FILED May 17, 2010 Missouri Public Service Commission

Exhibit No.:	12
Issue:	Rate Case Expenses
Witness:	John R. Summers
Sponsoring Party:	Lake Region Water & Sewer Company
Case Nos.:	SR-2010-0110 and WR-2010-0111

LAKE REGION WATER & SEWER COMPANY

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Case Nos. SR-2010-0110 and WR-2010-0111

TRUE UP REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

JOHN R. SUMMERS

Four Seasons, Missouri April, 2010

axe es. or Exhibit No 12 Date 4-2610 Reporter 44 File No SQ-200-0102 -2010-0111

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Lake Region Water) & Sewer Company for Authority) to File Tariffs Increasing Rates for) Water and Sewer Provided to) Customers in the Company's) Missouri Service Area)

Case No. WR-2010-0111 Case No. SR-2010-0110

AFFADAVIT OF JOHN R. SUMMERS

STATE OF MISSOURI)) ss VILLAGE OF FOUR SEASONS)

John R. Summers, being first sworn on his oath, states:

1. My name is John R. Summers. I work in The Village of Four Seasons, Missouri,

and I am employed by Public Water Supply District Number Four of Camden County as General

Manager.

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2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my True Up Rebuttal

Testimony on behalf of Lake Region Water & Sewer Company, which has been prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in the above referenced dockets.

3. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to

the questions therein propounded are true and correct.

John R. Summers

Subscribed and sworn before me this 22^{nd} day of April, 2010.

hultz Notary Public

My commission expires: 3-29-12-

LUCIE SHULTZ My Commission Expires March 29, 2012 Camden County Commission #08481903

1		TRUE UP REBUTTAL TESTIMONY
2		OF
3		JOHN R. SUMMERS
4		CASE NOS. SR-2010-0110 AND WR-2010-0111
5	Q.	Please state your full name and business address.
6	A.	My name is John R. Summers. My business address is 62 Bittersweet Road, Four
7		Seasons, MO 65049.
8	Q.	Are you the same John R. Summers who previously filed testimony in the two
9		eases referenced above?
10	A.	Yes.
11	Q.	What is the purpose of your True Up Rebuttal Testimony?
12	A.	In my testimony I will update the rate case expense number and rebut certain
13		statements contained in the direct true up testimony of Mr. Featherstone.
14	Q.	Has the Company incurred additional expenses or received additional invoices
15		in connection with the case since your Direct True Up Testimony?
16	Α.	Yes. The amount of additional expenses at this time is \$26,449.00. This amount is
17		expected to grow since the Company will continue to incur legal expenses as this case
18		continues. Attached as JRS Schedule 1 is a spreadsheet containing the amounts
19		identified by the Company as rate case expense. A copy of each invoice contained on
20		this spreadsheet has been provided to both Staff and OPC.
21	AVA	ILABILITY FEES
22	Q.	Would you explain the reasons for a true up proceeding, Mr. Summers?

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- 1 A. A true up proceeding is designed to take into account any material changes in utility 2 expenses, income or plant in service that are projected to occur, or have occurred, 3 outside the approved test year period.
- 4 Q. In his Direct True Up Testimony, does Mr. Featherstone report any material 5 changes in his estimates of availability fee revenue?
- 6 Α. No, he does not. Mr. Featherstone's testimony on availability fees is not "true up" 7 testimony but is a mere continuation of his surrebuttal testimony. He adds 8 argumentative material which may have been overlooked at the time his surrebuttal 9 testimony was due for filing but the numbers contained in the testimony he filed on 10 April 16, 2010 are the same as those which were presented during the evidentiary 11 hearing. His position is still the same as well. He proposes that assets owned and 12 controlled personally by the shareholders should be brought into the rate making process. This true up testimony follows the same path as Staff's approach to 13 availability fees since this case began. 14
- 15 Q. Please explain.

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Although members of the Staff asked and Lake Region answered several data 16 A. requests regarding availability fees at least a month prior to the filing of Staff's direct 17 18 case, no Staff witness testified about availability fee revenue in any manner in their 19 direct testimony. Staff had access to the same data as Mr. Robertson, the witness for 20 Office of the Public Counsel, prior to the filing of Staff's direct testimony on January 21 14, 2010. An issue that involves a revenue stream, which has been estimated by Staff in excess of \$300,000, should have been addressed in Mr. Featherstone's direct 22 23 testimony, but instead it was consigned to his surrebuttal testimony as an apparent

1 afterthought. Mr. Featherstone's choice of waiting until the surrebuttal phase of the 2 Staff's presentation to address availability fee revenue and proposing an alternate 3 theory on executive management fee allocation: 1) injected new issues in the rate 4 case after settlement discussions had occurred between the parties; and 2) placed 5 Lake Region in a compromised position in formulating responsive written testimony 6 which is not provided for in the Commission rules. Mr. Featherstone is using the 7 true up phase of this case as one more opportunity to testify on a subject he should 8 have included in his direct testimony.

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9 Q. Is Mr. Featherstone's approach of imputing availability fee revenue correct?

10 Α. No, it is not. The Staff has assumed throughout this case and continues to assume that Lake Region and its customers have some rights to the availability fee revenue. 11 12 These fees are not owned by the Company; the Company has no right to them and 13 there is no relationship between the availability fees and the Company other than the Developer made the fees contingent upon a water and/or sewer pipe running in front 14 15 of the property. The fees result from a contractual agreement between the Developer 16 and the purchaser of the property. This is not a revenue stream originated or authorized by the Commission and I am unaware of any authority this Commission 17 18 has to regulate real estate transactions. If the Staff is allowed to impute revenue from 19 assets not owned by the Company and to which the Company has no access it negates the entire ratemaking process this Commission has used since its inception. 20

21 Q. Do you agree with Mr. Featherstone's contention that the plant contributed in 22 association with these availability fees should not be added back to rate base if 23 the Commission wishes to impute the revenue?

1 Α. Absolutely not. Imputing the revenue without adjusting the rate base for the plant 2 associated with the revenue goes against every principle of matching costs and 3 revenues in the ratemaking process. The customers were given the benefit of lower 4 rates by virtue of the Developer donating the plant. The Staff now wants to give the 5 customer the revenue stream that was created by the Developer to recoup the 6 investment in the donated plant. The effect is that the plant is donated twice to the 7 Just as importantly, this proposal would mean that the owners of Company. 8 undeveloped lots on Shawnee Bend, most of which are non-lakefront properties, who 9 take no water or sewer service from the Company, pay the way for the owners of 10 million dollar lakefront homes.

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Q. What has been the traditional treatment of availability fee revenue and associated plant?

A. I have attached JRS Schedule 2 which shows past treatment of these items in both certificate cases and rate cases. In each of the four instances over the past 39 years the Commission has been consistent in using proper ratemaking technique of matching costs and revenues. In every case the Commission either included both availability fee revenue and the associated plant or they excluded both the availability fee revenue and the associated plant. Never before has the Commission attempted to make the one sided entry proposed by Staff and Mr. Featherstone in this case.

20 Q. Does Mr. Featherstone address whether the contributed plant should be added 21 back to rate base if the Commission imputes the availability revenue?

A. Yes. On page 30 of his True Up Direct Testimony he states "Contributed plant is just that". He later states (on page 31) "the utility owners would be allowed a return of 1

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monies for which it had no investment which creates a windfall to the Lake Region shareholders."

Q. Do you agree with Mr. Featherstone's statements?

4 Α. No. Mr. Featherstone continues to ignore the undisputed facts which are: The 5 Developer paid for the plant and was forced by the Commission to contribute this 6 plant to the Company in order to keep rates at a reasonable level when the Company 7 was certificated in Case WA-95-164 (the Certification Case). As demonstrated by 8 comparing the testimony of Greg Meyer and Martin Hummel in the Certification 9 Case, the availability fee revenue was not included in the ratemaking process. If Mr. 10 Hummel had offset the \$45,000 he identified as the cost of service in the Certification 11 Case with the \$49,000 of availability fee revenue testified to by Mr. Meyer, the rates 12 would have been zero. The Developer always reported this revenue as Non-utility Income in the Annual Report to the Missouri Public Service Commission and no one 13 14 from the Commission ever notified the Company this was incorrect. The rights to the 15 availability fees owned by the utility in 1998 were transferred to individuals in 1998 16 when the stock of the Company was sold to Roy and Cindy Slates. The Developer 17 owned the rights to all subsequently created availability fees until 2005 when the 18 rights were assigned to RPS Properties and Sally Stump. By imputing revenues to the 19 Company without allowing the corresponding return on the plant the Staff is creating 20 an actual loss at the Company which will threaten its financial viability.

Q. Why do you believe allowing the revenues to be imputed will threaten the financial viability of Lake Region?

1 Α. Because imputing revenues is merely a fictitious entry made only on the Staff's 2 version of Lake Region's books to hold the rates at an artificially low level. The 3 Commission allowing the Staff to impute revenues does not actually give the 4 Company access to the funds. I am unaware of any authority the Commission may 5 have to force the shareholders and the Developer to turn over this revenue stream to 6 the Company. With the rates held artificially low by imputing a revenue stream, eventually the actual cash flow generated by the Company will not be adequate for 7 8 the Company to provide safe and adequate service.

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Is Mr. Featherstone's testimony based on accurate data?

A. No. Mr. Featherstone admits in his testimony that all of his revenue calculations are
 based on information provided by Four Seasons Lakesites Property Owners
 Association (POA). While the POA may have very good records regarding which lots
 are developed or undeveloped it has no records or source of knowledge about what is
 actually billed or actually collected regarding the availability fees.

Q. Pages 18 through 28 of Mr. Featherstone's testimony refer to additional discovery conducted after the evidentiary hearing and the Company's objections to certain questions. Were those objections overruled by the Commission?

A. No, Lake Region's objections have not been overruled. The data requests on pages
 18 through 28 of Mr. Featherstone's true up direct testimony were substantially the
 same as data requests staff served on Lake Region, and to which Lake Region
 objected, before the evidentiary hearing. Lake Region's position has not changed as
 the Commission will observe from the objections to Data Requests 94 – 103
 inclusive: Lake Region does not have legal access to documents in the possession or

1 control of its shareholders or other entities. RPS Properties LP, Sally Stump (who as 2 shareholders use the business name(s) of Lake Utility Availability or Lake Utility 3 Availability 1), Vernon Stump, Robert Schwermann, Lake Region Water & Sewer 4 Company and Ozark Shores Water Company are separate and distinct "persons" or 5 corporate entities. Lake Region and Ozark Shores Water Company are corporations 6 which are separate and distinct legal entities under Missouri law. North Suburban 7 Public Utility Company owns the outstanding shares of Ozark Shores Water 8 Company. RPS Properties and Sally Stump own the outstanding shares of Lake 9 Region. They also own the rights to the availability fees. They acquired the rights to 10 the fees owned by Waldo Morris in 2004 and they acquired the rights to the fees 11 owned by the Developer in 2005. Staff disregards the lawful separateness and 12 distinctiveness of the foregoing and assumes that common ownership in regulated and 13 unregulated entities permits the Commission to regulate anything owned by the 14 shareholders. The Staff continues to assert that assets owned personally by the 15 shareholders of the water and sewer corporation can somehow be considered funds of 16 the utility.

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Q.

Is Mr. Featherstone correct in claiming that Company has refused to provide information?

A. I take great exception to Mr. Featherstone characterizing me as uncooperative. I
 attended a meeting held immediately after the Pre Hearing Conference on November
 9, 2009. In attendance were approximately eight members of the Staff and one
 representative from the Office of Public Counsel. I spent several hours answering
 every question posed to me by these nine individuals. In response to Data Request 45,

1 on November 13, 2009 the Company provided Staff with an electronic copy of both 2 Lake Region's and Ozark Shores' complete general ledgers beginning with 1998 and 3 continuing through March 31, 2010. The Company also provided Staff with an electronic copy of Lake Region's billing system beginning with 1999 and continuing 4 5 through September 30, 2009. Staff could have checked the lots billed for water/sewer 6 service against the POA's list of lots to determine the number of undeveloped lots at 7 any time prior to filing their direct case on January 14, 2010. Mr. Featherstone 8 continues to ask Lake Region for information regarding the assets owned by the 9 shareholders. We have provided Mr. Featherstone, both in responses to data requests and in the evidentiary hearing, with evidence demonstrating that Lake Region has no 10 11 legal claim to the availability fee revenue.

Q. Mr. Featherstone states on page 34 of his testimony that Lake Region is hiding behind "a corporate organization that was consciously and deliberately created to circumvent regulatory oversight of the Commission".

15 Α. He is incorrect in so many ways with this statement. His remark is refuted by 16 testimony at hearing which established that Lake Utility Availability 1 is a fictitious 17 name for two shareholders, one of which is an individual, and her creation certainly 18 had nothing to do the Commission's regulatory oversight. The business name and the 19 availability billing structure have been in place since 1998. Lake Region never 20 concealed the fact that the availability fees were no longer owned by the utility after 21 1998. Lake Region's Annual Reports filed with the Commission confirm that the 22 fees were no longer in the Annual Report beginning in 1999.

- 1Q.Mr. Featherstone states on page 35 of his testimony that the regulated customers2are paying all the costs to support the infrastructure of the water and sewer3operations of Shawnee Bend. Do you agree with this statement?
- A. No. Mr. Featherstone has decided to again ignore a significant fact. The Developer
 donated the plant associated with the entire water distribution and sewer collection
 system serving the Porto Cima area. Therefore the customers are not paying the
 carrying costs of that plant and should not get the benefit of the revenue stream the
 Developer created to recoup its investment.
- 9 Q. Also on page 35 of his testimony, Mr. Featherstone states that a small number of 10 customers support a very large utility system, much of which is not being used.
- 11 A. This simply is not true. As stated earlier, the Developer donated the distribution and 12 collection lines serving the area. I suspect that there are may water and sewer utilities 13 in this state that have facilities which run past vacant lots for connections to 14 customers downstream. The water production capacity and sewer treatment capacity 15 are not installed to serve all the undeveloped lots. Additional capacity will be added 16 as customer growth demands. The current customers are only paying for plant 17 necessary to provide them with safe and adequate service.
- 18Q.On the same page Mr. Featherstone states "Because the cost to operate and19maintain this larger than necessary utility system (only 30% of the system is20generating revenues for Lake Region) falls entirely on the regulated customers21who actually take service, then the availability fees should be used to support22this system."

A. Clearly the Company disagrees with this statement. I believe that certain members of
 the Staff disagree as well.

Q. Please explain.

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4 Α. If Staff believes that availability fees should be used to offset costs and keep rates at a 5 certain level it logically follows that the areas in which there are no availability fees 6 to offset costs should have higher rates than the areas which do have availability fees. 7 The Staff's case has set the rates for both areas the same. According to the response 8 to Data Request 105 which I received April 12, 2010, Mr. Russo states "At this time, 9 Staff is not proposing any changes to rate design in this case." He reaffirmed Staff is 10 not proposing different rates for these areas in his response to Data Request 109 in which he states "At this time. Staff is not proposing different rates for areas that 11 12 charge availability fees."

Q. Do you agree with Mr. Featherstone's assertion that the only logical conclusion that can be drawn from the purpose of paying availability fees is that they are to be used to maintain, repair and support construction of existing plant as necessary?

A. Absolutely not. The most logical use for the availability fees is for the Developer to recoup the cost of the plant on which the Commission did not allow him to earn a return as part of rate base. That is the obvious reason the Developer did not include the availability fees arising after 1998 when it sold the stock of the utility. It is also logically the reason why the fee is contingent upon the plant investment being made before the fee is instituted upon the property. Once the Developer sold the utility in 1998 there was absolutely no reason for it to continue the availability fees other than to recoup its investment. If availability fees are to support the ongoing maintenance
 and support of the utility infrastructure in front of vacant lots and if the Commission
 has jurisdiction over these availability fees why hasn't the Commission ordered that
 these fees be implemented in every subdivision which has vacant lots?

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- 5 Q. On page 37 of his testimony Mr. Featherstone states in part "it would be 6 completely improper for customers to provide a return of and on investment to 7 owners with no invested capital for that infrastructure."
- 8 A. Mr. Featherstone continues to propose one sided ratemaking. On the one hand, he 9 thinks it entirely proper to confiscate personal assets of the shareholders to use in the 10 ratemaking process while at the same time proposing to exclude the rate base 11 associated with this revenue stream. Mr. Featherstone talks about the \$3,000,000 12 stock purchase but he omits telling the Commission that the \$3,000,000 only included 13 the rights to the availability actually vested in the previous shareholder. To the best of 14 my knowledge, RPS Properties and Sally Stump had to negotiate separately with the 15 Developer the rights to the availability fees which had remained vested with the 16 Developer. The terms of that settlement agreement remain confidential.

17 Q. Do you agree with Staff's assertion that the Developer has recouped its 18 investment in the donated plant?

A. No. Mr. Featherstone's "logic" argument is nothing more than wishful thinking of
how things would be in Staff's version of the world. In the real world in which the
Developer and the rest of us operate a payment of \$428,100 (the highest amount
contained in Mr. Featherstone's chart on page 17 of his testimony) would amortize
the investment over approximately 56 years at 8%. As you can see from Mr.

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- Featherstone's chart the amount consistently drops as property owners build on the lots and drop off the availability roster. Therefore, it will take significantly more than 56 years to recoup the investment.
- 4 Q. Is it possible that the Developer recouped a portion of its investment through the 5 lot sales as Mr. Featherstone suggests?
- 6 A. Oh yes. However, I don't have that information and I suspect the Developer did not 7 track costs recouped by lot. Mr. Merciel testified in his Rebuttal Testimony "[T]he 8 value of any given lot, anywhere, is what it is, based on any number of factors 9 including utility availability, and an extra recurring payment does not do anything to 10 increase the value of the lot." This seems to be a very clear statement that lot prices 11 are based on the overall real estate market and a Developer may or may not have 12 recouped his development costs which would include the water/sewer infrastructure 13 as well as his other development costs.
- Q. Do you believe whether the Developer did or did not recoup its investment has
 any connection to Lake Region's request for rate relief in this case?
- 16 A. No.

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- Q. Did Lake Region provide Staff with the amount of plant donated by the
 Developer in connection with the availability fees?
- 19A.Yes. In response to Data Request 72 the Company provided the following response in20part on February 18, 2010: "Company has identified \$5,273,850.00 recorded as CIAC21from Four Seasons Lakesites in 2002" and "[T]he plant in service amounts were22recorded to the following accounts: 360.20 \$2,965,612.50, 331.20 \$2,695,612.50,

371.10 \$240,000.00 and 370.00 \$240,000". This is the information upon which I
 relied in both my surrebuttal testimony and the testimony at the evidentiary hearing.

- Q. Mr. Featherstone states in his testimony that this is the total amount of CIAC
 the Staff included in the case and that a portion of the CIAC is not for the plant
 related to availability. Is this correct?
- No it is not. Accounting Schedule 7 from Staff's own EMS runs shows a total of 6 Α. 7 \$6,231,652 in CIAC. I believe a portion of that number has been allocated in error to 8 the Horseshoe Bend system and I am partially to blame for that as I initially agreed to 9 use the Staff's allocation factors for CIAC. As this availability issue has progressed I 10 have examined the CIAC more deeply and believe that all of the CIAC on Lake 11 Region's books and records apply to the Shawnee Bend systems. I believe the \$5,273,850 identified in Data Request 72 is for the area in which availability fees are 12 13 in force and the remainder is for the other service areas on Shawnee Bend.

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Q. Is any of the CIAC applicable to the Horseshoe Bend operation?

- 15 **A.** No, it is not.
- 16 Q. Please explain why.

A. Because the plant for Horseshoe Bend was well established in 1997 and the Annual
Report to the Missouri Public Service Commission for that year shows the CIAC
balance at zero. All of the entries made to the CIAC account after that point in time
can be matched against the plant additions which are identified as Shawnee Bend
projects.

- 1 Q. On pages 38 through 43 of Mr. Featherstone's testimony, he discusses the 2 alternative proposal that assigns costs to the shareholders of Lake Region. Are there any material changes from what he testified in his surrebuttal testimony? 3 A. No. Similarly to his testimony on availability revenue estimates, this section of 4 5 testimony is not true up testimony as there is not one updated number in the entirety 6 of these six pages of testimony. Again, this is a continuation of his surrebuttal 7 testimony. 8 Q. The Commission has directed the Staff to file a scenario calculating Lake 9 Region's revenue requirement if availability fees for the test year were included 10 in revenue, but there was a corresponding addition to rate base. Does Staff have sufficient data at this time to provide an example of the scenario. 11 12 Α. Yes it does. I must explain as well that while I do not agree with the concept I am encouraged that at least the Commission has ordered Staff to produce this scenario. I 13
- believe Staff has enough data based on the numbers which were included in Mr.
 Featherstone's Surrebuttal testimony and which were given at the evidentiary hearing
 to easily produce this scenario. I am authorized by Lake Region to suggest that such
 a scenario may promote a settlement on this issue.

18 Q. Does this conclude your True Up Rebuttal Testimony?

19 A. Yes, it does.

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LAKE REGION WATER & SEWER CO

Rate Case

All Transactions

980.00 · 2009 Rate Case	Туре	Date	Name	Memo	Split	Accrual Basis Amount
	Bill	09/25/2009	Newman, Comley & Ruth	Rate Case	231.00 · Accounts Payable	175.00
	Bill	10/25/2009	Newman, Comley & Ruth	2009 Rate Case	231.00 · Accounts Payable	2,075.50
	Bill	12/25/2009	Newman, Comley & Ruth		231.00 · Accounts Payable	843.50
	Bill	01/11/2010	Summers, John R.	Mileage	231.00 · Accounts Payable	87.45
	Bill	01/13/2010	Arrowhead Printing	Ū	231.00 · Accounts Payable	344.96
	Bill	01/18/2010	Arrowhead Printing	Customer Notices	231.00 · Accounts Payable	227.37
	Bill	01/25/2010	Newman, Comley & Ruth		231.00 · Accounts Payable	2,758.74
	Bill	02/02/2010	Summers, John R.	Mileage	231.00 · Accounts Payable	2,758,74
	Bill	02/17/2010	Summers, John R.	Lunches/Dinners with settlement converence and i		253.54
	Bill	02/25/2010	Newman, Comley & Ruth	Rate Case	231.00 · Accounts Payable	5,691.00
	Bill	03/02/2010	Summers, John R.	Rate Case	231.00 · Accounts Payable	113.86
	Bill	03/04/2010	Ozark Shores Water Company	FedEx	231.00 · Accounts Payable	25.72
	Bill	03/16/2010	Summers, John R.	Bindings	231.00 · Accounts Payable	71.48
	Bill	03/31/2010	Ozark Shores Water Company	FedEx bill	231.00 · Accounts Payable	25.96
			Summers, John R.	Rate Case		347.25
	Bill	04/05/2010	Camden County PWSD#4	Conference Calling	231.00 · Accounts Payable	36.70
	Bill	04/05/2010	National Depo	Mark Comley	231.00 · Accounts Payable	724.00
	Bill	04/05/2010	National Depo	Mark Comley	231.00 · Accounts Payable	724.00 318.95
~	Bill	04/12/2010	Newman, Comley & Ruth	Legal Services	231.00 · Accounts Payable	4,193.10
	Bill	04/19/2010	National Depo	Mark Comley	231.00 · Accounts Payable	614.10
Total 980.00 · 2009 Rate Case					Londo Accounto rayable	
	Comie	y Through April	2 Per Email			19,198.86
Total Rate Case Expense Know						7,250.00

Total Rate Case Expense Known as of April 21, 2010

JRS Schedule 1 Page 1 of 1

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04/05/2010

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26,448.86

	Table 1				
Lakesites Water and Sewer Company	Availability fees owned by Company	Infrastructure cost included in original Rate Base	Availability fees included in Company revunes	Position Consistent With past regulation	
Original Certification case 1972	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Lakesites Water and Sewer Company 1991 Rate Case	Yes	Νο	No	Yes	
Ozark ShoresWater Companγ 1997 Rate Case	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Lakesitew Water and Sewer Company Expansion to Shawnee Bend 1007	Νο	Νο	No	Yes	
Lake Region Water and Sewer Company Rate Case 2010	Νο	Νο	No	Yes	
Staff position Lake Region 2010 Rate Case	Impute Ownership	No	Yes	No	

Note: The PSC treatment of availability fees are consistent with previous rulings since 1972 In only this current rate case does the Staff reverse all previous treatment by allowing only revenue to be imputed without an offsetting cost component.

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