

APPENDIX COLLOCATION

- 1.0** SBC MISSOURI will provide caged, shared caged, common caged, cageless, and other physical collocation arrangements within its Eligible Structures, and where space is Legitimately Exhausted inside an Eligible Structure, SBC MISSOURI will provide adjacent space for on-site collocation, and interconnection facilities to access unbundled network elements through adjacent off-site collocation, for physical collocation as set forth in Section 2 of the Missouri Local Access Tariff entitled "Physical Collocation."
- 2.0** In addition, SBC MISSOURI will provide virtual collocation wherein SBC MISSOURI maintains and repairs the collocation equipment consistent with the terms of Section 3 of the Missouri Local Access Tariff entitled "Virtual Collocation." In CEVs, huts and cabinets where physical collocation space is not available, the Collocator may opt for virtual collocation where the Collocator maintains and repairs the virtually collocated equipment consistent with the terms of the Missouri Local Access Tariff. SBC MISSOURI may, at its option, elect to offer this maintenance alternative in one or more of its central offices, and in one or more of its CEVs, huts and cabinets where physical collocation space is available consistent with the terms of the Missouri Local Access Tariff.
- 3.0** CLEC shall be permitted, at its option, to place its own BDFB in its physical collocation space; however, SBC may reject such installation if the structural integrity of the collocated space is jeopardized.

4.0 TRACKING AND BILLING CLEC'S POWER USAGE

- 4.1** CLEC represents and warrants that it at no time will draw more than 50% of the combined total capacity of the DC power leads (in amperes or "AMPs") provided by SBC OKLAHOMA for a collocation arrangement (the combined total capacity being the aggregate capacity of both leads for that collocation arrangement, including all "A" AMPs and all "B" AMPs). Based upon CLEC's representation and warranty, SBC shall bill CLEC for DC collocation power consumption and HVAC as follows:
- (a) For DC collocation power consumption, a monthly recurring rate of \$10.61 per AMP applied to fifty percent (50%) of the total capacity ordered and provisioned per the collocation application, and
 - (b) For HVAC, a monthly recurring rate of \$14.62 per 10 AMPs, applied to fifty percent (50%) of the total provided capacity.

By way of example, where SBC MISSOURI has provisioned two (2) twenty (20) AMP DC power leads [for a combined total capacity of forty (40) AMPs], SBC shall bill the CLEC the monthly recurring DC Power Consumption charge of \$10.61 per AMP for a total of twenty (20) AMPs (i.e., \$212.20 per month), and SBC MISSOURI shall bill CLEC the monthly recurring HVAC charge of \$14.621 per-each-ten (10) AMPs applied against twenty (20) AMPs (i.e., \$29.24 per month).

- 4.1.1** SBC MISSOURI has the right to periodically inspect and/or, using non-intrusive methods, to test the amount of DC power CLEC actually draws. In the event CLEC is found to have breached the representation and warranty set forth in paragraph 4.1, the Parties shall resolve the issue using the dispute resolution procedures applicable to this Agreement.

5.0 COMPLETE SPACE DISCONTINUANCE, SPACE REASSIGNMENT, POWER REDUCTION AND INTERCONNECTION TERMINATION REDUCTION

5.1 Complete Space Discontinuance

The Collocator may discontinue an existing Physical Collocation Arrangement which may include equipment, equipment bays, interconnection facilities (e.g., power, timing, grounding and interconnection cabling) and Collocator infrastructure installed within its Physical Collocation space. The Collocator is required to provide a complete and accurate Physical Collocation Application requesting to discontinue its existing Physical

Collocation Arrangement. The Collocator must complete the following activities within thirty (30) calendar days from the day the Physical Collocation application was submitted

- (A) Remove Collocator's equipment bays (relay racks) from the Physical Collocation space, using a Company approved Tier 1 or Tier 2 vendor.
- (B) Remove Collocator's equipment from the Physical Collocation space, using a Company approved Tier 1 or Tier 2 vendor;
- (C) Remove terminations at both ends of cable (e.g. power, timing, grounding, and interconnection) and cut cables up to the Company rack level. Collocator must use a Company approved Tier 1 vendor for this procedure and that vendor must follow TP76300 guidelines for cutting and capping the cable at the rack level.
- (D) Remove Collocator's entrance cable between the Physical Collocation Arrangement and the first manhole in accordance with the provisions of section 5.1.5, using a Company approved Tier 1 vendor;
- (E) Remove Collocator's miscellaneous items from within the Physical Collocation space, using an SBC approved Tier 1 or Tier 2 vendor.

5.1.1 For complete space discontinuance, Collocator will not be responsible for repairing floor tile damaged during removal of relay racks and equipment, nor will Collocator be responsible for cable mining (removal). Instead the company will perform those tasks. Collocator will pay for those tasks, , through rate elements listed in 5.5.1

5.1.2 If the Collocator fails to complete the items identified in 5.1 within thirty (30) calendar days after discontinuance or termination of the physical collocation arrangement, the Company may complete those items and charge the Collocator for any and all claims, expenses, fees or other costs associated with any such completion by SBC, including any materials used and the time spent at the hourly rate for custom work. This work will be performed at the Collocator's risk and expense, and the Collocator will hold the Company harmless from the failure to return any equipment, property or other items.

5.1.3 When discontinuance of the Physical Collocation Arrangement involves the removal of fiber entrance cable, the Collocator's Company approved Tier 1 vendor is only responsible for physically removing entrance cables housed in conduits or inner-ducts and may do so only after the Company confirms that such removal can be accomplished without damaging or endangering other cables contained in a common duct or other equipment residing in the Central Office.

5.2 Space Reassignment

In lieu of submitting an application to discontinue a Physical Collocation Arrangement per section 5.1, the Collocator ("Exiting CLEC") may reassign the Physical Collocation Arrangement to another CLEC ("CLEC Assignee") subject to certain terms and conditions outlined below. Any such reassignment of the Physical Collocation Arrangement may not occur without the written consent of the Company. In order to request consent to assign a Physical Collocation Arrangement, either the CLEC Assignee or Exiting CLEC may submit a Collocation Application on behalf of both the Exiting CLEC and CLEC Assignee, Space Reassignment shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

5.2.1 CLEC Assignee must, as of the date of submission of the Physical Collocation Application, have an approved ICA.

5.2.2 Exiting CLEC will be liable to pay all nonrecurring and monthly recurring collocation charges on the Physical Collocation Arrangement to be reassigned until the date the Company turns over the Physical Collocation Arrangement to the CLEC Assignee. Any disputed charges shall be subject to the dispute resolution provisions herein. The Company's obligation to turn over the Physical

Collocation Arrangement shall not arise until all undisputed charges are paid. CLEC Assignee's obligation to pay monthly recurring charges for a Physical Collocation Arrangement will begin on the date the Company makes available the Physical Collocation Arrangement to the CLEC Assignee.

- 5.2.3 An Exiting CLEC may not reassign Physical Collocation space in a central office where a waiting list exists for Physical Collocation space, unless all CLECs on the waiting list above the CLEC Assignee decline their position. This prohibition does not apply in the case of an acquisition, merger or complete purchase of the Exiting CLEC's assets.
- 5.2.4 CLEC Assignee will defend and indemnify the Company from any losses, costs (including court costs), claims, damages (including fines, penalties, and criminal or civil judgments and settlements), injuries, liabilities and expenses (including attorneys' fees) if any other person, entity or regulatory authority challenges the reassignment of any Physical Collocation Arrangement(s) or otherwise claims a right to the space subject to the reassignment;
- 5.2.5 CLEC Assignee or the Exiting CLEC shall submit one (1) complete and accurate application for each Physical Collocation Arrangement. By submitting an application for a Physical Collocation Arrangement, CLEC Assignee represents warrants and agrees that it has obtained an executed sale or lease agreement for and holds proper title to all non-Company equipment and other items in or otherwise associated with each Physical Collocation Arrangement. CLEC Assignee further agrees to indemnify and hold the Company harmless from any third-party claims involving allegations that CLEC Assignee does not hold proper title to such non-Company equipment and other items.
- 5.2.6 The Company will respond to the Physical Collocation Application within ten (10) calendar days of submission of the completed application, including provision of a price quote. CLEC Assignee must pay 100% of all non-recurring charges in the price quote before the Company begins to convert the Physical Collocation Arrangement being reassigned. Once CLEC Assignee has paid 100% of all such non-recurring charges, the Company shall finish the work to convert the space within thirty (30) calendar days. The Company and CLEC Assignee will coordinate all conversion work to insure that the end user customers of CLEC Assignee do not suffer disruptions of service.
- 5.2.7 CLEC Assignee may submit a security application for access to a Physical Collocation Arrangement simultaneously with the Physical Collocation Application. If a completed security application is provided at the time the Collocation Application is filed, the security cards will be made available at the time that the collocation space is turned over. If the security application is not provided at the time that the Collocation Application is filed, then CLEC Assignee may submit a security application for access at any time and the terms and conditions as provided in this Agreement will apply. In no event will the security cards be provided to the CLEC Assignee before the assigned space is turned over.
- 5.2.8 CLEC Assignee assumes each Physical Collocation Arrangement "as is" which means that the Company will make no changes to the Physical Collocation Arrangement, including no changes to power, interconnection and entrance facilities. Any modifications to such Physical Collocation Arrangement by CLEC Assignee must be submitted via a separate augment application (or as otherwise provided by the applicable ICA).
- 5.2.9 This section 5.2 does not affect any obligations arising outside of this Agreement.

5.3 Power Reduction

- 5.3.1 The Collocator may request to decrease the amount of existing power available to a Physical Collocation Arrangement. This can be done either by disconnecting and removing a power cable feed or by fusing down the amperage on a power cable feed. If the Collocator desires to disconnect a power arrangement (A&B feed), the Collocator will be responsible for paying the costs to remove the A&B power cable feeds that make up the power arrangement. If the Collocator desires to reduce the amperage on a power cable feed, the Collocator will be responsible for paying the costs necessary to change the fuse that serves the A&B feeds at the Company power source. In either case, the Collocator must maintain a minimum amount of power on at least one power arrangement (A&B feed) to service their Physical Collocation Arrangement when submitting their power reduction request. The Collocator shall submit an augment application in order to process this request.
- 5.3.2 If the Collocator desires to only reduce the fuse capacity on an existing power arrangement (A&B feed) rather than disconnect and remove cable to an existing power arrangement, they may only reduce the fuse size to the lowest power amp increment offered in this Agreement. Different minimum amp increments apply for power arrangements fed from either a Company BDFB or a Company Power Plant. When the Collocator is requesting to reduce the fuse capacity only, the fees referenced in section 5.5.3 will apply. When the Collocator has only one power arrangement (A&B feed) serving their Physical Collocation Arrangement, a fuse reduction is the only power reduction option available to the Collocator.
- 5.3.3 When a power reduction request involves a fuse change only on a power arrangement serviced from the Company BDFB (i.e. power arrangements consisting of a 50 amp A feed and a 50 amp B feed and below) the Collocator must hire a Company approved power vendor to coordinate fuse changes at the Company BDFB. Applicable fees referenced in section 5.5.4 will still apply. When a power reduction request involves a fuse change on a power arrangement serviced from the Company Power Plant (i.e. power arrangements consisting of a 100 amp A feed and a 100 amp B feed and above), the Company shall coordinate the fuse changes at the Company Power Plant.
- 5.3.4 When a power reduction request requires disconnecting and removing a power cable feed from either the Company's BDFB or Power Plant, the Company will perform the power cable removal work above the rack level (cable mining). Applicable fees referenced in section 5.5.3 will apply. Within 30 days after submitting its power reduction request to disconnect and remove a power arrangement, the Collocator must perform the following activity.
- (A) Remove terminations at both ends of the power cable feed and cut cables up to the Company rack level. Collocator must use a Company approved Tier 1 vendor for this procedure and that vendor must follow TP76300 guidelines for cutting and capping the cable at the rack level.
- 5.3.5 When the Collocator has multiple power arrangement serving a Physical Collocation Arrangement (i.e., one power arrangement consisting of 50 amps on the A feed and 50 amps on the B feed and a second power arrangement consisting of 20 amps on the A feed and 20 amps on the B feed), the Collocator has the option of either fusing down the 50 amp power arrangement (A&B feed) or disconnecting and removing the power cable feed from the 50 amp power arrangement (A&B feed). If the Collocator chooses to disconnect and remove the power cable feed from a power arrangement (A&B feed), then the charges referenced in section 5.5.3 will apply. If the Collocator has multiple power arrangements (A&B feed) where they can request both a fuse reduction and a power cable removal for one Physical Collocation Arrangement [i.e. reduce one power arrangement from 50 amps (A&B feed) to 20 amps (A&B feed) and remove the power cable from a second power arrangement from 50 amps (A&B feed) to 0 amps (A&B feed)], then the project management fee for power cable removal referenced in section 5.5.3 will apply in addition to the individual

charges referenced in either section 5.5.3, or 5.5.4 associated with the overall power reduction request.

- 5.3.6 For any power reduction request (one which involves either a disconnect and removal, refusing only, or a combination of the two), the Collocator must submit an augment application for this request along with the appropriate application and project management fees referenced in section 5.5. The same augment intervals that are outlined in this Agreement for adding power will apply to power reduction requests.

5.4 Interconnection Termination Reduction

- 5.4.1 The Collocator may request a reduction of the existing amount of interconnection terminations that service a Physical Collocation Arrangement. The Collocator shall submit an augment application in order to process this request. The Collocator must maintain at least one minimum interconnection arrangement increment. The same augment intervals that are outlined in this Agreement for adding interconnection terminations will apply to interconnection termination reductions.

- 5.4.2 Interconnection termination reduction requests will always require the disconnection and removal of interconnection cable. The Company will perform the interconnection cable removal work above the rack level (cable mining). Applicable fees referenced in section 5.5.5 will apply,. Within thirty (30) days after submitting its interconnection termination reduction request to disconnect and remove an interconnection arrangement from its Physical Collocation Arrangement, the Collocator must perform the following activity.

- (A) Remove terminations at both ends of the interconnection cable and cut cables up to the Company rack level. Collocator must use a Company approved Tier 1 vendor for this procedure and that vendor must follow TP76300 guidelines for cutting and capping the cable at the rack level.

5.5 Rate Element Descriptions

5.5.1 Rate Element Descriptions for Complete Space Discontinuance

- A. Application Fee – The charge assessed by the Company to process the Collocator's application for Physical Collocation Arrangements.
- B. Project Management Fee – None
- C. Remove Fiber Jumpers – Remove four fiber jumpers from the Fiber Troughing Duct.
- D. Remove Fiber Cables – Remove fiber cable sheaths (1-216 fibers) on dedicated fiber racking. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, waxed cable cord/twine, gray paint for removing plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- E. Remove VF/DSO Cable – Remove cable sheaths totaling 100 pairs and each 100 pair connecting block from the MDF or IDF. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, heat shrink wrap, waxed cable cord/twine, gray paint for removing stenciling on frame, fire stop material, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering order, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.

- F. Remove DS1 Cable – Remove two sheaths, on transmit and one receive, comprising of a total of 28 DS1 circuits to an existing DSX1 panel. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, heat shrink wrap, waxed cable cord/twine, blank labels for DSX shelf, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering job order, yellow job wallet, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- G. Remove DS3 Cable (Coax) – Remove two coax cables per DS3 circuit to an existing DSX3 panel. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, heat shrink wrap, waxed cable cord/twine, fire stop material, blank labels for DSX shelf, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering order, yellow job wallet, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- H. Remove Timing Cable – Remove a single timing lead (P7 wire). Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, CO timing book sheet, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering order, yellow job wallet, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- I. Remove Power Cable – Distribution from the Company BDFB (60 amp A feed and 60 amp B feed & below power arrangements) – Remove 4 power cables, including fuses and fuse panel. Removal activity also requires all costs associated with the power cable removal, packing and shipping, removing stenciling from BDFB, and updating documents as required.
- J. Remove Power Cable – Distribution from the Company Power Board (100 amp A feed and 100 amp B feed & above) – Remove 750 MCM cable (4 runs @ 180 feet), and remove and junk fuses and power panel. Removal activity also requires cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, heat shrink wrap, waxed cable cord/twine, gray paint for removing stenciling on Power Board, fire stop material, blank labels for BDFB, yellow job wallet, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering order, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- K. Remove Cage Grounding Material – Remove collocation cage grounding lead and ground bar. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, heat shrink wrap, waxed cable cord/twine, yellow job wallet, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering order, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- L. Remove Fiber Entrance Cable – Remove fiber entrance cable from 1st manhole closest to the Central Office through cable vault to its endpoint termination in the collocation space (average 300' of cable). Removal activity also requires infrastructure maps and records, engineering work order, pump/ventilate manhole, safety inspection and removal of safety hazards, fire stops, and mechanized cable pulling tools.
- M. Restore Floor Tile - Standard Bay - Remove floor tile & Drive Anchors Flush with Floor Slab, install 547 Floor Patch, apply floor adhesive, and install Vinyl Composite Floor Tile (VCT). Clean & Wax Floor Tile, abatement of asbestos containing Floor Tile, and Air Monitoring for Abatement.
- N. Restore Floor Tile – Non-Standard Bay - Remove floor tile & Drive Anchors Flush with Floor Slab, install 547 Floor Patch, apply floor adhesive, and install Vinyl Composite Floor

Tile (VCT). Clean & Wax Floor Tile, abatement of asbestos containing Floor Tile, and Air Monitoring for Abatement.

5.5.2 Rate Element Descriptions for Space Reassignment

- A. Application Fee – The charge assessed by the Company to process the Collocator's application for Physical Collocation Arrangements.
- B. Project Management Fee – Space Reassignment/Restenciling - This fee applies to Space Reassignment request when a "CLEC Assignee" chooses to assign the rights to a Physical Collocation Arrangement from an "Exiting CLEC." The charge reflects the Company's labor costs to project manage the changes/removals and update Central Office inventory/provisioning records, stenciling, floor plans, and DC power records associated with serving the Physical Collocation Arrangement.
- C. Restencil DS0/DSL Block – The charge to remove/change stenciling on MDF or IDF per 100 pair blocks.
- D. Restencil DS1 Block– The charge to remove/change stenciling on DSX1 panel per 28 DS1s.
- E. Restencil DS3 Block – The charge to remove/change stenciling on DSX3 panel per DS3.
- F. Restencil Fiber Cable Block - The charge to remove/change stenciling on FDF per 12 pair cable.
- G. Restencil Fiber Jumper Block - The charge to remove/change stenciling on FDF per 4 fiber jumpers.
- H. Restencil Power – The charge to remove/change stenciling on power source and tag power cables per 1-4 fuses.
- I. Restencil Timing – The charge to remove/change stenciling on timing source and tag timing cables per two cable feeds.
- J. Timing Record Book Update – The charge to update timing records when changes/removals occur.
- K. Interconnection Records Update – The charge to update interconnection records when changes/removals occur.
- L. Power Records Update – The charge to update power records when changes/removals occur.
- M. Vendor Engineering – The labor costs for the Company Vendor to write the specifications to perform the restenciling job including travel time and site visit.

5.5.3 Rate Element Descriptions for Power Reduction (cable removal)

- A. Application Fee – The charge assessed by the Company to process the Collocator's application for Physical Collocation Arrangements.

- B. Project Management Fee – Power Reduction (cable removal) - None
- C. Remove Power Cable – Distribution from the Company BDFB (50 amp A feed and 50 amp B feed and below power arrangements) – Remove 4 power cables, including fuses and fuse panel. Removal activity also requires all costs associated with the power cable removal, packing and shipping, removing stenciling from BDFB, and updating documents as required.
- D. Remove Power Cable – Distribution from the Company Power Board (100 amp A feed and 100 amp B feed and above) – Remove 4 power cables, including fuses and fuse panel. Removal activity also requires all costs associated with the power cable removal, packing and shipping, removing stenciling from Power Board, and updating documents as required.

5.5.4 Rate Element Descriptions for Power Reduction (refusing only)

- A. Application Fee – The charge assessed by the Company to process the Collocator's application for Physical Collocation Arrangements.
- B. Project Management Fee – Power Re-Fusing Only at the Company BDFB (50 amp A feed and 50 amp B feed & below power arrangements) – None
- C. Project Management Fee – Power Re-Fusing Only at the Company Power Board (100 amp A feed and 100 amp B feed & above power arrangements) – None
- D. Power Fuse Reductions on the Company BDFB (50 amp A feed and 50 amp B feed & below power arrangements) – The charge for the Company to tag cables and update Central Office power records associated with the fuse change on the Company BDFB per 1-4 fuses. This fee applies when the Collocator performs the fuse change at the BDFB.
- E. Power Fuse Reductions on the Company Power Board (100 amp A feed and 100 amp B feed & above power arrangements) - The charge for the Company to change the fuse at the Company power board, tag cables and update Central Office power records associated with fuse change on the Company Power Board per 1-4 fuses.

5.5.7 Rate Element Descriptions for Interconnection Termination Reduction

- A. Application Fee – The charge assessed by the Company to process the Collocator's application for Physical Collocation Arrangements.
- B. Project Management Fee – Interconnection Termination Reduction – The charge reflects the Company's labor costs to project manage the removal of the interconnection cabling and update the interconnection block stenciling, Central Office and inventory/provisioning records associated with serving the Physical Collocation Arrangement.
- C. Remove VF/DS0 Cable – Remove cable sheaths totaling 100 pairs and each 100 pair connecting block from the Company Main Distribution Frame to the Physical Collocation Arrangement.
- D. Remove DS1 Cable – Remove two sheaths, on transmit and one receive, comprising of a total of 28 DS1 circuits to an existing DSX1 panel. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, heat shrink wrap, waxed cable cord/twine, blank labels for DSX shelf, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering job

order, yellow job wallet, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.

- E. Remove DS3 Cable (Coax) – Remove two coax cables per DS3 circuit to an existing DSX3 panel. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, heat shrink wrap, waxed cable cord/twine, fire stop material, blank labels for DSX shelf, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering order, yellow job wallet, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- F. Remove Fiber Cables – Remove fiber cable sheaths (1-216 fibers) on dedicated fiber racking. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, waxed cable cord/twine, gray paint for removing plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- G. Remove Fiber Jumpers - Remove four fiber jumpers from the Fiber Troughing Duct.

Note 1 for Material: Cable scrap boxes are designed for cable cut into 3 foot lengths. This box is capable of handling 1000 pounds of weight, supporting forklift forks or floor jack lifts, moisture resistant, puncture resistant, and designed to be loaded into railroad cars for shipping.

6.0 COMPLETE SPACE DISCONTINUANCE, SPACE REASSIGNMENT, POWER REDUCTION AND INTERCONNECTION TERMINATION REDUCTION

This section provides rates, terms and conditions for Complete Space Discontinuance, Space Reassignment, Power Reduction and Interconnection Termination Reduction for Virtual Collocation.

6.1 Complete Space Discontinuance

The Collocator may discontinue an existing Virtual Collocation which may include bay space and interconnection facilities (e.g. power, timing, grounding, and interconnection) terminating in the Virtual Collocation Arrangement. The Collocator is required to provide a complete and accurate Virtual Collocation Application requesting to discontinue the Virtual Collocation Arrangement. The Collocator must complete the following activities within thirty (30) calendar days from the day the Virtual Collocation application was submitted:

- (A) Remove Collocator's equipment from the Virtual Collocation Arrangement using a Company approved Tier 1 or Tier 2 vendor.
- (B) Remove terminations at both ends of cable (e.g., power, timing, grounding, and interconnection) and cut cables up to the Company rack level. Collocator must use a Company approved Tier 1 vendor for this procedure and that vendor must follow TP76300 guidelines for cutting and capping the cable at the rack level.
- (C) Remove Collocator's entrance cable between the Virtual Collocation Arrangement and the first manhole in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement.
- (D) Remove Collocator's miscellaneous items from the Virtual Collocation Arrangement, using a Company approved Tier 1 or Tier 2 vendor.

- 6.1.1 For complete space discontinuance of a Virtual Collocation Arrangement, the Collocator will not be responsible for cable mining (removal). Instead the Company will perform those tasks. Collocator will pay for those tasks through rate elements listed in 6.5.1
- 6.1.2 If the Collocator fails to complete the items identified in 6.1 within thirty (30) calendar days after discontinuance of termination of the Virtual Collocation Arrangement, the Company may complete those items and charge the Collocator for any and all claims, expenses, fees or other costs associated with any such completion by the Company, including any materials used and the time spent at the hourly rate for custom work. This work will be performed at the Collocator's risk and expense, and the Collocator will hold the Company harmless from the failure to return any equipment, property or other items.
- 6.1.3 When discontinuance of the Virtual Collocation Arrangement involves the removal of fiber entrance cable, the Collocator's Company approved Tier 1 vendor is responsible for physically removing entrance cables housed in conduits or inner-ducts and may do so only after the Company confirms that such removal can be accomplished without damaging or endangering other cables contained in a common duct or other equipment residing in the Central Office.

6.2 Space Reassignment

In lieu of submitting an application request to discontinue a Virtual Collocation Arrangement section 6.1, the Collocator ("Exiting CLEC") may reassign the Virtual Collocation Arrangement to another CLEC ("CLEC Assignee") subject to certain terms and conditions outlined below. Any such reassignment of the Virtual Collocation Arrangement may not occur without the written consent of the Company. In order to request consent to reassign a Virtual Collocation Arrangement, either the CLEC Assignee or Exiting CLEC may submit a Virtual Collocation Application on behalf of both the Exiting CLEC and CLEC Assignee. Space Reassignment shall be subject to the following terms and conditions:

- 6.2.1 CLEC Assignee must, as of the date of submission of the Virtual Collocation Application have an approved ICA or an effective interim ICA.
- 6.2.2 Exiting CLEC will be liable to pay all nonrecurring and monthly recurring collocation charges on each Virtual Collocation Arrangement to be reassigned until the date the Company turns over the Virtual Collocation Arrangement to the CLEC Assignee. The Company's obligation to turn over the Virtual Collocation Arrangement shall not arise until all such charges are paid.
- 6.2.3 An Exiting CLEC may not reassign Virtual Collocation space in a central office where a collocation waiting list exists for Virtual Collocation, unless all CLECs on the waiting list above the CLEC Assignee decline their position. This prohibition does not apply in the case of an acquisition, merger, or complete purchase of the Exiting CLEC's assets.
- 6.2.4 CLEC Assignee will defend and indemnify the Company from any losses, costs (including court costs), claims, damages (including fines, penalties, and criminal or civil judgments and settlements), injuries, liabilities and expenses (including attorneys' fees) if any other person, entity or regulatory authority challenges the assignment of any Virtual Collocation Arrangement(s) or otherwise claims a right to the space subject to the assignment.
- 6.2.5 CLEC Assignee or the Exiting CLEC shall submit one (1) complete and accurate application for each Virtual Collocation Arrangement. By submitting an application for a Virtual Collocation Arrangement, CLEC Assignee represents, warrants and agrees that it has obtained an executed sale or lease agreement for, and holds proper title to all non-Company equipment and other items in or otherwise associated with each Virtual Collocation Arrangement. CLEC Assignee further agrees to indemnify and hold the Company harmless from any third-part claims involving

allegations that CLEC Assignee does not hold proper title to such non-Company equipment and other items.

- 6.2.6 The company will respond to the Virtual Collocation Application within ten (10) calendar days of submission of the completed application, including provision of a price quote. Collocator Assignee must pay 100% of all non-recurring charges in the price quote before the Company begins to convert the Virtual Collocation Arrangement being reassigned. Once CLEC Assignee has paid 100% of all such non-recurring charges, the Company shall finish the work to convert the space within thirty (30) calendar days. The Company and CLEC Assignee will coordinate all conversion work to insure that the end-user customers of CLEC Assignee do not suffer disruptions of service. Such non-recurring charges will include some or all of the following: an application fee, project management fee, and all applicable restenciling fees reference in sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.2.
 - 6.2.7 CLEC Assignee assumes each Virtual Collocation Arrangement “as is” which means that the Company will make no changes to the Virtual Collocation Arrangement, including no changes to power, interconnection and entrance facilities. Any modifications to such Virtual Collocation Arrangement must be submitted via a separate augment application (or as otherwise provided by the applicable ICA).
 - 6.2.8 This section 6.2 does not affect any obligations arising outside of this Collocation Agreement.
- 6.3 Power Reduction
- 6.3.1 The Collocator may request to decrease the amount of existing power available to a Virtual Collocation Arrangement.
 - 6.3.2 This can be done either by disconnecting and removing a power cable feed or by fusing down the amperage on a power cable feed. If the Collocator desires to disconnect a power arrangement (A and B feed), the Collocator will be responsible for paying the costs to remove the A and B power cable feeds that make up the power arrangement. If the Collocator desires to reduce the amperage on a power cable feed, the Collocator will be responsible for paying the costs necessary to change the fuses that serve the A and B feeds at the Company Battery Distribution Fuse Bay (BDFB). In either case, the Collocator must maintain a minimum amount of power on at least one power arrangement (A and B feed) to service their Virtual Collocation Arrangement when submitting their power reduction request. The Collocator shall submit an augment application in order to process this request.
 - 6.3.3 If the Collocator desires to only reduce the fuse capacity on an existing power arrangement (A and B feed) rather than disconnect and remove cable to an existing power arrangement, Collocator may only reduce the fuse size to the lowest power amp increment offered in this Agreement . When the Collocator is requesting to reduce the fuse capacity only, the fees referenced in section 6.5.4 will apply. When the Collocator has only one power arrangement (A and B feed) serving their Virtual Collocation Arrangement, a fuse reduction is the only power reduction option available to the Collocator.
 - 6.3.4 When a power reduction request involves a fuse change only on a power arrangement serviced from the Company BDFB (i.e. power arrangement consisting of a 50 amp A feed and a 50 amp B feed and below), the Collocator must hire a Company approved power vendor to coordinate fuse changes at the Company BDFB. Applicable fees referenced in section 6.5.4 will still apply.
 - 6.3.5 When a power reduction request requires disconnecting and removing a power cable feed from the Company’s BDFB, the Company will perform the power cable removal work above the rack level (cable mining). Applicable fees referenced in Section 6.5.3 will apply. Within thirty (30) days after

submitting its power reduction request to disconnect and remove a power arrangement, the Collocator must perform the following activity:

- (A) Remove terminations at both ends of the power cable feed and cut cables up to the Company rack level. Collocator must use a Company approved Tier 1 vendor for this procedure and that vendor must follow TP76300 guidelines for cutting and capping the cable at the rack level.

6.3.6 When the Collocator has multiple power arrangements serving a Virtual Collocation Arrangement (i.e., one power arrangement consisting of 50 amps on the A feed and 50 amps on the B feed and a second power arrangement consisting of 20 amps on the A feed and 20 amps on the B feed), the Collocator has the option of either fusing down the 50 amp power arrangement (A and B feed) or disconnecting and removing the power cable feed from the 50 amp power arrangement (A and B feed). If the Collocator chooses to disconnect and remove the power cable feed from a power arrangement (A and B feed), then the charges referenced in section 6.5.3 will apply. If the Collocator has multiple power arrangements (A and B feed) where they can request both a fuse reduction and a power cable removal for one Virtual Collocation Arrangement [i.e. reduce one power arrangement from 50 amps (A and B feed) to 20 amps (A and B feed) and remove the power cable from a second power arrangement from 50 amps (A and B feed) to 0 amps (A and B feed)], then the project management fee for power cable removal referenced in section 6.5.3 will apply in addition to the individual charges referenced in either section 6.5.3 or 6.5.4 associated with the overall power reduction request.

6.3.7 For any power reduction request (one which involves either a disconnect and removal, refusing only, or a combination of the two, the Collocator must submit an augment application for this request along with the appropriate application and project management fees referenced in section 6.5. The same augment intervals that are outlined in this Agreement for adding power will apply to power reduction requests.

6.4 Interconnection Termination Reduction

6.4.1 The Collocator may request a reduction of the existing amount of interconnection terminations that service a Virtual Collocation Arrangement. The Collocator shall submit an augment application in order to process this request. The Collocator must maintain at least one of the following minimum required interconnection arrangement authorized in Section 3.13.1. The same augment intervals that are outlined in this Agreement for adding interconnection terminations will apply to interconnection termination reductions.

6.4.2 Interconnection termination reduction requests will also require the disconnection and removal of interconnection cable. The Company will perform the interconnection cable removal work above the rack level (cable mining). Applicable fees referenced in section 6.5.5 will apply. Within thirty (30) days after submitting its interconnection termination reduction request to disconnect and remove an interconnection arrangement from its Virtual Collocation Arrangement, the Collocator must perform the following activity:

- (A) Remove terminations at both ends of the interconnection cable and cut cables up to the Company rack level. Collocator must use a Company approved Tier 1 vendor for this procedure and that vendor must follow TP76300 guidelines for cutting and capping the cable at the rack level.

6.5 Rate Element Descriptions

6.5.1 Complete Space Discontinuance

- (A) Application Fee – The charge assessed by the Company to process the Collocator's application for Virtual Collocation Arrangements.
- (B) Project Management Fee – Complete Space Discontinuance – Reflects the Company's labor costs to project manage the complete discontinuance of the CLEC's Virtual Collocation Arrangement. The labor costs include the Company engineering for planning design of space restoration, equipment removal, interconnection, power and entrance cable removal, stenciling, floor plans, and DC power records.
- (C) Remove Fiber Jumpers – Remove four fiber jumpers from the Fiber Troughing Duct.
- (D) Remove Fiber Cables – Remove fiber cable sheaths (1-216 fibers) on dedicated fiber racking. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, waxed cable cord/twine, gray paint for removing plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- (E) Remove VF/DS0 Cable – Remove cable sheaths totaling 100 pairs and each 100 pair connecting block from the MDF or IDF. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, heat shrink wrap, waxed cable cord/twine, gray paint for removing stenciling on frame, fire stop material, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering order, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- (F) Remove DS1 Cable – Remove two sheaths, on transmit and one receive, comprising of a total of 28 DS1 circuits to an existing DSX1 panel. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, heat shrink wrap, waxed cable cord/twine, blank labels for DSX shelf, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering job order, yellow job wallet, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- (G) Remove DS3 Cable (Coax) – Remove two coax cables per DS3 circuit to an existing DSX3 panel. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, heat shrink wrap, waxed cable cord/twine, fire stop material, blank labels for DSX shelf, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering order, yellow job wallet, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- (H) Remove Timing Cable – Remove a single timing lead (P7 wire). Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, CO timing book sheet, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering order, yellow job wallet, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- (I) Remove Power Cable – Distribution from the Company BDFB (60 amp A feed and 60 amp B feed and below power arrangements) – Remove 4 power cables, including fuses and fuse panel. Removal activity also requires all costs associated with the power cable removal, packing and shipping, removing stenciling from BDFB, and updating documents as required.
- (J) Remove Fiber Entrance Cable – Remove fiber entrance cable from 1st manhole closest to the Central Office through cable vault to its endpoint termination in the collocation space (average 300' of cable). Removal activity also requires infrastructure maps and records,

engineering work order, pump/ventilate manhole, safety inspection and removal of safety hazards, fire stops, and mechanized cable pulling tools.

6.5.2 Space Reassignment

- (A) Application Fee – The charge assessed by the Company to process the Collocator's application for Virtual Collocation Arrangements.
- (B) Project Management Fee – Space Assignment - This fee applies to Space Assignment request when a "Collocator Assignee" chooses to assign the rights to a Virtual Collocation Arrangement from an "Exiting Collocator." The charge reflects the Company's labor costs to project manage the changes/removals and update Central Office inventory/provisioning records, stenciling, floor plans, and DC power records associated with serving the Virtual Collocation Arrangement.
- (C) Restencil DS0/DSL Block – The charge to remove/change stenciling on MDF or IDF per 100 pair blocks.
- (D) Restencil DS1 Block– The charge to remove/change stenciling on DSX1 panel per 28 DS1s.
- (E) Restencil DS3 Block – The charge to remove/change stenciling on DSX3 panel per DS3.
- (F) Restencil Fiber Cable Block - The charge to remove/change stenciling on FDF per 12 pair cable.
- (G) Restencil Fiber Jumper Block - The charge to remove/change stenciling on FDF per 4 fiber jumpers.
- (H) Restencil Power – The charge to remove/change stenciling on power source and tag power cables per 1-4 fuses.
- (I) Restencil Timing – The charge to remove/change stenciling on timing source and tag timing cables per two cable feeds.
- (J) Timing Record Book Update – The charge to update timing records when changes/removals occur.
- (K) Interconnection Records Update – The charge to update interconnection records when changes/removals occur.
- (L) Power Records Update – The charge to update power records when changes/removals occur.
- (M) Vendor Engineering – The labor costs for the Company vendor to write the specifications to perform the restenciling job including travel time and site visit.

6.5.3 Power Reduction (cable removal)

- (A) Application Fee – The charge assessed by the Company to process the Collocator's application for Physical Collocation Arrangements.

- (B) Project Management Fee – Power Reduction (cable removal) - Reflects the Company's labor costs to manage the removal of the individual Collocator's power cable facilities used for or associated with serving the Virtual Collocation Arrangement.
- (C) Remove Power Cable – Distribution from the Company BDFB (50 amp A feed and 50 amp B feed and below power arrangements) – Remove 4 power cables, including fuses and fuse panel. Removal activity also requires all costs associated with the power cable removal, packing and shipping, removing stenciling from BDFB, and updating documents as required.

6.5.4 Power Reduction (refusing only)

- (A) Application Fee – The charge assessed by the Company to process the Collocator's application for Physical Collocation Arrangements.
- (B) Project Management Fee – Power Re-Fusing Only at the Company BDFB (50 amp A feed and 50 amp B feed and below power arrangements) - Reflects the Company's labor costs to project manage the change of the power re-fusing change on the Collocator's power services associated with serving the Physical Collocation Arrangement when power fuses are being reduced at the Company BDFB. This fee is applicable when the Collocator is coordinating the fuse reduction at the Company BDFB.
- (C) Power Fuse Reductions on the Company BDFB (50 amp A feed and 50 amp B feed and below power arrangements) – The charge for the Company to tag cables and update Central Office power records associated with the fuse change on the Company BDFB per 1-4 fuses. This fee applies when the Collocator performs the fuse change at the BDFB.

6.5.7 Interconnection Termination Reduction

- (A) Application Fee – The charge assessed by the Company to process the Collocator's application for Virtual Collocation Arrangements.
- (B) Project Management Fee – Interconnection Termination Reduction – The charge reflects the Company's labor costs to project manage the changes/removals and update the interconnection block stenciling, Central Office and inventory/provisioning records associated with serving the Virtual Collocation Arrangement.
- (C) Remove VF/DS0 Cable – Remove cable sheaths totaling 100 pairs and each 100 pair connecting block from the Company Main Distribution Frame to the Virtual Collocation Arrangement.
- (D) Remove DS1 Cable – Remove two sheaths, on transmit and one receive, comprising of a total of 28 DS1 circuits to an existing DSX1 panel. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, heat shrink wrap, waxed cable cord/twine, blank labels for DSX shelf, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering job order, yellow job wallet, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- (E) Remove DS3 Cable (Coax) – Remove two coax cables per DS3 circuit to an existing DSX3 panel. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, heat shrink wrap, waxed cable cord/twine, fire stop material, blank labels for DSX shelf, 8.5"x11" paper for engineering order, yellow job

wallet, plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.

- (F) Remove Fiber Cables – Remove fiber cable sheaths (1-216 fibers) on dedicated fiber racking. Typical material includes cable scrap boxes (see note 1 below), adjacent equipment protection material, waxed cable cord/twine, gray paint for removing plotter paper for Central Office drawings and transportation and taxes as appropriate.
- (G) Remove Fiber Jumpers - Remove four fiber jumpers from the Fiber Troughing Duct.

Note 1 for Material: Cable scrap boxes are designed for cable cut into 3 foot lengths. This box is capable of handling 1000 pounds of weight, supporting forklift forks or floor jack lifts, moisture resistant, puncture resistant, and designed to be loaded into railroad cars for shipping.