now that it is.
11	And, again, like Mr. Micheel, my preparation
12	for this was relatively limited, but I think that if you
13	will recall the hearing, both MGE and Mid-Kansas Riverside
14	in describing the negotiations that led up to the '95
15	1995 February contracts that are at issue, their constant
16	reference is to the '91 contracts that were then in effect.
17	We can't just walk away. We have a binding
18	contract. This is still with us. Mid-Kansas repeatedly
19	says we weren't going to let them walk away from the
20	obligations under those agreements. And MGE is saying we
21	couldn't risk walking away from those agreements.
22	So the '91 contracts, which really started the
23	problems that need to be addressed here, were very much on
24	the minds of the parties and certainly it constituted the
25	basis or background for the '95 agreements.

1	And it's not so much that MGE was imprudent in
2	assuming the contracts. I mean, that transaction is viewed,
3	I think properly, did they get a good deal or did they get a
4	bad deal. If things turned out as MG Southern Union
5	anticipated, that's more good deal/bad deal. Did the
6	operating agreements actually provide what we thought they
7	did and did the costs that we incurred generate adequate
8	revenue to make it a good deal.
9	I don't think that it's from the
10	perspective of regulatory review of prudence that you gauge
11	MGE's and Western Resources deal in the sale of the Missouri
12	properties in terms of prudent or imprudent.
13	I think that the 1995 contracts, anything that
14	made the that bettered the terms of the '91 contract,
15	it's hard to say that they were imprudent to do so. But at
16	the same time, I don't think that by mitigating to a limited
17	extent the damages that were visited by that what is
18	unquestionably now has been finally resolved as being
19	imprudent agreement in '91 and which was clearly on the
20	minds and binding on the parties when they mitigated the
21	damages in '95, to say that they have eliminated all of the
22	harm that was generated by that '91 agreement.
23	And I think that's the crux, yeah. And we
24	signed a contract in '91 that ended up with \$20 reservation
25	rates and through means of a '95 agreement we bargained that

1	down to \$18 or \$17. Does that mean that all harm has been
2	mitigated? No.
3	And to say that because they were able to
4	mitigate \$3 or \$4 out of a and leave \$7 or \$8 remaining,
5	all the while saying this bad agreement was binding on us, I
6	think that's the focus that you need to keep and I think
7	that that's the real issue in this case. And I think that
8	the evidence that has been presented all along is consistent
9	with that.
10	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Anything further,
11	Commissioner Gaw?
12	COMMISSIONER GAW: No, that's it.
13	JUDGE WOODRUFF: Commissioner Forbis, do you
14	have any questions?
15	COMMISSIONER FORBIS: This has been real
16	helpful for the last two and a half hours. Thank you all
17	very much.
18	Mr. Stewart, I just want to make sure okay.
19	Asking for rehearing, but am I correct in making the
20	conclusion that getting the conclusion that you're here
21	because you want to fire a preemptive shot against future
22	actions?
23	MR. STEWART: No.
24	COMMISSIONER FORBIS: That's not fair?
25	MR. STEWART: I wouldn't characterize it that
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1	way. The Commission procedures provide and the statute
2	provide it's 386.500 or something, I can't remember the
3	exact statute provide that if a party has a problem with
4	Commission's Report and Order, they can seek a rehearing,
5	they call it, before the Commission. That does not
6	necessarily mean another hearing. It just means that's the
7	procedure.
8	It's a little late in the game for us to be
9	accused of seeking a preemptive strike. I'll admit to that
10	when we filed our writ of prohibition case and I'll also
11	admit to it when we filed under the writ of review
12	proceeding, before the hearing and before we had to go
13	through all of the expense, time and trouble of going to
14	hearing.
15	Yes, that was a preemptive strike, if you
16	will, because we believed that the Stipulation and Agreement
17	said we wouldn't have to do this anymore and we were being
18	drug into it. Those were the to use your phrase, the
19	preemptive strikes.
20	But this is now that we've gone through the
21	process, now that we've litigated the process and we're back
22	to the question we started with. Does the stipulation
23	preclude the Staff from proposing these types of
24	disallowances in future proceedings, based on whatever it is
25	today the Staff may be basing its disallowance on.

1	COMMISSIONER FORBIS: That's what I meant by
2	preemptive strike, because in the Report and Order for the
3	cases that were at hand, they were decided totally apart
4	from the stipulation and based on the evidence in the case.
5	And I think our ruling was, you know, we didn't really have
6	to deal with this question. We were able to get at it other
7	ways. But you're then concerned that there will be future
8	cases filed?
9	MR. STEWART: I would direct your attention to
10	what the Staff filed on March 18th in GR-99-304. It clearly
11	stated this was after the Commission's Report and Order
12	came out that as the I can read it no other way.
13	As the order currently stands, the Staff feels
14	an obligation, desire, whatever you want to call it, to
15	continue in the next ACA case, 98-167, all the way through
16	coming back, coming back.
17	And because of that, had the Commission, for
18	example, in its Report and Order said not only, Staff, have
19	you not made your case, we find there's no evidence of
20	imprudence and we don't think you're likely to go find any
21	new evidence on imprudence, would we have to reach the
22	question of does the stipulation as a practical matter,
23	maybe not. I don't know.
24	Clearly, if the Commission reaches the
25	conclusion on the stipulation that it bars the proposed
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T	adjustment on a going-forward basis, we've had, you know
2	we've had the litigation already, we've heard the evidence,
3	maybe that gives a little more comfort level as to what you
4	might see down the road and helps you get there to say
5	Staff, stop it, no more. I don't know.
6	But I think I know where you're going. I
7	recognized in reading the order the interplay between the
8	stip issue and the prudence issue. I'm afraid,
9	unfortunately, my answer is I would have hoped that would
10	have done it. It didn't do it. We're faced again with the
11	potential of having to come back and re-litigate this in the
12	next case, 167, quite shortly, in fact.
13	COMMISSIONER FORBIS: And rather than wait for
14	that in case it would happen, you want to go ahead and try
15	to address that now?
16	MR. STEWART: The Commission still has that
17	jurisdiction over that order. Nobody's filed in court yet.
18	We can't until you would issue your ruling on the
19	Application for Rehearing.
20	I mean, one of the things you could do is tell
21	me rehearing denied. End of story.
22	What does that mean? Well, I would predict
23	that if the Commission does that, I've got a lot of legal
24	research to be doing, because I don't think that's going to
25	stop Mr. Schwarz and the boys from coming after us.

1	COMMISSIONER FORBIS: Thanks.
2	JUDGE WOODRUFF: All right. Then,
3	Mr. Stewart, I'll give you about five minutes to sum up, if
4	you wish to.
5	MR. STEWART: I will not need five minutes.
6	There was just two things I wanted to mention.
7	And I'll get back to where we started this
8	morning on the stipulation itself. On page 3 of the Staff's
9	suggestions, he lists four bullet points where he says that
10	the Staff suggests that parole evidence firmly establishes
11	that the Stipulation and Agreement does not preclude
12	adjustments, the evidence is overwhelming, colon.
13	I'm going to start from the bottom up as the
14	Commission evaluates the Staff's four bullet points. The
15	bottom one is that there was an outside auditor report
16	presented in the hearing. There was considerable discussion
17	about it. I can't remember who was on the stand when that
18	came up. I believe it was Mr. Langley.
19	We objected to that report as being hearsay.
20	The record will reflect the objection. I don't even recall
21	now how it was ruled on. But for the Commission, if we're
22	right that that is hearsay, and we believe it is, we
23	certainly whatever the auditors whoever those people
24	were, we don't know who they were, they were not here to be
25	cross-examined, we don't know what information they had to
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1	make whatever conclusionary statement that was in that
2	report.
3	I would just ask you to go check the record on
4	the question of that outside auditor. I think it was
5	successfully compromised, far from being overwhelming as
6	Mr. Schwarz says.
7	As to the second item, I think we already
8	touched upon that about the it listed six ACA cases and
9	the consideration paid. Again, that was fully briefed in
10	our initial brief and I would direct the Commission there
11	and also to the reply brief.
12	To say that arbitrarily assumed that the
13	Commission in 93-140 was going to win that appeal, I think
14	is a bit presumptuous. It would be as presumptuous for me
15	to tell a client I think we're going to win this particular
16	case tomorrow.
17	I'd like to say that, but I'm not sure that's
18	correct. And there are risks and balances and weighing
19	benefits, detriments on any of those case any type of
20	scenario where you're looking at settlement.
21	Frankly, the Staff is being presumptuous to
22	assume, especially now after this case, that they're going
23	to get a \$4 million plus adjustment in each ACA period. And
24	there's some testimony in the record again as to why those
25	numbers that issue about the consideration not being
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1	consistent with the stipulation, it's in the record.
2	And, finally, the last two, item No. 1, item
3	No. 3, again, that was addressed in the record. So I and
4	in our brief, our initial brief and reply brief.
5	So that's really the only thing left I would
6	say on that except if as you're trying to decipher maybe
7	what was the imprudent act or omission on MGE's part, if you
8	go back and look at the record, ask yourself what else could
9	MGE have done under the circumstances that they didn't do?
10	What was it? I think the record will reveal the answer to
11	that.
12	JUDGE WOODRUFF: All right. Thank you,
13	Mr. Stewart.
14	And with that, we are adjourned.
15	(ORAL ARGUMENTS ADJOURNED.)
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