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#### MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

#### FILE NO. EA-2019-0021

### SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

#### TOM BYRNE

ON

# **BEHALF OF**

#### UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

### d/b/a AMEREN MISSOURI

#### \*\*\*DENOTES HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION\*\*\*

St. Louis, Missouri January 2019

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

I.	INTRODUCTION	. 1
II.	PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY	. 2
III.	COUNTY PROPERTY TAX ISSUES	. 3
IV.	DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION ISSUES	. 7
V.	STAFF'S RECOMMENDED COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS	12

# SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

# OF

# TOM BYRNE

# FILE NO. EA-2019-0021

1		I. INTRODUCTION
2	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
3	А.	Tom Byrne, Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri ("Ameren
4	Missouri" or	"Company"), One Ameren Plaza, 1901 Chouteau Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri
5	63103.	
6	Q.	What is your position with Ameren Missouri?
7	А.	I am Senior Director of Regulatory Affairs.
8	Q.	Please describe your educational background and employment
9	experience.	
10	А.	In 1980, I graduated from the University of Missouri-Columbia with
11	Bachelor of	Journalism and Bachelor of Science-Business Administration degrees. In
12	1983, I gradu	ated from the University of Missouri-Columbia law school. From 1983-1988,
13	I was employ	yed as an attorney for the Staff of the Missouri Public Service Commission
14	("Commissio	n"). In that capacity, I handled rate cases and other regulatory proceedings
15	involving all	types of Missouri public utilities. In 1988, I was hired as a regulatory attorney
16	for Mississip	ppi River Transmission Corporation, an interstate gas pipeline company
17	regulated by	the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC"). In that position, I
18	handled regul	atory proceedings at the FERC and participated in some cases at the Missouri

1	Commission. From 1995-2000, I was employed as a regulatory attorney for Laclede Gas
2	Company (now known as Spire Missouri Inc.). In that position, I handled rate cases and
3	other regulatory proceedings before the Commission. In 2000, I was hired as a regulatory
4	attorney by Ameren Services Company and I originally handled regulatory matters
5	involving local gas distribution companies owned by operating subsidiaries of Ameren
6	Corporation (now Ameren Illinois Company and Ameren Missouri). In 2012, I was
7	promoted to the position of Director and Assistant General Counsel, and I was assigned to
8	handle both gas and electric cases in Missouri. In 2014, I was promoted to my current
9	position, Senior Director of Regulatory Affairs.
10	II. PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY
11	Q. What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony in this proceeding?
12	A. My surrebuttal testimony addresses the policy implications of three issues
12 13	A. My surrebuttal testimony addresses the policy implications of three issues raised in the rebuttal testimony of other parties. First, I will address the property tax issues
13	raised in the rebuttal testimony of other parties. First, I will address the property tax issues
13 14	raised in the rebuttal testimony of other parties. First, I will address the property tax issues raised in the testimony of Atchison County witnesses Lori Jones and Susette Taylor, as
13 14 15	raised in the rebuttal testimony of other parties. First, I will address the property tax issues raised in the testimony of Atchison County witnesses Lori Jones and Susette Taylor, as well as similar issues raised in the testimony of DeKalb County witnesses Melissa Meek
13 14 15 16	raised in the rebuttal testimony of other parties. First, I will address the property tax issues raised in the testimony of Atchison County witnesses Lori Jones and Susette Taylor, as well as similar issues raised in the testimony of DeKalb County witnesses Melissa Meek and Tanya Zimmerman. Second, I will address the issues raised by Missouri Department
13 14 15 16 17	raised in the rebuttal testimony of other parties. First, I will address the property tax issues raised in the testimony of Atchison County witnesses Lori Jones and Susette Taylor, as well as similar issues raised in the testimony of DeKalb County witnesses Melissa Meek and Tanya Zimmerman. Second, I will address the issues raised by Missouri Department of Conservation ("MDC") witnesses Dr. Janet Haslerig and Jennifer Campbell. Finally, I
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> </ol>	raised in the rebuttal testimony of other parties. First, I will address the property tax issues raised in the testimony of Atchison County witnesses Lori Jones and Susette Taylor, as well as similar issues raised in the testimony of DeKalb County witnesses Melissa Meek and Tanya Zimmerman. Second, I will address the issues raised by Missouri Department of Conservation ("MDC") witnesses Dr. Janet Haslerig and Jennifer Campbell. Finally, I will respond to the Missouri Public Service Commission Staff's recommendation,
<ol> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> </ol>	raised in the rebuttal testimony of other parties. First, I will address the property tax issues raised in the testimony of Atchison County witnesses Lori Jones and Susette Taylor, as well as similar issues raised in the testimony of DeKalb County witnesses Melissa Meek and Tanya Zimmerman. Second, I will address the issues raised by Missouri Department of Conservation ("MDC") witnesses Dr. Janet Haslerig and Jennifer Campbell. Finally, I will respond to the Missouri Public Service Commission Staff's recommendation, explained on pp. 17-20 of the Staff Rebuttal Report, that would require Ameren Missouri

1	III. COUNTY PROPERTY TAX ISSUES
2	Q. What position have Atchison and DeKalb County witnesses taken in
3	this case?
4	A. Atchison County witnesses Jones and Taylor, and DeKalb County witnesses
5	Meek and Zimmerman all recommend that the relief requested by Ameren Missouri in this
6	case be denied. Their recommendation is based on the fact that ownership of the project
7	company (Brickyard Hills Development, LLC) by a Commission-regulated utility (here,
8	Ameren Missouri) instead of an unregulated wind developer, (EDF RE US Development,
9	LLC ("EDF")), will reduce the potential, incremental income taxes that Atchison County
10	had expected to see in property taxes, assuming the project is built. They argue that Ameren
11	Missouri and EDF should restructure their transaction so that EDF continues to own the
12	project company, and Ameren Missouri purchases the power, preserving all property taxes
13	arising from the project for Atchison County.
14	Q. Is there any merit to the position that Atchison and DeKalb Counties
15	have taken?
16	A. In my opinion, no. The tax impact to Atchison County is simply due to the
17	application of Missouri statutes, which require electric utility generating assets to be
18	centrally assessed by the Missouri State Tax Commission, and for property tax revenues to
19	be allocated to various taxing authorities based on circuit miles owned by the utility in each

taxing district. This statutory taxing process applies to all of Ameren Missouri's generating facilities located in the state, including the Callaway nuclear plant, and all four of Ameren Missouri's coal-fired plants. It will also apply to Ameren Missouri's Terra-Gen wind generation facility located in Schuyler and Adair Counties, once that facility is in service.

1 Moreover, it applies to generating facilities owned by all other electric utilities regulated 2 by the Commission that are located in Missouri. Atchison County is asking this 3 Commission to make its decision in this case -i.e., whether it is necessary or convenient 4 for the public service for Ameren Missouri to own the project company - based on the 5 county's parochial interests. The decision in this case must instead be based upon the best 6 interest of Ameren Missouri and its customers under the longstanding legal principles (and 7 Commission practice) applicable to certificate of convenience and necessity ("CCN") 8 cases. Under those standards, including the *Tartan* factors typically relied upon by the 9 Commission, it is necessary or convenient for the public service for Ameren Missouri to 10 own the project company, a conclusion with which the Missouri Public Service 11 Commission Staff ("Staff") and the Missouri Division of Energy agree.<sup>1</sup>

# Q. Shouldn't the Commission do something in this case to help preserve the tax revenue associated with this project for Atchison County?

14 A. No. In establishing the current property tax structure for electric generating 15 assets owned by Commission-regulated utilities, the legislature made a conscious decision 16 that such taxes should be allocated according to circuit miles. The policy reflected in 17 current law ensures that all or nearly all of the property taxes paid for generation that serves 18 a given Commission-regulated utility's customers is paid to the taxing jurisdictions where 19 those customers reside. It would be inappropriate for the Commission to second-guess this 20 policy decision of the General Assembly or somehow try to get around it in this case. Any 21 change in that policy decision must be made by the General Assembly. It should also be 22 remembered that property tax revenue for this facility is a zero-sum game. Preserving

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Rebuttal Testimony of Staff witness Jamie S. Myers, the Staff's Rebuttal Report, and the Rebuttal Testimony of Martin R. Hyman, filed in this case.

property tax revenue for Atchison County could only come at the cost of reducing property
 tax revenues for all of the other taxing districts where Ameren Missouri has poles and
 wires. The Commission should not be in the business of picking winners and losers among
 taxing districts. That is the job of the General Assembly.

5 In addition, if the Commission did decide to somehow favor Atchison County with 6 additional property tax revenue, how could that be explained to the other counties where 7 Ameren Missouri electric generating facilities are located? Callaway County would 8 certainly like to keep all of the property tax associated with the Callaway Nuclear Plant, as 9 would Franklin County for the Labadie Plant, St. Louis County for the Meramec Plant, St. 10 Charles County for the Sioux Plant, Reynolds County for the Taum Sauk Plant, and Miller 11 County for Osage Plant. But that is not the property tax allocation method that the 12 legislature has adopted. If that allocation is to change, the legislature is the one that should 13 change it.

# Q. Why shouldn't the Commission just deny the application Ameren Missouri has submitted and then the Company could buy the power from the wind facility?

A. That is not the transaction the parties have negotiated and that is not the proposal before the Commission. If this proposal were rejected, Ameren Missouri may or may not be willing to negotiate a purchase power agreement with EDF. And if Ameren Missouri did not enter into such an agreement with EDF, the wind facility may not get built at all. More importantly, as discussed in the surrebuttal testimony of Ameren Missouri witness Ajay K. Arora, entering into purchase power agreements generally, or entering into a purchase power agreement for this project specifically, is not in customers' long-term

1 best interests. As discussed by Mr. Arora, there are other benefits to ownership. If Ameren 2 Missouri owns the facilities, it has a direct ability to ensure that they are properly 3 maintained and operated. It (and its customers) can benefit from operational improvements 4 or savings it can achieve instead of those inuring to the benefit of the developer, and it can 5 unilaterally make capital improvements to the wind turbines to increase capacity where it 6 is economic to do so. It can also gain valuable operational experience with this increasingly 7 important generation resource. And with ownership, Ameren Missouri (and its customers) 8 will retain the "residual value" of the turbines after any contract for purchasing power 9 would expire, either by continuing to operate the turbines if prudent, or by repowering them 10 if the economics of doing so makes sense. For all these reasons, ownership of wind 11 facilities, particularly in an environment where Production Tax Credits ("PTCs") are 12 available, is preferable. Consequently the Commission should not reject the Company's 13 application.

# Q. Do you have any other comments regarding the testimony of the county witnesses?

16 A. Yes. It is unclear to me why DeKalb County is even involved in this case. 17 The project is not located in DeKalb County, and DeKalb County will lose no property tax 18 revenue if it is approved. In fact, as Ameren Missouri witness Joe LaMacchia testifies, 19 because there are some pole-miles in DeKalb County, DeKalb County will see a small 20 increase in its property tax revenues as a result of Ameren Missouri ownership of this wind 21 facility. As the Commission is aware, Commission cases have no precedential value 22 (unlike court cases), and each Commission case is judged on its own merit. The 23 Commission certainly should not be making a CCN decision about this project in a

1	completely different county based on DeKalb County's speculation that Ameren Missouri
2	might, someday, seek to own wind generation in DeKalb County. As Mr. Arora testifies,
3	Ameren Missouri has not considered, and is not considering, any such generation in
4	DeKalb County. And even if such a case arose, whether a CCN should be granted in that
5	case would be a decision the Commission would need to make in that case. So for these
6	reasons as well, the comments of DeKalb County should be disregarded.
7	IV. DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION ISSUES
8	Q. What is the Missouri Department of Conservation's position in this
9	case?
10	A. MDC does not appear to oppose Ameren Missouri's request for a CCN in
11	this case, but asks that any CCN be subject to numerous conditions. The conditions MDC
12	proposes are as follows:
13	1. Ameren Missouri should be required to provide reasonable advanced notice
14	to MDC of all scheduled meetings and conference calls (related to the Project) with the
15	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service ("USFWS").
16	2. Ameren Missouri should be prohibited from clearing any known active or
17	inactive eagle nest trees.
18	3. Ameren Missouri should be required to conduct post-construction
19	monitoring of eagle fatality and disturbances in accordance with USFWS Guidance.
20	Fatality monitoring efforts involve searching for eagle carcasses beneath turbines and other
21	facilities to estimate the number of fatalities. Disturbance monitoring will determine post-
22	construction territory or roost occupancy rates, nest success rates and productivity.

7

1	4. A minimum one-mile set-back should be required from (or buffer should be
2	required around) known active and alternative (present and future) eagle nests within the
3	Project area where turbines cannot be constructed or operated.
4	5. Ameren Missouri should be required to report to MDC all eagle carcasses
5	observed within 48 hours via email identifying the date, turbine location (UTMs), species,
6	and sex.
7	6. Ameren Missouri should be required to report to MDC observed mortalities
8	for; (a) all raptors and (b) bird species of conservation concern observed annually by
9	December 31, identifying the date, turbine location (UTMs), species, and sex.
10	7. Ameren Missouri should be required to provide MDC a copy of all
11	documents and/or reports related to the Project that it provides to the USFWS at the same
12	time as they are provided to the USFWS.
13	8. Ameren Missouri should be required to provide the Commission annual
14	reports which include the information in Paragraphs 3, 5, 6, and 7 above.
15	9. Ameren Missouri should be required to obtain an Eagle Conservation Plan
16	from the USFWS.
17	10. Ameren Missouri should be required to conduct a traffic count survey at
18	Brickyard Hill Conservation Area and Corning Conservation Area.
19	11. Ameren Missouri should be required to conduct a viewshed study at
20	Brickyard Hill Conservation Area and Corning Conservation Area.
21	12. Ameren Missouri should be prohibited from constructing or operating a
22	wind turbine within three miles of any conservation area.
23	(Haslerig rebuttal, p. 11; Campbell rebuttal, p. 11).

8

# Q. Has Ameren Missouri agreed to any of the conditions recommended by MDC?

A. Yes. Ameren Missouri has agreed to conditions 1 and 7, as reflected in its application filed in this case. In addition, it appears that two of the other conditions are irrelevant/unnecessary for this project in whole or in part. Condition 2 is irrelevant because there are no known active or inactive eagle nest trees within the boundaries of the project. And condition 12 is irrelevant because none of the proposed wind turbines are within three miles of a conservation area.

9 Q. Why are you distinguishing conditions with which Ameren Missouri 10 agrees from conditions that are "irrelevant"?

A. Ameren Missouri does not agree that the irrelevant conditions are necessary or appropriate, given the Commission's role in this case, as opposed to the role MDC would play under its statutory authority, or the role the USFWS plays under its authority. But for these conditions, that issue does not need to be debated in this case, since the project would not violate those conditions.

# Q. Are the remaining conditions that address monitoring and reporting (conditions 3, 4, 5, 6 and 8) and the one that requires an Eagle Conservation Plan (condition 9) necessary to protect eagles and other bird species?

A. I don't know. I am not a bird scientist. I do know that what specific conditions are warranted can be the subject of much debate among experts. And in my opinion, this Commission should not be the referee of these debates. This Commission can legitimately expect Ameren Missouri to comply with all applicable laws and regulations, and obtain all permits necessary from appropriate regulatory agencies. That is no different

Q.

from the situation that exists with regard to existing infrastructure—the Company has to comply with state and federal air, water, waste, and land use requirements, and has to obtain a number of permits for any project. But the Commission is not the appropriate agency to make determinations about the optimal monitoring protocols for eagle and bird carcasses.

5

# Is there a forum in which these issues will be appropriately addressed?

A. Yes. These issues will be—and are being—addressed through the
regulatory processes administered by the USFWS with the participation of the MDC. The
Commission need not and should not insert itself into that process by requiring specific
monitoring, mitigation, and reporting protocols as conditions of the CCN in this case.

Q. Conditions 10 and 11 would require Ameren Missouri to conduct
traffic count surveys and viewshed studies at two different state conservation areas.
Is Ameren Missouri willing to agree to conduct such studies?

A. No. Ameren Missouri does not believe such studies are necessary given the distance of this project from the conservation areas. If MDC wants such studies conducted, they of course could conduct such studies on its own, or they could adopt regulations to require such studies. They have not done either.

Q. Are there any policy reasons why the Commission should not allow
itself to become, effectively, a regulatory instrument for MDC when it comes to
conservation issues with wind facilities?

A. Yes. There currently exists approximately 1,000 MW of wind generation already constructed and in operation in Missouri. None of that wind generation is owned by a Commission-regulated utility and therefore none of that wind generation was required to receive a CCN from this Commission. As a consequence, with respect to all of that wind

generation, MDC has had no forum in which to argue for the imposition of conservation
 conditions beyond what the law would otherwise require.

3 It is my understanding that MDC has been actively examining conservation issues 4 related to wind development for several years and wind farms have been developing in the 5 state over the past several years as well. Yet MDC has not developed a process for 6 permitting wind development, and in fact currently has no process for wind developers to 7 take the steps that Ameren Missouri is taking through the USFWS process that fairly 8 balance the lawful operation of wind farms (and the benefits renewable generation 9 provides) with legitimate conservation concerns. Regulated utilities should not be 10 penalized, or subject to higher standards in building wind generation facilities, simply 11 because they are required to obtain a CCN. This is particularly true given that regulated 12 utilities have a Renewable Energy Standard ("RES") mandate to meet while other electric 13 providers do not. And the Commission should not allow itself to be transformed into an 14 agency that must develop and enforce new conservation standards when MDC, the agency 15 charged with that function, has failed to do so.

16

#### Q. Do you agree that MDC should be involved in the USFWS process?

A. Absolutely. MDC should be invited to attend USFWS meetings or conference calls when the environmental conditions of operation are developed in the USFWS process. Ameren Missouri has committed to providing MDC with notice of every meeting and conference call that takes place as part of the USFWS process, and providing MDC with copies of reports and other documents that it provides to USFWS. But we do not believe that more should be required.

11

Q.

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# V. STAFF'S RECOMMENDED COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS

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### What is Staff's recommended cost-benefit analysis?

A. In the Staff Rebuttal Report, Staff has recommended that, in the event that the Total Designated Network Upgrade costs for the project, to be paid to the Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc. ("MISO"), exceed \*\*\*\_\_\_\_\_\*\*\*, Ameren Missouri should be required to provide an analysis comparing "the increased Total Designated Network upgrade costs including potential costs allocated or assigned from other upgrades or projects, with the benefits of continuing the project" prior to a Generator Interconnection Agreement being signed. Staff Rebuttal Report, pp. 19-20.

10

# Q. Is Ameren Missouri willing to agree to such a requirement?

11 A. No. The Staff's proposal creates at least two significant problems. First, 12 Ameren Missouri is required, by the terms of the Build Transfer Agreement ("BTA"), to 13 have a final certificate of convenience and necessity from the Commission no later than 14 June 1, 2019. But the Total Designated Network upgrade payment required by MISO for 15 this project will not be known by that time. As the Commission is aware, projects seeking 16 to interconnect to MISO transmission lines go through a three-step iterative process to 17 determine the final amount of the required Total Designated Upgrade payment. This 18 amount will not be known by June 1st, so Staff's requirement would make it impossible for 19 Ameren Missouri to have a final certificate by that date. In theory at least, the certificate 20 could be revoked if the MISO interconnection cost exceeded \*\*\* \*\*\* and the 21 cost-benefit analysis did not adequately support the payment. This inability to timely obtain 22 a final certificate from the Commission would make it impossible for Ameren Missouri to 23 comply with the terms of the BTA and would effectively kill the project because the

deadlines in the BTA exist so that the timeline to take advantage of the full PTC value by
 placing the facility in service by the end of 2020 can be met. Those PTCs are worth
 approximately \$160 million for this project.

Second, timing considerations related to the MISO payment make it impossible to perform the cost-benefit study the Staff envisions. When MISO provides its estimated required Total Designated Network Upgrade payment, under the BTA Ameren Missouri has just eight business days to make an irrevocable election to proceed (or not proceed) with the project. Thereafter, pursuant to MISO's rules, EDF has just seven more business days to make full payment to MISO. There is simply no time to conduct a cost-benefit study and submit it to the Commission for approval.

11Q.So will customers have no protection against Ameren Missouri making12an imprudent decision to proceed with the project if the MISO interconnection costs13exceed \*\*\*\*\*\* and the benefits of the project do not outweigh its costs?

A. No. Customers will be 100% protected if Ameren Missouri makes an imprudent decision to proceed with the project in the face of incremental MISO interconnection costs above \*\*\*\_\_\_\_\_\*\*\*. In the rate case, where the Company seeks to recover the cost of the project, the Commission can disallow any costs of the project that are imprudent, including imprudently incurred additional MISO interconnection costs. As a consequence, there is no reason to impose this unworkable requirement as part of the CCN process.

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Q. Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony?

A. Yes, it does.

### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

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In the Matter of the Application of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri for Permission and Approval and a Certificate of Convenience and Necessity Authorizing it to Construct a Wind Generation Facility.

File No. EA-2019-0021

### **AFFIDAVIT OF TOM BYRNE**

STATE OF MISSOURI	)
	) ss
CITY OF ST. LOUIS	)

Tom Byrne, being first duly sworn on his oath, states:

1. My name is Tom Byrne. I work in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, and I am employed

by Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri as Senior Director of Regulatory Affairs.

2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Surrebuttal Testimony

on behalf of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri consisting of 13 pages and

Schedule(s) \_\_\_\_\_\_, all of which have been prepared

in written form for introduction into evidence in the above-referenced docket.

3. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to the questions therein propounded are true and correct.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 14th day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2019.

Cathleen A Dehne

My commission expires:

March 7, 2021

CATHLEEN A DEHNE Notary Public - Notary Seal St. Louis City – State of Missouri Commission Number 17119727 My Commission Expires Mar 7, 2021