So you went -- you went to other folks to 1 0. 2 talk about who to hire and then Schiff came up --3 Α. Yes. 4 Q. -- as a potential? 5 Α. Yes. In your discussions with Mr. Maiman, did 6 Q. he ever suggest -- you know, did he ever say something 7 8 like, you know, I've worked with these guys but you should do your own research about them or --9 Oh, yes. Absolutely. Mr. Maiman is an 10 11 individual of the highest integrity. He's a straight arrow engineer and he's -- he just -- he was giving me 12 13 the advice from a long friendship. 14 But there was no mandate, there was no --15 he suggested the idea and the concept, he said, You ought to meet these guys. And it wasn't just me. It 16 was senior leadership team, it was our chairman. it 17 was our CFO, it was our head of generation. I mean we 18 all -- I don't -- I didn't do this independently and 19 20 unilaterally. I mean we -- we got together. 21 And as you pointed out, they're expensive. And I can tell you that that was always in 22 23 our mind. And there wasn't a year that went by --24 maybe even a month early on -- that we didn't

challenge our own assumption about that.

probably -- we didn't accept -- we didn't internalize in our minds probably the total cost of this back in 2005. We probably thought we could do with less.

As things emerged, as disputes arose, as commercial issues grew, you know their work grew. The scope didn't change, but the amount that went on went on. But we --

Q. Would you --

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- A. -- we vetted this with them, their value regularly.
- Q. What -- what did you think you were going to have to ch-- spend on this -- whoever entity would be at the time you made the decision that you needed to have somebody?
- A. I suspect we didn't really have a -- a good clear picture. They gave us a number that probably was closer to where we are today than I might have thought or we might have thought. We might have said, you know, we think we can do it for less.
- Q. I understand. I want to -- and you're talking specifically about Schiff. I want -- I want to kind of move back a little bit because I'm trying to figure out -- I'm trying to figure out why there wasn't a competitive process. I'm trying to figure out why there didn't appear to be a negotiation on --

on rates.

out is you -- so when you made this decision to hire an outside person, you had to have said, Okay, we think it's going to cost us X amount of money in order to hire an outside person, whoever that may be. Did you ever have that generic discussion or was it just, Schiff is telling us that it's going to cost this much, that's an acceptable figure to us?

A. They presented numbers and our general counsel explored and -- and looked around a good bit. We looked at comparable firms. In fact, at one point down the road I know Mr. Riggins and our assistant general counsel, Mr. Reynolds, who sat with the Schiff people from day one up at the site, their offices were right next to each other, the three of us went up to Chicago to interview with Duane Morris that was somewhere in some of Staff documents. They purported to have similar skills.

And -- and as we vetted them, they had attorneys, yes, who would work from a distance and on contractual issues, but they didn't have the -- the robust mixture that -- that Schiff offered that had -- had them on the ground watching and documenting the commercial issues and the way we were doing it. And

it's a very -- I think it's a very small subset of 1 attorneys that do this kind of stuff. 2 3 ο. So you didn't have a formal RFP process, but you did have dog and pony shows --4 5 Α. Yes. -- essentially? 6 Q. 7 Α. Yes. That's what we always refer to them as. 8 Q. 9 Α. Yes. So -- and -- and did you have -- how many 10 Q. dog and pony shows did you have? Did you just have 11 12 the two? We did --13 Α. Or did you have more than that? 14 Q. It was a small number, but I mean it 15 Α. isn't that we didn't think about, for example, Kansas 16 17 City firms. Okay, they have construction law practices. What do those look like? What are the 18 skill-sets in there? And -- and we -- we did that at 19 20 the beginning, but we did it kind of regularly over 21 the course of the project. 22 And as I say, understanding these firms,

understanding how these commercial -- these firms are

pretty litigious. They go into these contracts

expecting to do legal battle down the road.

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Q. Right.

A. And we had negotiated a very tough price with Alstom. They -- they're licking their wounds yet from this project. And so we were fully prepared that we were going to have to defend ourselves in this.

And, in fact, with the help of

Mr. Roberts, we built a mediation strategy that we got

them to agree to using Jonathan Marks, who's world

renowned as a large complex construction mediator.

And -- and as a result, these big settlements that we

did cleared all previous claims. I have one claim

left right now for about a couple million dollars and

that's it in this entire project.

- Q. So -- so -- and I -- and I -- I
  understand that you think that the value at the end of
  the day was -- was right. But I still am a little
  bit -- so -- so you did the dog and pony shows and
  then you were -- you decided that Schiff were -were -- was the place to go ultimately. And -- and -and you bring up an interesting point about how you
  negotiated a really tough -- tough deal with this
  other vendor. To the extent --
  - A. Using Schiff.
- Q. Using Schiff. But to the extent that you can tell me that doesn't violate privilege, were you

involved in the negotiation with the contract with Schiff or did you leave that to Mr. Riggins?

- A. I left it to Mr. Riggins.
- Q. Did you give -- to the extent that you can give me that doesn't violate any privilege, did you give Mr. Riggins any direction on what to do to negotiate that?
  - A. No, I did not.

- Q. So you never said to him, you know,

  Let's -- let's try to get volume discounts, let's try

  to -- let's try to get Kansas City rates instead of

  Chicago rates, let's be really tight on -- that we use

  lower-year attorneys and -- and paralegals for the

  stuff that can be done that way and let's -- let's do

  that? You never did any of that stuff to Mr. Riggins?
- A. I -- I didn't do that with Mr. Riggins.

  And I -- I'm under the impression and I've checked with some colleagues who use these guys similarly in the industry who are on my side of the fence and they may be unique, but they -- they don't seem to have to negotiate rates in the unique niche that they've -- they've got.

And -- and yet we did things -- for example, they don't travel on us. I know you said a half an hour at the airport, but we have a lot of

- 1 travel back and forth with these guys. We -- we -- we
  2 do not pay them for their travel, which I think is
  3 unique. And we have frozen their rates since the
  4 beginning of 2009.
  - And, you know, I mean I understand what you're saying and we've had them managed -- they do not run wild. As I said, we had our assistant general counsel --
    - Q. Well --

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- A. -- seated with them.
- Q. -- you didn't have a single time entry, from what I can tell, requested to be written down from the company out of the \$20 million. So you obviously thought they were doing a good job.
  - A. Well --
- Q. I'm not saying that's inappropriate. I'm just saying you obviously thought what they were doing was value -- value based.
- A. I -- I will tell you that -- and I'm sure Mr. Roberts can speak for himself. I'm sure he'll look forward to talking with you. But there was a pretty rigorous line-by-line review of their work. And while we may not have pushed something out, I think -- I think there's a -- a reasonable amount of money that was not paid through either his review or

- ours in a detailed discussion that -- that occurred every -- every time they dropped the bill on us.

  Q. Well, maybe that was based on

  Mr. Roberts' review because so far the testimony
  - A. No.

hasn't -- hasn't --

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- Q. -- demonstrated that the company did anything. And -- and, you know, look. I'm -- there's no zealot like the converted. I've spent some time in some big law firms and have had calls from general counsels and had some -- those strict bill reviews. So I just -- that's why I'm asking the question and figuring out.
- And if that is the case -- and

  Mr. Roberts can certainly testify to that and -- and
  you didn't -- did you review any invoices yourself?
- 17 A. I would see them, but I would rely on a 18 team to review these. I mean --
- Q. You would get the recommendation and basically sign off on the recommendation?
- 21 A. Right.
- 22 Q. Okay.
- A. And actually Mr. Riggins signed off on the bills, but I did see them and we would talk about them.

- Okay. All right. Now, this -- I don't 1 Q. 2 know what this was -- this is -- was marked. This is 3 the -- the last one I think that you got, which is the 4 redacted budget. And I'm only using it for purposes 5 of the date. Did -- did -- when Mr. Milne was -- when you requested, as you testified earlier, that he join 6 the Schiff team --7 Maiman. 8 Α. 9
  - Sorry. Did he -- had he left Maiman. 0. Commonwealth Edison already or was he essentially hired away to join the team?
  - Α. He was retired and was doing consulting work in the industry.
    - Ο. Okay.

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- And that's how he got up to OPG and --Α. and wound up in parallel with Schiff.
- Great. Okay. That was just a factual 17 Q. issue that -- that I wanted to know. 18
  - was one of the factors for hiring a law firm like this that would also do project manager -management that you would be able to at some point assert attorney/client privilege?
- That was -- you know, that's not --Α. No. not an unintelligent thing to do, but as I said to you before, my primary focus was on the commercial 25

strategy here where the big dollars were.

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As it turned out, the documentation that 3 we had to do commercially serves us very well in the regulatory framework. Because I mean, you've heard criticism about Wolf Creek and there wasn't a record anywhere. We had made a major commitment with the Comprehensive Energy Plan with this Commission and the Kansas Commission and we had partners who -- who 8 became our partners because of this regulatory process. We were getting plenty of scrutiny and I 10 wanted to make sure that we were on the table and that we documented what we did. 12

And I think we've done a job like nobody else has done in this state with regard to documentation. It turned out to be very valuable to us in this process because over five years, memories become short and lots of things happen. And -- and that documentation that helped us commercially be powerful I think is also the -- the same -- exact same material we've been reporting on monthly to the Commission Staffs and we've brought forth in these proceedings.

This is again a factual question and you Q. may not know the answer. I don't want anyone to read into it. Is the cost of the Pegasus assessment being

- - Q. Okay. Fair enough. I didn't know either so that's why --
    - A. I'm not sure.

- Q. I'm sure someone --
- A. I think someone -- I'm sure Mr. Blanc can answer that.
- Q. With -- with the potential of stealing some of Commissioner Kenney's thunder, I want to speak about this line of inquiry on the gifts. What was the Newport trip?
- A. They -- Alstom for its clients and potential clients annually has a -- they hold a conference up there. And for some reason, that's their thing. It's -- you know, it's old mansions and sailboats and -- but they have it in that environment and -- but they bring everybody in and have -- it's for a weekend, it's a Friday, Saturday, Sunday.

And -- and you come in and there's a day of meetings and then there's a dinner and one day of, you know, sailing and -- and it's an interaction thing. They do it with clients regularly. And that was one of two in the last five years that I've done.

You've heard them both brought out here.

- Q. Did KCP&L -- KCPL send you on conferences occasionally? If you saw something you wanted to go to if you were speaking, would they pay for you to attend --
- A. Sure.

- Q. -- other things?
- A. And they do.
- Q. So that's -- that's a common practice that if you're doing somewhere that has a business reason or if you're an invited speaker, they pick up -- pick up that expense?
- 13 A. Yes.
  - Q. Okay. So you have a gift policy which basically says, you know, you really shouldn't accept gifts from vendors because of the appearance of impropriety. And yet it seemed that that happened on a regular basis. And most of these things were done under a de minimis exception, kind of like that's not really that big of a deal so we're going to let it go by on the gift policy. I mean, isn't -- that's basically what I've heard today. I'll give you a chance to --
  - A. When you say -- I'm a little -- you said they were happening on a regular basis.

well. I should take that back. Gifts --1 Ο. during the pendency of this project, some gifts were 2 accepted from vendors to employees of KCP&L. We heard 3 4 testimony --5 Α. You're talking about the coats, the jackets? 6 Actually I'm not. I'm talking about --7 0. because the coats went mostly to the construction 8 contract employees. Correct? I mean that's what --Yeah. 10 Α. 11 -- from what I got, the coats went to --Q. 12 Α. Yes, yes. 13 -- the workers --Q. 14 Α. Right. -- were not executive folks. 15 Q. But tickets to Chiefs games and Royals 16 17 games and -- and obviously the Pebble Beach and the 18 Newport, Rhode Island trip. 19 Well, I -- in the first place, we would reciprocate. I mean we would -- this was -- we were 20 living with these people for five years. And it's one 21 thing to just go in and, you know, assert the contract 22 23 and it's another to live with these people and to 24 understand how they tick. So it was mutual. 25 I mean if Tim Curran, who was the head of

- 1 Alstom, if we would get together for dinner, one time 2 he'd pay, the next time I'd pay.
  - Q. But I don't --

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- A. We'd have them to play golf or they'd have us.
- Q. I understand. But Alstom -- I don't know what Alstom's policy is in terms of gifts. You have -- KCP&L has a gift policy that says not to accept because it may create an appearance of impropriety.
- A. Well, and as I said, these are unusual.

  Two -- two in the five-year period, both approved by

  my boss for business reasons.
- Q. I understand. I understand. If they were for business reasons, why didn't KCP&L pay for them? When you have the gift ban, why -- in order to avoid the appearance of impropriety, why didn't KCPL, Power and Light, pay you to go develop that business relationship with Alstom or pay for you to go to that conference?
- A. Well, we paid for the airfare, obviously that was a part of the thing. And we -- we didn't feel that we were doing anything inappropriate. It certainly didn't affect our negotiations or the way we managed our projects with them. I think it -- I don't

- think it's an unusual process, at least in our 1 industry.
  - Now, and I think the timing of it just --0. so I heard the Pebble Beach timing. The Pebble Beach timing was essentially a -- right after the signing of the contract. Right?
    - Α. Yes.
- So it was at the very beginning of the 8 0. 9 relationship?
- 10 Α. Yes.

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- The contract had already been signed, 11 Q. 12 already been negotiated. When was the Newport trip, 13 do you remember?
- It was probably -- probably the next 14 Α. 15 year.
- Were the disputes that ultimately were 16 0. the subject of the settlement happening at the time --17
- 18 Α. No.
- 19 -- at the second trip? Q.
- I think this was ahead of them. I think Α. this was ahead of that. And this is a regular event 22 that they put on. And, you know, I got to meet other 23 people that were doing business with them and -- you know, as well as their own team. 24
- I just want to figure out the timing. 25 Q.

feel them out about -- about an EPC contract? 1 I think we had talked to S&L. I don't 2 Α. 3 recall talking to Fluor at the time. 4 Q. Bechtel? 5 Α. They were not interested. Washington -- Washington? 6 Q. 7 I think they were not interested as well. Α. 8 But you don't have any -- any records of Q. 9 that? 10 Because they were -- you know, the Α. message we were getting was they -- they had clients 11 12 they were working with regularly and that's where they 13 were going to be. 14 Do you still have copies of KCP&L 261 and Q. 15 270? I'm not sure that I do. 16 Α. 17 All right. Q. Oh, here's 261. I do have 261. And 270. 18 Α. 19 Yes. It's the --Q. 20 Yes. I have both. Α. 21 Okay. Good. Would you take a look at Q. 22 the second page of 270. 23 Α. Yes. 24 Are you with me? Q. 25 Α. Yes.

1 services, would they not? 2 Yes. Α. They're not providing any legal services? 3 Q. 4 Α. No. 5 No. So that's -- never mind. Strike Q. 6 that. Would you look at the last page of 7 Exhibit 261? Is the CBE highly confidential? I 8 9 thought that we went through it the other day in open session. 10 11 MR. FISCHER: 2006 CBE? 12 MR. SCHWARZ: Yeah. 13 MR. FISCHER: The details are not. 14 MR. SCHWARZ: Are HC? 15 MR. FISCHER: Not the aggregate. MR. SCHWARZ: Okay. I think we need to 16 go HC if we might. 17 18 JUDGE PRIDGIN: Just a moment. We'll go 19 in-camera. 20 (REPORTER'S NOTE: At this point, an 21 in-camera session was held, which is contained in 22 volume 22, pages 1460 to 1464 of the transcript.) 23 24 25

1 JUDGE PRIDGIN: All right. Commissioner 2 Kenney, let me see if you have any questions? 3 COMMISSIONER KENNEY: I do. 4 WILLIAM DOWNEY testified as follows: 5 QUESTIONS BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY: 6 And I'm sorry that I had to step out for Q. another meeting, so I apologize. And I'm not going to 7 ask questions that have already been asked hopefully 8 and if I do, I apologize. And if I ask something that was asked while I was gone, just tell me so because I 10 don't want to drag this on any longer than it's 11 12 already gone. 13 So let me ask first about the settlement with Alstom. And there was testimony that KCP&L would 14 not have been able to -- and I don't know if this is 15 HC or not so you guys -- I'll trust you to tell me if 16 17 I start to go down some road that's highly 18 l confidential. 19 MR. HATFIELD: And, Commissioner, I might just say, Alstom I think we've talked about is an 20 21 ongoing --22 COMMISSIONER KENNEY: So maybe any 23 discussion of settlement with the Alstom might in and of itself be HC? 24 25 MR. HATFIELD: Well, it could be. Ι

1	guess I'm just alerting you to the circumstances. I'm
2	not sure what you're going to ask.
3	COMMISSIONER KENNEY: I'm not going to
4	ask about a document specifically. I'm going to ask
5	about a provision in the agreement with Alstom in the
6	first place. It was a liquidated damages provision.
7	MR. HATFIELD: And I think as long as we
8	stay away from numbers, specific figures, we're okay
9	to stay in public.
10	BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY:
11	Q. Well, there was testimony about whether
12	Kansas City Power and Light would have been able to
13	enforce the liquidated damage provision against
14	Alstom. I think that was on Friday. Do you remember
15	that testimony?
16	A. Yes, I do.
17	Q. What was the basis for that advice?
18	Well, let me ask who gave that advice, first of all,
19	about whether or not KCP&L would have been able to
20	enforce the liquidated damages provision against

A. We certainly talked about it with Schiff and with our internal team. But probably more importantly, as I had mentioned while you were out, one of the things -- one of the strategies we deployed

21 Alstom?

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early on was to identify and agree upon a mediator who would work with us when we were getting into disputes.

And I will tell you that this was a very heated argument with Alstom around these issues.

Q. Okay.

A. And there were things that we needed, there were things they wanted and were -- felt that they had been agreed. Jonathan Marks was the mediator who we brought this in front of. And, you know, Alstom had a pretty big claim. We knew a couple of things. We knew that we, for a variety of reasons, had to extend the schedule for the outage of the -- the unit. This was the unit 1 settlement.

Q. Okay.

A. And it was going to affect their time line and -- and their issues. And they had a date certain without any interim time lines. They were going to claim delays. And we needed to move on, but we felt pretty strongly that, you know, they had some -- some claims.

They had to be convinced that we had some important things that we needed. And we actually came out of that mediation without any agreement, but we had a lot of good documentation on our own about what was -- what was going on on their end, what they were

doing wrong.

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And Marks had to go in -- the mediator had to go in and push back on them considerably. So it was -- it was -- still a good bit of time passed following the face-to-face mediations. But we ul-- ultimately got them to agree to mutual turnover dates and key dates with that.

Subsequently, as we get into the outage, we open the plant up, we discover a major physical problem with a piece of equipment called an economizer, which then took us additional time to do.

And then subsequent to that -- and by the way, that was a concurrent delay with their work. We were in the way. We had -- also had put a lot of additional work into the unit that wasn't there when we originally contemplated the agreement with -- with Alstom.

So what we got to agree to was a reconfiguration of the dates. And we -- we realigned the LDs to -- to be consistent with the new dates that were also consistent with our own delays that we caused. So we kept the value -- pretty much I think the value was around (Highly Confidential) in LDs. We kept those values --

Q. You guys need to go --

1	WILLIAM DOWNEY testified as follows:
2	BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY:
3	Q. Oh, one more question. And this is not
4	HC. You said your ethics policy was redrafted in 2008
5	and compared to other utilities in the industry.
6	Is is the redrafted version the same as what
7	Mr. Williamson provided to you earlier?
8	A. It was reviewed and I think it was found
9	to be pretty much in line. If there were any changes,
LO	they were minor. I don't think in fact, I don't
L1	recall that there were. We confirmed our there
L2	might have been I don't recall if there it was
L3	insignificant in terms of the changes.
L4	Q. So it's virtually identical
L5	A. Yes.
16	Q if not exactly the same?
L7	A. Yes.
18	COMMISSIONER KENNEY: Okay. Thank you.
19	JUDGE PRIDGIN: All right. Thank you.
20	Before we proceed to more recross, let me kind of get
21	an idea how much time. Mr. Schwarz, do you want more
22	recross? Mr. Mills, do you want recross?
23	MR. MILLS: Just a handful OF questions.
24	JUDGE PRIDGIN: Let's take Mr. Mills's
25	recross. And then Mr. Williams, you'll have recross?

for KCP&L to pay your airfare rather than Alstom?

A. No.

- Q. Okay. And let me -- I think Commissioner Kenney was sort of leading up to this so let me just ask it directly. If you had not paid for your own airfare, would that trip have violated KCPL's gift policy?
  - Q. Not necessarily, although I think we discourage that kind of stuff. There was a unique reason for these trips and it was related to the launching of these projects. We don't, as a matter of course, approve these. And you have to get approval in order to do them.
  - Q. So the -- the reason for the trip plays into how much recompense you can accept for a trip like that. Is that part of the policy?
    - A. That's probably a fair statement.
  - Q. Now, with respect to the -- to the Newport trip, when did that happen? That was later than the Pebble Beach trip?
- A. It followed that. It was probably the next year.
- Q. Okay. The -- the Pebble Beach trip was tied to signing the EPC contract. Was the Newport trip tied to any particular event?
  - A. It was just getting to meet -- they have

- So going back to your -- your earlier Q. answer about the purpose of the trip playing into what's allowed and what's not allowed, doesn't that make it difficult for the average employee to evaluate whether a gift is appropriate or not?
  - I'm not sure that I understand. Α.
- well, I think one of the reasons that you Q. said it was okay to go to -- to have Alstom pay for the Pebble Beach trip minus the airfare was because of the purpose of the trip.
  - Α. Yes.

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- So if the -- well, let me ask it this 0. If the purpose of the trip had simply been for them to give you a golf outing and they promise never to talk any business the entire time, would that trip have been an appropriate gift for you to accept?
  - Absolutely not. Α. No.
- Q. Okay. So --
- The only reason to go would be to talk Α. 24 business.
  - So if that kind of analysis plays into Q.

- the question of whether a gift violates KCPL's policy, 1 2 how -- how does the average employee evaluate whether the purpose behind a gift is acceptable and so the 3 4 gift itself is acceptable? 5 Α. Well, in this case if there were any concern, as I did, I went and sat with my boss and 6 reviewed the purpose of the trip, the reason and its 7 appropriateness and fully disclosed what was going on 8 there. And we had that discussion and -- and made a 9
- 11 Q. Your boss is the CEO?

business decision about it.

12 A. Yes.

- Q. Doesn't get any higher than that. A
  lower level employee -- employee going to his
  supervisor, would the supervisor be able to make that
  same kind of call?
- 17 A. Absolutely. That's exactly what we 18 encourage.
- MR. MILLS: That's all the questions I have.
- JUDGE PRIDGIN: Mr. Mills, thank you.
- 22 Mr. Williams, do you have an idea of how long?
- 23 Instead of interrupting you, I'd like to either let
- 24 you go --
- MR. WILLIAMS: I believe I won't have

recall what we did on that. I -- I'm looking at my little cheat sheet for dates.

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well, was that what the board approved in Q. December of -- I believe it was '06 -- described as a

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definitive estimate or was it described as a control budget estimate?

- A. It would have been described as the control budget estimate.
- Q. When was the control budget estimate first described by Kansas City Power and Light Company as the definitive estimate?
- A. I think the confusion on -- on that wording began way back in the regulatory negotiations and continued on for quite a while. Whatever you called it, it was the -- it was the number against which we were going to be tracking the project and -- and it was a number that the Staff knew we were going to bring in in December.

And -- and I -- you know, the back and forth, Chris Giles probably went through that better than I could and the back and forth on the language. But whatever it was, both sides knew what we were talking about. It was the -- the number that we were going to track against for regulatory purposes for the life of the project.

Q. Whenever the -- you had the discussions or the testimony with Commissioner Jarrett on the questions regarding filing the definitive estimate, were you referring to -- did you mean by that or

understand that to mean the SEC filings for the control budget estimate?

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- A. I'm sorry. I was looking at the piece of paper trying to find the date.
- 5 I'm actually trying to get some Q. clarification. Whenever you were testifying in 6 response to Commissioner Jarrett's questions, there 7 was -- the terminology "filed definitive estimate" came up. Whenever you heard that terminology and you were responding, did you understand it and mean it in 10 your response to refer to the filing of SEC -- or SEC 11 filings where the control budget estimate was 12 13 disclosed?
  - A. I don't remember when I said -- if I said filing, I don't remember what I was referring to, but it would have been the control budget estimate and its public disclosure following -- our board approved it on December 5th. We presented that -- that estimate, whether we call it the definitive estimate or the control budget estimate, we -- we got board approval on December 5th.

I know January 22nd, we formally came over here and presented the control budget estimate to the Staff. I -- after that board approval, we would have had to make some sort of official filing I think,

but I don't recall it specifically.

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- Q. And the filing you're referring to is an SEC filing?
- A. Would be public disclosure, yeah, from the board decision.
  - Q. I was just trying to clarify.
  - A. Yeah. And I just can't remember.
- Q. Do you remember when Commissioner Gunn was asking you about how many dog and pony shows you had whenever you were looking at attorneys who might do the work that you ultimately hired Schiff Hardin to do? Do you recall that?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. And how many dog and pony shows did you have?
  - A. I don't -- as I said, I don't have a specific number. Mr. Riggins had been looking and talking. You know, we know the firms in Kansas City, many of them work for us. He would have explored their ability to do these things. We've -- we've looked that periodically over time. He was looking outside of the Schiff Hardin firm, so they -- I don't remember any specific number.
  - Q. Well, you mentioned Duane Morris and you mentioned Schiff Hardin. Do you recall any others?

1	A. I think we looked at the construction
2	expertise of several firms in Kansas City. I don't
3	I don't remember exactly which ones.
4	Q. And hopefully one last question. You
5	recall in response to Commissioner Kenney you talked
6	about building relationships in response to his
7	questions regarding your trip to Pebble Beach and
8	Rhode Island?
9	A. Yes.
LO	Q. How would you characterize Kansas City
11	Power and Light Company's relationship with the Staff
12	of the Missouri Public Service Commission?
13	A. I I would say professional and and
14	workman-like. Not without its tensions. We've had a
15	lot of issues in front of this Commission and its
16	Staff over the last five years.
17	Q. And how would you characterize Kansas
18	City Power and Light Company's relationship with its
19	partners in Iatan 2?
20	A. Generally good and reasonable.
21	MR. WILLIAMS: No further questions.
22	JUDGE PRIDGIN: All right. Mr. Williams,
23	thank you. I assume Mr. Fischer or Mr. Hatfield,
24	you'll have quite a bit of redirect?
<b>)</b> [	MD MATETEID: A little hit

1	JUDGE PRIDGIN: A little bit. All right.
2	That looks to be a good clue this would be a good time
3	to take a break. Let's reconvene at about ten till
4	4:00. Thank you. We're off the record.
5	(A recess was taken.)
6	JUDGE PRIDGIN: All right. We are back
7	on the record. Mr. Hatfield, before you begin
8	redirect, I think Mr. Mills had asked during the
9	break. I just wanted to be sure try to keep
10	everybody apprised of what's going on. I plan
11	on going till roughly about 6:00 or so, taking an
12	evening break for dinner, reconvening at roughly
13	around 7:00 and then going till somewhere in the
14	nine to ten o'clock range. I really don't foresee
15	going any later than 10:00.
16	So anything further from counsel? Any
17	questions or anything further before Mr. Hatfield
18	begins? All right. When you're ready, sir.
19	MR. HATFIELD: Thank you, Judge.
20	REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. HATFIELD:
21	Q. Mr. Downey, we've covered a lot of
22	different testimony here and so I may jump around just
23	a bit, but we had several pieces of discussion
24	concerning what were sometimes referred to as the
25	Alstom settlements. Do you recall that?

- 20 A. Yes. I believe Mr. Roberts has 21 additional testimony.
- Q. And Mr. Roberts has not yet testified; is that right?
- A. That's correct.

Q. And let me direct your attention as well