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Issues: Tariff

Witness: Carol Gay Fred Sponsoring Party: MoPSC Staff

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Case No.: GT-2008-0374

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MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION GENERAL COUNSEL DIVISION

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

CAROL GAY FRED

LACLEDE GAS COMPANY

CASE NO. GT-2008-0374

Jefferson City, Missouri December 2008

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	REBUTTAL TESTIMONY		
	OF		
	CAROL GAY FRED		
	LACLEDE GAS COMPANY		
	CASE NO. GT-2008-0374		
Q.	Please state your name and business address		
A.	My name is Carol Gay Fred, and my business address is 200 Madison Street,		
Suite 800, Jefferson City, MO 65101.			
Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?		
A.	I am the Consumer Services Manager for the Missouri Public Service		
Commission (Commission or MoPSC).			
Q.	Are you the same Carol Gay Fred who filed Rebuttal testimony in this case?		
A.	Yes.		
EXECUTIV	E SUMMARY		
Q.	What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony in this proceeding?		
A.	My surrebuttal testimony addresses the historical occurrences that have led up to		
this case and	the rebuttal testimony of the Office of the Public Counsel's (OPC's) witness		
Barbara A. N	Meisenheimer, regarding her first, second, third and fifth concerns as it relates to		
the proposed	dead meter tariff proposal of Laclede Gas Company (Laclede or Company).		
Q.	What historical occurrences have taken place that you believe has led up to the		
development	of this case?		
	A. Suite 800, Jei Q. A. Commission Q. A. EXECUTIV Q. A. this case and Barbara A. M. the proposed Q.		

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A. In Staff's Reply to Public Counsel's Second Response in GW-2007-0099 filed April 25, 2008, Staff discussed in detail the AMR deployment and a number of issues it had identified, similar to Ms. Meisenheimer's list of informal complaints addressed in her Schedule 1-HC. In Staff's response in GW-2007-0099, Staff pointed out that it had identified that Laclede had ongoing issues with its AMR project, that the stopped-meter problem had been identified, and that Staff had met with Laclede on August 20, 2007 to address the concerns related to the stopped-meter issue.

In GW-2007-0099, Laclede stated in its Response to Staff's April 25, 2008 Reply and Public Counsel's February 19, 2008 Second Response that the Company was committed to working with Staff and OPC toward resolving the various identified issues. The Company would develop tariff language for a procedure for identifying and resolving issues, such as estimated bills following the installation of AMR due to a stopped meter or non-registering AMR.

- Q. Did Laclede follow through with their commitment?
- A. Yes. Following Laclede's response in the GW-2007-0099 case, the Company has followed through with their commitment and filed on May 19, 2008, its tariff proposing a procedure for identifying and resolving issues created by estimated bills following the installation of AMR due to stopped meters or non-registering AMRs.

In addition, following the May 19, 2008 filing, Laclede, Staff and OPC met on several occasions to discuss the originally proposed language, however, the parties could not reach a unanimous agreement. Company witness Mr. Wildeisen has filed direct testimony which includes proposed amended tariff language on stopped or non-registering meters. Staff

supports this proposed amended tariff because it provides a clear procedure that fairly resolves this issue with the customer.

FIRST CONCERN

- Q. Can you briefly state Ms. Meisenheimer's "first concern" with the proposed amended tariff?
- A. Yes, it appears that Ms. Meisenheimer believes that the proposed tariff language submitted by Laclede would expand the conditions for which Laclede may estimate bills to include not only occasions when a gas meter stops functioning or the AMR fails to register a reading, but also when there is a failure to provide readings of actual usage.
 - Q. Do you agree?
- A. No. I do not understand Ms. Meisenheimer's "first concern". It appears from her objection to the proposed tariff language that she may be trying to establish a complaint case against Laclede regarding their AMR project, an issue that was already addressed by OPC in case number GW-2007-0099 and resolved by the Commission.
 - Q. Why is Ms. Meisenheimer's "first concern" confusing to you?
- A. Her "first concern" is confusing, because in Commission rule 4 CSR 240-13.020 (2) (A) it clearly provides the requirements by which a utility may estimate a customer's bill:
 - (2) Each billing statement rendered by a utility shall be computed on the actual usage during the billing period except as follows:
 - (A) A utility may render a bill based on estimated usage-
 - 1. To seasonally billed customers, provided an appropriate tariff is on file with the commission and an actual reading is obtained before each change in the seasonal cycle;
 - 2. When extreme weather conditions, emergencies, labor agreements or work stoppages prevent actual meter readings; and
 - 3. When the utility is unable to obtain access to the customer's premises for the purpose of reading the meter or when the customer makes reading the meter unnecessarily difficult. If the utility is unable to obtain an actual meter reading for these reasons, where practicable it shall undertake reasonable

alternatives to obtain a customer reading of the meter, such as mailing or leaving postpaid, preaddressed postcards upon which the customer may note the reading unless the customer requests otherwise;

- If Ms. Meisenheimer is asserting that Laclede's proposed tariff is expanding on the rule requirements stated above, I disagree. The rule clearly states that a utility has the right to render an estimated bill if the utility is unable to obtain access to the customer's premises for the purpose of obtaining an actual read or if the customer fails to provide a reading on a preaddressed postcard. However, if Ms. Meisenheimer is asserting that the proposed language is unclear on its reference to "or provide readings of actual usage", then perhaps Laclede should consider inserting the clarifying words, "or <u>if the customer fails</u> to provide a reading of actual usage." (clarifying words italicized and underlined for emphasis).
- Q. Is this the only part of Ms. Meisenheimer's "first concern" that causes you confusion?
- A. No. I'm also confused why Ms. Meisenheimer has chosen to reference issues related to the AMR deployment in this tariff filing docket when the issues addressing AMR deployment were addressed by Staff, Laclede and OPC in the GW-2007-0099 docket. In fact, in Second Response in GW-2007-0099, Staff discussed in detail the AMR deployment and a number of issues it had identified, similar to Ms. Meisenheimer's list of informal complaints she addressed in her Schedule 1-HC. In Staff's response in GW-2007-0099, Staff pointed out it had identified that Laclede had ongoing problems with its AMR project, that the stopped-meter problem had been identified, and that Staff had met with Laclede on August 20, 2007 to address those issues. In the GW-2007-0099 case, Laclede stated it was committed to working with the parties to resolve these issues and would develop tariff language for a procedure for identifying and resolving issues, including

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estimated bills following the installation of AMR due to stopped meters or non-registering AMRs. Following Laclede's response in the GW-2007-0099 case, Laclede filed on May 19, 2008, its proposed tariff to develop a procedure for identifying and resolving issues, including estimated bills following the installation of AMR due to stopped meters or non-registering AMRs.

Q. Are you familiar with the current progress of Laclede's AMR project?

A. Yes, on December 10, 2008, Staff met with Laclede and asked the current status of the AMR project. Laclede informed Staff that the Company had 682,000 meters equipped with AMR out of the possible 720,000 total meters. Laclede also told Staff the Company has 1,172 meters not yet equipped with AMR. Of the 1,172 meters without AMR, 647 were inside meters that Landis & Gry (formerly known as CellNet) is unable to gain access to the meter to install the AMR. Of the 647 inside meters, 452 are receiving estimated bills, due to either the Company's inability to gain access or the customer does not submit a reading. The other 525 meters of the 1,172 are outside meters, most of which are either large meters requiring extra fittings, meters with problems that required additional work, or meters with a lack of access due to infrastructure issues. However, these 525 outside meters are read monthly. Staff understands that 38,000 meters are considered inactive meters (the difference between the 682,000 meters installed with AMR and the 720,000 total number of meters). These 38,000 meters are inactive for various reasons. Some meters may never be equipped with AMR due to the nature of the property and others may be a year or more before re-activated, i.e., properties being renovated.

Laclede also stated that Landis & Gry and Laclede had made numerous attempts either in person or through written notices to access the remaining inside meters to install an AMR

- and both are still unable to access these premises. Therefore, estimated bills will continue unless the customer submits self-reads.
- Q. In Ms. Meisenheimer discussion of her "first concern" she did not refer to the GW-2007-0099 case, but rather referred to the GC-2006-0318 case. Is that an appropriate reference?
- A. I don't believe so. I can not understand why Ms. Meisenheimer referred to the GC-2006-0318 case because OPC and Laclede reached a Stipulation and Agreement in that case and Staff did not support or object to the Stipulation and Agreement.
 - Q. How does complaint case number GC-2006-0318 relate to this proceeding?
- A. In the GC-2006-0318, Staff filed a complaint case against Laclede alleging two (2) counts of rule violations. The first count dealt with the inappropriate catch-up bills for customers whose usage had been estimated for a period exceeding 12 months and that Laclede had failed to provide the appropriate notices to customers regarding estimated bills. In addition, Staff had concerns whether Laclede was providing timely notice regarding the estimated bills considering that the customer may read and report usage on a regular basis in place of an estimated bill. Staff's second count dealt with Laclede customer accounts in which gas was noted to have been turned off, but the customer continued to obtain gas service. Staff alleged Laclede had not acted quickly to investigate and correct these conditions, causing concern about Laclede's ability to provide safe and adequate service. Both counts alleged Commission rule violations.
 - Q. Why didn't Staff object to the Stipulation and Agreement?
- A. Staff did not object to the Stipulation and Agreement because it provided a method to refund money back to harmed customers.

- Q. Is there any other reason why you believe Ms. Meisenheimer inappropriately referred to the GC-2006-0318 case?
- A. Yes. The purpose of the GW-2007-0099 case was to investigate the extent of problems with estimated billing practices, and in particular, whether those problems extended to Missouri's other gas, electric, and large water utilities as it related to estimated billing, notice requirements and vacant-with-usage issues. In the GW-2007-099 case, the Commission also authorized Staff to file a complaint against Laclede to address the concerns raised by Staff and OPC regarding a number of issues if Staff believed it had sufficient basis for bringing a complaint.
- Q. Do you believe staff had or has sufficient basis for bringing a complaint against Laclede?
- A. No. Staff has been tracking for the last couple of years the number of Laclede's complaints and inquiries as it relates to estimated bills, catch-up bills and AMR related issues. As I stated in my rebuttal testimony, from November 1, 2007 to October 31, 2008, the Consumer Services Department has received from Laclede consumers 125 complaints regarding estimated bills, defective meter, AMR installation/repair or rebills, and that approximately 80 of those complaints dealt with unmetered gas/stopped meters. When I consider that there are 646,271 active meters, 682,000 meters with AMR of 720,000 total meters, taking 125 complaints out of the possible 646,271, the percent of total consumer complaints equates to .01934%. This percentage factor in Staff's opinion does not reflect a significant trend or basis for filing a complaint case against Laclede. However, as I stated in my rebuttal testimony, it does not reduce the impact of these issues as experienced by the affected individual consumer.

Q. Earlier you stated you don't believe Laclede's tariff proposal expands its ability to estimate bills, however you have suggested some additional language you believe may satisfy OPC because it appears OPC is trying to address AMR issues rather than address the tariff proposal. Is there anything else that you would like to address?

A. Yes. Both Ms. Meisenheimer and Paul Wildeisen have used the word "memorialize". Ms. Meisenheimer states she believes the Company now seeks to "memorialize" AMR failures as a reason to estimate bills and Mr. Wildeisen states that the proposed tariff "memorializes" the service obligations assumed by the company when a gas meter has stopped or failed to register or provide reading of actual usage. I'm uncertain why either Ms. Meisenheimer or Mr. Wildeisen uses the word "memorialize".

- Q. What concerns you regarding the word "memorialize"?
- A. "Memorialize" according to Webster's dictionary means "to commemorate". If Ms. Meisenheimer asserts that Laclede intends to commemorate its AMR failures and estimated bills, I disagree. In Laclede witness Wildeisen's direct testimony he stated that specifically, the Company will (i) maintain a written procedure for determining when a failure occurs; (ii) react within 10 business days by either visiting the site to correct the failure or sending notice advising the customer that the bill is being estimated and asking the customer to make an appointment with Laclede to have the meter repaired; and (iii) if the customer does not respond, continue to send notices as least once for each full billing period thereafter. Recognizing the Company cannot control its customers, I'm not sure how Ms. Meisenheimer proposes that Laclede handle such a situation.
 - Q. Has Laclede been providing adequate reports on its AMR deployment?

1	A. Yes. Laclede has been communicating and providing Staff with updates on its
2	AMR deployment and discussing the various issues identified in the AMR deployment with the
3	Commission and the Staff on numerous occasions. In fact, Staff continues to meet face-to-face
4	with Laclede to address AMR issues, estimated bills, access issues, call center issues, and
5	notice requirements on a monthly basis since November 2007, with the most recent meeting
6	having been held December 10, 2008. Staff has not experienced difficulty in obtaining a status
7	update on the project; in fact Laclede has always been very forthcoming in providing an update.
8	Q. You state that Staff has been working with Laclede to address the issues related
9	to AMR. Can you explain?
10	A. Yes, in the Commission's Order Approving the Stipulation and Agreement in
11	GC-2006-0318 that became effective December 31, 2006, Laclede was ordered to submit
12	monthly reports regarding estimated bills, AMR installation, call center performance and to
13	provide quarterly internal strategies and objectives for improving call center performance and
14	customer service.
15	Q. Has that been done?
16	A. Yes.
17	Q. In your opinion does Laclede wish to memorialize AMR failures and estimated
18	bills?
19	A. No, based on my experience Laclede would prefer to have no AMR failures or
20	estimated bills and would prefer not to meet or address Staff's questions on these issues on a
21	monthly basis.
22	Q. Have you seen any overall improvements as it relates to consumer complaints
23	and issues, related to the AMR project and/or estimated billing?

- A. Yes, I have seen significant improvement.
 - Q. Can you explain?

A. Yes, back in 2006 when Staff initially filed the GC-2006-0318 complaint case, the Staff indentified numerous consumers who had experienced issues with estimated billing, AMR installation, and locked meters showing consumption. Staff dealt with hundreds of consumer complaints regarding these issues from 2005 to 2008. However, as I stated in my rebuttal testimony, since November 1, 2007 to October 31, 2008, Consumer Services has received only about 125 complaints, of which 80 dealt with unmetered gas or stopped meters. In addition, as of December 10, 2008, I did a comparison of the number of Laclede open complaints that Consumer Services was handling in 2007 versus 2008. In December 2007 we handled 126 complaints and in 2008, there were 26. This in my opinion is a dramatic improvement.

SECOND CONCERN

- Q. OPC's "second concern" with the proposed tariff language deals with the language which addresses Laclede having a written procedure for determining when a gas meter has stopped or failed to register or provide reading of actual usage, and that the Company shall provide such procedure, as modified from time to time, to Staff's Consumer Services and Energy Departments and Public Counsel. OPC states that it does not seek to micromanage Laclede's business. Do you agree with that assertion?
- A. Yes. However, Staff believes if it knows and understands the Company's procedures for determining when a gas meter has stopped or failed to register or provide reading of actual usage, then Staff can be more responsive and efficient in addressing consumer questions and complaints.

Q. Is it Staff's intent to simply be made aware of the procedures?

A. Yes. If Staff observes an issue of concern, I believe it becomes Staff's responsibility to discuss it with the Company. If Staff and the Company can not resolve that issue and if Staff found it detrimental to the consumer, Staff would be required to file a complaint case on that issue.

THIRD CONCERN

- Q. Ms. Meisenheimer's "third concern" is that the Company treats AMR failures as an equipment failure that requires more immediate maintenance or repair even though the meter may be in working order and the index reading available. She asserts this distinction places an additional burden on consumers to provide access in a much shorter timeframe. Do you agree with her assessment?
- A. Yes and no. I believe a malfunctioning AMR is equipment failure. However, I don't view this distinction as a burden on the consumer.
 - Q. Can you elaborate?
- A. Yes, I believe it would be in the consumer's best interest to determine as soon as possible the cause of meter reading failure, whether it be a meter that has stopped functioning or a stalled AMR that fails to transmit the read, or possibly both. I base this on my experience. It is better for the consumer to get the matter resolved in a timely fashion rather than to continue receiving estimated bills that may later result in a large catch-up bill that is more difficult to pay.
- Q. Ms. Meisenheimer states while the time may be a sufficient time for some customers it may not be for others, such as customer serving in the military, students on holiday breaks or customer that reside in other states. Do you agree?

1	A. No. I believe the proposed tariff language states that the customer should
2	contact the Company so that arrangements can be made to access the customer's premises.
3	[emphasis added] This does not necessarily mean the customer must provide access within 25
4	days as referred to by Ms. Meisenheimer. The proposed tariff also goes on to say that
5	thereafter, the Company will provide additional notice to the customer at least once for each
6	full billing period that the condition exists by mail, bill message, telephone message or hand
7	delivery.
8	Q. Do you have any other comments regarding this issue?
9	A. Yes, Ms. Meisenheimer also stated that approval of the proposed amended tariff
10	while these AMR issues remain increases the likelihood that customers will be unnecessarily
11	inconvenienced. This causes me concern.
12	Q. How so?
13	A. It appears that Ms. Meisenheimer is implying that mechanical equipment can
14	never fail, which in my opinion is illogical.
15	Q. Ms. Meisenheimer stated in her testimony that she reviewed customer
16	complaints received by your office and that there is evidence some customers might face
17	unwarranted disconnect notices under the tariff. Do you agree?
18	A. It is possible under a number of circumstances, not just under this tariff
19	provision.
20	Q. Can you explain why a customer might be faced with unwarranted disconnect
21	notices?
22	A. Yes. This is a situation that is not only an issue faced by Laclede Gas, it is faced
23	by most all utilities because they must follow the same procedure. To stop a system-generated

disconnect notice on an account, a utility must manually go into the account and enter a manual override to remove the account from the computer-generated queue that generates a disconnect notice. This manual function requires human intervention, not an automatic system function. Therefore, if a utility representative fails to override the queue of the computer billing system it will continue to generate a disconnect notice. Because this involves a manual process managed by a human, it is not flawless. In the case of Laclede with its approximately 646,271 active meters, there will be errors.

FIFTH CONCERN

- Q. In Ms. Meisenheimer's "fifth concern" she objects to a portion of Laclede's proposed tariff language that states, "the Company may discontinue service to the customer pursuant to Rule 14, Discontinuance of Service; provided that nothing herein shall be construed as requiring the Company to discontinue service within any specific period of time or as preventing the company from discontinuing service to a customer for any other lawful reason, including but not limited to, failure to grant the Company access for the purpose of installing a meter or a meter reading device, or for performing routine maintenance, or for non-payment of utility service." Ms. Meisenheimer states she believes this language is vague and that the issues are listed elsewhere in the company's existing tariff and should be rejected by the Commission because it is unnecessary. Do you agree with Ms. Meisenheimer?
- A. No, I believe the language adds clarity and would eliminate the mis-application of discontinuance of a consumer's service. Stating it is defined elsewhere in the tariff is fine. However, to eliminate any possible misinterpretation or application, it is beneficial to describe the actual provision for discontinuance within the context of the subject matter of the tariff.
 - Q. Why?

- A. Because the proposed tariff language addresses specifically stopped or failed-to-register meters, the language addressing discontinuance of service clearly defines the circumstances under which discontinuance could apply if a stopped or failed-to-register meter is involved. Such clarity eliminates broad or vague interpretation.
 - Q. Are there any other issues you would like to address?
- A. Ms. Meisenheimer's last point in her testimony addressed her belief that the amended tariff should be addressed in Laclede's next general rate case.
- Q. Do you agree with Ms. Meisenheimer's assessment and her reasoning why it should be addressed in the next general rate case?
- A. As stated previously, this issue was addressed in the GW-2007-0099 case whereby Laclede stated it was committed to developing tariff language for a procedure for identifying and resolving issues such as estimated bills following the installation of AMR due to stopped meters or non-registering AMRs. Laclede has done so. Therefore, for OPC to continue to drag this out when Laclede has addressed these matters in its proposed tariff, is unnecessary.
- Q. Ms. Meisenheimer points out that a significant portion of Laclede's past AMR failures were weather related, failing most often during winter months and that the Commission should reject this proposed tariff to gauge AMR performance. Do you agree?
- A. No. It appears that Ms. Meisenheimer is not up-to-date on Laclede's AMR project. Laclede's past AMR failures related to weather were resolved through the winter of 2007 and the summer months of 2008, with the Landis & Gry's replacement of all outside American Meters that had been equipped with a fifteen (15) year module. That was discussed with the Commission during its Agenda on September 11, 2007. However, as I have stated

1 previously, I do not understand Ms. Meisenheimer's intent. Is OPC's intent to address the 2 proposed tariff amendments regarding stopped or failed-to-register meters or is OPC addressing 3 Laclede's AMR project. If Ms. Meisenheimer is concerned with Laclede's AMR project she 4 should address that in a separate docket, not in this tariff docket. 5 In my opinion it would be wasteful of the Commission's time and resources to reject 6 this proposed amended tariff given the Commission had directed Staff or OPC in two previous 7 cases (GC-2006-0318 and GW-2007-0099), to file a complaint case should they believe that 8 Laclede has violated a Commission rule or their approved tariff. 9 Q. What is your recommendation regarding this proposed amended tariff? 10 I recommend approval either as written or with the proposed amendments A. 11 suggested above. 12 Q. Does this conclude your testimony? 13 A. Yes. 14 15 16

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Laclede Gas Company's Tariff Filing to Allow Estimated Billing Whenever an Automatic Meter Reader Fails to Send Readings of Actual Usage.) <u>Case No. GT-2008-0374</u>) Tariff No. YG-2008-0690		
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AFFIDAVIT OF CAROL GAY FRED

STATE OF MISSOURI)) ss
COUNTY OF COLE	Ć

Carol Gay Fred, of lawful age, on her oath states: that she has participated in the preparation of the following Surrebuttal Testimony in question and answer form, consisting of _15_ pages of Surrebuttal Testimony to be presented in the above case, that the answers in the following Surrebuttal Testimony were given by her; that she has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; and that such matters are true to the best of her knowledge and belief.

Carol Gay Fred
Carol Gay Fred

Subscribed and sworn to before me this _____ day of December, 2008.

Notary Public

n expires_

Luguet 25, 2012

CARLA K. SCHNIEDERS
Notary Public - Notary Seal
State of Missouri
Commissioned for Cole Count

Commissioned for Cole County
My Commission Expires: August 25, 2012
Commission Number: 08533187