1	Commissioner.
2	COMMISSIONER KENNEY: Well, I just want to
3	talk about the date of execution of the contract.
4	MR. FISCHER: That's fine.
5	COMMISSIONER KENNEY: So I don't think that's
6	too controversial.
7	BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY:
8	Q. The date of execution is January 17, 2007, but
9	all the discussions we've been having indicate that Schiff
10	was hired in 2005 or 2006.
11	Are you aware of another contract for legal
12	services that was executed prior to the one that I'm looking
13	at?
14	A. No, I'm not aware of of either, actually.
15	I'm not aware of the contract, the one you're referring to.
16	But Mr Schiff Hardin was actually hired in August of 2005
17	and had started work in August 2005. I don't know, and
18	Mr. Downey or Mr. Roberts could better give you dates.
19	Q. Okay. Fair enough. But as far as you know,
20	they were hired in August '05?
21	A. Yes. They were I know for a fact they were
22	working on the project in August of '05.
23	Q. Okay. Now, you discussed earlier the whole
24	conversation about the control budget estimate as you
~ F	understood it and its relationship to the definitive estimate

and your understanding of the control budget estimate of 2006 1 was intended to be the definitive estimate against which cost 2 overruns would be measured, correct? 3 4 Α. Correct. Yes, sir. And you mentioned a conversation in which you 5 Q. went back to Staff and said, you know, I don't want anybody 6 7 to think we're trying to pull the wool over anybody's eyes or pull a fast one. Here's my understanding of what definitive 8 estimate means. I have since come to learn that it's a term 9 of art that has a different meaning in the industry and you 10 attempted to clear that up with Staff. Is that a fair 11 summary of your testimony? 12 That's exactly what I did. 13 Α. And you said Mr. Featherstone was present at 14 Q. 15 that discussion, right? Yes, he was. 16 Α. And you may have said this, I just missed it. 17 Q. whom else from our Staff would have been present during the 18 discussion, that specific discussion? 19 Anyone attending the -- the budget meeting 20 Α. and -- there were signup sheets in those meetings that we 21 could probably get and verify exactly, but based on the 22 timing of events at that time, Mr. Henderson would have been 23 there, Mr. Warren Wood. I don't know -- I'm very -- well, I

don't know Mr. Schallenberg was in that meeting or not.

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don't believe Mr. Hyneman was because Mr. Hyneman didn't come 1 2 on to the project until '09. Judge, can I approach the 3 MR. FISCHER: witness with an exhibit that's been introduced in the case 4 that does have the signup sheet on the cost control meeting? 5 JUDGE PRIDGIN: You may. 6 COMMISSIONER KENNEY: Is that the July 11, 7 2006, meeting, Mr. Fischer? 8 MR. FISCHER: Maybe this is not the same 9 I'm sorry. I apologize. I thought that was meeting then. 10 the meeting he was discussing. 11 COMMISSIONER KENNEY: That's what I want to 12 13 ask. BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY: 141 Is that the meeting you're referring to, 15 Q. Mr. Giles, or is this a different meeting? 16 No. This would have been -- not when we 17 Α. 18 presented the --The cost control system? 19 Q. Right. But when we actually presented the 20 Α. control budget estimate, and that meeting occurred in January 21 22 of 2007. MR. FISCHER: I'm sorry. We don't have a 23 signup sheet for that. 24 THE WITNESS: But I know Mr. Henderson, 25

1	Mr. Warren Wood, Mr. Dave Elliott, Mr. Cary Featherstone were
2	all in that meeting.
3	BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY:
4	Q. And it's your recollection that a signup sheet
5	does exist for that meeting?
6	A. Yes. Staff typically always has a signup
7	sheet and, I assume, keeps those signup sheets.
8	Q. Okay. What is your what is your
9	understanding of the significance of the definitive estimate
10	being based upon the 2006 control budget estimate?
11	A. I don't think it has any significance. I
12	don't think it what what the what the document was
13	intended to do was to say when are you going to start
14	tracking costs, and the way the document in Q was set up, we
15	called that we would track costs above the definitive
16	estimate, and it doesn't matter what you call it. We ended
17	up calling it the control budget estimate, but it was the
18	first budget we presented to Staff, and it was the budget we
19	always tracked costs to throughout the life of the project.
20	Q. So the significance of it is the timing at
21	which Kansas City Power & Light began tracking costs?
22	A. Yes.
23	Q. Not necessarily the dollar amount?
24	A. Correct.
25	Q. Okay. Is it fair to say that it was always

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understood that that budget would increase because only 20 to 25 percent of the engineering had been completed at that point?

- I wouldn't personally characterize it as Α. saying we knew the budget would increase. I think the -- we knew it was 20 to 25 percent engineered at that time. knew we needed to do a reforecast when it was further engineered. I personally can't say that I anticipated it would increase, but we would look at it.
 - Okay. Did you think it wouldn't increase? Q.
- My -- my expectations were it was much more Α. likely to increase than anything. And basically, it's because we were 20 to 25 percent engineered. The market was very competitive and very at risk for price increases, and I -- I would expect it to have gone up. But I -- I can't say that it was not the best estimate we could come up with at the time. The control budget estimate was a very thorough and very much vetted and reviewed budget with a contingency.

So on the -- on the basis of all the information we had at the time, we felt it was a good budget but recognized that we would need to relook when the project was closer to 70 percent engineered.

And then there was another forecast done in Q. April of 2010 when it was about 90 percent engineered or almost to completion?

1	A. Yes. There was actually a a reforecast
2	done in the summer of 2009.
3	Q. Okay.
4	A. And that was to when the project was 90
5	percent engineered, that particular budget didn't change the
6	total cost. It came in the same and which is not
7	surprising. We've gone from 70 to 90 percent, and a year
8	later the budget was still good at 1.901. Then we did an
9	estimate at completion in November 2010 that brought it up
10	to 1.948.
11	Q. Gotcha. I want to talk a little bit about
12	the and I don't remember who you had this conversation
13	with, but you were discussing I think it was with
14	Ms. Ott the discussion of the invoices from Schiff.
15	Do you remember having a discussion regarding
16	the invoices you received from Schiff Hardin?
17	A. I do, yes.
18	Q. Were you a part of the process of reviewing
19	those invoices before they got paid?
20	A. No, I was not involved at all with invoice
21	review of Schiff.
22	Q. Okay. There was some discussion regarding
23	whether Kansas City Power & Light would be requesting the
24	costs of the May 23rd, 2008, crane accident. Do you recall
25	that discussion?

1	A. Yes, I do.	
2	Q. What is KCP&L's position as you understand it	
3	to be today?	
4	A. As I understand it today, they're and I can	
5	say this potentially because I'm not sure. My understanding	
6	is there is some potential costs that KCP&L may incur as a	
7	result of some sort of insurance dispute.	
8	Q. Is this highly confidential information since	
9	it's an ongoing commercial dispute?	
10	A. I think it probably is.	
11	JUDGE PRIDGIN: Counsel, can you verify?	
12	MR. FISCHER: Yes, sir.	
13	(REPORTER'S NOTE: At this point, an in-camera	
14	session was held, which is contained in Volume 20, pages 1128	
15	to 1130 of the transcript.)	
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1	CHRIS GILES testified as follows:
2	BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY:
3	Q. I just want to make sure that we all are
4	defining our terms the same way. So the comprehensive energy
5	plan and the stip in that case was the same thing?
6	A. Yes. The way that the way I used to
7	characterize it and still do is the comprehensive energy plan
8	was the the investment in the five-year business plan for
9	KCP&L. The regulatory plan enabled us to implement it.
10	Q. Gotcha. Okay. But all that's embodied in
11	that stipulation and agreement from the 2005 case?
12	A. Yes.
13	Q. Were you involved directly with the
14	negotiation of that stipulation and agreement?
15	A. Yes, I was.
16	Q. And then let me ask you this question, then.
17	If you know, you know; and if you don't, that's okay. Who
18	typically would take the first stab at drafting that
19	document? Would it be our Staff, would it be Kansas City
20	Power & Light or one of the other parties?
21	Do you know who actually sat down at the word
22	processor and cranked out the first draft of the stipulation
23	and agreement?
24	A. I believe the you know, maybe the very
25	first draft, I recall, was drafted by KCP&L.

Okav. 1 Q. But to give you an idea of how that process 2 went, we actually got in a room together, KCP&L staff, all 3 the other parties that were involved, put it up on a -- I 4 guess it's called an ELMO, and actually wrote that document 5 together page-by-page all the way down to punctuations and 6 So however it started out, it was definitely a 7 language. group effort when it was completed. 8 Well -- so let me make sure I understand you. 9 0. The first draft was drafted by Kansas City Power & Light, and 10 that was put up on an ELMO and you-all went page-by-page, 11 line-by-line? 12 And that occurred over a period of days. 13 Α. Several days? 14 Q. Yes. 15 Α. Were you present at all those drafting 16 Q. sessions? 17 Yes, I was. 18 Α. Let me -- do you have a copy of the plan? 19 Q. I do not in front of me. 20 Α. COMMISSIONER KENNEY: Can somebody provide it 21 22 to Mr. Giles, please. MR. FISCHER: Yes, sir. 23 JUDGE PRIDGIN: Mr. Fischer is getting it. 24 BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY: 25

1	Q. Let's look at Paragraph Q on page 28, Roman
2	numeral three, capital B, number one, Paragraph Q, the
3	what is now becoming the infamous cost control process for
4	construction expenditures paragraph.
5	A. Yes, I see it.
6	Q. Who drafted that particular paragraph? Would
7	that have been in the initial draft that Kansas City Power &
8	Light drafted?
9	A. I believe so, yes.
10	Q. Okay. And I'm really getting into the weeds
11	here. Do you know specifically who at Kansas City Power &
12	Light would have drafted the first draft?
13	A. Probably Mr. Fischer.
14	Q. Okay. All right. Do you know if that
15	paragraph changed at all substantively well, not even
16	substantive. I don't want to qualify it.
17	Do you know if that paragraph changed at all
18	from how it was presented in the very first draft, drafted by
19	Mr. Fischer until the ultimate draft that was signed by the
20	parties, if you know?
21	A. The only thing I can say is I would not
22	anticipate it had changed at all because we did not have any
23	discussion on this paragraph at all. This was the least
24	discussed topic of many topics in this in this drafting.

25 It was not a concern. It did not appear to be a concern to

1	anyone.
2	Q. That's funny how these things turn out, that
3	the least discussed paragraph is now morphed into one of the
4	most discussed paragraphs.
5	A. You're exactly right. And, you know, and that
6	really goes to the heart of the argument because
7	Q. Yes, it does.
8	A had we known, I think we would have spent
9	more time defining these terms.
10	Q. My thoughts exactly. So there was and this
11	is probably redundant, but I just want to be clear.
12	It was never discussed how cost overruns would
13	be identified and explained?
14	A. Never.
15	Q. Are you aware of whether there is any
16	construction industry standard for identifying and explaining
17	cost overruns?
18	A. No, I'm not aware of any. Mr. Meyer may have
19	a better idea, but I know Mr. Meyer in his testimony has said
20	that KCP&L's is in the top 25 percent of the industry.
21	Q. Kansas City Power & Light I'm sorry, Kansas
22	City Power & Light what?
23	A. Cost control system.
24	Q. Oh. And, similarly, the phrase "definitive
25	estimate" was never discussed and what that meant?

No, not at all. I know at the time that 1 Α. phrase was used in the Wolf Creek order, but I also know that 2 the Kansas statute currently has a definition of definitive 3 estimate, and that definition, as clearly as it defines it, 4 is the original estimate. But no, we --5 That's defined in the Kansas order or Kansas 6 0. statute? 7 Kansas statute. 8 Α. Before or after this agreement was entered 9 Q. into? 10 That would have been before this agreement. 11 Α. But it was never discussed that the intention 12 Q. 13 would be to have that definition apply to this phrase in this document, right? 14 No, not at all. It wasn't discussed at all. 15 Α. All right. Okay. You said that Kansas City 16 0. Power & Light's cost control system is ranked in the top 25 17 percent, and that's Mr. Meyer's testimony? 18 19 Α. Yes. It's ranked by what entity or whom? 20 Q. I think that was Mr. Meyer's opinion rather 21 Α. 22 l than --23 Oh. Q. He's indicating that, of all the systems he's 24 Α. seen, he would rank it within the top 25. 25

Oh, I see. Okay. Were you involved in the 1 Ο. drafting of the comprehensive energy plan, construction 2 projects, cost control system? 3 4 Α. Yes. And were you involved in that -- go ahead, I'm 5 Q. 6 sorry. My involvement was really instructions as to 7 Α. what -- what I expected in my review of the final product. 8 didn't work day-to-day on putting it together. 9 Were you at the July 11th, 2006, meeting when Q. 10 this was presented to Staff for the first time? 11 I was not in that particular meeting. Mr. Tim 12 Α. Rush, who reported to me at the time, led that meeting. 13 Okay. 14 Q. I believe I had some other commitment. 15 Α. And that's the meeting for which we do have 16 Q. the sign-in sheet, right? 17 18 Α. Yes. Okay. Give me just a second here. Okay. 19 0. Just so I'm clear on a couple of things, we were talking 20 about the engineering, procurement, construction contracts 21 for the boiler in the AQCS. 22 That was the only portion of the project that 23 had an EPC, correct? 24 The balance of plant was not an EPC. Ιt 25 Α. Yes.

was what would be called a construction contract. Burns & 1 McDonnell did the engineering, and Kiewit did the execution 2 3 and construction. Okay. And you guys did the procurement? 4 Q. There were -- I believe Kiewit did do 5 Α. Yes. some procurement as well in the DOP, but KCP&L had already 6 procured most of the primary equipment. 7 Now, I think I read testimony somewhere that 8 0. Kansas City Power & Light hadn't embarked on a construction 9 project of this size since the Wolf Creek plant, and then 10 maybe the rebuilding of Hawthorn 5 was close but not exactly 11 as large. Is that your recollection? 12 13 Yes. Α. Do you recall -- well, and let me backup. 14 Q. there was also some testimony that Ernst & Young did an audit 15 of the relationship among the various contractors, and there 16 was also an entity called Strategic Talent Solutions that did 17 an assessment of the relationship between the contractors. 18 Do you remember that? 19 20 Α. Yes. Are you aware of whether outside auditors or 21 0. consultants were brought in on the Wolf Creek project to 22 assess the relationship between the parties? 23 I don't recall whether they were brought in

I know there was a significant

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Α.

for that purpose or not.

amount of turnover in KCP&L's internal audit group itself during that case.

- Q. Okay. Do you know if it's standard to pay outside consultants to assess the relationship among contractors on projects of this size, if you know?
- A. I don't really know, but I could say that Ernst & Young was really KCP&L -- was supplementing KCP&L's own internal audit group. Our internal audit group at that time didn't have the construction background and resources, so Ernst & Young wasn't really there other than to supplement KCP&L's own internal auditing group. With the Strategic Talent Solutions group, they had been on KCP&L's list of doing environment or leadership profiles and 360 feedback type things for human resources long before the project began.
 - Q. Oh, I see.

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A. So it was -- it wasn't like Strategic Talent Solutions, we went and hired them for this purpose. They were always already onsite and doing work for KCP&L. So when -- when the executives discovered that, not surprisingly, you've got a lot of people working together for the first time in a lot of different cultural backgrounds, there might be some tensions, and STS was instructed to do this study to go see what could be improved.

COMMISSIONER KENNEY: Gotcha. Thank you for

1	your time, sir. I don't have any other questions.
2	JUDGE PRIDGIN: Commissioner Kenney, thank
3	you. I don't have any questions either. This looks to be a
4	pretty natural break to break for lunch. Is there anything
5	further from counsel before we adjourn for lunch? All right.
6	We will stay in recess until 1:45. I'll see if we have
7	anything further from counsel, and then we will resume
8	Mr. Giles's examination. Thank you.
9	COMMISSIONER KENNEY: Judge, real quick. I
10	asked about this this can or cannot be I don't think it
11	needs to be on the record.
12	(An off-the-record discussion was held.)
13	JUDGE PRIDGIN: Good afternoon. We are back
14	on the record. When we adjourned for lunch, I believe bench
1 5	questions were finished for Mr. Giles and we are back for
16	recross-examination. Is there anything from counsel before
17	we begin? Recross, Mr. Schwarz?
18	MR. SCHWARZ: Yes.
19	JUDGE PRIDGIN: When you're ready, sir.
20	MR. SCHWARZ: Thank you.
21	JUDGE PRIDGIN: Mr. Schwarz, this is HC,
22	correct, that you're putting on the board? It's not being
23	broadcast, that's why I'm asking.
24	MR. SCHWARZ: I'm not going to put it on the
25	board. There's no Commissioners, I'm not sure they can read

1	it anyway.
2	RECROSS-EXAMINATION
3	QUESTIONS BY MR. SCHWARZ:
4	Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Giles.
5	A. Good afternoon.
6	Q. You talked at length about the control budget
7	estimate, did you not?
8	A. I did.
9	Q. And I've handed you what is the control budget
10	estimate, have I not?
11	A. Um.
12	Q. Let me represent that it is. Take a look at
13	it and see if you're familiar with that.
14	A. Yes, there are four columns on this and the
15	last column is titled December '06 control budget estimate.
16	Q. Okay. Would you take a look at number down
17	the left-hand side, there are numbers numbering the groupings
18	of the cost estimates. Would you take a look at number
19	seven, and the one, two, three, four fifth, sixth and
20	seventh items down, "escalation for labor, non-boiler APC,"
21	"escalation materials, non-boiler APC" and "escalation
22	indirects;" is that correct?
23	A. Correct.
24	Q. And if you go over to the CBE column, it
25	indicates that those are all included, does it not?

1		Α.	Yes.
2		Q.	Likewise, if you look at number eight on
3	owners's	indire	ects under it's the second line from the
4	bottom,	it says	s "Escalation on indirects," does it not?
5		Α.	Yes.
6		Q.	And that, too, is included in the right-hand
7	column?		
8		Α.	Yes.
9		Q.	And then line number ten is "project costs
10	without	contin	gency and financing?"
11		Α.	Correct.
12		Q.	And the total of that is 1 billion, 465
13	million	?	
14		Α.	Yes.
15		Q.	Okay. So if you add up all those costs
16	includi	ng the	expected escalation of those costs, in December
17	of '06	you com	e up with 1.465 billion; is that correct?
18		Α.	Yes, excluding contingency.
19		Q.	Excluding contingencies and financing?
20		Α.	Correct.
21		Q.	A non-trivial item?
22		Α.	Correct.
23		Q.	And there has been much testimony that at the
24	time of	this D	ecember '06 control budget estimate, there was
25	 already	a bill	ion dollars under contract on the project, do

1	you recall th	at?
2	Α.	I believe that's correct.
3	Q.	So that would suggest that maybe 465 million
4	was still on	contract?
5	Α.	Correct.
6	Q.	Okay. And if you go just below that, you have
7	an owner's co	ontingency of a 145 million and a low probability
8	high impact o	contingency of 75 million, correct?
9	Α.	Correct.
10	Q.	That totals 220 million?
11	Α.	Yes.
12	Q.	And that's additional contingencies over the
13	project cost	s including the expected escalations?
14	Α.	Yes.
15	Q.	And I want to continue from over here, if I
16	may. And th	ese figures would have been vetted by Schiff
17	Hardin? Sch	iff Hardin was on board at this stage?
18	Α.	Yes.
19	Q.	And Burns & McDonnell?
20	Α.	They provided input, yes.
21	Q.	And the executive oversight committee?
22	Α.	Yes.
23	Q.	And the project team?
24	Α.	Correct.
25	Q.	You suggested in one of your answers to one of

1	the Commissioner's questions that Mr. Jones had talked to
2	five or six possible EPC contractors. Do you recall that?
3	A. I do.
4	Q. Are you aware that Mr. Jones only identified a
5	single EPC contractor in his testimony of Washington Mutual
6	that he had spoken to?
7	A. I discussed two different queries by Mr. Jones
8	and the query that I was referring to, I saw an e-mail where
9	he had contacted more than one.
10	Q. Okay.
11	MR. SCHWARZ: I think that's all that I have.
12	JUDGE PRIDGIN: Mr. Schwarz, thank you. Mr.
	Mills?
13	
13 14	RECROSS-EXAMINATION
14	RECROSS-EXAMINATION
14 15	RECROSS-EXAMINATION QUESTIONS BY MR. MILLS: Q. The two just to follow-up, the two
14 15 16	RECROSS-EXAMINATION QUESTIONS BY MR. MILLS: Q. The two just to follow-up, the two
14 15 16 17	RECROSS-EXAMINATION QUESTIONS BY MR. MILLS: Q. The two just to follow-up, the two different sets of inquiries about EPCs, the first one was
14 15 16 17 18	RECROSS-EXAMINATION QUESTIONS BY MR. MILLS: Q. The two just to follow-up, the two different sets of inquiries about EPCs, the first one was about an EPC for the entire project, correct?
14 15 16 17 18 19	RECROSS-EXAMINATION QUESTIONS BY MR. MILLS: Q. The two just to follow-up, the two different sets of inquiries about EPCs, the first one was about an EPC for the entire project, correct? A. Correct.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	RECROSS-EXAMINATION QUESTIONS BY MR. MILLS: Q. The two just to follow-up, the two different sets of inquiries about EPCs, the first one was about an EPC for the entire project, correct? A. Correct. Q. Is it your testimony that for that one,
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	RECROSS-EXAMINATION QUESTIONS BY MR. MILLS: Q. The two just to follow-up, the two different sets of inquiries about EPCs, the first one was about an EPC for the entire project, correct? A. Correct. Q. Is it your testimony that for that one, Mr. Jones talked to five or six contractors or for the second
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	QUESTIONS BY MR. MILLS: Q. The two just to follow-up, the two different sets of inquiries about EPCs, the first one was about an EPC for the entire project, correct? A. Correct. Q. Is it your testimony that for that one, Mr. Jones talked to five or six contractors or for the second one?

1	reports. When did the K reports start being produced?
2	A. Would have been first quarter after the
3	control budget.
4	Q. Okay. I thought you had testimony that there
5	were some in early 2006?
6	A. There were K reports for other projects, but I
7	don't believe there was one for Iatan
8	Q. Okay.
9	A until the control budget was established.
10	Q. Because by definition, the K reports track
L1	changes from the control budget?
12	A. Correct.
13	Q. Okay. Now you had a number of questions about
14	the Schiff Hardin expenses, and with respect to charging to
15	plant as opposed to expense in this rate case expense, did
16	KCP&L take the same approach in Missouri as it did in Kansas?
17	A. To the best of my knowledge, yes.
18	Q. In response to one of the Commissioner's
19	questions, you made reference to a project leader who doesn't
20	tell you what you need to know until it's too late. Do you
21	recall that?
22	A. I do.
23	Q. Did a situation like that ever arise on the
24	Iatan projects?
25	A. No. I believe I was referring to other

1	projects, past projects where that could happen.
2	Q. Has it ever happened in your experience at
3	KCP&L?
4	A. I wasn't nearly as involved with the other
5	projects as this one, but, you know, subject to saying I'm
6	speculating, I'm sure it happened on at least Wolf Creek.
7	Q. Now with respect to the definitive estimate as
8	that term is used in the CEP, isn't the significance for
9	calling for a definitive estimate in the CEP that the parties
LO	thought a definitive estimate would be an accurate estimate
L1	and early in the process?
L2	A. No, that was not discussed at all.
L3	Q. So how do you know what the other parties
L4	thought it meant?
15	A. I don't. I know it was not discussed and I
16	know it's not what I took it to mean.
17	Q. Okay. You took it to mean something other
18	than what the industry standard definition is; is that
19	correct?
20	A. No, at that time I didn't even know what the
21	industry standard was.
22	Q. Do you now?
23	A. Yes.
24	Q. And at the time that you drafted the CEP, did
25	you take it to mean something other than what the industry

1	standard you have later learned?
2	A. Yes.
3	Q. Okay. So with respect to your understanding
4	of the use of the term "definitive estimate" in the CEP, it
5	was your understanding that that meant that you'd come up
6	with a pretty good budget within six months of the deadline.
7	A. It was my understanding we would come up with
8	the best budget we could within that six-month period and
9	that would be what we tracked to for the project, yes, that's
10	correct.
11	Q. Now you had some questions, I believe they
12	were from Commissioner Kenny, about the actual drafting
13	process of the CEP. Were either Bob Schallenberg or Cary
14	Featherstone present during some or all of those drafting
15	sessions?
16	A. Yes.
17	Q. Both of them?
18	A. I am not sure about Mr. Featherstone, but I
19	recall Mr. Schallenberg being at every meeting, yes.
20	Q. Now you were also asked some questions about
21	the cost control document that was provided to the parties in
22	July of 2006. Do you recall that?
23	A. I do.
24	Q. Was that document provided to the parties
25	significantly in advance of the July 11, 2006 meeting?

I don't recall. Α. 1 Is it possible it was provided to parties at 2 0. 3 the meeting? I don't have any knowledge or recollection 4 Α. 5 when it was provided. You don't have any memory of sending it out in 6 Q. the advance of the meeting? 7 8 No. Α. Okay. If it had been provided either at or 9 0. shortly before the meeting, would that perhaps explain the 10 lack of immediate feedback? 11 I don't know that I've said there was any lack 12 Α. of immediate feedback. 13 It's a fairly lengthy document, is it not? 14 Q. 15 It is. Α. Fair amount of detail, correct? 16 Q. 17 Very thorough. Α. MR. MILLS: That's all I have. Thank you. 18 JUDGE PRIDGIN: Mr. Mills, thank you. 19 Ms. Ott? 20 **RECROSS-EXAMINATION** 21 QUESTIONS BY MS. OTT: 22 Mr. Giles, going back to the definitive 23 0. estimate, did Schiff Hardin ever define "definitive estimate" 24 25 l for you?

1	A. I believe I testified that Mr. Meyer, who is a
2	subcontractor to Schiff, was the individual that first
3	pointed out to me that in the industry, here is what a
4	definitive estimate typically represents, so yes, Mr. Meyer
5	was the individual that pointed that out to me.
6	Q. Did any employee of Schiff Hardin, not a
7	contractor of Schiff Hardin, ever define what definitive
8	estimate meant to you?
9	A. No.
10	Q. Okay.
11	A. Mr. Meyer.
12	Q. But he's a contractor, he's not an actual
13	employee of Schiff Hardin?
14	A. Correct.
15	Q. Now did the control budget have contingencies
16	because the project wasn't significantly engineered?
17	A. That would be one of the reasons, yes.
18	Q. You were talking about the quarterly reports.
19	who developed the reports that you provided during those
20	quarterly meetings?
21	A. The contents of the report were a shared
22	responsibility of various individuals on the project
23	leadership team and their subordinates. They would do a
24	draft of the of the report. The report would be reviewed
25	by myself, Schiff Hardin a number of people. And

1	ultimately, it was reviewed by Mr. Downey as well before it
2	was transmitted.
3	Q. So KCP&L employees did the first draft of
4	those reports?
5	A. Yes.
6	Q. Okay. With Commissioner Gunn, you had some
7	discussions with change orders and Mr. Elliott. Have you
8	ever seen Mr. Elliott sponsor an adjustment in a case?
9	A. I don't know.
10	Q. Have you ever seen Mr. Elliott sponsor a
11	disallowance in a case?
12	A. I don't know.
13	Q. Now, you also with Mr Commissioner Gunn
14	spoke of the controlled budget estimate. Did that control
15	budget estimate include \$40 million for unit trains,
16	railcars?
17	A. Yes, it did, 37 million.
18	Q. Did and KCP&L decided not to obtain those
19	railcars, correct?
20	A. Not to own the railcars. Our decision in
21	economic evaluation indicated it would be more cost effective
22	to lease them.
23	Q. Did KCP&L ever adjust this control budget
24	estimate to not reflect the purchase of those railcars?
25	A. No.

1	Q. Now, going back to Mr. Elliott, did he ever
2	inform you that he did not look at the cost of the of
3	Iatan?
4	A. Not me personally. I understand he did inform
5	Mr. Davis of that, but he never discussed it with me
6	directly.
7	Q. With Commissioner Jarrett, you were having
8	some discussions about Mr. Drabinski and Burns & Mc, and
9	there wasn't any discovery issues at the KCC. Did KCP&L
10	prevent Mr. Drabinski from meeting with Burns & Mc?
11	A. No.
12	Q. Were you aware of any other parties in the
13	Kansas rate case that had concerns about information being
14	withheld about Schiff Hardin?
15	A. Not that I'm aware of.
16	Q. Now, you were having conversations about
17	Mr. Maiman and Mr. Downey and Schiff Hardin, how that
18	relationship was established. And I just want to be clear.
19	Mr. Downey and Mr. Maiman were contacts or former co-workers
20	from Commonwealth Edison, correct?
21	A. Mr. Maiman and who did you say?
22	Q. Mr. Downey.
23	A. That's my understanding, yes.
24	Q. And then Maiman is the one who recommended
25	Mr. Downey to you at Schiff Hardin?

a good budget.

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- up. I believe my response was I would expect it to go up, if anything.
 - Q. Above the contingency?

- A. Above the 1.685 total budget.
- Q. So you didn't think the amount built in for the contingency was adequate to recover what you thought the cost of the plant would be?
- A. At the time -- as I stated, at the time we did the budget, we thought we had a good budget. And I was responding to his question in retrospect. And given that the commodity market was increasing beyond what we had anticipated in the control budget, I would have expected the budget to go up rather than down.
- Q. You were also having some conversations where you and Mr. Featherstone had worked on Wolf Creek together and had some concerns with the reconciliation packages. And then you were talking about the drafting of the CEP. Did you have any discussions with Mr. Featherstone prior to, I believe you said Mr. Fischer drafted the CEP, that -- about what should be contained within that document?
- A. Well, the only discussions we had were as I -- as I've testified. We both wanted some language that we would have a cost control system that explained overruns and we put the language in and that was the end of the discussion. It didn't last more than five minutes.

1	Q. Was that prior, though, to Mr. Fischer
2	drafting taking the first draft?
3	A. Yes.
4	Q. Okay. Going back to the crane accident and
5	you said that the only thing would be the accrual on the
6	books. Did KCP&L pay Schiff and Packer Engineering any money
7	related to the crane acciden?
8	A. I believe we did.
9	Q. Do you know how much money that was?
10	A. No. I don't know if it got charged to the
11	project or not.
12	Q. You were also discussing EPC and multi-prime,
13	and you stated that the only EPC was the boiler in the AQCS.
14	Do you know if the Pullman Power had an EPC for the chimney?
15	A. I don't know if Pullman was an EPC. I know
16	subsequent to my testimony, it's been pointed out to me that
17	there were smaller EPC contracts other than Alstom on the
18	project. I was focused mainly on the large ones.
19	MS. OTT: I have nothing further.
20	JUDGE PRIDGIN: Ms. Ott, thank you. Redirect?
21	MR. FISCHER: Thank you, Judge.
22	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
23	QUESTIONS BY MR. FISCHER:
24	Q. Mr. Giles, I think I'd like to begin with
25	where we began, the regulatory plan itself. There were a lot

of questions about that. Could you give a little more background on how that regulatory plan came to be, since you're the primary witness that was there?

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A. Sure. The regulatory plan was the culmination of a long process that KCP&L undertook beginning in late-2003, early-2004. KCP&L actually developed a tentative comprehensive energy plan, a five-year plan based on input from a variety of stakeholders, consumers, commissions, regulatory staffs, the public in general.

once that preliminary CEP, or comprehensive energy plan, had been developed, I did a presentation along with John Grimwade in April, 2004, to the Commissioners in an open agenda session. And in that presentation, I indicated that in order for KCP&L to move forward with any of these projects, we needed a collaboration with the Staff, the OPC, and any other public that would be interested in joining that. I believe it was in May of 2004, the Commission opened a workshop docket.

At the same time, the Kansas Commission also opened a workshop docket. And it was the expectation that during these collaborations, we would be able to come to an agreement in a stipulation, in separate agreements, one for Missouri and one for Kansas, that would enable the KCP&L to move forward and actually implement and execute the comprehensive energy plan. We began that process after the

Commission's Order, which was sometime in May or June of '04, and we did not culminate that process with an agreement in Missouri until I believe it was May of '08. In Kansas, it was August, '08.

and then subsequent to that agreement, we had an amended agreement in Missouri to reflect any items the Missouri parties wanted to pick out of the Kansas agreement. So the final amended agreement, I believe, was in August of '08.

- Q. The actual drafting of that particular agreement was of interest to one of the Commissioners. Do you recall how long it took for us to get to a final draft of that agreement?
- A. Yes, it took -- it took probably six months of collaboration to even get to the point where we could begin to draft the agreement. It took another three months to actually draft the agreement.
- Q. Do you recall the original piece of paper that we looked at was pretty thin?
- A. Yes, it was very thin. We worked day after day and after a certain period of time, we all sat in the same -- we decided we had to speed this up. We all got in the same room, got it on an ELMO and went line-by-line for a period of days on the language.
 - Q. And nights, if I recall?

A. Yes, late into the evening.

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- Q. What were some of the provisions that were added that we hadn't thought about? Do you recall some of those?
- A. Some of them, for instance, that the parties requested, no, we would not be able to use a rider, a single issue rate-making item that came out of the Senate Bill 379, I think it was -- or 179, I can't recall -- but we would not be able to use that until the year 2015. There were other provisions such as the amortization, the rate case schedule. We had programs for demand-side management, we had transmission and distribution projects. There were a number of provisions both the company received -- as I would characterize it, benefits to the company and benefits to the parties.
- Q. There were a number of appendices that were added later on, not the original draft; is that right?
- A. Correct. We -- we had appendices that discussed pension trackers, amortization, credit metrics, financing, credit rating, rate freeze with both a moratorium on a rate reduction and a limit to the number of cases we could file and what time period. It was a pretty exhaustive, difficult negotiation.
- Q. And I believe you indicated you had discussions with one of the Staff people about that, what

became Paragraph Q; is that right? 1 That language was added based on a 2 conversation Mr. Featherstone and I had had and it was the 3 least talked about issue anywhere in the document. 4 would that have been likely one that was added 5 Q. on the ELMO while we were talking those nights? 6 No. I believe it was in the document very 7 Α. early on. 8 Okay. And we were doing this in what year, 9 0. what year were we drafting? 10 we were drafting this document in 2005, in the 11 Α. March, April time frame. 12 And then after that stipulation was actually 13 Q. signed, were there -- were there further hearings or 14 15 proceedings to consider it? Yes, the stipulation was done unanimous. 16 Α. in terms of we didn't know what parties were interested that 17 had not participated, for instance, and I believe a couple of 18 parties requested a hearing. The Commission ordered a 19 hearing on the stipulation and agreement and I don't recall 20 all the parties, but I believe Sierra Club may have been one 21 that wanted that hearing. The hearing was held. The 22 Commission ultimately approved the agreement. 23 Do you recall if any -- if that order got 24 Q. 25 appealed?

EVIDENTIARY HEARING VOL. 19 I do recall the order was appealed. I don't 1 Α. recall which party appealed, but I recall all the appeals 2 were -- were not granted. 3 Well, it sounds like a big effort. Why did 4 Q. 5 KCP&L go through all that trouble of trying to work out a regulatory plan? 6 Much like the situation KCP&L's in today, 7 Α. there is no predetermination statute or provision in 8 Missouri. And used to be in -- the last time we built power plants, both Iatan 1 and Wolf Creek, utilities typically made 10 11 the decision based on their resource needs, plan the capacity, built it, and then filed a rate case to recover the 12

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costs.

- In the environment that KCP&L was operating in in 2004, that's not -- that was not possible to do. Credit rating agencies, investors have a much more visible presence with utilities. And to announce a major project, let alone a comprehensive energy plant project of the magnitude and the dollars KCP&L had planned, absent some assurance that the prudence of going forward was supported, we would have been downgraded by our credit rating agencies and potentially downgraded below investment grade.
- To your knowledge, had the Commission Q. previously approved such a comprehensive regulatory plan?
 - We were the first to have such an Α. No.

approval in Missouri and Kansas, and to my knowledge, the first in the country to have such a plan. We actually -- KCP&L actually won an award from the Edison Electric Institute for this innovative approach to regulatory.

- Q. Was this a collaborative approach with a lot of different parties of the Commission?
- A. It was a collaborative approach and obviously KCP&L could not have obtained what it needed without the support and cooperation of the Commission Staff, consumer counsels, and other parties.
- Q. Was a similar effort going on in Kansas at the same time?
- A. Yes, a parallel effort was ongoing in Kansas and initially the workshop collaborations were held jointly until we got far enough down the -- the path that we were negotiating individual agreements. At that time, the meetings broke up to separate collaboration; one with Missouri, one with Kansas.
- Q. Was there a provision in the Missouri regulatory plan that parties could bring back provisions from the Kansas regulatory plan if they found it desirable?
- A. Yes. The agreement that was struck in

 Missouri -- since we were in continuing discussions with

 Kansas -- the parties wanted what was termed or most favored

 "nation clause," which essentially said that once we approve

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this agreement or the Commission approves it, if Kansas approves a different agreement, we have the ability to read through that agreement and take any provision out of it that we deem should be in the Missouri agreement.

Q. Were there also provisions about joint owners in the regulatory plan in Missouri?

A. Yes, there were. There was -- at that time, many individual utility companies and cooperatives were interested in coal capacity, and particularly in Iatan 2. We had a variety of partners that would have taken various shares. And in that agreement, we identified the partners and the shares based on a, at that time, I believe 800-megawatt unit.

And subsequently, when we became aware of another party interested, we expanded that to a 50 -- an 850-megawatt unit and added another partner that was not part of the Missouri list but became a part of the Kansas, which was KEPCO.

- Q. There was discussion about the concept of transparency. What does that mean to you?
- A. What transparency means to me, and it was inherent in my mind at the time of the 2005 agreement and throughout the construction of the project is that KCP&L would provide ongoing contemporaneous data to the parties, to the Staff as the project was developed and executed so that

1	they knew every decision we were making, when we made it, why
2	we made it. And any cost increase in the scheduled
3	deviations were documented and Staff had access to all of
4	those thought processes and decisions.
5	Q. Were those provided to the signatory parties
6	in Missouri on a quarterly basis?
7	A. Yes, we used the quarterly reports to inform
8	all the parties and we subsequently followed up with a
9	face-to-face meeting with all the parties that chose to
10	attend. And in those meetings, we not only went through the
11	quarterly report but gave a realtime update as of that very
12	morning of any activities, problems, issues, cost of the
13	plant.
14	MR. FISCHER: Judge, I'd like to have an
15	exhibit marked.
16	JUDGE PRIDGIN: Do you have a number?
17	MR. FISCHER: Is it 71 or is it it would be
18	a I guess still an HC exhibit.
19	JUDGE PRIDGIN: I'm not showing a 71, but I
20	could be wrong. Mr. Fischer, I think this is 70.
21	(Exhibit No. 70-HC was marked for
22	identification by the Court Reporter.)
23	BY MR. FISCHER:
24	Q. Mr. Giles, would you take a look at what has
25	been marked as Exhibit 70-HC and describe what that is?

1	A. This is the strategic infrastructure
2	investment status report, 2006, dated April 28th, 2006, in
3	Case No. EO-2005-0329 and this is the quarterly report that I
4	was referring to. This would be the first quarter it was
5	prepared, which was as it indicates, 2006, first quarter.
6	Q. Were you involved in the preparation of this
7	document?
8	A. Yes, I was.
9	Q. What kind of information is included in this
LO	document, if you could summarize in a high level?
L1	A. There is an introduction in this particular
L2	one and that may have been because it was the first
L3	exhaustive summary. It details the wind project status,
14	actual plant expenditures, wind project schedule, bid
15	specifications, contracts, transmission studies,
16	interconnection agreement. It does a similar for the La
17	Cygne SER project, which was active at that time. Describes
18	in detail the bid specifications, contractor selection
19	evaluation, milestone project schedule.
20	There are exhibits attached that show
21	projected and actual expenditures through the quarter and the
22	variance and percent, various A B&W Babcock Wilcox
23	critical path project schedule, summary of activities. Then
24	we begin with the Iatan project status update, describes

25 Unit 2, steam turbine and generator, requests for proposal

that went to GE, Mitsubishi, Siemens and Toyota, updates the 1 status of the Unit 2 boiler and SER system, unit 12 AQCS 2 systems. Again, bid specifications, project permits, summary 3 of actual planned expenditures, milestone schedule, and then 4 that's followed with the same type of review for the T and D 5 projects and --6 I notice there on Page 33 as an Exhibit A. 7 0. what does that relate to? 8 Exhibit A is the pro -- Iatan project cost 9 Α. summary. This precedes the control budget development, so 10 basically what is shown here is the KCP&L costs to date, 11 engineering services, and legal and financial services. Ιt 12 shows in this first quarterly report the total expenditures 13 were about \$8.1 million. 14 MR. FISCHER: Judge, I'd move for the 15 admission of 70-HC. 16 JUDGE PRIDGIN: 70-HC is offered, any 17 objections? Hearing none, 70HC is admitted, and that's KCP&L 18 19 70HC. (Exhibit No. 70-HC was received into 20 21 evidence.) BY MR. FISCHER: 22 Mr. Giles, were there other quarterly reports 23 0. that were filed -- excuse me, that were distributed to the 24 signatory parties along the way? 25

1	A. Yes, this same format was used and a report
2	was prepared and provided to all the parties each and every
3	quarter. I believe the December, 2010 report is being worked
4	on as we speak.
5	Q. Would would this document show the
6	evolution of the project, the schedules, the costs, and all
7	the essential information that you provided to the signatory
8	parties?
9	A. Yes.
10	MR. FISCHER: Judge, I'd ask that we reserve
11	another exhibit, 71. We'd like to I don't have copies
12	yet, but I'd like to reserve an exhibit to introduce into the
13	record, the other exhibit the other quarterly reports that
14	were provided.
15	JUDGE PRIDGIN: And I'm sorry, those would be
16	all of the remaining quarterly reports?
17	MR. FISCHER: There would be 23 others, I
18	guess.
19	JUDGE PRIDGIN: Okay. Thank you.
20	BY MR. FISCHER:
21	Q. And would you would you be involved in the
22	preparation of those other quarterly reports?
23	A. Yes, I have reviewed and been involved in each
24	report since this first one to the last one that's being
25	worked on right now. I should also point out that in

addition to these reports, when we met with the parties 1 quarterly, we provided them the latest schedule for the 2 project, level one schedule and we also provided them the 3 most recent cost data that we had available. 4 5 Q. That would be the K report? Yes. 6 Α. And that schedule document was a large 7 Q. document, wasn't it, that had the critical path and a lot of 8 the information on it? 9 Yes. 10 Okay. Was any of this done in the spirit of 11 Q. 12 transparency? Absolutely. It was all done in the spirit of 13 Α. transparency and it was the company's objective -- KCP&L's 14 objective and my personal objective that that's how we set 15 the process up and that's how we were going to do it. And 16 it's exactly what we did. 17 There was some questions on cross-examination 18 0. about that topic and the withholding of information, I 19 believe. When KCP&L asserted its legal privilege related to 20 attorney-client information, was that an indication of the 21 22 lack of transparency? No, not at all. It's -- there was nothing in 23 Α.

transparency that obligates the company to give up its legal

the agreement and nothing to my knowledge in the vein of

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rights under -- under either. Q. Did the Commis

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- Q. Did the Commission hold a proceeding that ended up with an order that addressed whether KCP&L was being unreasonable in withholding documents from the Staff as related to the Iatan audits?
- A. Yes. That hearing was held, I believe in April of 2009 -- or pardon me, 2010. I'm getting my years mixed up here. And it was a direct result of a response KCP&L had made to the Commission Staff's December 31, 2009, audit report. And in that report, Staff made allegations that they could not complete their audit, one, because of withheld documents; and two, because the cost control system somehow was inadequate. So KCP&L responded to that and the Commission held a hearing.

The Commission found that KCP&L had not been withholding documents and upheld the Commission's position.

At that time, the Commission did not rule on whether the cost -- the -- not the class --

- Q. Cost control?
- A. -- the cost control system was appropriate or not, therefore, Staff has continued to assert that.
- Q. At the time of that hearing, what was your impression of where -- or slightly before that hearing in the depositions that occurred, what was your impression of where the audit status -- what was the audit status? What was your

impression?

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A. Well, the -- the audit did not actually begin, my understanding, on Unit 1 until after the rate case was concluded. I'm aware from depositions Mr. Hyneman joined that audit effort in August of '08. When the audit report was issued in December 31, 2009, other than various expense reports, mileage charges of that nature, give some gratuities, the audit staff had not completed what I would call a prudence audit.

- Q. Had you seen Mr. Elliott involved out in the plant before that time?
- A. Yes, Mr. Elliott was onsite in early '07 and I believe he had at least monthly site visits. And he was well aware of daily, if not weekly, activities at the plant.
- Q. What was your impression of what Mr. Elliott was doing during that period?
- A. Up until the time the Staff filed its testimony in the last rate case, ER-0089, which I think was in February of 2008, I may be wrong on my date. But in any event, my understanding was Dave Elliott was actually up at the site doing what I anticipated when I drafted the regulatory plan. He was going to follow this project from its inception and was going to be onsite looking at the documents and reviewing those documents and seeing how the company was running the project and what kind of decisions it

was making and whether those decisions were explained or not. 1 Did Mr. Elliott generally attend the quarterly 2 0. meetings that we held in Jefferson City as well? 3 4 Α. Yes, he did. There was some discussion, I think, with one 5 Q. of the Commissioners and we were looking for an attendance 6 sheet about a meeting where you talked about the -- the 7 reforecast process. 8 9 Yes. Α. MR. FISCHER: I'd like to have an exhibit 10 11 marked. I believe we're up to 72? 12 JUDGE PRIDGIN: (Exhibit No. 72 was marked for identification 13 by the Court Reporter.) 14 BY MR. FISCHER: 15 Mr. Giles, will you take a moment to look at 16 Q. 17 what this document is? Yes. This is the document that details the 18 presentation outline to the regulatory plan signatories on 19 January 22nd, 2007, and this would have been the meeting that 20 we presented the cost estimate for Iatan 2. And the 21 particulars on this is an introduction by myself; status 22 update Iatan 2 and Iatan 1 was Brent Davis; level 1 and 3 23 schedules cost control system, Terry Foster; cost estimate 24 Iatan 2, and this was the December '06 estimate, Davis; cost 25

control system La Cygne, John Grimwade. And attached to this 1 is a sign-up sheet. 2 This is the meeting I referred to when I 3 explained to the Commission Staff and the other parties all 4 5 the people that attended this meeting, that KCP&L was using this control budget estimate to track costs. And as part of 6 its regulatory plan stipulation and agreement, this is the 7 budget that is referred to as the definitive estimate. 8 I may have misspoke whenever I asked about 9 0. that. It's not the reforecast meeting, it's the original 10 11 meeting? This is the original control budget meeting. 12 Α. And is Mr. Dave Elliott's name listed on the 13 Q. 14 attendance list? 15 Yes, Mr. Elliott, Mr. Warren Wood, Mr. Bob Α. Schallenberg, Mr. Wess Henderson, Ms. Lena Mantle are the 16 17 attendees I see from Staff, and also Mr. Warren Wood from Staff at that time. Mike Taylor, who's an engineer that 18 works with Mr. Elliott. I believe that's all the Staff 19 20 personnel. MR. FISCHER: I'd move for the admission of 21 22 the exhibit. JUDGE PRIDGIN: 72 has been offered, any 23 24 objections? Hearing none, 72 is admitted. (Exhibit No. 72 was received into evidence.) 25

BY MR. FISCHER:

- Q. Mr. Giles, I believe you had some questions about the -- what the EOC does from the Commission -- Commissioners?
 - A. Yes, I did.
- Q. Could you explain or elaborate upon what the -- what the EOC's involvement was in reviewing the particular costs in the CBE or the process generally?
- A. In general, the EOC did not run the project. The project leadership team and the -- whether it was the senior director or vice-president of construction would run the project. In the EOC meetings, there was always an update and identification of potential risks, cost increases, schedule deviations, plus everything else that was going very well with the project and the status update. The EOC did not approve or disapprove of routine management decisions at the site. It was kept apprised and any decisions it made were very substantial strategic type decisions.
- Q. I think there was some questions about Schiff Hardin in that process and whether what the expectations were in terms of total budget. A \$20 million expenditure on a \$2 billion project would be approximately what percent?
 - A. One percent.
- Q. Would you expect if you didn't have the expertise of a Schiff Hardin or someone similar to that, that

costs could have gone up by more than one percent? 1 MR. MILLS: I object, calls for speculation. 2 Mr. Fischer? JUDGE PRIDGIN: 3 4 BY MR. FISCHER: well, based on -- based on your experience at 5 Q. the -- at Iatan 1 and 2, do you have an opinion about whether 6 it was important to have proper management in place? 7 Absolutely. The value Schiff team -- Schiff 8 Α. Hardin's team brought to the project saved the company and its customers well over, in my opinion, what we paid for 10 their services. At the time we hired Schiff Hardin and 11 included their fees in costs under control budget, as I 12 testified earlier, I believe it was between \$5 and \$10 13 million. And after -- in hindsight, would we have gone out 14 for an RFP, we probably should have and would today. On the 15 other hand, do I think we would have still hired Schiff 16 Hardin? Absolutely. 17 The company's cost control system that we've 18 Q. been talking about, is that the same cost control system 19 that's used in Kansas? 20 It's the same system in Kansas, it's the same 21 system we used for each CEP project, including the wind 22 project, the SER project at La Cygne. 23 Did Mr. Drabinski at the KCC proceeding use 24 Q. this cost control system to your knowledge? 25

Yes, he did. 1 Α. You were asked a question by -- by Ms. Ott 2 Q. about whether you disagreed with Walt Drabinski. Do you 3 4 remember that question? 5 Α. I do. And I believe you said you did; is that 6 Q. 7 correct? I do disagree with his conclusions. 8 Α. would you explain why you disagree? 9 Q. Mr. Drabinski did not conduct a, what I would 10 call a prudence audit and what our experts have described as 11 a prudence audit. Mr. Drabinski took what he describes 12 himself as a holistic approach and basically by using certain 13 information early on in the project, early audit reports, 14 early project conclusions or risks that were identified, he'd 15 take some of those risks as absolutes that they happened when 16 I know in fact the risk never materialized and the company 17 mitigated many of those risks, if not all of them. 18 So Mr. Drabinski would take an audit finding, 19 for instance, and say, well, this must have cost some money, 20 has no basis to support that. He did not identify imprudent 21 decisions and follow-through to the next step and identify 22 the consequences of those decisions. 23 Is that -- do you have an understanding of 24 Q. what Missouri law requires at all on the two-step process? 25 l

1	A. Yes, I have read Mr. Blanc's testimony and I
2	am I understand the two-step process and agree with what
3	Mr. Blanc had written.
4	Q. Okay. Do you have other other comments
5	about Mr. Drabinski and why he was wrong?
6	A. Mr. Drabinski ignores and totally obscures
7	substantial information the company has provided to him in
8	assessing his disallowance. For instance, he believes,
9	evidently, that the project definition report set the cost
10	for the plant. He believes that the schedule, even, that
11	was
12	MR. SCHWARZ: I'm going to object at this
13	stage as calling for speculation. What Mr. Drabinski
14	believes is reflected in his testimony and the Commission is
15	certainly encouraged to read that. And the speculations of
16	Mr. Giles as to what Mr. Drabinski may or may not mean or
17	understand by the words he's written is nothing more than
18	speculation.
19	MR. FISCHER: Let me rephrase the question.
20	BY MR. FISCHER:
21	Q. Mr. Giles, will you explain why you believe
22	Mr. Drabinski's analysis is incorrect?
23	A. Yes. Mr. Drabinski ignores facts that have
24	been provided to him by the company, that the for
25	instance, the project definition report was nothing more than

01-21-2011 EVIDENTIARY HEARING VOL. 19 a conceptual coal plant that was used in the very initial 1 resource analysis back in 2004 conducted by KCP&L to 2 determine whether the CEP should contain a coal plant. That 3 4 was never a budget for the plant. The schedule contained in that document was 5 never a schedule that was contemplated or ever could have 6 been obtained because the schedule actually had construction 7 starting before we had a regulatory plan that would allow us 8 to start construction. So that's just one example. 9 overall, Mr. Drabinski doesn't have an imprudent 10 decision-making and a nexus to connect costs to that decision 11 anywhere in his report or his testimony. 12 13

- Q. And I believe your surrebuttal testimony goes into that in some more depth, does it not?
 - A. Yes, it does.
- Q. You were also asked a question, I believe, regarding whether you disagreed with the Staff's adjustments. Do you recall that question?
 - A. I do.

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- Q. I know you don't address every Staff adjustment in your testimony, but do you have some that you would like to elaborate on why you disagree?
- A. Well, the -- first of all, the idea that any costs that exceeded the control budget estimate is certainly unfounded based on the -- Staff's allegation that they could

not track the costs, or as they specifically state, KCP&L did 1 not explain the cost overruns. That's simply incorrect. 2 has been provided to Staff, all the documents that do contain 3 those explanations, including the key document, the 4 reforecast document that led up to the May of '08 budget 5 number of 1.09 billion. So that particular adjustment is 6 7 totally without merit. Mr. Giles, before you go on to the next point, 8 0. have you ever seen an adjustment in your 35 years with KCP&L? 9 Yes, 35 years, I've never seen a 10 recommendation to disallow all costs above the control budget 11 estimate --12 13 Q. Okay. -- in any proceeding. 14 Α. Go right ahead. 15 Q. The adjustment Staff proposes for the Alstom 16 Α. settlement has no basis. Obviously in my mind, Mr. Elliott 17 examined that construction and what -- what was occurring 18 during that time. He had the basis and the knowledge to make 19 such a recommendation, which he did not. I don't believe the 20 Staff auditors and accountants took the time and effort to 21 figure out exactly what that settlement was about. 22 Now you're talking about the Alstom Unit 1 23 Q. 24 settlement; is that right?

That's correct.

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Q. And that's about two-thirds of their adjustments on Unit 1; is that right?

A. That's correct. Another related adjustment is Staff proposes to impose LDs, liquidated damages, that it proposes KCP&L could have received from Alstom, had it asked for them, when in fact, they make no determination that the LD clauses would ever have been hit. That's another example. In fact, there's extensive company testimony on those two issues that identify that one, the LDs could not be implemented, and two, the value of that settlement was worth more than the settlement payment.

Another one as an example, Staff is proposing to disallow mileage charges to the site of KCP&L employees that actually were transferred to the site or volunteered for such and primary location of their homes was in the Kansas City area. And obviously to me, it is patently unfair to require an employee that lives in Independence, Missouri to relocate for five years to Iatan and not pay them mileage to drive that distance.

- Q. Did you see a lot of data requests on that topic in the audit?
- A. In the Iatan 1 and Iatan 2 audits, we were immersed in data requests related to mileage charges. Staff requested every log at the gate to Iatan, to check whether individuals were actually at the site when they drove to the

1	site. We have many of those. Similar data requests for
2	Burns & McDonnell employees who were under a separate
3	contract
4	Q. Ms. Ott asked you about that, I think she
5	suggested you initially withheld that information. Do you
6	remember that conversation?
7	A. I do.
8	Q. Can you describe what they were asking for
9	that you had a question about?
10	A. Yes. Under the terms of Burns & McDonnell's
11	contract, they would pay their employees mileage if they
12	weren't already on a per diem to travel to the Iatan site.
13	What Staff was requesting the company provide was the home
14	address of every Burns & McDonnell employee that traveled to
15	the site.
16	Q. Did they want that on a monthly basis?
17	A. Yes.
18	Q. And why did they want that?
19	A. I can only suppose they wanted to check to see
20	if the mileage from, say, Overland Park to the Iatan site
21	was, in fact, 50 miles versus 45 or 55.
22	Q. Do you have any idea how many documents you
23	provided in relationship to mileage issues?
24	A. Thousands.
25	Q. Well that brings up a question. How many

1	documents would you have to review to understand the cost
2	control system?
3	A. It would be less than a thousand would be my
4	guess. Change orders, recommendation to award, purchase
5	orders, contingency log. Maybe a large three-ring binder,
6	three or four of those would all be required.
7	Q. Is that what Mr. Drabinski would have
8	reviewed?
9	A. Yes. We provided Staff over 1,200 expense
10	reports of individuals. So we have provided thousands and
11	thousands and thousands of documents to the Staff. Whether
12	they looked at them all, I can't say. But it would
13	certainly the documents they were needing to look at that
14	were provided to do their audit is substantially less than
15	what they have been provided.
16	Q. There was also a question I believe from Staff
17	regarding whether you adjusted the CBE to take out railcars,
18	do you recall that?
19	A. I do.
20	Q. Did you adjust the CBE for any reason?
21	A. Absolutely no reasons. We did not adjust it.
22	we felt like our agreement was to track costs to that budget.
23	Q. Increases and decreases?
24	A. Increases and decreases, and that's what we
25	did.

1	Q. And then when the company did the reforecast,
2	did you continue to track it to, what?
3	A. We tracked both to the control budget estimate
4	and the reforecasted budget estimate because that's how we
5	were managing the project. We managed the project and we
6	provided all the data that we used to manage the project to
7	the Staff and tracked to both budgets.
8	MR. FISCHER: Thank you very much, Mr. Giles.
9	I appreciate your patience.
10	JUDGE PRIDGIN: Mr. Fischer, thank you. Mr.
11	Giles, thank you. You may step down. This looks to be a
12	convenient time as any to break. If I'm not mistaken, Mr.
13	Downey will be the next witness?
14	MR. FISCHER: Yes.
15	JUDGE PRIDGIN: All right. Anything further
16	from counsel before we break?
17	MS. OTT: Yes, I'm not sure if I offered
18	Exhibit 252 into the record. If I didn't, I'd like to do it
19	at this time.
20	JUDGE PRIDGIN: I show that you did not. 252
21	has been offered. Any objections? Hearing none
22	MR. STEINER: What exhibit is that?
23	JUDGE PRIDGIN: I'm sorry, 252 has been
24	offered. That's the e-mail.
25	MR. SCHWARZ: Before we break, I would like to