Sponsoring Party:	Surrebuttal Testimony GT-2009-0056
MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE CO UTILITY OPERATIONS DIV	
SURREBUTTAL TESTIM	ONY
OF	<b>FILED</b> <sup>2</sup>
NATELLE DIETRICH	f – l
LACLEDE GAS COMPA	OCT 2 1 2009
CASE NO. GT-2009-005	Service Commission
Jefferson City, Missouri September 2009	
<u>- G- C</u> - E: Case No(s).	xhibit No. <u>4</u> GT-2009-0056

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Case No(s). GI - 2004 - 0056Date 10/8/09 Rptr <u>Mh</u>

#### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

### **OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI**

In the Matter of Laclede Gas Company's ) Tariff Revision Designed to Clarify its ) Liability for Damages Occuring on ) Customer Piping and Equipment Beyond ) the Company's Meter

Case No. GT-2009-0056

#### **AFFIDAVIT OF NATELLE DIETRICH**

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**STATE OF MISSOURI** ) ) ss **COUNTY OF COLE** )

Natelle Dietrich, of lawful age, on her oath states: that she has participated in the preparation of the following Surrebuttal Testimony in question and answer form, consisting of  $\underline{\mathcal{Q}}$  pages of Surrebuttal Testimony to be presented in the above case, that the answers in the following Surrebuttal Testimony were given by her; that she has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; and that such matters are true to the best of her knowledge and belief.

Natelle Dietrich

Subscribed and sworn to before me this  $29^{1/2}$  day of September, 2009.



SUSAN L. SUNDERMEYER My Commission Expires September 21, 2010 Callaway County Commission #06942086

Notary Public

1	SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY
2 3 4 5	OF
4	NATELLE DIETRICH
6 7	LACLEDE GAS COMPANY
7 8 9	CASE NO. GT-2009-0056
10	CA52 110, G1-2009-0050
11 12	Q. Please state your name and business address.
13	A. My name is Natelle Dietrich. My business address is 200 Madison Street,
14	Jefferson City, Missouri, 65101.
15	Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?
16	A. I am employed by the Missouri Public Service Commission (Commission)
17	as the Director of the Commission's Utility Operations Division.
18	Q. Please describe your educational background and work experience.
19	A. I hold a Bachelor of Arts Degree in English from the University of
20	Missouri-St. Louis and a Master's Degree in Business Administration from William
21	Woods University. I have over 15 years experience in retail and mortgage lending. My
22	duties included analyzing customers' financial status, with the last several years
23	concentrating on reducing a multi-million dollar high risk account portfolio through
24	continued financial analysis and application of strategic risk reduction alternatives. I
25	have been employed by the Commission for over 12 years. For about 9 of the 12 years, I
26	was an Economist with increasing responsibilities in the Telecommunications
27	Department of the Commission. A schedule of the various cases and issues for which I
28	have had direct responsibility is attached to this testimony. In addition to my day-to-day
29	management activities of the Operations Division, I also regularly participate in

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roundtables, rulemaking workshops and legislative hearings. I hold an appointment and have served leadership roles on the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissions Staff Subcommittee on Telecommunications and hold an appointment to the staff of the Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service, which makes recommendations to the Federal Communications Commission on issues related to promoting universal telecommunications service throughout the United States.

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Q. What is the purpose of your pre-filed testimony?

8 Α. I am filing this testimony to respond to the Rebuttal Testimony of Office 9 of Public Counsel (OPC) witness Barbara A. Meisenheimer. On page 3, beginning at line 10 13 and continuing to page 4 of her testimony, Ms. Meisenheimer lists several general 11 concerns, including: the modified tariff language 1) weakens customer protections; 2) 12 weakens the Company's incentive to provide safe and adequate service; 3) is 13 unreasonable and against public interest; and, 4) shifts the risk to customers. While other 14 Staff witnesses will address the merits of Ms. Meisenheimer's claims, I will address these 15 statements generally from the policy standpoint.

16 Q. What policy issues would you like to address in relation to Ms.17 Meisenheimer's concerns?

A. The mission of the Commission is to ensure Missouri consumers have access to safe and reliable utility service at just, reasonable and affordable rates. By this mission the Commission is committing to ensure that <u>all</u> customers of any utility, in this case Laclede Gas Company (Laclede or Company), have safe and reliable service at just, reasonable and affordable rates. Ms. Meisenheimer's testimony focuses on a select portion of the company's customers (i.e., only those customers with a claim against

1 Laclede versus all other customers of the company). The proposed tariff sheet is an 2 attempt to "establish reasonable parameters for when [Laclede] and ultimately its 3 customers should be potentially subject to liability in civil court and the consequent 4 financial responsibility for incidents that occur on customer's premises 'downstream' of 5 [Laclede's] meter." (Laclede witness Abernathy Direct, page 1, line 24 through page 2, 6 line 2) In other words, consistent with the Commission's mission, the tariff proposes to 7 address the larger policy issues of balancing the company/customer relationship of a 8 select, small subset of customers with the costs that are recoverable from all customers 9 while ensuring all safety needs are met.

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Q. Is Laclede the first utility to submit a tariff sheet with liability language 11 for Commission review and approval?

12 Α. No. While not all entirely on point with the Laclede proposed tariff 13 language, the Commission has approved, or allowed to go into effect, several instances of 14 tariffs with limitation of liability language. Following are excerpts from two tariffs that 15 contain language very similar to what is being proposed for Laclede.

- In Tariff Tracking Number JE-2003-0707, the Commission approved the 16 17 following limitation of liability language for The Empire District Electric Company. 18 (Empire) (Note this tariff sheet was revised effective February 19, 2009.)
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PSC Mo No. 5, Sec. 4, 4<sup>th</sup> Revised Sheet No. 4c

"4. The Company shall have no liability to the Customer or to any other person, firm, association, trust, governmental unit, or corporation, of any kind, for any loss, damage or injury by reason of any interruption or curtailment of the Customer's load as provided herein."

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1	In Tariff Tracking Number JE-2003-0101, the Commission approved the
2	following limitation of liability language for Kansas City Power & Light Company
3	(KCP&L).
4 5 6	PSC MO No. 2, Fifth Revised Sheet No. 1.11 General Rules and Regulations Applying to Electric Service
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	3.09. CONTINUITY OF SERVICE: The Company will use reasonable diligence to supply continuous electric service to the Customer but does not guarantee the supply of electric service against irregularities and interruptions. Except where due to the Company's willful misconduct or gross negligence, the Company shall not be considered in default of its service agreement and shall not be liable in negligence or otherwise for any claims for loss, expense or damage (including indirect, economic, special or consequential damage) <b>regardless of cause</b> . (emphasis added)
16	Both of these examples are very similar to the language proposed by Laclede and
17	addressed by Ms. Meisenheimer on page 6 of her testimony. Specifically, beginning at
18	line 7, Ms. Meisenheimer states that the modified tariff is "over broad" and "imposes
19	extreme liability limitations on virtually every activity affecting gas service at the
20	customer premise including limiting liability for accident or negligence". The language
21	she underlines at lines 15 through 19, which presumably is language she wishes to
22	- highlight as causing specific concern, discusses Laclede's liability limitations with
23	respect to "any damage or loss occasioned by interruption, failure to commence
24	delivery, or failure of service or delay in commencing service due to accident to
25	plant, lines, or equipment" (emphasis added). This limitation is comparable to the
26	limitation of liability language which appears in the Empire and KCP&L tariffs quoted
27	above.
28	Q. Are there other examples of tariff language similar to what Laclede is

- 29 proposing that the Commission has approved?
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1	A. As additional examples, the following language appears in Missouri
2	American Water Company (MAWC), PSC MO No. 2, Sheet No. 9, effective June 22,
3	1974.
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	<ul> <li>Rule 3 <u>LIABILITY OF THE COMPANY</u></li> <li>(a) The Company shall in no event be liable for any damage or inconvenience caused by reason of any break, leak or defect in the Customer's service or fixtures or in the physical connection between the Customer's service and the Company owned service connection.</li> <li>In AmerenUE, PSC Mo No. 2, 1<sup>st</sup> Revised Sheet No. 50, effective February 18,</li> </ul>
11	1998, the following language appears.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	D. <u>Company Liability</u> Company will not be liable for and customer will indemnify and save Company harmless from all claims for trespass, injury to persons, or damage to lawn, trees, shrubs, buildings, or other property that may be caused by the installation or replacement of service pipe and other necessary facilities to serve customer unless the injury to persons or damage to property has been caused by negligence of the Company or its employees.
21	These examples, along with the Empire and KCP&L examples are not exhaustive,
22	but they do demonstrate that the Commission has previously reviewed and approved
23	tariff revisions where companies have incorporated language limiting their liability in
24	various circumstances. Although the examples do not specifically address the same
25	issues as the Laclede tariff, many of the concepts are similar and include similar
26	limitations of liability.
27	The MAWC liability tariff provision excludes the utility from liability for
28	customer equipment and customer service connection. Similarly, the proposed Laclede
29	tariff also excludes the utility from liability for customer lines and equipment on the
30	customer side of the service connection. Both tariffs serve the broader policy issue of
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protecting the utility and its customers from becoming insurers of individual customer
 equipment.

- Q. Are you aware of any other states' tariffs that limit liability of gas utility
  4 companies?
- A. Yes. Other states have liability tariff provisions that define the customercompany relationship. In Staff's Recommendation to Suspend the Effective Date of the
  [Laclede] Tariff, filed in this case on November 19, 2008, the Staff included some
  examples of other states' tariff language. One example is the liability provisions of Xcel
  Energy in Minnesota:
  4.2 CUSTOMER'S PIPING AND EOUIPMENT
  - "...Any inspection of a customer's piping and equipment by the Company is for the purpose of avoiding unnecessary interruptions of service to its customers or damage to its property and for no other purpose, and will not be construed to impose any liability upon the Company to a customer or any other person by reason thereof. In addition, the Company will not be liable or responsible for any loss, injury, or damage that may result from the use of or defects in a customer's piping or equipment...." (See Attachment E-1 of Staff's Recommendation)
- 20 Another example is the Liability Provisions of Ameren IP (Illinois Gas) in Illinois which
- 21 state:

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#### C. Liability

"....nor shall the Company be liable for damages that may be incurred by the use of gas appliances or the presence of the Company's property on the Customer's Premises. Company is not responsible for or liable for damage to Customer's equipment or property caused by conditions not due to negligence of Company.... The Company shall not be responsible nor liable for gas from and after the point at which it first passes to the pipes or other equipment owned or controlled by the Customer, and Customer shall protect and save harmless Company from all claims for injury or damage to Persons or property occurring beyond said point, except where injury or damage shall be shown to have been occasioned solely by the negligence of the Company....". (See Attachment E-4 of Staff's Recommendation).

Q. Does the Staff support the concept of companies limiting their liability
 through tariffs?

A. As evidenced by the Staff Recommendation, it depends on the context and the actual language to be incorporated. In this instance, the Staff supports reasonable limitations of liability language for several reasons that are more fully explained in the testimony of the other Staff witnesses.

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Q. Why does Staff support some limited liability language?

8 In the case of this Laclede tariff, as explained in the Rebuttal Testimony of Α. 9 Staff witness Robert R. Leonberger in this case, Missouri is one of a few states that have 10 implemented rules that go above and beyond federal safety inspection requirements. 11 These rules provide customers, the company and the Commission with an extra level of 12 safety assurance before gas is even turned on at the customer premise. When revenues 13 associated with the safety inspection work are included in the ratemaking process, it is 14 appropriate for a tariff to define what might be considered a reasonable timeframe for a 15 customer to bring an action against the company as a result of the company's 16 performance related to the Commission required inspection.

After reviewing several data request responses, it is evident that Laclede has been subject to defending and settling claims where Laclede has not been on or near the customer's property for several months or even several years. Ultimately, the costs associated with those claims will be included in the ratemaking process and passed to the ratepayer. Without expressing an opinion on the merit of the claims, it is possible that some or all of the costs incurred in defending and settling those claims may not have been

1 incurred if Laclede's tariff had reasonable limitations on liability; thus, potentially 2 resulting in a different rate structure for customers.

3 О. You keep mentioning that the limitations on liability language should be 4 reasonable. Has the Staff participated in negotiations related to developing tariff 5 language that is reasonable?

6 Α. Yes. The Staff, the OPC and Laclede have been working on tariff 7 language for several months, and have even worked on proposed changes to address Ms. 8 Meisenheimer's concerns raised in rebuttal testimony. In response to these discussions 9 and concerns, OPC and Laclede filed proposed tariff language on September 23, 2009.

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0. Do you have any comments related to OPC's Alternative Liability Tariff 11 language or the Laclede's Revised Tariff Language, both filed on September 23, 2009?

12 Α. Yes. I have compared OPC's Alternative Language to Laclede's Revised 13 Tariff Language. OPC, by its alternative language, has, in effect, removed all proposed 14 ratepayer and company protections from the tariff language. The Staff is supportive of 15 limitations of liability when the limitations balance the company/customer relationship 16 while ensuring all safety requirements are met. Since OPC's alternative language 17 removes the language that offered these protections, from a policy perspective, Laclede 18 and the ratepayers are no better off than they are today. Under OPC's alternative 19 language, the company, and ultimately the ratepayer, will have no protection in situations 20 involving customer equipment or in claims where the company was not involved. In 21 other words, if the Commission approves OPC's alternative language as a reasonable 22 limitation of liability, there is no point in making any changes to the existing tariff 23 language.

Q. Do you have a recommendation as to tariff language that is "reasonable"?
A. Although it is hard to draft language to cover every possible scenario, in
the opinion of the Staff, Laclede's proposed tariff language filed on September 23, 2009
presents a reasonable and fair solution for both the company and its ratepayers to address
claims filed against the company in those situations involving customer equipment or
where the company was not involved.

Q. How does the Staff determine whether limitation of liability language is
"reasonable" or "fair"?

9 Α. The American Heritage Dictionary of the English Language, Fourth 10 Edition defines "reasonable" as "being within the bounds of common sense" and defines 11 "fair" as "[h]aving or exhibiting a disposition that is free of favoritism or bias; 12 impartial;...[j]ust to all parties; equitable". While the terms are largely subjective, 13 analysis of the tariff language should consider the affected customer, the ratepayers as a 14 whole and the company. In keeping with the Commission's mission, the Staff has the 15 additional duty to review limitations of liability from the perspective of ensuring 16 Missouri consumers have access to safe and reliable utility service at just, reasonable and 17 affordable rates. Because of these objectives, and a recognition of the liability language 18 contained in other companies' tariffs, the Staff has engaged in discussions and 19 negotiations with Laclede and the OPC. As a result of working through this process, the 20 Staff recommends the Commission approve Laclede's proposed tariff revision filed on 21 September 23, 2009.

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- Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- A. Yes it does.

### Natelle Dietrich GT-2009-0056

Testimony, Presentation or Analysis Through Affidavits

- Case No. TA-99-405, an analysis of the appropriateness of a "payday loan" company providing prepaid telecommunications service.
- Case No. TX-2001-73, In the Matter of Proposed New Rules on Prepaid Calling Cards.
- Case No. TO-2001-455, the AT&T/Southwestern Bell Telephone Company arbitration, which included issues associated with unbundled network elements.
- Case No. TX-2001-512, In the Matter of Proposed Amendments to Commission Rule 4 CSR 240-33.010, 33.020, 33.030, 33.040, 33.060, 33.070, 33.080, 33.110, and 33.150 (telecommunications billing practices).
- Case No. TO-2002-222, the MCI/SWBT arbitration.
- Case No. TR-2002-251, In the Matter of the Tariffs Filed by Sprint Missouri, Inc. d/b/a Sprint to Reduce the Basic Rates by the Change in the CPI-TS as Required by 392.245(4), Updating its Maximum Allowable Prices for Non-Basic Services and Adjusting Certain Rates as Allowed by 392.245(11) and Reducing Certain Switched Access Rates and Rebalancing to Local Rates as Allowed by 392.245(9).
- Case No. TX-2002-1026, In the Matter of a Proposed Rulemaking to Implement the Missouri Universal Service Fund End-User Surcharge.
- Case No. TX-2003-0379, In the Matter of Proposed Amendments to Commission Rule 4 CSR 240-3.545, formerly 4 CSR 240-30.010 (tariff filing requirements).
- Case No. TX-2003-0380, In the Matter of Proposed Amendments to Commission Rules 4 CSR 240-2.060, 4 CSR 240-3.020, 4 CSR 240-3.510, 4 CSR 240-3.520, and 4 CSR 240-3.525 (competitive local exchange carrier filing requirements and merger-type transactions).
- Case No. TX-2003-0389, In the Matter of Proposed Amendment to Commission Rules 4 CSR 240-3.530 and 4 CSR 240-3.535, and New Rules 4 CSR 240-3.560 and 4 CSR 240-3.565 (telecommunications bankruptcies and cessation of operation).
- Case No. TX-2003-0445, In the Matter of a Proposed New Rule 4 CSR 240-33.160 Regarding Customer Proprietary Network Information.
- Case No. TX-2003-0487, In the Matter of Proposed Commission Rules 4 CSR 240-36.010, 36.020, 36.030, 36.040, 36.050, 36.060, 36.070, and 36.080 (arbitration and mediation rules).
- Case No. TX-2003-0565, In the Matter of a Proposed Rulemaking to Codify Procedures for Telecommunications Carriers to Seek Approval, Amendment and Adoption of Interconnection and Resale Agreements.
- Case Nos. TX-2004-0153 and 0154, in the Matter of Proposed Rule for 211 Service (emergency and permanent rules).
- Case Nos. TO-2004-0370, IO-2004-0467, TO-2004-0505 et al, In the Matter of the Petition of various small LECs for Suspension of the Federal Communications Commission Requirement to Implement Number Portability.

- Case No. TX-2005-0258, In the Matter of a New Proposed Rule 4 CSR 240-33.045 (placement and identification of charges on customer bills).
- Case No. TX-2005-0460, In the Matter of the Proposed Amendments to the Missouri Universal Service Fund Rules.
- Case No. TO-2006-0093, In the Matter of the Request of Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P. d/b/a SBC Missouri, for Competitive Classification Pursuant to Section 392.245.6, RSMo (2205) – 30-day Petition.
- Case Nos. TC-2005-0357, IR-2006-0374, TM-2006-0306, the complaint case, earnings investigation and transfer of assets case to resolve issues related to Cass County Telephone Company, LP, LEC Long Distance, FairPoint Communications, Inc., FairPoint Communications Missouri Inc. d/b/a FairPoint Communications and ST Long Distance Inc. db/a FairPoint Communications Long Distance.
- Case No. TC-2006-0068, FullTel, Inc., v. CenturyTel of Missouri, LLC.
- Case No. TX-2006-0169, In the Matter of Proposed New Rule 4 CSR 240-3.570 Regarding Eligible Telecommunications Carrier Designations for Receipt of Federal Universal Service Fund Support.
- Case No. TX-2006-0429, In the Matter of a Proposed Amendment to 4 CSR 240-3.545 (one day tariff filings).
- Case No. TX-2007-0086, In the Matter of a Proposed Rulemaking to Create Chapter 37 Number Pooling and Number Conservation Efforts
- Case No. TA-2009-0327, In the Matter of the Petition of TracFone Wireless, Inc. for Designation as an Eligible Telecommunications Carrier in the State of Missouri for the Limited Purpose of Offering Lifeline and Link Up Service to Qualified Households.
- Case No. RA-2009-0375, In the Matter of the application of Nexus Communications, Inc. dba TSI for Designation as an Eligible Telecommunications Carrier in the State of Missouri for the Limited Purpose of Offering Wireless Lifeline and Link Up Service to Qualifying Households.
- Case No. AX-2010-0061, Office of Public Counsel's Petition for Promulgation of Rules Relating to Billing and Payment Standards for Residential Customers.

Arbitration Advisory Staff

- Case No. TO-2005-0336, Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P., d/b/a SBC Missouri's Petition for Compulsory Arbitration of Unresolved Issues For a Successor Interconnection Agreement to the Missouri 271 Agreement ("M2A").
- Case No. IO-2005-0468, In the Matter of the Petition of Alma Telephone Company for Arbitration of Unresolved Issues Pertaining to a Section 251(b)(5) Agreement with T-Mobile USA, Inc.
- Case No. TO-2006-0147 et al, In the Matter of the Petition for Arbitration of Unresolved Issues in a Section 251(b)(5) Agreement with T-Mobile USA, Inc and Cingular Wireless.
- Case No. TO-2006-0299, Petition of Socket Telecom, LLC for Compulsory Arbitration of Interconnection Agreements with CenturyTel of Missouri, LLC and Spectra Communications, LLC, pursuant to Section 251(b)(1) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996.

- Case No. TO-2006-0463, In the Matter of the Petition for Arbitration of Unresolved Issues in a Section 251(b)(5) Agreement with ALLTEL Wireless and Western Wireless.
- Case No. TO-2009-0037, In the Matter of the Petition of Charter Fiberline-Missouri, LLC for Arbitration of an Interconnection Agreement Between CenturyTel of Missouri, LLC and Charter Fiberlink-Missouri, LLC.

Miscellaneous

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- Actively participated in or prepared comments on numerous issues on behalf of the Commission to be filed at the Federal Communications Commission.
- Prepared congressional testimony on behalf of the Commission on number conservation efforts in Missouri.