Issue: Revenue Requirement Witness: Greg R. Meyer Type of Exhibit: Surrebuttal Testimony Sponsoring Parties: Midwest Energy Consumers Group Case Nos.: ER-2022-0129 & ER-2022-0130 Date Testimony Prepared: August 16, 2022 **BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION** OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI In the Matter of Evergy Metro, Inc. d/b/a **Evergy Missouri Metro's Request for** Case No. ER-2022-0129 Authority to Implement a General Rate **Increase for Electric Service** In the Matter of Evergy Missouri West, Inc. d/b/a Evergy Missouri West's Request for Case No. ER-2022-0130 Authority to Implement a General Rate Increase for Electric Service

Surrebuttal Testimony and Schedules of

Greg R. Meyer

On behalf of

Midwest Energy Consumers Group

REDACTED VERSION

August 16, 2022



Project 11259 & 11260

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Evergy Metro, Inc. d/b/a)
Evergy Missouri Metro's Request for)
Authority to Implement a General Rate	Case No. ER-2022-0129
Increase for Electric Service)
In the Matter of Evergy Missouri West, Inc.)
d/b/a Evergy Missouri West's Request for)
Authority to Implement a General Rate	Case No. ER-2022-0130
Increase for Electric Service)

STATE OF MISSOURI

COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS

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Affidavit of Greg R. Meyer

Greg R. Meyer, being first duly sworn, on his oath states:

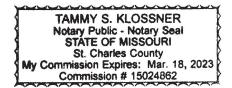
1. My name is Greg R. Meyer. I am a consultant with Brubaker & Associates, Inc., having its principal place of business at 16690 Swingley Ridge Road, Suite 140, Chesterfield, Missouri 63017. We have been retained by Midwest Energy Consumers Group in this proceeding on their behalf.

2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my surrebuttal testimony and schedules which were prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in the Missouri Public Service Commission, Case Nos. ER-2022-0129 & ER-2022-0130.

3. I hereby swear and affirm that the testimony and schedules are true and correct and that they show the matters and things that they purport to show.

Greg R. Meyer

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of August, 2022.



Sloosnes Notary Public

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

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In the Matter of Evergy Metro, Inc. d/b/a Evergy Missouri Metro's Request for Authority to Implement a General Rate Increase for Electric Service

In the Matter of Evergy Missouri West, Inc. d/b/a Evergy Missouri West's Request for Authority to Implement a General Rate Increase for Electric Service Case No. ER-2022-0129

Case No. ER-2022-0130

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Schedule GRM-2

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

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In the Matter of Evergy Metro, Inc. d/b/a Evergy Missouri Metro's Request for Authority to Implement a General Rate Increase for Electric Service

In the Matter of Evergy Missouri West, Inc. d/b/a Evergy Missouri West's Request for Authority to Implement a General Rate Increase for Electric Service Case No. ER-2022-0129

Case No. ER-2022-0130

Surrebuttal Testimony of Greg R. Meyer

1	Q	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
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- 2 A Greg R. Meyer. My business address is 16690 Swingley Ridge Road, Suite 140,
- 3 Chesterfield, MO 63017.

4 Q WHAT IS YOUR OCCUPATION?

- 5 A I am a consultant in the field of public utility regulation and a Principal at Brubaker &
- 6 Associates, Inc., energy, economic and regulatory consultants.

7 Q ARE YOU THE SAME GREG R. MEYER WHO PRESENTED DIRECT TESTIMONY

- 8 ON JUNE 8, 2022 AND REBUTTAL TESTIMONY ON JULY 13, 2022 IN THIS
- 9 **PROCEEDING?**
- 10 A Yes, I am.

11 Q ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU APPEARING IN THIS PROCEEDING?

12 A I am appearing on behalf of Midwest Energy Consumers Group ("MECG").

1	Q	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
2	А	I will respond to the Evergy rebuttal testimony regarding various issues. Specifically, I
3		will respond to the following issues:
4 5		The unrecovered investment resulting from the Sibley units' retirement and the rate of return on that unrecovered investment;
6		 The Missouri/Kansas jurisdictional allocators;
7		 Bad Debt Tracker;
8		 Property Tax Tracker and proper expense level for tracking;
9		 Storm Reserve;
10		 Nuclear Depreciation; and
11		 Labor Expenses.
12		The fact that I do not address a particular issue in this testimony should not be
13		interpreted as a tacit approval of a position taken by the Parties on that issue.

14 Sibley Units

- 15 Q HAVE YOU READ THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF EVERGY WITNESS JOHN
- 16 SPANOS REGARDING THE UNRECOVERED (STRANDED) INVESTMENT FROM
- 17 THE RETIREMENT OF THE SIBLEY UNITS?
- 18 A Yes, I have.
- 19 Q DO YOU AGREE WITH HIS POSITION?
- 20 A Absolutely not.

Greg R. Meyer Page 2

1 Q IN HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. SPANOS CLAIMS THAT A BOOK RESERVE 2 WAS ESTABLISHED IN CASE NO. EC-2019-0200 OF APPROXIMATELY \$327.2 3 MILLION, WHICH PRODUCED A NET BOOK VALUE OF APPROXIMATELY \$145.7 4 MILLION. PLEASE RESPOND. Mr. Spanos takes great liberties with the Commission Order in Case No. EC-2019-5 Α 6 0200. I have reviewed the Commission Order and the only portion of that Order that 7 discusses the amount of unrecovered investment in the Sibley units is restated here: 8 21. The estimated net book value of each Sibley unit and the common 9 assets at Sibley as of June 30, 2018, as calculated by GMO's 10 witness, is \$145.7 million. Public Counsel's witness estimated the net book value at \$160 million, while MECG's witness estimated that 11

Nowhere in that Commission Order was there any endorsement of a specific party's
 unrecovered investment total.

value at \$300 million.¹

12

- Q ON PAGE 25 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. SPANOS CLAIMS THAT
 EVERGY MISSOURI WEST HAS FOLLOWED THE DIRECTION BY THE
 COMMISSION IN CASE NO. EC-2019-0200 AND ESTABLISHED THE \$145.7
 MILLION NET BOOK VALUE RELATED TO SIBLEY AS OF JUNE 30, 2018.
 PLEASE RESPOND.
- A As I stated earlier, although Mr. Spanos strongly implies the Commission adopted the \$145.7 million unrecovered investment in the Sibley units, Mr. Spanos fails to provide an explicit reference to any section of the Commission Order that supports the "direction." In reality, that is because no direction was provided by the Commission as I described earlier. It is true that each party's position on the unrecovered investment was acknowledged by the Commission, as is typical in a Commission's discussion of

¹Report and Order, Case No. EC-2019-0200, October 17, 2019, p. 9 (Footnotes omitted).

- 1 facts in a case, but no endorsement of any value was made by the Commission except
- 2 for what it ordered. The Commission ordered that:

KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company shall record as a regulatory liability in Account 254 the revenue and return on the Sibley unit investments collected in rates for non-fuel operations and maintenance costs, taxes, including deferred income taxes, and all other costs associated with Sibley units 1, 2, 3, and common plant.²

- 10 Mr. Spanos' statement cannot be supported by a close review of the Commission
- 11 Order. The net book value in rates at the time of the Order was \$301 million.

12 Q ON PAGE 25 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. SPANOS ACCUSES YOU OF

13CREATING AN ALTERNATIVE RESULT SO THE COMPANY WILL NOT BE ABLE14TO EARN A RETURN DURING THE PERIOD OF RECOVERY SET FORTH (I.E., 20

- 15 YEARS). PLEASE RESPOND.
- A Mr. Spanos' attempt to discredit me is without merit. I will show that the figures I relied
 on were used to set rates in the last rate case, and were not created by me in an attempt
 to limit the return on retired assets. If anyone is attempting to create an adjustment, it
 is Evergy.

20 Q PLEASE DESCRIBE THE EVIDENCE YOU HAVE THAT SHOWS THAT IN THE

21 LAST EVERGY RATE CASE, CUSTOMER RATES WERE ESTABLISHED BASED

22 ON AN UNRECOVERED INVESTMENT FOR THE SIBLEY UNITS OF

- 23
 - APPROXIMATELY \$301 MILLION.
- A As I stated in my direct testimony, I relied on the Staff's True-up Accounting Schedules from the last rate case (Case No. ER-2018-0146). When one sums up the Sibley units

²*Id.*, pp. 15-16 (Emphasis added).

1 plant in service and subtracts the accumulated depreciation reserve balances, one arrives at an undepreciated net book value for the Sibley units of approximately \$301 2 3 million.

4 Q DO YOU HAVE ANY EVIDENCE THAT WOULD SUGGEST EVERGY SUPPORTED THOSE TOTALS? 5

6 А Yes. I have reviewed the true-up workpapers provided by Evergy's witness Ronald 7 Klote in Case No. ER-2018-0146. Those workpapers support the exact totals used by 8 the Staff in its true-up calculation. I have attached the workpapers provided by Mr. 9 Klote for the true-up Plant in Service and Depreciation Reserve as Schedule GRM-1 10 and Schedule GRM-2, respectively. As you can readily see, the Plant in Service 11 balance for the Sibley units is \$478,109,210 and the Depreciation Reserve balance for 12 the Sibley units is \$177,138,697. Subtracting the Depreciation Reserve balance from 13 the Plant in Service balance yields a net plant balance of \$300,970,513, or \$301 million, 14 at June 30, 2018. These exact amounts may also be found in the Staff's true-up 15 accounting schedules that form the basis of my recommendation.

16 Q PLEASE DESCRIBE THE TIMEFRAME FOR EVERGY'S CALCULATION OF THE 17

\$145.7 MILLION UNRECOVERED INVESTMENT IN THE SIBLEY UNITS.

18 As a result of the MECG's and OPC's complaint case, Case No. EC-2019-0200, Evergy Α 19 contracted with Mr. Spanos to calculate the net book value of the Sibley units. Mr. 20 Spanos' calculation asserted that the net book value of the Sibley units was \$145.7 21 million.

1 Q WHAT TIME PERIOD DID MR. SPANOS PERFORM HIS NET BOOK 2 CALCULATION?

A June 30, 2018. The exact same time period that Mr. Klote filed true-up workpapers
that supported a net book value over \$300 million. In the span of less than 24 hours,
the net book value for the Sibley units had supposedly decreased by over \$155 million.

6 Q WHAT, IN YOUR OPINION, MADE UP THAT DIFFERENCE?

- 7 A Accumulated depreciation reserve amounts were shifted from other steam production
- 8 plants to reduce the net book value of the Sibley units.
- 9 Q YOU REFER TO THE COMMISSION ORDER IN CASE NO. EC-2019-0200, WHERE
- 10 THE COMMISSION DETERMINED THAT A REGULATORY LIABILITY SHOULD BE
- 11 ESTABLISHED TO CAPTURE THE COSTS THAT WERE NO LONGER INCURRED
- 12 TO OPERATE THE SIBLEY UNITS. PLEASE PROVIDE THE COMMISSION
- 13 LANGUAGE DIRECTING THE PARTIES IN THE CASE ON HOW TO CALCULATE
- 14 THE REGULATORY LIABILITY.
- 15 A The Commission ordered the following:
- 162.KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company shall record as a17regulatory liability in Account 254 the revenue and the return on the18Sibley unit investments collected in rates for non-fuel operations and19maintenance costs, taxes, including accumulated deferred income20taxes, and all other costs associated with Sibley units 1, 2, 3, and21common plant. The regulatory liability should quantify separately22dollars related to return and other cost of service expense savings.3

Q DO YOU BELIEVE THAT EVERGY IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE COMMISSION ORDER IF IT REFLECTS A NET BOOK VALUE FOR THE SIBLEY UNITS OF \$145.7 MILLION?

A Absolutely not. I can find nothing in either the Staff's or Evergy's true-up calculations
in Case No. ER-2018-0146 that supports the use of Evergy's claimed net book value
of \$145.7 million. This net book value was determined outside of the rate case and
was never contemplated when setting Evergy's rates.

Q WHY IS IT SO IMPORTANT TO GET THE NET BOOK VALUE CORRECT AND WHAT IS THE RAMIFICATIONS IF THE COMPANY'S PROPOSAL IS ADOPTED?

10 А The importance of this issue deals with the recovery of the undepreciated (stranded) 11 investment in the Sibley units. Staff and other parties to this case have argued that the 12 unrecovered investment in the Sibley units should not be allowed to earn a return. By 13 significantly understating the Sibley units' unrecovered balance, Evergy is essentially 14 preserving its earnings by shifting the unrecovered investment to other generating 15 By shifting accumulated depreciation balances away from other steam plants. 16 production facilities, Evergy may then earn a greater return on these other investments, 17 and protect its profits should the Commission agree with me that it would be 18 inappropriate to grant a return on a plant that is neither used or useful. If the 19 Commission permits this shift, it allows Evergy to earn a return on plant that is no longer 20 used and useful. As noted in Commissioner Hall's Concurring Opinion in the Sibley 21 AAO case (Case No. EC-2019-0200), allowing a return on plant that is no longer used 22 or useful is legally questionable and not good regulatory policy.

1QDO YOU HAVE ANY FURTHER ISSUES THAT YOU WOULD LIKE TO DISCUSS2REGARDING THE SIBLEY UNRECOVERED INVESTMENT?

3 A Yes. Evergy witness Larry Kennedy argues that Evergy's shareholders should 4 continue to earn a profit on a generating unit that no longer provides service to the 5 ratepayers. I am opposed to allowing a return on a plant that is not used and useful. I 6 would also note that the Staff and Office of Public Counsel support my position of no 7 return on Sibley unrecovered investment.

8 Q ON PAGE 14 OF EVERGY WITNESS DARRIN IVES REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, HE 9 STATES, "SECURITIZATION IN MISSOURI IS AN OPTION, NOT A 10 REQUIREMENT." PLEASE RESPOND.

11 A I agree with Mr. Ives about the use of securitization. However, I am disappointed in the 12 approach Evergy is taking on this issue. By choosing to request a return on a retired 13 generating unit, Evergy is requesting that ratepayers pay more in rates than they 14 should, and provide enhanced profits for a retired generating plant that is not used and 15 useful.

16QWOULD CHOOSING SECURITIZATION BE A WIN/WIN FOR EVERGY'S17SHAREHOLDERS AND RATEPAYERS?

A Yes. Choosing securitization would provide Evergy's shareholders with an immediate lump sum payment for the unrecovered investment in Sibley, and would provide ratepayers with a lower cost return than applying the Company's Weighted Average Cost of Capital ("WACC") return. In that instance, both parties are sharing in the retirement of the Sibley generating plant.

1 Q WHY DO YOU BELIEVE EVERGY HAS NOT COMMITTED TO SECURITIZATION

2 UP TO THIS POINT?

3 In my opinion, Evergy is waiting to see how the Commission addresses the recovery of А 4 the undepreciated investment in Sibley. If the Commission denies a return on the 5 unrecovered investment in Sibley, I strongly believe that Evergy will seek securitization 6 for the Sibley unrecovered investment. However, if the Commission grants a WACC 7 return on the unrecovered investment in Sibley, Evergy's shareholders will have won 8 enhanced profits from a retired generating plant and the Commission will have 9 de-incentivized securitization for dealing with both the Sibley unrecovered investment 10 and future plant retirements.

11 Q BASED ON YOUR POSITION, WHAT WOULD YOU RECOMMEND FROM THE 12 COMMISSION?

A In order to strike a fair balance for the retirement of the Sibley plant, I would recommend
that the Commission deny a WACC return on the Sibley unrecovered investment of
\$301 million.

16 Missouri/ Kansas Allocations

- 17
 Q
 HAVE YOU READ THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF EVERGY WITNESS JOHN

 18
 WOLFRAM ADDRESSING THE MISSOURI/KANSAS JURISDICTIONAL

 19
 ALLOCATIONS?
- 20 A Yes, I have.

1QON PAGE 3 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. WOLFRAM DISPUTES YOUR2CONCLUSION THAT AVERAGING THE 12CP AND THE 4CP ALLOCATORS3WOULD NOT ACHIEVE JUST AND REASONABLE RATES. PLEASE RESPOND.

4 А I find Mr. Wolfram's statement to be seriously lacking and deceptive. In his direct 5 testimony, Mr. Wolfram admits that the use of the 12CP allocator is inferior to the use of a seasonal peak allocator. In other words, there is no justification for using a 12CP 6 7 allocator. As I stated in my direct testimony, this same conclusion was reached 8 independently by Staff witness Erin Maloney in 2006. In the span of 16 years, the use 9 of a 12CP allocator could not be supported with the use of the FERC Tests as described 10 in the direct testimony of Mr. Wolfram (pages 11-12). I would note that Mr. Wolfram 11 does not go so far as to say that the 12CP method is wrong, but indicates that other 12 allocators are more appropriate. I continue to support the belief that the 12CP method 13 is wrong.

14 Q WHAT CAN BE DRAWN FROM MR. WOLFRAM'S REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

15 А As much as Mr. Wolfram tries, Evergy's proposal boils down to the fact that Evergy cannot persuade the Kansas Commission to see the facts surrounding the 16 17 inappropriate use of the 12CP allocator for setting Kansas retail rates. In response, 18 Mr. Wolfram is forced to suggest that a compromise is to average the two allocators 19 (4CP and 12CP) to produce a reasonable result. I contend that after sifting through all 20 of the arguments presented by Mr. Wolfram, the result he is seeking is to average an 21 inappropriate allocator (12CP) with the most appropriate allocator (4CP). However, in 22 doing so, Missouri ratepayers would be required to pay more to possible achieve a 23 more favorable result for Evergy.

Essentially, Evergy is asking Missouri ratepayers to once again come to the bargaining table when they already have compromised and are now setting rates using a very appropriate and arguably the most appropriate allocator (4CP). Missouri ratepayers are paying their fair share of the costs to deliver service and should not entertain compromises that result in higher costs.

Q MR. WOLFRAM INDICATES IN HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY THAT EVERGY HAS ATTEMPTED TO RESOLVE THIS ISSUE ON NUMEROUS OCCASIONS IN BOTH STATES. PLEASE RESPOND.

A I take it from Mr. Wolfram's rebuttal testimony that since Evergy cannot convince the
Kansas Commission to move away from the 12CP allocator that, in the spirit of
compromise, Missouri should abandon the 4CP method and meet "halfway." Meeting
"halfway" results in equally weighing an inappropriate allocator (12CP) with a proven
allocator (4CP) and raising rates for Missouri ratepayers. I fail to see how this benefits
Missouri ratepayers. Simply stated, this is not a Missouri problem.

15 Q PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR POSITION.

16 A I assert that the Commission should reject the Evergy Missouri/Kansas allocation 17 proposal. The use of a 12CP allocator has been studied two times, 16 years apart, and 18 found to be an unacceptable way to allocate plant. Yet, Evergy is asking the Missouri 19 jurisdiction to forgo those study facts and find a compromise. Simply stated, this is not 20 a reasonable method and should be rejected.

1 Q DO YOU HAVE ANY FURTHER DISCUSSIONS ON JURISDICTIONAL 2 ALLOCATIONS?

3 A Yes, I would briefly like to discuss MECG's support for the Energy Allocator.

4 Q IN BOTH THE STAFF'S DIRECT AND REBUTTAL TESTIMONIES, THERE HAVE 5 BEEN DISCUSSIONS ABOUT THE ENERGY ALLOCATOR. PLEASE DISCUSS 6 THIS ISSUE.

7 A It is my understanding that the Missouri Commission has historically used the Energy
8 Allocator to allocate fuel costs, purchased power costs and off-system sales between
9 the Missouri and Kansas jurisdictions. The Kansas jurisdiction uses the Un-Used
10 Energy Allocator. The MECG continues to support the use of the Energy Allocator for
11 purposes of cost of service.

12 Bad Debt Tracker

13 Q HAVE YOU READ THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF EVERGY WITNESS DARRIN

14 R. IVES RELATING TO EVERGY'S REQUEST FOR A BAD DEBT TRACKER?

15 A Yes, I have.

16 Q DO YOU CONTINUE TO OPPOSE ALLOWING EVERGY TO HAVE A BAD DEBT

- 17 TRACKER?
- 18 A Most definitely.

1 Q IN HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. IVES POSTURES THAT BAD DEBTS COULD 2 BE A SIGNIFICANT COST. PLEASE RESPOND.

A In her rebuttal testimony, Evergy witness Linda J. Nunn provides a table listing the last
three years and true-up level of write-offs for Evergy Metro and Evergy West. The
highest level for Evergy Metro was \$9.9 million and the highest level for Evergy West
was \$5.7 million. Neither of these totals represent a significant cost when compared to
total operating expenses for either company. Furthermore, if those costs do not
represent a significant cost increase exposure, the bad debt tracker will have even less
of an impact.

Q IN YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY (PAGES 22-23), YOU PROVIDED A LIST OF
 SPECIAL REGULATORY TOOLS AVAILABLE FOR USE BY EVERGY. THESE
 REGULATORY TOOLS PROTECT AGAINST EARNINGS EROSION FOR
 EVERGY'S SHAREHOLDERS. PLEASE DISCUSS THE IMPACT OF THESE
 SPECIAL REGULATORY TOOLS.

15 A Yes, in my direct testimony I listed eight special regulatory tools Evergy has to avoid 16 earnings erosion for its shareholders. In addition to that list, we must now add a 17 property tax tracker from the recent passage of Senate Bill 745. These special 18 regulatory tools account for well above 50% of the revenue requirement in these rate 19 cases. Simply stated, Evergy already has access to enough special regulatory tools to 20 shield itself from earnings erosion. ***



1 Q DO YOU CONTINUE TO SUPPORT THE THEORY THAT THE USE OF TRACKERS

2 **REDUCES THE INCENTIVE OF A UTILITY TO CONTROL COSTS?**

- A. Yes. I personally believe that special regulatory tools like trackers and reserve
 accounting provide less incentive for a utility to control costs. I also would note that the
- 5 Commission supported that notion in Ameren Missouri's Case No. ER-2014-0258,
- 6 where the Commission stated:
 - 8. Tracker mechanisms can be a useful tool in the correct circumstances, but they should be used sparingly because they can reduce the incentive of the utility to closely monitor its costs.⁴
- 10 Further in the Order, addressing a storm tracker, the Commission stated:
- 118. By their nature, cost trackers tend to reduce a utility's incentive to
aggressively control costs by ensuring that all costs will be
recovered. Under a tracker, such costs would be subject to a
prudence review, but a prudence review cannot control costs as
efficiently as a strong economic incentive.⁵
- 16QIN REFERENCE TO THE ABOVE COMMISSION ORDER, DO YOU BELIEVE A17SPECIAL REGULATORY TOOL LIKE A TRACKER SHOULD BE USED FOR THE

18 ENHANCED RECOVERY OF A NORMAL OPERATING EXPENSE LIKE BAD

19 **DEBTS?**

7

8

9

- A Definitely not. Bad debt expense is a normal and ongoing cost of doing business. Bad debts do not represent a significant level of expense for a utility when compared to the overall revenue requirement. Therefore, bad debts should be normalized, included in cost of service, and evaluated when looking at all relevant operating costs of Evergy. There is no need to single out this cost for special regulatory treatment. I, therefore, reject Evergy's request to establish a bad debt tracker.
 - ⁴*Id.*, p. 50 (Footnote omitted).

⁵*Id.*, p. 45 (Footnote omitted).

1 Q WHAT IS THE STANDARD THAT THE COMMISSION HAS APPLIED WHEN 2 EVALUATING TRACKERS?

- A The Commission has repeatedly held that deferral mechanisms are limited to costs that
 meet an "extraordinary" standard. This limited basis is when events occur during a
 period which are extraordinary, unusual, and unique, and not recurring.⁶ I understand
 that the Missouri Court of Appeals has also upheld this standard. For the reasons, I
 discussed above, the Company's request in this case does not meet that standard.
- 8 Property Tax Expense/Tracker
- 9 Q HAVE YOU READ THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF EVERGY WITNESS MELISSA
- 10 K. HARDESTY REGARDING THE ISSUES OF PROPERTY TAX EXPENSE AND A
 11 PROPERTY TAX TRACKER?
- 12 A Yes, I have.

Q MS. HARDESTY ARGUES THAT YOUR OPPOSITION TO A PROPERTY TAX
 TRACKER IS NO LONGER VALID SINCE THE LEGISLATURE PASSED AND THE
 GOVERNOR SIGNED A BILL (SENATE BILL 745) THAT NOW ALLOWS A
 MISSOURI UTILITY TO UTILIZE A PROPERTY TAX TRACKER. PLEASE
 RESPOND.

18 A I agree with Ms. Hardesty that Evergy can now utilize a property tax tracker for
19 regulatory purposes. Therefore, I must withdraw my opposition to a property tax tracker
20 in this case.

⁶Application of Missouri Public Service Company, Report and Order, Case Nos. EO-91-358 and EO-91-360, 1 Mo.PSC 3d 200, 205 (Emphasis added).

1QMS. HARDESTY ALSO OPPOSES YOUR USE OF THE LAST KNOWN LEVEL OF2PROPERTY TAXES THAT EVERGY HAS PAID FOR INCLUSION IN RATES. DO3YOU AGREE WITH MS. HARDESTY?

4 А No, I do not. Since Evergy is now allowed to track property taxes, it seems completely 5 logical to use the last known level of property taxes for tracking purposes. In the case 6 of Evergy, that would be the 2021 level of property taxes actually paid by Evergy. Ms. 7 Hardesty is arguing for a property tax methodology that estimates the level of property 8 taxes that will be paid in 2022. However, given that Evergy now is allowed to utilize a 9 property tax tracker, it will be allowed to recover any difference between the actual 10 property taxes paid in 2021 and the actual amount paid in December 2022. Evergy's 11 request to continue to include an estimated level of property taxes and have the use of 12 another special regulatory tool is unnecessary and fails at the goal of keeping costs 13 down for Evergy's ratepayers. If the actual 2022 property taxes paid exceed the 2021 14 actual property taxes paid, the newly implemented tracker will capture the increased 15 property taxes. Evergy's request to include an estimated level of property taxes and 16 the use of a property tax tracker is potentially detrimental to Evergy's ratepayers by 17 requiring to pay in advance for an estimated level of property taxes.

18

Q

PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR POSITION?

A I propose that the 2021 level of property taxes be included in the revenue requirement
in this rate case, and that level of property taxes be used to track differences in property
taxes going forward.

1 Storm Reserve

2 Q HAVE YOU READ THE EVERGY REBUTTAL TESTIMONIES ADDRESSING THE 3 STORM RESERVE?

4 A Yes. I have reviewed the rebuttal testimonies of Evergy witnesses Ronald Klote and
5 Bruce Akin.

6 Q PLEASE PROVIDE AN OVERVIEW OF MR. AKIN'S REBUTTAL TESTIMONY.

7 A Mr. Akin continues to support a storm reserve. In support of his position, Mr. Akin
8 describes the increased level of storms occurring nationally, as well as provides a
9 global perspective. Given the frequency of storms nationally and globally, Mr. Akin
10 hopes to persuade the Commission to adopt a storm reserve.

11 Q DID MR. AKIN PROVIDE ANY SPECIFIC ARGUMENTS TO YOUR DIRECT 12 TESTIMONY?

13 А Yes. On page 3 of his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Akin states that Table 8 included in my 14 direct testimony is "misleading" regarding the January 12, 2019 winter storm which had 15 a \$10.6 million impact on Evergy Missouri Metro's operations. I included the storm in 16 Table 8 and represented it as a storm over \$1.5 million. It was my belief when I 17 compiled Table 8, and I still believe, that a storm of that magnitude should not be able 18 to be funded from the storm reserve and that an Accounting Authority Order ("AAO") 19 would need to be sought to cover the costs of this storm. However, after further 20 consideration, I believe the storm reserve, if approved by the Commission, could be 21 used for this storm and I will discuss the unintended consequences from using the 22 storm reserve later in this testimony.

1 Q DO YOU AGREE THAT THE LEVEL OF STORMS HAS INCREASED SINCE 2011?

A Yes, I do. Table 7 of my direct testimony supports that conclusion. Storm activity has
 increased in the Evergy West's service area since 2017. Evergy Metro's service area
 has experienced increased storm activity since 2013. However, that only tells part of
 the story. Referring to Table 8 in my direct testimony, although the frequency of storms
 has increased, the level of storm costs has been mostly in the cost range of
 \$200K - \$400K. Storm costs in this range would not reflect a significant cost to Evergy.

8 Q DID EVERGY PROVIDE ANY EVIDENCE THAT THE LEVEL OF STORM COSTS 9 INCLUDED IN CUSTOMER RATES WAS NOT SUFFICIENT TO RECOVER PAST 10 STORM COSTS?

A No, Evergy did not mention this concern in its testimony. Therefore, I conclude that the
 level of storm costs, coupled with the cost reductions Evergy accomplished between
 rate cases, provided sufficient cost recovery of past storm costs.

14 Q WHY DO YOU BELIEVE THE COSTS PER STORM ARE IN THE RANGE OF

- 15 **\$200K \$400K?**
- A For the last several years, Evergy has invested in reliability projects and performed planned vegetation management tree trimming cycles. In addition, Evergy, as well as other electric utilities, is required to perform infrastructure inspections on much of its transmission and distribution systems. These inspections identify weak spots in the system that require remediation. Clearly, these activities have hardened the transmission and distribution systems to storm damage.

1

Q WILL THESE ACTIVITIES INSULATE EVERGY AND ITS RATEPAYERS FROM THE

2 POSSIBILITY OF A SIGNIFICANT STORM?

A No. However, if a storm occurs in the Evergy service area, the damage should be less
than if these maintenance prevention activities were not performed.

Q IN HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. AKIN DISCUSSES WINTER STORM URI AS ANOTHER REASON FOR A STORM RESERVE. PLEASE RESPOND.

7 А Winter Storm Uri was the most expensive natural disaster in the history of the United 8 States. However, neither Mr. Akin nor Mr. Klote provide any storm cost recovery funds 9 necessary to restore service to Evergy's customers. I suspect if Winter Storm Uri had 10 required a significant storm fund expenditure, one of these Evergy witnesses would 11 have stated that in their rebuttal testimonies. I would note that Evergy Metro's 12 operations actually experienced a significant benefit from Winter Storm Uri through 13 sales into the Southwest Power Pool ("SPP") market. Evergy Metro recorded increased 14 sales revenues totaling millions of dollars in the SPP market as a result of elevated 15 market prices. In addition, if Evergy does incur extraordinary storm costs like those 16 associated with Winter Storm Uri, it can seek to securitize those costs just as Evergy 17 West has done.

Q TURNING YOUR ATTENTION NOW TO THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF EVERGY WITNESS RONALD KLOTE. ON PAGE 13, HE STATES THAT A STORM RESERVE WOULD HELP REDUCE THE EARNINGS VOLATILITY FOR INVESTORS WHICH CAN HELP REDUCE THE UTILITY'S COST OF DEBT. PLEASE RESPOND.

A As I previously discussed, the costs of storms are not significant relative to the total operating expenses of Evergy. Evergy's request for a storm reserve is simply another request to isolate certain Evergy operations and collect expenses via the storm reserve
without the necessity of evaluating all of the operations of Evergy. Evergy failed to cite
specific examples when it was required to seek debt financing to cover storm costs. I
doubt that Evergy was required to issue debt to cover the storm expenses from the
January 2019 winter storm. Using the issuance of debt as an argument for a storm
reserve is not persuasive since the costs of significant storms has been relatively small
as a portion of the Company's total operations.

8 Q ON PAGE 14 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. KLOTE STATES THAT YOU 9 BELIEVE A STORM RESERVE IS SIMILAR TO A TRACKER. PLEASE RESPOND.

10 A There is a difference between a reserve and a tracker. My statement in my rebuttal 11 testimony was that the arguments against a storm reserve were similar to the 12 arguments I had previously discussed with the property tax and bad debt expense 13 trackers. I recognize that a storm reserve does not track expenses and true them up 14 in a future rate case. However, both reserve accounting and trackers are types of 15 special regulatory tools that do not require a utility to consider the impacts to all of its 16 operations (i.e., all relevant factors).

Q ON PAGE 14 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. KLOTE ATTEMPTS TO
 JUSTIFY THE STORM RESERVE BY POSITING THAT A STORM RESERVE
 COULD HAVE THE POTENTIAL TO REDUCE AN AAO REQUEST. PLEASE
 RESPOND.

A I am concerned with Mr. Klote's statement. In addressing the winter storm of 2019
 (\$10.5 million for Evergy Metro), Evergy could have requested an AAO to cover those
 expenses if it believed the financial consequences of recording those storm costs

currently would have had a significant impact on its earnings for that year. However,
 Mr. Klote states that those storm costs could have been absorbed by the storm reserve.
 Herein lies one of the unintended consequences of a storm reserve.

4 A storm reserve could allow the accumulation of storm costs that could deplete 5 the reserve and cause the storm reserve to have a negative balance. In the next 6 general rate case. Every would request funds necessary to replenish the negative 7 storm reserve balance and fund a new level to replenish the storm funds for future 8 storms. If this situation occurred, one might argue that the replenishment of the storm 9 reserve resulted in retroactive ratemaking. However, I am sure Evergy would dispute 10 this claim by saying the Commission approved the storm reserve and should have 11 anticipated all of the consequences from reserve accounting.

12 The storm reserve will guarantee 100% recovery of all storm costs without 13 requiring Evergy to assess whether significant storm costs could be absorbed through 14 Evergy's current rate revenues. With a storm reserve, Evergy is not required to use 15 cost savings from its other operations to absorb costs from significant storms. A storm 16 reserve would act as a single cost center of Evergy. I am generally opposed to single 17 issue reviews.

18 Q PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR POSITION ON THE EVERGY REQUESTED STORM 19 RESERVE.

A I am opposed to the implementation of a storm reserve for the Evergy operations. A
 storm reserve will lessen the incentive for Evergy to control storm cost recovery, similar
 to what the Commission found with regard to the use of trackers that I discussed in my
 direct testimony. A storm reserve will guarantee 100% recovery of all storm costs
 outside of a review of the total Evergy operations. The storm reserve will act as a single

1 cost of service item. There exists the possibility that the storm reserve could be fully 2 depleted and then Evergy would request rate relief to replenish the reserve, add funds 3 to the reserve for future significant storms, and request an increase in the level of 4 funding for "normal" storm recovery. The current level of significant storms has 5 increased, but the level of costs for those storms has not been significant when 6 compared with Evergy's total operating expenses. A storm reserve is not needed at 7 Evergy as compared with state jurisdictions that experience storm costs in the 8 hundreds of million dollars.

9 The current ratemaking process has worked well for utilities in the State of 10 Missouri. Ratemaking allows for a certain level of storm costs to be recovered from 11 ratepayers. If the utility experiences a major storm with extraordinary repair costs, it 12 can file an AAO request to defer those costs for a future rate case. The use of an AAO 13 is sufficient protection for a utility in addressing storm costs and balances the interests 14 of shareholders and ratepayers. A storm reserve is not needed for Missouri utilities 15 and Evergy's storm reserve request should be denied by the Commission.

16 Nuclear Depreciation

17 Q HAVE YOU READ THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF EVERGY WITNESS JOHN
 18 SPANOS AS IT RELATES TO THE ISSUE OF NUCLEAR DEPRECIATION?
 19 A Yes, I have.

20 Q PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR POSITION.

A Evergy is requesting to increase Wolf Creek depreciation expense by approximately
 \$5.5 million, or approximately 29%. I am opposed to any increase in depreciation
 expense for Wolf Creek due to the fact that Ameren Missouri has indicated it is going

to seek an operating license extension (presumably another 20 - 80 year operating
life) for its Callaway nuclear plant prior to its current operating license expiration in
2044. Since Ameren Missouri has already acknowledged its intent to extend the
operating license for the Callaway plant, it would be my contention that Wolf Creek will
also seek license extension; and, therefore, increasing Wolf Creek's depreciation
expense at this time is not necessary.

Q IN HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. SPANOS CLAIMS THAT YOUR PROPOSAL TO CHANGE THE LIFE SPAN FOR THE WOLF CREEK NUCLEAR FACILITY IS UNREALISTIC. DO YOU AGREE?

10 A No. There is already evidence from a nuclear facility with the exact design as Wolf 11 Creek (Ameren's Callaway Unit) that will be seeking a license extension. My proposal 12 is simply to recognize what will most likely transpire soon regarding the life of Wolf 13 Creek.

14QONPAGE 35OFHISREBUTTALTESTIMONY,MR.SPANOSSTATES15DEPRECIATIONSHOULDBERECOVEREDSYSTEMATICALLYAND16RATIONALLY OVER THE LIFE OF THE ASSET S CONSISTENT WITH THE PERIOD17OF TIME THE ASSETS ARE TO BE UTILIZED.PLEASE COMMENT.

A This comment by Mr. Spanos completely supports the position I have proposed in this
 case. Increasing Wolf Creek depreciation at this time would not allow systematic
 depreciation recovery once Evergy announces life extension for Wolf Creek.

1 Q DID YOU REVIEW EVERGY'S MOST RECENT INTEGRATED RESOURCE PLAN 2 ("IRP")? AND, IF SO, DID YOU FIND ANY REFERENCE TO A WOLF CREEK 3 LICENSE EXTENSION?

A Yes. I reviewed Evergy's most recent IRP and I could not find any reference to a Wolf
Creek license extension. However, I am sure that Evergy is aware of Ameren
Missouri's plans to seek life extension for its Callaway Nuclear Generating Plant.
Therefore, I would contend that life extension has been discussed by Evergy's upper
management (and if it has not, it should have been). Wolf Creek is a valuable asset
during this transition to more intermittent (renewable) resources.

10 Q ARE THERE ANY OTHER REASONS WHY DELAYING THIS INCREASE IN 11 DEPRECIATION EXPENSE IS JUSTIFIED?

12 А Yes. Evergy witness lves mentions non-utility events such as COVID-19 and inflation 13 to support its request for a bad debt tracker. Given these non-utility influences on the 14 Company's operations, delaying recovery of Wolf Creek's depreciation expense would 15 be a goodwill gesture from Evergy to ratepayers. However, if life extension is in the future plans of Evergy albeit unannounced, this delay in depreciation expense would 16 17 be negated by life extension. For all the reasons discussed, I believe Wolf Creek's 18 current depreciation rates should be continued for purposes of establishing Evergy's 19 retail rates.

20 Labor Expenses

21 Q HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF EVERGY WITNESS

22 RONALD KLOTE AS IT RELATES TO LABOR EXPENSE?

23 A Yes, I have.

1 Q IN HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. KLOTE SEEMS CONFUSED ABOUT YOUR 2 POSITION ON SEVERANCE PAY. PLEASE RESPOND.

A As part of the MECG review, we inquired whether Evergy Metro's or West's operations were seeking to include any severance pay in cost of service. The response to our discovery was that Evergy was not including any severance pay in cost of service. My testimony simply referenced the fact that no severance pay was included. I also included a short explanation why severance pay should not be included in cost of service. Therefore, MECG does not have and did not propose any adjustment for severance pay since there was no cost to disallow.

10 Q ON PAGE 8 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. KLOTE CLAIMS YOU USED 11 FLAWED DATA TO ANALYZE OVERTIME DOLLARS. PLEASE RESPOND.

12 A I was very surprised by Mr. Klote's claim since I issued discovery (MECG 4.14) to get 13 the level of overtime dollars and hours incurred by Evergy Metro's and West's 14 operations for the last five calendar years. The discovery response was provided by 15 Thurman Gardner, Payroll Manager at Evergy, and authenticated by Mr. Brad Lutz of 16 Evergy. I relied on that information provided in the discovery request. To the extent 17 the information is "flawed," I would suggest that Mr. Klote, Mr. Gardner and Mr. Lutz 18 meet to reconcile the information provided.

19QIF INDEED THE INFORMATION PROVIDED BY EVERGY TO THE MECG IS20FLAWED, HAVE YOU DEVELOPED A DIFFERENT LEVEL OF OVERTIME TO21INCLUDE IN COST OF SERVICE?

A Yes. Based on the table provided by Mr. Klote on page 9 of his rebuttal testimony, I
 would propose that a three-year average of overtime dollars incurred from 2019-2021

be used in cost of service. This would result in a level of overtime of \$32.75 million.
 This level of overtime would represent an increase from the \$31.9 level I proposed in
 my direct testimony.

4 Q DO YOU CONTINUE TO OPPOSE EVERGY'S REQUEST TO INFLATE THE 5 ACTUAL OVERTIME DOLLARS BY 2.5% EACH YEAR UP TO 2022?

6 A Yes. I am opposed to factoring-up the overtime dollars to the level expected to be 7 incurred in 2022. Evergy has presented no analyses that shows overtime dollars have 8 increased by the 2.5% factored-up provision. I have prepared Table 1 that shows the 9 relationship of overtime dollars expensed and overtime hours incurred from the 10 response to MECG Data Request 4-14.

	Everg	Table 1 y Overtime Analys	sis
<u>Year</u>	<u>Overtime \$</u>	Overtime Hours	<u>\$ Rate per Hour</u>
2019	\$31,294,180	412,111	\$75.94
2020	\$29,791,656	393,478	\$75.71
2021	\$33,897,882	451,616	\$75.06

11 As can be seen from Table 1, the level overtime hours and dollars expensed by 12 year fluctuates during the 2019-2021 time period. This is to be expected with overtime. 13 It should also be noted that the rate per hour of overtime has decreased since 2019. 14 This decrease in the rate of overtime is one of the reasons why factoring-up overtime 15 dollars is not required when annualizing overtime costs. The level of overtime dollars 16 expensed in any one year is directly dependent on specific employees' current wage 17 rates and the number of overtime hours incurred. Table 1 shows that since 2019, the 18 employees on average that worked overtime had a lower wage rate than the previous 19 year. Therefore, the idea that overtime dollars need to be factored-up is unfounded and should be rejected by the Commission. I would note that I relied on the response
to MECG Data Request 4-14 that Mr. Klote refers to as flawed since I did not have the
information from any corrected discovery response to determine if the rate trend would
continue. However, the majority of overtime dollars and hours included in response to
MECG 4-14 should continue to support my arguments.

Q IN HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. KLOTE ARGUES YOUR JOINT BILLING ADJUSTMENT IS INCORRECT. PLEASE RESPOND.

8 A In his explanation, Mr. Klote states that actual Joint Billings through May 31, 2021 will
9 be used. Given the explanation of Mr. Klote for the true-up, I do not have an issue on
10 Joint Billings.

11 Q DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

12 A Yes, it does.

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Greg R. Meyer Page 27 Adjustments

KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations 2018 RATE CASE - Jun18 True-Up TY 6/30/17; Update 12/31/17; K&M 6/30/18

Total Plant in Service - Schedule 3

Line	Account							Adju	istments									
						RB-20			JEC Plant		sallowances					Juris		
						mated Net		arging	Adjustments &	Cı	rossroads &	LTIP				Factor	Juris	Elec Juris Adjusted
No.	No.	Description	Pe	r DR 27 Plant	Ac	dditions	Statio	ns Jun18	GSU Trf		T&D	Capitalization Adj	To	tal Adjustments	Adjusted Plant	No.	Allocation	Plant
	Α	В		с		D		F	G		н	I		J	к	L	м	N
1	INTANGIBLE																	
2	30100	Intangible Plant Organization Electric	\$	96,664									\$	-	\$ 96,664	7,1	99.591%	
3	30301	Miscellaneous Intangibles (Like 353)		606,337										-	606,337	8,1	99.660%	604,275
4	30301	Misc. Intangibles - Trans Crossroads		13,476,338							(3,891,687)			(3,891,687)	9,584,651	8,1	99.660%	9,552,064
5	30302	Miscellaneous Intangibles- Cap Softwr 5 yr		16,387,894											16,387,894	7,1	99.591%	16,320,867
6	30302	Misc. Intangible Cap Software - Lake Road		350,000											350,000	3,8	75.821%	265,374
7	30309	Misc. Intangible -MINT Line		72,118											72,118	8,1	99.660%	71,873
8	30310	Miscl Intang-latan Hwy & Bridge		931,039										-	931,039	8,1	99.660%	927,874
9		TOTAL PLANT INTANGIBLE	\$	31,920,390	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$	(3,891,687)	\$-	\$	(3,891,687)	\$ 28,028,703	_	_	\$ 27,838,595
10	PRODUCTIO	ON PLANT																
11	STEAM PRO	DUCTION																
12		STEAM PRODUCTION - SIBLEY																
13	31000	Steam Production Land - Elec - Sibley	\$	396,706									\$	-	\$ 396,706	3,1	99.660%	\$ 395,357
14	31100	Steam Prod Structures - Elec - Sibley		61,783,268									·	-	61,783,268	3.1	99.660%	61,573,205
15	31200	Steam Prod Boiler Plant Elec - Sibley		232,560,299											232,560,299	3.1	99.660%	231,769,594
16	31202	Steam Prod Boiler AQC Equip - Sibley		102,236,686											102,236,686	3,1	99.660%	101,889,081
17	31400	Steam Prod Turbogenerator - Sibley		58,260,178										_	58,260,178	3,1	99.660%	58,062,093
18	31500	Steam Prod Access Equip Elec - Sibley		19,236,607										_	19,236,607	3,1	99.660%	19,171,202
19	31600	Steam Prod Misc Plant Equip - Sibley		3,635,467										-	3,635,467		99.660%	3,623,106
20	31000	TOTAL STEAM PRODUCTION - SIBLEY	ŝ	478,109,210	\$	-	s	-	\$-	\$		\$ -	\$		\$ 478,109,210			\$ 476,483,639
			_	,	. <u> </u>		•		Ŧ			•	<u> </u>		,,	-	-	,
21		STEAM PROD. JEFFREY																
22	31000	Steam Production Land - Elec - Jeffrey	\$	367,789					\$ 111,704				\$	111,704		3,1	99.660%	
23	31100	Steam Prod Structures - Elec - Jeffrey		22,838,007					410,538					410,538	23,248,545	3,1	99.660%	23,169,500
24	31200	Steam Prod Boiler Eq - Elec - Jeffrey		63,551,932					1,438,628					1,438,628	64,990,560	3,1	99.660%	64,769,592
25	31202	Steam Prod Boiler AQC Eq - Jeffrey		79,161,250										-	79,161,250	3,1	99.660%	78,892,101
26	31400	Steam Prod Turbogenerator - Jeffrey		22,204,653										-	22,204,653	3,1	99.660%	22,129,157
27	31500	Steam Prod Access Equip - Jeffrey		7,784,188											7,784,188	3,1	99.660%	7,757,721
28	31500	Steam Prod - Jeffrey GSU's							1,750,630					1,750,630	1,750,630	3,1	99.660%	1,744,678
29	31600	Steam Prod Misc Plant Equip - Jeffrey		3,132,986					32,089					32,089	3,165,075	3,1	99.660%	3,154,314
30		TOTAL STEAM PROD. JEFFREY	\$	199,040,804	\$		\$	-	\$ 3,743,589	\$	-	\$-	\$	3,743,589	\$ 202,784,394	-	_	\$ 202,094,927
31		STEAM PROD - LAKE ROAD																
32	31000	Steam Production Land Elec - LR	\$	38,919									\$	-	\$ 38,919	3,4	75.821%	\$ 29,509
33	31100	Steam Production Structures - LR		27,497,653											27,497,653	3,5	75.821%	20,849,022
34	31200	Steam Production Boiler Plant - LR		85,319,737										-	85,319,737	3,6	65.594%	55,964,641
35	31202	Steam Production Boiler AQC - LR		5,636,481										-	5,636,481	3,6	65.594%	3,697,194
36	31400	Steam Prod Turbogenerator - LR		21,150,783										-	21,150,783	3,7	99.375%	21,018,564
37	31500	Steam Production Access Equip - LR		12,251,355											12,251,355	3.8	75.821%	9,289,112
38	31600	Steam Prod Misc Power Plant - LR		1,767,593											1,767,593		47.438%	838,514
39		TOTAL STEAM PROD - LAKE ROAD	\$	153,662,521	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	s -	\$	-	\$ 153,662,521			\$ 111,686,556
															· · ·	-	-	
40		STEAM PRODUCTION - IATAN COMMON																
41	31000	Steam Prod Land - latan Com	\$	11,381									\$	-	\$ 11,381	3,1	99.660%	\$ 11,343
42	31100	Steam Prod. Struct latan Com		21,550,123										-	21,550,123	3,1	99.660%	21,476,852
43	31200	Steam Prod. Boiler Equiplatan Com		53,023,598										-	53,023,598	3,1	99.660%	52,843,317
44	31400	Steam Prod. TurboGen - latan Com		1,750,085										-	1,750,085	3,1	99.660%	1,744,134
45	31500	Steam Prod Access Equip- latan Com		7,583,772										-	7,583,772	3,1	99.660%	7,557,987
46	31600	Steam Production-Misc Power Plant Equipment-latan Com		939,156											939,156		99.660%	935,963
47		TOTAL STEAM PROD - IATAN COMMON	\$	84,858,114	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$ 84,858,114			\$ 84,569,597
48		STEAM PRODUCTION IATAN 1																
49	31000	Steam Production Land - latan 1	s	249,279											\$ 249,279	3,1	99.660%	\$ 248,432
43 50	31100	Steam Production Early Flatan 1	Ŷ	4,722,654										-	4,722,654	3,1	99.660%	4,706,597
50	31100	Steam Production Structures - latan 1 Steam Production Structures - latan 1 Disallowance		4,722,654 (15,150)										-	4,722,654 (15,150)		99.660% 100.000%	
														-				(15,150)
52	31200	Steam Production Boiler Plant - latan 1 Steam Production Boiler Plant - latan 1 Disellowence		101,998,219										-	101,998,219	3,1	99.660%	101,651,425
53	31205	Steam Production Boiler Plant - latan 1 Disallowance		(262,720)										-	(262,720)	1,1	100.000%	(262,720)
54	31202	Steam Prod Boiler AQC - latan 1		455,225										-	455,225	3,1	99.660%	453,677
55	31400	Steam Prod Turbogenerator - latan 1		15,614,924										-	15,614,924	3,1	99.660%	15,561,834

Total Plant in Service - Schedule 3

Line	Account						Adju	stments											
					RB-20			JEC Plant		isallowances							Juris		
			_		Estimated Net		arging	Adjustments	& C	rossroads &		LTIP	_				Factor	Juris	Elec Juris Adjusted
<u>No.</u>	No.	Description	Pe	r DR 27 Plant	Additions	Statio	ons Jun18	GSU Trf		T&D	Capita	alization Adj	Tota	I Adjustments	Ad	justed Plant	No.	Allocation	Plant
56 57	31500 31505	Steam Prod Access Equip - latan 1 Steam Prod Access Equip - latan 1Disallowance		12,789,966 (21,473)										-		12,789,966 (21,473)	3,1 1,1	99.660% 100.000%	12,746,480 (21,473)
58	31600	Steam Prod Access Equip - latan 10 sallowance Steam Prod Misc Power Plant - latan 1		1,835,726										-		1,835,726	3,1	99.660%	1,829,485
59	31605	Steam Prod Misc Power Plant - latan 1 Disallowance		(2.383)												(2.383)	1.1	100.000%	(2.383)
60	01000	TOTAL STEAM PRODUCTION IATAN 1	\$	137,364,268	\$ -	\$		\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	137,364,268	•,•		\$ 136,896,204
			<u> </u>	101,001,200	•	•		•	•		•		•		•	,		-	• •••••••••
61		STEAM PRODUCTION - IATAN 2																	
62	31100	Steam Production-Structures-latan 2		29,516,775										-		29,516,775	3,1	99.660%	29,416,418
63	31106	Steam Production-Structures-latan 2 disallowance		(435,092)										-		(435,092)	1,1	100.000%	(435,092)
64	31200	Steam ProdBoiler Plant Equip-latan 2		198,402,724										-		198,402,724	3,1	99.660%	197,728,155
65	31206	Steam ProdBoiler Plant Equip-latan 2 disallowance		(3,127,158)										-		(3,127,158)	1,1	100.000%	(3,127,158)
66	31400	Steam ProdTurbogenerator-latan 2		71,364,934										-		71,364,934	3,1	99.660%	71,122,293
67	31406	Steam ProdTurbogenerator-latan 2 disallowance		(432,292)										-		(432,292)	1,1	100.000%	(432,292)
68	31500	Steam ProdAccessory Equipment latan 2		17,791,172										-		17,791,172	3,1	99.660%	17,730,682
69	31506	Steam ProdAccessory Equipment latan 2 disallowance		(144,466)										-		(144,466)	1,1	100.000%	(144,466)
70	31600	Steam Production-Misc Power Plant Equipment-latan 2		1,217,789										-		1,217,789	3,1	99.660%	1,213,649
71	31606	Steam Prod-Misc Power Plant Equip-latan 2 disallowance	-	(16,154)	\$ -			\$	- 5		*	<u> </u>	-	-	*	(16,154)	1,1	100.000%	(16,154)
72		TOTAL STEAM PRODUCTION - IATAN 2	\$	314,138,232	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	•	\$	314,138,232		-	\$ 313,056,034
73		TOTAL STEAM PRODUCTION	\$	1,367,173,150	\$ -	\$		\$ 3,743,	589 \$	-	\$		\$	3,743,589	\$	1,370,916,740		-	\$ 1,324,786,957
			-	.,,	•			• •,• ••,•			-		<u> </u>	-,,	•	.,		-	• •,•=•,•••,•••
74	OTHER PRO	DUCTION																	
75		OTHER PROD - NEVADA																	
76	34000	Other Production Land Elec - Nevada	\$	59,905									\$	-	\$	59,905	3,1	99.660%	
77	34100	Other Prod. Structures Elec - Nevada		417,680										-		417,680	3,1	99.660%	416,260
78	34200	Other Prod. Fuel Holders Elec - Nevada		777,964										-		777,964	3,1	99.660%	775,319
79	34300	Other Prod. Prime Movers - Nevada		935,801										-		935,801	3,1	99.660%	932,620
80	34400	Other Prod. Generators Elec - Nevada		611,711										-		611,711	3,1	99.660%	609,631
81	34500	Other Prod. Access. Eq - Elec - Nevada		549,179										-		549,179	3,1	99.660%	547,312
82 83	34600	Other Prod. Misc Plt Eq - Nevada TOTAL OTHER PROD - NEVADA	\$	10,842	<u>s</u> -	s		\$	- 5		\$		\$	-	•	10,842	3,1	99.660%	
83		TOTAL OTHER PROD - NEVADA	\$	3,363,082	، -	\$	-	\$	- >	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,363,082		-	\$ 3,351,648
84		OTHER PROD GREENWOOD																	
85	34000	Other Production Land - GW	s	233,662									\$	-	\$	233,662	3,1	99.660%	\$ 232,868
86	34100	Other Prod. Structures - GW		5,476,079										-		5,476,079	3,1	99.660%	5,457,461
87	34200	Other Prod. Fuel Holders - GW		3,687,615										-		3,687,615	3,1	99.660%	3,675,077
88	34300	Other Prod. Prime Movers - GW		35,456,323										-		35,456,323	3,1	99.660%	35,335,771
89	34400	Other Prod. Generators - GW		8,351,250										-		8,351,250	3,1	99.660%	8,322,856
90	34500	Other Prod. Access Eq - GW		6,879,502										-		6,879,502	3,1	99.660%	6,856,111
91	34600	Other Prod. Misc Pwr Plt - GW		79,132										-		79,132	3,1	99.660%	
92		TOTAL OTHER PROD GREENWOOD	\$	60,163,563	\$ -	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	60,163,563		-	\$ 59,959,006
02																			
93 94	34000	OTHER PROD SOUTH HARPER Other Prod. Land - SH	s	1,034,874									\$		\$	1,034,874	3,1	99.660%	\$ 1,031,356
94 95	34000 34100	Other Prod. Land - SH Other Prod. Structures - SH	\$	1,034,874 12,122,132									φ	-	φ	1,034,874	3,1 3,1	99.660% 99.660%	\$ 1,031,356 12,080,917
95 96	34100	Other Prod. Suddates - SH Other Prod. Fuel Holders - SH		4,004,628										-		4,004,628	3.1	99.660%	3.991.012
97	34300	Other Prod. Prime Movers - SH		70,235,013												70,235,013	3,1	99.660%	69,996,214
98	34400	Other Prod. Generators - SH		17,543,981										-		17,543,981	3,1	99.660%	17,484,331
99	34500	Other Prod. Access Elec Eq - SH		17,271,230										-		17,271,230	3,1	99.660%	17,212,508
100	34600	Other Prod. Misc Pwr Plt - SH		297,549										-		297,549	3,1	99.660%	
101		TOTAL OTHER PROD SOUTH HARPER	\$	122,509,407	\$-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	122,509,407		-	\$ 122,092,875
			-															-	
102		OTHER PROD - CROSSROADS																	
103	34000	Other Production Land - Crossroads	\$	427,390					\$	(240,351)			\$	(240,351)	\$	187,039	3,1	99.660%	
104	34100	Other Prod. Structures - Crossroads		2,941,645						(1,279,957)				(1,279,957)		1,661,688	3,1	99.660%	1,656,038
105	34200	Other Prod. Fuel Holders - Crossroads		4,764,501						(2,418,184)				(2,418,184)		2,346,317	3,1	99.660%	2,338,340
106	34300	Other Prod. Prime Movers- Crossroads		80,617,571						(44,761,402)				(44,761,402)		35,856,169	3,1	99.660%	35,734,258
107	34400	Other Prod. Generators - Crossroads		16,441,651						(8,937,477)				(8,937,477)		7,504,174	3,1	99.660%	7,478,660
108 109	34500	Other Prod. Acc. Elec Eq -Crossroads Other Prod. Misc Pwr Plt - Crossroads		15,427,457						(8,752,236)				(8,752,236)		6,675,221	3,1	99.660% 99.660%	6,652,525
109	34600	TOTAL OTHER PROD - CROSSROADS	\$	151,949 120,772,164	s -	s		\$	- \$	(73,591) (66,463,198)	¢		\$	(73,591) (66,463,198)	¢	78,358 54,308,966	3,1	99.000%	78,092 \$ 54,124,316
110		I OTAL OTHER FROD - GROSSROADS	ş	120,112,104	φ -	ş	-	Ψ	- ş	(00,403,198)	ş	-	.	(00,403,198)	Ψ	54,300,365		-	φ 34,124,316

Total Plant in Service - Schedule 3

Line	Account							Adiu	ustment	ts											
					RB	-20				C Plant	Di	sallowances							Juris		
			_			ted Net		narging		stments &	Cr	ossroads &	-	LTIP					Factor		lec Juris Adjusted
No.	No.	Description	Pe	er DR 27 Plant	Addi	tions	Statio	ons Jun18	G	SU Trf		T&D	Cap	oitalization Adj	Tot	al Adjustments	Adju	usted Plant	No.	Allocation	Plant
111		OTHER PROD - SOLAR																			
112	34401	Other Prod. Generators - Solar	s	8.429.121											\$	-	\$	8.429.121	3,1	99.660% \$	8,400,462
113		TOTAL OTHER PROD - SOLAR	\$	8,429,121	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,429,121		\$	8,400,462
114 115	34100	OTHER PRODUCTION - LAKE ROAD Other Prod Structures - Electric	s	1.592.075											\$		\$	1.592.075	24	99.660% \$	1.586.662
115	34100	Other Prod Structures - Electric Other Prod Fuel Holders - Electric	¢	626,192											Э	-	Ф	626,192	3,1 3,1	99.660% \$ 99.660%	624,063
117	34300	Other Prod Prime Movers - Electric		16,775,216														16.775.216	3.1	99.660%	16.718.181
118	34400	Other Prod Generators - Electric		2,606,821												_		2,606,821	3,1	99.660%	2,597,958
119	34500	Other Prod Accessory Equip - Electric		2,680,435														2,680,435	3,1	99.660%	2,671,322
120	34600	Other Prod Misc Plt - Electric		-												-		-	3,1	99.660%	-
121		TOTAL OTHER PRODUCTION - LAKE ROAD	\$	24,280,739	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,280,739		\$	24,198,184
122		OTHER PROD - RALPH GREEN																			
122	34000	Other Production Land Elec - RG	\$	11,376											\$		\$	11,376	3,1	99.660% \$	11,337
120	34100	Other Prod. Structures Elec - RG	Ŷ	1,859,964											Ψ	_	Ψ	1,859,964	3,1	99.660%	1,853,640
125	34200	Other Prod. Fuel Holders Elec - RG		453,765												-		453,765	3,1	99.660%	452,222
126	34300	Other Prod. Prime Movers - RG		5,487,483												-		5,487,483	3,1	99.660%	5,468,825
127	34400	Other Prod. Generators Elec - RG		6,396,677												-		6,396,677	3,1	99.660%	6,374,928
128	34500	Other Prod. Access. Elec Eq - RG		1,574,781												-		1,574,781	3,1	99.660%	1,569,427
129	34600	Other Prod. Misc Plt Eq - RG		31,050												-		31,050	3,1	99.660%	30,945
130		TOTAL OTHER PROD - RALPH GREEN	\$	15,815,095	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,815,095		\$	15,761,324
131		OTHER PRODUCTION - LANDFILL GAS TURBINE																			
132	34100	Other Prod Structures - Electric	s	256,910											\$	-	\$	256,910	3,1	99.660% \$	256,037
133	34200	Other Prod Fuel Holders - Electric		2,309,870											·	-		2,309,870	3,1	99.660%	2,302,016
134	34300	Other Prod Prime Movers - Electric		11,018												-		11,018	3,1	99.660%	10,981
135	34400	Other Prod Generators - Electric		2,923,022												-		2,923,022	3,1	99.660%	2,913,084
136	34500	Other Prod Accessory Equip - Electric		41,622												-		41,622	3,1	99.660%	41,481
137	34600	Other Prod Misc Plt - Electric		4,059												-		4,059	3,1	99.660%	4,045
138		TOTAL OTHER PRODUCTION PLANT - LAKE ROAD	\$	5,546,502	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,546,502		\$	5,527,644
139		TOTAL OTHER PRODUCTION	\$	360,879,673	\$	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	(66,463,198))\$	-	\$	(66,463,198)	\$	294,416,475		\$	293,415,459
140		PROJECTED ADDS NET OF RETIRES																			
141	31100	Structures and Improvements													\$	-	\$	-	3,1	99.660% \$	-
142	31200	Boiler Plant Equipment														-		-	3,1	99.660%	-
143	31202	Steam Prod Boiler AQC Eq														-		-	3,1	99.660%	-
144	31400	Turbo Generator Units														-		-	3,1	99.660%	-
145	31500	Accessory Electric Equipment														-		-	3,1	99.660%	-
146	31600	Miscellaneous Power Plant Equipment														-		-	3,1	99.660%	-
147 148	34100 34200	Structures and improvements Fuel holders,producrs,accessr														-		-	3,1 3,1	99.660% 99.660%	-
148	34200	Prime movers														-		-	3,1	99.660%	-
143	34400	Generators														-		-	3,1	99.660%	-
151	34400	Other Prod. Generators - Solar																	3.1	99.660%	
152	34500	Accessory electric equipment														_		-	3,1	99.660%	-
153	34600	Misc power plant equipment														-		-	3,1	99.660%	-
154		TOTAL PROJ ADDS NET OF RETIRES-STEAM & CT'S	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	-,.	\$	
155		TOTAL PRODUCTION PLANT	\$	1,728,052,823	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,743,589	\$	(66,463,198))\$	-	\$	(62,719,609)	\$ 1	1,665,333,214		\$	1,618,202,415
156		TRANSMISSION PLANT																			
157	35000	Transmission Land Electric	\$	2,884,090											\$	-	\$	2,884,090	8,1	99.660% \$	2,874,284
158	35001	Transmission Land Rights - Electric	Ŧ	1,972,660												-	1	1,972,660	3,1	99.660%	1,965,953
159	35004	Transmission Depreciable Land Rights		12,977,912												-		12,977,912	8,1	99.660%	12,933,787
160	35200	Transmission Structures and Imp.		9,232,550												-		9,232,550	8,1	99.660%	9,201,159
161	35300	Transmission Station Equip		188,826,033						(1,750,630)						(1,750,630)		187,075,402	8,1	99.660%	186,439,346
162	35303	Trans. Station Equip. Commication Eq		125,547												-		125,547	8,1	99.660%	125,120
163	35400	Transmission Towers and Fixtures		323,639												-		323,639	8,1	99.660%	322,539

Total Plant in Service - Schedule 3

Line	Account						Adju	stments									
					RB-20 Estimated		Charging	JEC Plant Adjustments	Disallowar & Crossroad		LTIP				Juris Factor	Juris	Elec Juris Adjusted
No.	No.	Description	Per	DR 27 Plant	Additio		Stations Jun18	GSU Trf	a crossroad T&D		Capitalization Adj	Total	Adjustments	Adjusted Plant	No.	Allocation	Plant
164	35500	Transmission Poles and Fixtures	1011	133,968,619	Additio	113	otations ourre	000 111	100		oupituiization Auj		-	133,968,619	8,1	99.660%	133,513,126
165	35500	Transmission Poles and Fixtures-Disallow							(1,40	2,180)			(1,402,180)	(1,402,180)	1,1	100.000%	(1,402,180)
166	35600	Transmission Overhead Cond & Devices		77,407,085					() -	, ,			-	77,407,085	8,1	99.660%	77,143,901
167	35600	Transmission Overhead Cond & Devices-Disallow							(3,22	1,404)			(3,221,404)	(3,221,404)	1,1	100.000%	(3,221,404)
168	35700	Transmission Underground Conduit		16,148									-	16,148	3,1	99.660%	16,093
169	35800	Transmission Underground Cond & Dev.		86,562									-	86,562	8,1	99.660%	86,268
170		TOTAL TRANSMISSION PLANT	\$	427,820,845	\$	-	\$-	\$ (1,750,6	30) \$ (4,62	3,584)	\$-	\$	(6,374,214) \$	421,446,631		-	\$ 419,997,992
171		DISTRIBUTION PLANT															
172	36000	Distribution Land Electric	\$	6,739,471								\$	- \$	6,739,471	5,1	99.760%	\$ 6,723,309
173	36001	Distribution Depreciable Land Rights		382,240									-	382,240	5,1	99.760%	381,323
174	36002	Distribution Land Leased		22,228									-	22,228	5,1	99.760%	22,175
175	36100	Distribution Structures & Improvements		12,616,136									-	12,616,136	5,1	99.760%	12,585,882
176	36200	Distribution Station Equipment		207,947,250									-	207,947,250	5,1	99.760%	207,448,592
177	36400	Distribution Poles, Tower, & Fixtures		274,477,617									-	274,477,617	5,1	99.760%	273,819,420
178	36500	Distribution Overhead Conductor		178,002,791									-	178,002,791	5,1	99.760%	177,575,940
179	36500	Distribution Overhead Conductor-Disallow							(3,05	5,085)			(3,055,085)	(3,055,085)	1,1	100.000%	(3,055,085)
180	36600	Distribution Underground Circuit		87,190,941					(***				-	87,190,941	5,1	99.760%	86,981,857
181	36600	Distribution Underground Circuit-Disallow		400 474 000					(32	1,331)			(321,331)	(321,331)	1,1	100.000%	(321,331)
182	36700	Distribution Underground Conductors		190,171,609									-	190,171,609	5,1	99.760%	189,715,578
183 184	36800 36901	Distribution Line Transformers Distribution Services Overhead		247,870,465 23,699,630									-	247,870,465 23,699,630	5,1	99.760% 99.760%	247,276,072 23,642,798
185	36901	Distribution Services Overnead Distribution Services Underground		23,699,630									-	23,699,630 80,296,030	5,1 5.1	99.760% 99.760%	23,042,798 80,103,480
186	37000	Distribution Meters Electric		28,419,903									-	28,419,903	5,1	99.760% 99.760%	28,351,752
187	37000	Distribution Meters PURPA		2,038,114									-	2,038,114	5,1	99.760% 99.760%	2,033,227
188	37002	Distribution Meters - AMI		21,830,220										21,830,220	5,1	99.760%	21,777,871
189	37100	Distribution Cust Prem Install		26,071,448										26,071,448	5,1	99.760%	26,008,928
190	37101	Distribution Electric Vehicle Charging Stations					4,753,905						4,753,905	4,753,905	1,1	100.000%	4,753,905
191	37300	Distribution Street Light and Traffic Signal		46,860,896			.,,						-	46,860,896	5,1	99.760%	46,748,523
192		TOTAL DISTRIBUTION PLANT	\$	1,434,636,987	\$	-	\$ 4,753,905	\$-	\$ (3,37	6,416)	\$ -	\$	1,377,489 \$		- ,		\$ 1,432,574,216
																_	
193		GENERAL PLANT															
194	38900	General Land Electric	\$	1,892,211								\$	- \$		7,1	99.591%	
195	38901	General Land Electric-Land Rights		2,303									-	2,303	7,1	99.591%	2,293
196	39000	General Structures & Improv. Electric		48,552,623									-	48,552,623	7,1	99.591%	48,354,043
197 198	39100 39102	General Office Furniture & Equipment General Office Furniture - Computer		7,211,694 5.598.062									-	7,211,694 5.598.062	7,1	99.591% 99.591%	7,182,198 5.575.166
198	39102	General Office Furniture - Computer General Office Furniture - Software		5,598,062 1,343,248									-	1,343,248	7,1 7,1	99.591% 99.591%	1,337,754
200	39104			1,343,248									-	1,343,248	7,1	99.591% 99.591%	1,337,754
200	39200	General Transportation Equip Autos General Transportation Equip Light Trucks		5,131,748									-	5,131,748	7,1	99.591% 99.591%	5,110,759
201	39201	General Transportation Equip Light Trucks		24,966,869									-	24,966,869	7,1	99.591% 99.591%	24,864,754
202	39202	General Trans Equip Tractors		203,787									-	24,300,003	7,1	99.591%	202.953
203	39203	General Trans Equip Trailers		1,156,216										1,156,216	7,1	99.591%	1.151.487
205	39205	General Trans Equip Medium Trucks		11,390										11,390	7,1	99.591%	11,343
206	39300	General Stores Equipment		58,875										58,875	7,1	99.591%	58,634
207	39400	General Tools Electric		5,184,942										5,184,942	7,1	99.591%	5,163,735
208	39500	General Laboratory Equipment		4,216,189									-	4,216,189	7,1	99.591%	4,198,945
209	39600	General Power Operated Equipment		6,456,967									-	6,456,967	7,1	99.591%	6,430,558
210	39700	General Communication Equipment		40,851,297									-	40,851,297	7,1	99.591%	40,684,216
211	39800	General Misc. Equipment		448,414									-	448,414	7,1	99.591%	446,580
212		TOTAL GENERAL PLANT	\$	153,409,280	\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$	- \$	153,409,280			\$ 152,781,836
213		GENERAL PLANT - LAKE ROAD															
210	39000	General Structures - LR	s	-								\$	- \$	-	3,8	75.821%	\$-
215	39100	General Office Furniture - LR	÷	237,196								Ŧ	-	237,196	3,8	75.821%	179,844
216	39102	General Office Furniture Computer - LR		132,552									-	132,552	3,8	75.821%	100,503
217	39104	General Office Furniture Software - LR		-									-	-	3,8	75.821%	
218	39200	General Trans Autos - LR		-									-	-	3,8	75.821%	-
219	39201	General Trans Light Trucks - LR		260,282									-	260,282	3,8	75.821%	197,349
220	39202	General Trans Heavy Trucks - LR		71,418									-	71,418	3,8	75.821%	54,150
221	39204	General Trans Trailers - Electric		95,073									-	95,073	3,8	75.821%	72,085

Total Plant in Service - Schedule 3

Line	Account						Adju	stments										
					RB-20			JEC Plant	Disal	lowances						Juris		
					Estimated	Net	Charging	Adjustments &		sroads &	LTI	P				Factor	Juris	Elec Juris Adjusted
No.	No.	Description	Per	DR 27 Plant	Addition	s S	Stations Jun18	GSU Trf		F&D	Capitaliza	tion Adj	Total	Adjustments	Adjusted Plant	No.	Allocation	Plant
222	39205	General Trans Med Trucks - LR												-	-	3,8	75.821%	-
223	39300	General Stores Equp LR		23,379										-	23,379	3,8	75.821%	17,726
224	39400	General Tools - LR		304,431										-	304,431	3,8	75.821%	230,823
225	39500	General Laboratory - LR		436,007										-	436,007	3,8	75.821%	330,586
226	39600	General Power Operated Equip LR		951,494										-	951,494	3,8	75.821%	721,433
227	39700	General Communication - LR		675,607										-	675,607	3,8	75.821%	512,253
228	39800	General Misc. Equip - LR		44,059										-	44,059	3,8	75.821%	33,406
229		TOTAL GENERAL PLANT - LAKE ROAD	\$	3,231,499	\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	3,231,499			\$ 2,450,158
230		INDUSTRIAL STEAM PRODUCTION PLANT																
231	31009	Industrial Steam Land	\$	11,450									\$	- \$		2,2	0.000%	\$-
232	31109	Industrial Steam Structures		30,158										-	30,158	2,2	0.000%	-
233	31209	Industrial Steam Boiler Plant		1,764,819										-	1,764,819	2,2	0.000%	-
234	31509	Industrial Steam Accessory		48,849										-	48,849	2,2	0.000%	-
235	37509	Industrial Steam Distribution		132,908										-	132,908	2,2	0.000%	-
236	37609	Industrial Steam Mains		1,420,926										-	1,420,926	2,2	0.000%	-
237	37909	Industrial Steam CTY Gate		485,291										-	485,291	2,2	0.000%	-
238	38009	Industrial Steam Services		100,842										-	100,842	2,2	0.000%	-
239	38109	Industrial Steam Services- Other		363,850										-	363,850	2,2	0.000%	-
240		TOTAL INDUSTRIAL STEAM PRODUCTION PLANT	\$	4,359,094	\$	- 3	\$-	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	4,359,094		_	\$-
		D LT INCENTIVE STOCK AWARDS																
241	39999	Capitalized LT Incentive Stock Awards									(3,	835,702)		(3,835,702)	(3,835,702)	1,1	100.000%	(3,835,702)
242		TOTAL PLANT IN SERVICE	s	3.783.430.917	s	-	\$ 4.753.905	\$ 1,992,959	\$ ()	78.354.885)	\$ (3.)	835,702)	\$	(75.443.723) \$	3,707,987,193		-	\$ 3,650,009,510
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Line	Account	t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			Adju	stments	5								
No.	Number	Depreciation Reserve Description	Per DR 27 Reserve	RB-30 Proj Net Activity	JEC Plant Adjustments GSU Trf		isallowances rossroads & T&D	Charging Stations Jun18	Tot	al Adjustments	Adj	usted Reserve	Juris Factor #	Juris Allocation	Electric Juris Adjusted Reserve
-	Α	В	С	D	E		F	G		Н	-	I	J	ĸ	L
1		INTANGIBLE PLANT													
2	30100	Intangible Plant Organization Electric	\$ 16,313						\$	-	\$	16,313	7,1	99.591%	16,246
3	30301	Miscellaneous Intangibles (Like 353)	102,567							-		102,567	8,1	99.660%	102,218
4	30301	Misc. Intangibles - Trans Crossroads	5,218,366				(2,841,288)			(2,841,288)		2,377,079	8,1	99.660%	2,368,997
5	30302	Miscellaneous Intangibles- Cap Softwr 5 yr	15,344,727							-		15,344,727	7,1	99.591%	15,281,968
6	30302	Misc. Intangible Cap Software - Lake Road	350,000							-		350,000	3,8	75.821%	265,374
7	30309	Misc. Intangible -MINT Line	26,053							-		26,053	8,1	99.660%	25,964
8	30310	Miscl Intang-latan Hwy & Bridge	 145,264							-		145,264	8,1	99.660%	144,770
9		TOTAL PLANT INTANGIBLE	\$ 21,203,290	\$-		\$	(2,841,288)	\$-	\$	(2,841,288)	\$	18,362,002		-	\$ 18,205,536
10	PRODUC	TION PLANT													
11	STEAM F	PRODUCTION													
12		STEAM PRODUCTION - SIBLEY													
13	31000	Steam Production Land - Elec - Sibley	\$ -						\$	-	\$	-	3,1	99.660%	\$-
14	31100	Steam Prod Structures - Elec - Sibley	28,724,769					-		-		28,724,769	3,1	99.660%	28,627,104
15	31200	Steam Prod Boiler Plant Elec - Sibley	94,777,361					-		-		94,777,361	3,1	99.660%	94,455,118
16	31202	Steam Prod Boiler AQC Equip - Sibley	7,041,804							-		7,041,804	3,1	99.660%	7,017,862
17	31400	Steam Prod Turbogenerator - Sibley	32,659,429							-		32,659,429	3,1	99.660%	32,548,387
18	31500	Steam Prod Access Equip Elec - Sibley	13,246,389							-		13,246,389	3,1	99.660%	13,201,351
19	31600	Steam Prod Misc Plant Equip - Sibley	 688,946					-		-		688,946	3,1	99.660%	686,603
20		TOTAL STEAM PRODUCTION - SIBLEY	\$ 177,138,697	\$-		\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	177,138,697		_	\$ 176,536,426
21		STEAM PROD. JEFFREY													
22	31000	Steam Production Land - Elec - Jeffrey	\$ -						\$	-	\$	-	3,1	99.660%	\$-
23	31100	Steam Prod Structures - Elec - Jeffrey	16,089,254		410,5	38				410,538		16,499,792	3,1	99.660%	16,443,693
24	31200	Steam Prod Boiler Eq - Elec - Jeffrey	41,908,428		1,438,6	28				1,438,628		43,347,056	3,1	99.660%	43,199,676
25	31202	Steam Prod Boiler AQC Eq - Jeffrey	8,139,748							-		8,139,748	3,1	99.660%	8,112,073
26	31400	Steam Prod Turbogenerator - Jeffrey	8,487,121							-		8,487,121	3,1	99.660%	8,458,264
27	31500	Steam Prod Access Equip - Jeffrey	6,008,848							-		6,008,848	3,1	99.660%	5,988,417
28	31500	Steam Prod - Jeffrey GSU's			954,7	38				954,738		954,738	3,1	99.660%	951,492
29	31600	Steam Prod Misc Plant Equip - Jeffrey	 1,058,196		32,0	89				32,089		1,090,285	3,1	99.660%	1,086,578
30		TOTAL STEAM PROD. JEFFREY	\$ 81,691,594	\$-	\$ 2,835,9	93 \$	-	\$-	\$	2,835,993	\$	84,527,588		-	\$ 84,240,194
31		STEAM PROD - LAKE ROAD													
32	31000	Steam Production Land Elec - LR	\$ -						\$	-	\$	-	3,4	75.821%	\$-
33	31100	Steam Production Structures - LR	7,935,346							-		7,935,346	3,5	75.821%	6,016,667

Line	Account						Adjustm	ents										
						JEC I	Plant	Disallo	wances	Chai	rging							
			Per DR 27		RB-30 Proj Net				oads &		ions					Juris	Juris	Electric Juris
No.	Number	Depreciation Reserve Description	Reserve		Activity	GSU	Trf	та	&D	Ju	n18	Total A	djustments	Ad	justed Reserve	Factor #	Allocation	Adjusted Reserve
34	31200	Steam Production Boiler Plant - LR	20,741,19										-		20,741,196	3,6	65.594%	13,604,983
35	31202	Steam Production Boiler AQC - LR	1,508,13										-		1,508,138	3,6	65.594%	989,249
36	31400	Steam Prod Turbogenerator - LR	10,897,32										-		10,897,327	3,7	99.375%	10,829,205
37	31500	Steam Production Access Equip - LR	4,334,10										-		4,334,102	3,8	75.821%	3,286,163
38	31600	Steam Prod Misc Power Plant - LR	291,89										-		291,899	3,9	47.438%	138,472
39		TOTAL STEAM PROD - LAKE ROAD	\$ 45,708,00	09	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	45,708,009		-	\$ 34,864,739
40		STEAM PRODUCTION - IATAN COMMON																
41	31000	Steam Prod Land - Iatan Com	\$-									\$	-	\$	-	3,1	99.660%	\$ -
42	31100	Steam Prod. Struct Iatan Com	3,087,26	58									-		3,087,268	3,1	99.660%	3,076,771
43	31200	Steam Prod. Boiler Equiplatan Com	8,149,48	36									-		8,149,486	3,1	99.660%	8,121,778
44	31400	Steam Prod. TurboGen - Iatan Com	308,47	74									-		308,474	3,1	99.660%	307,425
45	31500	Steam Prod Access Equip- latan Com	1,394,01	14									-		1,394,014	3,1	99.660%	1,389,274
46	31600	Steam Production-Misc Power Plant Equipment-latan Con											-		83,802	3,1	99.660%	83,517
47		TOTAL STEAM PRODUCTION - IATAN COMMON	\$ 13,023,04	44	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,023,044		-	\$ 12,978,765
48		STEAM PRODUCTION IATAN 1																
49	31000	Steam Production Land - latan 1	\$-									\$	-	\$	-	3,1	99.660%	\$ -
50	31100	Steam Production Structures - latan 1	2,585,9	10									-		2,585,910	3,1	99.660%	2,577,118
51	31105	Steam Production Structures - latan 1 Disallowance	(1,95	51)									-		(1,951)	1,1	100.000%	(1,951)
52	31200	Steam Production Boiler Plant - latan 1	31,893,84	47									-		31,893,847	3,1	99.660%	31,785,408
53	31205	Steam Production Boiler Plant - latan 1 Disallow	(37,5	16)									-		(37,516)	1,1	100.000%	(37,516)
54	31202	Steam Prod Boiler AQC - Iatan 1	106,79	95									-		106,795	3,1	99.660%	106,432
55	31400	Steam Prod Turbogenerator - latan 1	8,348,28	37									-		8,348,287	3,1	99.660%	8,319,903
56	31500	Steam Prod Access Equip - Iatan 1	5,596,33	34									-		5,596,334	3,1	99.660%	5,577,306
57	31505	Steam Prod Access Equip - latan 1 Disallowance	(3,58	39)									-		(3,589)	1,1	100.000%	(3,589)
58	31600	Steam Prod Misc Power Plant - latan 1	617,96	58									-		617,968	3,1	99.660%	615,867
59	31605	Steam Prod Misc Power Plant - latan 1 Disallowance	(41	15)									-		(415)	1,1	100.000%	(415)
60		TOTAL STEAM PRODUCTION IATAN 1	\$ 49,105,67	70	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	49,105,670		-	\$ 48,938,562
61		STEAM PRODUCTION - IATAN 2																
62	31100	Steam Production-Structures-latan 2	4,230,12	28			-						-		4,230,128	3,1	99.660%	4,215,746
63	31106	Steam Production-Structures-latan 2 Disallowance	(56,64				-						-		(56,649)	1,1	100.000%	(56,649)
64	31200	Steam ProdBoiler Plant Equip-latan 2	33,403,08				-						-		33,403,082	3,1	99.660%	33,289,512
65	31206	Steam ProdBoiler Plant Equip-latan 2 Disallowance	(468,44				-						-		(468,448)	1,1	100.000%	(468,448)
66	31400	Steam ProdTurbogenerator-latan 2	10,569,48	'			-						-		10,569,480	3,1	99.660%	10,533,544
67	31406	Steam ProdTurbogenerator-latan 2 Disallowance	(70,20				-						-		(70,204)	1,1	100.000%	(70,204)
		5		'											(,			

Line	Account	t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i						Adjustn	Adjustments											
								JEC Plant	Di	sallowances	С	harging								
				Per DR 27		30 Proj No	et A	djustments &	Cr	rossroads &		Stations					Juris	Juris	E	lectric Juris
No.	Number			Reserve	A	octivity		GSU Trf		T&D		Jun18	Tot	al Adjustments	A	ljusted Reserve	Factor #	Allocation	Adju	usted Reserve
68	31500	Steam ProdAccessory Equipment latan 2		2,714,176				-						-		2,714,176	3,1	99.660%		2,704,948
69	31506	Steam ProdAccessory Equipment latan 2 Disallowance	e	(24,068)				-						-		(24,068)	1,1	100.000%		(24,068)
70	31600	Steam Production-Misc Power Plant Equipment-latan 2		197,133				-						-		197,133	3,1	99.660%		196,463
71	31606	Steam Production-Misc Power Plant Equip-latan 2 Disallo	_	(2,827)				-						-		(2,827)	1,1	100.000%		(2,827)
72		TOTAL STEAM PRODUCTION - IATAN 2	\$	50,491,804	\$	-	. \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,491,804			\$	50,318,016
73	31299	GMO Additional Amortization ER-2016-0156	\$	9,750,000									\$	-	\$	9,750,000	1,1	100.000%	\$	9,750,000
74		TOTAL STEAM PRODUCTION	\$	426,908,818	\$	-	. \$	2,835,993	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,835,993	\$	429,744,811			\$	417,626,702
				✓																
75	OTHER F	PRODUCTION																		
76		OTHER PROD - NEVADA																		
77		Other Production Land Elec - Nevada	\$	-									\$	-	\$	-	3,1	99.660%	\$	-
78	34100	Other Prod. Structures Elec - Nevada		108,759										-		108,759	3,1	99.660%		108,389
79	34200	Other Prod. Fuel Holders Elec - Nevada		403,299										-		403,299	3,1	99.660%		401,928
80	34300	Other Prod. Prime Movers - Nevada		900,425										-		900,425	3,1	99.660%		897,363
81	34400	Other Prod. Generators Elec - Nevada		613,592										-		613,592	3,1	99.660%		611,506
82	34500	Other Prod. Access. Eq - Elec - Nevada		418,153										-		418,153	3,1	99.660%		416,731
83	34600	Other Prod. Misc Plt Eq - Nevada	_	1,860			-		_		_		. <u> </u>	-	_	1,860	3,1	99.660%		1,853
84		TOTAL OTHER PROD - NEVADA	\$	2,446,088	\$	-	. \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,446,088			\$	2,437,771
85		OTHER PROD GREENWOOD																		
86	34000	Other Production Land - GW	\$	-									\$	-	\$	-	3,1	99.660%		-
87	34100	Other Prod. Structures - GW		1,301,396										-		1,301,396	3,1	99.660%		1,296,971
88	34200	Other Prod. Fuel Holders - GW		2,104,890										-		2,104,890	3,1	99.660%		2,097,734
89	34300	Other Prod. Prime Movers - GW		25,775,534										-		25,775,534	3,1	99.660%		25,687,897
90	34400	Other Prod. Generators - GW		6,840,255										-		6,840,255	3,1	99.660%		6,816,998
91	34500	Other Prod. Access Eq - GW		3,673,584										-		3,673,584	3,1	99.660%		3,661,094
92	34600	Other Prod. Misc Pwr Plt - GW		8,917										-		8,917	3,1	99.660%		8,887
93		TOTAL OTHER PROD GREENWOOD	\$	39,704,577	\$	-	. \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,704,577			\$	39,569,581
94		OTHER PROD SOUTH HARPER																		
95	34000	Other Prod. Land - SH	\$	-									\$	-	\$	-	3,1	99.660%		-
96	34100	Other Prod. Structures - SH		2,436,920										-		2,436,920	3,1	99.660%		2,428,634
97	34200	Other Prod. Fuel Holders - SH		1,624,893										-		1,624,893	3,1	99.660%		1,619,369
98	34300	Other Prod. Prime Movers - SH		41,636,486										-		41,636,486	3,1	99.660%		41,494,922
99	34400	Other Prod. Generators - SH		8,771,442										-		8,771,442	3,1	99.660%		8,741,619

Depreciation Reserve - Schedule 6

Line	Account	t i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i						Adjustm	nents											
No.	Number	Depreciation Reserve Description		Per DR 27 Reserve		30 Proj Net Activity	t Adju	EC Plant Istments & GSU Trf		allowances ossroads & T&D	Char Stati Jur	ions	То	tal Adjustments	۵d	liusted Reserve	Juris Factor #	Juris Allocation		lectric Juris Isted Reserve
100	34500	Other Prod. Access Elec Eq - SH		6.005.847		lotivity				100				-	7.0	6,005,847	3,1	99.660%	Auje	5,985,427
100	34600	Other Prod. Misc Pwr Plt - SH		91,006										-		91,006	3,1	99.660%		90,697
102	0.000	TOTAL OTHER PROD SOUTH HARPER	\$	60,566,594	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	60,566,594	•,•	-	\$	60,360,668
103		OTHER PROD - CROSSROADS																		
104	34000	Other Production Land - Crossroads	\$	-									\$	-	\$	-	3,1	99.660%	\$	-
105	34100	Other Prod. Structures - Crossroads		578,510						(411,204)				(411,204)		167,306	3,1	99.660%		166,737
106	34200	Other Prod. Fuel Holders - Crossroads		1.983.914						(1,369,175)				(1,369,175)		614,739	3.1	99.660%		612,648
107	34300	Other Prod. Prime Movers- Crossroads		50,987,133						(35,210,259)				(35,210,259)		15,776,874	3,1	99.660%		15,723,233
108	34400	Other Prod. Generators - Crossroads		8,843,099						(6,357,049)				(6,357,049)		2,486,050	3,1	99.660%		2,477,598
109	34500	Other Prod. Acc. Elec Eq -Crossroads		4,719,240						(4,549,885)				(4,549,885)		169,355	3,1	99.660%		168,779
110	34600	Other Prod. Misc Pwr Plt - Crossroads		16,381						(46,839)				(46,839)		(30,458)	3,1	99.660%		(30,354)
111		TOTAL OTHER PROD - CROSSROADS	\$	67,128,278	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(47,944,411)	\$	-	\$	(47,944,411)	\$	19,183,867		-	\$	19,118,642
112		OTHER PROD - SOLAR																		
113	34401	Other Prod. Generators - Solar	\$	630,077									\$	-	\$	630,077	3,1	99.660%	\$	627,934
114		TOTAL OTHER PROD - SOLAR	\$	630,077	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	630,077		-	\$	627,934
115		OTHER PRODUCTION - LAKE ROAD																		
116	34100	Other Prod Structures - Electric	\$	1,252,086									\$	-	\$	1,252,086	3,1	99.660%	\$	1,247,829
117	34200	Other Prod Fuel Holders - Electric		611,125										-		611.125	3.1	99.660%		609,047
118	34300	Other Prod Prime Movers - Electric		10,939,032										-		10,939,032	3,1	99.660%		10,901,840
119	34400	Other Prod Generators - Electric		2,395,050										-		2,395,050	3,1	99.660%		2,386,907
120	34500	Other Prod Accessory Equip - Electric		1,137,749										-		1,137,749	3,1	99.660%		1,133,881
121	34600	Other Prod Misc Plt - Electric		-										-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
122		TOTAL OTHER PRODUCTION - LAKE ROAD	\$	16,335,043	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	16,335,043		-	\$	16,279,504
123		OTHER PROD - RALPH GREEN																		
124	34000	Other Production Land Elec - RG	\$	-									\$	-	\$	-	3,1	99.660%	\$	-
125	34100	Other Prod. Structures Elec - RG		740,476										-		740,476	3,1	99.660%		737,958
126	34200	Other Prod. Fuel Holders Elec - RG		189,212										-		189,212	3,1	99.660%		188,568
127	34300	Other Prod. Prime Movers - RG		4,766,664										-		4,766,664	3,1	99.660%		4,750,457
128	34400	Other Prod. Generators Elec - RG		6,304,401										-		6,304,401	3,1	99.660%		6,282,966
129	34500	Other Prod. Access. Elec Eq - RG		1,120,031										-		1,120,031	3,1	99.660%		1,116,223
130	34600	Other Prod. Misc Plt Eq - RG		13,927										-		13,927	3,1	99.660%		13,880
131		TOTAL OTHER PROD - RALPH GREEN	\$	13,134,710	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,134,710		-	\$	13,090,052
			<u>_</u>	-,,-	<u> </u>		+		Ŧ				<u> </u>		Ŧ	-,,-		-	•	

Line	Account				Adjustments														
								JEC Plant	D	isallowances	Charging								
				Per DR 27		Proj Net	Ad	ljustments &	С	rossroads &	Stations			_		Juris	Juris		ctric Juris
<u>No.</u>	Number	1		Reserve	AC	tivity		GSU Trf		T&D	Jun18		Total Adjustments	Ac	ljusted Reserve	Factor #	Allocation	Adjust	ted Reserve
132		OTHER PRODUCTION - LANDFILL GAS TURBINE	•	~~ ~~~								•		•	~~ ~~~		~~ ~~~~	•	~~ ~~~
133		Other Prod Structures - Electric	\$	23,789								\$	-	\$	23,789	3,1	99.660%	\$	23,708
134	34200	Other Prod Fuel Holders - Electric		520,314									-		520,314	3,1	99.660%		518,545
135	34300	Other Prod Prime Movers - Electric		3,205									-		3,205	3,1	99.660%		3,194
136	34400	Other Prod Generators - Electric		817,927									-		817,927	3,1	99.660%		815,146
137	34500	Other Prod Accessory Equip - Electric		8,545									-		8,545	3,1	99.660%		8,516
138	34600	Other Prod Misc Plt - Electric		25			-		-				-		25	3,1	99.660%		25
139		TOTAL OTHER PRODUCTION PLANT - LAKE ROAD	\$	1,373,805	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	1,373,805		-	\$	1,369,134
140		TOTAL OTHER PRODUCTION	\$	201,319,171	\$		\$	-	\$	(47,944,411)	\$ -	\$	(47,944,411)	\$	153,374,760		-	\$ 1	52,853,286
			<u> </u>		.		•		•	(, •, ,	•		(,•,	•			-	<u> </u>	
141		RETIREMENTS WORK IN PROGRESS-PRODUCTION																	
142		Production- Salvage & Removal Retirements not classifie	ec \$	(17,474,673)								\$	-	\$	(17,474,673)	3,1	99.660%	\$ (17,415,259)
143		TOTAL RETIREMENTS WORK IN PROGRESS-PRODU	C \$	(17,474,673)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	(17,474,673)	,			17,415,259)
												•		•		• •		•	
144		PROJECTED ADDS NET OF RETIRES										\$	-	\$	-	3,1	99.660%		-
145		Structures and Improvements	\$	-									-		-	3,1	99.660%	\$	-
146	31200	Boiler Plant Equipment		-									-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
147	31202	Steam Prod Boiler AQC Eq		-									-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
148	31400	Turbo Generator Units		-									-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
149	31500	Accessory Electric Equipment		-									-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
150	31600	Miscellaneous Power Plant Equipment		-									-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
151	34100	Structures and improvements		-									-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
152	34200	Fuel holders, producrs, accessr		-									-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
153	34300	Prime movers		-									-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
154	34400	Generators		-									-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
155	34401	Other Prod. Generators - Solar		-									-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
156	34500	Accessory electric equipment		-									-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
157	34600	Misc power plant equipment		-									-		-	3,1	99.660%		-
158		TOTAL PROJ ADDS NET OF RETIRES-STEAM & CT'S	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	-		-	\$	-
159		TOTAL PRODUCTION PLANT	\$	610,753,315	\$	-	\$	2,835,993	\$	(47,944,411)	\$-	\$	(45,108,418)	\$	565,644,898		-	\$ 5	53,064,729
160		TRANSMISSION PLANT																	
161	35000	Transmission Land Electric	\$	-								\$	-	\$	-	8,1	99.660%	\$	-
162	35001	Transmission Land Rights - Electric		14,157								Ŷ	-	ŕ	14,157	3,1	99.660%		14,109
163		Transmission Depreciable Land Rights		4,153,625									-		4,153,625	8,1	99.660%		4,139,503
				.,,											.,,	-,.	00.00070		.,,

Line	Account				Adjustm	ents							
					JEC Plant	Disallowances	Charging						
			Per DR 27	RB-30 Proj Net	Adjustments &	Crossroads &	Stations				Juris	Juris	Electric Juris
<u>No.</u>	Number	Depreciation Reserve Description	Reserve	Activity	GSU Trf	T&D	Jun18	lota	al Adjustments	Adjusted Reserve	Factor #	Allocation	Adjusted Reserve
164	35200	Transmission Structures and Imp.	2,989,859		(054 700)				-	2,989,859	8,1	99.660%	2,979,694
165	35300	Transmission Station Equip	50,537,561		(954,738)	-			(954,738)	49,582,823	8,1	99.660%	49,414,241
166	35303	Trans. Station Equip. Commication Eq	9,818						-	9,818	8,1	99.660%	9,785
167	35400	Transmission Towers and Fixtures	337,329						-	337,329	8,1	99.660%	336,182
168	35500	Transmission Poles and Fixtures	47,482,560						-	47,482,560	8,1	99.660%	47,321,120
169	35500	Transmission Poles and Fixtures-Disallow				(222,538)			(222,538)	(222,538)	1,1	100.000%	(222,538)
170	35600	Transmission Overhead Cond & Devices	35,893,932						-	35,893,932	8,1	99.660%	35,771,893
171	35600	Transmission Overhead Cond & Devices-Disallow				(404,824)			(404,824)	(404,824)	1,1	100.000%	(404,824)
172	35700	Transmission Underground Conduit	7,365						-	7,365	3,1	99.660%	7,340
173	35800	Transmission Underground Cond & Dev.	86,954						-	86,954	8,1	99.660%	86,658
174		TOTAL TRANSMISSION PLANT	\$ 141,513,161	\$-	\$ (954,738)	\$ (627,362) \$	-	\$	(1,582,100)	\$ 139,931,060		-	\$ 139,453,162
175		RETIREMENTS WORK IN PROGRESS-TRANSMISSION											
176		Transmission-Salvage & Removal-Retirements not classif	\$ (2,993,010)					\$	-	\$ (2,993,010)	8,1	99.660%	\$ (2,982,833)
177		TOTAL RETIREMENTS WORK IN PROGRESS-TRANSN		\$-	\$-	\$-\$	-	\$	-	\$ (2,993,010)			\$ (2,982,833)
178		DISTRIBUTION PLANT											
170	36000		\$ -					\$	_	\$ -	5,1	99.760%	¢
180	36001	Distribution Depreciable Land Rights	φ -					Ψ		Ψ -	5,1	99.760%	Ψ -
180	36002	Distribution Land Leased	7.077						-	7,077	5,1 5,1	99.760%	7,060
182	36100	Distribution Structures & Improvements	3,825,563						-	3,825,563	5,1	99.760%	3,816,389
182	36200	Distribution Station Equipment	70,765,644						-	70,765,644	5,1 5,1	99.760% 99.760%	70,595,948
184	36400	Distribution Poles, Tower, & Fixtures	134,649,739						-	134,649,739	5,1	99.760%	134,326,849
184	36500	Distribution Overhead Conductor	46,784,346						-	46,784,346	5,1 5,1	99.760% 99.760%	46,672,157
185	36500	Distribution Overhead Conductor-Disallow	40,704,340			(360,754)			- (360,754)	(360,754)	3,1 1,1	100.000%	(360,754)
187	36600	Distribution Underground Circuit	14,917,673			(300,754)			(300,754)	· · /	5,1	99.760%	(300,754) 14,881,901
187	36600	Distribution Underground Circuit-Disallow	14,917,075			(20 590)				14,917,673	5, i 1,1	100.000%	(29,589)
189		Distribution Underground Conductors	53,748,925			(29,589)			(29,589)	(29,589) 53,748,925	5,1	99.760%	(29,569) 53,620,035
	36800	Distribution Line Transformers	129,252,555						-		5,1 5,1	99.760% 99.760%	
190 191	36800	Distribution Line Transformers Distribution Services Overhead	, ,						-	129,252,555 20,468,823	,	99.760% 99.760%	128,942,607
			20,468,823						-	, ,	5,1	99.760% 99.760%	20,419,739
192	36902	Distribution Services Underground	45,520,626						-	45,520,626	5,1		45,411,467
193	37000	Distribution Meters Electric	8,301,560						-	8,301,560	5,1	99.760%	8,281,653
194	37001	Distribution Meters PURPA	3,653,094						-	3,653,094	5,1	99.760%	3,644,334
195	37002	Distribution Meters - AMI	1,232,997						-	1,232,997	5,1	99.760%	1,230,041
196	37100	Distribution Cust Prem Install	17,387,100				070 075		-	17,387,100	5,1	99.760%	17,345,406
197	37101	Distribution Electric Vehicle Charging Stations	(278,870		278,870	278,870	1,1	100.000%	278,870
198	37300	Distribution Street Light and Traffic Signal	10,862,468						-	10,862,468	5,1	99.760%	10,836,420

Line	Account				Adjustm	nents												
No.	Number	Depreciation Reserve Description	Per DR 27 Reserve	RB-30 Proj Net Activity		JEC Plant ljustments & GSU Trf		allowances ssroads & T&D	Sta	arging ations un18	Tota	I Adjustments	Adj	justed Reserve	Juris Factor #	Juris Allocation		lectric Juris usted Reserve
199		TOTAL DISTRIBUTION PLANT	\$ 561,378,189	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(390,343)	\$	278,870	\$	(111,473)	\$	561,266,716			\$	559,920,531
200		RETIREMENTS WORK IN PROGRESS-DISTRIBUTION	• (= = (= a = a = a = a = a = a = a = a								•		•	(= = (0, 000)		~~ ~~~~	•	(5 300 000)
201		Distribution-Salvage & Removal-Retirements not classified			•		•		•		\$		\$	(5,746,620)	5,1	99.760%	<u> </u>	(5,732,839)
202		TOTAL RETIREMENTS WORK IN PROGRESS-DISTRIB	\$ (5,746,620)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(5,746,620)			\$	(5,732,839)
203		GENERAL PLANT																
204	38900	General Land Electric	\$-								\$	-	\$	-	7,1	99.591%	\$	-
205	38901	General Land Electric-Land Rights	171									-		171	7,1	99.591%		170
206	39000	General Structures & Improv. Electric	8,166,842									-		8,166,842	7,1	99.591%		8,133,440
207	39100	General Office Furniture & Equipment	5,352,714									-		5,352,714	7,1	99.591%		5,330,822
208	39102	General Office Furniture - Computer	2,917,135									-		2,917,135	7,1	99.591%		2,905,204
209	39104	General Office Furniture - Software	1,382,694									-		1,382,694	7,1	99.591%		1,377,039
210	39200	General Transportation Equip Autos	250,375									-		250,375	7,1	99.591%		249,351
211	39201	General Transportation Equip Light Trucks	2,697,000									-		2,697,000	7,1	99.591%		2,685,970
212	39202	General Trans Equip Heavy Trucks	13,110,436									-		13,110,436	7,1	99.591%		13,056,814
213	39203	General Trans Equip Tractors	103,723									-		103,723	7,1	99.591%		103,298
214	39204	General Trans Equip Trailers	1,391,255									-		1,391,255	7,1	99.591%		1,385,565
215	39205	General Trans Equip Medium Trucks	(193,812)									-		(193,812)	7,1	99.591%		(193,019)
216	39300	General Stores Equipment	29,266									-		29,266	7,1	99.591%		29,147
217	39400	General Tools Electric	2,811,957									-		2,811,957	7,1	99.591%		2,800,456
218	39500	General Laboratory Equipment	1,732,967									-		1,732,967	7,1	99.591%		1,725,879
219	39600	General Power Operated Equipment	2,627,829									-		2,627,829	7,1	99.591%		2,617,082
220	39700	General Communication Equipment	12,435,683									-		12,435,683	7,1	99.591%		12,384,821
221	39800	General Misc. Equipment	137,566									-		137,566	7,1	99.591%		137,003
222		TOTAL GENERAL PLANT	\$ 54,953,801	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	54,953,801	,		\$	54,729,040
223		GENERAL PLANT - LAKE ROAD																
223	39000		\$ -								\$	-	\$		3,8	75.821%	¢	
224 225	39000	General Office Furniture - LR									Φ	-	φ	117,633	3,8 3,8	75.821%	φ	- 89,191
225	39100	General Office Furniture Computer - LR	58,907									-		58,907	,	75.821%		,
220		General Office Furniture Computer - LR	56,907									-		,	3,8	75.821%		44,664
	39104 39200	General Trans Autos - LR	-			-						-		-	3,8	75.821%		-
228			-									-		-	3,8			-
229	39201	General Trans Light Trucks - LR	124,715									-		124,715	3,8	75.821%		94,560
230	39202	General Trans Heavy Trucks - LR	8,285									-		8,285	3,8	75.821%		6,282
231	39204	General Trans Trailers - Electric	105,735									-		105,735	3,8	75.821%		80,170
232	39205	General Trans Med Trucks - LR										-		-	3,8	75.821%		-

Line	Account							Adjustm	nents											
								JEC Plant		allowances		narging								
			Per DR 27	7		0 Proj Net		ustments &	Cro	ssroads &		tations					Juris	Juris		ectric Juris
No.	Number		Reserve		Ac	ctivity		GSU Trf		T&D	J	Jun18	Tota	al Adjustments	Ad	justed Reserve	Factor #	Allocation	Adjus	sted Reserve
233	39300	General Stores Equp LR		856										-		2,856	3,8	75.821%		2,166
234	39400	General Tools - LR	234,											-		234,464	3,8	75.821%		177,774
235	39500	General Laboratory - LR	265,	666										-		265,666	3,8	75.821%		201,431
236	39600	General Power Operated Equip LR	443,	910										-		443,910	3,8	75.821%		336,578
237	39700	General Communication - LR	158,	201										-		158,201	3,8	75.821%		119,950
238	39800	General Misc. Equip - LR	,	915										-		4,915	3,8	75.821%		3,726
239		TOTAL GENERAL PLANT - LAKE ROAD	\$ 1,525,	287	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,525,287		-	\$	1,156,490
240		RETIREMENTS-WORK IN PROGRESS-GENERAL PLA	NT																	
241		General Plant-Salvage & Removal-Retirements not class	if \$ 299,	766									\$	-	\$	299,766	3,8	75.821%	\$	227,286
242		TOTAL RETIREMENTS-WORK IN PROGRESS-GENER	299, XA \$	766	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	299,766		-	\$	227,286
243		INDUSTRIAL STEAM PRODUCTION PLANT																		
244	31009	Industrial Steam Land	\$	-									\$	_	\$	-	2,2	0.000%	\$	_
245	31109	Industrial Steam Structures	+	572)									Ŷ	_	Ψ	(50,572)	2,2	0.000%	Ψ	_
246	31209	Industrial Steam Boiler Plant		938)										-		(96,938)	2,2	0.000%		-
247	31509	Industrial Steam Accessory		771)										-		(26,771)	2,2	0.000%		-
248	37509	Industrial Steam Distribution	· · ·	366										-		4,366	2,2	0.000%		-
249	37609	Industrial Steam Mains	1,121,											-		1,121,351	2,2	0.000%		-
250	37909	Industrial Steam CTY Gate	264,											-		264.773	2,2	0.000%		-
251	38009	Industrial Steam Services	119,											-		119,428	2,2	0.000%		-
252	38109	Industrial Steam Services- Other	324,											-		324,053	2,2	0.000%		-
253		TOTAL INDUSTRIAL STEAM PRODUCTION PLANT	\$ 1,659,		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,659,691	,		\$	-
254		RETIREMENTS-WORK IN PROGRESS- INDUSTRIAL S	STEAM																	
255		Industrial Steam-Salvage & Removal-Retirements not cla		167)									\$	_	\$	(76,167)	2,2	0.000%	\$	_
256		TOTAL RETIREMENTS-WORK IN PROGRESS-INDUST			\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	(76,167)	2,2	0.00070	¢ ¢	
250		TOTAL RETIREMENTS-WORK IN PROGRESS-INDUST	Π <u>φ</u> (70,	107)	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	(70,107)		-	Ψ	
	CAPITAL	IZED LT INCENTIVE STOCK AWARDS																		
257	39999	Capitalized LT Incentive Stock Awards												-		-	1,1	100.000%		-
258		TOTAL DEPRECIATION RESERVE	\$ 1,384,470,	704	\$	-	\$	1,881,255	\$	(51,803,404)	\$	278,870	\$	(49,643,279)	\$ 1	,334,827,425		-	\$ 1,3	318,041,101
													-					=		