BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of the Laclede Gas Company)	
Tariff Filing to Recover Bad Debt)	Case No.
Expenses Through the PGA and to Modify)	Tariff No. JG-2009-0033
Cold Weather Rule Provisions)	

MOTION TO SUSPEND TARIFF FILING AND REQUEST FOR AN EVIDENTIARY HEARING

COMES NOW the Missouri Office of the Public Counsel and for its Motion to Suspend Tariff Filing and Request for an Evidentiary Hearing states:

- 1. On July 9, 2008, Laclede Gas Company filed a proposal to amend its tariffs to make an unprecedented change to rates by passing a portion of Laclede's bad debt expense to its customers through periodic adjustments to the customer's purchased gas adjustment (PGA) rate, rather than in a rate case where bad debt amounts have always been included. The proposed tariff revision also seeks to change Laclede's tariff to state that the Commission's cold weather rule (CWR) payment provisions are available in advance of the winter heating season. The proposed tariff revision is attached and labeled "Attachment A." It bears an effective date of August 8, 2008 and was assigned tariff file number JG-2009-0033.
- 2. Public Counsel moves to suspend Tariff No. JG-2009-0033. Public Counsel opposes the proposal to include bad debt amounts in the PGA because such proposal would be harmful to consumers. Public Counsel opposes the proposal to change the CWR provisions because there is not sufficient information at this time to determine whether such change would be harmful or helpful to consumers. Public Counsel further requests that the Commission set this matter for an evidentiary hearing to allow the

parties to conduct discovery and to present evidence and argument regarding Laclede's proposed changes.

WHEREFORE, pursuant to Sections 386.710 and 393.140(11) RSMo 2000, the Missouri Office of the Public Counsel respectfully requests an Order from the Commission suspending Tariff Number JG-2009-0033 and directing the parties to propose a procedural schedule that includes dates for an evidentiary hearing.

Respectfully submitted,

OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC COUNSEL

By: /s/ Marc D. Poston

Marc D. Poston (#45722) Senior Public Counsel P. O. Box 2230 Jefferson City MO 65102 (573) 751-5558 (573) 751-5562 FAX marc.poston@ded.mo.gov

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that copies of the foregoing have been mailed, emailed or hand-delivered to the following this 17th day of July 2008:

General Counsel
Missouri Public Service Commission.
P. O. Box 360
Jefferson City, MO 65102
GenCounsel@psc.mo.gov

Michael Pendergast Laclede Gas Company 720 Olive Street, Rm. 1520 St. Louis, MO 63101 mpendergast@lacledegas.com

/s/ Marc Poston

LACLEDE GAS COMPANY

720 OLIVE STREET ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63101 (314) 342-0601

KENNETH J. NEISES EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT ENERGY & ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

July 9, 2008

VIA EFIS

Secretary Missouri Public Service Commission Governor Office Building 200 Madison Street Jefferson City, MO 65101

Dear Secretary:

Enclosed herewith for filing with the Missouri Public Service Commission are the following revised tariff sheets which are applicable to both divisions of Laclede Gas Company:

P.S.C. MO. No. 5 Consolidated Thirteenth Revised Sheet No. 21 Sixteenth Revised Sheet No. 22 Ninth Revised Sheet No. 23 First Revised Sheet No. R-36-c

These revised tariff sheets have an issue date of July 9, 2008 and an effective date of August 8, 2008. As discussed below, the primary purpose of these proposed tariff modifications is to enhance the ability of the Company and its customers to function more effectively in today's environment of increasingly volatile energy prices, including wholesale natural gas prices. To that end, the proposed tariff sheets seek to provide customers with additional tools to proactively address – sooner rather than later – the payment challenges posed by these volatile prices. At the same time, the proposed tariff sheets also seek to ensure that the amounts paid by the Company to acquire gas supplies in this increasing volatile marketplace (and, in the process, help its customers maintain utility service) will be more accurately measured and reflected in the rates the Company charges for utility service.

Early Implementation of Cold Weather Rule Provisions

Presently, the provisions of the Commission's Cold Weather Rule ("CWR"), including the provisions that allow customers to retain or restore service under payment plans that permit the customer to pay less than 100% of the customer's arrearages, only

apply during the winter period of November 1st through March 31st. The purpose of First Revised Sheet No. R-36-c is to make these payment provisions available to customers in advance of the winter heating period, commencing with the proposed effective date of August 8, 2008.

Laclede is proposing this modification for several reasons. First and foremost, it is Laclede's hope that customers will be encouraged to take advantage of these provisions in a manner that will allow them to retain or restore their utility service while simultaneously working down their arrearages during the remaining summer months. Given the likelihood that customers will face a higher price environment this coming winter due to increases in the wholesale price of gas, Laclede believes that this is a particularly appropriate time to provide its customers with such an opportunity. Moreover, Laclede believes that customers may have a more realistic chance of addressing their arrearage issues this summer if they are encouraged, consistent with the discussions at the Commission's recent roundtables on how to respond to gas prices, to levelize their entire energy bill.

Implementing the provisions of the Cold Weather Rule in advance of the winter heating season has also been endorsed by a representative of one of the main social service agencies participating in the Commission's Roundtables on how to respond to gas prices. The views of those who work most closely with the customers that are most affected by rising energy prices certainly warrant consideration, particularly where they are directed at proposals aimed at assisting customers in getting an early start on addressing the challenges they face.

Finally, making such opportunities available now will hopefully provide for a more orderly, convenient and efficient transition to the winter heating season for the Company and its customers alike. In the past, approaching cold weather and the onset of the Cold Weather Rule has led to a crush of customers seeking both energy assistance and restoration of service over very short periods of time. While there will undoubtedly be a similar rush of customers this year due to the timing of when energy assistance becomes available, early implementation of the Cold Weather Rule's payment provisions may help to mitigate at least somewhat the impact that these factors have on the resources available to the social service agencies as well as the Company.

PGA Modifications

A number of these factors, among others, also warrant the other tariff sheet revisions being proposed by the Company in connection with its Purchased Gas Adjustment ("PGA") clause. Since 1962, the PGA has been used by Laclede to pass through both increases and decreases in the costs the Company incurs to acquire the gas supplies and transportation services needed to serve its customers. Although it is commonly said that the PGA mechanism allows all prudently incurred gas costs to be recovered in the exact amounts that they were incurred, it does not in reality completely accomplish that goal. For example, when reconciling gas cost recoveries to actual gas costs, the existing Section C of Laclede's PGA does not take into account any of the gas

costs that have been incurred by the Company to serve customers who ultimately fail to pay their bills. In other words, even though such gas costs are identical in every respect to every other gas cost incurred by the Company – i.e. they consist of the same commodity, storage and transportation costs that make up the other gas cost items recovered through the PGA – they are nevertheless excluded from consideration in the PGA process solely because they have not been paid for by the customers who used the service.

In an effort to bridge this gap in gas cost recoveries, an estimated allowance for bad debt write-offs has traditionally been provided for in general rate case proceedings. However, because the amount of write-offs actually experienced by the Company almost invariably differ from this estimated allowance, the Company will typically end up recovering more or less than the actual level of gas costs it incurred to serve its customers. To eliminate this mismatch, the revised tariff sheets modify Section C so as to permit the Company to recover the difference between the gas cost portion of the Company's actual write-offs and the gas cost portion of write-offs that is currently being recovered through the Company's non-gas rates. Once again, consistent with the purpose and function of the PGA mechanism, this reconciliation and recovery feature would only apply to the gas cost portion of the Company's bad debt write-offs, and not the portion that is related to the Company distribution costs and return on investment.

Laclede strongly believes that this modification represents an appropriate and overdue enhancement to the PGA mechanism that is fully in keeping with the basic goals of that mechanism. Specifically, Laclede believes such an approach is in the public interest because:

- Recognition of the gas cost component of the Company's write-offs as an item to
 be reconciled in the PGA is consistent with the way other under or overrecoveries of gas cost expense are corrected for to account for the inevitable
 differences that arise when projected gas prices, usage levels and other factors
 used to establish rates vary from actual experience differences that only grow
 more problematic as prices become more volatile;
- Recognition of the gas cost component of this item in the PGA furthers previous
 efforts by the Commission Staff and others to distinguish between the Company's
 gas and non-gas costs, including previous efforts to reflect all gas costs in the
 Company's PGA tariffs and all non-gas costs in the Company's base tariffs and to
 advise customers of how much of their bills for utility service consist of gas costs;
- The true-up proposed by the Company is entirely consistent with the proposition that, in fairness both to the Company's customers and shareholders, the PGA should be designed to permit the recovery of such gas costs in the amounts by which they are actually incurred and paid by Laclede to its suppliers, no more and no less;

- Bad debt write-offs, which are predominantly comprised of charges for the recovery of gas costs, are affected by the same volatile market and weather forces that cause gas costs in general to fluctuate widely over short periods of time. In addition, such write-offs are also significantly affected by other factors beyond the Company's control, including regulatory measures that are designed to assist customers in maintaining service. In view of these considerations, inclusion of such costs in a reconciling mechanism like the PGA where both the Company and the customer are kept whole for the gas cost effects of such factors is particularly appropriate;
- By only providing for recovery of the gas cost component of bad debt write-offs, the Company's proposal ensures that Laclede will continue to have a strong incentive to pursue reasonable collection efforts since it will remain at risk for approximately 1/4 of any increase in bad debt write-offs and will be able to retain about 1/4 of any decrease in such write-offs, notwithstanding that such increases or decreases or heavily dependent on gas costs;
- Numerous commissions in other states have come to recognize the public policy merits of including the gas cost component of bad debt write-offs in the PGA mechanism. Laclede submits that the same considerations warrant the adoption of a similar approach in Missouri.

In the interest of making minimal changes to Laclede's tariff, the Company has designed its PGA proposal in such a way that no adjustment is required to the Company's base, non-gas distribution rates since the Company currently has no pending general rate case proceeding. Furthermore, since any rate change will be derived as a result of an Actual Cost Adjustment—type reconciliation, there will be no immediate rate impact on customers.

Sincerely, Kenneth J. Nesses / j.j.

Enclosures

cc: Office of the Public Counsel

P.S.C. MO. No. 5 Consolidated, Thirteenth Revised Sheet No. 21 CANCELLING P.S.C. MO. No. 5 Consolidated, Twelfth Revised Sheet No. 21

Laclede Gas Company	For	Refer to Sheet No. 1			
Name of Issuing Corporation or Municipality		Community, Town or City			
SCHEDIII E OF RATES					

C. Deferred Purchased Gas Cost Accounts (Continued)

- 1. Such excess or deficiency in total gas cost recovery, for each sales classification (firm other than LVTSS and VF, LVTSS, VF and seasonal and interruptible) and for each transportation classification (firm and basic) shall be determined by a monthly comparison of the actual cost of gas, net of storage injections and withdrawals, as shown on the Company's books and records, for each revenue month to the gas cost revenues recovered for such revenue month. The actual cost of gas shall be reduced for any refunds received from the Company's suppliers in connection with gas supply, transportation and storage services. Such refunds shall remain a liability of the Company to be distributed to customers with interest.
- 2. Each component of actual gas cost shall be allocated to the sales and transportation classifications in accordance with the CPGA components described in Paragraph 2 of Section A above relating to each component and based on the volumes sold and/or transported to the applicable customer classification during the twelve month period ending with the September revenue month. The actual costs of propane peak shaving supplies and penalties will be allocated solely to firm sales customers, including LVTSS and VF customers.
- 3. The amount of gas cost revenues recovered each month for the sales classes shall be the product of the actual therm sales of each sales class and the gas cost revenue recovery components for such sales class, minus the net write-offs adjustment described below. Such revenue recovery component shall be equal to the CPGA applicable to such sales class.
- 4. The net write-offs adjustment shall be derived by subtracting one-twelfth of the gas cost portion of the annual net write-offs recovered through the Company's non-gas rates from the gas cost portion of the Company's actual net write-offs in each month. The gas cost portion of the Company's annual net write-offs recovered through the Company's non-gas rates shall be determined in the Company's most recent general rate case. For purposes of application of this paragraph after the resolution of Case No. GR-2007-0208 and after the effective date of this tariff sheet, the gas cost portion of the Company's annual net write-offs recovered through the Company's non-gas rates shall be \$8,100,000. The gas cost portion of the Company's actual net write-offs in each month shall be determined by multiplying such net write-offs by the percentage of gas cost revenues to total revenues for all sales customers for the period to which the write-offs apply.

DATE OF ISSUE	. ,	July 9, 2008		ECTIVE	August 8, 2008		
	Month Day	Year		******	Month Day	Year	
ISSUED BY	K.J. Neises,	Executive Vice Pre	esident, 7	20 Olive St.	., St. Lou	iis, MO 63	101
	Name of Officer	T:41-			Λ -l -l	/	WWAINWAIWYY

P.S.C. MO. No. 5 Consolidated, Sixteenth Revised Sheet No. 22 CANCELLING P.S.C. MO. No. 5 Consolidated, Fifteenth Revised Sheet No. 22

Laclede Gas Company	For Refer to Sheet No. 1
Name of Issuing Corporation or Municipality	Community, Town or City
SCHEDL	ULE OF RATES
C. <u>Deferred Purchased Gas Cost Accounts (</u>	(Continued)
shall be the product of the actual ther. Charges," where applicable, specified and Sales Service tariff. 6. Each month, carrying costs, at a simp rate (as published in The Wall Street minus two percentage points, shall be ending monthly ACA accounts, inclu received from the Company in connectorage services. In addition, carrying and ending balance of the cumulative the Company's use of financial instruflowed through to customers through	overed each month for the transportation classes rms transported and the "Additional Transportation d in the Company's Large Volume Transportation ple rate of interest equal to the prime bank lending Journal on the first business day of such month), e applied to the Company's average beginning and ading the balance of any undistributed refunds ection with natural gas supply, transportation and ag costs shall be applied to the average beginning e payments made and/or received in connection with uments as adjusted for hedging gains and/or losses a paragraph 6 below. In no event shall the carrying ading interest income and expense amounts shall be or the ACA deferral period.
DATE OF ISSUE July 9, 2008	DATE EFFECTIVE August 8, 2008
Month Day Year ISSUED BY K. J. Neises, Executive Vice Pre	Month Day Year esident, 720 Olive St., St. Louis, MO 63101

Name of Officer

Title

Address

P.S.C. MO. No. 5 Consolidated, Ninth Revised Sheet No. 23 CANCELLING P.S.C. MO. No. 5 Consolidated, Eighth Revised Sheet No. 23

Laclede Gas Company Name of Issuing Corporation or Municipality	For	Refer to Sheet No. 1 Community, Town or City

SCHEDULE OF RATES

C. Deferred Purchased Gas Cost Accounts (Continued)

For each twelve-month period ending with the September revenue month, the differences of the comparisons described above including, any carrying costs where applicable, and any balance or credit for the previous year shall be accumulated to produce a cumulative balance of excess or deficiency of gas cost revenue recovery. "Actual Cost Adjustment" (ACA) factors, which shall be included in the Company's November PGA filing, as such filing is described in Section E.1, shall be computed by dividing such balances by the applicable estimated sales or transportation volumes during the subsequent twelve-month ended October period for each of the respective sales and transportation classes. Such ACA factors shall remain in effect until superseded by revised ACA factors in the next scheduled November PGA filing. All actual ACA revenue recovered shall be debited or credited to the balance of the ACA account as appropriate and any remaining balance shall be reflected in the subsequent ACA computations. Beginning with the Company's ACA factors that become effective in November 2007, the Company shall include in the derivation of those factors that apply to firm sales and firm transportation customers a one-time credit of the amounts owed to customers through September 30, 2007 pursuant to the sharing mechanism set forth in paragraph 11 of the Stipulation and Agreement in Case No. GR-2005-0284, which amounts are recorded in a separate Deferred Purchased Gas Cost account.

Credits attributable to off-system sales margins are to be allocated to firm sales and firm transportation customers based upon the actual allocation of gas supply demand charges and capacity reservation charges to those classes during the October 1, 2005 through September 30, 2007 period during which the credits were accrued. Credits attributable to capacity release are to be allocated to firm sales and firm transportation customers based upon actual allocation of capacity reservation charges to those classes during the same period during which the credits were accrued. In addition, beginning with the Company's ACA factors that become effective in November 2008, such ACA factors shall reflect the differences between the actual amounts owed to customers pursuant to paragraph 17of the Stipulation and Agreement in Case No. GR-2007-0208 and Section H hereof, and the amounts actually flowed-through to customers through the CPGA. Any difference, negative or positive, shall be allocated to customer classes in accordance with Section H.

DATE OF ISSUE	ATE OF ISSUE July 9, 2008		FECTIVE August 8	3, 2008	2008	
	Month Day	Year	Month	Day Year		
ISSUED BY	K.J. Neises,	Executive Vice President,	720 Olive St.,	St. Louis, MO 63101		
	Name of Officer	Title	Addres	Attachment A		

P.S.C. MO. No. 5 Consolidated, First Revised Sheet No. R-36-c CANCELLING P.S.C. MO. No. 5 Consolidated, Original Sheet No. R-36-c

Laclede Gas Company	For	Refer to Sheet No. R-1
Name of Issuing Corporation or Municipality		Community, Town or City

RULES AND REGULATIONS

- 27. Cold Weather Maintenance of Service (Continued):
- (14) The provisions of sections (1) through (13) of this rule continue to apply except where inconsistent with the terms of this section.
 - (A) Each year from November 1 through March 31, and from August 8, 2008 through October 31, 2008, notwithstanding paragraph (10)(C) 2. of this rule to the contrary, the Company shall restore service upon initial payment of the lesser of fifty percent (50%) or \$500 of the preexisting arrears, with the deferred balance to be paid as provided in subsection (10) (B). Any reconnection fee, trip fee, collection fee or other fee related to reconnection, disconnection or collection shall also be deferred. Each year between November 1 and March 31, and from August 7, 2008 through October 31, 2008, any customer threatened with disconnection may retain service by entering into a payment plan as described in this section. Any payment plan entered into under this section shall remain in effect (as long as its terms are adhered to) for the term of the payment plan, which shall be twelve months in duration, unless the customer requests a shorter period or the Company agrees to a longer period. However, the Company shall not be required to offer reconnection or retention of service under this subsection (14)(A) more than once every two years for any customer or to any customer who has defaulted on a payment plan under this section three or more times.
 - (B) Any customer who is not disconnected or in receipt of a disconnect notice shall, at the customer's request, be permitted to enroll immediately in the Company's Budget Billing Plan. Any current bill or existing arrearage at the time of enrollment shall be dealt with consistent with Section 10(B)(1) through 10(B)(4) of this rule, provided that the customer agrees to make the initial payment prescribed in Section 10(C)(1) or Section 14(A) as applicable.
 - (C) If a customer enters into a cold weather rule payment plan under this section :
 - a.) Late payment charges shall not be assessed except with respect to failure to make timely payments under the payment plan; and
 - b.) The Company shall not charge customers interest on the account balance for any deferral period.

DATE OF ISSUE	July 9, 200 Month Day	8 Year	DATE EFFECTIVE	Augu Month	ust 8, 2 Day	2008 Year
ISSUED BY	K.J. Neises,	Executive Vice Pr	esident 720 O	live St.,	St.	Louis, MO 63101 Attachment A

Name of Officer Title Address