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2	CELER OF MICCOMPT
3	STATE OF MISSOURI
4 5	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
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8	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
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10	Public Hearing
11	August 24, 2005
12	St. Louis, Missouri
13	Volume 3
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1 -	To the matter of Isalah Cas Community
15	In the matter of Laclede Gas Company's) Tariff to Revise Natural Gas Rate) Case No. GR-2005-0284
16	Schedules) case No. GR-2003-0204
10)
17	
18	NANCY M. DIPPELL, Presiding
	SENIOR REGULATORY LAW JUDGE
19	JEFF DAVIS, Chairman,
0.0	CONNIE MURRAY,
20	STEVE GAW,
21	ROBERT M. CLAYTON III, LINWARD "LIN" APPLING,
21	COMMISSIONERS
2.2	COMMISSIONERS
23	
24	REPORTED BY: Carol A. Green
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1	APPEARANCES
2	Laclede Gas company was represented by
3	attorney Michael Pendergast, 720 Olive Street, Suite
4	1520, St. Louis, Missouri 63101.
5	
6	The Office of Public Counsel was represented
7	by Senior Public Counsel Mr. Mike Dandino, P.O. Box
8	2230, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102.
9 10	The Chaff was represented by Deputy Conoral
11	The Staff was represented by Deputy General Counsel Mr. Tim Schwarz, P.O. Box 360, Jefferson City,
12	Missouri 63102.
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1 **PROCEEDINGS** 2 JUDGE DIPPELL: First, I'd like to thank St. Louis Community College. They graciously provided us this space to have our meeting. I just want to make clear that St. Louis Community College is in no 6 way affiliated with the contents of the meeting today, 7 or any of the opinions expressed. They were merely an 8 available room for us to use, and graciously have been 9 our host today. 10 The Missouri Public Service Commission 11 has set this time for a local hearing in Case No. 12 GR-2005-0284, in which Laclede Gas seeks to implement 13 a general rate increase. The Missouri Public Service 14 Commission regulates the rates charged by investor-15 owned utilities when in use in Missouri to ensure that 16 these rates are just and reasonable. The commission 17 also regulates the quality of service and safety of 18 operations in investor-owned utilities. 19 The commission is made up of five commis-20 sioners, three of whom are here today, and also our 21 chairman will be joining us shortly. The other com-22 missioner is going to be in our Jefferson City Office, 23

and she will be participating via teleconference and we should see her up on the screen, hopefully soon. The commission also employs a staff of

engineers, accountants, and attorneys, financial ana-1 lysts and other specialists in the field of utility regulations. As I said, my name is Nancy Dippell, I'm a regulatory law judge for the commission and 5 I'll be residing over the hearing today. Let me introduce the commissioners that are with me. 6 7 On the end here is Commissioner Clayton. 8 Next to him is Commissioner Gaw. This is Commissioner 9 Appling. Chairman Davis will be along shortly. 10 Commissioner Murray is on our screen. I see that she 11 can hear us, that's good. 12 We're not only videoconferencing this 13 hearing in our office in Jefferson City, but it's also 14 being broadcast over our web-cast so that the general 15 public, or anyone that wants to sign on to our Inter-16 net site can hear that. And hopefully that will also 17 happen with this evenings hearing that's going to be 18 at seven. If anyone wants to try to log on to it. 19 We also have present today, some of our 20 staff, which I think most of you have already met. 21 Including the attorney for the staff, we have with us 22 Mr. Mike Dandino from the Office of the Public 23 Counsel. And we also have some of the Laclede Gas 24 Company staff, and some of their attorneys. Are there 25 any other introductions that need to be made? Mr.

1 Pendergast is there anyone you would like to introduce? 3 MR. PENDERGAST: Thank you, your Honor. I would just like to make the customer service people available, so if anyone has any concerns or issues 6 with regard to service, please let us know and we'll 7 try to address that immediately. Thank you. 8 JUDGE DIPPELL: This is an official hear-9 ing of the Public Service Commission and the state-10 ments and testimony of the witnesses will be recorded 11 by a court reporter and will be taken under oath or 12 affirmation. In addition, a trial-type evidentiary 13 hearing may be held beginning on October 3, at 8:30 14 a.m. in the commissioner's offices at the Governor's 15 Office Building. That hearing is also a public hear-16 ing and the company will have the burden at that hear-17 ing of showing that its plan is reasonable. 18 This is your opportunity to comment, and 19 your remarks will be made part of the official record. 20 So that anyone who is not with us today will be able 21 the read those comments. I'll call the name of each 22 witness who signed up to speak and call you in the 23 order in which you signed up. When your name is call-24 ed please come forward, stand at the microphone, please spell your name for the court reporter.

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1 I will ask a few preliminary questions and then you can make your comments. There may be 3 questions from the commissioners or myself, so please do not leave the microphone until you're excused. If you want to just comment that you agree with the pre-6 vious speaker, that's perfectly fine as well. 7 I think we're just about ready to get 8 this started. I'll ask the attorneys if they'll just 9 make written entries of appearance afterwards, if 10 that's agreeable. 11 COMMISSIONER GAW: Judge, I just have a 12 quick question. Sometime around August the 1st there 13 was a filing by parties in this case to suspend the 14 procedural schedule. In that filing the parties re-15 quested the Commission to suspend the procedural 16 schedule with respect to direct testimony to be filed 17 on August 12, 2005, because the parties had reached a 18 tentative settlement and were in the process of pre-19 paring a unanimous stipulation and agreement, which

this time. My question to counsel is whether or not, without going into the details of what the discussion was prior to this open hearing, whether or not in the beginning of the disclosure process or this meeting

the parties intend to resolve all issues in dispute at

1 any of the details, or at least basic portions of that so-called tentative agreement were disclosed to any of 3 the people here, who are here to comment about this 4 case? And I'll ask the Public Counsel first. MR. DANDINO: Not to my knowledge, sir. 6 COMMISSIONER GAW: If that's the case, 7 then is the statement that was contained in the joint 8 motion to suspend the procedural schedule still accur-9 ate given the synopsis? 10 MR. DANDINO: In terms of a tentative 11 schedule settlement? 12 COMMISSIONER GAW: Yes. 13 MR. DANDINO: Yes. Tentative. 14 COMMISSIONER GAW: If that's the case then 15 isn't it appropriate for the parties to have some op-16 portunity to make some comment to this commission, so 17 that we can take that into account once that settle-18 ment is actually filed? 19 MR. DANDINO: At the very beginning of 20 the negotiations of this case, counsel informed the 21 parties that we're going to await any final decision 22 on final settlement upon comments we hear in the pub-2.3 lic hearings. That is our normal course of action, 24 and we made it very clear at the very beginning, we 25 reserve the right in case we hear something in this

process that conflicts with the general principals 1 we're going to agree on. That we're free to change our mind. Until it is, I think the agreement hasn't even been reduced to writing, is my understanding. 5 COMMISSIONER GAW: It's been clear since, 6 I believe August the 1st and this is what, today is 7 August 24. It's been between some concept of agree-8 ment for nearly a month, and it strikes me that having 9 a hearing when the parties have basically signed off 10 verbally on the agreement, having a public hearing 11 where the public is not allowed to know at least the 12 basics of that agreement, does not provide the public 13 with an adequate opportunity to voice their opinion as 14 to what that agreement contains. 15 And it makes it more difficult for the 16 commission to assess if that stipulation is subse-17 quently entered in and the commission is asked to 18 approve it, it makes it more difficult for this com-19 mission to assess how the public feels about it. So I 20 wanted to make that comment before we started, because 21 I have a very deep concern about how this process is 22 being laid out. And because as we move forward, it 23 seems to me that if we're not going to provide the 24 public with an opportunity to comment on that so-

called agreement at this stage, then at a minimum

there should be additional public hearings scheduled that provide that opportunity to the public. I'm very concerned.

I understand that there are difficulties in dealing with disclosures of agreements that have not been formalized. But when the parties make a formal announcement in principal it changes the dynamic in my mind, and it makes it important for the commission to be able to get that public feedback. That's all I have, Judge.

JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Clayton, do you have any opening comments?

COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: I want to be clear also from my perspective, when the commission relieved the parties of the obligation of filing a written document, a written settlement in this case, it's my understanding that all terms, perhaps weren't agreed to completely.

Not just the general nature of the rate increase, of the large overarching provisions of the settlement that would have direct impact on rate-payers, on customers. I guess I want to ask the question of all the parties, is it their intention to decline to talk about those broad overarching principals here today? Not just to single out the Office of

00010 1 Public Counsel. MR. DANDINO: Well, I'd be glad to share 3 with you. I believe we're under ethical obligation, 4 we're still under -- talking in terms of it's a settlement, until it's finalized, and I will not breach 6 that obligation. I will not discuss those matters. 7 COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: Is that the posi-8 tion of each of the parties? 9 MR. PENDERGAST: Yes. If I can go ahead 10 and address the issue briefly. I appreciate your com-11 ment. The only observation I would like to make is 12 that this is the way that these matters have been 13 handled at least in the last 25 years that I've been 14 before the Commission. That there is nothing unusual 15 about this process. 16 I'm not aware of any circumstance where 17 public hearings have been held to comment on a settle-18 ment as opposed to what the utility went ahead and 19 proposed. I hope everybody understands that these are 20 complex matters, and we had a number of proposals in 21 our case relating to hopefully having a low-income 22 program to help our most vulnerable customers. 2.3 Expanding energy efficiency measures and

programs so we can help our customers conserve on

their gas and save money. Mechanisms to tie what kind

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of compensation we receive for our gas supply activities to how good a job we do at mitigating prices, at reducing prices for our customers. Those are all complex matters that have required a significant amount of discussion in order to go ahead and finalize.

We met with a social service agency just last week to try to work and finalize details on a low-income program that will help our most vulnerable customers cope with their utility bills. Those are the kind of things we need to tie-up and need to go ahead and get finalized.

And finally, as Mr. Dandino said, the Public Counsel has all along indicated that they wanted to receive comments from the public before they made any kind of final decision and final commitment. The public has our proposal, they've had our proposal since February. I think any comments they make on our proposal would be directly applicable to any settlement that may ultimately be reached, and may ultimately be filed by the parties. And from my perspective, I don't believe anyone needs to know specifically what that is in order to be able to comment on the reasonableness of what we have asked for. To go ahead and share any concern they may have regarding the terms of service they have, or what kind of economic concerns

00012 they may have regarding an increase in their utility 1 2 rates. 3 And I just want to say for the record, that I fully respect Public Counsel's commitment to 5 uphold its ethical obligations under the law, and I'm 6 proud that they have done that. 7 COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: Was that a decline 8 to discuss the principals also? 9 THE WITNESS: The translation of that 10 would be, yes. 11 COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: Any other parties 12 that are present? Is it their intentions to decline 13 to discuss, not the settlement negotiations, not the 14 give-and-take that goes back and forth between settle-15 ment of cases, but the overarching general principals 16 of the proposed settlement? Is that the position of 17 staff? 18 THE STAFF: The Staff's understanding is 19 that the Commission's order of last week indicated 20 that that was not going to be required of the Staff. 21 So at this stage, yes, we are declining to discuss the 22 specifics of where the arrangements are. COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: The answers are 2.3

always a little more complicated. So yes, you are

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declining?

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                       THE STAFF: Yes.
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                 JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Appling, would you
     like to make an opening statement?
                 COMMISSIONER APPLING: Not an opening
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     statement. I just want to say thank you, to every
     one of you for taking the time out of your busy sche-
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     dules. If you have something to say, we're here to
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     listen, don't leave until you've aired your concern.
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     Thank you, very much.
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                 JUDGE DIPPELL: I don't know if
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     Commissioner Murray wants to make an opening state-
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     ment from our Jefferson City office.
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           COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Thank you, Judge.
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     I don't have an opening statement.
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                 JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you. Then we'll
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     go ahead and begin.
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                       MR. DANDINO: Your Honor, may I make an
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     opening statement?
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                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Certainly, Mr. Dandino.
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                       MR. DANDINO: On behalf of the Office of
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     Public Counsel I want to thank the people for coming
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     out here. We are, contrary to what some people may
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     think, we are interested in what you're saying. The
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     Office of Public Counsel reserves the right and wanted
     to here your input on this. You also have to
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understand a little bit about the background of this 1 case. 3 It was filed in February of this year and the Commission did embark upon a new procedural type schedule to prevent the delay involved in the process. A very commendable goal. But in part of that, was at 6 7 the time the company files their rate case, they also 8 file testimony and evidence in support of that rate 9 case, called direct testimony of prefiled testimony, 10 that supports their position. 11 The usual procedure is then for the 12 Staff, the Office of Public Counsel and any interested 13 parties, such as the industrials, to file testimony in 14 opposition to it or offer alternatives. Thereafter, 15 there's usually a public hearing prior to the eviden-16 tiary hearing, the trial-type hearing held in 17 Jefferson City, of the merits. 18 This process is a little bit different. 19 After the testimony was filed, I believe a procedural 20 schedule came out where it had a period of technical 21 or settlement conferences. And at one litigation, the 22 matters were discussed and there was also testimony 23 scheduled at a later time as Commissioner Gaw pointed 24 out, I believe it was August 12.

Well, prior to that time the parties went

into discussion and reached a general understanding, 1 so perhaps we don't need to go farther in the litigation, and at that point they advised the Commission. Once again, at that time Office of Public Counsel made 5 it very clear that we still wanted to hear from the 6 public before we inked a deal. During these discus-7 sions -- by the ethics we cannot talk about discus-8 sions and what was talked about and what was agreed 9 to, even in principal, during settlement discussions. 10 That is privileged and confidential information. 11 There is a statute that prohibits the 12 Office of Public Counsel and the Staff members from 13 disclosing confidential information to the public. 14 Certainly, we wouldn't want to run afoul of that. 15 There is also the obligation we take, that these are 16 not matters that are public matters. Like I said, 17 they're privileged and confidential. We're not trying 18 to hide anything, we are trying to get input. 19 And the input we want is on the original 20 proposal, because even with the comment on the origin-21 al proposal, if this Commission decides to reject any 22 agreement or whatever stipulation is produced in front 23 of them, then it comes down to -- Well, we're back to 24 the companies position, and there is no evidence of 25 the record where comments are on that. It's important

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     that they have that.
                        I just urge that you look at the results
     and judge for yourself whether this Commission is pre-
      sented with, and approves a just and reasonable rate
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      for your gas prices. Whether it's through litigation
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     or through the stipulation and agreement. Thank you.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Let's go ahead and begin.
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     If anyone would like to, there are plenty of seats in
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     the front of the room. If some of you who have just
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      come in are wanting to testify, there will be a sign-
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     up sheet in the back. Mr. Trotter, you're first on my
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      list, if you would like to begin. I'll first ask if
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      you'll raise your right hand.
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                        THE WITNESS: I will affirm.
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                  (Thereupon, the witness was duly
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      sworn/affirmed by the Judge to tell the truth.)
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you, sir. Could
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     you state your name and spell it for the court re-
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     porter.
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                       THE WITNESS: Gentry Trotter, G-e-n-t-r-y
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     T-r-o-t-t-e-r. My address is 1509 Washington Avenue.
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     I'm a Laclede Gas investor, that's my purpose for
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     being here today.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Are you a customer as
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     well?
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00017 1 THE WITNESS: Of course. I would be both. I'm a ticked-off customer. 3 JUDGE DIPPELL: Go ahead and make your 4 comments. THE WITNESS: First of all, Madam, I 6 appreciate the opportunity here, and I kind of concur 7 with commissioner Steve Gaw, and the other gentlemen. 8 These are public agencies and you have the trust of 9 the public to first of all beholding to, and not the 10 gas company. 11 The gas company is a monopoly, they're 12 out of control. They are greedy, and people are suf-13 fering because of their greed. So I too, for the re-14 cord, am opposed to these secret little things that 15 this Blunt Administration, which is different from any 16 other administration that I know of, that has decided 17 to get cozy with the Public Service Commission and the 18 Office of Public Counsel. 19 I'm very disappointed as a Missouri resi-20 dent. I'm here today because Laclede Gas does not 21 need another rate hike, that's ridiculous. They've 22 got 1200 employees, or thereabout. They've got 600 or 2.3 so in management, that's ridiculous. So all of those 24 people, when you look at the management ratio to the

employee ratio, that's nothing but fat.

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1 What I say to them as a stockholder, we can always make a profit, but why do we have to continue to make a profit on the back of the poor? And now, the working middle class. I just find that outrageous. Then the other issue is, as it relates to a 6 safety issue. There are rumors that Laclede's manage-7 ment is cutting back on the meter readers. 8 As it stands now, the gentleman earlier 9 said from Laclede that, we're going to support these 10 safety issues, and do whatever is necessary, etc. As 11 they stand today, as they stand in control by the 12 Blunt Administration, so we know that will change, 13 too. So I don't have any confidence in this commis-14 sion as it's now structured. 15 I'm very disappointed. You failed to 16 meet the needs of the people. Now, I know you said 17 the Office of Public Counsel protects our interest, 18 but we protect our interest. And you are appointed by 19 the people through us, through a political process and 20 you should be protecting our interest, and it's not 21 happening. 22 39 million dollars is a lot of money. 23 When you look at four dollars you're asking people --24 you've already got our bills jacked up. A lot of us,

including me had to pay a lot of money, and I was on

budget billing last year. That's like, three or four 1 hundred dollars a month. That's ridiculous. What about some poor lady that's on social security? What about some poor lady that has to deal with medicine on social security? What about some poor lady that has to buy groceries, who is on social security, who has 6 7 to pay for her heating bill and electric in the middle 8 of the summer on social security? 9 What about the middle class? This 10 country is built on the back bone of the middle class. 11 Little Johnny has to go to school, has to go to col-12 lege. All of these necessities are being swept away 13 by the greed of the monopolies of the utility com-14 panies. It's got to stop somewhere. 15 I'm here. Probably, you go, "But you're 16 an investor, aren't you excited that they can make 17 money?" Yes. I'm excited that they can make money. 18 Last year \$7000 I made in profit from Laclede, and I 19 gave \$7500 back to a local charity, because I think 20 it's important for us to give back. It's a sham that 21 Laclede says they're doing this and this. 22 I got so upset that I stopped giving my 23 five dollars a month to their Dollar Help Program and 24 I started giving to another one. At some point we have to look and see, how much profit can you continue

to take out on the backs of the poor, from the backs 1 of the working class? How many deals do you cut underneath the table with the new insensitive Republican Administration? It's becoming outrageous. So my concern is, profitability is good, greed is bad. On the backs of the poor it's uncons-6 7 cionable, on the backs of those middle class people 8 it's outrageous, and we need to stop it. And if we 9 can't cut back to riding those expensive cars, \$50,000 10 cars that the CEO of Laclede Gas has -- all these 11 fabulous expenses, all these management perks, enough 12 is enough. Let them cut back on that. 13 Let them protect the working people who 14 are protecting us. Which is another issue, on the 15 safety. If we remove, and let a computer go around 16 and once a year, on closing when you buy a house, and 17 then the next person wants to buy the house and the computer comes in and says, okay, it's all right. 18 19 We're going to change that over, and read the meter. 20 It's about safety issues. A lot of these 21 guys, and I assume they're union, they have to go into 22 those houses and do eye-and-eye inspections, they've 23 saved a lot of lives. So how much are we going to 24 continue to let these utility companies get away with? It's good to sit up here, and stand up here, and say

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     -- and Laclede does -- it's a private company even
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     though it's a public corporation, they don't have to
     tell us anything. But the integrity, the responsibil-
     ity is for us as investors, and us as consumers, and
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     for you as commissioners to listen to every word we
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     have to say.
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                        In there will lie the reality, they're
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     trying to make too much, and they certainly are.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Does that conclude your
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     remarks?
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                        THE WITNESS: Yes.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Murray, would
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     you have any questions for Mr. Trotter?
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                        COMMISSIONER MURRAY: No questions.
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     Thank you.
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16 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Gaw? 17 COMMISSIONER GAW: Not at this moment. 18 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Clayton? 19 COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: Mr. Trotter, I 20 just have one question, you suggested that steps need 21 to be taken to assist low income and middle income 22 folks who are having difficulty paying their gas 23 bills. I want to ask you, aside from the issue of 24 setting rates lower than the company would like, what other steps do you see the commission having in pro-

viding either assistance or leadership on this dif-1 ficult issue for both low income and middle income customers? THE WITNESS: I hate to tell you, it goes 5 back to the basics of controlling the utilities on 6 profitability. On covering the bottom line and pro-7 tecting the bottom line from the consumer. Because if 8 you keep the utilities in tow, if you keep them ac-9 countable, you keep their expenses down, that will 10 help the middle class. 11 On the other side, that's a Pandora's 12 box. And I don't want to confuse anybody, I'm not 13 here to represent Heat Up St. Louis, they do not have 14 a position of advocacy in this. I'm here as an inves-15 tor and as a consumer. But we all know that the fed-16 eral government and state government can do their 17 share by doing -- and we had this task force that we 18 were on. 19 But in the reality of things what we need 20 to do is keep the costs down of the utilities, the op-21 erating costs down. I know they can't control certain 22 things through the supply in the pipeline, but the op-23

eration cost we need to keep down. How companies op-24 erate, how they make a profit should be the regulatory concern or view from the middle class.

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1 On the other side you have federal and state and local issues on energy assistance. I hate to say this, or be flippant about it, but I wouldn't be surprised if this continues with the price of gasoline on one side and the price of natural gas on this 6 side, that a lot of middle class people won't be slip-7 ping down and looking for energy assistance at some 8 point. 9 When you've got a bill that's \$400, \$500 10 a month and you've got all these other things you're 11 doing, that's tough. My thing, my friend, is to be 12 vigilant. Watch those nickles and dimes, and in this 13 case the outrageous dollars to make sure that these 14 utility people are kept in line, and they do not, do 15 not, stand for greed on the back of the poor or the 16 back of the middle class. 17 But they stand for profit within reason 18 so they can pay their employees. And if the commis-19 sion watches out for investors by the way, because I'm

almost sure when you deal with that issue of safety, that while Laclede says -- as it stands now, the rumor is we don't want to go into the houses of the customers anymore.

From an investor's standpoint, it's a liability standpoint. It's a liability standpoint

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1 that we're spending millions of dollars on liability that could go back to the stock of the investors. So from my standpoint it's vigilance, sir. I hope I've answered your question. The latter one is complicated energy assistance. If you could help with the state 6 legislator and come up with what they call an energy 7 assistance pack where you check off a dollar on our Missouri income tax statement, or something of that 9 sort that we can find money within the budget. 10 Whatever you can do as a commission, I'm 11 almost sure that this Blunt Administration is run like 12 a business, so similar to a utility company that is 13 grossly insensitive to the needs of the poor. It's 14 already demonstrated since he first took office and 15 it's going down the same path. So I wish you well. I 16 wish you with the same vigor, vigilance, whatever you 17 can do. 18 I quarantee you're going to have a road 19 block coming down the line, a road block with these 20 little deals on the side. Where you're kept out and you're kept out, and all these little changes that 21 22 they use. These overt deals they call them. There's 2.3 a covert. They were overt, now they're covert. I'm

sorry. So the covert deals are going to hurt us.

What you can do sir, as a commissioner is make sure we

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     no longer have these little secrets that -- You
     operate in the public's interest. If you do that I
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     guarantee you that it will help the working class and
     it will help the poor.
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Appling, do
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     you have any questions?
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                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: No questions.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino, any
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     questions?
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                       MR. DANDINO: No questions.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Did any of the other
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     parties want to ask any questions of this witness?
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you, Mr. Trotter, I
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     appreciate your comments. Joe Schulte.
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                      (Thereupon, the witness was sworn/
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     affirmed by the Judge to tell the truth.)
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                       THE WITNESS: My name is Joe Schulte. I
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     live at 4007 Hartford. I'm a business representative
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     for the gas workers.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you spell your
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     name.
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                        THE WITNESS: S-c-h-u-l-t-e.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Are you a customer of
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     Laclede Gas?
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THE WITNESS: Yes, I am. And I'm speak-

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1 ing both as a customer and as a union representative. 2 JUDGE DIPPELL: Go ahead and give us your 3 comments. THE WITNESS: The company has informed us that they are going to get rid of the meter readers, 5 6 and they're in the process of doing that right now. 7 They're putting automatic reading devices on, which 8 are being done by cellnet. I have a couple questions 9 on that. One is, laclede Gas has never given us, or I 10 don't know if they gave the Commission -- what are 11 they going to save? This is going to be a two year 12 process, after two years has this been injected into 13 the Commission, the savings on -- what the cost 14 savings is? 15 They never relayed any of that to us at 16 all. So if there is going to be a big cost savings in 17 that, then I think the Commission needs to take that into account. They should not profit by eliminating 18 19 jobs. And that's -- I'm talking about safety sensi-20 tive jobs. 21 The other part that I want to address is 22 Mr. Pendergast said earlier in off-the-record comments 23 that there was going to be no change in safety proced-24 ures. Well, there is. Because every one of the meter readers wear a device in their pocket. This device

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1 will detect a gas leak in a house even if they can't smell it. Because we've had cases before where gas -there are certain types of soil that will filter out 4 the odor that is put in -- because natural gas has no 5 odor. Now, there could conceivably be times 7 when a meter reader would have went into that house, 8 wouldn't have smelled it, but the device would have 9 picked it up. So they are eliminating a safety 10 procedure. When they say they're not, they are. 11 You know, these meter readers have turned 12 in countless leaks when they've been in customers 13 houses. They call in to the dispatching board and 14 they send a service man out to check that out to make 15 sure that house was safe. So there's two procedures 16 right there that's going to be eliminated. One, is 17 the meter reader would have found the leak, and would 18 have called it in. The second, laclede would have 19 sent someone out to check it. That's no longer going 20 to happen. That's my comment. I'll be glad to answer 21 any questions. 22 JUDGE DIPPELL: I just want to make it 23 clear that there is another pending case before the 2.4 Commission that deals with the variance that they're

requesting for the meter reading. And I just want to

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make clear that is also currently pending before the 1 Commission. 3 THE WITNESS: I understand that. But I just wanted this on comment because that variance will 5 be in a private hearing in Jefferson City. The public here ought to know what's going on. 6 7 JUDGE DIPPELL: I will also state that 8 all the Commission hearings are public hearings. 9 THE WITNESS: Well, they are public hear-10 ings, that will happening in Jefferson City. 11 JUDGE DIPPELL: I understand. I just 12 wanted to make it clear. I didn't want anyone to think that they would be excluded from it. 13 14 THE WITNESS: I want to make it clear 15 too. Unless you drive up and drive back, or spend the 16 night up there, which is mostly pretty expensive. The 17 average customer here cannot afford that. 18 JUDGE DIPPELL: I appreciate your com-19 ments. Chairman Davis has joined us. Chairman, we 20 are taking comments and I'm about to ask if 21 Commissioner Murray has any questions for this wit-22 ness. 2.3 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: No, I don't. Thank 24 you, judge.

JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Gaw?

1 COMMISSIONER GAW: Mr. Schulte, how long have you been around Laclede Gas as a worker and part 3 of dealing with safety issues with the company? 4 THE WITNESS: I've been there for 38 years. And soon I'll be walking out the door. But I've been around Laclede Gas for 38 years. I started 7 out in the street department, worked about seven years out there. Then I went into the service department, 9 which responds to these leaks, and also the street 10 department responds to leaks. So I'm familiar with 11 all aspects of it. 12 I can state for a fact that I've been in 13 houses where I've went in and had rubber bands tied 14 around open fuel lines, and had a baggie that was 15 blown up like a balloon. These are conditions that 16 could have caused problems. 17 COMMISSIONER GAW: If you would have had 18 an automatic reading device instead of going into those houses, would you think that might be a poten-19 20 tial hazard that could have occurred, could have 21 changed into a disaster for the people living there? 22 THE WITNESS: Yes. And I can state an-2.3 other instance when we were changing gas meters every 24 10 years. We intervened probably five, six years ago, 25 and the Commission let Laclede go to sampling. Where

you change so many meters, say there's 50,000 and you'd change 2500, and if they worked okay you'd only change every other one.

But before that was in there, there's been houses I went into, and I'll cite one for an instance, which a meter reader would have directly found if he would have been in that house to read the meter. I went into the house to change the meter, the man had two unvented space heaters upstairs, and two unvented space heaters downstairs. He came to the door staggering, I thought the man was drunk.

But I found the house was full of carbon monoxide. Probably an hour later, maybe 10 minutes later, that man would have never answered the door. This man would have died there if it wouldn't have been for something that Laclede always done. And they got the approval from the Commission not to go to the sampling. There's cases that our members have probably saved lives out there. That's not all blown up and the public don't know about all of that stuff that we find out there.

COMMISSIONER GAW: We don't read about the cases where you save someone's life because the accident doesn't happen. We read about the cases where you have an explosion and have someone die be-

1 cause of carbon monoxide poisoning. 2 THE WITNESS: There's been a few that 3 Laclede put in their magazines where a meter reader would be out there and see a house on fire and smoke 5 coming out, and would get the customers out of there. 6 But that's just in Laclede's magazine, but the public 7 don't know what's going on. 8 COMMISSIONER GAW: The safety device that 9 you're talking about, is that something that every 10 meter reader carries with them? 11 THE WITNESS: Yes, they do. The company 12 thought it was so important about three years ago they 13 give them all these devices. Before that they were 14 always supposed to use their sense of smell to detect 15 any leak. So they -- It was so important three years 16 ago to give every meter reader this device to carry so 17 they could detect any gas leak in that house. But now 18 three years later it's not important anymore. 19 COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you know, in this 20 rate case are there any reductions that are supposedly 21 occurring, because of the increase in rates, because 22 of it going to these new meters, or is that left to 23 some point in time in the future, do you have any 24 idea? 25

THE WITNESS: I have no idea. Our

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attorney intervened in it. I don't know anything of
 1
    what's going on. There's protective orders and I have
    not talked to the attorney about any of this. This is
    just my personal knowledge. But what I said before, I
    don't know if they're going to reduce in this rate
 5
 6
    increase, the cost of the savings on the meter reader
 7
    or any of that. The public don't know.
 8
                      COMMISSIONER GAW: We don't know what
 9
    might be contemplated in this tentative settlement
10
    either, do we?
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                      THE WITNESS: No, we don't.
12
                      COMMISSIONER GAW: Thank you.
13
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Clayton?
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                      COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: Mr. Schulte, very
15
    quickly. Is the gas worker's union a party to this
16
    case, did you say you all intervened?
17
                       THE WITNESS: Yes. We are a party to
18
    this case.
19
                      COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: The joint motion
20
    to suspend procedural schedule says, "the unanimous
21
     stipulation and agreement." Are you aware of the
22
    union's position?
                      THE WITNESS: Our position is that we're
2.3
24
    against this rate increase. I don't know where you're
    seeing "unanimous" because our attorney has not been
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1
    directed to agree to anything. So we never agreed to
    settle. She has to get approval from us to do that.
 3
                      COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: Thank you.
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Appling, do
 5
    you have any questions?
 6
                      COMMISSIONER APPLING: No questions.
 7
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Davis, did
 8
    you want to ask any questions of this witness?
9
                       CHAIRMAN DAVIS: I apologize for walking
10
    in late. When I came in you were speaking, I believe
11
    that you were saying that you thought we should have
12
     another public hearing on the stip agreement; is that
13
     correct?
14
                       THE WITNESS: No. Someone else said
15
    that. Mr. Trotter said that you should have another
16
    public hearing. And I think Mr. Gaw said that, if I'm
17
    not mistaken.
18
                      CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Well, for the record, I
19
    agree with that. And I support having another public
20
    hearing when this is filed.
21
                      THE WITNESS: I would have no problem
22
    with that. I would welcome that.
2.3
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino, did you wish
24
    to ask any questions of this witness?
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MR. DANDINO: I have no questions.

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                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Do any of the other at-
 2
     torneys present want to ask any questions? All right
     then. Thank you, Mr. Schulte.
                       THE WITNESS: Thank you.
 5
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Marian Whitfield?
 6
                        (Thereupon, the witness was sworn/
 7
     affirmed by the Judge to tell the truth.)
 8
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you state your name
 9
     and spell it for the court reporter.
10
                       THE WITNESS: My name is Marian,
11
     M-a-r-i-a-n, Whitfield, W-h-i-t-f-i-e-l-d.
12
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you give us your
13
     address.
14
                       THE WITNESS: My address is 4546 Newberry
15
     Terrace, St. Louis, Missouri 63113-2411.
16
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Are you a customer of
17
     Laclede Gas?
18
                       THE WITNESS: I'm a victim of Laclede
19
     Gas.
20
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Go ahead and give us your
21
     comments.
22
                       THE WITNESS: I agree with the gentleman
23
    before me as far as the on-the-ground workers. When
24 you prune a tree at the top it's a good thing. When
25 you cut the trunk of a tree off, the top will surely
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25

fall. We in the African-American community here in 1 St. Louis -- yes, we still have one -- have suffered terribly from Laclede Gas for many, many years. They have caused evictions, they've caused illnesses, and they've caused death. And then they have the arrogance enough to send a letter to some of their custo-6 7 mers who have been victimized, stating it's been a 8 pleasure reviewing your records. 9 Every time I see that blue flame on that 10 truck, that yellow or white van, I get a nauseating 11 feeling in my stomach. I am very happy that you fin-12 ally did give a public hearing on this, because some-13 one has to put a stop to the terrorists that are at 14 the top of Laclede Gas. 15 We do need the meter readers, they do 16 come, eventually. Even if you do have to go through 17 the Better Business Bureau to get them. Also, they do come around with the equipment where they detect gas 18 19 leaks. You can walk down the street and smell the 20 gas. They're knocking down houses like they rake up 21 leaves in the City of St. Louis, and every time they 22 knock down a house that's another few thousand dollars 23 that Laclede gas won't get. 24 What happens, is they disconnect the ser-

vice, then people have to go to court, then the frozen

1 water pipes bust. Have you ever been in a house where the house is so cold the water in the toilet is frozen? Where you have a bottle of water, it was frozen so hard that the water -- the glass had busted and the ice was standing by itself. 6 When you use kerosine heaters and the 7 black soot finally decides to blow all over the house. 8 When you have to go through the Better Business Bureau 9 to get information for the services that individuals 10 have or have not received. And there are people in 11 North St. Louis in the African-American community who 12 are suffering. 13 I do not have a problem with Dollar Help. 14 I do not have a problem with people giving, because we 15 need to do that. But what we're doing with Laclede 16 Gas is feeding the monster. Because what they do with 17 that money is not in the interest of the citizens of 18 St. Louis or the investigators or the workers. 19 If I were an investor in the City of St. 20 Louis with Laclede Gas, I'd fire all of them at the 21 top. Because what they're doing, is they're wasting 22 money for the actual investors. If they were really 23 about profit they would be a little more efficient 24 than they are. Sometimes when Laclede Gas disconnects

your gas it's a domino effect. One thing happens, you

25

1 don't have any heat. Another thing happens, your water lines bust. Another thing happens, your auto-3 matic electric dryer goes berserk. And then your water freezes and your washing machine -- and then you don't have a washing machine. 6 When you get down to a zero balance on 7 your gas bill, Laclede Gas comes to turn it back on. And I will give them credit, because the workers will 9 come in and they will check to make sure your dryer is 10 working okay, and there's no gas leaks and so forth. 11 But then they decide, we better disconnect there again 12 because the water heater, the new water heater that 13 you had is no longer workable because rust has accumu-14 lated and now you need a new water heater. 15 You will a lot of times, write and call 16 Laclede Gas for information concerning a lot of 17 things. And they will send you lots of paper. This 18 paper actually has nothing to do with the realty of 19 the situation. The cold weather rule, the CWR does 20 not really work, because they will increase it. They 21 will. They say cold weather rule for the fixed rate, 22 that's not true. If you don't pay the exact amount at 2.3 the time that it's due, what it keeps doing is doub-24 ling.

Now, if you could have paid the first

1 time you would have paid it. So if they keep doubling it, how in the world do they think you're going to pay it? I agree with this gentleman over here who is on social security. A lot of people are having problems. I've heard of some systems or programs that are avail-6 able where there is a cap on Laclede Gas and other 7 utilities, where they can only charge you so much de-8 pending on your income. This is a feasible, respons-9 ible act to take. Other than letting Laclede Gas run 10 amok. 11 And this is exactly what they've done. A 12 lot of people have resorted to heaters, kerosene heat-13 ers. You use these kerosene heaters, you are breath-14 ing -- St. Louis is one of dirtiest cities in the 15 country as it is. The air pollution is horrible. If 16 you're in a situation where you don't have any gas 17 heat and you have to resort to this, then you're in a

deadly situation.

And if you really want to find out some facts, you ask some of these doctors who are seeing these people in the African-American community who are almost dead because of what Laclede Gas has done to them. And if you want to find out what's happening to some of these children who are running amok in the street, find out what's happening at home. Find out

1 what's happening with their parents. Find out how devastating their lives are because of the racist institution in the City of St. Louis. And it's happening with Laclede Gas. Laclede Gas starts, the City of St. 6 Louis, the courts take over, and the next thing you know everything is gone. I'm tired. Okay? I have a 7 8 lot more to say but I know there are other people 9 here. And I will restate my statement. When you 10 prune a tree, cut off the top, that's a good thing. 11 When you cut off the trunk, the top will surely fall. 12 JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you. 13 THE WITNESS: You're welcome. 14 JUDGE DIPPELL: Ms. Murray, did you have 15 any questions for Ms. Whitfield? 16 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: No questions. 17 JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Gaw, do you have any 18 questions? 19 THE WITNESS: And another thing. When 20 someone blind-sides you, and you have young children, 21 they will take your children away if you don't have 22 certain utilities. They have taken so many children 23 away from their parents just because the utilities 24 have been disconnected. If the Gods are lucky enough to work it out, maybe some of those at Laclede Gas at

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00040
     the top will have a chance to experience this first-
  1
  2
     hand.
  3
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: I want to thank you
      for coming down. I appropriate your comments, and
     they're important. I want to ask you, how long have
  5
     you been a resident in the city?
  6
  7
                       THE WITNESS: I was born in St. Louis. I
  8
     left for a while.
 9
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Okay. So most of your
 10
     life you've been around here?
11
                       THE WITNESS: Since 1978, I came back for
12
     the last time. I served in the military.
13
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Can you tell me, in
14
     the last few years are you familiar with the increases
15
      that they have gone on in the price of heating your
16
     home?
17
                       THE WITNESS: Yes.
18
                        COMMISSIONER GAW: Would you say that it
19
      is getting to be extremely difficult, more difficult
 20
     than it has been because of the changes in prices?
 21
                       THE WITNESS: Yes, absolutely. You're
 22
     talking to someone who has a $4,000 gas bill.
 23
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Was that last year?
 24
                       THE WITNESS: Yes.
 25
                        COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you know about how
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00041
     much that has increased in the last few years, do you
 1
 2
     remember?
 3
                       THE WITNESS: Maybe 10 percent.
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Would it surprise you
 5
     if it had actually increased a lot more than that in
 6
     the prices?
 7
                       THE WITNESS: No, of course not. Because
 8
     we got an immoral majority running it.
 9
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: That's all I have.
10
     Thank you.
11
                       THE WITNESS: You're welcome.
12
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Clayton, do
13
     you wish to ask any questions?
14
                       COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: I have no ques-
15
     tions. Thank you, ma'am.
16
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Appling?
17
                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: No questions.
18
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Chairman Davis?
19
                       CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Ms. Whitfield, just one
20
     question, and that is specifically; can you give us
21
     any examples that you are aware of where Laclede
22
     treats African-American people differently than other
23
     people, than other people in this state?
24
                       THE WITNESS: I didn't say they treated
25
    them any differently than anyone else. I'm only
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00042
     speaking the fact that they -- how they're treating
  1
  2
     us.
  3
                        CHAIRMAN DAVIS: So they cut everyone off
  4
     equally?
                        THE WITNESS: I wouldn't know about the
  5
  6
     rest of them, but I know about us.
  7
                        CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Okay.
  8
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino, do you have
 9
     any questions?
10
                       MR. DANDINO: I have no questions. Thank
11
     you, Ms. Whitfield.
12
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Did any of the other at-
13
     torneys have questions for Ms. Whitfield?
14
                 Ms. Whitfield, you brought some docu-
15
     ments with you, did you want any of them entered into
16
     the record, or were you just bringing them?
17
                  THE WITNESS: I was just bringing them.
18
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you.
19
                       Again, I will say there are plenty of
 20
      seats in front. If you want to sit down, please feel
 21
     free to do so. Thomas Allen?
 22
                        (Thereupon, the witness was duly sworn/
 23
     affirmed by the Judge to tell the truth.)
 24
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you please state
 25
     and spell your name for the court reporter.
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00043 1 THE WITNESS: Thomas Allen, A-1-1-e-n. 2 One Smoke Tree Drive, Fenton, Missouri 63026. JUDGE DIPPELL: Are you a customer of Laclede Gas? 5 THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am. I've been a 6 customer since, I believe December 1985 on the second 7 go-round. I previously was in Kansas City for a peri-8 od of time prior to that. And I was also a Laclede 9 customer when I lived in Affton. I do not represent 10 any group or any organization. I'm here solely as a 11 senior citizen. 12 It's difficult for me to understand how a 13 company can ask for a four dollar increase when -- You 14 know, I'm on my retirement -- Thankfully, I had a good 15 job. I have what I call an adequate pension. My 16 social security, I believe I got a 2.5 or 2.7 increase 17 this year. Information that I have been able to ac-18 quire, the chairman of Laclede Gas, the management 19 person, and I do not know the name. I understand that 20 they got a 14 percent increase. 21 Now, I would take 14 percent on my little 22 income, be it limited as it is. But 14 percent of 23 what that man makes is like me winning the lottery. 24 You know, I understand they also got like a 200-some

thousand dollar bonus. I don't believe I ever got a

bonus. I did one time, I got \$100 check at Christmas 1 as a bonus one time. But that's hard for me to take when somebody rakes in all that kind of money. You know, I may ramble on here, because 5 my mind -- I try to worry about my wife, my children, 6 and my grandchildren. Some of these things they real-7 ly irritate me. I don't know where to go here, but I 8 am opposed to this rate increase. Just sitting here 9 and understanding the figures. If I guess right, on 10 this four dollars a month -- and I don't know how long 11 it's going to go on, probably forever, until I die --12 that's like 25 cents out of one of those four dollars 13 that I'm going to spend goes for the bonus of the 14 chairman of Laclede Gas. 15 Now, I don't accept that. You know, I 16 get no tips from anybody -- In fact, I don't do any-17 thing. I got my priorities, I fish and mow the yard, in that order. But I don't do any outside work. But 18 19 that's like me giving him a tip every time. Now, when 20 we go to restaurants I tip according to the type of 21 service I get. I do not feel that I'm going to get 22 any better service from Laclede Gas that I'm presently 23 getting, so why should I tip them? 24 You know, I appreciate the fact that members 25 of the Commission are here. But I also want to state

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that my eyes were opened today, because there's already some backwoods, backroom agreements made. In fact, I think that is, and I'm going to use the word, damned, deplorable. If they're going to make agreements, why do they even bother to have this hearing? There's no question that somebody has got the cart before the horse.

I do want to say that I agree 100 p

I do want to say that I agree 100 percent with Mr. Trotter and his statement. The other people previous to me, they've all had good points. I just don't know where to go from here. But I do tell you that I'm very sincere that I think this is wrong. It is definitely wrong.

If a company -- and I have to say that the attorney for Laclede Gas comes to this meeting and he doesn't know what the profits are -- Now, what is wrong with people in this world? Is he pulling a shyster move, does he really know, or is he just not going to tell because he doesn't, quote, have to? You know, I don't like to deal with people like that. If a person is not straightforward with me -- I think a handshake is better than a contract. If you don't think somebody is going to deal with you on an even keel, I don't want to deal with them. I'm very adamant about things.

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00046
 1
                        In fact, you know, the type of person I
     am, I just had a big argument with my cellular carrier
     yesterday because I got my phone bill. I retrieved a
     message when I came back into my home area from my va-
     cation last month. I'm supposed to have coverage
     within the State of Missouri. I retrieved a message
  7
     on my phone that I picked up in either Noel or
  8
     Anderson, Missouri. I was within the state line and
  9
     the cell tower in Springdale, Arkansas picked me up.
 10
                        They tried to charge me $1.90 and I spent
11
     15 minutes on the phone and I finally got them to
12
     agree to take it off. I told them if they didn't take
13
     it off when I knew I was in the State of Missouri, if
     they didn't take it off I was going to cancel my ser-
14
     vice, and I will do it. I won't take up much more of
15
16
      your time, I think you understand my point.
 17
                        I sincerely appreciate you coming here.
18
      I want to thank you for this opportunity, and please
19
     think about the things that I have said, that the
 20
     backroom dealing has already taken place. I think
 21
      it's a railroad and I think I missed the train.
 22
     That's my opinion. Thank you so much.
 23
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Chairman Davis, did you
 2.4
     have any questions you wanted to ask Mr. Allen?
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CHAIRMAN DAVIS: No questions. Thank

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00047
 1 you.
 2
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Murray?
 3
                       COMMISSIONER MURRAY: No questions.
 4
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Gaw?
 5
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Thank you for coming,
 6
     sir. I want to ask you, you said you might change
 7
     your cellular service because you're dissatisfied.
 8
     Can you change your service to get natural gas?
 9
                       THE WITNESS: I don't think that's pos-
10
     sible. You know, it's a monopoly. They're the only
11
     gas company in town. I appreciate you asking that
12
     question.
13
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Clayton?
14
                       COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: I have no ques-
15
     tions. Thank you.
16
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Appling?
17
                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: Thank you for
18
     coming.
19
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino?
20
                       MR. DANDINO: No questions. Thank you,
21
     Mr. Allen.
22
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Are there any questions
23
     from the other attorneys?
24
                       Thank you very much, Mr. Allen.
25
                       THE WITNESS: Am I free to leave?
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00048
 1
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: You are.
 2
                       THE WITNESS: Okay. I want to go pay my
 3
     parking and have my lunch. Thank you so much.
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: We appreciate you being
 5
     here. Senator Bray?
 6
                        (Thereupon, the witness was duly sworn/
 7
     affirmed by the Judge to tell the truth.)
 8
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you state your my
 9
     name and spell it for the court reporter.
10
                       THE WITNESS: Joan Bray. J-o-a-n
11
     B-r-a-y.
12
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you give us your
13
     address.
14
                       THE WITNESS: 7120 Washington Avenue, St.
15
     Louis, Missouri 63130.
16
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Are you a customer of
17
     Laclede Gas?
18
                       THE WITNESS: I am a customer.
19
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you. Would you
20
     please give us your comment.
21
                       THE WITNESS: Thank you. Good day, Judge
22
     Dippell and Commissioners Appling and Davis and Gaw
23
     and Clayton and Murray. I'm delighted to have you all
24
     in St. Louis today. And Commissioner Murray is on the
25
     Internet, that's great.
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25

1 As I stand before you today, I feel like it's that old adage, deja vu, all over again. In the process of this rate case, once again the individual customers are merely window dressing, the deal has already been cut. We are invited here today to testify, 6 give the appearance of inclusion, but we're not stup-7 id, folks. 8 Information on your website says you'll 9 file your agreement the day after tomorrow. Whatever 10 we, the small consumers say will make no difference. 11 This past spring as utility-friendly legislation was 12 making its way through the legislative process, those 13 who represented the interest of the small consumers 14 were left out. I'm talking about -- in the senate we 15 refer to these small consumers as Grandma Millie --16 the retirees, the moms, the dads, the struggling 17 twenty-somethings, the small business owners. 18 The deal on that bill, which will work 19 against these folks that I just mentioned, included 20 the Commission, the utilities, and the large powerful 21 industrial consumers, it ignored the small consumers. 22 Oh, sure, at one point along the way we were invited 23 to be window dressing at a gathering open to the pub-24

But when the real negotiations started

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the Commission, the utilities and the large commercial 1 and industrial consumers retreated behind closed doors and cut the deal. Absent were the average person and small business owners. As a result, they will ultimately be forced to pay higher prices with no re-6 course. Laclede Gas is asking for a rate hike that will force consumers to pay more for the nongas por-8 tion of their monthly bill.

This will occur simultaneously with the sharp escalation of the cost for the gas itself. Up to at least 26 percent this winter we are warned. While I am not privy to the details and nuances of this secret deal, I do know a little bit about the public view. We are very fortunate in Missouri and particularly in St. Louis, to have very well-managed utilities.

I pointed this out during the debate in the senate on the utilities rate-hiking bill that passed without consumer input. And Ameren's recent announcement of 57 percent increase in profit last quarter confirmed that that company had done very well by the rates we pay them for electricity.

Laclede Gas is very well-run as well. Since 1946 the company has been paying dividends, and since 1984 those dividends have been growing steadily.

16

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Last year, 2004, was another year the company achieved 1 overall record earnings. I also know that when this deal, the predetermined outcome of these hearings comes down, Laclede can plan to reduce costs, like 5 eliminate part of its work force. And the additional 6 profits from that action won't have been calculated, 7 because the calculations are made from earlier histor-8 ical test years. 9 I also know that any look back at subse-10 quent additional profits from such actions will not 11 result in any refunds from overcharges to the custo-12 mers. Senate Bill 179, the utilities rate hiking bill 13 that passed last session, gave other utilities the 14 same ability the gas companies have to pass fuel costs 15

on to the consumer. We were assured during that debate that the consumer was protected because such

17 pass-through's will come only as a result of a rate 18 case.

19 Well, my worst fears are borne out by the 20 process we are witnessing today. Rather than work 21 through the rate case in as public a manner as allow-22 ed, the major players, the Commissioners, the company 23 and the new still-wet-behind-the-ears public counsel 24 went behind closed doors and cut the deal.

Today all the public can do is blow mean-

ingless words into the air. The clandestine process is a disgrace. I appeal to any sense of fairness you can muster. Start fresh on this rate case and include everyone in the public process required by the law.

Energy policy in this nation and state are moving into a new era, regardless of our opinion of such change. The policy of the future will be driven by consumer demand for affordable, clean and safe fuel. Consumers are certainly going to want to lead. The question remains, will utilities follow. The question remains unanswered, because the answer depends on yet another question. Is our regulatory mechanism up to the task of guiding our utilities toward an energy policy for this millennium?

mechanism up to the task of guiding our utilities toward an energy policy for this millennium?

We seem to be stuck on an unproductive past. Utilities continue with few new ideas other than to increase their bottom line. Every three years utilities ask for an exorbitant rate hike, knowing that they will get somewhere around half of what they ask. Large consumers negotiate for a deal that somewhat pacifies them. Regulators end up giving utilities half of what they ask claiming that they are protecting the public. Everyone goes home happy except the consumers, the employees, and our planet.

Missouri needs to get smarter about regulation, and move our energy policy toward a sustainable future. A part of smarter means acknowledgment that this doesn't have to be a zero sum game, where someone usually loses big. And that someone is usually the consumers and workers.

If today is the first day toward that future we have failed. We have distorted these hearings and the process. I believe these hearings were supposed to take place in October, in the act slowed down input and innovation. We are going to play out the same old scenario, little consumer input, a deaf ear to employees.

 $$\operatorname{Again}, \ I$$ urge you to delay the decision, schedule more hearings and bring more state voters to the table.

JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you. Chairman
Davis, do you have any questions for Senator Bray?

CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Senator Bray, would you prefer we use a forward looking test year instead of a historical test year?

historical test year?

THE WITNESS: I'm not really well versed on the intricacy, but I think we could discuss it to see what might be the best circumstance. It seems like, if things are known to be part of that calcu-

1 lation then they somehow should be in there. They are going to be part of the effect of what's going on. CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Do you think that Laclede should be entitled to any increase? 5 THE WITNESS: Again, I don't know the details of the case, but I do know they are earning 6 7 very well. They're doing very well, and the custo-8 mers are going to be really hurt by the increase they 9 are going to be paying for the gas itself. So if the 10 company can show -- I would prefer that they come 11 find efficiencies and ways to maximize the rest of 12 their costs through efficiencies, and not have to 13 pass that on to consumers. 14 CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Can you just summarize 15 again, how would you like to see the process be more 16 open, what can we do? 17 THE WITNESS: Well, we all know that the 18 deal's been made. There may be a few "T's" to be 19 crossed or "I's" to be dotted, but we don't know what 20 we're testifying about in this deal, and it's very odd 21 talking about something that we really don't know what 22 we're talking about. 23 I heard earlier that there could be an-24 other hearing. But it was said, the words used, "once

it's been decided." Once it's decided, it's just

going to be people coming in and moaning about the 1 decision, and not able to give ideas about how things might be different. CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Would you rather us --5 Assuming a stip and agreement were filed with us, 6 would you rather us just outright reject that stip and 7 agreement without holding another public hearing, or 8 would you rather have public hearings where it could 9 be discussed and then the decision made? 10 THE WITNESS: I would like you to have 11 public hearings, and then a decision made once we 12 know what the elements of the proposal is. 13 CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Thank you. 14 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Murray, did 15 you have any questions for Senator Bray? 16 COMMISSIONER BRAY: I'd just like to say 17 hello to Senator Bray. Thank you. 18 THE WITNESS: It's nice to hear from you 19 Commissioner. 20 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Gaw? 21 COMMISSIONER GAW: Senator, do you have 22 any comments on this deal that you would like to pro-23 vide to us, or do you know what's in it either? THE WITNESS: I don't know what's in it 24 25 either.

00056 1 COMMISSIONER GAW: I don't know what's in it. I'm curious about what's in it. 3 THE WITNESS: You are too? 4 COMMISSIONER GAW: Yes. But you haven't 5 been informed by anyone what the deal is, right? 6 THE WITNESS: I have not. People said 7 usually they come in asking for way more than they 8 want so they get about half of it. That's only an 9 assumption though. 10 COMMISSIONER GAW: But you don't know 11 whether there are any provisions that might help ad-12 dress the adverse impacts to lower/middle class income 13 individuals who are out there struggling with these 14 increasing prices at the gas pump and in natural gas 15 prices, you don't no whether that's in there? 16 THE WITNESS: No. And I would certainly 17 hope that any of those kinds of provisions that the 18 people directly affected by that, and use those, need 19 those programs or allowances, are part of the process 20 of determining those, because I know some things get 21 done that just don't work. 22 COMMISSIONER GAW: But you'd like to have 2.3 an opportunity to look at that and provide some com-24 ment on your behalf and on behalf of your constitu-25 ents?

00057 1 THE WITNESS: Absolutely. 2 COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you think that --3 You talk to your constituents on a regular basis, don't you? 5 THE WITNESS: Yes. A lot lately. COMMISSIONER GAW: Can you tell me what 6 7 kind of impact the current economic stresses have on 8 individuals out there, and particularly in relation to 9 what increases in prices to heat their homes will have 10 today, if you have any feedback. 11 THE WITNESS: Well, of course we hear in 12 the heating issues, we hear more from people in the 13 winter. 14 COMMISSIONER GAW: Where are we right 15 now, by the way, we're in August aren't we? Do you 16 think very many people are thinking about heating 17 their houses right now? 18 THE WITNESS: No, probably not. But 19 there have been some stories lately in the newspapers. 20 In fact, I think just last week our local paper had 21 some stories about how to conserve, and all that type 22 of thing. But part of it was, you know, that gas is 23 going to cost a lot more this year. Already just in 24 normal conversations and talking to people that have brought this up, this is going to be a horrible year.

1 And that's what my concern is, besides just the passage of the gas cost, in addition to getting this extra cost of all the other things, whatever else it covers, and again I don't know what else it covers because I don't know the details. To a lot 6 of people that four dollars a month is huge. If 7 that's what it is, that's huge. 8 COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you know anything 9 about the suggestion in earlier testimony about the 10 head of Laclede getting a 14 percent increase on their 11 income, do you know about that? 12 THE WITNESS: I don't know about that. I 13 know I read some recent things about gas rising, and I 14 think I heard that CEOs and top officials are now mak-15 ing like, 400 times the average worker. It used to be 16 about 100 times, and now it's 400 times. I don't know 17 if that applies to Laclede Gas, and here in St. Louis 18 it's probably not 400 times. But those gaps are wide-19 ning between the top and the bottom, and that's very 20 disturbing. 21 COMMISSIONER GAW: I very much appreciate 22 you taking the time to come down here. I apologize 23 for the fact that you're coming down here without 24 knowing what this deal is. It strikes me that it would be a lot more productive if we knew what it was

1	so people could give us feed back on it. Instead of
2	having to come back again to do that later.
3	THE WITNESS: I totally agree. It was
4	all very sudden. I was out of town and got home and
5	found out this was this week. And it was Again, I
6	thought it was in the fall sometime.
7	COMMISSIONER GAW: Thank you, Senator.
8	<pre>JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Clayton?</pre>
9	COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: Thank you, Judge.
10	Senator, I just want to say thank you for coming down
11	here. Some elected officials would not want to get in
12	the middle of something like this and I appreciate you
13	taking the time out of your busy schedule. You have a
14	lot of constituents to deal with, and we appreciate
15	you being here.
16	THE WITNESS: Well, I appreciate you com-
17	ing to St. Louis. Meeting here in St. Louis.
18	JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Appling?
19	COMMISSIONER APPLING: It's good to see
20	you.
21	THE WITNESS: It's good to see you.
22	COMMISSIONER APPLING: Thank you for
23	coming.
24	JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino?
25	MR. DANDINO: No questions. Thank you,

00060 1 Senator, for coming. JUDGE DIPPELL: Do any of the other 3 attorneys have questions for Senator Bray? Thank you, 4 Senator Bray. Kevin Patterson? 5 (Thereupon, the witness was duly sworn/ affirmed by the Judge to tell the truth.) 6 7 JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you state your name 8 and spell it for the court reporter. 9 THE WITNESS: My name is Kevin Patterson. 10 K-e-v-i-n P-a-t-t-e-r-s-o-n. My address is 10500 11 Wisteria Lane, St. Louis, Missouri 63136. 12 JUDGE DIPPELL: Are you a customer of 13 Laclede Gas? 14 THE WITNESS: I'm a customer and an 15 investor, yes. 16 JUDGE DIPPELL: Go ahead and give us your 17 comments, please. 18 THE WITNESS: I just wanted to commend 19 the PSC for -- Agreeing with the Public Service 20 Commission, I ask that you have it in mid December, 21 when the weather is good and cold and let people come 22 up here. I agree a lot with some of the other state-2.3 ments made up here and the questions. 24 I want to ask the Public Service

Commission not to grant this proposal increase because

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     Laclede Gas has paid approximately 1.3 million dollars
     in salaries and over 500 thousand dollars in bonuses
     to its top executives. I have to agree with this lady
     here, if you're going to trim the fat, let's start at
     the top, and not pass it down to the customers.
  6
                       Mostly, my mother is on a fixed income,
  7
     that did not receive my father's pension when he
     passed away. She's living on a very low income, and
  9
     this is just something that the public cannot afford,
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     and is way unnecessary. That's just my comment.
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                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Chairman Davis, do you
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     have any questions for this witness?
13
                       CHAIRMAN DAVIS: No questions, Your
14
     Honor.
15
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Murray?
16
                       COMMISSIONER MURRAY: No questions.
17
     Thank you.
18
                  JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Gaw?
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                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Just real quick.
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      Sir, where did you get the 1.3 million figure?
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                       THE WITNESS: It was in the Sunday Post.
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                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you know how many
 23
     individuals receive that?
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THE WITNESS: No. I just know the top

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five.

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                       COMMISSIONER GAW: The top five. Okay.
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     Thank you, sir.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Clayton?
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                       COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: I have no
  5
     questions.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Appling, do
  7
     you have any questions?
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                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: No questions.
 9
                        JUDGED DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino?
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                       MR. DANDINO: No questions. Thank you,
11
     Mr. Patterson.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Any questions from the
13
     other attorneys? Thank you, Mr. Patterson. Harold
14
     Crumpton?
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                        (Thereupon, the witness was duly sworn/
16
     affirmed by the Judge to tell the truth.)
17
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Please state your name
18
     and spell it for the court reporter.
19
                       THE WITNESS: Harold Crumpton,
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     C-r-u-m-p-t-o-n
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                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you give us your
 22
     address, Mr. Crumpton.
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                       THE WITNESS: 400 North Fourth Street,
 24
     St. Louis, Missouri.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Are you a customer of
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00063 1 Laclede Gas? 2 THE WITNESS: Yes, I am. 3 JUDGE DIPPELL: Please give us your 4 comments. 5 THE WITNESS: Thank you. First of all, 6 I'd like to recognize Mr. Lewis Mills who has become 7 the public counsel for the State of Missouri. I work-8 ed with him in the Public Service Commission, and 9 found him to be a very reliable person, very stable 10 and he has an excellent training background that pre-11 pares him for this job. 12 Also, I'd like to point out that I think 13 there's a lot of confusion in this room about why you 14 are here, and what we're supposed to be doing. And I 15 want to reassure the public, in the history that $\ensuremath{\text{I}}$ 16 have with the Public Service Commission they have 17 never given Laclede Gas what they've asked for. It's 18 just never happened. 19 As a Public Service Commission, we 20 appointed, I believe a lead accountant for your inves-21 tigative staff. And I want the public to know that 22 sometimes I call him Attila the Hun, because he is 23 that aggressive in going over the records of the 24 companies to make sure that he states the best case possible from the Public Service Commission's point of

1 view. 2 I came here because I'm concerned about 3 the impact of all rates on those who are living on fixed incomes. As was mentioned earlier, I spent 5 about a year trying to work on some type of process 6 that would help the public avoid some of these rate 7 increase shunts. Especially, for those who are barely 8 paying their gas bills. 9 For instance, we had a citizen here who 10 said she had a \$4,000 gas bill. That's an unusual 11 bill, and it shows that somebody at Laclede Gas is 12 letting somebody else run up those kind of bills. But 13 for those people who are not paying their bills, I 14 think that the Public Service Commission and the 15 Office of Public Council and the parties to this case 16 ought to spend some time looking at a special rate for 17 the indigent, and those who are unable to pay those 18 high gas bills. 19 And the one I pursued a lot in the course 20 of the past year, is one that would eventually reduce 21 the very charges that we're talking about adding to 22 the customers bills in this hearing. And those are 23 the energy charges and the customer charges. If the 24 customer is not paying anything, at least we could pay 25 for the gas.

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1 And while the public thinks that they're here because they're upset over these customer 3 charges, they're upset over the cost of gas. That's the overriding issue here. People think that they're here because they can effect that cost, you can't do 6 it here. This is something that is done by the free 7 market. And the public, Public Service Commission, also Public Counsel, none of these attorneys can do anything about that here. 10 But we can do something to relieve the 11 pressure on these fixed incomes. While the public may 12 not know it, if you instituted a special tariff for 13 those who are unable to pay, that would remove the 14 charges that I'm discussing, that would reduce the 15 customers' bills by about 30 percent annually. 16 Now, somebody has to pay that of course, 17 and in my world it would be paid by the large indus-18 trial users who are all parties to this case. I not-19 ice that almost every large industrial user in this 20 region is a party to this case. They would pick up a bigger portion of the expenses, and those who are able 21

to pay would pick up some of those expenses.

I'm also concerned about the impact on safety. Now, this is not an issue here, but just in case you don't invite me to the hearing on the issue

1 of dealing with the meters, I would like to say that the Public Service Commission that I served on has always encouraged implementation of these electronic meter reading devices. But I, as a Public Service Commissioner always took the position that we should 6 do everything we can to retrain and reassign those in-7 dividuals who will be impacted by this change. Those are very good paying jobs, they're electronic in na-9 ture and they're network based and so those individ-10 uals should not be forced to carry the burden of this 11 improvement. 12 The other thing, is just like the gentle-13 man got up here and said, every meter reader carries 14 this little thing with him that can pick up the pres-15 ence of gas, even in the absence of that odorizer that 16 they put in gas, those things can also be used with 17 those electronic meter readers. So not every house 18 that the meter reader goes to, but every house, is 19 under constant surveillance for leaking gas. 20 And it's not the ones that they catch 21 that worries us, it's the one that sits idle and 22 builds-up gas, and all of a sudden explodes and wipes 2.3 out that property and several adjoining properties. 24 So I think that when you do come to that 25 other case, that you invite me back, but just in case

you don't you have my feelings on this issue. I, like 1 many others here are concerned about the effect of this so-called agreement. The press has probably taken it and made it something that it's really not, because in my experience the Commission has never per-6 mitted all those rates to be passed on to the users. So because of the press involvement a-8 round here the public is probably thinking the Public 9 Service Commission is getting ready to approve that 10 big agreement. I also wish that when the stipulation 11 and agreement is finally reached, keeping in mind that 12 Attila the Hun is offering advice to the Commission on 13 this agreement, that there will be public hearings. 14 And I understand that this may be a little bit dif-15 ferent from what we've done in the past, but given the 16 circumstances where the public is under so much 17 stress, this might be a good opportunity to reach out to the public and say, Listen we hear you, and this is 18 19 the agreement, we want to get your confidence. So 20 that when you do make your final decision you can in-21 clude the input of the public. 22 I want to point out that you have here 2.3 the electronics we dreamt about as Public Service 24 Commissioners. You have Commissioner Murray in Jefferson City, while you're having this hearing here.

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By the same token, you could have five locations that have hookups to the hearing you're going to have in

Jefferson City. And I recall that was the last action that I completed as a Public Service Commissioner, was to wire that building and make sure you had the electronics that would make this possible.

So even though you may have the hearing on the settlement and may not be able to come personally to St. Louis, you should be able to use a facility like this, and let the rest of us hookup. And if you had one of your employees at each location, they could swear us in, or excuse me, the Judge could still swear us in, but there would be local order so that everyone, no matter where they are would get a chance to have their input.

So while I am perhaps disappointed in some, because I'm not impassioned by what I have to say here, I do want to bring some balance and help the public understand that this is nothing but a hearing. That you're asking for their input on the effect of this particular raise or increase on them, and their past experience with the company.

THE SPEAKER: I would just like to clarify that we are here for expenses, we are not here for natural gas discussion. Judge, would you clarify

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 1 that.
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Trotter, I believe
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     you're question is, are we here to hear about the
     natural gas ex- penses or the operating expenses of
     the company.
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                        THE SPEAKER: Yes.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: This particular rate in-
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     crease is dealing with that set charge every month on
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     your bill, the operating expenses of the company and
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     not the charge for the actual natural gas itself.
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                       THE SPEAKER: Just let the record reflect
12
     that.
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                       THE WITNESS: I think that was clear in
14
     my remarks.
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                       THE SPEAKER: No, it was not clear.
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                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Let's let Mr. Crumpton
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     have the floor right now. When we're finished hear-
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     ing from all the witness, if there are further com-
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     ments I'll offer the microphone back to those people.
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                       Mr. Crumpton, thank you for your re-
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     marks. Chairman Davis, do you have any questions for
 22
     Mr. Crumpton?
 23
                       CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Yes. Mr. Crumpton, how
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     long were you on the Commission?
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                        THE WITNESS: I was on the Commission for
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1 seven years.
2 CHAIRMAN DAVIS: The circumstances that
3 evolved around this alleged settlement, did you ever
4 encounter a similar set of circumstances when you were
5 on the Commission?
6 THE WITNESS: Fortunately, when I was of
7 the Commission most of my public hearings in St. Louis
8 had one or two people show up. Which meant that the

THE WITNESS: Fortunately, when I was on the Commission most of my public hearings in St. Louis had one or two people show up. Which meant that the prices were very stable. Natural gas prices were not going up and the public generally was satisfied with the work that was being done. But it's common practice in hearings before the Commission, for the Commission to be offered a settlement and an agreement before the Commission hears the case, and before the case is actually presented. So this is not unusual.

You may recall that in the newspapers yesterday, Roger Maris's family and Anheuser-Busch reached some kind of settlement and agreement even after they had gone to trial prior to the Judge ruling. So these are common occurrences.

JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Murray, do you have any questions?

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Yes. Thank you Mr. Crumpton, it's nice to hear from someone who really does understand the process. And I appreciate you

00071 helping to clarify some of the misunderstanding out 1 there. I agree with you that there is a great deal of misunderstanding in that room today about the process, and what it is that we are attempting to accomplish here. And what the parties have done at this point in 6 time. 7 I'd just like to ask if you would agree 8 that there's nothing necessarily evil or untoward a-9 bout parties reaching a settlement in this particular 10 situation? 11 THE WITNESS: Well, it's done all the 12 time. It's a part of the public body of law. I think 13 where the public is confused, is that it was reported 14 in the paper that the agreement was for 34 mil, and we 15 don't know what the agreement is. After the agreement 16 is revealed, if you give the public a chance to come 17 back and discuss it, I think the public would be sat-18 isfied. Is not unusual. 19 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Again, thank you 20 very much for sharing your thoughts with us. 21 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Gaw? 22 COMMISSIONER GAW: How are you

THE WITNESS: Just fine, Steve.

COMMISSIONER GAW: You say you spent some

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Commissioner?

00072 time, as I know you did, spent a lot of time dealing 1 with the issues about affordability over the last year or so. In that role did you come -- did you have information presented to you about the increases in the 5 cost of heating homes? 6 THE WITNESS: Sure. 7 COMMISSIONER GAW: In the St. Louis 8 region? 9 THE WITNESS: Yes. 10 COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you recall any of 11 the figures on how much, overall, increases have been 12 over the last few years? 13 THE WITNESS: They were substantial. I 14 would say that they have probably doubled by now with 15 the cost of natural gas. Doubled what it was when I 16 was a Public Service Commissioner. 17 COMMISSIONER GAW: Of course, we know and 18 you've already said, that we're not in this case deal-19 ing with the price of gas itself? That's something 20 that the Public Service Commission does not have con-21 trol over. 22 THE WITNESS: Right. 2.3 COMMISSIONER GAW: But the impact to the 24 consumer, it doesn't matter does it?

THE WITNESS: It doesn't matter.

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                       COMMISSIONER GAW: They still have to
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    pay?
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                       THE WITNESS: Absolutely.
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: So when you get to
     that point, the last few years have been pretty tough
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     would you say?
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                       THE WITNESS: Yes.
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                       COMMISSIONER GAW: And the forecast com-
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     ing into this winter looks even more bleak than they
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     have the last two or three winters, don't they?
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                       THE WITNESS: Yes.
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                       COMMISSIONER GAW: So when we're looking
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    at the other side of the equation you also look, I
14
     assume at some of the assistance that's available out
15
     there?
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                       THE WITNESS: Right.
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                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Did you see -- There's
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     a program called LIHEAP for short. That's used to
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     provide some federal assistance dollars back to some
20
     people; is that correct?
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                       THE WITNESS: Absolutely.
22
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you recall, that
23
    program was established in the early '80s?
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                       THE WITNESS: Yes, it was.
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                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Isn't it true that the
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00074 funding for that program, if you compare that to the 1 current funding of that program, has basically remained the same for the last 20 years? THE WITNESS: Actually, it's declined 5 quite a bit. 6 COMMISSIONER GAW: So the overall prices 7 since that time have gone up high, a lot higher than 8 what it has in the last few years, that we've 9 basically dealt with, right? 10 THE WITNESS: Right. 11 COMMISSIONER GAW: At least that's what 12 you think it was. Was there also a study presented by 13 Roger Colton? 14 THE WITNESS: Absolutely. 15 COMMISSIONER GAW: Could you give me a 16 little reminding about what that study indicated? 17 Well, first of all, was it a study dealing with the 18 impact on Missouri consumers, particularly low 19 income--20 THE WITNESS: Well, he did include a 21 study on the low income customers in Missouri. And 22 I'm sorry, I'm just drawing a blank. 23 COMMISSIONER GAW: Well, in general did 24 he give some -- Did he come to some conclusion in re-

gard to what some people have to do in regard to allo-

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cating what resources they have between food and pre-
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     scription dugs and paying their heating bill?
                       THE WITNESS: Absolutely. Actually, he
    didn't have to tell us that, we already knew that cit-
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    izens are having to make serious decisions about
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    whether or not they take all of their medicine, or cut
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     it in half and take half a dose, or skip days taking
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    medicine in order to meet the requirements of utili-
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    ties, and other rising costs on their budgets.
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                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you think this
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     Commission should take those kinds of things and im-
12
     pact into account when making decisions?
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                       THE WITNESS: I most certainly do. And I
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     think that the request that the Commission create some
15
     kind of special rate dealing with these charges, you
16
     know, I think that would be appropriate.
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                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Thank you very much,
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     Commissioner. I appreciate you coming.
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                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Clayton?
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                       COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: First of all, I
21
    want to thank you for being here. You bring a unique
22
    perspective, you've been on the inside and outside of
23
    the Public Service Commission and that gives you a
24
     unique perspective in looking at the work we do. My
     question to you relates to affordability.
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1 Aside from limiting the increase or the amount of rates that are involved in this case, is there anything else in your experience that the Missouri Public Service Commission ought to be doing, any other types of programs or types of initiatives 6 that we should be thinking of in terms of dealing with 7 these affordability issues? 8 THE WITNESS: Absolutely. When we were 9 studying affordability, one of things we looked at was 10 the condition of the house, to have heat, period. For 11 instance, when I was a Public Service Commissioner I 12 had to go to Kansas City because they had put thous-13 ands of people off the system, and some of the houses 14 I visited had no windows. 15 These people, they had huge bills assign-16 ed to those homes, and they had been put off the sys-17 tems. So in our affordability studies we thought that 18

These people, they had huge bills assigned to those homes, and they had been put off the systems. So in our affordability studies we thought that first of all, there ought to be some kind of standard as to what kind of property we're going to try to heat. In order to make sure that the poor were not overly impacted, we also asked that there be money set aside either from general revenue, or as Commissioners administering their responsibility tack on something, so that we could create funding to bring houses up to code for the poor.

1 Now, for the housing stock, period, it was felt that we should have standards when people move into new homes or when homes are sold, that those houses have some kind of efficiency study to make sure that those houses are not going to use more than a standard amount of energy in order to prepare for 6 7 prior heat. 8 So you have homes that, you know, like if 9 you have a 15 room house on three stories and you're 10 living in a small part of that house, and you're try-11 ing to heat that whole house, then you're probably 12 putting yourself in a position where you have to pay 13 three or four hundred dollars a month. I've actually 14 seen some bills for six hundred a month. 15 When you implement programs such as effi-16 ciency standards, programs such as the program that 17 Laclede Gas and its employees put on in the wintertime to create comfort zones in the home, you can control 18 19 it. And actually lower the out-of-pocket cost for the 20 customers. 21 22 COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: I know there's a 23 program involving weatherization in the State of 24 Missouri right now. Is it a fair statement that that 25 program is inadequate to deal with the needs you just 26 suggested?

00078 THE WITNESS: Well, it's underfunded. 1 2 COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: Is it a matter of 3 money or is it a matter of having the ideas and the initiative to go out and implement --5 THE WITNESS: Well, it's probably a com-6 bination of all of that. I know in Kansas City they 7 have a very structured program that the City of Kansas 8 City implements. They go around and try to bring 9 homes up to code. This would include insulation, hav-10 ing windows of certain nature. Having heating units 11 that are efficient. 12 Like, for instance, you can have an old-13 fashioned furnace, I don't care how many cubic feet of 14 natural gas you run through there, it's not going to 15 warm up much of that house. Some of these units were 16 like 56-years-old. It's hard to believe, but they 17 were that old. So they're just not efficient. 18 19

Where the government, or even the company could have programs, and I'm sure they do, where they would lend the customers money to replace the heating unit and that would cut their heating cost a tremendous amount.

COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: Can you point to any part of the state that has had success in dealing with the concept as a whole in affordability? There

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are many different components. You've mentioned 1 Kansas City a couple of times. In your travels, in your experience have you seen any areas that have made good steps in reaching a more positive goal? THE WITNESS: I think St. Louis has made an effort. I don't know where the process is at here. 6 7 Whoever was the running the program in St. Louis did 8 not attend our affordability conferences. So the one 9 that was spoken a great deal of was the one in Kansas 10 City. And it's a very structured program where they 11 are held accountable for results, and they are appar-12 ently bringing about some relief. 13 If you understand what I'm saying, take a 14 15 room house -- take this room here for instance. If 15 I'm only going to live in this part of it, I can turn 16 this into an energy zone, a conference zone, and let 17 this just suffer the elements because I'm not living in it. Then you go from heating all of this, to maybe 18 19 one-third of you heating cost. 20 So in some of the projects I personally 21 worked on in St. Louis, we went to homes where we 22 created conference zones in a small portion of their 23 house; the living room, the bedroom and bath, and the 24 foyer, but the rest of the house we didn't. And those people were in a better position to survive the winter

1 when rates came crashing. Now, I'm not making any excuses for the fact that energy costs a lot more money than it did in the past. People don't realize this, but the total 5 operation of Laclede Gas, the total operation is prob-6 ably one of the most efficient in the country, in the 7 sense that they buy gas when the price is low. The 8 unfortunate thing is that the price hasn't been low. 9 And by that I mean, they were buying gas when it was 10 like \$2.00-something a hundred cubic feet back in the 11 old days. Now it's like \$6 or \$7 for 100 cubic feet 12 right now. And I may be off --13 COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: Or more. 14 THE WITNESS: Or more. So you never get 15 a chance to fill up your storage facility with cheap 16 gas, so they can flow it out to the customers in the 17 winter. So the customers in our region while they 18 have enjoyed relatively low prices for gas right now, 19 we're caught in this trap of rising prices, increasing 20 demand and so the price in the summer never drops. 21 COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: I want to thank 22 you for your testimony. I would encourage you to stay 23 involved in working on these important issues. Thank 24 25 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Appling, do

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00081
 1 you any questions?
                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: Commissioner, it's
    good to see you. Is there anything else you can think
     of that the Commission can do to continue to inform
     people that there's not going to be any major changes
 6
     in the cost of the gas in the foreseeable future?
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     What do we need to do?
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                       THE WITNESS: I think we need to get out
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     and encourage the more efficient use of energy in this
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     state. If the problem is everywhere, and by that I
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     mean the programs that the Public Service Commission
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     already has in place for assisting people with infor-
     mation about the use of energy, those could be expand-
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     ed. If we could get the TV and radio stations and the
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     newspapers who are blowing this issue way out of pro-
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     portion right now, if we could get them to cooperate,
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     then there would be, people would make better use of
18
     the energy. So it's training and education.
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                       COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: Thank you very
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     much.
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                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino?
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                       MR. DANDINO: I have no questions, thank
23
     you.
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Are there any questions
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from the attorneys? Thank you, Mr. Crumpton for

00082 1 coming. LaDoris Payne? 2 (Thereupon, the witness was duly sworn/ 3 affirmed by the Judge to tell the truth.) JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you state your name 5 and spell it for the court reporter. 6 THE WITNESS: L-a-D-o-r-i-s, Payne, 7 P-a-y-n-e. I'm a Laclede Gas customer. I live in 8 Jennings at 6350 Garesche. In my work in the commun-9 ity I've been informed that Laclede Gas is asking for 10 a rate increase. I came here as a citizen today to 11 say that I oppose that increase. 12 I understand the economics of the market, 13 the cost of gas increases so that the amount that we 14 pay, that increase must be paid. It is however, my 15 understanding that much of what is being requested is 16 not for the additional cost of the product. And to 17 the small working consumer it will have a disproportionate effect. And perhaps these extra costs should 18 19 be borne by Laclede Gas as the cost of doing business. 20 There may not be many consumers here to-

day, and one reason is that the request for a rate in-

crease hearing was not in our bills as they would nor-

paper. The notices in the paper certainly don't reach all of Laclede's customers. As I'm sure that many

mally be. Your body gave permission to put it in the

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cannot financially afford to subscribe to the paper. 1 People I work with don't believe it matters if you come here and speak, because the decision has already been made. 5 I'm disabled and I live on a very small 6 fixed income. For other people like myself on a small 7 income, there's no way to make up for the extra 8 charges that I'll see on the gas bill this winter. 9 Though the bill may increase, my income won't. And I 10 have to make the decision about whether I can afford 11 the other necessities of life, medication, food and 12 other things as I contemplate whether I can pay my 13 bills. 14 In addition, I work as a volunteer for a 15 small community service center in Jennings. After 13 16 years we sit and face the decision about whether we 17 keep our doors open. And utility bills are a prime 18 cause of that. So it's not just me as an individual 19 that suffers, but that families we serve. We can't do 20 it without heat and we can barely afford to pay any 21 more. 22 We don't begrudge our situation, but unless others have walked in our shoes and understand 2.3 24 the struggle that it is for me and many others to keep our bills current to avoid cut-off, it is probably

1 difficult for you to understand what it is like. So I speak for people like me, who just don't have any more money to pay. People who work, who are retired, who are disabled, and who are getting by, who don't need 5 any obstacles to our self-sufficiency. 6 You could easily vote for the increase 7 and it's difficult I know, to admit the request is in-8 flated, and you're only planning to accept part of it 9 any way. And that's how business operates and that's 10 how business is done. But I do expect you to remember 11 that you are the Public Service Commission and there-12 fore public servants. You serve the entire public, 13 and I ask you to consider what that means as you move 14 forward in this process. And I ask you, do you really 15 represent me as a consumer, who has no choice but to 16 use utilities? Thank you. 17 JUDGE DIPPELL: Chairman Davis, did you 18 have any questions for this witness? 19 CHAIRMAN DAVIS: I'd like to pass for 20 right now. 21 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Murray, did 22 you have any questions? 23 THE SPEAKER: Commissioner Murray has 24 stepped away for a moment. 25 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Gaw?

1 COMMISSIONER GAW: Thank you for coming. 2 Can you give me some idea about the impact heating your home and maybe heating the center where you work, how that has been over the last few years, how the im-5 pact on your total income and availability to pay has 6 changed? 7 THE WITNESS: Well, it's increasingly 8 difficult. The utilities are our largest bills for 9 the center where we work. 10 COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you know about what 11 they -- I don't want to ask you this, if you just want 12 to volunteer it? 13 THE WITNESS: Well, I do know in the last year it was a struggle to pay. And in addition to the 14 struggling to pay the bills, we also had to pay exorb-15 16 itant deposits because we were late paying. So we 17 have money that we can't access for our needs because 18 it's tied up in deposits. We are an all-volunteer 19 center, we have no paid staff so we don't have any 20 money going to anything expect the expenses of doing 21 business. 22 But there are months during the year be-2.3 cause of the cost of utilities where we actually don't 24 operate a full week because we just can't afford to 25 turn the heat on.

00086 1 COMMISSIONER GAW: Can you tell me what the center does? 3 THE WITNESS: Imani Family Center. provide social support to low income families, primarily African-American families. We hold support 6 groups for families who have children in school. We 7 have groups that work, antiviolence groups. I work with grandparents who are raising children. 9 But we also serve as a hospitality center 10 for groups around the world. We are part of a nation-11 al and international group of some 43 countries. In 12 fact, the year before last we were fortunate enough to 13 have Wangari Maathai, the 2004 Nobel Prize winner come 14 to stay with us. We were fortunate that she came when 15 it was warm, because we can't keep that building very 16 warm when it's cold. 17 When people come to see us that's one of 18 the things that we talk about, that we are struggling 19 with just to stay alive and to stay open and to sup-20 port ourselves. 21 COMMISSIONER GAW: And I know you believe 22 that the center is very important. How long have you 2.3 been there?

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a full-time volunteer.

THE WITNESS: For 13 years I've worked as

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                       COMMISSIONER GAW: What kind of impact on
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     the community if you weren't able to keep the doors
 3
     open?
                       THE WITNESS: In the community where I
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     live there is not a gathering place. There is not a
 6
     sit-down restaurant in Jennings, there's not a lib-
 7
     rary, there's not a hotel. So other groups other than
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     our own group, the United Way, other community groups,
 9
     City of Jennings, uses our building to host meetings
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     in the community. Also groups like the University of
11
     Missouri hold classes there. We just can't afford to
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     -- I don't know what we're going to do, I really
     don't. We're right now, trying to figure out if we
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     can maintain the property because of the expense. I
15
     know the Catholic Church sold, they couldn't keep it
16
     up. So I don't know how long I can.
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                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Thank you very much.
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     I really appreciate your comments.
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                       COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: I didn't get the
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     name of the family center.
21
                       THE WITNESS: Imani Center. I-m-a-n-i.
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                 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Appling?
                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: No questions.
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                 JUDGE DIPPELL: Chairman Davis?
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                 CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Ms. Payne, I just
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wanted to say that I did agree with you with regard
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    to the newspaper ad. I thought that their placement
    was poor and insufficient. From now on I'll make
    sure to do everything I can to make sure that public
    hearing notices go in the customer's bills so every-
 5
    one is notified.
 6
 7
                THE WITNESS: And the we would greatly
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    appropriate that.
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                JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino?
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                      MR. DANDINO: I have no questions.
11
    you, Ms. Payne.
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                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Any other attorneys have
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                     Thank you, Ms. Payne. George
    any questions?
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    Neunreiter?
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                  (Thereupon, the witness was duly sworn/
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    affirmed by the Judge to tell the truth.)
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                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you state your name
18
    and spell it for the court reporter.
19
                      THE WITNESS: George Neunreiter,
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    N-e-u-n-r-e-i-t-e-r.
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                      JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you give us your
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    address.
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                      THE WITNESS: I put it down as 720 Olive
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    Street. I'm here, unfortunately I don't have gas at
    my home, but I am representing several schools in the
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gas segregation program that are signing up this year. That's why I'm here to testify.

I am currently representing a denominational set of schools, which will be signing up for the first time this year. In our analysis between what happened last year and this year, we saw a drastic decrease in the offset of cost, and several of these smaller facilities do show that to sign up for the gas segregation program will cost those schools more money than if they stayed under the Laclede Gas rate exclusively.

I know the Commission is aware of the gas segregation program, but some of the audience may not be. My concern is that in the spirit of the gas segregation program, to facilitate the schools coming together to increase the efficiency of delivery as well as reducing the cost for operating those facilities, that is not always the case under the present program.

So as these nonenergy costs impact the bills, these schools are still paying Laclede Gas rates and then receiving the dividends on a quarterly basis. My concern is that they will have this liability with nothing to show for it. I am providing my services on virtually a no-cost basis, because of

my return of rewards that I receive practicing as an 1 energy consultant in the past. So I am not impacting the cost. However, this structure -- we need to 5 be careful of the intent of the gas segregation pro-6 gram as it relates to this year and future years. 7 JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you very much. 8 Chairman Davis, do you have any questions? 9 CHAIRMAN DAVIS: No questions. Thank 10 you, sir. 11 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Murray? I 12 don't believe Commissioner Murray has joined us. 13 Commissioner Gaw? 14 COMMISSIONER GAW: No questions. Thank 15 you for coming, sir. 16 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Clayton? 17 COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: No questions. 18 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Appling? 19 COMMISSIONER APPLING: No questions. 20 Thank you, sir. 21 JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino? 22 MR. DANDINO: No questions. Thank you, 23 Mr. Neunreiter. JUDGE DIPPELL: The attorneys for the 24

other parties? Thank you Mr. Neunreiter, for coming.

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     Shawn Johnson?
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                        (Thereupon, the witness was duly sworn/
  3
     affirmed by the Judge to tell the truth.)
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you state your name
  5
     and spell it for the court reporter.
  6
                        THE WITNESS: My name is Shawn,
  7
     S-h-a-w-n, Johnson, J-o-h-n-s-o-n.
  8
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you give us your
 9
     address.
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                        THE WITNESS: My address is 4359 Hunt,
11
     St. Louis, Missouri 63110.
12
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Are you a customer of
13
     Laclede Gas?
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                        THE WITNESS: Yes. I'm a customer and
15
     investor.
16
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Please give us your
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     comments.
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                        THE WITNESS: Well, my comments is, I sat
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     back and listened to a lot of the testimonies, some of
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     it was good, a lot of it was rhetoric. And I'm prob-
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     ably the youngest person that's in this room right
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     now. To hear from a young person like me should serve
 23
     as some type of dividend to you all.
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                        I mean, I really don't know the purpose
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     of your panel or the Commission. I don't understand
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it, yet. But from what I see, I'm sitting, I'm 1 looking, this is my first time. I see a lot of head nodding and I see a lot of, "Do you have any guestions?" And most of you all have no questions for the 5 people coming up here, and giving you -- and pouring 6 their heart out to you all. 7 And I find that very interesting for a 8 panel not to have any questions for anyone that has 9 problems with this particular utility company. This 10 company is a monopoly, and it's been monopolizing the 11 City of St. Louis for some time now. Back in the day 12 when Southwestern Bell, SBC, was also a monopoly they 13 had the control over whether you were going to talk on 14 the phone or not. And they treated the people very 15 differently, just as Laclede Gas. 16 They know there's no other form of gas in 17 St. Louis, because if there were it would be a lot 18 better and more efficient in how they handle and con-19 duct their daily operation and daily business. My 20 concerns are by being young and in St. Louis, what's 21 going to happen? Are we going to allow them to con-22 tinually just run amok and do what they want to do, or 23 are we going to put regulations and cap them off? Let 24 them know, Hey, you work for the people too. 25 Because everybody in here who pays their

utility bills, everyone, you are an investor. You 1 don't have to buy stock, or nothing. You're investing your time and money into this company and they should be giving you some retribution back, and they're not. I mean, just look at it. One man stood up here, and 6 most of you all were in agreement with him because he 7 sounded like a spokesman for Laclede Gas. He stood up 8 here and said a bunch of rhetoric about what's not 9 even going on here today. 10 Today we're talking about expenses. Not 11 talking about any hypothetical, any rhetorical thing 12 that he brought up. We're talking about expenses and 13 why the bills are so high, why the people are not get-14 ting more efficient gas. They're not getting prompt, 15 scheduled appointments and all that. Laclede Gas is 16 not prompt in how they schedule their appointments. 17 I had an incident where Laclede Gas, they 18 charged me, my gas bill was \$700-something. I'm bare-19 ly home, I'm on the road a lot. When I'm here, I'm 20 not in the house that much where my bill can be \$700-21 something. So they told me I had to pay the whole 22 bill to get it turned back on, or I just go without 23 gas. That is not fair to me because I'm doing repairs 24 on my house and I just put in a \$300-something water heater. And I'm like, am I going to have to replace

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this because of a mistake they made, or am I just 1 going to have to bite the bullet and pay for something I know I didn't use? And who is going to regulate that? Is it going to be good just to sit up and talk about it, or 6 is it going to be good just after we do something 7 about it? I don't see anything changing. I don't see 8 anybody saying, Well, we're going to try our best. 9 How do we know, the public? This is a public hearing, 10 right? How do we know you all haven't already agreed 11 to whatever it is they asked you all to? We don't 12 know that. 13 All we know is you're sitting up in front 14 of us making it seem like everything is all right. But it's not. I mean, are you going to allow the uti-15 16 lity companies to just do what they want to do to the 17 customers? Because believe it or not, we pay their salary. Without us, there's no them. But, they have 18 19 you believe that you need us. What's the problem in 20 that? I mean, how are we going to regulate something 21 that's not regulated? Or is it? 22 I mean, like I said I'm the youngest per-23 son in the room right now. If my concerns are this

intense, just imagine how the people that are younger than me, and what their mothers and fathers are going

to do. I mean, are any of you going to write to 1 Laclede Gas and say, Hey, look, you made a mistake on Shawn's bill, you need to give him a break on it? No. But you will sit up here and listen and then when you're asked, do you have any questions? No 6 questions. No questions. You should. 7 You should have plenty of questions. 8 Because this company is not, has not been a viable 9 company in St. Louis. And one of the ladies stood up 10 here and she said that they're racist, and they're 11 going, I don't know, I think we all should come to-12 gether for a common cause. You in know there's dis-13 parity in certain neighborhoods. 14 Urban, whatever that means. I don't know 15 what urban means, but that's what they label it. You 16 know there's disparity in those neighborhoods as far 17 as when you go out to Ladue, you know that. That's a 18 the question that shouldn't even have been asked. 19 Yes, it's racism. Yes. Too bad, but it is that. And 20 we haven't eradicated it, we just help it, we just 21 fuel it. We just keep on throwing fire on it, and 22 that's ridiculous. 2.3 Because you hear, you see a lot of 24 attorneys here, of course they're going to protect their interest because they work for the company.

What kind of question are you going to ask him? They don't have any questions because they represent their company. And you've got this older gentlemen who stood up, poured his heart out and was almost in tears about something that was bothering him, and all any of you could do is sit up there, Oh, no questions. You need to get in there and give something that that man could take home to his wife and kids.

I mean, that's your duty, that's your job as a public servant. Why have a public hearing if you're trying to exclude the public? What is that? Public means for everybody. And then you have one man up here, like I said, he sounded like he was a representative of Laclede Gas.

And I heard the lady in Jeff City, she had no comments for nobody else, no questions. But when he got up and said some stuff, that was really off the record, and wasn't even viable to what we are talking about. Well, she raises her hand then and she starts talking. Where you at now, give some questions to me. She don't want to talk to me because I'm not going to feed into the same rhetoric that she and the people of this distinguished state. Blunt wants to cut Medicaid but raise gas prices. What's that? How can you cut something somebody needs and hire

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saying.

something that people can do without. 1 You can use electricity to heat your 3 house, you don't need gas. Now, if we had other companies here that competed with Laclede Gas I quarantee you would see a difference in how they conduct their operations, daily. Just like you have all these phone 6 companies coming up. SBC don't treat you like they 7 8 used to. I get letters all the time, Oh, please come 9 back. I get letters all the time from them. But 10 because we have a disparity between natural gas and 11 all that, we know that the war on terror, whatever is 12 over there, and we know that that's causing the gas 13 and everything to go up, whatever, crude oil. We need 14 crude oil for that and that and that, but this is 15 natural gas. 16 So where does that tie in? Natural means 17 natural, it comes from the Earth, right? The last time I checked that's what natural means. So what are 18 19 we exactly going to do about this? It seems to me, 20 and like I say, I'm one of the youngest, it seems to

me that all I see is a bunch of head nodding. I don't

understand the purpose of the Commission if we're not

going to take into consideration what these people are

Because it's hard to get in front of a

microphone and tell something deep and personal to a person. I mean this man was almost in tears, man.

That made me rethink a lot of things, so I know you had to. And I really do not agree with a lot of this stuff they told you. Maybe I need to grow a little bit.

Maybe I need to grow to understand a little bit. But it seems to me that Laclede Gas is really capitalizing on their monopoly. And they are monopolizing St. Louis. Monopoly means when you have control over certain areas. I mean, you can learn that just by playing the game of Monopoly. I really don't understand what is going on, but I do see what I see. We need to really, really get down on Laclede Gas and make them treat their customers like they're viable customers and then --

I'm not saying nothing is free in the world. I'm not asking for nothing. I'm not asking for a so-called tax break, because we know that don't work. I'm asking for something that's fruitful and viable to the people of St. Louis. I ain't just speaking for myself, I'm speaking for people just like me. And I'm not poor. I heard you using the word, poor. Poor means you have a poor mind of thinking. You can be -- You don't have to have a lot of money to

be rich. 1 So we need to understand what our purpose is. And your purpose is to come together, and come up with some type of plan to help do it. But don't just sit up here and act like everything is all right when 6 it's not. You know this company is a problem. Not 7 had a problem, is a problem. Any time your hierarchy 8 is getting paid 14 percent -- Do you know what that 9 is? 14 percent increase in your pay? 10 Then you want to cut jobs? That means 11 more people are going do be out of work and we're 12 going to have more public hearings. Because there are 13 going to be more people that used to work for Laclede 14 Gas can't pay their gas bills. Then what? We really 15 need to understand what we're trying to do here. Be-16 cause we all just sitting around here like it's all 17 good, and it's not. It's not. 18 How do you tell a man he can't pay for 19 his gas, get out in the cold. Then you see the young 20 soldiers over there sacrificing their lives for us. 21 What do they got to come home to? No lights, no gas? 22 We've got to understand what's more important. That's 23 all I have to say. JUDGE DIPPELL: I'm not trying to be pat-24 ronizing or anything. I'm very serious, we have a

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Commission, a consumer hotline and we have some of our
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     consumer staff here today, who would be happy to talk
    to you if you have a complaint that you might like to
     file with the Commission about your certain situation
 5
    with Laclede. Do speak to her afterward, if you feel
 6
     it's necessary.
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                       THE WITNESS: Okay.
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                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Chairman Davis?
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                       CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Mr. Johnson, are you
10
     still disputing your $700 gas bill?
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                       THE WITNESS: Yes, I'm still disputing
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     it. Because it's, like, for me to barely be at home
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     and for my bill to be that high, it's curious.
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                       CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Okay. Can one of our
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     staff people catch Mr. Johnson after he's done testi-
16
     fying and take down his information and look at that?
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                       THE WITNESS: Yes, and if I did use that
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    much gas, I want to know how, and why. Because they
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     don't explain that, they just tell you you have to pay
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     this or you're off. I want to know why. Because when
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     they came out and read the meter about three or four
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     times, and it's not adequate for what they charge me.
                      CHAIRMAN DAVIS: I understand. I had the
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     same problem where they actually took out my meter,
     and said it was my meter. And I've had similar prob-
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1 lems with another gas company. I've heard a lot about the word monopoly, and I get the feeling that a lot of people here think that -- Are in favor of deregulating the gas distribution market here in St. Louis, and 5 bringing in more competition to St. Louis; is that a 6 fair statement? 7 THE WITNESS: Yes. We need it, so we can 8 show them that, Hey, there's somebody else out here. 9 Do what you do. 10 CHAIRMAN DAVIS: As part of that, I guess 11 this condition of having a monopoly they also have an 12 obligation to serve, so you would relieve them of that 13 obligation to provide service to people? 14 THE WITNESS: Well, I mean, I say this, 15 that's a good question in a question within a 16 question. But I'm going to say that, if they don't 17 take care of what they need to take care of, they do 18 need do competition. They do. Because if you have 19 competition you tend to attack problems better. That 20 is my opinion from what I've seen. Not even an opin-21 ion, that's what I've seen. Look at SBC, look at 22 their history then, and look at it now. And then 23 answer your question. CHAIRMAN DAVIS: MR. Johnson, I think you 24 25

stated quite eloquently that you are probably the

youngest person here testifying. How can we do a bet-1 ter job of reaching out to young people like yourself in your community? Newspaper ads don't seem to be effective. I think putting something in the customer 5 bills, but how else can we get the word out to people 6 that we are here and we do want to help? 7 THE WITNESS: For one, I'd say show the 8 people that you're with them, not against them. That 9 is a big thing, show them that you're with them. Like 10 you just gave me some personal information, that you 11 had a problem. That's valuable information, a lot of 12 people don't know that. Show the people that you're 13 with them instead of standing against them. 14 Then buy some airtime. They listen to 15 the radio all the time, put it on the radio. Tell 16 them, hey, look, we're having a public hearing, you 17 need to do this. If your parents are having a problem 18 with their bill this is the way you get help. You 19 don't always have to do this, you can go do this. 20 Your voice needs to be heard. You got to show the 21 young people that they have a voice. All we want is a 22 voice, and to know that somebody is listening. CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Thank you, Mr. Johnson. 2.3 24 THE WITNESS: You're welcome. 25 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Murray are

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00103
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    you with us?
  2
                       COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Yes.
  3
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Did you have any ques-
     tions for this witness?
  5
                       COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Mr. Johnson, you
  6
     mentioned we could put broadcasts on the radio to let
  7
     you know there's a hearing coming up; is that right?
  8
                       THE WITNESS: Yes.
 9
                       COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Did you hear our
10
     public service announcements about this meeting?
11
                       THE WITNESS: No, ma'am. It goes by what
12
     time on the radio. If you're putting it on late at
13
     night, of course not, or early in the morning, of
14
      course not. If you're doing it in midday, that five
15
     o'clock drive, yes, ma'am.
16
                       COMMISSIONER MURRAY: So we've got to put
17
     them on pretty much around the clock to catch every-
18
     body?
19
                       THE WITNESS: If you really want people
 20
     to get involved, and people to know what you're doing,
 21
     and be up on what they need to be up on, yes, ma'am.
 22
                       COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Let me just make
 23
     sure I have your position clear. You are opposed to a
 24
     rate increase; is that correct?
 25
                       THE WITNESS: Yes. I'm opposed to any-
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25

issue you were talking about?

thing that makes people work harder than what they 1 should. So if that means a rate increase, yes, I'm $\,$ 3 opposed to it. COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Is that at all times and under all circumstances? Or just for this 5 particular rate increase? Or am I just to assume you 6 7 don't ever want a rate increase? 8 THE WITNESS: I see. That's good. 9 You're using semantics, that's real good. I'll say 10 this, I think that you deserve a rate increase when 11 you do the job. And Laclede Gas hasn't been doing 12 their job. 13 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And your reason 14 that you say they haven't been doing their job, is 15 that based on your billing? 16 THE WITNESS: No. Based on their prac-17 tices. 18 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And would you just 19 tell me one or two of those practices, again. I 20 didn't hear all of your testimony. 21 THE WITNESS: Okay. One of the practices they do, they do a lot of unfair charges and they 22 23 don't explain your bill to you. COMMISSIONER MURRAY: That's the billing 24

00105 1 THE WITNESS: Yes, of course. I read 2 very well. If you want me -- I'm not one of those you can say if you want anything hidden from me put it in a book, because I'm going to open the book. 5 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: That's why I asked 6 you what the other things were other than the billing 7 issue. 8 THE WITNESS: They do a lot of unfair 9 hike rate, hiking the bill up. 10 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: That's a billing 11 issue. What are the nonbilling issues? 12 THE WITNESS: Oh, nonbilling. I'm sorry. They're not prompt on their time. If they set an ap-13 14 pointment, they make you sit and wait until they can 15 get around to you. That's not fair. 16 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: For what? 17 THE WITNESS: For anything. If you have 18 an odor. 19 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Why would you call 20 them? 21 THE WITNESS: Gas leaks. 22 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: You're saying you 23 called about a gas leak, and they did not respond? 24 THE WITNESS: They respond. But they re-25 spond when they want. Not when it was called.

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00106
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                       COMMISSIONER MURRAY: You can talk to our
 2
     customer service people when you're finished, is that
 3
     okay?
                       THE WITNESS: Yes.
                       COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Thank you very
 5
 6
     much.
 7
                       THE WITNESS: Thank you. I appreciate
 8
     it.
 9
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Gaw?
10
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Mr. Johnson.
11
                       THE WITNESS: Hey, how you doing?
12
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: How are you doing?
13
                       THE WITNESS: All right.
14
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Thank you for coming.
15
     I want to say this to you. It really is important to
16
     have people turn out here. I can't -- I can imagine
17
     what people think, but I don't know that that's right.
18
     And I need to hear it. I want to know. One of the
19
     things I want to know from you, is tell me what you
20
     think about how this request for a rate increase is
21
     going to impact some of the people around that you
22
     know, that are in your age group and paying the bill?
23
                       THE WITNESS: Okay. For one, it's going
24
     to make people have to work harder than what they're
25
     already doing.
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00107
 1
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Is it difficult today
 2
     for a young person to make ends meet?
                       THE WITNESS: Yes. I'm going to be hon-
     est with you, you either got three jobs or you got
 5
     four.
 6
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you have a lot of
 7
     friends -- I don't want to get into your personal life
 8
 9
                       THE WITNESS: No problem.
10
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: -- unless you want to.
11
     But you have friends that are working three or four
12
     jobs right now trying to get their bills paid?
13
                       THE WITNESS: Yes. I got friends that
14
     are working for themselves and their parents. I mean,
15
     that's enough said in itself. Any time you have to
16
     have two jobs and you need extra money to pay your
17
     utilities? Come on man. You got two jobs already.
18
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: And you're paying your
19
     own utilities?
20
                       THE WITNESS: Yes. I'm paying every-
21
     thing. That's the point.
22
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you have a car, a
23
    truck?
24
                       THE WITNESS: Yes. But it's paid for.
25
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Are you paying the gas
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00108
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     bill for that, too?
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                        THE WITNESS: Yes.
  3
                        COMMISSIONER GAW: Has that gone up,
  4
     lately?
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                       THE WITNESS: Yes.
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Because mine has gone
  6
  7
     up, I know that.
  8
                       THE WITNESS: I got an old school. So
 9
     you know, it's an '85 Cadillac El Dorado, so it's like
10
     $45.
11
                        COMMISSIONER GAW: It uses a little bit
12
     of gas. It's got a big tank.
13
                        THE WITNESS: Yes. So I think any time
14
     you have people working a lot harder than what they
15
     should, you tend to have a disparity in people being
16
     happy. If people are not happy, then a lot of bills
17
     don't get paid on time.
18
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you think other
19
     people your age are interested in the outcome of this
 20
     hearing?
 21
                       THE WITNESS: Yes. If they knew the
 22
     make-up of it, and they knew how you say, the impor-
 23
     tance of it, yes, they would be here. You probably
 24
     wouldn't have any chairs. It would have been standing
 25
     room only.
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00109
 1
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Did you tell your
  2
     friends you were coming here today?
                       THE WITNESS: I didn't know about it. I
     only heard about it through an associate. I'm sup-
     posed to be at work right now. I took off time from
  6
     work making money so I could let you hear what I have
  7
     to say.
  8
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: So you're taking time
  9
     off work right now to come down here and tell us what
 10
     you think about this?
11
                        THE WITNESS: Yes.
12
                        COMMISSIONER GAW: Well, that makes a lot
13
     of difference, doesn't it?
14
                        THE WITNESS: Yes.
15
                        COMMISSIONER GAW: That's a pretty big
16
     sacrifice.
17
                       THE WITNESS: Well, it's a small sacri-
18
     fice when -- For the sake of the people, and the
19
     people that you see struggling every day, having to go
 20
     through -- because it's not all about me. It's about
 21
     people you see struggling, and now they got to strug-
 22
     gle even more because a company wants to fatten their
 23
     pockets, and that's not right. If you want to fatten
 24
     your pocket, make sure you're doing an adequate job.
 25
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: What do you want to
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> 6 7

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17

19

see this Commission do, what do you expect out of this hearing? THE WITNESS: What do I expect? More

than just head nodding. I expect something to get done. I expect for Laclede Gas -- If they were to send me a bill and say we heard, we're going to try to do our best. That would be adequate to me, because that would let me know that somebody heard what I had

to say. Put the pressure on these companies.

9 10 Put the pressure on them, take the pres-11 sure off the people, or some of it, and put it on 12 them. Make them accountable for everything they do. 13 Because we're accountable for every cent. Every time 14 we turn on the gas, we're accountable for that. Every 15 time we run hot water we're accountable for that. 16 Where are their accountabilities?

COMMISSIONER GAW: Thank you, Mr.

18 Johnson.

> JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Clayton? COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: Thank you, Judge.

20 21 Mr. Johnson, I want to thank you for being here. And 22 I just want to clarify from one commissioner's per-

23 spective, as you mentioned there's a lot of head nod-24

ding up here. I don't know if that means you're call-

ing us bobbleheads, or not. I've been called worse.

I just want to say something because I don't want to diminish the seriousness of some of the testimony we've already heard. This is a local public hearing. This is a chance for the commissioners to be here for the testimony, and a chance to hear from the people. It's not for us to talk, you didn't come to hear me give a speech. You didn't come here to just hear that type of conversation.

We came here to hear you. I appreciate your comments and I appreciate you being here to do that, but I don't want you to walk away from this hearing thinking just because I didn't ask this lady right over here a question, means I didn't hear what she had to say, because I did hear. And that gentleman that sat over here and had the cap, who was going to lunch afterwards, who you mentioned, I heard him too.

Just because we don't ask questions doesn't mean we don't care. I do not want people to walk away from here today saying that just because the Commission doesn't ask questions of a particular witness means that we don't care about what they're saying. So I just wanted to clear that up, because I don't have any questions for you. I just wanted to say that before I said, no questions.

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00112
                       THE WITNESS: With all due respect, sir,
 1
 2
     I don't want that to happen either. So that's why I
     made the comment. It's really trying to wake people
     up and let everyone know it's serious.
 5
                       COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: It's very serious.
 6
     Thank you.
 7
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Appling?
 8
                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: Mr. Johnson, how
 9
     are you doing?
10
                       THE WITNESS: All right. How are you
11
     doing?
12
                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: How involved are
13
     you in the political system in our country?
14
                       THE WITNESS: I'm very involved. I vote
15
     all the time.
16
                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: Do you know who
17
     your state representative is?
18
                       THE WITNESS: Yes. I've got a couple of
19
     them.
20
                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: Do you know who
21
     your senator is? I'm not trying to put you on the
22
     spot.
                       THE WITNESS: No, no. That's fine.
23
24
                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: I'm trying to get
25
    to a point where I'm saying that there are many ways
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1 to have impact on what's happening. We are one of the avenues you can get your voice heard, but you can also get your voice heard through other means. Such as your state senator, such as your state representative, such as political impacts on what we are trying to do. 6 I just want to say to you, thank you for having the 7 guts to come out here today and say what you've said. 8 Thank you. 9 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 10 JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino? 11 MR. DANDINO: Thank you, Mr. Johnson, for 12 coming here. 13 JUDGE DIPPELL: Any questions from the 14 other attorneys? Mr. Pendergast. 15 MR. PENDERGAST: I don't have any ques-16 tions. I just want to let you know if you'd like to 17 sit down and talk to us about the \$700 gas bill, and give us an opportunity to look at it and see if there 18 19 is anything wrong with it. At the very least we can 20 find an explanation for that. We'd be more than happy 21 to do that. I'd also like to visit with you and have 22 our customer service visit with you about any concerns 23 you have about the promptness and timeliness. Because 24 we want to make sure we get those corrected. I don't know if you need to leave right away.

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00114
  1
                        THE WITNESS: I would appropriate that.
  2
     Thank you.
  3
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you, Mr. Johnson.
     Gwendolyn Cogshell?
  5
                        (Thereupon, the witness was duly sworn/
  6
     affirmed by the Judge to tell the truth.)
  7
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you state your name
  8
     and spell it for the court reporter?
 9
                       THE WITNESS: My name is Gwendolyn,
 10
     G-w-e-n-d-o-l-y-n, Cogshell, C-o-g-s-h-e-l-l.
11
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you give us your
12
     address.
13
                        THE WITNESS: My address is 5229 Maple,
14
     63113. And I'm a Laclede Gas customer.
15
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you. Please give
16
     us your comments.
17
                       THE WITNESS: I'm the vice president of a
18
     political action group for ACORN, Association for
19
     Community Reform Now. If you're not familiar, we have
 20
     12,000 members, we represent people of low income. We
 21
     are responsible for the living wage law that was pass-
 22
     ed a couple of years ago. The people across the
 23
     street will be getting paid $8.63 an hour, and if they
 24
     don't supply health benefits they will be getting paid
     $11 an hour. Because that's what we do. We deal with
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Laclede Gas needs a rate increase, period, dot. And I'm really upset about where this meeting is being held. There was no parking, there's no accessibility to this meeting. It was held during the day. I'm missing work four hours just to be here in attendance, because I have a personal vendetta against Laclede

9 because I have a personal vendetta against Laclede 10 Gas.

I feel like it should have been in the evening. For the people in the county you're having it in the evening, where people can get off work and attend the meeting. You're having it during the day at 12 o'clock where most of the people in the city, who is going to mostly be affected by this are not able to attend. But that's what we do, we represent them today.

them today.

But another thing with my personal experience, last year in 2004 my furnace was actually disconnected in November because of some -- it just was not up to par. In December I received a bill for \$663. I was living on the third floor with space heaters so my gas was never on. The only thing on was

the stove, and they sent me an estimated bill.

I don't believe in the system, so I'm dealing in realty that you all are going to give these people an increase. So I want to deal with what's going to happen when it happens. I don't want an estimated bill saying that because you used \$500 last year we're sending you out an estimated bill of \$663, when my gas was cut off at the time.

The lawyer -- I want you to do some work, since I know you got a \$50,000 bonus out of this money they about to get. Because you all are doing is, you are putting illegal deposits on people's gas. And I have proof, for the simple reason they send you a gas bill and say your gas is due on October the 6th, it is delinquent after October the 16th. If you pay your bill on October the 16th the Laclede Gas system is generating a disconnect notice, which most people get the next day.

If you get a disconnect notice the next day, Laclede Gas holds that against you and says that you have been late paying your bill four times a year, we are going to access your highest bill, which was \$600, they split it up in three months, they added \$200 a month to my bill and put that deposit. They didn't just do that to me, they've been doing that to customers all over. It is illegal and it is not

00117 1 right. 2 My neighbor -- I called the Public 3 Service Commission and worked with somebody and I got mine removed. But it's illegal, I can't help because 5 your system is setup to generate a disconnect notice. 6 If you say I'm due on the 16th, then I got to the 16th 7 to pay my bill. I can't help it because your system 8 is kicking out a disconnect notice that's saying if I 9 receive four disconnect notices I'm going to receive a 10 deposit on my bill. 11 And then I have to pay 12 months on 12 time, when you sending me estimated bills for six months, \$663 in December, \$589 in January, and it goes 13 on and on and on. I pay \$2200 on estimated bills. 14 15 How are you going to disconnect my stuff and add a 16 deposit on me on an estimated bill? You haven't even

came out to read my bill. You need to come out and at least get an actual reading before you put deposits on these people's bills.

That is illegal, and I feel like every last deposit needs to be given back to these constituents and these people who you been -- My niece's bill

was \$100 and because she didn't pay it you all taxed \$382 on it. And she had to come up with \$400 for a \$100 bill because you all are taxing because she was

00118 1 three times late. 2 Now, you got a cold weather rule saying you can't be disconnected, but if you are disconnected Laclede Gas will put up the highest bill, if your 5 highest bill was \$700, they can put up to \$700. They 6 say it's legal, it's in the regulations that they can 7 do that. I think that is crazy for people to be al-8 lowed to do things like that, because like I said, I 9 don't want an estimated bill. If they're estimating 10 bills, then they should not be disconnecting people's 11 services. 12 You don't disconnect people's services 13 until you get an actual reading. And that's what I 14 need the lawyer to check out, because that's what 15 ACORN is going after. We going after these people to 16 get they money back. All these deposits you all hold-17 ing, we ain't using for God knows what. We want that 18 money back, returned to the people. We would also 19 like to meet with the Public Service Commission and 20 talk about some things we would like done. And I'm

open to any questions anybody has to ask.

JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you. Chairman

Davis, do you have questions?

CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Yes, I do.

Ms. Cogshell, thank you for coming today. First

question, and I heard about this from Mr. Trotter the moment I walked in. If, in the future we're going to have hearings in the City of St. Louis, can you give us two or three locations where it would be more optimal to get better attendance, to be more easily accessible, where would you suggest holding thearings, and also when would you suggest holding them?

THE WITNESS: I would suggest you hold the meetings after six o'clock. And I would suggest you hold it at a public school where there would be plenty of parking, and where it would be accessible to everybody to attend. And as far as advertizing when the meetings are, Laclede Gas and AmerenUE, when they going to put that deposit on your bill, they print up special printings on that bill to let you know that you're going to get a deposit on your account.

When you all have a public hearing, they could print the same thing on that bill to make sure that everybody is reached, and not by spending extra money advertizing on television where people won't see it. Or you could contact people like ACORN, who have an outreach program where we can notify people about when you're going to have these meetings.

CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Then you said that you

1 were desirous, or ACORN was desirous of sitting down and meeting with the Commission about various issues. Are you the person that we would need to contact about that or -- I'm assuming they are unrelated to this 5 case. Are you the contact person, or who would be the 6 contact person and how do we get in touch with you? 7 THE WITNESS: The telephone number is 8 (314) 531-7023 and the contact person would be Ken 9 McKoy, K-e-n M-c-K-o-y. 10 CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Do you think the whole 11 issue regarding these deposits is more than just 12 Laclede, it's Ameren, it's everyone to your knowledge? THE WITNESS: To my knowledge, it's 13 14 AmerenUE, they've been exercising this policy. MSD is 15 also on it, but they haven't yet been exercising, I'm 16 looking for them to do it also, because Ameren did 17 used to do it. Laclede was the only one doing it initially, now Ameren jumped in. But I heard it's a rule 18 19 that all the utilities can, you know, tap on these 20 deposits. 21 CHAIRMAN DAVIS: And you would like us to 22 look into that? 2.3 THE WITNESS: Yes, I would. Because it's illegal the way they're doing it. Then when you get a 24 cutoff notice and you have a bill that says you need

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    to pay $449. When you go down to Laclede Gas and ask
     them, Well, I can't pay $449, how much can I pay?
     They say, Well, you can pay $200 to keep your gas on.
     What they don't tell you, if you don't pay the $449,
 5
     the $200 is held against you and that's another reason
 6
     why they will access the deposit. They telling you
 7
     that what you need on the bill is $449.
 8
                       If you talk to somebody or go down there
 9
     then just give us $200. They not telling you that
10
     they using that $200 against you when you get back to
11
     your budget billing. They adding that on to your bud-
     get billing and they using it against you. And that
12
     is another reason -- I am just as confused -- to add
13
14
     on the deposit. I'm just as confused as you are, but
15
     that's what the lady told me. That they will keep
16
     your gas on, but they don't tell you they using it
17
     against you. And that is another reason for adding on
18
     the deposit, because you still are considered delin-
19
     quent if you don't pay the full amount.
20
                       CHAIRMAN DAVIS: I agree. That's an issue
21
     we definitely need to look into some more. Ms.
22
     Cogshell is there anything else you'd like to say?
23
                       THE WITNESS: The estimated bills -- you
24
     estimate my bill one month, then you come tell me --
     when my neighbor gets estimated bills one month and
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then you send the meter reader out the next month. 1 Then the meter reading the next month is no consistency, either the meter is broke or it's not. Estimated bills is not acceptable. If you can't get in then you need to write the people and say, we need to 6 get into the house this month, or you will receive an 7 estimated bill. Your meter did not read. 8 Just like they print everything else on 9 that bill. Your meter did not read this month, if we 10 need to get in your house before such-and-such date, 11 before the end of the billing, if you do not let us 12 in, or if they don't send in a card or whatever you 13 will receive an estimated bill. I don't believe estimated bills should be -- if they're not paid, I 14 15 don't believe they should be held against you for the 16 deposit. Because if you're late four times paying you 17 get a deposit. 18 CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Thank you, Ms. Cogshell, 19 I appreciate that. In terms of things that need to be 20 addressed, those are some real issues we need to take 21 a look at. 22 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Murray? COMMISSIONER MURRAY: In the interest of 2.3 24 allowing everyone an opportunity to speak, I'm not going to ask any questions. Thank you.

00123 JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Gaw? 1 2 COMMISSIONER GAW: Thank you for being here. Let me ask you first of all, would you make sure that you recontact the staff of the Public Service Commission that are here, so that -- I know 6 you said you contacted them before and they got some 7 of that straightened out for you, but it might be 8 helpful to make sure that -- and we could have outside 9 of this case some contact with them. If you could 10 give them some more information so they can pull that 11 file back up, and anybody else who you think might be 12 an appropriate contact who is having difficulty with 13 this. So we can get that information from you. Would 14 you mind doing that?

THE WITNESS: Sure.

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COMMISSIONER GAW: In your capacity in representing ACORN, give me a general sense of the impact this rate increase request will have on some of the people who's interest you represent through ACORN?

THE WITNESS: Well, I have a neighbor that's an ACORN member who uses space heaters to keep warm. Myself, I stayed up in the third floor because my furnace went out. And when I went to Laclede Gas to try to go through they program, they said my credit was not good enough to get a furnace. So the effi-

00124 ciency that they talk about, you need an efficiency 1 furnace, then I don't qualify for their program, so that's useless. The people that qualify for it don't even need it. 5 Myself -- We've had fires in the neigh-6 borhood from people using space heaters --7 COMMISSIONER GAW: I want just for a min-8 ute to stop you, because I want to ask you about that. 9 Why were they using the space heaters? 10 THE WITNESS: Because the gas was discon-11 nected. 12 COMMISSIONER GAW: That's what I thought. I just wanted to clarify that. Go ahead. I'm sorry.

THE WITNESS: The cold weather rule says 13 14 15 the gas is not supposed to be disconnected during the 16 wintertime. That's what this says, but it was discon-17 nected. Some people were using -- you know, people have resorted in using burning wood and different 18 19 things. 20 COMMISSIONER GAW: Inside the house? 21 THE WITNESS: Right. If it's a choice of 22 paying the rent or paying the gas bill that's ridicu-23 lously high, then the people are going to pay the rent 24 and just be on the inside suffering.

COMMISSIONER GAW: So they'll go out and

25

get some space heaters, and they'll try to make due. 1 How comfortable is it when you're using space heaters to try to keep it warm. THE WITNESS: From my own personal opin-5 ion, when the gas, the furnace was disconnected at an inconvenient time, I had a daughter in college. I had 6 7 to just stay up on the third floor to try to stay 8 warm. And I was just running in and out, just trying 9 to stay warm. It's very inconvenient. 10 COMMISSIONER GAW: Is it problematic 11 sometimes with the water? 12 THE WITNESS: You can't wash. Just like the lady said, you can't wash. It's very incon-13 14 venient. That was only a temporary thing for me, but 15 I could just imagine people who make less money than 16 me what they're going through, what they have to deal 17 with. 18 My niece is one of them, who has to pay 19 \$300 or \$400 a month for child care and she's only 20 making \$7.50 an hour. In order for her to go work --21 when she got off welfare and start working, then they 22 cut out the little \$80 or \$100 food stamps that would not assist her on anything. So she was resulted --23 24 actually went back on welfare because she couldn't 25 afford the \$400 a month daycare, because they took

```
that away from her. And now she can't even pay her
 1
     gas and her utilities. This isn't a thing about --
     this is all about economics.
                       You know, everybody cannot pay these uti-
 5
     lity bills. Now, if you want to subsidize -- I don't
     know if I should even say that -- I'm just saying, you
 6
 7
     know, it's just people out here that needs help and I
 8
     think you need to sit down and talk about how we can
 9
     keep the gas on in the wintertime, and uphold this
10
     cold weather rule.
11
                       Stop adding these $600 deposits on people
12
    who can't even pay the $80. Now, why would you turn
13
     around and put $600 on a bill and they can't even pay
14
     the $80. This is cruel, that's just cruel in America,
15
     red, white and blue. We're supposed to be taking care
16
     of people. That's what we over there fighting, for
17
     democracy. We need to get it together over here and
18
     take care of our own people instead of sending them
19
    billions of dollars over there.
20
                      COMMISSIONER GAW: Thank you very much
21
    for coming.
22
                       THE WITNESS: Thank you.
23
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Clayton?
24
                       COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: I don't have any
    questions. All my questions have been answered.
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00127
  1
     Thank you.
  2
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Appling?
  3
                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: No questions.
  4
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino?
  5
                       MR. DANDINO: No questions. Thank you.
  6
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Any other parties? Mr.
  7
     Pendergast?
  8
                       MR. PENDERGAST: Once again, my name is
 9
     Mike Pendergast. I'm with Laclede, and I'd like to
 10
     sit down, and have some of my folks sit down with you
11
     and go over your deposit situation. Try to explain
12
     why we do things the way we do. If there's a problem
13
      still, we'll see if we can get it corrected. We're
14
     very interested in hearing what you have to say.
15
                        THE WITNESS: Okay.
16
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you very much.
17
                       THE WITNESS: Thank you.
18
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: John Cross? Mr. Cross is
19
     the last person I have on the sign up sheet. Is there
 20
     anyone else that didn't get on the sign up sheet that
     would like to testify? We're kind of going over the
 21
 22
     time we told the college we would be here.
 23
                        (Thereupon, the witness was duly sworn/
 24
      affirmed by the Judge to tell the truth.)
 25
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you state your name
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00128
     and spell it for the court reporter.
 1
  2
                        THE WITNESS: John Cross, J-o-h-n
  3
     C-r-o-s-s.
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Could you give us your
  5
     address, please.
                       THE WITNESS: 4417 Forest Park, Apartment
  6
  7
     206. ZIP code 63108.
  8
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Are you a customer of
 9
     Laclede Gas?
 10
                       THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am.
11
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Please give us your
12
     comments.
13
                        THE WITNESS: I am the political
     organizer for ACORN, I'm one of the staff. There are
14
15
     a couple of comments I would like to make. Number
16
     one, I know who my alderman is, I know who my state
17
     senator is, and I know who my state rep is.
18
                        I think we represent mainly poor people
19
     in low income and moderate income. That's our base,
 20
     that's who we represent. And we represent them on a
 21
     lot of issues, in terms of health care, housing, jobs,
 22
     minimum wage. That's what Ms. Cogshell touched on,
 23
     the minimum wage campaign in the city.
                       We are a national organization, we have
 24
 25
     the largest community organization in the country. We
```

were the first ones to go after banks, in terms of 1 territory lending, especially in low income neighborhoods. So I'm here today representing the organization on this issue because every day I get close to --The phone system that we have at ACORN is 6 an old system, so every day I get 30 messages left on 7 the phone, every day, from people talking about how 8 either their medical bill has been -- or they've been 9 cut out. Or how their electric bill has been cut out, 10 or gas bill has been cut out. They are trying to make 11 ways to pay for their mortgage. 12 ACORN is one of best housing programs in 13 this country, and in St. Louis we work with the banks 14 in terms of getting decent interest rates for our mem-15 bers. And that's because we went after the banks in 16 terms of the community reinvestment act. So that 17 gives you the scope of who we are and what we do. 18 We are here today to tell you very clear-19 ly that we are opposed to this gas hike, because of 20 the nature of what it's doing to our people in the 21 city and county of the St. Louis metropolitan area. 22 Poor people and low income people are living on a 23 check on a daily basis. I don't know if you know 24 this, but the government has cut out 100,000 people 25 from the Medicaid program.

And today in the Post-Dispatch it gives you a description of how severe the program is. They have even taken away oxygen tanks from people who need it. So that is the severity of the cuts. You have the medical cuts in terms of health care, you have a tax on poor folks in terms of this gas hike. This just doesn't make sense. You have people after people coming in giving you a variety of testimonies on how this is unfair.

So I plead with you, Public Service Commission, to meet with ACORN on the time and date that is available for you guys so that we can talk about -- the gentleman commissioner over there asked about ways how we can help. And we have some suggestions in terms of how we can help to reduce this burden on poor people and low income people.

You asked about places, schools were mentioned. We will tell you churches. We work with a lot of churches in the city and the county. They are another place where we can get the people to hear what they have to say. So before you agree to this rate increase I plead with you to meet with us, so you can hear this concern. So we can put a moratorium on this hike. So you can listen to the concerns of the people before you make that decision.

1 ACORN is willing to negotiate and represent our base potential, what we think is fair and just. Because you have heard a lot of people talk about how unjust this system is. There's got to be a better way. When you are paying CEOs \$400,000, 400 percent more than the worker that is making the profit 7 for the company, that just doesn't make sense. And we 8 are the only nation in this world to have that kind of 9 -- to compare that ratio in terms of workers and CEOs. 10 And it's going on everyday. So I plead 11 with you to meet with us so we can resolve this. Like 12 I said, the time and place you can choose, and we will 13 be there to represent the people. I'm free to take 14 any questions. 15 JUDGE DIPPELL: Thank you. Chairman 16 Davis, do have any questions? 17 CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Thank you for getting 18 people organized and for getting people here. I cer-19 tainly do want to take you up on that offer to come 20 meet with you. Let me just clarify. I don't know 21 that we could meet with you outside of the hearing or 22 case, to discuss the specifics of this request, but I 23 think we can meet with you to discuss pretty much 24 anything else that's out there, any time. 25 THE WITNESS: That doesn't have a bearing

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00132
  1 on the rate increase?
  2
                 CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Right. I think it
     would be -- we heard a lot of talk about doing
     things, quote, out in the open, and we obviously want
  5
     to do that. With regard to this case anyway.
  6
                       THE WITNESS: Why can't you meet in a
  7
     formal public hearing in a sense of listening to the
  8
     concerns of the people? Because a lot of people have
 9
     mentioned that you are having this hearing at 12
 10
     o'clock when most people are working.
11
                       CHAIRMAN DAVIS: Assuming that there is
12
     an agreement that gets filed, I am supportive of com-
13
      ing back here for a hearing, and we will have the pub-
14
      lic hearing here in the City of St. Louis at night. I
15
     don't have any further questions. Thank you.
16
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Murray?
17
                       COMMISSIONER MURRAY: No questions.
18
                        JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Gaw??
19
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Mr. Cross, thank you
 20
      for coming. How long have you been with ACORN, about?
 21
                        THE WITNESS: A couple of years.
 22
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: And in that -- During
 23
     that timeframe have you been particularly in-tune of
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what's going on with the impact of heating costs on

some of your constituents?

24

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00133
 1
                       THE WITNESS: Absolutely.
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you know of speci-
 2
     fic events or specific stories of people having dif-
     ficulty paying their bills?
 5
                       THE WITNESS: Like I told you, we have
 6
     one of the best housing programs. When somebody comes
 7
     to the ACORN house to talk about trying to get a
 8
     house, looking at the credit report you will find
 9
     money owed, and then guess the number one reason why
10
     people have bad credit? It's a medical debt. Number
11
     two, two is some form of not paying their heating
12
     bill.
13
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you have personal
14
     knowledge of people having difficulty with that?
15
                       THE WITNESS: Absolutely.
16
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Can you tell me wheth-
17
     er or not that difficulty has been increasing or de-
18
     creasing --
19
                       THE WITNESS: Increasing on a daily
20
     basis.
21
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Do you have -- In what
22
     you're wanting to do with additional presentations to
23
     the Commission with regard to this case, do you have
24 other individuals who you want to bring forward in
25 giving us input, or more input you want to give us?
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00134 1 THE WITNESS: It can be a combination of 2 both. A collection of stories from people in terms of what's been going on. You asked for suggestions in terms of how we can alleviate this problem. One suggestion that comes to mind is a sliding scale based on 5 6 their income. 7 COMMISSIONER GAW: Are you familiar with 8 programs that perhaps ACORN has worked on in other 9 areas of the country, that have been used and have 10 produced positive results for individuals out there 11 trying to? 12 THE WITNESS: Not off the top of my head. 13 I'm sure there are. 14 COMMISSIONER GAW: If you have additional 15 opportunity to make presentations, do you suspect that 16 that could be part of what the presentation would en-17 tail? 18 THE WITNESS: Absolutely. 19 COMMISSIONER GAW: Have you been person-20 ally in touch with the Office the Public Counsel with 21 regard to this case? 22 THE WITNESS: No. 2.3 COMMISSIONER GAW: Is that something that 24 you might be able to do? 25 THE WITNESS: Yes.

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00135
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: I think that's all I
 1
 2
     have. Thank you, sir.
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Clayton?
                       COMMISSIONER CLAYTON: I don't have any
 5
     questions.
 6
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Appling?
 7
                       COMMISSIONER APPLING: No questions.
 8
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino?
 9
                       MR. DANDINO: I have no questions. Thank
10
     you.
11
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Other party's attorneys?
12
     Mr. Pendergast.
13
                       MR. PENDERGAST: Good afternoon, sir.
14
     My name is Mike Pendergast. I appropriate your com-
15
     ments. And I just want to invite you to meet with us
16
     afterwards if you like. I certainly understand your
17
     point about some customers having a very difficult
18
     time affording their heating bills. One of the things
19
     we proposed was a program to help our more vulnerable
20
     customers with their energy bills. If you would like
21
     to sit down and talk to us, and give us your views on
22
     this after this hearing -- we understand there's a
23
     problem and we recognize it's a problem and we want to
24
     be proactive about it.
25
                       THE WITNESS: I have a question for the
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00136 1 commission. 2 JUDGE DIPPELL: Well, the Commission 3 isn't going to answer questions today. We are going to hear from the public, and I've got one more witness, so do you have any further comments? 5 6 THE WITNESS: No. 7 JUDGE DIPPELL: I believe we have one 8 more witness. 9 THE WITNESS: I happen to represent an 10 organization that brought some information up, so I 11 need to be sworn in as a different witness. 12 JUDGE DIPPELL: You were previously sworn 13 so I'm afraid you're the same witness, Mr. Trotter. 14 THE WITNESS: Well, technically I'm not. 15 The last time we did something like this they re-swore 16 me in, because I'm representing someone else, Heat Up 17 St. Louis. So I'm not the same witness. I was a 18 witness before as an investor, now I'm a witness as 19 the founder of Heat Up St. Louis. So I just want to 20 tell you -- that's the way your predecessors had us do 21 it. 22 I just want to say three things. What 23 Commissioner Steve Gaw brought up, is that the Fire 24 Chief's Association is about 46 fire chiefs from a-

round the metropolitan area. We have a representative

on our board who is, I think Sherman, of the City of St. Louis. One of the issues that we deal with, with that and Dr. Knight, is health and welfare issues and how being without heat in the winter -- we'll stick with the winter -- How heat in the winter, how it impacts emotionally the kids, and how it impacts the health of seniors and so forth.

Through our Dr. Knight, who is the vice president of our board, you know Donna Knight's husband James. We have those 46 members because they support what we're trying to do in public education, and I think it's important to note that out of the last year, we impacted, for the record, because you were asking other people, and we hear from them more than anybody here.

We had about 8000 calls on our hotline, which my company phone is pro bono, as you know. Of that, 50 percent of those people had issues with utility deposits. Of that, 80 percent were not -- they didn't really complain about -- they complained -- We have to break it down. 80 percent of them complained about Ameren being insulting, condescending and rude. 50 percent of them complained about Laclede Gas, on how they treat people. All of them -- none of them, and he knows this to be the record, none of them were

1 told where they can get energy assistance. So they wind up calling us after they had called Laclede Gas, who has its own program, they call us. I brought this up to one of the executives at 5 Laclede a couple of years ago in hopes that those calls would stop. But they still come, and the first 6 7 question our volunteers ask -- and I work on the vol-8 unteer phone bank --9 Why did you call us, who gave you our 10 number? You break it down, did you see it on TV, did 11 you see it in the newspaper, public service, four 12 o'clock in the morning, whatever. The majority of 13 them will say Laclede Gas told us to call. We don't 14 have any. So there needs to be a communication 15 speech, and I wanted to go on the record for, this 16 hasn't changed. 17 I wanted to bring this up now instead of 18 writing a long letter, I might as well get it on the 19 record. So those are reality issues. The other real-20 ity issue of fellow commissioners, is that all of the 21 people we've helped, 75 thousand we've impacted over 22 the last three and-a-half or four years since our 23 existence for Heat Up St. Louis, for the winter is 24 that the majority of these people range --25 Well, first of all, most of them have to

get federal funding and we supplement you, with the utility charities and us. But the majority of these people are seniors or disabled, on fixed incomes. The realty is, what the young lady said is true about her neighbors. For a reality check, where the fire chief and others have gone out and we've seen people burning wood in their homes.

In the wintertime, for the record, documented, go to the website you'll find the fire chief's association that wintertime is the worst time for home fires, and the most deadly time for home fires impacted by senior citizens and the disabled. They're victims because of one thing, unsafe methods of heating their home. They go to the electric company to do the space heaters, which we don't recommend for supplementary heat.

If they have gas heat they got to get it turned back on through the process. But what happens is that those space heaters just tilt, they're not made for primary heating. What we try to educate people, but more important than that, the people who do put the coal and different things in their homes, they just don't have anything else.

The reality is there. We can give you reams and reams -- and this was a good time to bring

it up, because there is no other time to talk about this, to document what some of these people were saying. First-hand knowledge, not just what the volunteers told me about the thousands of people -- but I sit on that phone bank. I also sit on the phone bank for the commission, or talk unofficially to the commission or certain members about finding money somewhere.

I think the young man who was so eloquent, he said it all for so many people. What a wonderful guy. But you got to pay for time. The public, your spots run when our public spots run. And most of them, there are a lot of media people on our board, and they run it at three o'clock in the morning or early in morning. So I think the young man is right, if you want a good turn out there's two things you have, three.

One, is you have to -- and you know who your demo's are, and you know where the issues are. You need to find some money somewhere, put the ads in the right papers. I'm not endorsing any papers, but there are some papers that you have to put the ad in, the community papers, I'll say it like that. And you have to buy some time on radio and television.

Television is expensive, but on radio

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1 where people can hear your spots. And you have to get to the churches, is what we mentioned to one of our members of the commission. We have a minister, which you know, Steve, on our board, Reverend Manns. And there's a bigger group that reaches out to all races 6 and religions. Put it in their bulletin. And I couldn't do it before, because my other reason for 7 8 speaking was all together different. The church bul-

9 letin system is a good contact. 10

When we do our summer program your predecessor, Mr. Chairman, complimented us on our wonderful program called Watch Your Neighbor, catch Up with Your Neighbor, whatever. What we do in the summertime, we go out and we try, through the churches and make sure we follow up on these heat-related deaths and keep them down in the summer through Cool Air St. Louis.

So those are the things that line the fence. Starting with the churches and starting with the community. That will help you. But if you really want those spots to run, you're going to really have to do that, buy some time. And then the last thing, make sure you have it accessible for the community, where people can get to it.

I recommended to a previous commissioner,

and previous chairman not present here, is that if you 1 have it at some of these churches, some of these organizations, if there's a liability issue you make them take out the insurance, whatever that is when we hold special events. So the churches, the community groups, Harris-Stowe years ago. The last time you had 6 7 a Commission meeting was in St. Louis County, not way 8 out in St. Louis County, it was right in Clayton and 9 you had a packed house, that worked out. 10 So you need to make these things, if you 11 want to hear from the public you've got to have the 12 wherewithal of doing that. You've already heard from 13 a lot of these people, including an organization, 14 which protocol is watching my language -- but it won't 15 do a heck of any good telling you -- We told certain 16 commissions, we told them what to do and where to go 17 and it never happens. 18 So I go back to my stance even as a Heat 19 Up St. Louis guy, that's a bunch of crap. They don't. 20 They say they want to do something, and every time 21 we've given them ideas -- with present company exclud-22 ed -- we have had them to do nothing. So for the re-23 cord I've given you some advice, as plain as I can say 24 it, you really want to hear from the public, then 25 that's what you're going to have to do from the Heat

00143

1 up St. Louis standpoint.

2 Finally, from the Heat Up St. Louis

3 standpoint, we stopped as an advocacy group. For the

4 record, we do public education, energy assistance, we

standpoint, we stopped as an advocacy group. For the record, we do public education, energy assistance, we work in 17 counties in Missouri and Illinois, with 14 service agencies. In doing this we have been very fortunate, last year to send to the Public Service Commission 150 people who have had real serious issues on our hotline, where we felt that they needed some issues resolved. We're not a lawyer so we sent them over there. And then we sent another 250 to actual lawyers because there were some issues that were just blatant.

So we are out of the advocacy position, but we are not out of helping people and educating people. We just decided to stay with public awareness and public education, is what we do. In that regard we are available from a Heat Up St. Louis staff with our board members. But I'll be honest with you, you are going to have to do what our poor Chief Mokawa is doing now. He's running spots because he had to find some money and run some spots if he wants to get some policemen. But public service is not primetime.

JUDGE DIPPELL: Chairman Davis, do you have any questions for Mr. Trotter?

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00144
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                       CHAIRMAN DAVIS: No questions. Mr.
 2
     Trotter, I apologize for getting here late that I
     didn't hear your earlier testimony, but I can assure
     you I will go back and read the transcript.
 5
                       THE WITNESS: It's a doozy. I'm sure you
 6
     will.
 7
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Murray, any
 8
     questions?
 9
                       COMMISSIONER MURRAY: No, questions.
10
     Thank you.
11
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Gaw?
12
                       COMMISSIONER GAW: Thank you, Mr.
13
     Trotter.
14
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Commissioner Clayton?
15
                       COMMISSIONER CLAYTON? Nothing from me.
16
     Thank you.
17
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: Mr. Dandino?
18
                       MR. DANDINO: No questions. Thank you,
19
     Mr. Trotter?
20
                       JUDGE DIPPELL: I appreciate so much St.
21
     Louis Community College provid- ing this space for us,
     and being patient with us for running over our time.
22
23
     Thank you all very much for your attendance. This
24
     concludes this public hearing, we can go off the
25
    record.
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