Exhibit No.: Issue: Transportation Witness: W. Scott Keith Type of Exhibit: Surrebuttal Testimony Sponsoring Party: Empire District Gas Case No. GR-2009-0434 Date Testimony Prepared: December 2009

#### Before the Public Service Commission of the State of Missouri

#### **Surrebuttal Testimony**

of

W. Scott Keith

December 2009

#### SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF W. SCOTT KEITH THE EMPIRE DISTRICT GAS COMPANY BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI CASE NO. GR-2009-0434

#### 1 INTRODUCTION AND QUALIFICATIONS

#### 2 Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.

A. My name is W. Scott Keith and my business address is 602 S. Joplin Avenue,
Joplin, Missouri.

#### 5 Q. BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED AND WHAT IS YOUR JOB TITLE?

- A. I am presently employed by The Empire District Electric Company (Empire) as the
   Director of Planning and Regulatory. I am appearing in this case on behalf of The
- 8 Empire District Gas Company (EDG), a wholly owned subsidiary of Empire.

#### 9 Q. ARE YOU THE SAME SCOTT KEITH THAT PREVIOUSLY FILED

- 10 **REBUTTAL TESTIMONY IN THIS CASE?**
- 11 A. Yes.

#### 12 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

A. My testimony will respond to the rebuttal testimonies of Constellation NewEnergy ("Constellation") witnesses Richard Haubensak and Wendi P. Brown in several areas concerning EDG's transportation tariff proposal. In addition, I will present a revision to the definition of Demand Volume and Billing Demand in the proposed transportation tariff in order to be consistent with the basic stipulation and agreement reached earlier in this case.

#### 1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

2	Q.	PLEASE PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF YOUR TESTIMONY.
3	A.	My testimony will address the following subjects addressed by Constellation
4		witnesses Haubensak and Brown on EDG's gas transportation tariff proposals:
5		1. Haubensak:
6		• Page 3, lines 9 through 22-Kansas Gas Service ("KGS") and MidAmerican
7		Energy ("MidAm") Transportation Tariffs
8		• Page 5, lines 17 through 22-MidAm Energy Small Volume Nominations
9		• Page 6, lines 1 through 17-Small Volume Customer Nominations
10		2. Brown:
11		• Page 3, lines 1 through 7-EDG Storage
12		• Page 3, lines 13 through 19-EDG & Daily Balancing
13		• Page 4, lines 7 through 14-Customer Curtailments
14		• Page 5, lines 1 through 17-Monthly Cash-out provisions
15	<u>KGS</u>	AND MIDAM TRASPORTATION TARIFF SHEETS
16	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH CONSTELLATION WITNESS HAUBENSAK'S
17		STATEMENT AT PAGE 3 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY THAT KGS
18		AND MIDAM DO NOT REQUIRE TELEMETRY FOR SMALLVOLUME
19		TRANSPORTATION CUSTOMERS?
20	A.	No. First, both of these gas companies have significantly higher transportation
21		usage thresholds than EDG and do not address those customers that are small
22		transporters on EDG's system. Specifically, KGS has an annual volume
23		requirement of 1,500 Mcf annually before a small volume customer can transport
24		on the KGS system and telemetry is required. The usage threshold on the MidAm
		and me signed and terementy is required. The usuge uncontrol of the what the

system is a maximum daily peak demand of no more than 500 therms and telemetry
 is required. Both of these small volume thresholds are higher than the existing
 EDG threshold of 500 Mcf per year and in both situations telemetry is required.

#### 4 Q. UPON WHAT DOES MR. HAUBENSAK BASE HIS ASSERTION?

A. Apparently, Mr. Haubensak has selected individual tariff sheets that pertain to
exceptions to the general transportation rules rather than the tariff sheets that reflect
the basic small volume transportation requirements on each of the systems. I have
attached a complete copy of the KGS and MidAm transportation tariffs to my
surrebuttal testimony as Surrebuttal Schedules WSK-1 and WSK-2, respectfully.

### Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE IN MORE DETAIL THE TELEMETRY AND SIZE REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL VOLUME TRANSPORTATION ON THE KGS SYSTEM.

As indicated on Surrebuttal Schedule WSK-1, Index 28.1, Sheet STk, page 1 of 2, 13 A. to qualify for transportation a small volume customer is required to use at least 14 1,500 annually at a single location and Electronic Flow Measurement (telemetry) is 15 16 required. Constellation's contention that customers with usage of less than 1,500 annually routinely avoid telemetry is an exception to the general rules governing 17 18 transportation on the KGS system. Many of the small volume customers that Constellation currently markets gas to on the EDG system would not qualify for 19 20 transportation on the KGS system.

## Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE IN MORE DETAIL THE TELEMETRY AND SIZE REQUIREMENTS FOR SMALL VOLUME TRANSPORTATION ON THE MIDAM SYSTEM.

As indicated on Surrebuttal Schedule WSK-2, Sheet WT-3, small volume 1 A. 2 transportation on the MidAm system is limited to those customers using less than 500 therms per day and having Company installed telemetric equipment in place to 3 monitor daily usage. Telemetry is a requirement on the MidAm system for small 4 5 volume transportation customers. Constellation has chosen to focus on a small 6 volume transportation service offered by MidAm that is restricted to 2,500 customers and not on the normal small volume transportation requirements on the 7 MidAm system (See Surrebuttal Schedule WSK-2, Sheet WT-56). In addition, 8 MidAm appears to have many additional fees that apply to small volume 9 transportation service that EDG has not requested or quantified in its proposal, such 10 as Firm Supply Standby Service, Swing Service, etc. 11

### 12 Q. DO KGS AND MIDAM REQUIRE TELEMETRY ON SMALL VOLUME 13 TRANSPORTATION CUSTOMERS?

A. Yes. As indicated on KGS tariff sheet STk, Electronic Flow Measurement
(telemetry) is required (See Surrebuttal Schedule WSK-1). MidAm also restricts
its small volume transportation service to customers that have telemetry installed
(See Surrebuttal Schedule WSK-2). Constellation has chosen to focus on
exceptions to this requirement, rather than the general tariff rules on small volume
transportation.

## Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH CONSTELLATION WITNESS HAUBENSAK'S SUGGESTION AT PAGE 5 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY THAT EDG OFFER A NOMINATION SERVICE TO SMALL VOLUME TRANSPORTATION CUSTOMERS?

A. No. EDG has not attempted to quantify the cost associated with offering this type 1 2 of service. In addition, EDG has not proposed any of the additional fees and/or charges that would need to be in place to make the service offering work properly. 3 4 The MidAm example cited by Constellation appears to be restricted (only 2,500 5 customers) and involves the application of several supplemental fees and charges 6 that EDG does not have in place. Lastly, it appears to me that the duty to make appropriate nominations is something that falls upon the transportation customer 7 and its marketer. At this time, EDG has no interest in assuming that duty. 8

9 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH CONSTELLATION WITNESS HAUBENSAK'S
10 CONTENTION AT PAGE 6 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY THAT EDG
11 WOULD NOT INCUR ADDITIONAL COSTS TO MAKE THIS SERVICE
12 AVAILABLE?

A. No. As I mentioned earlier, the MidAm tariff cited by Mr. Haubensak is restricted to a maximum of 2,500 customers, and MidAm has several other fees and charges that go with this service that EDG does not have. If this type of service did not create additional tasks or involve additional costs for MidAm, I suspect the additional fees and charges for this type of service would not exist in the MidAm tariff.

# 19Q.DOYOUAGREEWITHCONSTELLATIONWITNESSBROWN'S20STATEMENT AT PAGE 3 OF HER REBUTTAL TESTIMONY THAT EDG21USES STORAGE ON THE SOUTHERN STAR SYSTEM TO MEET THE22FUTURE NEEDS OF ITS SALES CUSTOMERS?

A. No. This statement is too simplistic and only partially addresses EDG's use of

storage. EDG uses the transportation and storage arrangements on the Southern Star system to not only meet the future (winter) needs of its sales service customers, but also to balance the gas receipts and deliveries on the system each day. The balancing of the receipts and deliveries takes into account not only the sales customers requirements, but those of the transportation customers on the system.

7 Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH CONSTELLATION WITNESS BROWN'S
8 STATEMENT AT PAGE 3 OF HER REBUTTAL TESTIMONY THAT
9 DAILY BALANCING IS NOT REQUIRED ON THE SOUTHERN STAR
10 SYSTEM?

- 11 A. No. In effect, Southern Star balances the daily receipts and deliveries of gas on the 12 EDG system using the no notice transportation and storage arrangements that EDG 13 has in place on Southern Star. This means that all gas deliveries, including 14 transportation, are balanced each day using these arrangements. EDG has 15 requested that a new daily balancing fee of \$1.25 per Mcf be established for the 16 large volume transportation customers using these arrangements.
- DO YOU AGREE WITH CONSTELLATION WITNESS BROWN'S 17 **Q**. 18 **CONTENSION** THAT **EDG** COULD SIMPLY **MONITOR** TRANSPORTATION ACTIVITY AND REQUEST THAT MARKETERS 19 20 OR CUSTOMERS ADJUST DELIVERIES TO AVOID THE USE OF EDG'S **STORAGE ARRANGEMENTS?** 21
- A. No, actual experience suggests otherwise. Based upon my review of several of
   EDG's communications with marketers such as Constellation concerning the

addition or curtailment of gas deliveries, without a daily balancing charge the 1 2 marketer and customer response to such communications is inconsistent and there is little financial incentive for the marketer or customer to adjust gas deliveries on a 3 4 daily basis. Similar to my statement above, EDG believes that matching daily gas 5 deliveries with daily transportation usage is a part of the duties of the gas transportation marketers and transportation customers. The proposed balancing fee 6 of \$1.25 per Mcf will encourage the marketers and customers to take this duty 7 seriously and better match gas receipts and deliveries without a direct 8 communication from EDG. 9

## 10Q.DO YOU AGREE WITH CONSTELLATION WITNESS BROWN'S11CONTENTION THAT THE MONTHLY CASH-OUT PROCESS12REIMBURSES EDG FOR DAILY BALANCING COSTS?

No. The monthly balancing provisions in the existing and proposed transportation 13 A. tariff do not reimburse EDG for daily balancing. The monthly balancing provisions 14 are directly related to the monthly quantity of gas delivered and used by the 15 transportation customers. These monthly cash-out provisions have nothing to do 16 with how far out of balance a given transportation customer is on a daily basis. In 17 18 fact, the lack of a daily balancing fee on the EDG system has resulted in transportation customers and marketers not bothering to adjust deliveries to match 19 20 consumption on a daily basis. If the monthly cash-out process were adequate as Ms. Brown contends, the daily transportation imbalances on the system would not 21 be as large as EDG has experienced. (See Schedule WSK-5 attached to Keith 22 Rebuttal testimony) 23

1	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE THE REVISION TO THE DEFINITIONS OF
2		DEMAND VOLUME AND BILLING DEMAND IN THE PROPOSED
3		TRANSPORTATION TARIFF THAT YOU REFERENFED PREVIOUSLY.
4	A.	As a result of the Partial Stipulation and Agreement reached earlier in this case, the
5		proposed definitions of Demand Volume and Billing Demand in the proposed
6		Transportation tariff must be revised to be consistent with the definitions agreed to
7		in the Large Volume Sales Service rates. More specifically, the definition of
8		Demand Volume at sheet 24 of the proposed transportation tariff should be revised
9		to read as follows:
10 11 12 13 14 15		"Demand Volume: The billing months of November through March shall be considered winter months; all other billing months shall be considered summer months. The Demand Volume for any winter month shall be the maximum use in Ccf during any consecutive period of 24 hours in such month. The Demand Volume for any summer month shall be one-half of the maximum use in Ccf during any consecutive period of 24 hours in such month.
<ol> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> <li>18</li> <li>19</li> <li>20</li> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> </ol>		Company will normally compute the maximum use in Ccf during any consecutive period of 24 hours in any billing month as 1/20th of the number of Ccf used during such billing month, adjusted to a base monthly billing period of 30 days. For customers not consuming natural gas uniformly throughout the billing month, Company and Customer may agree to determine the maximum use in Ccf during any consecutive period of 24 hours during any billing month by use of metering when such capability is available.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30		The Demand Volume for any billing month shall not be less than the greatest billing demand for any of the preceding eleven months. If gas service was furnished during any of the preceding eleven months under any other rate schedule in effect, for the purpose of determining Demand Volume use under such other rate schedule shall be treated as if this Rate Schedule applied thereto."
31		In addition, the definition of Billing Demand at paragraph 4 of tariff sheets 37 and
32		38 should also be revised to reflect the following:
33 34 35 36		"For purposes of determining the billing demand under this rate schedule, the billing months of November through March shall be considered winter months; all other billing months shall be considered summer months. The billing demand for any winter month shall be the maximum use in Ccf during any consecutive period

- of 24 hours in such month. The billing demand for any summer month shall be
   one-half of the maximum use in Ccf during any consecutive period of 24 hours in
   such month.
- Company will normally compute the maximum use in Ccf during any consecutive
  period of 24 hours in any billing month as 1/20th of the number of Ccf used during
  such billing month, adjusted to a base monthly billing period of 30 days. For
  customers not consuming natural gas uniformly throughout the billing month,
  Company and Customer may agree to determine the maximum use in Ccf during
  any consecutive period of 24 hours during any billing month by use of metering
  when such capability is available.
- The billing demand for any billing month shall not be less than the greatest billing
  demand for any of the preceding eleven months. If gas service was furnished
  during any of the preceding eleven months under any other rate schedule in effect,
  for the purpose of determining billing demand use under such other rate schedule
  shall be treated as if this Rate Schedule applied thereto."
- 19 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY AT THIS
- 20 **TIME?**

18

A. Yes, it does.