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DEC 28 2016

Alinda Baker December 14, 2016
PSC EXHIBIT TO COMMENTS

Missouri Public
Service Commission

ILLINOIS APPELLATE COURT 3rd District RICL
The Court said:

Rock Island does not own, control, operate, or manage assets within the State. In testimony before the Commission, Rock Island admitted that the project was in the planning stages and that it would only pursue construction if the company determined that it would be profitable in light of future market developments and financial support. Rock Island currently does not own any transmission assets in Illinois, nor does it have any agreements for service with renewable energy generators in this state. While the potential may exist for generators to purchase service on the line, no Illinois generators have agreed to use the proposed line.

The Court based its decision on the speculative nature of RICL. Without any concrete plans to own or operate anything in the state, RICL cannot be a public utility NOW.

The Court said:

The standard of review of the Commission's findings of fact is deferential. Orders of the Commission are deemed prima facie reasonable, and the Commission's findings of fact are deemed prima facie true. 220 ILCS 5/10-201(d) (West 2012). The Commission's findings of fact may only be overturned if they are against the manifest weight of the evidence. *Apple Canyon Lake Property Owners' Ass'n v. Illinois Commerce Comm'n*, 2013 IL App (3d) 100832, ¶ 57.

The Commission's interpretation of statutory standards is also entitled to deference; however, reviewing courts are not bound by its interpretation of law. *Citizens Utility Board v. Illinois Commerce Comm'n*, 166 Ill. 2d 111, 121 (1995). The Commission's interpretation of a statute is reviewed de novo. *Commonwealth Edison Co. v. Illinois Commerce Comm'n*, 398 Ill. App. 3d 510, 522 (2009). Where governing statutory language is clear and unambiguous, it must be applied as written, and there is no need to resort to extrinsic aids. *Illinois Bell Telephone Co. v. Illinois Commerce Comm'n*, 362 Ill. App. 3d 652, 657 (2005). Courts will not defer to an agency's construction where the statute is clear because "an interpretation placed upon a statute by an administrative official cannot alter its plain language." *Burlington Northern, Inc. v. Department of Revenue*, 32 Ill. App. 3d 166, 174 (1975).

In reaching our conclusion, we acknowledge the Commission's position that public utility status is not a prerequisite to seeking a certificate of public convenience and necessity under sections 8-406(a) and (b). The Act does not require an applicant to be a public utility before it seeks certification under the appropriate provisions. A plain reading of the statute shows that an applicant may seek public utility status while, at the same time, applying for a certificate of public convenience and necessity to transact business and construct facilities. See 220 ILCS 5/8406(a), (b) (West 2012). In this case, the issue is whether jurisdiction was properly conferred based on the Commission's decision that Rock Island was a public utility. We conclude that it was not. <http://www.stoppathwv.com/stoppath-wv-blog/archives/09-2016>



TAX CREDITS

At the end of this year, the production tax credit will begin phase out and the subsidy for wind energy will be cut 20%. The following year it will be cut 40%. The next year it will be cut 60%, eventually disappearing altogether within 5 years.

<http://www.stoppathwv.com/stoppath-wv-blog/archives/11-2016>

The Eastern states still want to produce and use their electricity locally. Canada sends around 98% of its total energy exports to the United States.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Energy_policy_of_Canada

Block GBE has their own wind maps and they don't look like Clean Line's.

ARBITRAGE

And let's talk about that arbitrage thing... "Clean" Line thought it was so special, it gave arbitrage its own page in their USAEE presentation. What is arbitrage?

the simultaneous buying and selling of securities, currency, or commodities in different markets or in derivative forms in order to take advantage of differing prices for the same asset.

In other words, making money out of thin air. The arbitrager isn't manufacturing a product or adding value... it's simply buying cheap and reselling it to someone else at a higher price. "Clean" Line is now marketing its transmission line as an "arbitrage opportunity."

Arbitrage opportunities exist between RTOs that are connected through P&E even when including additional transmission service

Utilizing unused capacity to take advantage of these arbitrage opportunities create additional value to the owner of the transmission capacity

Market power arbitrage could yield up to **\$60 million a year**, assuming perfect execution on unused capacity up to 1000 MW of OK-TN service and 500 MW of OK-AR service over the entire project

Positive market power price differentials are valuable when delivering SPP power to PJM or MISO, whichever is higher priced, including non-firm transmission costs and losses, and negative differentials are valuable when delivering PJM or MISO power, whichever is lower priced, to SPP including non-firm transmission costs and losses

<http://www.stoppathwv.com/stoppath-wv-blog/archives/11-2016>

NEED

Well, GBE's been told no once why are they back again? My opinion is Grain Belt Express along with Clean Line's other planned lines across the U.S. is old technology and is basically a land grab. Really, four very long power lines looking like stitches across the virtually unscathed heart of the United States? Plains and Eastern, Rock Island, Centennial West and GBE? Although electricity needs are evaluated individually in each state, I would like the Commission to scrutinize Clean Lines overall engineering capabilities and effectiveness wherein they are applying with various states to put these multiple lines across the center areas of the United States hoping to facilitate electricity generation.

Advanced countries such as Canada and Europe are in general advocating burying their lines. Canada benefits, costs, and examples of buried HV Lines see the RETA site.

<https://retasite.wordpress.com/burying-high-voltage-lines/>

September 24, 2016 In an article titled "Reimagining the Grid" The Danish country's transmission system operator, [Energinet.dk](http://energinet.dk) was required to replace some sections of the existing 400-kV overhead lines with underground cables within 10 years and then some parts of the project in 2020.

<http://tdworld.com/transmission/reimagining-grid?page=1>

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Geotherm was incorporated in 1978 and since it's formation, it's president Deepak Parmar has worked solely on underground and submarine power cable projects.

<http://tdworld.com/underground-tampd/underground-cables-need-proper-burial>

Even the USA is burying more lines.

October 25, 2007 Transmission and Distribution World stated that the Neptune Underwater HVDC Project between Long Island and New Jersey is the largest underwater HVDC (High Voltage Direct Current) system in the United States crossing 65 miles underground and undersea.

<http://tdworld.com/projects-progress/neptune-underwater-hvdc-project-saves-lipa-20-million>

Daily News, November 10, 2014, Francesca Infante says the UK is tearing out pylons at £7 Million each. National Grid had originally recommended spending £1.1 billion on removing pylons but Ofgem, the energy watchdog, cut the budget to £500 million.

<http://www.dailymail.co.uk/news/article-2829463/Eyesore-pylons-ruining-countryside-taken-costing-7m-each.html>

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Why is GBE refiling if they haven't obtained an interconnection agreement? Even paid for an expensive interconnection study from MISO? Look at the time and effort spent by everyone in this room fighting this refiling and the first denied application. Why hasn't GBE completed all their assignments from the MO PSC given clear back in February of 2015 before refiling?

My understanding is MISO provides safe, reliable, equal and non-discriminatory access to the electric transmission system for generator interconnection projects. To me this means they want to interconnect generators. How can they assess the dynamics of the generating facility if it isn't there. How can they connect to a designated "Clean Line" when transmission has to be non-discriminatory to all generators. They require identified and associated generators to apply.

Consumer contracts for transmission capacity are not contracts for energy. Any energy must be purchased separately. Tax credits are phasing out and may not be as available the next five years and perhaps following years with the new administrations. Here is lots of speculation and uncertainty. If the taxpayer subsidized wind facilities aren't built and maintained with installation, production tax credits, capacity credits, and so on, there is less need for GBE's line, right? Existing facilities would be more expensive to run.

QUALIFICATIONS

Is it a stretch to the imagination to say that just because GBE has a plan to establish an effective construction management organization, that they are now a public utility, owning, controlling,

operating, and managing assets within the State of Missouri? Precedence Illinois Court decision regarding RICL. GBE doesn't generate electricity. They want to offer capacity and consumers would pay the cost for both.

FINANCIAL ABILITY

You hear these days about how the rich hiding their assets, shifting them into a companys in an offshore area, say the Bahamas or Caymans and then into a blind trust paying as little tax as possible to the United States. Avoiding tax may be as simple as conducting business in the US and Europe.

In an article by Steven Syre of the Boston Globe published June 23, 2014 titled National Grid's shifty route to lower tax bills he said "The Massachusetts Department of Revenue called National Grid on the tactics in question years ago and told it to pay at least \$1.6 million (an amount covering a single tax year)." In addition, Syre said, "Here's how it all got started: **National Grid** saw an opportunity that had nothing to do with electricity when it arrived in Massachusetts. As part of its utility acquisition financing, **the company found a way to lend itself money and, along the way, charge itself interest.** This arrangement was invented as a kind of arbitrage, **exploiting differences in the tax codes in the United States and the United Kingdom. As a result, the interest was paid in America and claimed as a tax deduction. The income from the debt payments showed up in the UK in way that was not subject to taxes.**" <https://www.bostonglobe.com/business/2014/06/23/tax-board-sides-with-state-national-grid-dispute/B9XrMh2rn78AW5swr3ugYM/story.html> The submitted link to this article is at PSC. Thank you for submitting your comment. Your comment will be added to the official file as P201702625. Date: 12/12/2016 Time: 1:34:17 PM

PSC Testimony 6/30/2016 According to Mike Skelly, Page 16 GBE is qualified to provide the service because of one of their principal investors National Grid USA. Does anyone have question about the promises of property tax?

Society has the responsibility to alleviate hunger. In the 2040's the world's population is projected to reach 9 Billion. According to the Food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations, there were 793 million undernourished people in the world in 2015 (13% of the total population) *"The State of Food Insecurity in the World 2015". Food and Agricultural Organization of the United Nations. Retrieved 27 December 2015.*

I understand just the GBE planned line would take about 5000 acres of land easements? The four Clean Lines together estimated at 60K acres, compromising income and devaluing lands. In 2003 Lester Brown with the Earth Policy Institute stated The most serious consequence of climate change that's staring us in the face: a collapse of food production on a global scale. "The U.S. controls almost half of the World grain exports. The 16 warmest years since record -keeping began in 1880 all occurred from 1980 onwards, the three warmest years were 1998, 2001 and 2003. Crops are facing heat stresses that are without precedent. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Economy_of_the_United_States#Composition_of_economic_sectors "The Food Bubble Economy". 2003, by **Lester Brown**, Earth Policy Institute, The Institute of Science in Society.

Per Wikipedia in 2012, 50 million Americans struggled with Food Insecurity. In 2013 Child Poverty reach record highs of 16.7 living in Food Insecure homes. GBE destruction of 1000 to 2000 acres of woodlands would affect deer and wildlife populations, a source of protein to feed families. Northwest Missouri and Kansas are part of the US Central Flyway for migrating birds.

PSC Testimony 6/30/2016 Mike Skelly Page 14 Line 21 The company assumes all financial risk for building and operating the transmission line. We've have MidWestern pride out here. Agriculture is the number one economic driver in Missouri. The farmers are here and they invested first. We don't want our land wealth distributed to Clean Line by legislation. Our farmers work their jobs no matter how extreme the weather. This year there were 30 Heat Index days in Missouri, enough to make many weary, yet our farmers, attorneys, concerned citizens are here, persistently opposing GBE with arguments of reason and knowledge.

Clean Line, we want to use the electric generation and capacity we already have locally. Yet, it appears the superficial contradictions continue in a giant spin? Where is the need for a transmission line to the East if Hydro-Quebec, Canada is the largest hydroelectric producer in the world and most of the United States Nuclear Power is located in the Eastern half of the United States? ..East of the Mississippi River. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Nuclear_power_in_the_United_States

Clean Line wants to transmit through Illinois, the number one Nuclear State in capacity in the U.S? ..followed by Pennsylvania. Exelon, the utility with the highest amount of nuclear power capacity operates 17 reactors located in Illinois, Pennsylvania, and New Jersey. It is expected that five new reactors will come on line by 2021. <http://www.eia.gov/todayinenergy/detail.php?id=23592>

I've heard the economic argument, if Clean Line's transmission plan doesn't work out, clean line is just out their investment. No, it appears Clean Line would have a continual land easement worth much more collectively than by each individually priced parcel. Their planned HVDC parallels a natural gas pipeline just north of the 116, the Trans Canadian Keystone High Pressure petroleum Pipeline. What about the pipeline company. Has anyone asked about the effect of HVDC transmissions on pipeline cathodic protection systems? On November 29, this year 100 feet of flames billowed into the sky fed on a ethane/propane mix North of the Kansas City Airport in Platt County from a ruptured pipeline. Do you know Missourians start their wood burning stoves with corn husks? If this had happened in another location, the country could have been in flames.

If we are asking about interference with telecommunication systems, there is a Horvath, Verizon cell tower on State Route T, 2 or 3 miles north of HWY 116. This area already has a power line. Transource Energy is building a 175-mile-long power transmission line between Nebraska City and Sibley, Mo. for Southwest Power Pool, a regional transmission group formed by the federal government. This line crosses polo to the South West. <http://journalstar.com/business/local/new--mile-power-line>

PUBLIC INTEREST

PSC Testimony 6/30/2016 Mike Skelly, when you said from your Texas zip code that the environmental benefits are in the public interest of all Missourians, namely clean air, surely you weren't talking about the diminished economic and asthetic values affecting farmers who live and work here in these surroundings right here in Missouri. Live trees produce oxygen, this is about as clean as it gets before deforestation.

PSC Testimony 6/30/2016 Mike Skelly page 7 Line 13, the environmental benefits are in the public interest of all Missourians

We are of the opinion we live in an area of outstanding beauty. Ralph Waldo Emerson said "Earth laughs in flowers." I personally don't know anyone who would Jump on their Harley made right here

in the Central U.S., possibly right here in Kansas City, to see what scenic concerns GBE would implement in Missouri....Ohhh!... look at the huge towering Pylons and overhead HVDC Transmission Lines marring and destroying our scenic landscape. Is the sporadic wind even blowing now in Kansas?

ECONOMIC FEASIBILITY

“Civilization exists by geological consent, subject to change without notice. ”

--- Will Durant

According to the Department of Energy in an article dated Nov 20, 2014, Severe weather is the number one cause of power outages in the United States, costing the economy between \$18 and \$33 billion every year in lost output and wages, spoiled inventory, delayed production and damage to grid infrastructure.

The number of outages caused by severe weather is expected to rise as climate change increases the frequency and intensity of extreme weather events.

My question is What is the vulnerability and risk assessed on 750 miles of continuous overhead line? Here in Missouri we had the deadly Joplin tornado in 2011. . .very devastating, destroyed about a third of the city. What devastation will occur if this line were to come down in our tornado corridor “alley”.

The DOE article continues: Microgrids, which are localized grids that are normally connected to the more traditional electric grid but can disconnect to operate autonomously, are another way in which the reliability and resiliency of the grid can be improved.

Microgrids use advanced smart grid technologies and the integration of distributed energy resources such as backup generators, solar panels and storage. Because they can operate independently of the grid during outages, microgrids are typically used to provide reliable power during extreme weather events.

<http://energy.gov/articles/top-9-things-you-didnt-know-about-americas-power-grid>

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Grain Belt's Illinois non-utility use of an expedited process is in appeal in the 5th district, Missouri already said No..once. Two of the four wheels are out.

The current status could be likened into these investors wanting to facilitate the building and operation of a very fancy and expensive carriage with 2 wheels, (while 1 wheel in Kansas and 1 in Indiana) without enough pulling horses in place and wanting to get to destinations without reservations.

HHMMM!

The hard-working farmers I know just want to produce food, enjoy their land and views, nurture their cows, goats, dogs, cats, ...guinea hens ...without impairment, without suffering, without exploitation. We want to strengthen those relationships we have developed which are based on kindness, courage, fair dealing and diligence.

Bureau County Republican - Published by the Bureau County Republican

Court of Appeals sides with Farm Bureau in RICL case

Published: Wednesday, Aug. 17, 2016 2:42 p.m. CST

BLOOMINGTON — The Third District Court of Appeals in Ottawa this week sided with Illinois Farm Bureau (IFB) and others in a decision against Rock Island Clean Line (RICL) in the company's bid to build a 500-mile, high-voltage transmission line across Northern Illinois.

The proposed project, which would move wind power from Iowa to Grundy County, was the first merchant-owned electric transmission line in Illinois.

"The Rock Island Clean Line case was the first case where the Illinois Farm Bureau intervened and actually opposed a project," said Laura Harmon, senior counsel for IFB. "And the court agreed with our argument that Rock Island Clean Line did not meet the definition of a public utility."

The court reversed the Illinois Commerce Commission's (ICC) 2012 decision to allow Clean Line Energy Partners to construct, operate and maintain the electric transmission line because the company "has not attained public utility status within the meaning of the Public Utilities Act," according to the court's opinion.

"Not only are they not a public utility, they're not devoting their assets to public use," Harmon said. "The law requires that they offer these services in a non-discriminatory manner, and this project doesn't designate any part of its use for Illinois."

According to Harmon, the decision could help IFB's case against Clean Line Energy Partners' Grain Belt Express, a proposed 780-mile transmission line across South Central Illinois, which is still pending in the Fifth District Court of Appeals.

Clean Line Energy Partners can request the appeals court reconsider its decision, or appeal the decision to the Illinois Supreme Court, Harmon said.

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The Future is Here: HVDC Light Underground Technology

September 18, 2011 by [nmp_girl](#)

Listen up Northern Pass. We are becoming very informed on this technology. The cries of “ten times the expense” to bury the line are entirely based on antiquated technology. HVDC Light line burial is approximately two times the cost. The advantages to this in terms of PSNH and Hydro Quebec are as follows:

1. **More electricity to sell:** Yes, because above ground lines lose 5-7% of the electricity as it flows down the lines. Would anyone like to put a dollar amount on that figure? Many, many millions of dollars could go to the electric companies rather than being wasted.
2. **50-80% Less outages:** That’s right. Would anyone like to put a dollar amount on that one? Perhaps hundreds of millions of dollars over a 40 year agreement.
3. **Less Vulnerable to terrorism:** Self-explanatory.
4. **Less lawsuits from devastated and displaced home owners:** This one is so easy, one wonders where the moral conscience lies in the electric companies?
5. **Win win situation:** Although this project is not needed, or wanted in any way—should we be forced to be an extension cord to this foreign power because the state allows it—burying the line mitigates a huge amount of impact and gives PSNH the opportunity to become socially and morally responsible for the impact in the state of NH.

Here are a few distinct advantages to the human population who must live on or near the line:

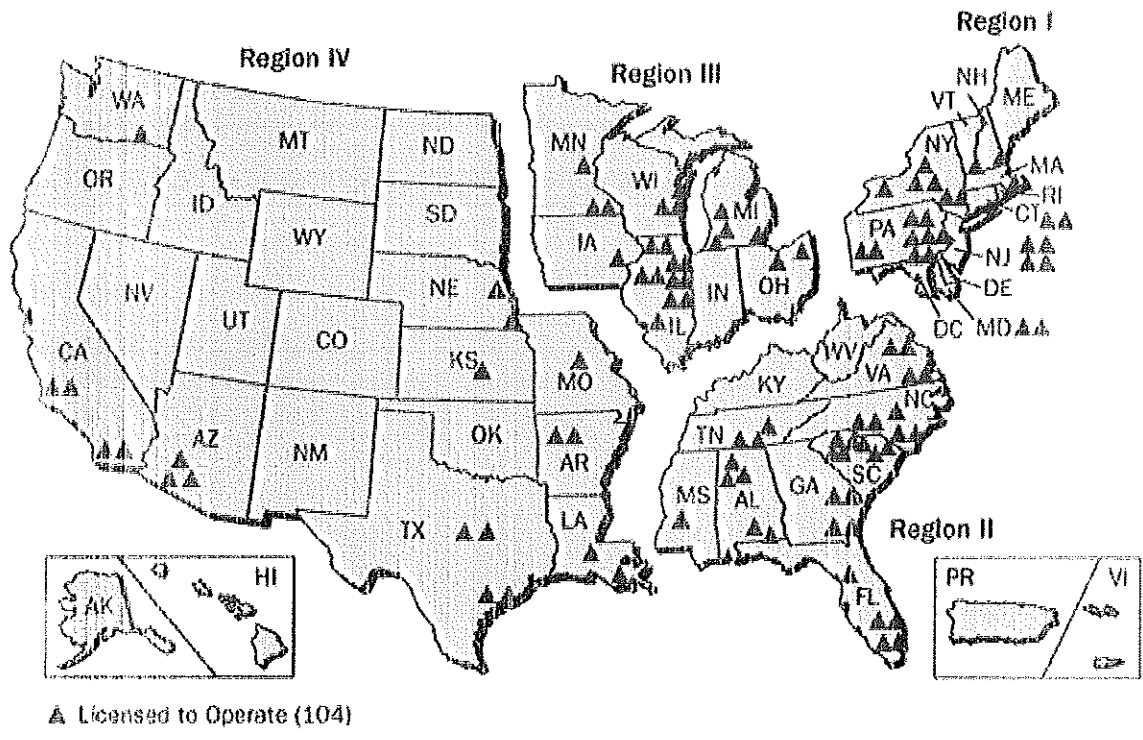
1. **Virtually no EMF radiation:** This is a huge issue for families with children or the many schools that are seated too close to the line. Childhood Leukemia is well documented and studied. The many other ailments that can be attributed to EMF radiation are too lengthy to list. This virtually eliminates this issue. What company with a conscience would not want to be socially responsible?
2. **No visual blight:** Our tourist industry, real estate values, and treasured scenery would not be threatened. Again, what company would not want to be socially responsible? A swath of towers versus a swath that resembles a bike path.
3. **No devaluation of real estate leading to tax abatements:** This is based on the 2nd advantage and worthy to mention in it’s own category. This means that the tax base in the towns remains unharmed because the real estate will not be devalued from the Northern Pass project. The tax relief from having the line would then raise the tax base in the town and increase the town budget.

In considering line burial versus overhead lines, the answers obvious: bury the line. Where would it be best to bury the line is a fair question. The best answer might just be along existing highways where the land is already softened as opposed to along the current PSNH ROWs. Look for a fight to the end on this one. PSNH is poised to make a cool \$60 million dollars a year in rent along that ROW. Moving the line to the highways would shift the rent from PSNH to the state. Wouldn’t it be nice to have a little more money in our state budget?

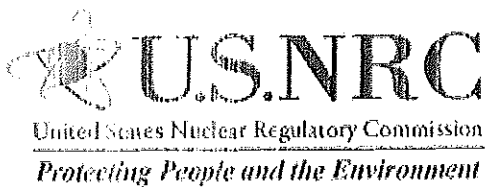
When we create more awareness, we open the door to better solutions. My first choice is to prevent this project altogether. Allowing a foreign power source into our area is asking for trouble on many levels. I do not advocate the building of this line. However, if we are forced, let’s make it work somehow. Please look over the PDF on HVDC Light Burial Technology and become educated on our options.

<http://www.nonorthernpass.org/nh/wp-content/uploads/2011/09/HVDC-UNDERGROUND-LIGHT-PP.pdf>

Nuclear Power in the United States



https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/2/2d/NRC_regions_and_plant_locations_2008.jpg

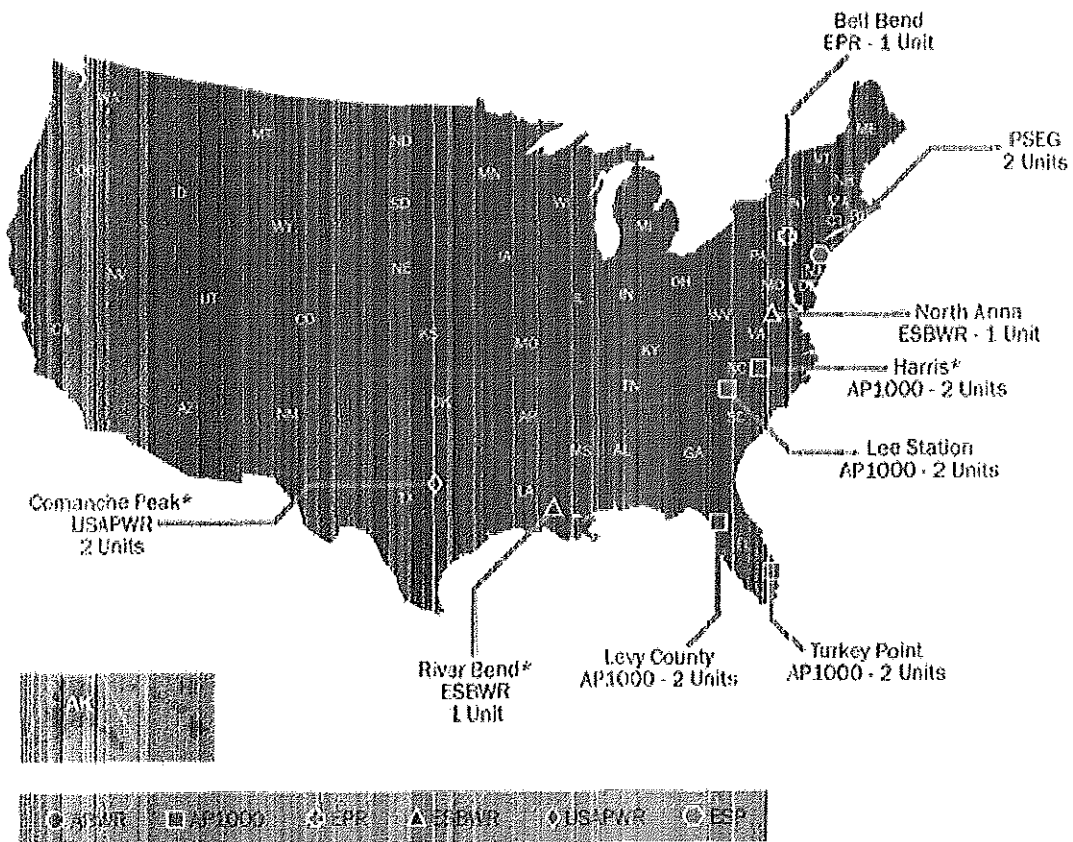


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Location of Projected New Nuclear Power Reactors

For applications that have been received by the NRC, you may select a site name to view the NRC's website for the specific COL application. Websites for the remainder of the applications will be created when they are received.

New Reactor Applications Under Review—Large LWRs[†]



*Review Suspended by Applicant

[†]Large LWRs—Large Light-Water Reactors, generally on the order of 1000 MW(e) or more

as of April 1, 2016

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Page Last Reviewed/Updated Tuesday, April 26, 2016

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Breaking: Watch: Obama speaks about terrorism

Read my tax returns and bills

By Steven Syre | GLOBE STAFF JUNE 24, 2014

Read my tax returns and you will see I lead a pretty uneventful life. I can't tell you how I've disappointed my accountant.

But I recently experienced a kind of Walter Mitty moment when I looked over the details of another set of tax claims from an unlikely source: my electric utility.

What if I tried to pull off the kinds of things National Grid actually did about a decade ago? For starters, I could concoct big international projects with clever names and aggressive financial tactics. I could set up paper companies that didn't really do any business, or employ any people, for that matter. I could move big money and securities between those entities around the world. The entire point would be to avoid paying lots of taxes.

I must say it sounds intriguing, but perhaps not entirely, ah, legit. In fact, the state Appellate Tax Board recently decided the whole business wasn't kosher and ordered National Grid to pay up.

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The actions behind this case took place after National Grid, a British company, moved to America more than 15 years ago via the acquisition of two Massachusetts utilities — New England Electric Systems and Eastern Utilities Associates — in quick succession.

The Massachusetts Department of Revenue called National Grid on the tactics in question years ago and told it to pay at least \$1.6 million (an amount covering a single tax year). The company appealed, and a tax board opinion was just recently released. If the wheels of justice turn slowly, the pace to tax adjudication is positively glacial.

disappointed and is "continuing to consider its options." He said that National Grid has paid the assessments but isn't happy about it. The company could go to court to challenge the opinion.

Here's how it all got started: National

Grid saw an opportunity that had nothing to do with electricity when it arrived in Massachusetts. As part of its utility acquisition financing, the company found a way to lend itself money and, along the way, charge itself interest.

This arrangement was invented as a kind of arbitrage, exploiting differences in the tax codes in the United States and the United Kingdom. As a result, the interest was paid in America and claimed as a tax deduction. The income from the debt payments showed up in the UK in way that was not subject to taxes.

Nobody can make more than a million dollars of taxable income simply disappear somewhere over the Atlantic without a lot of fancy maneuvering. So National Grid launched Project Mayflower. (Yes, that's really what a British company arriving on America's shores in Massachusetts named its plan to avoid taxes.)

Project Mayflower required 33 different steps, according to the tax appellate board's 64-page decision in the case. Money and debt securities moved around between National Grid entities and eventually --- poof! --- tax magic.

"The transactions, which National Grid's tax advisors designed, relied on the use of . . . arrangements that in form operated solely to reduce National Grid's worldwide tax liability," the state board wrote.

National Grid wasn't the only company exploiting the differences between US and British tax laws. But the federal Treasury Department decided to close the loophole with new regulations a few years after National Grid arrived in America.

So what did the utility company do in response? It came up with a new plan to dodge the fix. Project Spam (insert your own joke here) was even more complex, requiring 47 steps. There were other National Grid strategies aiming for similar results after that.

Eventually, these projects ran into trouble during a state tax audit, a conflict that prompted this very long legal challenge. The tax board finally sided with the state revenue commissioner because it decided National Grid's internal arrangements were not "true indebtedness." Trust me, the details will





rates all the time. Last week, the American medical device giant Medtronic Inc. agreed to buy Covidien Ltd., a company run from Mansfield but technically headquartered in Ireland.

Now it plans to move the whole merged operation — legally, at least — to Ireland in search of lower overall taxes.

Today's international business tax strategies make National Grid's old plans sound like a bit of corporate Americana. After all, they came over on the Mayflower.

Steven Syre is a Globe columnist. He can be reached at syre@globe.com.

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CLEAN LINE INVESTMENT LLC

Texas Limited-Liability Company • Updated 11/16/2015

Nextday California LLC or Corp

State formation confirmation docs emailed next afternoon, CA address available

samedaycorp.com

Clean Line Investment LLC is a Texas Limited-Liability Company filed on December 15, 2009 . The company's filing status is listed as Forfeited and its File Number is 0801205643.

The Registered Agent on file for this company is C T Corporation System and is located at 1999 Bryan St., Ste. 900, Dallas, TX 75201. The company's principal address is 1001 Mckinney St Ste 700, Houston, TX 77002-6448.

The company has 1 principal on record. The principal is Zam Ventures L.P. from New York NY.

Company Information

Company Name: CLEAN LINE INVESTMENT LLC

File Number: 0801205643


Filing State: Texas (TX)


Domestic State: Delaware (DE)

Filing Status: Forfeited

Filing Date: December 15, 2009

Company Age: 7 Years

Registered Agent:  C T Corporation System
1999 Bryan St., Ste. 900
Dallas, TX 75201


Principal Address:  1001 Mckinney St Ste 700
Houston, TX 77002-6448

Nextday California LLC or Corp

State formation confirmation docs emailed next afternoon, CA address available

samedaycorp.com

Company Contacts

ZAM VENTURES L.P.
 Manager
 350 Park Avenue, 4th Floor
New York, NY 10022

Today's Mortgage Rates	30-Year Fixed	3.63%	3.63% APR
3.45% APR	15-Year Fixed	2.88%	2.88% APR
ARM	5/1 ARM	2.63%	3.45% APR

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CLEAN LINE INVESTMENT LLC


Delaware Limited-Liability Company (Llc) • Updated 4/17/2014

 [Clean Line Investment LLC](#) is a Delaware Limited-Liability Company (Llc) filed on November 5, 2009 . The company's File Number is listed as [4750170](#).

The Registered Agent on file for this company is The Corporation Trust Company and is located at Corporation Trust Center 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, DE 19801.

Basic Information

Company Information

Company Name: [CLEAN LINE INVESTMENT LLC](#)
File Number: [4750170](#)
Filing State: Delaware (DE)
Filing Status: Unknown
Filing Date: November 5, 2009
Company Age: 7 Years, 1 Month
Registered Agent:  [The Corporation Trust Company Corporation Trust Center 1209 Orange Street Wilmington, DE 19801](#)

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Company Contacts

This company has not listed any contacts yet.

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CLEAN LINE ENERGY PARTNERS LLC
Delaware Limited-Liability Company • Updated 7/6/2016

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Clean Line Energy Partners LLC is a Delaware Limited-Liability Company filed on April 21, 2009 . The company's File Number is listed as 4679068.

The Registered Agent on file for this company is The Corporation Trust Company and is located at Corporation Trust Center 1209 Orange St, Wilmington, DE 19801.

Company Information

Company Name: CLEAN LINE ENERGY PARTNERS LLC
File Number: 4679068
Filing State: Delaware (DE)
Filing Status: Unknown
Filing Date: April 21, 2009
Company Age: 7 Years, 8 Months
Registered Agent:  The Corporation Trust Company Corporation Trust Center 1209 Orange St Wilmington, DE 19801

		
\$412.50	\$695.00	\$295.00
		
\$431.25	\$29.62	\$17.99

Marv's

Company Contacts

This company has not listed any contacts yet.

Public Records:  Status: Active

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Relevance Score	Company Name	Entity Type	Registered Agent	Filing Date	Filing Status	Address Locations
5.6	 Grain Belt Express Clean Line LLC	Delaware Limited-Liability Company (Llc)	The Corporation Trust Company	09/14/2010	Unknown	Wilmington, DE
5.6	 Grain Belt Express Clean Line LLC	Illinois Llc	C T Corporation System	12/14/2011	Active	Chicago, IL and Houston, TX
5.6	 Grain Belt Express Clean Line LLC	Kansas Foreign Ltd Liability Company	The Corporation Company, Inc.	09/20/2010	Active And In Good Standing	Houston, TX and Topeka, KS
5.6	 Grain Belt Express Clean Line LLC	Texas Limited-Liability Company	Not On File		Active	Houston, TX
5.6	 Grain Belt Express Clean Line LLC	Missouri Limited-Liability Company	C T Corporation System	09/20/2010	Active	Clayton, MO
5.6	 Grain Belt Express Clean Line LLC	Indiana Domestic Limited-Liability Company (Llc)	Ct Corporation System	10/19/2012	Active	Houston, TX and Indianapolis, IN



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