1 it.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

19

20

21

22

23

24

- Q. But where does it say cost overruns?
- A. That word does not appear, but anything in excess of the control budget estimate, that is how the regulatory plan defines a cost overrun. So by definition, that's a cost overrun.
- Q. Does -- can you point to where it says it will explain or track cost overruns?
- 9 I mean we can reread the language and I -- I believe it does that. And there's also the 10 11 final paragraph of that section, which is on the 12 following page, page 9. It says, The project team 13 will periodically update the reforecasted costs, contingency usage, cash flow and monthly budgets. 14 That's tracking project costs to the control budget 15 estimate. 16
- Q. Actual costs or project costs -- budgeted costs, sorry?
  - A. It's all part of the same system. You have actual and then forecasted costs. The actual costs you manage as you go, but you also forecast costs to identify potential issues and deal with them as they arise.
  - Q. Would you think that a key component of the cost control system in regards to the Kansas City

Power and Light regulatory plan would at least 1 2 describe and explain in the cost control system the 3 cost overruns? We talked about this quite a bit this 4 Α. morning. It -- that was a component and it does do 6 that. The commitment in the regulatory plan was to put in a system that identifies and explains cost 7 overruns and the system does just that. 8 Does cost control system mention the 9 Q. 10 regulatory plan? 11 Α. I don't know. I can read the document 12 and see if it refers to the regulatory plan. I don't recall that it does, but it -- it satisfies the 13 commitment whether it uses the words "regulatory plan" 14 15 or not. I mean if the document is attached to 16 Ο. 17 testimony, it will speak for itself. You don't need to read through it. 18 19 MS. OTT: I don't have any further 20 questions. 21 JUDGE PRIDGIN: All right, Ms. Ott. Thank you. Let me see if we have any Bench questions. 22 Commissioner Jarrett? 23 24 COMMISSIONER JARRETT: I don't have any 25 questions for Mr. Blanc. Thank you

1 JUDGE PRIDGIN: Thank you. Commissioner 2 Gunn? 3 QUESTIONS BY COMMISSIONER GUNN: 4 I just have a couple. And I apologize if 0. 5 they were -- we were upstairs in agenda so I apologize if they have already been answered. So how was -- how 6 was Schiff Hardin selected or hired? Was it an RFP 7 process or was it a -- these guys are the experts in 8 9 this? It was the latter. There wasn't a formal 10 11 RFP process, but my understanding -- as I said, I 12 didn't participate in the hiring of the firm but my 13 understanding is basically looked at who could do this kind of work and Schiff Hardin came up as kind of the 14 imminent firm in this area. And as we talked about 15 yesterday, because they already had a team in place 16 17 and because their approach meshed with our approach. What -- what office did they work out of? 18 Ο. 19 Because they don't have an office in Kansas City, do 20 they? 21 They do not. They -- a lot of the folks Α. 22 were in Kansas City, but they also worked out of the Chicago office. But in acknowledgment that they were 23 an out-of-town firm, they didn't bill us for travel 24

time. All the time they spent waiting in airports or

1 sitting on planes, we were never billed for that time. And they did that intentionally to level the playing 2 3 field, so to speak, with local firms. was there any adjustment to rates to 4 0. 5 reflect Kansas City rates or were they Chicago rates, 6 do you know? 7 I would say they were neither. They were Α. construction expert rates, geographic -- geographically 8 9 irrelevant. So a paralegal in construction law makes 10 0. 11 \$230 an hour? Well, for -- that's a fair point. For a 12 Α. paralegal service by Kansas City standards, that --13 that does seem high and that -- that is a Chicago 14 15 rate. It's pretty high for a Kansas City 16 0. 17 lawver. So I mean was -- so when -- were these rates just kind of taken as this is what the rates were or 18 19 were the rates -- were the rates negotiated? 20 well, the -- first of all, the rates Α. weren't special to KCP&L. And the extent that they 21 were higher than the rates Schiff Hardin is paying 22 their other clients, these are Schiff Hardin rates and 23 the market sets those largely. Market looks at 24

services a law firm can provide and judges if they're

worth it or not.

- Q. But you didn't look at any other law firms through an RFP process, did you?
- A. Not through an RFP process, but you wouldn't have to do an RFP process to know generally what other firms charge.
- Q. We're talking about \$20 million.

  Ultimately you guys paid this law firm \$20 million for the services that they were doing?
- 10 A. Yeah. And --
- Q. And there was no -- Let me finish the question.
- 13 A. You bet.
  - Q. There -- there doesn't appear to be any negotiation on rates, there doesn't appear to be any negotiation on volume discount. You knew how long the project was going to last. There had to be a budget put together for what you were going to pay this entity. And you guys just picked who you thought won it. Now, I'm not saying that that was a bad choice, but I just want to make it -- asking the clear questions.
  - You did not try to negotiate down rates, you did not try to get other firms that -- in -- and there was no competitive process in order to hire the

- 1 firms. And so let me -- I'll ask that question.
  2 There was no competitive process to hire this firm and
  3 there was no appearance to negotiate lower rates based
- 4 on either geographic location or other competitive

5

11

12

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

factors?

that.

any of their travel time.

A. They're just going to have to parse out
what I know and I don't know. I do know there was not
an RFP process, but because I wasn't involved directly
in hiring them or negotiating, I don't know any
discussions around discounted rates. I don't know

But I do know that they didn't charge us for

- Q. All right. So even though -- so you don't get -- you don't get paid for sitting a half hour in -- in Midway airport flying to Kansas City, but you're still getting to charge \$230 hour for a paralegal?
  - A. For work that's being performed on the project in support of the project, yeah.
  - Q. Okay. Now, you -- you were directly involved in reviewing some of those invoices. Right?
  - A. Yes, I was particularly with the members of the Schiff Hardin team that I worked directly with.
  - Q. Now, did I hear you right -- and it may have been yesterday that you -- you did not

disallow -- let me -- let me ask the question this
way: Did you disallow individual time entries that
you can recall?

- A. No. There were times that I had questions just because I wasn't familiar with the work they were doing or why it would take as long as the bill indicated, but I explored that with the lawyer that was actually working with them on that project and those were always resolved.
- Q. To your --to your knowledge, were any time entries for the entire \$20 million -- because I'm assuming -- well, let me back up. Were all the invoices submitted -- was everything done on a time entry basis? So you received invoices on an hourly basis and time entries for people whether they were lawyers or whether they were other -- other employees?
  - A. Sure. Standard law firm practice, yeah.
- Q. So there were no flat fees, no just -- if someone acted in a consultant role, project management kind of role, they were -- they were treated as a lawyer, they -- they did -- they billed in certain time increments and presented those time entries to you on the invoices?
- A. Yeah. As far as I know. Certainly with the respect to the portions of the invoice I was

responsible for reviewing, absolutely, time entries. 1 2 And there was not a single time entry in 0. 3 that entire \$20 million -- or approximately \$20 million that was ever disallowed? 4 There were ones that arose No. 6 questions, but those questions were always addressed. 7 And that -- and those were paid? Q. 8 Α. Yes. That number paid? 9 Q. 10 Α. Sure. 11 So there were no -- not only were there Q. 12 no ones that were disallowed, there were no adjustments to any of the time entries where you 13 looked and said, you know, Really did it take some 14 person nine hours to do this work? And so -- and a 15 lawyer came back and said -- or Schiff came back and 16 said. You know, you're right, it really -- we'll write 17 it down to seven hours. There -- there was none of 18 19 that that you know of? 20 No. Those were the discussions that Α. 21 happened internally, but there was -- I was always 22 comfortable with the explanation I received that, oh, yeah, this came up or it was more complex than they 23

Right. So no adjustments were made?

originally thought and that's why it took longer.

24

25

Q.

1 Not that I'm aware of, no. Α. No. 2 And -- and these are fees that you are --Q. 3 that are separate from rate case expense. Right? 4 These will be included in project cost? These would 5 not be considered rate case expense. Correct? The vast majority. There would be a very 6 small portion that they've done in support of the rate 7 cases, but that would be an extremely small portion of 8 that number. So there -- they -- they have continued 10 0. to give support -- is it -- and I don't -- I don't 11 12 want to get into any privileged information, but is it -- is it legal strategy or is it -- is it gathering 13 information for other --14 A simple example, Ken Roberts is a 15 Α. witness in the case. 16 17 Okav. 0. 18 And that -- that's a rate case expense. Α. 19 His time as a witness in the case. 20 Q. Got it. Okay. I want to go just real 21 quick to the cost control system. 22 Okay. Α. 23 To your knowledge, was this developed 0. kind of out of whole cloth or was it a kind of a brand 24

new model for doing cost control system or was it --

was it a boilerplate cost control system that was modified for the Iatan plant?

- A. Sure. There was -- Steve Jones, a witness in this case, was responsible for developing -- developing it and he's probably the best witness to ask. But I think it's probably a little bit of both. My understanding is we didn't start recreating the wheel, but we also developed it to be specific to this project and our commitments under the regulatory plan.
- Q. And only as to your knowledge, if -- if that cost control system -- if portions of that cost control system had been used before, do you know whether Staff has had -- had ever talked about the adequacy of those portions that were used in previous cases? Only if you know.
- A. Yeah, I don't remember Staff ever asking questions along those lines is why I'm pausing.
- Q. Let me ask you this: In -- in -- in your involvement in other rate cases, have you ever had a blanket disallowance, either a percentage or hard dollar number, based upon inadequate cost control systems in -- that you can recall?
- 24 A. No.

Q. To your -- to your knowledge was there

ever a line item by line item determination from all the disallowances as to their individual prudence or -- or ever? Or was there -- was there just the blanket disapproval disallowance because of the cost control system inadequacies?

- A. My experience has been it's been issue by issue, whereas, we describe a decision or act by a decision or act. That it's never been a blanket holistic, whatever word you want to ascribe to it. It's never been that broadly sweeping. It's identifying something specific that was imprudent and then quantifying the impact of that imprudency.
- Q. Okay. Just to go back -- and I may
  have -- you -- you were billed on a monthly basis
  from -- from Schiff?
  - A. That's correct.

- Q. And so the review process took a month and then was there any lag in payment? Would there -- would -- was it a pretty standard review process where you would review them and then they would get out and that happened on a monthly basis?
- A. Yeah. The -- the review process was very standard. The payment part I don't know just because I don't know how long it took accounting to process and get the -- I don't know -- wire transfer or check

out. I just don't know that.

- Q. So you'd get an invoice and you would review it, send it down to your accounting department saying, Okay to pay and then whatever process they had took however long it took?
  - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And that was done every month or was it -- was -- was there -- were there any delays?
- A. No. It was done -- in response to receiving the invoices over the five years, I can think of a couple of occasions where maybe two invoices came in together that maybe the first one was running a little late and two months came in together, but that would be the only exception I could think of.
- Q. Were there -- were there -- there were increased payments at the end of the year where -- where you would have certain work that was -- that either because of the KCP&L's books closing or because Schiff Hardin wanting to get end of the year invoices where you would receive maybe two invoices in November or -- or earlier than once a month?
- A. There were times we received more than one invoice in a month but I don't think that was the reason. I think when we did, it was because it was either separate scopes of work or something different

going on. I don't recall getting multiple monthly invoices for the purpose of getting -- getting expenses paid within a particular time.

- Q. Okay. Just really, really quickly, can you give me the best people to talk about the cost control system, the best -- if it's more than the previous person you -- you mentioned?
- A. Absolutely. There are, in my mind, four and it just depends on what aspect of it you want to talk about. As far as what was negotiated at the time the regulatory plan came to be, what the parties talked about and what that language meant at the time, that would be Chris Giles. He negotiated that on behalf of the company.
  - Q. Okay.

- A. If you want to talk about the day to day and the trenches, how the cost control system worked and what we did with it on a day-to-day basis, that would be Forrest Archibald. If you want to talk about how our cost control system compares to the rest of the industry across the US and historically, that would be Dan Meyer.
- Q. Okay. Who else -- who else reviewed invoices? You only did a portion of the Schiff Hardin invoices. Correct? Who else did?

- It depends on what was going on in the 1 Α. invoice. It was subject matter driven basically. 2 3 That -- Jerry Reynolds, who was also a lawyer in the law department oversaw the contract work and a lot of 4 the work they did was contract work. So he would 5 review the portion. I reviewed the portion that 6 pertained regulatory stuff, for lack of a better term. 7 And then procurement --"Stuff" is a scientific term in this 9 0. Commission so it's okay. 10 And then procurement and then the project 11 Α. 12 team would look at the portions that dealt with the actual -- the project support piece. 13 was your review the only review that was 14 Q. done or did it go to Mr. Riggins before it was sent on 15 16 to pay? Typically that -- that's what would work. 17 It would go through me for me for my portion and 18 Reynolds for his portion. And then if we had -- if 19 there were questions we couldn't resolve, which did 20 21 happen from time to time, then he would be the next 22 step. And it would go to Bill Riggins as general counsel and he would have the final say if we went to 23
  - Q. But that was not a necessary part of the

Schiff with anything in particular.

24

```
review process? If you didn't -- if you looked at the
1
   review and you didn't have any questions, it just got
2
 3
   sent right to accounting. You didn't have to go --
                      I think it would still go through --
 4
          Α.
                No.
 5
                It would -- okay.
          Q.
6
                I think it would still go through
   Riggins, but it would just -- if we had a
8
   recommendation or not or questions or not.
9
                Okay. Do you know if -- do you know if
          0.
10
   there was a second independent review done at that
11
   level or was your -- if you didn't have any questions
12
   on it, it basically was a proforma kind of approval?
13
                I don't know if it was proforma.
14
   know --
                You don't know?
15
          0.
16
                -- to what extent Mr. Riggins looked at
          Α.
17|
   them or not. I -- I don't know that.
18
                That's fair.
          Q.
19
                 COMMISSIONER GUNN: That's all I have.
20 l
   Thanks.
            I appreciate that.
21
                 JUDGE PRIDGIN: Commissioner Gunn, thank
22
   you.
23
                 Commissioner Kenney?
24
   OUESTIONS BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY:
25
                 Might be in danger of beating a dead
          Q.
```

1	horse, but just bear with me because this is
2	intriguing to me. And I want to ask first about the
3	Comprehensive Energy Plan, Construction Projects, Cost
4	Control System. It's a HC document, but I'm not going
5	to ask about the contents of it. This document is
6	was drafted specifically in response to the
7	Comprehensive Energy Plan. Correct?
8	A. Absolutely.
9	Q. Okay. And you said Chris Giles
10	negotiated the regulatory plan with Staff or he was
11	primarily responsible for negotiating the contents of
12	that?
13	A. Correct. From the company's perspective,
14	he was our principal negotiator.
15	Q. Okay. Is he a lawyer?
16	A. No, he's not.
17	Q. Paragraph Q is the paragraph of the
18	regulatory plan that's gotten all the attention.
19	A. Absolutely.
20	Q. And I probably asked you some of these
21	questions yesterday about whether the terms identify
22	and verify or the terms of paragraph Q, whether
23	they were discussed and what those terms meant. Was
24	it ever discussed that Staff would review the cost

25 control system plan and approve it or did Staff have

- any involvement in drafting the cost control plan at 1 a11?
  - Not in drafting it, but the understanding Α. was that they would provide it to them and expect input from them. And we provided -- provided this document -- the cost control system document to Staff in July of 2006 and met with them to go over it.
    - All right. Who attended those meetings? 0.
  - I believe -- yeah, Ms. Ott gave me the sign-up sheet for that. It's -- there's a July 11th, 2006 meeting and I have a copy of that sign-in sheet. And there are -- it's a list of who's there, but what's interesting to me, the people who ultimately
  - audited the project and are making these arguments weren't in attendance at this meeting. According to a sign-in sheet, Bob Schallenberg wasn't there, Chuck

Hyneman wasn't there nor was Mr. Majors.

- Who from our Staff was there? 18 Q.
- Lena Mantle, Wess Henderson, Cary 19 Α. Featherstone, Steve Dottheim, Steve Traxler, David 20 Elliott, Rus-- sorry, he's OPC. Dan Beck, Warren 21 Wood, who was with the Staff at that time. 22
- 23 Q. Okay.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 l

131

14

15

16

- 24 That's --Α.
- 25 Is this -- is this attached to something Q.

25

Q.

control system at that time; you were seeking input.
Right?

- A. Correct. Or it was -- it was a draft and it was an explanation this is how we intend to do it.
- Q. And how many more meetings were had specifically to discuss the cost control system?
- A. The cost control system, I would say there were many meetings about that, but I would just parse as far as changing the draft language, there there weren't subsequent meetings about the language of the document because we didn't get feedback indicating that the text should be changed.
  - Q. Okay.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22 l

23

24

- A. But what there -- there were many meetings after that to describe how the system would work, how you would track costs and then with the reforecast, of course, how that worked.
  - Q. How many of those meetings occurred?
- A. At very minimum on a quarterly basis we met with Staff and the cost control and the cost of the project was a discussion every time. And the quarterly meetings go back to the first quarter of 2006.
- Q. All right.
  - A. And then with each reforecast meeting,

each reforecast we met with the Staff. And then 1 2 separate and apart from that, Staff requested I'm not 3 sure how many -- I think roughly a dozen times. can probably testify to it, but to meet specifically 4 with Forrest Archibald, our cost engineer, to go over how it was working. So there have been many meetings 6 7 about it. 8 Let me make sure I understand the timing. Q. The comprehensive -- the stipulation and agreement is the Comprehensive Energy Plan. I just want to make 10 11 sure we're using the same terms. Right? 12 Α. Yes. Okay. The Comprehensive Energy Plan was 13 Q. executed in May of '05? 14 Yes. And approved in August of '05. 15 Α. And then this document, cost control 16 0. 17 system document, was finally drafted by July of '06? 18 Α. Correct. All right. And prior to July of '06, 19 Q. 20 when that July 11th meeting occurred, had Staff had 21 any opportunity to provide input into its development? 22 I -- I don't know. That would --Α. Mr. Giles was in my role at that time so he would be a 23 better witness to ask. I just -- I don't know about 24

the level of discussions. I attended this meeting

where it was presented, but discussions that might 1 2 have occurred before that I'm just -- I'm not familiar 3 with. 4 So at that July 11th, 2006 meeting, this 0. 5 document was substantially completed at that point? I -- I'm not aware of any 6 Α. Yeah. 7 changes --That occurred after that? 8 Q. 9 -- that occurred, right. Α. So this as we look at it as Schedule 10 Q. 11 SJ2010-1 is how it was presented at the July 11th, 12 2006 meeting? That's my understanding. 13 Α. Yes. And that's how it's existed throughout 14 Q. the life of the regulatory -- the Comprehensive Energy 15 Plan? 16 17 Yes. Α. All right. And do you know if at the 18 Q. meeting that you attended or if at any subsequent 19 20 meetings there was ever discussion of -- well, let me 21 ask a different question. 22 Somewhere in here it talks about how cost 23 overruns above the definitive estimate will be identified and explained. And if that's something you 24 all discussed earlier, I apologize. We were in 25

1 agenda. We touched upon it, but that's fine, 2 Α. Commissioner. It's -- Section 3 is project control, 3 4 Section 3.1 is cost control. And that's on page 8. 5 0. Yeah. Does it specifically speak to cost overruns being identified and explained? 6 I would say yes. I mean the words 7 Α. "identify and explain" don't appear, but what it 8 says -- and it's relatively brief, it's just five 9 paragraphs. But it says that we're going to set a 10 11 definitive estimate -- control budget estimate. 12 Q. Right. 13 We're going to monitor it continuously Α. and we're going to track to it and there's going to be 14 a documentation process around that and we're going to 15 provide that information. 16 17 So 3 point -- do we need to go in-camera Q. 18 now? 19 MR. FISCHER: No. 20 BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY: 21 No. 3.0, project controls; 3.1 --Q. 22 Α. Cost control. -- cost control. Those are the five 23 Q. 24 paragraphs, one, two, three, four -- where's the fifth Is it on the next page? So it's -- or is 25 paragraph?

it all these down to change order management? 1 2 Exactly. Down to change order Α. And I mean it goes on and it's all -- I 3 management. 4 mean this whole document --Everything under 3.0 though is what 5 Q. you're thinking speaks directly to identifying and 6 7 explaining cost overruns? I'd say -- I mean the whole document 8 9 can -- explains the system. 10 Q. Okay. But to your specific question, if you --11 Α. I can direct you to a part of the agreement that 12 speaks very directly to it, it would be those five **1**3 14 paragraphs. Were there ever any discussions prior to 15 0. I guess implementation of this document about what 16 Staff's expectations were with respect to identifying 17 and explaining cost overruns either at the July 11th 18 meeting or a subsequent meeting? 19 The only expectations I remember being 20 Α. 21 discussed up until I would say July of 2010 but prior 22 to that was the expectation that you could track to

the control budget estimate. And we were on the same

page that that was the point of the system to be able

to track to the control budget estimate.

23

24

Control budget estimate was going to be 1 Q. 2 the baseline against which everything would be 3 measured? 4 Α. Exactly. 5 Okay. All right. Where was the -- I'm Q. going to switch gears now. The Strategic Talent 6 Effectiveness document that Ms. Ott was referring to, 7 what that document? Where is that attached to? What 8 is that document? I'm not sure if it's attached to anyone's 10 11 testimony. 12 Q. Is it part of a data request or discovery 13 request? Yeah, it was provided. 14 Α. I'd like to see it since you guys talked 15 0. about it. 16 MS. OTT: We can mark it as an exhibit 17 and put it into the record. 18 19 JUDGE PRIDGIN: That's certainly fine. 20 Thank you. 21 BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY: 22 So let me -- now I'm going to beat the 0. dead horse and talk about Schiff Hardin. \$230 an hour 23 for a paralegal seems exorbitant. And I reviewed your 24 25 testimony and you worked at -- you worked at Shook,

1 Hardy? 2 Uh-huh. Α. 3 And then Vinson and Elkins, DC; is that Q. 4 right? 5 Yes. Correct. Α. what do the paralegals at those two firms 6 Q. 7 charge, if you remember? I don't recall paralegal rates. Sorry. 8 Α. 9 When were you there? Q. I left Vincent and Elkins in 2005, I 10 Α. believe. 11 What was your hourly rate when you left? 12 Q. 325 an hour. 13 Α. 14 Okay. So \$100 -- so 325 in 2005 for DC Q. 15 rates. I quess I can't really do an apples-to-apples comparison so I won't even try. \$230 an hour, does 16 17 that strike you as reasonable based upon what you know 18 having worked at Shook, Hardy and Vinson and Elkins 19 for paralegal work? 20 I'd say it depends on how the firm's using their paralegal and how good the paralegals are. 21 I've met with some paralegals that save a lot of 22 23 lawyer time. And if that paralegal is saving a lot of 24 lawyer time, I would argue that's a savings in the 25 long run.

1 was there an engagement letter in terms Q. 2 of representation with -- between KCP&L and Schiff 3 Hardin? Again, I wasn't involved in hiring them. 4 Α. 5 but yeah, I would expect so. We typically have an engagement letter with law firms and I wouldn't think 6 7 this would be an exception. 8 Have you seen it? 0. 9 Not that I can recall. It seems that I Α. I just -- I don't want to --10 have. Did Staff ask for it as a DR and would it 11 Q. 12 be a privileged? Would the engagement letter and the terms of representation be a privileged document? 13 MR. FISCHER: Commissioner, it's my 14 15 understanding we did provide that to the -- to the 16 Staff. 17 COMMISSIONER KENNEY: All right. 18 the engagement letter and terms of representation or any documents that set forth the relationship between 19 Kansas City and Power and Light and Schiff Hardin? 20 21 And we don't have to find it now. I just want to know 22 if it's available. I would like to see it eventually, but not right this very second. 23 24 BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY: 25 What's Mr. Roberts' hourly rate, if you Q.

1 know? I believe that's in Staff's report. I 2 Α. don't have that ahead of me, but they -- in Staff's 3 4 report they have his hourly rate. And my recollection 5 is 550. It's around here somewhere. 6 ο. 7 My recollection is 550, but Mr. Roberts Α. will be on the stand. 8 9 He's in Chicago, Right? Q. 10 Α. Correct. Okay. All right. So the 20 -- the 11 Q. 12 upwards of \$20 million we're talking about is from what point through what point? 13 From the beginning of the project. And 14 that's I think the really important point to keep in 15 context is both the scope of the work they were doing, 16 the quality of work and over the time frame. 17 18 Well, and that's what I want to get at Q. because that's what I want to see the -- the terms of 19 the representation and the engagement letter I'm 20 21 assuming sets forth the scope of the work for they're 22 being retained --23 Uh-huh. Α. 24 -- and it sets forth who's going to be 0. 25 working on the project?

## EVIDENTIARY HEARING VOL. 15 ER-2010-0355 & 0356 01-19-2011

That's what I would anticipate. 1 Α. 2 0. How bills are paid? 3 Α. Yeah. That's what I would anticipate. 4 Okav. And so when -- when were they 0. 5 retained? Was it in 2005 or 2006? They began -- they -- they began 6 7 providing services to the company back in 2005 is my recollection. But the -- like I said, I'm not 8 9 familiar with the engagement letter so I don't know what the date of that would be. 10 Are you aware of whether Schiff Hardin 11 Q. 12 had had any prior relationship with Kansas City Power and Light or had performed any prior legal services? 13 No, not that I'm aware of. 14 Α. 15 So this was a new relationship? 0. Yes. As far as I know. 16 Α. 17 Okav. And was Mr. Roberts always the Q. partner in charge of the file as far as you know? 18 Yes. As far as I know. 19 Α. 20 Okay. And who -- all right. Never mind. Q. 21 MS. OTT: Judge, for clarity, the 22 document you're looking for is attached to Chuck 23 Hyneman's surrebuttal testimony as Schedule 11 or 1-1. 24 COMMISSIONER KENNEY: What is it exactly 25 that's attached to his testimony?

MS. OTT: The contract for legal 1 2 services. 3 COMMISSIONER KENNEY: Okay. JUDGE PRIDGIN: Thank you. 4 5 BY COMMISSIONER KENNEY: 6 Okay. So Ernst & Young and this Strategic Talent Effectiveness entity had some 7 criticisms of Schiff's relationship with the project 8 team; is that right? 9 Yeah. Basically I believe it could be 10 Α. summarized as their conclusions were Schiff was 11 12 communicating too bluntly with the project team. And it sounded like -- and I want to look 13 0. at the Strategic Talent Effectiveness. The words that 14 you read seem more harsh than Ernst & Young's 15 criticism does. Is that fair? 16 I think that's fair. I think Ernst & 17 Young document basically says Schiff Hardin's 18 extremely competent, extremely well qualified, they 19 just need to work on communicating with the project 20 21 team better. 22 And you said the Strategic Talent 0. Effectiveness, is this -- is that a consulting firm or 23 24 something? What is that? Strategic Talent Solutions is a 25 Yeah. Α.

1 consultant. Talent Solutions. And they were hired in 2 Q. May of '07? 3 4 This report is dated May of '07. Α. No. 5 Were they hired specifically to come in Q. and assess Schiff Hardin's relationship with the 6 7 project management team? 8 The company had a pre-existing Α. No. 9 relationship with Strategic Talent Solutions. 10 Well, what precipitated asking Strategic 0. Talent Solutions to do an assessment of Schiff 11 12 Hardin's relationship with the project management 13 team? 14 I wasn't directly involved that decision. Α. 15 That would be a great question for Bill Downey who I 16 believe was. But my -- my understanding is that the company recognized that communication could be 17 improved between those two groups and we wanted to 18 assess what needed to be done about it to improve the 19 communication. 20 21 And the report's dated May 2007, which is 22 pretty early on in the project. So we were trying to 23 address an issue before it became a problem that affected the project. 24

well, how did you become aware that

25

Q.

communication was an issue? How did the company 1 2 become aware? Again, that's a better question for 3 Α. Mr. Downey. 4 5 So -- and I think you said that the --Q. that the question that should be asked is what did the 6 7 company do in response to Ernst & Young's criticism. So what did the company do in response to Ernst & 8 Young's criticism? Basically we -- we got the players 10 together and figured out why it wasn't working, why 11 12 were they having a hard time communicating. And to 13 simplify it, I would put it down to it was a bedside manner issue. That Schiff recognized their role was 14 to give us direct, honest, open criticism but how 15 that's delivered has an impact on how it's received. 16 So there was a discussion about how to deliver that in 17 a less confrontational manner and that was done. 18 19 And who participated in those Ο. discussions? 20 It would have been the -- the Schiff 21 Α. 22 Hardin team and the project team at that time. 23 Did you participate in those discussions? 0. No, I was not directly involved in the 24 Α.

25

project.

Okay. And do you know if the 1 Q. 2 relationship improved from that point forward and 3 there were no more problems? 4 My understanding is the relationship Α. 5 improved a lot after that. And did -- was there a need to have ever 6 have Ernst & Young or Strategic Talent Solutions do 7 any further assessment to determine whether the 8 communication problems has been solved? 9 That -- that's a great question. There 10 were subsequent audits done and this was -- this issue 11 12 never came up again. 13 I just want to make sure I understand. 0. In the time that you were reviewing bills and that 14 15 you're aware, there were never any adjustments made to the bills? 16 I -- I didn't recommend any with respect 17 Α. to Schiff Hardin. Using this same process --18 19 Great client to have. Q. 20 Α. well, no. With respect to other law 21 firms, there were other instances that came up where I wasn't aware that this partner was working on this 22 23 matter and so we're not going to pay that time. So that is part of the process and that came up. 24

that didn't happen on a Schiff Hardin bill.

1	Q. All right.
2	A. At least that I recommended. What
3	Mr. Riggins ultimately did, I don't know, but I didn't
4	recommend any.
5	COMMISSIONER KENNEY: All right. I don't
6	have any other questions. Thanks.
7	JUDGE PRIDGIN: Commissioner Gunn?
8	QUESTIONS BY COMMISSIONER GUNN:
9	Q. Yeah. I just have a couple and I might
10	have to go HC for a couple but I don't right now.
11	Were there fee increases that you were
12	aware of from the time that the engagement with Schiff
13	Hardin was made through the project?
14	A. There were. And then those rates were
15	frozen. I believe they froze their rates in 2009.
16	Mr. Roberts would maybe be better able to answer that.
17	But they froze their rates and new business, for
18	example, that Schiff Hardin gets is billed at a higher
19	rate than what we're paying today.
20	Q. And do you know what the increase was?
21	Was it an across the board increase or was it a
22	percentage increase?
23	A. I don't recall if it was across the board
24	or percentage increase. I know one of the issues or
25	one of the raises were attributable to one of the

## EVIDENTIARY HEARING VOL. 15 ER-2010-0355 & 0356 01-19-2011

```
lawyers working on the project went from associate to
1
 2
   partner during that time frame so her rates increased,
   but that wouldn't have been an across the board
 3
 4
   percentage.
 5
                COMMISSIONER GUNN: I'm going to need to
   go to HC.
6
 7
                 JUDGE PRIDGIN: Give me just a moment,
8
   please.
9
                 COMMISSIONER GUNN: I think. Because
   it's an HC document, it's marked.
10
11
                 JUDGE PRIDGIN:
                                 Just one moment, please.
12
                 (REPORTER'S NOTE: At this point, an
13
   in-camera session was held, which is contained in
   Volume 16, pages 565 through 568 of the transcript.)
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
```

JUDGE PRIDGIN: All right. We're back in 1 2 public. 3 CURTIS BLANC testified as follows: BY COMMISSIONER GUNN: 4 I mean you can see where it's concerning? 5 Q. No. And I understand. But I think as we 6 Α. described, a paralegal that's good saves lawyer time 7 and that saves money. 8 Sure. But if you can do paralegal time 9 Q. 10 at the agreed upon rate and now you have a different 11 rate, there -- and there's no explanation for that --12 and I don't know on some of this, yeah, you may be -can paralegal work be done by a first-year associate 13 who is at substantially less than -- than the --14 the -- the rate that she was paid? 15 And I also don't know whether those rates 16 17 could have been negotiated down because there was no -- I don't know that there was any negotiation 18 19 process in the rates. And I don't have anybody that I can ask -- the person that's responsible for it, I 20 don't have anybody that I can ask. 21 I mean I will tell you that in my 22 experience when you're talking about a potential 23 \$20 million bill, that you have a competitive process. 24 25 Because you're going to -- and at the end of the day,

you might all know who's going to win the competitive process, you might know that there's only one person out there that can do this job, but you don't know that there's not somebody else that can do it that can't do it a whole lot cheaper.

- A. No, and I would agree that \$20 million is a lot of money. But what Dan Meyer in particular will tell you is that looking at the industry for that level of services, less than 1 percent of the project cost is a really good deal.
- Q. And you know what? I don't necessarily disagree with you. But I don't know that it can't -- couldn't have been less than 1 percent of the total project costs. I don't know that because there was no competitive process.

And I don't know that because I honestly

I -- I find -- I find it -- I -- I find it am-- I mean
out of the hundreds of time entries that you -- that
were reviewed -- and it's not fair to say that none of
them were adjusted because you only know a portion -you only know a portion. But I find it amazing that
out of the hundreds of -- of time entries that were
done, that there were zero adjustments made. Not
even -- not even -- not even one.

I mean, you know, in experiences in

private practice, that has become somewhat of a 1 2 general counsel's job is to take a look at these bills. And what concerns me is, is that the decision 3 4 was made that because it's going to go into project 5 costs, that there wasn't -- there didn't need to be a level of scrutiny on these things because they were 6 being pumped right into -- they were going to be 7 passed along to the rates. 8

And while less than 1 percent might be a really good deal, I don't know -- I don't know whether that's the best deal that the consumers could have gotten.

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25 l

- A. Right. I didn't say and certainly didn't mean to say that there was no scrutiny because it was a project cost. That's not -- not my testimony or position. That's not what occurred.
- Q. And I don't mean to imply that. I don't mean to imply that these -- I don't even mean to imply that these are imprudent. I certainly don't. What I -- what I'm saying and it's devolved and I apologize for that, is, is that you can see how this raises a question for us or for me in -- in particular.

And so I'm going to have other questions for -- for all -- for the other lawyers and the other people that reviewed in-- invoices out there. They

should probably be prepared to help me answer some of 1 2 these questions. 3 Α. Sure. And Mr. Roberts can explain how 4 Schiff Hardin sets its rates. 5 Absolutely. Right. And Mr. Roberts will Q. probably be asked those questions, I'll be 6 7 anticipating. But I don't have anything else. I 8 appreciate -- I appreciate the exchange. 9 JUDGE PRIDGIN: All right. Any further Bench questions? 10 11 This appears to be a good time to break for lunch. I'm showing 12:30, if we could reassemble 12 13 at 1:30. Is there anything from counsel before we go off the record? All right. Hearing nothing, we will 14 stand in recess until 1:30. 15 (A recess was taken.) 16 17 JUDGE PRIDGIN: All right. Good 18 afternoon. We're back on the record. When we 19 adjourned for lunch, I believe Mr. Blanc was on the stand. The Bench had finished questions and we were 20 21 back to recross. 22 MR. SCHWARZ: I have no questions on 23 Thank you, Judge. recross. 24 MR. MILLS: I have a few. 25 JUDGE PRIDGIN: Okay. Mr. Mills does.

## EVIDENTIARY HEARING VOL. 15 ER-2010-0355 & 0356 01-19-2011

Anything else before we begin recross? Okay. 1 2 Mr. Mills, when you're ready. 3 MR. MILLS: Let me check something 4 quickly. 5 JUDGE PRIDGIN: Sure. MS. OTT: And actually I -- we were going 6 to mark two documents as exhibits and I had copies 7 made. So if we want to do that right now while he's 8 clarifying something. 9 JUDGE PRIDGIN: That's fine. 10 11 MS. OTT: I guess it would be Staff Exhibit 248. 12 13 JUDGE PRIDGIN: Let me check my list. I believe that's correct. 14 **1**5 MS. OTT: Would be the July 11th, 2006 meeting on cost control. And it's -- contains three 16 17 documents, the attendance list, the Comprehensive Energy Plan, Construction Projects, Cost Control 18 System, which is highly confidential, as well as the 19 KCPL Comprehensive Energy Plan, Cost Control System, 20 21 July 11th, 2006 PowerPoint presentation. 22 JUDGE PRIDGIN: Okav. 23 MS. OTT: And then I guess 249 would be 24 the Strategic Talent Solutions May 2007 report highly confidential. 25

my part of the bill review process wasn't to evaluate

whether the hourly rates was reasonable. It was to 1 evaluate the work performed and if it was done in an 2 3 efficient manner. And my question is not as to the rate, 4 0. but my question is did you do any analysis to 5 determine whether that particular paralegal was saving 6 7 a lot of lawyer time? I was trying to be responsive to 8 Α. I personally did not, but that wasn't part of my role. I wouldn't expect to. I -- the review I did 10 11 was in response to my interaction with the project and 12 more specifically my interaction with the Schiff I didn't work with that paralegal. 13 Hardin team. don't think I worked with any Schiff Hardin paralegal, 14 so I wouldn't have a personal basis to do that kind of 15 16 analysis. 17 Okay. Now, did I hear you correctly that Q. you -- that you have recommended to bills from --18 19 recommended adjustments to bills from other law firms 20 during your employment at KCP&L? 21 Yes. Α. 22 Okay. And which law firms? Q. The example that comes to mind first was 23 Α.

a -- it was a Duane Morris bill. And I looked at it

and there was a time entry for work that I didn't

24

believe we had asked for and from a partner that I didn't recognize who that was.

And I -- similar to the process we described here, I went around to the other lawyers that interacted with him and said, Do you have any knowledge of this? And the answer was no. And because my concerns weren't satisfied, we went to Duane Morris and asked them. And it turns out it was an error and it was removed from the bill.

- Q. And what kind of work was Duane Morris doing?
- A. In that case, it was part of the Iatan project. We looked at them as a -- as potentially supplementing or replacing -- we looked at Duane Morris to see if they could do the kind of work that Schiff Hardin was doing just in our due diligence for law firm services. And then in addition to that, they provided some legal service with respect to the engagement of Pegasus.
- Q. Okay. Now, and I'm going to try to ask this question in a way so as not to get into highly confidential information, but it's in reference to the -- in part, in reference to the contract that -- that's in evidence with -- with Schiff Hardin.

And my question is, is the -- do you know

and did you do any research to find out whether the \$230 an hour paralegal is more experienced or better in some way than the paralegal that Commissioners asked you about on the -- the contract form with Schiff Hardin?

6

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

- A. As I explained, I didn't work directly with any of the paralegals. In conversations with the Schiff Hardin team, my understanding is the paralegal with the higher billing rate is substantially more experienced, but that those are members of Ken Roberts' team and he would be able to answer that directly. But my understanding is there's a significance difference in their experience.
  - Q. And when did you have that conversation?
  - A. Just over the course of these hearings.
- Q. Okay. And I believe when you were having discussions with either Commissioner Gunn or Commissioner Kenney, you recommend that they ask Dan Meyer about the reasonableness of Schiff Hardin's charges in this case?
- 21 A. Yes. That's correct.
- Q. Who does Dan Meyer work for?
- A. Dan Meyer works with Schiff Hardin, but he's got 40 years of experience in the construction industry and what --

You've answered my question. 1 Q. 2 Α. Okay. 3 MR. MILLS: Thank you. That's all I 4 have. 5 JUDGE PRIDGIN: Mr. Mills, thank you. 6 Ms. Ott? 7 RECROSS-EXAMINATION BY MS. OTT: 8 Yes. Going back to -- the Commissioners 0. were discussing the Ernst & Young and Strategic Talent Solutions audit report. You made comments that you 10 took the findings and attempted to correct them. 11 it your opinion that in an audit when you receive 12 negative -- or feedback that suggests you implement or 13 correct a problem, is that a positive thing to you? 14 I'd say it's part of prudent management. 15 Α. And the Kansas Commission's order basically recognized 16 17 that as well, that -- I quess there are two prongs The first is whether you should do an audit, 18 whether you should do that self-assessment. And 19 20 absolutely that self-assessment is part of prudent 21 management. But then what you do in response to that is also important. So both are important, to do the 22 23 audit and then respond to the audit findings. 24 are important. But is having something negative or that 25 Q.

needs corrective action in an audit report something that's positive to you?

- A. As I said, it depends what the response is. If they pointed out something and we didn't do anything, that that would be negative. But to point out something that we could be doing better and then to do it better, yes, that's positive. That's a prudent good project management.
- Q. But wouldn't it be positive to not have those comments in an audit report in the first place, that you shouldn't have to have corrective action, that it should have been implemented prior to an audit?
- A. If the standard were perfection, that would probably be a fair assessment, but the standard isn't perfection. The standard is prudence.
- Q. So are you saying it's okay to be imprudent until somebody finds something wrong and then you correct it and then that's prudent?
- A. That's not what I'm saying at all. I'm saying I don't think perfect is a reasonable expectation for anyone and it's not the standard for a disallowance. What I'm saying is that when someone points out you're not perfect, that improvements could be made, it's prudent management to look for those and

make those changes.

- Q. In going back to discussions on the Schiff Hardin contract and the contract had set fees and there was a subsequent fee increase, who approved the rate -- the rates increase for Schiff Hardin employees?
- A. Sure. It would be the general counsel. That's typically how it works with engagement of law firms. That's communication between the law firm and the general counsel.
- Q. So that would have been Mr. Riggins who would have approved those in-- the increases?
  - A. Correct.
- Q. And is there any documentation that states that Mr. Riggins approved those increases?
- A. I guess not that I'm aware of, but that's not my understanding of how the process typically works. The process, as I understand it, is typically that's a conversation had and not specific to Schiff, but most law firms is that there's a partner in charge, basically someone at the law firm that's responsible for the relationship with the client and then on the client side it's the general counsel.

And then those two have a conversation.

The partner in charge and the general counsel have a

conversation about how the service is going, what the rates are going to be in the coming year. So it's a conversation. I'm not aware of --neither of the firms I've worked for had an amended engagement letter on an annual basis or any formal documentation like that.

- Q. So after these oral conversations in which people may or may not have agreed to allow Schiff Hardin to increase their rates, there was nothing memorialized to say, Pursuant to our conversation, we've agreed to the following changes?
- A. Well, not that I'm aware of. But one of the parties to each of those conversations is a witness in this case. Ken Roberts was the partner in charge for Schiff Hardin and in charge of that relationship and he is the one that had those conversations with the company.
  - Q. But Mr. Riggins isn't here.
- A. But one of the parties to the conversation is.
- Q. Well, there's always two sides to every story.

Now, going back to the audits, the STS, did either of them, STS or Ernst & Young, request to do a follow-up visit -- a follow-up audit to see if you were implementing their recommended changes?