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#### MAWC 1

Exhibit No.: Issues: Witness: Exhibit Type: Sponsoring Party: Case No.:

Service Company Charges Patrick L. Baryenbruch Rebuttal Missouri-American Water Company WR-2015-0301 SR-2015-0302 February 11, 2016

Date:

#### **MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

CASE NO. WR-2015-0301 SR-2015-0302

#### **REBUTTAL TESTIMONY**

#### OF

#### PATRICK L. BARYENBRUCH

#### **ON BEHALF OF**

#### MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

MAWL Exhibit No. 1 Date 3-31-14 Reporter TT File No. WR-2015-0301

#### **BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

#### OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

IN THE MATTER OF MISSOURI-AMERICAN ) WATER COMPANY FOR AUTHORITY TO ) FILE TARIFFS REFLECTING INCREASED ) CA RATES FOR WATER AND SEWER ) CA SERVICE )

CASE NO. WR-2015-0301 CASE NO. SR-2015-0302

#### AFFIDAVIT OF PATRICK L. BARYENBRUCH

Patrick L. Baryenbruch, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the witness who sponsors the accompanying testimony entitled "Rebuttal Testimony of Patrick L. Baryenbruch"; that said testimony and schedules were prepared by him and/or under his direction and supervision; that if inquiries were made as to the facts in said testimony and schedules, he would respond as therein set forth; and that the aforesaid testimony and schedules are true and correct to the best of his knowledge.

Sausanbuck

Patrick L. Baryenbruch

State of North Carolina County of Wake County SUBSCRIBED and sworn to Before me this <u>GP</u> day of <u>FMMAN</u> 2016.

Notary Public

AMY D GORMAN Notary Public Durham Co., North Carolina My Commission Expires April 28, 2018

My commission expires: U-20 2018

## REBUTTAL TESTIMONY PATRICK L. BARYENBRUCH MISSOURI-AMERICAN WATER COMPANY CASE NO. WR-2015-0301 SR-2015-0302

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

l.	Introduction1
]].	Service Company Charges1

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1		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY
2		PATRICK L. BARYENBRUCH
3		
4		I. INTRODUCTION
5	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
6	A.	Patrick L. Baryenbruch, 2832 Claremont Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27608.
7		
8	Q.	PLEASE DESCRIBE YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL
9		BACKGROUND.
10	А.	I received a Bachelors degree in Accounting from the University of Wisconsin-
11		Oshkosh in 1974 and a Masters in Business Administration degree from the
12		University of Michigan in 1979.
13		I am a management consultant, a Certified Public Accountant (CPA) and a
14		Certified Information Technology Professional (CITP). I also hold a Global
15		Information Assurance Certification (GIAC) in cybersecurity from the SANS
16		Institute. I am a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
17		and the North Carolina Association of Certified Public Accountants.
18		I began my career with Arthur Andersen & Company where I performed
19		financial audits of utilities, banks and finance companies. After three years I left to
20		pursue an M.B.A. degree. Upon graduation from business school, I worked with
21		the consulting firms of Theodore Barry & Associates and Scott Consulting Group
22		(now ScottMadden).

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1 During my consulting career, I have performed consulting assignments for 2 approximately 50 utilities and 10 public service commissions. I have participated as project manager, lead or staff consultant for 24 commission-ordered 3 management and prudence audits of public utilities. Of these, I have been 4 responsible for evaluating the area of affiliate charges and allocation of corporate 5 expenses in the Commission-ordered audits of Connecticut Light and Power, 6 Connecticut Natural Gas, General Water Corporation (Pennsylvania Operations), 7 Philadelphia Suburban Water Company (now Aqua America) and Pacific Gas & 8 9 Electric Company.

10 My firm has performed the commission-ordered audit of Southern California 11 Edison's 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005 transactions with its non-regulated affiliate 12 companies.

13

.

# 14 Q. WHAT ARE YOUR DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN YOUR CURRENT 15 POSITION?

A. I am the President of my own consulting practice, Baryenbruch & Company, LLC,
 which was established in 1985. In that capacity, I provide consulting services to
 utilities and their regulators.

19

#### 20 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY IN THIS CASE?

I have been retained by Missouri-American Water Company ("MAWC" or
 "Company") to evaluate the services provided by American Water Service

Page 2 - MAWC-RT - PLB

Company, Inc. ("Service Company") to MAWC in support of the rebuttal
 testimony of MAWC Witness Tinsley and MAWC Witness Petry.

3

# 4 Q. HAVE YOU PREPARED ANY SCHEDULES TO ACCOMPANY YOUR 5 REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

A. I am presenting the results of my study which evaluated the services provided by
the Service Company (Service Company) during 2014 to MAWC. This study was
undertaken in conjunction with MAWC's rate case and was performed by me or
under my direct supervision and is accurate to the best of my knowledge and
belief. The study is attached as Schedule PLB-1.

11

#### 12 Q. WHAT WERE THE OBJECTIVES OF YOUR STUDY?

13 Α. This study was undertaken to answer four questions concerning the services 14 provided by the Service Company to MAWC, each of which bears on the reasonableness of those charges as incurred during 2014. First, were the Service 15 Company's charges to MAWC during 2014 reasonable? Second, was MAWC 16 charged the lower of cost or market value for managerial and professional services 17 18 provided by the Service Company during 2014? Third, were 2014 costs of the Service Company's customer accounts services, including those of the National 19 Call Centers, comparable to those of other utilities? Fourth, are the services 20 21 MAWC receives from the Service Company necessary?

Q. WHAT CONCLUSIONS WERE YOU ABLE TO DRAW CONCERNING
 QUESTION NUMBER 1, WHETHER THE SERVICE COMPANY CHARGES TO
 MAWC WERE REASONABLE?

The Service Company's 2014 cost per MAWC customer is reasonable compared 4 Α. 5 to cost per customer for electric and combination electric/gas service companies. During 2014 MAWC was charged \$62 per customer for administrative and general 6 (A&G)-related services provided by the Service Company. This compares to an 7 8 average of \$108 per customer for service companies reporting to the Federal 9 Only 5 of the 24 utility service Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). 10 companies that filed a FERC Form 60 for 2014 had a lower per-customer A&G 11 cost than MAWC's charges from the Service Company.

12

Q. WHAT CONCLUSIONS WERE YOU ABLE TO DRAW CONCERNING
 QUESTION NUMBER 2, WHETHER MAWC WAS CHARGED THE LOWER OF
 COST OR MARKET SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE SERVICE COMPANY?

16 A. I was able to draw the following conclusions:

17 (1) MAWC was charged the lower of cost or market for managerial and
 18 professional services during 2014.

(2) On average, the hourly rates for outside service providers are 70% higher
 than the Service Company's hourly rates.

(3) The managerial and professional services provided by the Service
 Company are vital and could not be procured externally by MAWC without
 careful supervision on the part of MAWC. If these services were contracted

entirely to outside providers, MAWC would have to add at least three
 positions to manage activities of outside firms. These positions would be
 necessary to ensure the quality and timeliness of services provided.

4 (4) If all the managerial and professional services now provided by the Service
5 Company had been outsourced during 2014, MAWC and its ratepayers
6 would have incurred more than \$22 million in additional expenses. This
7 amount includes the higher cost of outside providers and the cost of three
8 MAWC positions needed to direct the outsourced work.

This study's hourly rate comparison actually understates the cost 9 (5) advantages that accrue to MAWC from its use of the Service Company. 10 Outside service providers generally bill for every hour worked. Service 11 Company exempt personnel, on the other hand, charge a maximum of 8 12 hours per day even when they work more hours. If all overtime hours of 13 Service Company personnel were factored into the hourly rate calculation, 14 the Service Company would have had an even greater annual dollar 15 advantage than the \$22 million cited above. 16

17 (6) It would be difficult for MAWC to find local service providers with the same 18 specialized water industry expertise as that possessed by the Service 19 Company staff. Service Company personnel spend substantially all their 20 time serving operating water companies. This specialization brings with it a 21 unique knowledge of water utility operations and regulation that is most 22 likely unavailable from local service providers.

Page 5 – MAWC-RT - PLB

(7) Service Company fees do not include any profit markup. Only its actual
 cost of service is being recovered from MAWC ratepayers.

3

# 4 Q. WHAT CONCLUSIONS WERE YOU ABLE TO DRAW CONCERNING 5 QUESTION NUMBER 3, WHETHER THE 2014 COSTS OF THE SERVICE 6 COMPANY'S CUSTOMER ACCOUNT SERVICES, INCLUDING THOSE OF 7 THE NATIONAL CALL CENTERS, WERE REASONABLE?

8 Α. The cost of the Service Company's customer accounts services, including those 9 provided by the National Call Centers, is well below the average of the neighboring electric utility comparison group. As will be explained further herein, this group of 10 11 companies provides a reasonable proxy group for comparison to a regulated utility 12 of the size and scope of the Service Company and MAWC. During 2014, the cost 13 of customer accounts services for MAWC customers was \$21.04 compared to the 2014 average of \$33.14 for neighboring electric utilities. The highest comparison 14 group per customer cost was \$49.90 and the lowest \$10.88. 15

16

17Q.WHAT CONCLUSIONS WERE YOU ABLE TO DRAW CONCERNING18QUESTION NUMBER 4, WHETHER THE SERVICES MAWC RECEIVES

# 19FROM THE SERVICE COMPANY ARE NECESSARY?

20 A. I was able to draw the following conclusions:

(1) The services that the Service Company provides are necessary and would
be required even if MAWC were a stand-alone water utility.

1	(2)	Furthermore, there is no redundancy or overlap in the services provided by
2		the Service Company to MAWC.
3		

# 4 Q. DOES THIS COMPLETE YOUR TESTIMONY?

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5 A. Yes.

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# Market to Cost Comparison of Service Company Charges to Missouri American Water Company

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12 Months Ended December 31, 2014

February 2016

## Missouri American Water Company Market to Cost Comparison of Service Company Charges 12 Months Ended December 31, 2014

#### Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
I – Introduction	1
Purpose of This Study Study Results	
II – Background Overview of American Water Service Company Service Company Accounting Service Company Billing and Clearing	3
III – Service Company Cost Comparison Approach Service Company Test Period Charges Service Company Cost Comparison Approach	7
IV – Question 1 – Reasonableness of Service Company Charges Methodology MAWC's Service Company A&G Cost per Customer Comparison Group Cost per Customer	9
V – Question 2 – Provision of Services at Lower of Cost or Market Methodology Service Company Hourly Rates Outside Service Provider Hourly Rates Service Company versus Outside Provider Cost Comparison	13
<ul> <li>VI – Question 3 – Reasonableness of Customer Accounts Services Costs Methodology Comparison Group Comparison Approach MAWC's Cost per Customer Electric Utility Group Cost per Customer Summary of Results</li> </ul>	29
VII – Question 4 – Need for Service Company Services Analysis of Services Governance Associated with Service Company Charges	38

#### Purpose of This Study

This study was undertaken to answer four questions concerning the services provided by American Water Works Service Company, Inc. (Service Company) to Missouri American Water Company (MAWC):

- 1. Were the Service Company's charges to MAWC during 2014 reasonable?
- 2. Was MAWC charged the lower of cost or market for managerial and professional services provided by the Service Company during 2014?
- 3. Were 2014 costs of the Service Company's customer accounts services, including those of the National Call Centers, comparable to those of other utilities?
- 4. Are the services MAWC receives from the Service Company necessary?

#### **Study Results**

Concerning question 1, the following conclusion was reached:

 The Service Company's 2014 cost per MAWC customer is reasonable compared to cost per customer for electric and combination electric/gas service companies. During 2014 MAWC was charged \$62 per customer for administrative and general (A&G)-related services provided by the Service Company. This compares to an average of \$108 per customer for service companies reporting to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). Only 5 of the 24 utility service companies that filed a FERC Form 60 for 2014 had a lower per-customer A&G cost than MAWC's charges from the Service Company.

Concerning question 2, the following conclusions were drawn from this study:

- MAWC was charged the lower of cost or market for managerial and professional services during 2014.
- On average, the hourly rates for outside service providers are 70% higher than the Service Company's hourly rates.
- The managerial and professional services provided by the Service Company are vital and could not be procured externally by MAWC without careful supervision on the part of MAWC. If these services were contracted entirely to outside providers, MAWC would have to add at least three positions to manage activities of outside firms. These positions would be necessary to ensure the quality and timeliness of services provided.
- If all the managerial and professional services now provided by the Service Company had been outsourced during 2014, MAWC and its ratepayers would have incurred more than \$22 million in additional expenses. This amount includes the higher cost of outside providers and the cost of three MAWC positions needed to direct the outsourced work.
- This study's hourly rate comparison actually understates the cost advantages that accrue to MAWC from its use of the Service Company. Outside service providers generally bill for every hour worked. Service Company exempt personnel, on the other hand, charge a maximum of 8 hours per day even when they work more hours. If all overtime hours of Service Company personnel were factored into the hourly rate calculation, the Service

Company would have had an even greater annual dollar advantage than the \$22 million cited above.

- It would be difficult for MAWC to find local service providers with the same specialized water industry expertise as that possessed by the Service Company staff. Service Company personnel spend substantially all their time serving operating water companies. This specialization brings with it a unique knowledge of water utility operations and regulation that is most likely unavailable from local service providers.
- Service Company fees do not include any profit markup. Only its actual cost of service is being recovered from MAWC ratepayers.

Concerning question 3, the following conclusion was reached:

• The cost of the Service Company's customer accounts services, including those provided by the National Call Centers, is well below the average of the neighboring electric utility comparison group. As will be explained further herein, this group of companies provides a reasonable proxy group for comparison to a regulated utility of the size and scope of the Service Company and MAWC. During 2014, the cost of customer accounts services for MAWC customers was \$21.04 compared to the 2014 average of \$33.14 for neighboring electric utilities. The highest comparison group per customer cost was \$49.90 and the lowest \$10.88.

Concerning question 4, the following conclusions were drawn:

- The services that the Service Company provides are necessary and would be required even if MAWC were a stand-alone water utility.
- Furthermore, there is no redundancy or overlap in the services provided by the Service Company to MAWC. For all of the services provided (Exhibit 13), there was only one entity primarily responsible for the service.

#### **Overview of American Water Works Service Company**

American Water's Service Company exists to provide certain shared services to American Water subsidiaries. It follows a service company model used by many utility holding companies that own multiple regulated utilities. By consolidating executive and professional services into a single service company, utility holding companies are able to realize the following benefits for ratepayers:

- Purchasing Economies Common expenses (e.g., insurance, chemicals, piping) can be procured on a much larger scale, thereby providing greater bargaining power for the combined entity compared to individual utility operating companies. A service company facilitates corporate-wide purchasing programs through its procurement and contract administration functions.
- Operating Economies of Scale A service company is able to deliver services more
  efficiently because workloads can be balanced across more persons and facilities. For
  instance, American Water's Service Company is able to maintain one principal data
  center for the entire corporation. This is much more cost-efficient than each operating
  utility funding its own data center with large fixed hardware, software and staffing costs.
- Continuity of Service Centralizing service company personnel who perform similar services facilitates job cross-training and sharing of knowledge and expertise. This makes it easier to deal with staff turnover and absences and to sustain high levels of service to operating utilities. An individual operating utility might experience considerable disruption if a key professional left and it were necessary to hire outside to fill the vacancy.
- Maintenance of Corporate-Wide Standards Personnel in American Water's Service Company establish standards for many functions (e.g., engineering designs, operating procedures and maintenance practices). It is easier to ensure these standards are followed by every operating utility because their implementation is overseen by the Service Company.
- Improved Governance American Water's Service Company provides another dimension of management and financial oversight that supplements local operating utility management. The Service Company facilitates standard planning and reporting, which helps ensure that operating utilities meet the requirements of their customers in a cost-effective manner.
- Retention of Personnel A service company organization provides operating utility personnel with another career path beyond what may be available on a local level. These opportunities tend to improve employee retention.

American Water follows the model for other utility service companies in another important regard: Its services are provided to affiliate operating utilities, like MAWC, at cost. American Water's Service Company is not a profit-making entity. It assigns only its actual expenses to the American Water subsidiaries it services.

The Service Company provides services to American Water operating companies from the following locations:

- Corporate Headquarters Provides corporate governance and service functions, including executive management, audit, finance, external affairs and human resources. The corporate headquarters is located in Voorhees, New Jersey.
- Central Lab The national trace substance laboratory is located in Belleville, Illinois, and performs testing for all American Water operating companies.
- Customer Service Centers Provides customer call center and billing services from two locations: Alton, Illinois, and Pensacola, Florida.
- Customer Relations Centers Provides customer relations and field resource coordination services from two locations: Belleville, Illinois and Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania.
- Hershey Information Technology Services Center American Water's principal data center, located in Hershey, Pennsylvania, supports the IT infrastructure required to run corporate and operating company business applications and communications systems.
- Haddon Heights Information Technology Services Center American Water's data center, located in Haddon Heights, New Jersey, maintains data servers for back-up and disaster recovery.
- Woodcrest Office The Woodcrest Office, located in Cherry Hill, New Jersey, provides individual operating companies with accounting, human resources and benefits and supply chain services. The Woodcrest office is American Water's main IT center for employees, provides software delivery and enhancements for SAP and non-SAP (legacy) systems, provides local on-site support as well as the ITS Service Desk for remote assistance for all employees using personal computers in the performance of their day to day activities, supports mission-critical systems such as SCADA as well as emerging technologies such as GIS and Mobility, and provides technical expertise in project governance and release management while ensuring compliance with all governmental regulations.
- Regional Offices Regional offices provide operating companies with certain support services that can be performed more effectively on a regional basis because individual operating company/center workloads are not sufficient to warrant a full-time staff for these activities. At the same time, these services require closer proximity to operating companies served so they are not provided by the National Shared Services Center. Examples of regional office services include legal, communication, human resources and maintenance. Five divisional offices (MAD, CD, NED, MO and CA/HI) are also maintained by Regulatory Operations and share office space with local operating companies.

#### Service Company Accounting

Service Company maintains an accounting ledger for recording transactions (e.g., labor, expenses, overhead, capital and other assets, liabilities and equity) in a Service Company ledger separate from Affiliates' ledgers. Monthly financial statements are prepared that summarize month-to-date and year-to-date costs, budgets and prior year, with variances and explanations, by category and function. Accounting categories by transaction type are described below.

- Service Company Labor: The Service Company utilizes a system that tracks time and attendance. Employees electronically enter hours worked (including vacation, sick, FMLA, etc.) and accounting information (e.g., business unit; formula; pay type) and electronically submit the timesheet for approval. Submitted timesheets are electronically routed to authorized approvers. Time sheets require approval (of hours and accounting information such as formulas, etc.) by an authorized timesheet approver in the employee's home business unit.
- Service Company Expenses: Expenditures (i.e., standard invoices, purchase orders, electronic disbursements, Miscellaneous Invoices, Recurring Invoices, Recurring Vouchers, and p-cards) and journal entries require a preparer to enter accounting coding details (e.g., cost center, cost element and work breakdown structure) and a reviewer to approve the information in accordance with the corporate Delegation of Authority Policy. Expenditures are processed electronically and are automatically routed to the employee's supervisor for approval. Costs are posted many times daily, in detail, in the business unit selected. Journal entries are submitted as prepared to the appropriate reviewer and posted as approved.
- Service Company Assets: Service Company assets are procured directly by Service Company or through a capital leasing arrangement with Laurel Oak Properties (LOP). Service Company capitalizes these LOP leases as Non-Utility Plant assets in accordance with GAAP. Generally speaking, Service Company assets (including hardware, servers, laptops, desktops, servers, storage racks, furniture, laboratory and test equipment, security cameras, monitors, and leasehold improvements) are acquired through LOP via a capital lease. LOP, on behalf of the Service Company, will acquire the necessary materials and services to build the assets that are needed for the Company to meet its business needs.
- Service Company Overhead: Costs for support personnel (e.g., administrative assistants, mailroom clerks), rents, facility expenses, pension, medical insurance, taxes, general office supplies and other similar expenses are recorded in the ledger of the cost center responsible for incurring the charge. Overhead expenditures are posted using the labor and expense processes noted above, and are recorded, in detail, in the ledger of the cost center responsible for the charge using an overhead WBS element.

#### Service Company Billing and Clearing

Service Company has developed a billing system which charges directly or allocates costs for services provided to Affiliates. Service Company billing is processed monthly and includes all Service Company costs charged to Affiliates using the Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) element selected for each transaction.

 WBS element: Every Service Company transaction (vouchers, journal entries, payroll batch, etc.) requires a WBS element within the account coding string. Each WBS element is configured in SAP with the following: Affiliate(s) to be charged, percent of charge to be billed to each Affiliate (total must equal 100%), receiving object (e.g., Affiliate's cost center xx0000) for O&M costs or an Affiliate's WBS element for Capex Costs. WBS elements are configured in SAP with an end date (month/year) to prevent transactions from using an expired WBS during data input.

- Affiliate Billing Process: AW Service Company billing is a two-step process that first calculates allocations of transactions for all non-overhead WBS elements. The second step calculates overhead transaction allocations using the ratio of direct labor (Cost Element 5012000) allocations to Affiliates from the first step above multiplied by the pool of overhead expenses by physical location.
- Bill Clearing Process: Service Company billings are cleared through American Water Capital Corporation, Inc., (an Affiliate) monthly via an intercompany journal entry to GL Account 23120000 (Notes Payable – Associated Companies) posted on the last day of the month. Payments are estimated for each Affiliate using the prior month actual billing (current month estimate) with adjustment for prior month actual to estimate (previous month funding) true-up.

#### Service Company Test Period Charges

During 2014 the Service Company billed MAWC a total of \$37.4 million, as shown in the table below. These charges were subjected to a market to cost comparison.

	2014
Management Fees - O&M	\$ 29,989,320
Management Fees - Capital	\$ 7,378,212
Total AWSC Charges	\$ 37,3 <mark>67,531</mark>

For purposes of comparing these charges to certain outside benchmarks, Service Company services were placed into two categories:

- Managerial and Professional Services Includes such services as management, accounting, legal, human resources, information technology and engineering.
- Customer Accounts Services Includes customer-related services, such as call center, credit, billing, collection and payment processing.

Total 2014 Service Company charges break down between management/professional services and customer account services as follows:

	2014	1
	Amount	Hours
Management and Professional Services	\$ 31,447,086	210,410
Customer Account Services	\$ 5,920,446	163,977
Total Service Company Charges	\$ 37,367,531	374,386

#### Service Company Cost Comparison Approach

This study's first question—whether the Service Company 2014 charges were reasonable—was determined by comparing MAWC's A&G-related Service Company charges per customer to the same charges for utility companies that must file the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Form 60 – Annual Report of Service Companies.

The second question—whether the Service Company charges during 2014 were at the lower of cost or market—was evaluated by comparing the cost per hour for managerial and professional services provided by Service Company personnel to hourly billing rates that would be charged by outside providers of equivalent services. Service Company costs per hour were based on actual charges to MAWC during 2014. Outside providers' billing rates came from surveys or other information from professionals who could perform the services now provided by the Service Company.

The third question—whether Service Company's 2014 customer account services charges, including National Call Center costs, were comparable to other utilities—was addressed by comparing MAWC's customer accounts services expenses to those of neighboring investor-owned electric utilities. This utility comparison group was selected because the cost of outside providers of customer accounts services is proprietary and not publicly available. Comparison to electric utilities is appropriate because all utilities, regardless of service type, must perform customer account services activities, including updating customer records for meter reads, printing and mailing bills, and the collection and processing of customer payments. Electric utility costs are available from the FERC Form 1; thus there is appropriate data transparency. The selection of electric utilities from Missouri and neighboring states provides a sufficiently sized comparison group.

The fourth question—the necessity of Service Company services—was investigated by defining the services provided to MAWC and determining if these services would be required if MAWC were a stand-alone utility.

#### Methodology

Utility service companies deliver a variety of services. Some support their regulated utility affiliate's operations-related functions (e.g., transmission, distribution). All utility service companies, however, provide A&G services to their affiliates. This is true because there are considerable economies of scale derived from centralizing the management of corporate A&G services such as information technology, finance and human resources. Because A&G-related services are consistently delivered by utility service companies, this study uses A&G charges per customer as the metric by which to test the reasonableness of affiliate charges.

#### MAWC's Service Company A&G Cost per Customer

During 2014 MAWC was charged \$62 per customer by the Service Company for A&G-related services. The calculation of this amount, shown in the table below, starts with total Service Company charges and adjusts for capital and non-A&G function (e.g., engineering, operations and water quality) charges. These adjustments are necessary to develop a per-customer cost that can be compared to the cost of the utility service company comparison group.

0044

	 2014
Total Service Company charges	\$ 37,367,531
Less: Capital charges	\$ (7,378,212)
Less: Non-A&G function charges	
Engineering	\$ (545,163)
Operations	\$ (283,548)
Water Quality	\$ (135,883)
A&G-related charges	\$ 29,024,725
MAWC Customers	 464,498
A&G Cost Per MAWC Customer	\$ 62
	\$ 404,490

#### **Comparison Group Cost Per Customer**

Every centralized service company in a holding company system subject to regulation by the FERC must file a Form 60 in accordance with the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 2005, Section 1270, Section 390 of the Federal Power Act, and 18 Code of Federal Regulations paragraph 366.23. This report is designed to collect financial information from service companies that are subject to regulation by the FERC.

Charges to utility affiliates for the comparison group service companies were obtained from Schedule XVI – Analysis of Charges for Service Associate and Non-Associate Companies (p. 303 to 306) of each entity's FERC Form 60. Information from Form 60 schedule Account 457 – Analysis of Billing – Associate Companies was also used to isolate and eliminate charges to non-regulated affiliates from the cost pool used to calculate A&G expenses per regulated service customer.

For 2014, a Form 60 was filed by service companies associated with 24 utility holding companies. These service companies support utilities that provide regulated electric and, in some cases, gas service to retail customers.

FERC Form 60 shows service company charges to affiliates by FERC account. The table below shows a list of FERC A&G accounts and designates which correspond to services the Service Company provides to MAWC. Amounts in the designated FERC accounts are included in the calculation of service company A&G expenses per regulated customer.

	Included In
FERC Account	Cost Calculation
901 - Supervision	X
902 - Meter reading expenses	
903 - Customer records and collection expenses	X
904 - Uncollectible accounts	
905 - Miscellaneous customer accounts expenses	X
907 - Supervision	
908 - Customer assistance expenses	
909 - Informational And Instructional Advertising Expenses	
910 - Miscellaneous Customer Service And Informational Exp	<u>X</u>
911 - Supervision	
912 - Demonstrating and Selling Expenses	
913 - Advertising Expenses	
916 - Miscellaneous Sales Expenses	
920 - Administrative and General Salaries	X
921 - Office Supplies and Expenses	X
923 - Outside Services Employed	
924 - Property Insurance	X
925 - Injuries and Damages	
926 - Employee Pensions and Benefits	X
928 - Regulatory Commission Expenses	
930.1 - General Advertising Expenses	
930.2 - Miscellaneous General Expenses	<u>X</u>
931 - Rents	X
935 - Maintenance of Structures and Equipment	<u> </u>

The A&G expenses per regulated utility customer for the 24 utility companies that filed a Form 60 for 2014 are calculated in Exhibit 1 (page 11).

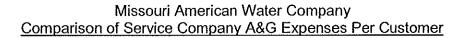
Exhibit 1 (page 12) shows MAWC's 2014 Service Company cost per customer of \$62 to be considerably lower than the average of \$108 per customer for the comparison group service companies. Only 5 of 24 comparison group service companies had a lower per customer A&G cost than MAWC's charges from the Service Company. Based on this result, it is possible to conclude that the Service Company's 2014 charges to MAWC were reasonable.

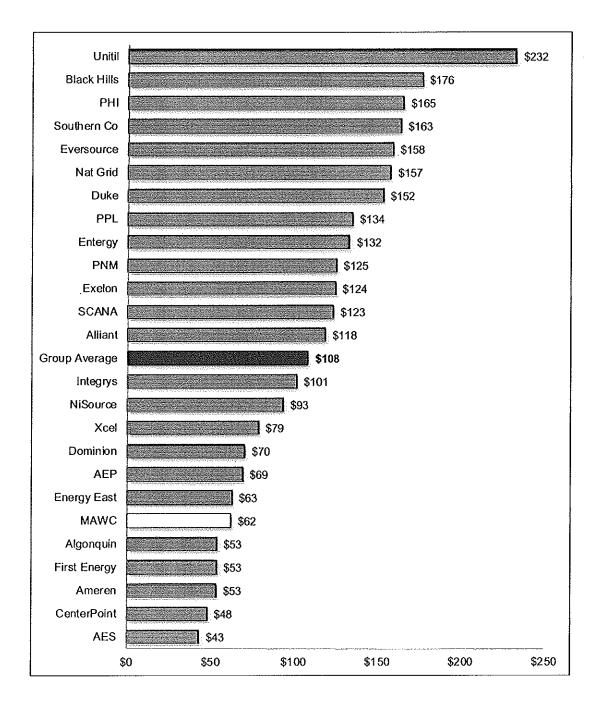
# Missouri American Water Company Calculation of 2014 Service Company A&G Expenses Per Customer

	2014 Regulated			
	Retail Service	Regulated	···· ;;}	i de la composición d
	Company A&G	Retail	C(	ost per
Utility Company	Expenses	Customers	Cu	stomer
AEP	\$366,217,981	5,300,000	\$	69
AES	\$47,179,170	1,100,000	\$	43
Algonquin	\$20,417,324	382,000	\$	53
Alliant	\$166,839,678	1,412,258	\$	118
Ameren	\$175,670,442	3,300,000	\$	53
Black Hills	\$130,528,322	742,896	\$	176
CenterPoint	\$270,013,027	5,666,980	\$.	48
Dominion	\$267,125,964	3,800,000	\$	70
Duke	\$1,188,590,645	7,800,000	\$	152
Energy East	\$151,960,009	2,426,000	\$	63
Entergy	\$396,681,235	2,996,000	\$	132
Eversource	\$594,005,313	3,755,000	\$	158
Exelon	\$968,292,855	7,800,000	\$	124
FirstEnergy	\$320,924,738	6,008,000	\$	53
Integrys	\$222,847,080	2,205,000	\$	101
Nat Grid	\$1,082,848,311	6,900,000	\$	157
NiSource	\$337,721,731	3,620,378	\$	93
PHI	\$323,833,431	1,967,000	\$	165
PNM	\$94,009,450	753,070	\$	125
PPL	\$357,358,733	2,661,000	\$	134
SCANA	\$190,243,709	1,547,000	\$	123
Southern Co	\$733,081,757	4,500,000	\$	163
Unitil	\$39,604,542	170,500	\$	232
Xcel	\$431,788,464	5,500,000	\$	79
Total	\$8,877,783,910	82,313,082	\$	108

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Exhibit 2





#### Methodology

The lower-of-cost-or-market comparison is accomplished by comparing the cost per hour for Service Company managerial and professional services to those of outside service providers to whom these duties could be assigned. Based on the nature of the Service Company services, it was determined that the following outside providers could perform the categories of services indicated below:

- Management Consultants executive and administrative management, risk
  management, human resources and communications services
- Attorneys legal services
- Certified Public Accountants accounting, financial and rates and revenues services
- IT Professionals information technology services
- Professional Engineers engineering, operations and water quality services.

The services provided by the Belleville lab are assumed to be transferable to professional engineers for purposes of this cost comparison. This was done for two reasons. First, there is no readily available survey of hourly billing rates for testing services such as those performed by Belleville. Second, Belleville personnel have similar scientific educational backgrounds as Service Company engineering personnel. Thus, it is appropriate to compare the hourly rates of Belleville services to those of outside engineering firms.

Service Company's hourly rate were calculated for each of the five outside service provider categories, based on the dollars and hours charged to MAWC during 2014. Hourly billing rates for outside service providers were developed using third party surveys or directly from information furnished by outside providers themselves.

It should be noted that by using the Service Company's hours charged MAWC during 2014, its hourly rates are actually overstated because some Service Company personnel charge a maximum of 8 hours per day even when they work more. Outside service providers generally bill for every hour worked. If all overtime hours of Service Company personnel had been factored into the hourly rate calculation, Service Company hourly rates would have been lower.

The last step in the lower-of-cost-or-market comparison was to compare the Service Company's average cost per hour to the average cost per hour for outside providers.

#### Service Company Hourly Rates

Exhibit 3 (page 15) details the assignment of 2014 management and professional Service Company charges by outsider provider category. Exhibit 4 (page 16) shows the same assignment for Service Company management and professional hours charged to MAWC during 2014.

Certain adjustments to these dollar amounts were necessary to calculate Service Company hourly rates that are directly comparable to those of outside providers. Adjustments were made to the following 2014 test period non-labor Service Company charges:

 Contract Services – 2014 Service Company charges to MAWC include expenses associated with the use of outside professional firms to perform certain corporate-wide

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services (e.g., legal, financial audit, actuarial services). These professional fees are excluded from the Service Company hourly rate calculation because the related services have effectively been out-sourced already.

- Travel Expenses In general, client-related travel expenses incurred by outside service providers are not recovered through their hourly billing rates. Rather, actual out-ofpocket travel expenses are billed to clients in addition to fees for professional services. Thus, it is appropriate to remove these Service Company charges from the hourly rate calculation.
- Information Technology Infrastructure Expenses Included in 2014 Service Company charges to MAWC are leases, maintenance fees and depreciation related to American Water's enterprise computing and network infrastructure and corporate business applications. An outside provider that would take over operation of this infrastructure would recover these expenses over and above the labor necessary to operate the data center.
- Non-Service Related Expenses These are corporate expenses such current and deferred income tax expense, line of credit fees and board expenses. These are not related to the provision of services by Service Company personnel and have been excluded.

Exhibit 5 (page 17) shows how contract services, travel expenses, information technology infrastructure and non-service-related Service Company charges are assigned to the four outside provider categories.

Based on the assignment of expenses and hours shown in Exhibits 2 and 3 and the excludable items shown in Exhibit 4, the Service Company's equivalent costs per hour for 2014 are calculated below.

	1.072		1	Ristone	(e <u>?</u> :)	ការការបានចោយ	l)r	G	loinsional		
									Englineer		
Total management, professional	\$	1,512,205	\$	7,060,413	\$	5,136,780	\$ 16,066,211	\$	1,671,476	\$	31,447,086
& technical services charges											
Less: Exclusions											
Contract services	S_	269,408	\$	1,050,434	\$	603,876	\$ 4,708,786	<u>\$</u>	<u>17,171</u>	\$	6,649,675
Travel expenses	[\$_	5,308	\$	73,126	\$	21,911	\$ 	\$	25,114	S	156,009
IT infrastructure expenses	\$	2,601	\$	82,609	\$	6,901	\$ 4,853,458	\$	9,624	\$	4,955,193
Non-service related expenses	\$	270,203	\$	224,900	\$	305,821	\$ 377,859	\$	96,107	\$	1,274,890
Total Exclusions	\$	547,519	Ş	1,431,069	\$	938,510	\$ 9,970,654	\$	148,016	\$	13,035,768
Net Service-Related Charges	\$	964,686	\$	5,629,344	\$	4,198,271	\$ 6,095,557	\$	1,523,460	\$	18,411,318
Total Hours (B)	<b>I</b>	5,303		67,985		57,251	63,348		16,523		210,410
Average Hourly Rate (A / B)	\$	182	\$	83	\$	73	\$ 96	\$	92		

# Missouri American Water Company Analysis of 2014 Service Company Charges by Location and Function

			8 N 1		204	Sarvice Con	(Really)	Cliarces				Washington and
				nagement :	<u>eo:</u> ]]	fied Public			Pro	essional		
Location	Function	NORLEY		nsultant i		<u>eunem</u>		olessional	Ξ	dheer		Total
Belleville Lab	Water Quality	 							\$	139,161	\$	139,161
Call Center	Human Resources		\$	89,785							\$	89.785
Corporate	Accounting	 			\$	1,715,887					\$	1,715,887
	Administration		\$	1,600,390							_ \$_	1,600,390
	Audit	 			\$	407,174					\$	407,174
	Business Development		\$	262,137							\$	262,137
	Business Transformation		\$	1,239,992							\$	1,239,992
	Communications	 	\$	383,376							\$	383,376
	Engineering				_				\$	1,242,254	\$	1,242,254
	External Affairs		\$	288,004							\$	288,004
	Finance				\$	1,389,559				1	\$	1,389,559
	Human Resources		\$	1,300,250							\$	1,300,250
	Information Technology						<b>\$</b>	256,881			\$	256,881
	Legal	\$ 987,702									\$	987.702
	Operations		_						\$	289,662	\$	289,662
	Procurement				\$	632,197					\$	632,197
	Rates & Regulatory				\$	148,536				r	\$	148,536
	Risk Management		\$	460,024						r	\$	460,024
Division Offices	Administration		\$	516,064	_				_	1	\$	516,064
	Business Development		\$	352,621						1	\$	352,621
	Engineering	 							\$	399 1	_\$_	399
	External Affairs	 	\$	284,030							\$	284,030
	Finance				\$	409,768					\$	409,768
	Human Resources	 	\$								_ \$_	283,740
	Legal	\$ 524,503								·	\$_	524,503
	Rates & Revenue				\$	433,659					\$	433,659
Information Technology	Information Technology						\$	15,809,330			\$	15,809,330
Total Doll	ars Charged	\$ 1,512,205	\$	7,060,413	\$	5,136,780	\$	16,066,211	\$	1,671,476	\$	31,447,086

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# Missouri American Water Company Analysis of 2014 Service Company Hours by Location and Function

	[		20	L'SERVICE SCIEV	any Rours of the		
		N	anacoment Cer	and shalls	P	ciessional	
Location	Function			eeounteint III P			Total
Belleville Lab	Water Quality					1,373	1,373
Cail Center	Human Resources		1,193			I	1,193
Corporate	Accounting			23,364		I	23,364
	Administration		7,469				7,469
	Audit			2,735		·	2,735
	Business Development		1,400				1,400_
	Business Transformation		27,813				27,813
	Communications		2,271			· – – – –	2,271
	Engineering					14,842	14,842
	External Affairs		452				452
	Finance			13,715		 I	13,715
	Human Resources		12,353		~		12,353
	Information Technology				3,574		3.574
	Legal	2,532					2,532
	Operations					<u>308</u> -	308
<b> -</b>	Procurement			8,704			8,704
	Rates & Regulatory			477			477
	Risk Management		6,030				6,030
Division Offices	Administration		707				707
	Business Development		2,950			1	2,950
	Engineering						
	External Affairs		2,817			1	2,817
	Finance			4,097			4,097
	Human Resources		2,531				2,531
	Legal	2,771					2,771
	Rates & Revenue			4,158			4,158
Information Technology	Information Technology				59,774		59,774
Total Hor	urs Charged	5,303	67,985	57,251	63,348	16,523	210,410

			Sousionsia	n Nillinin C = 1 c 1	TENTING SET	56			
		Contract	Travel		Π		n Stervicesen		
Charges By Function		Services	Emenses	Ē	nestructures		elated Items	Toal	
Accounting	\$	358,583	\$ 3,089	_\$_	1,981	_\$	99,259	\$ 462,913	
Administration	\$	130,174	\$ 31,837	\$	729	\$	163,771	\$ 326,511	
Audit	\$	161,874	\$ 1,218	\$	329	\$	8,966	\$ 172,387	
Business Development	\$	22,811	\$ 9,863	\$	90	\$	53,724	\$ 86,489	
<b>Business Transformation</b>	\$	399,969	\$ 4,207	\$	67,115	\$	(22,441)	\$ 448,849	].
Communications	\$	120,433	\$ 904	\$	508	\$	(12,088)	\$ 109,758	]
Ingineering	\$	36,880	\$ 23,320	\$	9,617	\$	44,844	\$ 114,661	]
External Affairs	\$	90,083	\$ 5,569	\$	155			\$ 95,807	
inance	\$	72,043	\$ 8,859	\$	2,890	\$	162,540	\$ 246,332	]
luman Resources	\$	263,813_	\$ 12,275	\$	6,511	\$	29,912	\$ 312,511	]
nformation Technology	\$	4,708,786	\$ 30,551	\$	4,853,458	\$	377,859	\$ 9,970,654	
egal	\$	269,408	\$ 5,308	\$	2,601	\$	270,203	\$ 547,519	]
Dperations	\$	2	\$ 1,653			\$	4,068	\$ 5,722	
Procurement	\$	3,323	\$ 3,624	\$	62	\$	22,472	\$ 29,481	
Rates & Regulatory	[\$	8,053	\$ 5,119	\$	1,638	\$	12,585	\$ 27,396	
Risk Management	\$	23,152	\$ 8,470	\$	7,501	\$	12,022	\$ 51,144	
Vater Quality	\$	(19,711)	\$ 	\$	7	\$	47,196	\$ 27,633	
Total	\$	6,649,675	\$ 156,009	\$	4,955,193	\$	1,274,890	\$ 13,035,768	

# Missouri American Water Company Analysis of 2014 Service Company Charges Excludable from the Hourly Rate Calculation

		XINGOISR	<u>O</u>	HODEN REP		alculation	
Recap By Outside Provider	Contract Services	Travel Expenses		T. frastructure	S 51570-15	n-Services-	Total
Attorney	\$ 269,408	\$ <u></u>	\$	2,601	<u>圖人</u> \$	270,203	\$ 547,519
Management Consultant	\$ 1,050,434	\$ 73,126	\$	82,609	\$	224,900	\$ 1,431,069
Certified Public Accountant	\$ 603,876	\$ 21,911	\$	6,901	\$	305,821	\$ 938,510
IT Professional	\$ 4,708,786	\$ 30,551	\$	4,853,458	\$	377,859	\$ 9,970,654
Professional Engineer	\$ 17,171	\$ 25,114	\$	9,624	\$	96,107	\$ 148,016
Total	\$ 6,649,675	\$ 156,009	\$	4,955,193	\$	1,274,890	\$ 13,035,768

#### **Outside Service Provider Hourly Rates**

The next step in the lower-of-cost-or-market comparison was to obtain the average billing rates for outside service providers. The source of this information and the determination of the average rates are described in the paragraphs that follow.

It should be noted that professionals working for three of the five outside provider categories may be licensed to practice by state regulatory bodies. However, not every professional working for these firms is licensed. For instance, among US certified public accounting firms, only more experienced staff are predominantly CPAs (see table below). Some Service Company employees also have professional licenses. Thus, it is valid to compare the Service Company's hourly rates to those of the outside professional service providers included in this study.

	US
Position	Average
Partners/Owners	98%
Directors (11+ years experience)	87%
Managers (6-10 years experience)	79%
Sr Associates (4-5 years experience)	50%
Associates (1-3 years experience)	22%
New Professionals	10%
Source: AICPA's National PCPS/TSCPAMa	inagement of
an Accounting Practice Survey (2010)	

#### Attorneys

The Missouri State Bar does not survey its members as to their hourly billing rates. In addition, publicly available billing rate information could not be found for Missouri attorneys. Therefore, an estimate of Missouri attorney rates was developed from a 2014 billing rate survey from National Law Journal. As shown in Exhibit 6 (pages 20-22), data from this survey has been adjusted for cost of living differences between each law firm's location and St. Louis, Missouri. The National Law Review Billing survey data is as of December 31, 2014.

#### **Management Consultants**

The cost per hour for management consultants was developed from a 2015 survey performed by the Association of Management Consulting Firms—an industry trade organization. The survey includes rates that were in effect during 2014 for firms throughout the United States. Consultants typically do not limit their practice to any one region and must travel to a client's location. Thus, in this case the U.S. national average is appropriate for comparison.

The first step in the calculation, presented in Exhibit 7 (page 23), was to determine an average rate by consultant position level. From these rates, a single weighted average hourly rate was calculated based upon the percent of time that is typically applied to a consulting assignment by each consultant position level.

#### Certified Public Accountants

The average hourly rate for Missouri CPAs was developed from a 2014 survey performed by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). The Missouri version of this survey was used to develop hourly rates for member firms in Missouri.

As shown in Exhibit 8 (page 24), a weighted average hourly rate was developed based on a set of accountant positions and a percent of time that is typically applied to an accounting assignment. This survey includes rate information in effect during 2013. Thus, the calculated average rate was escalated to June 30, 2014—the midpoint of 2014.

#### Information Technology Professionals

The average hourly rate for information technology consultants and contractors was developed from IT industry hourly billing rate data gathered by Baryenbruch & Company, LLC. As shown in Exhibit 9 (page 25), that data was compiled and a weighted average was calculated based on a percent of time that is typically applied to an IT consulting assignment based on Baryenbruch & Company's experience.

#### **Professional Engineers**

The Company provided hourly rate information for outside engineering firms that could have been used by MAWC in 2014. As presented in Exhibit 10 (page 26), an average rate was developed for each engineering position level. Then, using a typical percentage mix of project time by engineering position, a weighted average cost per hour was calculated.

## Exhibit 5 Page 1 of 3

# Missouri American Water Company Estimated Billing Rates for Missouri Attorneys

2014 Hourly Billing Rates				Weighted,	Average Rate	Calculation	CostofL	iving (COL) A	djustment	
		2014 Avg B	illing Rates	0,25	0.75	(A)	COLI	ndices	(B)	(AxB)
						Weighted	Law Firm	MAWC - St.	COL	Adjusted
Firm Name	Location	Partner	Associate	Partner	Associate	Average	City	Louis, Mo	Adjustment	Rate
Adams and Reese	New Orleans, LA	\$ 420	\$ 270	\$ 105	\$ 203	\$ 308	98,2	92.7	94.4%	\$ 290
Akerman	Mami, FL	\$ 535	\$ 305	\$ 134	\$ 229	\$ 363	107.2	92.7	86.5%	\$ 313
Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld	Washington, DC	\$ 785	\$ 525	\$ 195	\$ 394	\$ 590	141.6	92.7	65.5%	\$ 386
Alston & Bird	Atlanta, GA	\$ 675	\$ 425	\$ 169	\$ 319		93.5	92.7	99.1%	\$ 483
Andrews Kurth	Houston, TX	\$ 890	\$ 670	\$ 223	s 503	<u>\$ 488</u> \$ 725	99.0	92.7	93.7%	\$ 679
Archer & Greiner	Haddonfield, NJ	\$ 400	\$ 245	s 100	- s 184 -	\$ 284	121.2		76,5%	\$ 217
Arent Fox	Washington, DC	\$ 650	\$ 395	S 163	\$ 296	\$ 459	141.6	92.7	65.5%	\$ 300
Arnold & Porter	Washington, DC	\$ 815	\$ 500	\$ 204	\$ 375	\$ 579	141.6	92.7	65.5%	
Arnstein & Lehr	Chicago IL	\$ 485	\$ 250		\$ 188	\$ 304	117.4	92.7	78.9%	<u>\$ 379 _</u> <u>\$ 240 _</u> \$ 299
Baker & Hostetler	Cleveland, OH	s 449	\$ 272	\$ 116 \$ 112 \$ 189	\$ 204	\$ 316	98.2	92.7	94.4%	\$ 299
Baker & McKenzle	Chicago, IL	\$ 755	\$ 395	5 189	\$ 296	\$ 485	117.4	92.7	78.9%	\$ 383
Baker, Donelson, Bearman, Caldwell	Memphis, TN	\$ 400	\$ 295	\$ 100	\$ 221	\$ 321	84.9	92.7	109.2%	\$ 351
Ballard Spahr	Philadelphia, PA	\$ 475	\$ 315	\$ 119	\$ 236	\$ 355	121,2	92,7	76,5%	- and the second
Barnes & Thornburg	Indianapoils, IN	\$ 480	\$ 320	\$ 120	\$ 240	\$ 360	91,1	92.7	101.8%	<u>\$ _272 _</u> <u>\$ _366 _</u> \$ 306
Benesch, Friedlander, Coplan & Aronoff	Cleveland, OH	s 455	\$ 280	s 114	\$ 210	\$ 324	98.2	<u>92.7</u>	94.4%	<u>3 300</u> - \$ 306
Best Best & Krieger	Riverside, CA	\$ 455	\$ 280	\$ 114	\$ 210	\$ 324	112,0	92.7	82.8%	\$ 268
Bingham McCutchen	Boston, MA	\$ 795	\$ 450	\$ 199	\$ 338	\$ 536	140,1	92,7	66.2%	\$ 265 \$ 355
Blank Rome	Philadolphia, PA	\$ 640	\$ 350	\$ 160	\$ 263	\$ 423	121,2	92.7	76.5%	\$ 323
Bond, Schoeneck & King	Syracuse, NY		\$ 225	\$ 89	\$ 169	\$ 258	104.5	92.7	58.7%	\$ 228
Bowles Rice	Charleston, WV	\$_355 \$_230	<u>s</u> <u>135</u>	\$ 58	-s 101 -	\$ 159	93.7		98.9%	\$ 157
Bracewell & Glullani	Houston, TX	s 760 -	\$ 440	\$ 190	- <u>s</u> 330 -	S 520	99.0	<u> </u>	93.7%	\$ 487
Bradley Arant Boult Cummings	Birmingham, AL	\$ 430	\$ 260	\$ 108	\$ 195	\$ 303	85.9	92.7	107.9%	\$ 326
Brownstein Hyatt Farber Schreck	Denver, CO	\$ 520	\$ 305	\$ 130	\$ 229	\$ 359	104.0	92.7	89.1%	\$ 320
Bryan Cave	St Louis, MO	\$ 620	\$ 405	\$ 155	\$ 304	\$ 459	94.4	92.7	98,2%	\$ 450
Buchalter Nemer	Los Angeles, CA	\$ 605	\$ 365		\$ 274	\$ 425	131.0		70.7%	
Burr & Forman	Birmingham, AL	s 371	s 241 -	<u>\$</u> 151 <u>\$</u> 93 <u>\$</u> 233		\$ 274	85.9	<u>92.7</u> 92.7	- 107.9% -	<u>\$ 301</u> \$ 295
Cadwalader, Wickersham & Taft	New York, NY	\$ 930	s 605	5 233 -	\$ 181 \$ 454	\$ 686	221.3	92.7	41.9%	\$ 287
Cole, Schotz, Meisel, Forman & Leonard	Hackensack, NJ	\$ 653	\$ 302	\$ 163	\$ 227	\$ 390	133.0	92.7	69.7%	\$ 272
Connell Foley	Roseland, NJ	\$ 425	\$ 265	and the second s	\$ 199	\$ 305	128.4	92.7	72.2%	
	Palo Alto, CA	s 820	\$ 515	\$ 106 \$ 205 \$ 195 \$ 143		s 591	159.9	92.7	<u>72.2%</u> 58.0%	
Covington & Burling	Washington, DC	s 780	- <u>s</u> 415 -	\$ 195	\$ 386 \$ 311	\$ 506	141.6		65.5%	<u>\$ 343</u> - \$ 331
Cozen O'Connor	Philadelphia, PA	s 570	s 355 -	\$ 143	5 266	-\$- 409 ·	121.2	9 <u>2.7_</u> 92.7	76,5%	\$ 313
Curtis, Mallet-Prevost, Colt & Mosle	New York, NY	\$ 800	\$ 480	\$ 200	\$ 360	\$ 560	221.3	92.7	41.9%	\$ 235
Davis Graham & Stubbs	Denver, CO		\$ 255	\$ 109	\$ 191	\$ 300	104.0	92.7	89.1%	\$ 235
Davis Polk & Wardwell	New York, NY	\$ 975	\$ 615	\$ 244			221.3	92.7	41.9%	\$ 295
Debevoise & Plimpton	New York, NY	\$ 1.055	\$ 490	\$ 264	\$ 368	\$ 705 \$ 631	221.3	92.7	41.9%	\$ 264
Dechert	New York, NY	\$ 435 \$ 975 \$ 1,055 \$ 900	\$ 530	\$ 225		<u>5</u> 623	221.3		41.9%	\$ 261
Dentons	New York, NY	\$ 700	\$ 425	\$ 175	\$ 319	\$ 494	221.3	92.7	41.9%	\$ 207
Dickstein Shapiro	Washington, DC		\$ 475	\$ 188	S 356	\$ 544	141.6	92.7	65.5%	\$ 356
Dinsmore & Shohl	Cincinnati, OH	\$ 750 \$ 411	\$ 238		- <u>s</u> <u>330</u> - s <u>179</u> -	\$ 281	91.8	92.7	101.0%	\$ 284
DLA Piper	New York, NY	\$ 765	- <u>s 230</u> -	\$ 103 \$ 191 \$ 109	\$ 383		221,3	9 <u>2.</u> /_ 92.7	41.9%	\$ <u>264</u> \$ 240
Dorsey & Whitney	Minneapolis, MN	\$ 435	- <u>-</u> 315 -	\$ 109	s 236	s 345	+ - <u>4</u> - <u>-</u>	92.7	84.0%	\$ <u>240</u> - \$ 290
Duane Morris	Philadelphia, PA	\$ 589	\$ 373	\$ 147	s 280	\$ 427	121,2	92.7	76.5%	\$ 327
Edwards Wildman Palmer	Boston, MA	\$ 535	\$ 325	\$ 134	\$ 244	\$ 378	140.1	92.7	66.2%	
Faegre Baker Daniels	Minneapolis, MN	s 455	<u>- 3 323</u> \$ 260	5 114	<u> </u>	\$ 309	1 - <u>140.1</u> - 110.3	<u>92.7_</u> 92.7	84.0%	
Foloy & Lardner	Milwaukee, WI	\$ 600	<u>- 3 200</u> - 5 335 -	\$ 114 \$ 150 \$ 168	\$ 251	\$ 401	$\frac{1}{101.7}$ - $\frac{110.3}{101.7}$ -			
Foley Hoag	Boston, MA	\$ 670	- \$ <u>325</u> -	\$ 168	<u>s</u> 244	_3 <u>411</u>	$\frac{1}{1} + \frac{101.7}{140.1}$	9 <u>2.7_</u> 92.7	91.2%	\$ 366 -
Fox Rothschild	Philadelphia, PA	\$ 530	<u> </u>	\$ 133	\$ 233	\$ 365	140.1	92.7	66.2%	\$ 272
Fried, Frank, Harris, Shriver & Jacobson	New York, NY	\$ 1.000	\$ 595	\$ 133	<u>\$ 233</u> \$ 446	\$ 696	221.3	92.7	76.5% 41.9%	\$ 279 \$ 292
mov, mank, manis, onnver a Jacouson	NUM TUR, NT	1 \$ 1,000	φ 383	⊅ ∠3U	<u> </u>	- 020	1 221.3	92./	41.9%	\$ 292

Baryenbruch & Company, LLC

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Exhibit 5 Page 2 of 3

# Missouri American Water Company Estimated Billing Rates for Missouri Attorneys

2014 Hourly Billing Rates			Weighted	Average Rate	Calculation	Cost of L	Ming (COL) A	djustment		
	2014 Avg	Billing Rates	0.25	0,75	(A)	COLI	ndices	(8)	(AxB)	
						Weighted	Law Firm	MAWC - St	COL	Adjusted
Hrm Name	Location	Partner	Associate	Partner	Associate	Average	City	Louis, Mo	Adjustment	Rate
Frost Brown Todd	Cincinnati, OH	\$ 387	\$ 234	\$ 97	\$ 176		91.8	92.7	101.0%	\$ 275
Gardere Winne Sewell	Dallas, TX	5 635	- <del>s</del> - 303	s 159	-\$ 227 -	\$ 272 \$ 386	95,7		96.8%	\$ 374
Gibbons	Newark, NJ	\$ 560	\$ 360	\$ 140	\$ 270		128.4	92.7	72.2%	\$ 296
Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher	New York, NY	5 980	- <u>s</u> - <u>590</u>	s 245	- <u>s 443</u> -	\$ 410 \$ 688	221.3	<u>92.7</u> -	41,9%	\$ 288
Gordon Rees Scully Mansukhani	San Diego, CA	\$ 420	\$ 300	\$ 105	\$ 225	\$ 330	129,2	92.7	71.7%	\$ 237
Greenberg Traurig	New York, NY	\$ 763	\$ 470	s 191	- <u>s</u> 353 -	\$ 543	221.3	92.7	41.9%	\$ 228
Harris Beach	Rochester, NY	\$ 348	\$ 230	S 87	\$ 173	\$ 260	99,9	92.7	92.8%	\$ 241
Harter Secrest & Emery	Rochester, NY	\$ 385	\$ 250	\$ 96	\$ 188	\$ 284	99,9	92.7	92.8%	\$ 263
Havnes and Boone	Dallas, TX	\$ 670	\$ 405			\$ <u>471</u>	95.7	92.7	96.8%	
Holland & Hart	Deriver, CO	s 442	- s 277 -	<u>\$</u> 168 \$111	\$_304 \$_208	\$ 318 -	104.0	92.7	<u>89.1%</u>	<u>\$ 456</u> \$ 284
Holland & Knight			\$ 340			\$ 411				
Honigna & Knight	Washington, DC Detroit, Mi	\$ 625 S 390	-s 220 -	\$ 156 \$ 98	\$ 255 \$ 165	\$ 263 -	_ 141.6 _	$ \frac{92.7}{92.7}$	- <u>65.5%</u> - 96.4%	<u>\$</u> 269 <u>\$</u> 253
Hughos Hubbard & Reed	New York, NY	\$ 390	\$ 220		\$ 165 \$ 416	\$ 639				
Hughos Hubbard & Reed				<u>\$</u> 223 <u>\$</u> 112 <u>\$</u> 113		\$ 319	- 221.3 -	92.7	- <u>41.9%</u> -	<u>\$</u> 268 <u>\$</u> 313
	St. Louis, MO	\$ 449 \$ 450	- <u>s</u> 275 z70 -	$\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{112}{113}$ -	\$ 206 \$ 203	->319 -S315	<u>- 94.4</u> 91.1	92.7	98.2%	<u>\$ 313</u> \$ 321
irell & Manella	and the second	\$ 450	\$ 270 \$ 535	\$ 223	\$ 401	\$ 624		and the second	the second s	
Jackson Kelly	Los Angeles, CA Charleston, WV	\$ 345	\$ 243	\$ 223	\$ 182	\$ 269	131.0	92.7	70.7%	\$ 441
						\$ 313	93.7	92.7	98.9%	\$ 266
Jackson Lowis	Los Angeles, CA	\$ 380 \$ 622	\$ 290 \$ 335		\$ 218 \$ 251	\$ 407	131.0	92.7 -	70.7%	\$_221_
	Dallas, TX			_			95.7	92.7	96.8%	\$ 394
Jenner & Block	Chicago, IL	\$ 745 \$ 745	\$ 465 \$ 435	\$ 186 \$ 186	\$ 349 \$ 326	\$ 535 \$ 513	117.4	92.7 -	78.9%	\$_ 422_
Jones Day	New York, NY						221.3	92.7	41,9%	\$ 215
Jones Walker	New Orleans, LA	\$ 385 \$ 835	\$ 225	\$ <u>96</u>	<u>\$ 169</u>	<u>\$</u> _265	98.2	92.7 -	94.4%	\$S
Kasowitz Benson, Torros & Friedman	New York, NY	1	\$ 340	\$ 209	\$ 255	\$ 464	221.3	92.7	41.9%	\$ 194
Katten Muchin Rosonman	Chicago, iL	\$ 615	\$ 455	\$ 154	\$ 341	\$ 495	117.4	92.7	78.9%	\$ 391
Kaye Scholer	New York, NY	\$ 860	\$ 597	\$ 215	\$ 448	\$ 663	221.3	92.7	41.9%	\$ 278
Kelley Drye & Warren	New York, NY	\$ 640	\$ 430	\$ 160 \$ 138	\$_323	\$ 483	_ 221.3 _	92.7_		<u>\$ 202</u> \$ 422
Klipatrick Townsond & Stockton	Atlanta, GA	\$ 550	\$ 385		<u>\$ 289</u>	\$ 426	93,5	92.7	99.1%	
King & Spalding	Atlanta, GA	\$ 775	<u>\$</u> 460	\$ 194 \$ 206	<u>s</u> _345	\$_539	93.5 _	92.7_	99.1%	\$_534_
Kirkland & Ellis	Chicago, IL	\$ 825	\$ 540		\$ 405	<u>s 611</u>	117.4	92,7	78.9%	\$ 483
Knobbe Martens Olson & Bear	Irvine, CA	\$ 575	\$ 360	\$ 144 \$ 230	\$ 270	<u>\$ 414</u>	_ 140.7 _	92.7_	65.9%	<u>\$</u> 273
Kramer Levin Naftalis & Frankel	New York, NY	\$ 921	\$ 675		\$ 506	\$ 737	221.3	92,7	41.9%	\$ 309
Lane Powell	Seattle, WA	\$ 516	\$ 331	\$ 129	\$ 248	\$ 377	117.5	92.7	78.9%	\$ 298
Latham & Watkins	New York, NY	S 990	\$ 605	S 248	\$ 454	\$ 701	221.3	92.7	41.9%	\$ 294
Lathrop & Gage	Kansas City, MO	\$ 420 \$ 505	\$_250	S_ 105	\$ 188	\$ 293 \$ 426	89.5	92.7	103.6%_	\$_303_
Lewis Roca Rothgerber	Phoonix AZ		\$ 400	\$ 126	<u>\$ 300</u>		97.3	92,7	95,3%	\$ 406
Lindquist & Vennum	Minneapolis, MN	\$ 520	\$ <u>365</u>	\$ 130	\$ 274	\$ 404 \$ 355	110.3	92.7	84.0%	S_ 339
Littler Mendelson	San Francisco, CA	\$ 550	\$ 290	\$ 138	\$ 218		159.9	92,7	58.0%	S 206
Lowenstein Sandler	Roseland, NJ	\$ 765	\$ 450	\$ <u>191</u>	\$ 338	\$ 529 \$ 358	128.4	92.7	72.2% _	\$ <u>382</u>
McCarter & English	Nowark, NJ	\$ 530	\$ 300	\$ 133	\$ 225	the second s	128.4	92.7	72.2%	\$ 258
McElroy, Deutsch, Mulvaney & Carpenter	Morristown, NJ	\$ 445	\$ 295	\$ 111	\$ 221	\$ 333	133.0	92.7	69.7%	\$ 232
McGuireWoods	Richmond, VA	\$ 595	\$ 360	\$ 149	\$ 270	\$ 419	99.7	92.7	93.0%	\$ 389
McKenna Long & Aldridge	Atlanta, GA	\$ 530	\$ 395	\$ 133	\$_296	\$ 429	93.5	92.7_	99.1%	\$ 425
Michael, Best & Friedrich	Milwaukee, Wi	\$ 445	\$ 283	\$ 111	\$ 212	\$ 324	101.7	92,7	91,2%	\$ 295
Miles & Stockbridge	Baltimore, MD	\$ 478	\$ 290	\$_120	\$ 218	<u>_</u> \$_ <u>337</u>	111.3	92.7	83.3%	<u>\$ _281</u>
Moore & Van Alien	Charlotte, NC	\$ 490	\$ 280	\$ 123	\$ 210	\$ 333	96.1	92,7	96,4%	\$ 321
Morgan, Lowis & Bocklus	Philadelphia, PA	\$ 620	S 390	\$ 155	\$ 293	S 448	121.2	92.7	76.5%	<u>\$</u> 342 \$354
Morrison & Foerster	San Francisco, CA	\$ 865	\$ 525	\$ 216	\$ 394	S 610	159.9	92.7	58.0%	
Nelson Mullins	Columbia, SC	\$ 444	\$ 271	\$ 111	\$ 203	\$ 314	95.7	92.7	96.8%	\$ 304
Nixon Peabody	Boston, MA	\$ 520	\$ 300	S 130	\$ 225	\$ 355	140.1	92.7	66.2%	\$ 235

Baryenbruch & Company, LLC 🛛 🕬

# Exhibit 5 Page 3 of 3

# Missouri American Water Company Estimated Billing Rates for Missouri Attorneys

2014 Hourly Billing Rates				Weighted	Average Rate	Calculation	Costofi	lving (COL) A	diustment	i
		2014 400 6	Billing Rates	0.25	0.75	(A)		Indices	(B)	(A x B)
		2014 7.00	sining ivalies		0,10		·····		,	1 1 1
				_		Weighted	Law Firm	MAWC - St.	COL	Adjusted
Firm Name	Location	Partner	Associate	Partner	Associate	Average	City	Louis, Mo	Adjustment	Rate
Norris McLaughlin & Marcus	Eridgewater, NJ	\$ 495	\$ 275	\$ 124	\$ 206	\$ 330	122.2	92.7	75,8%	\$ 250
Norton Rose Fulbright	Houston, TX	\$ 775 \$ 579	\$ 400 \$ 340	\$ 194	\$ 300	\$ 494 \$ 400	99.0	92.7	93.7%	\$ 463
Nossaman	Los Angeles, CA		\$ 340	\$ 145	\$ 255	\$ 400	131.0	92.7	70.7%	\$ 283
Nutter McClennen & Fish	Boston, MA	\$ 575 \$ 360	\$ 375	\$ 144	\$ 281	\$ 425 \$ 285	140.1	92,7	66,2%	\$ 281
Ogletree Daakins	Atlanta, GA	\$ 360	\$ 260	[s 30	S 195 -	\$ 285	93.5	92.7	99.1%	5 282 1
Orrick Herrington & Sutcliffe	New York, NY	\$ 845	\$ 560	\$ 211	\$ 420	\$ 631	221.3	92,7	41.9%	S 264
Paul Hastings	New York, NY	\$ 845 \$ 815	\$ 540	s 204	s 405	<u>\$ 631</u> \$ 609	221.3	92,7	41,9%	\$ 255
Paul, Welss, Rifkind, Wharton & Garrison	New York, NY	\$1040	\$ 678	S 260	\$ 509	\$ 789	221.3	92,7	41.9%	\$ 322
Pepper Hamilton	Philadelphia, PA	\$ 645	5 390	<u>\$</u> 161	\$ 293	\$ 454	121.2	92.7	76,5%	
Porkins Cole	Seattle, WA	s 615	\$ 425	\$ 154	\$ 319	s 473	117.5			
Pillsbury Winthrop Shaw Pittman	Washington, DC	\$ 865	\$ 520			\$ 808		92.7	78.9%	
							_ 141.6	92.7	65.5%	<u>\$ 397</u> \$ 330
Polsinell	Kansas City, MO	\$ 435	\$ 279	\$ 109	\$ 209	\$ 318	89.5	92.7	103.6%	
Proskauer Rose	New York, NY	S 880	\$ 465	\$ 220	\$_349_	\$ 569	221_3	<u> </u>	41,9% _	5 238
Quarles & Brady	Milwaukee, Wi	\$ 519	\$ 335	\$ 130	\$ 251	\$ 381	101.7	92.7	91,2%	\$ 347
Quinn Emanuel Urguhart & Sullivan	New York, NY	\$ 915	\$ 410	\$ 229	\$ 308	\$ 535	221.3	92.7	41.9%	\$ 225
Reed Smith	Pittsburgh, PA	\$ 737	\$ 420	\$ 184	\$ 315	\$ 499	92.2	92.7	100.5%	\$ 502
Richards, Layton & Finger	Wilmington, DE	\$ 678	\$ 414	\$ 170	\$ 311	\$ 480 \$ 301	108.4	92,7	85.5%	\$ 411
Riker Danzig Scherer Hyland & Parretti	Morristown, NJ	\$ 455	\$ 250	\$ 114	<b>5</b> 188	\$ 301	133.0	92.7	69,7%	\$ 210
Robinson & Cole	Hartford, CT	\$ 500	\$ 300	\$ 125	\$ 225	\$ 350	122.5	92,7	75,7%	\$ 265
Rutan & Tucker	Costa Mesa, CA	\$ 490	s 320	\$ 123	- s 240 -	\$ 350 \$ 363	140.7		65,9%	\$ 239
Saul Ewing	Philadelphia, PA		\$ 344	\$ 137	\$ 258		121.2	92.7	76.5%	\$ 302
Sedgwick	San Francisco, CA	<u>\$ 546</u> \$ 425	\$ 325	s 108	- <u>s</u> 244	<u>\$ 395</u> \$ 350	159.9		58,0%	\$ 203
Seward & Kissel	New York, NY	\$ 735	\$ 400	\$ 184	\$ 300	\$ 484	221.3		and a subscription of the	
Seviarth Shaw	Chicago, IL		<u> </u>			\$ 426		92.7	41.9%	
							117,4	92.7	78.9%	\$ 336
Sheppard Mullin Richter & Hampton	Los Angeles, CA	\$ 685	\$ 415	\$ 171	\$ 311	\$ 483	131.0	92.7	70,7%	<u>\$ 341</u>
Shumaker Loop & Kendrick	Toledo, OH	\$_413_	\$ 258	\$ 103 \$ 108	\$ 192	\$ 295	93.5	<u> </u>	99.1% _	<u>5</u> _293_
Shutts & Bowen	Miami, FL	\$ 430	\$ 260		\$ 195	\$ 303	107.2	92.7	86,5%	\$ 262
Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom	New York, NY	\$1,035	\$ 620	\$ 259	\$ 465	\$ 724	221.3	92.7	41.9%	\$ 303
Snell & Wilmer	Phoenix, AZ	\$ 525	\$ 280	\$ 131	\$ 210	S 341	97,3	92.7	95.3%	<u>\$</u> _303_ \$_325
Squire Patton Boggs	Washington, DC	\$ 655	\$ 355	\$ 184	\$ 266	\$ 430	141,6	92.7	65.5%	\$ 282
Sterne, Kessler, Goldstein & Fox	Washington, DC	s 577	\$ 346	\$ 184 \$ 144	\$ 260	s 404	141.6	82.7	65.5%	\$ 264
Stoel Rives	Portland, OR	\$ 492	\$ 287	S 123	\$ 215	\$ 338	119.1	92.7	77.8%	\$ 263
Strasburger & Price	Dallas, TX	\$ 435	s -270	s 109	- s 203 -	\$ 338 \$ 311	95.7		96.8%	s 301
Stroock & Stroock & Lavan	New York, NY	S 960	\$ 549	\$ 240	\$ 412		221,3			
Taft Stettinius & Hollister	Cincinnati, OH	\$ 415	\$ 285	S 240	-\$ 412 \$ 214	\$ 852 \$ 318		92.7	41.9%	
							91.8	92.7	101.0%	\$ 321
Thompson & Knight	Dallas, TX	\$ 535	\$ 370	S 134	\$ 278	\$ 411	95.7	92.7	96.8%	\$ 398
Thompson Coburn	St. Louis, MO	\$ 440	\$ 270	\$ 110	\$ 203	\$ 313	94.4	92.7	98,2%	\$ 307
Troutman Sandors	Atlanta, GA	<u>\$</u> _620	\$ 340	\$ 155	<u>\$</u> 255	\$ 410	93.5	92.7	991%	<u>\$ 406</u>
Venable	Washington, DC	\$ 660	S 430	\$ 165	\$ 323	\$ 488	141.6	92.7	65,5%	\$ 319
Vinson & Elkins	Houston, TX	\$_600	\$ 390	<u>\$ 150</u> \$ 115		\$ 443	99.0	92.7	93.7%	S 415
Waller Lansden Dortch & Davis	Nashville, TN	\$ 460	S 245		\$ 184	\$ 299	86.3	92.7	107.4%	<u>\$ 415</u> <u>\$ 321</u>
Well, Gotshal & Manges	New York, NY	\$ 930	\$ 600	\$ 233 \$ 219	\$ 450	\$ 683	221.3	92.7	41.8%	
White & Case	New York, NY	\$ 875	\$ 525	\$ 219	\$ 394	\$ 613	221,3	92.7	41.9%	<u>\$ 286</u> \$ 257
WieyRein	Washington, DC	\$ 665	\$ 445	\$ 166	\$ 334	\$ 500	141.6	92.7	65.5%	\$ 327
Williams Mullen	Richmond, VA	\$ 385	\$ 295		\$ 221	\$ 318	99.7	92,7	93.0%	
Wilkie Farr & Gallagher	New York, NY	\$ 950	\$ 580	\$ 98 \$ 238	\$ 435	S 673	221.3		41.9%	<u>\$</u> _295 \$ 282
Wilmer Cutler Pickering Hale and Dorr	Washington, DC	\$ 905	\$ 290		\$ 218	S 444	141.8	92,7	85,5%	
Winston & Strawn	Chicago, IL	s 800	\$ 520	\$ 228 \$ 200	- <u>\$</u> - <u>210</u> - <u>\$</u> 390	\$ 590	141.6			
Wolff & Samson	West Orange, NJ	\$ 400	\$ 340	\$ 100	\$ 390	\$ 355		92.7	78.9%	
	waar orange, NJ	L> 400	ə 340	10 TOU	ə 255		128,4	92.7	72.2%	\$ 256
						0/0	rall 2014 Av	rorago Hourly	Billing Rate	\$ 311

Baryenbruch & Company, LLC

# Exhibit 6

# Missouri American Water Company Billing Rates of U.S. Management Consultants

	in 20	)14 (No	ote A	)							
A. Calculation of Average Ho	ourly	Billing	Rate	e by Cor	isul	tant Pos	itior	1		•	
	<b></b>	Average Hourly Rates (Note A)									
	Entr	y-Leve		sociate		Senior	1	Junior		Senior	1
	Cor	sultar	t <sup>l</sup> Co	nsultan	t <sup>l</sup> Co	nsultan	l F	Partner	1 F	Partner	
Average	\$	151	!\$	218	<u>!</u> \$	273	\$	310	!\$	358	]
of Time on an Engageme	Entr	-		sociate			1	Junior		Senior	1
		-				Senior Insultant	1	Junior Partner		Senior Partner	
Average Hourly Billing Rate (from above)		151	1		    \$		1	310	  \$ 		
Percent of Consulting		30%	   	30%	i I I	20%	 	10%	י   	10%	Weighted Average
Assignment	\$	45	1\$	65	۱\$	55	1\$	31	1\$	36	\$ 232
Assignment											

Note A: Source is "Operating Ratios For Management Consulting Firms, 2015 Edition," Association of Management Consulting Firms

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# Exhibit 7

# Missouri American Water Company Billing Rates of Missouri Certified Public Accountants

	Average Hourly Billing Rate (Note A)									
		Staff Senior Director/								
	Ace	countant	Acc	ountant	Mk	anager	1	Partner	_	
Average Hourly Billing Rate	\$	92	\$	121	\$	166	1\$	226		
by CPA Firm Position			1		l					
					l		i -		Weighte	
Percent of Accounting Assignment		30%		30%	 	20%	1	20%	Average	
	\$	27	\$	36	\$	33	1\$	45	\$ 142	
Average Hourly Billir	na Ra			( In	CPI a Iflatio	t Decen CPI at . n/Escal	nber June ation	30, 2014) 31, 2013 30, 2014 (Note B) 30, 2014	233.1 238.3 <u>2.3%</u> \$ 145	

Note A: Source is AICPA's 2014 National PCPS/TSCPA Management of an Accounting Practice Survey (Missouri edition)

Note B: Source is U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (http://data.bls.gov/cgi-bin/surveymost)

# Missouri American Water Company Billing Rates of Information Technology Professionals

\_\_\_\_\_

			Ave	rage Ho	urly	Billing R	ate	(Note A)	)		1	
	С	ontract	or Po	sitions		Con	sulta	ant Posi	tion	s	1	
	[		1 5	Senior			I					
	Contractor Contractor				As	sociate	M	anager	F	Partner		
Average Hourly Billing Rate by IT Position Category	\$	95	¦\$	155	\$	245	\$	345	\$	435		
			1				[ 				w	eighted
Percent of IT Assignment		30%	I	30%		20%	ł	10%		10%	A	verage
	\$	29	1\$	47	\$	49	\$	35	\$	44	\$	202

Note A: Source is Baryenbruch & Company, LLC

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Exhibit 8

# Missouri American Water Company Billing Rates of Missouri Engineers

		Average Hourl	y Billing Rates	
		l Engineer	]	
	Technician	Design Engineer	Project Manager	Officer
Firm	Senior Technician	Project Engineer	Sr. Mgr. Engineer	Principal Engineer
Firm #1	\$85	\$98	\$154	\$190
Firm #2	\$124	\$117	\$163	\$209
Firm #3	\$85	\$91	\$168	\$200
Firm #4	\$76	\$121	\$172	\$225
Firm #5	\$120	\$163	\$211	`\$219
Firm #6	\$67	\$84	\$148	\$193
Firm #7	\$55	\$95	\$150	i na
Firm #8	\$82	\$94	\$130	\$184

B. Calculation of Overall Average Engineering Hourly Billing Rate

		Engineer	1	I	
	Technician	Design Engineer	Project Manager	Officer	
	Senior Technician	Project Engineer	Sr. Mgr. Engineer	Principal Engineer	
Average Hourly Billing Rate	\$87	\$108	\$162	\$203	
(From Above)				• [	
Typical Percent of Time on	ا 30% ا	35%	25%	10%	Weighted
an Engineering Assignment	I	I			Average
	\$26 <sup>I</sup>	\$38	\$40	\$20	\$124

## Exhibit 9

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### Service Company versus Outside Provider Cost Comparison

As shown in the table below, Service Company costs per hour are considerably lower than those of outside providers.

		-12Months	an	ica Dercen	ieren	311, 2014		
					) C	Difference		
			1 1		Service Co.			
		Service	r 1	Outside	Greater(Less)			
Service Provider	Company			Provider	Than Outside			
Attorney	\$	195	\$	311	\$	(116)		
Management Consultant	\$	82	\$	232	\$	(150)		
Certified Public Accountant	\$	72	1\$	145	\$	(73)		
IT Professional	[\$]	97	ı\$	202	\$	_ (105)		
Professional Engineer	\$	93	1\$	124	\$	(31)		

Based on these cost-per-hour differentials and the number of managerial and professional services hours billed to MAWC during 2014, outside service providers would have cost \$22,155,964 more than the Service Company (see table below). Thus, on average, outside providers' hourly rates are 70% higher than those of the Service Company (\$22,155,964 / \$31,447,086).

		42Months	Ended Dagsm	iben 31, 2014				
	H	ourly Rate			Π			
	[ D	ifference	Service		ļ			
	S	ervice Co.	Company	ļ				
	Gr	eater(Less)	Hours	Dollar				
Service Provider	Th	an Outside	Charged	Difference				
Attorney	\$	(116)	5,303	<b>\$</b> (615,141)	Ŋ			
Management Consultant	\$	(150)	67,985	\$ (10,197,779)	)			
Certified Public Accountant	_\$_	_ (73)	57,251	\$ (4,179,320)	Ŋ			
IT Professional	\$	(105)	63,348	\$ (6,651,516)	١			
Professional Engineer	\$	(31)	16,523	\$ (512,209)	Σ			
Service Company Les	s Th	an Outside I	\$ (22,155,964)	<u>)</u> ]				

It should be noted that the cost differential associated with using outside providers is even greater because exempt Service Company personnel do not charge more than 8 hours per day even when they work more. Outside providers generally charge clients for all hours worked. Thus, MAWC would have been charged by outside providers for overtime worked by Service Company personnel who are not paid for that time.

If MAWC were to use outside service providers rather than the Service Company for managerial and professional services, it would incur other additional expenses besides those associated with higher hourly rates. Managing outside firms who would perform more than 200,000 hours of work (around 140 full-time equivalents at 1,500 "billable" hours per FTE per year) would add a significant workload to the existing MAWC management team. Thus, it would be necessary for MAWC to add at least three positions to supervise the outside firms and ensure they delivered quality and timely services. The individuals who would fill these positions would need a good understanding of each profession being managed. The persons must also have management experience and the authority necessary to give them credibility with the outside firms. As

\_\_\_\_\_

calculated in the table below, these positions would add more than \$447,000 per year to MAWC's personnel expenses.

Cost of Adding 3 Professional Position	ons T	o MAWC's Staff
		Total
New Positions' Salary	\$	100,000
Benefits (at 49%)	\$	49,000
Office Expenses (15%)	\$	15,000
Total Cost per Position	\$	149,000
Number of Positions Required		3
Total Cost of Added MAWC Staff	\$	447,000

Thus, the total effect on the ratepayers of MAWC of contracting all services now provided by Service Company would be an increase in their costs of \$22,602,964 (\$22,155,964 + \$447,000). Based on the results of this comparison, it is possible to conclude that the Service Company charged MAWC at the lower of cost or market for services provided during 2014.

## VI - Question 3 - Reasonableness of Customer Accounts Services Costs

#### Background

Customer Accounts Services involve the processes that occur from the time meter-read data is recorded in the customer information system through the printing and mailing of bills, concluding with the collection and processing of customer payments. Customer Accounts Services are accomplished by the following utility functions:

- Customer Call Center Operations customer calls/contact, credit, order taking/disposition, bill collection efforts and outage calls
- Customer Call Center Maintenance support of phone banks, voice recognition units, call center software applications and telecommunications
- Customer billing bill printing, stuffing and mailing
- Remittance processing processing customer payments received in the mail
- Bill payment centers processing customer payments at locations where customers can pay their bills in person

Neighboring electric utility cost information comes from the FERC Form 1 that each utility subject to FERC regulation must file. FERC's chart of accounts is defined in Chapter 18, Part 101 of the Code of Federal Regulations. FERC accounts that contain expenses related to customer accounts services are Account 903 Customer Accounts Expense – Records and Collection Expense and Account 905 Customer Accounts Expense – Miscellaneous Customer Accounts Expense. Exhibit 11 provides FERC's definition of the type of expenses that should be recorded in these accounts.

In addition to the charges in these FERC accounts, labor-related overheads charged to the following FERC accounts must be added to the labor components of Accounts 903 and 905:

- Account 926 Employee Pension and Benefits
- Account 408 Taxes Other Than Income (employer's portion of FICA)

#### Comparison Group

Electric utilities included in the comparison group are shown in the table below. These are companies whose FERC Form 1 reports show amounts for accounts 903 and 905.

Missouri	Ameren Missouri     Empire District Electric	Kansas City Power & Light     (L&P)
		<ul> <li>Kansas City Power &amp; Light (MPS)</li> </ul>
lilinois	Ameren Illinois     Commonwealth Edison	MidAmerica Energy
Kentucky	Duke Energy Kentucky     Kentucky Power	<ul> <li>Kentucky Utilities</li> <li>Louisville Gas &amp; Electric</li> </ul>
Tennessee	Kingsport Power	
Arkansas	Entergy Arkansas     Empire District Electric	Oklahoma Gas & Electric
Oklahoma	Empire District Electric     Oklahoma Gas & Electric	Public Service Company of Oklahoma
Kansas	Empire District Electric     Kansas City Power & Light	Kansas Gas & Electric     Westar Energy
Nebraska	No investor-owned utilities	
lowa	Interstate Power & Light	MidAmerica Energy

## Missouri American Water Company FERC Account Descriptions

### 903 – Customer Records and Collection Expenses

This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses incurred in work on customer applications, contracts, orders, credit investigations, billing and accounting, collections and complaints.

<u>Labor</u>

- Receiving, preparing, recording and handling routine orders for service, disconnections, transfers or meter tests initiated by the customer, excluding the cost of carrying out such orders, which is chargeable to the account appropriate for the work called for by such orders.
- 2. Investigations of customers' credit and keeping of records pertaining thereto, including records of uncollectible accounts written off.
- 3. Receiving, refunding or applying customer deposits and maintaining customer deposit, line extension, and other miscellaneous records.
- 4. Checking consumption shown by meter readers' reports where incidental to preparation of billing data.
- 5. Preparing address plates and addressing bills and delinquent notices.
- 6. Preparing billing data.
- 7. Operating billing and bookkeeping machines.
- 8. Verifying billing records with contracts or rate schedules.
- 9. Preparing bills for delivery, and mailing or delivering bills.
- 10. Collecting revenues, including collection from prepayment meters unless incidental to meter reading operations.
- 11. Balancing collections, preparing collections for deposit, and preparing cash reports.
- 12. Posting collections and other credits or charges to customer accounts and extending unpaid balances.
- 13. Balancing customer accounts and controls.
- 14. Preparing, mailing, or delivering delinquent notices and preparing reports of delinquent accounts.
- 15. Final meter reading of delinquent accounts when done by collectors incidental to regular activities.
- 16. Disconnecting and reconnecting services because of nonpayment of bills.
- 17. Receiving, recording, and handling of inquiries, complaints, and requests for investigations from customers, including preparation of necessary orders, but excluding the cost of carrying out such orders, which is chargeable to the account appropriate for the work called for by such orders.
- Statistical and tabulating work on customer accounts and revenues, but not including special analyses for sales department, rate department, or other general purposes, unless incidental to regular customer accounting routines.
- 19. Preparing and periodically rewriting meter reading sheets.
- 20. Determining consumption and computing estimated or average consumption when performed by employees other than those engaged in reading meters.

Materials and expenses

- 21. Address plates and supplies.
- 22. Cash overages and shortages.
- 23. Commissions or fees to others for collecting.
- 24. Payments to credit organizations for investigations and reports.
- 25. Postage.
- 26. Transportation expenses, including transportation of customer bills and meter books under centralized billing procedure.
- 27. Transportation, meals, and incidental expenses.
- 28. Bank charges, exchange, and other fees for cashing and depositing customers' checks.
- 29. Forms for recording orders for services, removals, etc.
- 30. Rent of mechanical equipment.

## Missouri American Water Company FERC Account Descriptions

### 905 – Miscellaneous Customer Accounts Expenses

This account shall include the cost of labor, materials used and expenses incurred not provided for in other accounts.

<u>Labor</u>

,

1. General clerical and stenographic work.

2. Miscellaneous labor.

Materials and expenses

- 3. Communication service.
- 4. Miscellaneous office supplies and expenses and stationery and printing other than those specifically provided for in accounts 902 and 903.

### MAWC's Cost per Customer

As calculated below, MAWC's customer accounts services expense per customer was \$21.04 for 2014. The cost pool used to calculate this average includes charges for Service Company services (e.g., call center, billing, payment processing) and postage and forms expenses, which are incurred directly by MAWC. It was necessary to adjust the Service Company's National Call Center charges because electric utilities experience an average of 2.50 calls per customer compared to American Water's 1.33 calls per customer. Thus, National Call Center expenses had to be increased, for comparison purposes, to reflect its costs if it had 2.50 calls per customer.

Missouri American N	Missouri American Water Company Cost Component		Service Co	Adjustment Fewer Calls For			
	Cost Component		Charges	Water Cos. (A)	Adjusted		-
Service Company							
Call Centers	Call processing, order processing, credit, bill collection	\$	5,920,446	S 1,633,180	S	7,553,625	
Service Company	Customer payment processing				\$	332,728	(B)
Operating Company	Postage & forms				\$	1,888,528	
			C	ost Pool Total	\$	9,774,881	
			Tot	al Customers		464,498	
	2014 Cost Per Mis	soui	ri Americar	n Customer	\$	21.04	_
•	American Water's fewer calls per custo es experience fewer calls per customer	than	-		ягу		_

Electric utility industry's avg calls/customer 2.50 American Water's avg calls/customer 1.33 Percent different 89%	3	1,843,357
Percent different 89%		
1 di conte di ferenzi conte		89%
Total Adjustment S	5	1,633,180
Note B: Estimated customer payment processing expenses		
Number of customer bills		2,911,003
Bank charge per item _S	5	0.1143
Total estimated annual expense S	;	332,728

#### **Electric Utility Group Cost per Customer**

Exhibit 12 (pages 34-37) shows the calculation of customer accounts expense per customer for 2014 for the electric utility comparison group. All of the underlying data was taken from the utilities' FERC Form 1.

## **Summary of Results**

As shown in the table below, MAWC's cost per customer is well below than the 2014 average cost of the neighboring electric utility comparison group. It can be concluded that MAWC's 2014 customer accounts expenses, including those of the Alton and Pensacola Call Centers, assigned by the Service Company to MAWC are comparable to those of other utilities.

Customer Account Services Expen	ses Pler Gu	stomen
Interstate Power & Light	\$	10.88
Ameren Missouri	\$	12.17
Louisville Gas & Electric	\$	16.42
Westar Energy	\$	20.74
Missouri American Water	\$	21.04
Ameren Illinois	\$	21.39
MidAmerica Energy	\$	25.93
Oklahoma Gas & Electric	\$	26.99
Kingsport Power	\$	28.36
Public Service of Oklahoma	\$	30.96
Kentucky Power	\$	32.65
Comparison Group Average	\$	33.14
Kansas Gas & Electric	\$	34.80
KCP&L Missouri	\$	34.84
KCP&L	\$	35.32
Empire District Electric	\$	35.96
Kentucky Utilities	\$	36.80
Duke Energy Kentucky	\$	38.24
Entergy Arkansas	\$	38.94
Commonwealth Edison	\$	49.90

## Missouri American Water Company Comparison Group 2014 Customer Accounts Expense Per Customer

			Miles	75°						ald fill	11 2151 - 21	
	Ameren	E	Empire District		Т		KCP&L		Ameren I	Commonw ealth	1	vidA merica
	Missouri		Electric		KCP&L I		Missouri		Illinois	Edison	I	Energy
Customer Account Management Cost Pool			I		1				1		l	
FERC Account Balances:		l	I		1				l		1	
Account 903 - Customer Records & Collection (page 322, line 161)	\$ 13,058,588		4,287,531		13,313,420		7,912,058		23,625,821 I	• •	. `	16,446,731
Account 905 - Misc Customer Accounts (page 322, line 163)	\$ 105,191	****	197,249	_	1,468,977	<u> </u>	197,761	<u> </u>	240,035 1		Y	265,723
Subtotal	\$ 13,163,779	\$	4,484,780	\$	14,782,397	\$	8,109,819	\$	23,865,856 <sub> </sub>	\$ 151,184,014	\$	16,712,454
Add: Employee Benefits & Employer FICA (not included in above amounts)			1						I		1	
Account 926 - Employee Ponsion & Benefits Note A	\$ 1,094,815	\$	1,328,520	\$	3,286,811	\$	2,512,132	\$	1,563,961 (	\$ 35,567,165	\$	1,626,042
Account 408 - Taxes Other Than Income (Employer's Portion of FICA) Note B	\$ 342,975	\$	247,222	\$	564,958	\$	406.295	\$	729,225 1	\$ 6,862,754	\$	992,541
Total Cost Pool	\$ 14,601,569	\$	6,060,522	\$	18,634,166	\$	11,028,247	\$	26,159,042 :		\$	19,331,037
Total Customers (page 304, line 43)	 1,200,003		188,553	·	527,648		316,583		1,223,176 1	3,880,172		745,568
Customer Account Services Expense per Customer	\$ 12.17	\$	35,96	\$	35.32	\$	34.84	<u></u>	21,39 ]	\$ 49.90	\$	25.93
		I							1		i	
Note A: Calc of Pension & Benefits Pertaining to Cust Acct Svcs		t			-				1		i	
Account 926 - Employee Pension & Benefits (page 323, line 187)	\$ 88,197,403	· ·	20,670,955	\$	76,625,030	\$	29,989,590	\$	39,705,354 1	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		28,030,629
Total O&M Payroll (page 355, line 65)	\$ 361,173,544		50,282,752	\$	172,167,296	\$	63,402,893	\$	242,004,463			223,859,775
Benefits as Percent of Payroll	24.4%	1	41.1%		44.5%		47.3%		16.4%1	39.6%	i i	12.5%
Payroll Applicable to Customer Account Services		£	1		I				1		1	
Total Payroli Charged to Customer Accounts Function		l	1		1				1		I I	
Electric (page 354, line 7)	\$ 8,012,032	\$	4,595,008	\$	9,427,251	\$	7,843,373	\$	16,039,522	\$ 122,236,944	ι\$	16,528,128
Percent Applicable to Customer Accounts Services (903 and 905);		1	1	1					1		I	
Account 903 - Customer Records & Collection (page 322, line 161)	\$ 13,058,588	1\$	4,287,531	\$	13,313,420	\$	7,912,058	\$	23,625,821	\$ 151,177,914	1\$	16,446,731
Account 905 - Misc Customer Accounts (page 322, line 163)	\$ 105,191	1\$	197,249	\$	1,468,977	\$	197,761	\$	240,035	\$ 5,100	1\$	265,723
Subtotal - Total Charges Applicable to Customer Accounts Services	\$ 13,163,779	1\$	4,484,780	\$	14,782,397 1	\$	8,109,819	\$	23,865,856	\$ 151,184,014	1\$	16,712,454
Account 902 - Meter Reading Expenses (page 322, line 160)	\$ 10,360,821	1\$	1,891,993	\$	4,087,748	\$	3,866,766	\$	16,291,789	\$ 54,817,957	1\$	4,577,611
Total Charges Applicable to Customer Accounts Svcs & Meter Reading	\$ 23,524,600	1\$	6,376,773	\$	18,870,145	\$	11,976,585	\$	40,157,645	\$ 206,001,971	is	21,290,065
Percent Applicable to Customer Accounts Services (903 and 905)	56.0%	1	70.3%	)	78.3% <sup>1</sup>		67,7%		59.4%	73.4%	1	78,59
Customer Account Services Portion of Total Payroll	\$ 4,483,333	\$	3,231,666	\$	7,385,071	\$	5,311,058	\$	9,532,355	\$ 89,709,199	1 \$	12,974,389
Pension & Benefits Pertaining to Customer Accounts Services	\$ 1,094,815	\$	1,328,520	\$	3,286,811	\$	2,512,132	\$	1,563,961	\$ 35,567,165	\$	1,626,042
Note B: Calculation of Employer's FICA Pertaining to Customer Acct Svcs											1	
Customer Account Services Portion of Total Payroli	\$ 4,483,333	\$	3,231,666	\$	7,385,071	\$	5,311,058	\$	9,532,355	\$ 89,709,199	\$	12,974,389
Employer's Portion of FICA (6.20%) and Medicare (1.45%)	7.65%	1	7.65%		7.65%	1	7.65%		7.65%			7.65%
Estimated Employer's Portion of FICA	\$ 342,975	. \$	247.222	\$	564,958	s	406,296		729,225		-	992,541

## Exhibit 12 Page 2 of 4

# Missouri American Water Company Comparison Group 2014 Customer Accounts Expense Per Customer

			15 mil	Kontu	137	v si statu iz					Airkansas	
	1	ike Energy		Kentucky		Kentucky	l	Louisville		Entergy I	Empire District	Oklahoma
		Kentucky		Power		Utilities	1	G&E		Arkansas	Bectric	G&E
Customer Account Management Cost Pool							[			1		1
FERC Account Balances:	1			1			1			1		
Account 903 - Customer Records & Collection (page 322, line 161)	\$	4,689,485	+	5,299,254	•	16,703,361		5,552,011		22,734,877		
Account 905 - Misc Customer Accounts (page 322, line 163)	\$	542	_	25.042		132,257		25,257		33.948 t	·····	I
Subtotal	\$	4,690,027	\$	5,324,296	\$	16,835,618	\$	5,577,268	\$	22,768,825 <sub>1</sub>		1
Add: Employee Benefits & Employer FICA (not included in above amounts)	{									1		
Account 926 - Employee Pansion & Bonofits Note A	\$	393,036	\$	164,008	\$	2,436,488	\$	749,893	\$	4,316,454		1
Account 408 - Taxes Other Than Income (Employer's Portion of FICA) Note B	\$	188,591	-	94,638	\$	584,241		209,195		214,869 I		• •
Total Cost Pool	\$	5,271,654	\$	5,582,942	\$	19,956,346	\$	6,536,356	\$	27,300,148 1		1
Total Customers (page 304, line 43)	h	137,869		171,011		542,227		398,042		701.092		
Customer Account Services Expense per Customer	\$	38.24	5	32.65	2	36.80	- 5	16.42	5	38,94 [	see Missouri	see Oklahoma
Note A: Calc of Pension & Benefits Pertaining to Cust Acct Svcs			I	I			1			1		I
Account 926 - Employee Pension & Benefits (page 323, line 187)	s	5,657,013	۱ <sub>e</sub>	4,874,031	e	28,105,099	۱.	26,025,764	e	69,499,452 (		I
Total O&M Payroll (page 355, line 65)		35,482,598		36,764,319	é	103,173,575	1	94,905,891	\$	45,223,709		I
Benefits as Percent of Payroli	<b> </b> —	15.9%	_	13.3%		27,2%	۴°	27.4%		153.7%		<u> </u>
Payroll Applicable to Customer Account Services	1	10.070	1	10.0 %		27,270	1			100.1 /5		1
Total Payroll Charged to Customer Accounts Function			1				1			1		
Bectric (page 354, line 7)	s	2,796,243	; , ¢	1,376,666	. c	11.610.950	1	3,900.955	\$	3,630,614		l ,
Percent Applicable to Customer Accounts Services (903 and 905):	1	2,100,240	ιΨ 1	1,010,000	Ψ.	1,010,000	1.*	0,000,000	Ψ	1 10,000,0		1
Account 903 - Customer Records & Collection (page 322, line 161)	s	4,689,485	י ו \$	5,299,254	l e	16,703,361	י 15	5,552,011	\$	22,734,877		1
Account 905 - Misc Customer Accounts (page 322, line 163)	s	542		25.042		132,257		25,257		33,948		1
Subtotal - Total Charges Applicable to Customer Accounts Services	l's	4.690.027		5.324.296	_	16.835.618		5,577,268	<u> </u>	22,768,825		<u>,</u>
Account 902 - Metor Reading Expenses (page 322, line 160)	s	629,704		600.684	-	5,019,304		2,378,891	1 ·	6,662,430		1
Total Charges Applicable to Customer Accounts Svcs & Meter Reading	ŝ	5.319.731		5,924,980		21,854,922		7,956,159		29,431,255		1
Percent Applicable to Customer Accounts Services (903 and 905)	*	88,2%		89.9%		77.0%		70,1%	1	77.4%		1
Customer Account Services Portion of Total Payroll	s	2,465,248		1,237,097		8,944,325	-	2,734,570	e	2.808.742		1
Pension & Benefits Portaining to Customer Accounts Services	s	393,036		164.008	_	2,438,488	-	749,893	<u> </u>	4.316,454		T
Note B: Calculation of <u>Employer's FICA</u> Pertaining to Customer Acct Svcs	<b>⊢</b> *−	383,000	1	104,008	<u> </u>	2,430,460	1	145,093	1-3	4,010,404		·····
Customer Account Services Portion of Total Payroll	s	2,465,248	۱.	1,237,097	ي ا	8,944,325	۴,	2,734,570		2,808,742 1		L
Employer's Portion of FICA (6.20%) and Modicare (1,45%)	1	2,465,246 7,65%		7.65%	1	8,944,325 7,65%		2,734,570 7.65%	*	2,606,742 T 7.65%T		1
Employer's Portion of FICA (6.20%) and Modicare (1,45%) Estimated Employer's Portion of FICA		188,591		94,638	Ļ	684,241	_		<u> </u>	214.869		+
Estimated Employer's Portion of FILM	L <u></u>	155,597	13	94,038	<u> </u>	<u>604,241</u>	1.2	209,195	13	214,009		<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>

# Missouri American Water Company Comparison Group 2014 Customer Accounts Expense Per Customer

		SCHERING RE		建設的				h X		极的规模	
	Empire District	•	Oklahoma		PS of	Empire District		1	Kansas		Westar
	Bectric	, ,	G&E I		Oklahoma	Eoctric	KCP&L	ļ	<u> </u>		Energy
Customer Account Management Cost Pool		•				I	l	1	1		
FERC Account Balances:		•			15 000 001	I	l	1		•	
Account 903 - Customer Records & Collection (page 322, line 151)		•\$ 1	16,708,829	-	15,692,901	I	l	1\$	7,344,459		5,949,7
Account 905 - Misc Customer Accounts (page 322, line 163)		\$	1,290,332	_	40,966			1.\$	450	-	3,8
Subtotal		`\$ I	17,999,161	\$	15,733,867	I	l	\$	7,344,909 <sup>L</sup> I	>	5,953,6
Add: Employee Benefits & Employer FICA (not included in above amounts)			· · · · · · · · · 1			I	l				
Account 926 - Employee Pension & Benefits Note A		\$	3,106,518		746,268			\$	3,431,656		1,434,1
Account 408 - Taxes Other Than Income (Employer's Portion of FICA) Note B		+ \$	789,507	-	274,819			15	410,976		377,3
Total Cost Pool Total Customers (page 304, line 43)		I S	21,895,186 811,190	Ş	16,754,954 541,107			\$	11,187,540 321,501	2	7,765,1 374,4
Customer Account Services Expense per Customer	see Missouri	i e	26.99	~	30,96	see Missouri	see Missouri	, , \$	34.80	~	20
	Jee anover	T,		<u> </u>		500 H13500411	ott mootert	, v			
Note A: Calc of Pension & Benefits Pertaining to Cust Acct Svcs		I .	1					i I	1		
Account 926 - Employee Pension & Benefits (page 323, line 187)		۱ <sub>s</sub>	45,813,923	ŝ	12.070.759			I \$	36,601,678	s	26,406
Total O&M Payroll (page 355, line 65)		l s	152,201,306	ŝ	58,106,528		I	15	57,299,629	\$	90,825,
Benefits as Percent of Payroli			30,1%		20.8%		[	1	63.9%		29
Payroll Applicable to Customer Account Services		1					t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	ι			
Total Payroll Charged to Customer Accounts Function		1				-	t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	t			
Bectric (page 354, line 7)	1	ŝ	10,464,915	\$	4,444,387		1	1 s	7,322,454	\$	7,086.
Percent Applicable to Customer Accounts Services (903 and 905):		1 -	1	•			1	ŧ.	.,,		.,,
Account 903 - Customer Records & Collection (page 322, line 161)		: S	16.708.829 1	\$	15,692,901		1	1 5	7 344 459	\$	5,949.
Account 905 - Misc Customer Accounts (page 322, line 163)		IS	1,290,332 1	-	40,966		I	s	450		3,
Subtotal - Total Charges Applicable to Customer Accounts Services		15	17,999,161		15,733,867		<u> </u>	ŝ	7,344,909	S	5,953,
Account 902 - Meter Reading Expenses (page 322, line 160)		I S	252,114		3,731,478		}	5	2,666,346	\$	2,599,
Total Charges Applicable to Customer Accounts Svcs & Meter Reading		15	18,251,275		19,465,345		]	ŝ	10.011.255		8,553.
Percent Applicable to Customer Accounts Services (903 and 905)		1	98.6%		80,8%		)	1	73.4%	1	69
Customer Account Services Portion of Total Payroll		15	10,320,358	\$	3,592,405		)	\$	5,372,229	\$	4,932.
Ponsion & Benefits Pertaining to Customer Accounts Services	<u> </u>	T <sub>\$</sub>	3,106,518	_	746,268		1	1.5	3,431,656		1,434
Note B: Calculation of Employer's FICA Pertaining to Customer Acct Svcs	1	1		_			1	1			
Customer Account Services Portion of Total Payroll		\$	10,320,358	\$	3,592,405			\$	5,372,229	\$	4,932
Employer's Portion of FICA (6.20%) and Medicare (1.45%)		1	7.65%	-	7.65%		ł	I.	7.65%	1	7
Estimated Employer's Portion of FICA		. \$	789,507	s	274,819		i	15	410.976	5	377.

## Missouri American Water Company Comparison Group 2014 Customer Accounts Expense Per Customer

		innessee -		lov	<b>8</b>
		Kingsport		Interstate	MidAmerica
		Power		P&L	Energy
Customer Account Services Cost Pool				1	
FERC Account Balances:					
Account 903 - Customer Records & Collection (page 322, line 161)	\$	1,274,952	\$	5,012,971	
Account 905 - Misc Customer Accounts (page 322, line 163)	\$	3,038	\$	30,279	
Subtotal	\$	1,277,990	\$	5,043,250	
Add: Employee Benefits & Employer FICA (not included in above amounts)					
Account 926 - Employee Pension & Benefits Note A	\$	38,028	\$	508,668	
Account 408 - Taxes Other Than Income (Employer's Portion of FICA) Note B	\$	24,030	\$	207,191	
Total Cost Pool	\$	1,340,048	\$	5,759,109	
Total Customers (page 304, line 43)	h	47,253	<b>_</b>	529,418	
Customer Account Services Expense per Customer	\$	28,36	\$	10.88	see illinois
Nets As Only of Demokra B. Demokley, Demokrate law to Ourst Asset Ourse				I	
Note A: Calc of Pension & Benefits Pertaining to Cust Acct Svcs		044 700		40.007.440	
Account 926 - Employee Pension & Benefits (page 323, line 187)	\$	241,738	۲. I	19,307,118	
Total O&M Payroll (page 355, line 65)	\$	1,996.821	\$	102,800,122	
Benefits as Percent of Payroll		12,1%		18.8%	
Payroll Applicable to Customer Account Services					
Total Payroll Charged to Customer Accounts Function	1.				
Bectric (page 354, line 7)	\$	350,071	\$	7,715,817	
Percent Applicable to Customer Accounts Services (903 and 905):	1.				
Account 903 - Customer Records & Collection (page 322, line 161)	\$	1,274,952	1	5,012,971	
Account 905 - Misc Customer Accounts (page 322, line 163)	\$	3,038		30,279	·
Subtotal - Total Charges Applicable to Customer Accounts Services	\$	1,277,990	\$	5,043,250	
Account 902 - Meter Reading Expenses (page 322, line 160)	\$	146,269	4	9,323,907	
Total Charges Applicable to Customor Accounts Svcs & Meter Reading	\$	1,424,259		14,367,157	
Percent Applicable to Customer Accounts Services (903 and 905)		89.7%	I	35,1%	I
Customer Account Services Portion of Total Payroli	\$	314,119	÷,	2,708,385	
Pension & Benefits Pertaining to Customer Accounts Services	\$	39,028	\$	508,668	I
Note B: Calculation of Employer's FICA Pertaining to Customer Acct Svcs	1				I
Customer Account Services Portion of Total Payroll	\$	314,119		2,708,385	•
Employer's Portion of FICA (6.20%) and Medicare (1.45%)		7.65%	4	7.65%	` <del>````````````````````````````````</del>
Estimated Employer's Portion of FICA	\$	24,030	\$	207,191	1

	Group Average
06200	STATUS KOLOSISSISS
\$	336,784,903
\$	4,067.044
\$ \$	340,851,947
1	
s	54,304,607
\$ \$	13,621,380
\$	418,777,934
<u> </u>	12,636,885
\$	33,14
S	703,598,553
\$	2,259,154,373
	31.1%
1.	
\$	245,381,791
	000 704 000
s	336,784,903
\$	4,067,044
s	340,851,947
\$	129,905,578
\$	470,757,525
	72,4%
\$	177,568,665
\$	55,333,720
Ι.	100 000 010
\$	177,668,665
-	7.65%
\$	13,591,653

#### **Analysis of Services**

The final aspect of this study was an assessment of whether the services provided to MAWC by the Service Company would be necessary if MAWC were a stand-alone water utility. The first step in this evaluation was to determine specifically what the Service Company does for MAWC. Based on discussions with Service Company personnel, the matrix in Exhibit 13 (pages 37-39) was created showing which entity—MAWC or a Service Company location—is responsible for each of the functions MAWC requires to ultimately provide service to its customers. This matrix was reviewed to determine: (1) if there was redundancy or overlap in the services being provided by the Service Company and (2) if Service Company services are typical of those needed by a stand-alone water utility.

Upon review of Exhibit 13, the following conclusions can be drawn:

- The services that the Service Company provides are necessary and would be required even if MAWC were a stand-alone water utility.
- There is no redundancy or overlap in the services provided by the Service Company to MAWC. For all of the services listed in Exhibit 13, there was only one entity that was primarily responsible for the service.

Exhibit 13 Page 1 of 3

# Missouri American Water Company Designation of Responsibility for Water Utility Functions

P - Primarily/Responsible S - Provides/Support	Performed By: American Water Service Company									
i - kananananan nyi yi yi kananan nyi kananan nyi kananan nyi kananan nyi kananan nyi kananan nyi kanana nyi ka I		Customer	IT Service	<u> </u>						
Water Company Function	MAWC	Call Center	Central	Central Services	Centers	Central Lat				
Engineering and Construction Management										
CPS Preparation	- Aber and									
Five-Year System Planning	P			s		<u> </u>				
Engineering Standards & Policies Development		· · · · · ·		Part Part		[				
Project Design										
Major Projects (e.g., new treatment plant)	12					[··				
Special Projects	<b>D</b>			S		[				
Mnor Projects (e.g., pipelines)	The second secon			an a		F <b>-</b>				
Construction Project Management										
Major Projects	р		╧╼╾╧╾╴	S						
Special Projects		·		Contraction of the local sector of the		<u> </u>				
Mnor Projects	12					<u> </u>				
Hydrautics Review										
Developers Extensions	- p			- <u></u>		ſ				
Tank Painting		·								
Water Quality and Purification				<u></u>						
Water Quality Standards Development						s				
Research Studies	13	-}		9		5				
Water Quality Program Implementation			<b>-</b> -			 S				
Water Treatment Operations & Maintenance				$\overline{s}$						
Compliance Sampling		-		And and the state of the state						
Testing/Other Sampling		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								
Transmission and Distribution				<b> </b> "		an a				
Preventive Maintenance Program Development	and particular									
System Maintenance										
Leak Detection	P	·								
Customer Service				╞╺╶╾╼┤						
Community Relations	-	1			-					
Customer Contact	P(0)	(6¥0)								
Call Processing	- Enerotheda									
Service Order Processing		8		┝╵╼╴╼╌┛┤						
Customer Credit		P		┝╶╼┈╾═╾╴┥	·····					
Meter Reading	- 1935									
Customer Bill Preparation										
Bill Collection				┟╶╶╺┟						
Customer Payment Processing	-			- 1 <del>5</del> -						
Meter Standards Development			~							
Meter Testing, Maintenance & Replacement	12									
Vote 1: MAWC responsible for State regulations, Cent		<u> </u>		ļ						

Note 2: MAWC provide in-person customer contact w hile Service Company call centers provide customer phone contact

Exhibit 13 Page 2 of 3

# Missouri American Water Company Designation of Responsibility for Water Utility Functions

P-PrimarilyResponsible	Performed By:										
Sy Provides Support	American Water Service Company										
Water Company Function	MAWC		Customer Call Center	Centra	,	Central Services	IT Service Centers	Central Lat			
Financial Management		11		·		a de la composición d					
Financial Planning	3.000		1.1.11	- 19		(;)					
FinancingsEquity				s	77	(P)					
FinancingsLong Term Debt & Preferred (Note A)				$\overline{s}$		p P	<u> </u>	<b>-</b>			
Short Term Lines of Credit Arrangements(Note A)		1 -		5 5							
Investor Relations		11				- ip					
Insurance Program Administration	15 67			interesting and the second	<u> </u>	р р					
Loss Control/Safety Program Administration		11		<b> </b>		\$					
Pension Fund Asset Management		11.			-						
Cash Management/Disbursements	<u> </u>	1-1-			1	р					
Internal Auditing	1	11		F ·	- [	90 - E					
Budgeting and Variance Reporting		11	······			Contract in the second second second		<u> </u>			
Corporate Guidelines & Instructions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11-				<i></i>					
Budget Preparation	[	11									
Revenue and O&M		[-]-				P					
Depreciation and Interest Expense	S.			S		P P		F			
Budget Preparation Service Company Charges			<b>S</b>			. Ib	Si -				
Capital Budget Preparation-Projects	P			s		- 8					
Capital Budget Preparation-Non-Project Work	- P	١T		s_		8					
Prepare Monthly Budget Variance Report		11		- S		- p					
("Budget/Plan Analysis")											
Prepare Capital Project Budget Status Report											
Year-End Projections	1:2	Г									
Accounting and Taxes		1 Г									
Accounts Payable Accounting	<u>s</u> .					P					
Payroll Accounting	s					182					
Work Order Accounting	5	IT.		S		8					
Fixed Asset Accounting	3			6		P					
Journal Entry PreparationsBaing Corrections	- Si			- 5		P P					
Journal Entry PreparationAll Others	S			- S		P					
Financial Statement Preparation	- 8	[[[		<u>.</u>		P					
State Commission Reporting	8			3		6					
Income TaxesState						P					
income TaxesFederal					le suite de la second	- P					
Property Taxes	- 67 T	IE.		्य		P.					
Gross Receipts (Town) Taxes	S -	ľ		s		P					

Note A: Lines of credit are the responsibility of American Water Capital Corporation ("AWCC"). AWCC is also responsible for Corporate financings which may be distributed to the regulated subsidiaries. MAWC has the ability to issue LTD.

# Missouri American Water Company Designation of Responsibility for Water Utility Functions

P-Raimently Responsible	Performed By:										
S. Provides Support		American Water Service Company									
Water Company Function	MAWC	Customer Call Center	Central	Central Services	IT Service Centers	Central Lab					
Rates	si serer t		2.34.5.25								
Rate Studies & Tariff Change Administration	-S	-		192	·						
Rate Case Planning and Preparation	 S										
Rate Case Administration	s			3		[					
Commission Inquiry Response			р								
Legal	s		р	S							
Purchasing and Materials Management -			- en								
National (pipe, chemicals, meters, etc.)											
Specification Development	<u> </u>			P							
Bid Solicitation	S			P							
Contract Administration	<u> </u>										
Purchasing and Materials Management – State											
(state supplier service agreements)	P			Sec.							
Specification Development Bid Solicitation	P P										
Contract Administration											
Ordering											
Inventory Management	P_P_		<b></b>		- <b></b>						
Human Resources Management											
Benefit Program Development	·	h									
Benefits Program Administration				P							
Management Compensation Administration			<u>s</u>								
Wage & Salary Program Design	aliana ana ang			р э-э-э-э-э-							
Wage & Salary Administration	<u> </u>		, (P)	<u> </u>							
Labor NegotiationsWages				and an and a start of the							
Labor NegotiationsBenefits			р 	<u> </u>							
Labor Negotiations Work Rules				and an an installed							
Training Program Development	<u> </u>	<b> </b>	<u> </u>	<u></u> (?)							
TrainingCourse Delivery			- р 								
Affirmative Action/EEOPlan Development	- The film of the second -		5	- 19 							
Affirmative Action/EEOImplementation	_ 3		<u>p</u>			i					
Information Technology Services											
Service Company Data Centers											
System Operations & Maintenance					- 12						
Software Maintenance					p –						
Netw ork Administration											
Workstation Acquisition & Support					= $7,$ $-$						
Help Desk					P2						

#### **Governance Practices Associated with Service Company Charges**

There are several ways by which MAWC exercises control over Service Company services and charges. The most important of these are described below.

- MAWC Company Board Oversight The MAWC board of directors includes the President of MAWC, the Vice President of Operations of MAWC, Director of Financial Analysis and Decision Support and external business and community leaders. This diverse board ensures that MAWC's needs are a factor in the delivery of Service Company services. The MAWC Board meets at a minimum of four times each year and at every meeting financial and operational reports and issues are discussed at length.
- MAWC President Oversight The MAWC President is responsible for the overall
  performance of MAWC, including services and charges received from the American
  Water Service Company. In addition, as part of the overall management team of
  American Water through the President of Regulated Operations, MAWC's President has
  a significant voice in major business decisions of American Water and has the ability to
  monitor Service Company performance quality and spending as MAWC's President is
  one of ten direct reports to the President of Regulated Operations.
- Director of Financial Analysis and Decision Support (FADS) The Director of Financial Analysis and Decision Support and supporting staff are responsible for monitoring the overall financial performance of MAWC. This includes overseeing MAWC's financial reporting process, performing revenue and expense analysis, the annual budgeting process and monitoring internal control performance. The FADS team performs detailed expense analysis on a monthly basis including analyzing Service Company fees. These expense analyses include monthly variance analysis as compared to budgeted results, prior year results and YTD monthly actual results. In addition, the FADS team reviews and investigates monthly Service Company charges, as necessary, based on the results of the team's analytical procedures in order to evaluate the appropriateness of the charges.
- Service Company Board Oversight The Service Company Board of Directors is comprised of 12 members. They typically meet four times a year to provide governance on the activities and bylaws of Service Company. Their primary responsibilities include:
  - Approve the Business Plan and Operating Budget
  - Review Financial Performance of the Service Company
  - Review performance metrics of certain functional groups
  - Approve policy, procedures and practices of American Water as it relates to Service Company.
- Service Company Budget Review/Approval Several state regulated water utility
  presidents serve on the Service Company board of directors and that board must formally
  approve the budget for Service Company charges for the next year. These budgeted
  charges are consolidated with the operating company's own spending into an overall
  budget that is presented to the operating company's board of directors (e.g., MAWC).
- Major Project Review and Approval Major non-capital projects undertaken by the Service Company must first be reviewed by American Water's Executive Management Team, which includes the President of Regulated Operations. The President of Regulated Operations, with significant input from his direct reports, has the ability to impact all new initiatives and projects before they are authorized. Major non-capital projects and initiatives for the Service Company are approved through the Business Plan. All significant business-driven, information technology-enabled initiatives (capital and

non-capital) are assessed through the ITS Comprehensive Planning Study (CPS) process that uses the corporate vision, corporate strategic targets, annual business planning updates and input from key business partners to develop a 3 to 5-year information technology roadmap. The ITS CPS roadmap has been reviewed and approved by the Technology Solutions Council (TSC) which is comprised of nine Director-level and above business executives representing key business process and functions across American Water. The TSC replaced the BATT (Business and Technology Team) and may undergo changes in the future, but there will always be an executive business team providing oversight for these information technology decisions.

- Capital Investment Management (CIM) CIM covers capital and asset planning and is employed throughout American Water, including the Service Company. CIM provides a full range of governance practices, including a formal protocol for assessing system needs, prioritizing capital expenditures, managing the capital program, approving project spending, delivering projects and measuring outputs. CIM ensures that:
  - Capital expenditure plans are aligned with the strategic intent of the business
  - The impact of capital expenditure and income plans are fully reflected in operating expense plans
  - The impacts of these plans on state P&L's and budgets are understood
  - Effective controls are in place over budgets (through business plans) and individual capital projects (through appropriate authorization thresholds, management and reporting processes).

The CIM process was designed to optimize the effectiveness of asset investment.

- Accounting and Financial Reporting The Service Company follows the same accounting and financial reporting processes as American Water's regulated utilities. During the month accounting transactions are recorded. At month-end, the Finance teams review all transactions. Variance analyses are performed based on month-to-month actual as well as actual to budget to ensure accuracy. Once completed, the service company bill is run and the actuals are "pushed down" and allocated to the states based on predetermined formulas. A conference call is scheduled before the operating companies close their books each month to discuss Service Company performance. This is based at a functional level with explanation reported for any expense variances that meet or exceed certain thresholds. At this time, the operating companies may question expenses and spending for better understanding of results. MAWC Financial Strategy, Planning & Decision Support personnel review the monthly Service Company bill for accuracy and reasonableness on a monthly basis. Any errors or overcharges are credited on a subsequent billing.
- MAWC Company Budget Variance Analysis Each month a Service Company Affiliate Billing Analysis Report is prepared and provided to the operating company. In this way, Service Company budget versus actual charges as charged to the operating company can be monitored and reviewed for the month and year-to-date.