

Exhibit No.:  
Issue(s): Transmission  
Interconnection  
Distribution Reliability  
Witness: James L. Ketter  
Type of Exhibit: Rebuttal  
Sponsoring Party: MoPSC Staff  
Case No.: EM-2000-292

**ON BEHALF OF THE**  
**MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**  
**UTILITY OPERATIONS DIVISION**

**REBUTTAL TESTIMONY**

**OF**

**JAMES L. KETTER**

**UTILICORP UNITED INC. AND**  
**ST. JOSEPH LIGHT & POWER COMPANY**

**CASE NO. EM-2000-292**

**FILED**

**MAY 2 2000**

**Missouri Public  
Service Commission**

**Jefferson City, Missouri**

**May, 2000**



Rebuttal Testimony of  
James L. Ketter

1 of Professional Engineers and I am a member of the Jefferson City Chapter of the  
2 Missouri Society of Professional Engineers.

3 Q. Have you reviewed the Application and the testimony filed in Case  
4 No. EM-2000-292?

5 A. Yes, I have.

6 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony in this case?

7 A. Concerning this application from UtiliCorp United Inc. (UtiliCorp) to  
8 merge its electric operations with St. Joseph Light & Power Company (SJLP), the purpose  
9 of my testimony is to discuss issues involving the interconnection of transmission facilities  
10 and the reliability of the distribution system for a combined company.

11 UtiliCorp and SJLP presently have no direct connection of their  
12 transmission facilities. UtiliCorp witness Richard C. Kruel outlines in his direct testimony  
13 alternatives studied to provide a direct connection for the proposed merger. I will address  
14 the alternative assumed by the Staff in evaluating the total merger costs. I will also address  
15 retention of reliability indices and electric service reliability to customers under the  
16 proposed merger so that the merger is not detrimental to the public interest.

17  
18 **TRANSMISSION LINE INTERCONNECTION**

19 Q. Have you reviewed the direct testimony of Mr. Kruel and the  
20 proposed transmission interconnection alternatives?

21 A. Yes, I have.

22 Q. Please summarize your conclusions concerning the proposed  
23 alternatives for direct interconnection of the two electric utilities.

Rebuttal Testimony of  
James L. Ketter

1           A. The present configuration of the transmission systems of UtiliCorp  
2 and SJLP does not include a direct connection between the two systems. Interconnection  
3 alternatives studied as part of the proposed merger include alternatives that involve Kansas  
4 City Power & Light Company (KCPL), either by purchase, lease or paralleling existing  
5 transmission facilities.

6           Regarding alternatives that involve an interconnection between UtiliCorp  
7 and SJLP with direct participation from KCPL, KCPL is not interested in the sale of the  
8 needed transmission facilities, nor has a lease of the needed facilities been completed. To  
9 date, the least cost option that will accomplish the physical interconnection involves  
10 construction of new transmission line by UtiliCorp.

11           Mr. Kruel identified in his Direct Testimony an alternative that would  
12 provide a direct connection between the systems (Option 2-B) as one of the preferred  
13 options. This option involves construction of a new 161 kV transmission line from the  
14 SJLP Lake Road Substation to the Nashua Substation where Missouri Public Service  
15 (MPS), an operating division of UtiliCorp, has transmission facilities. Proposed  
16 construction would parallel a KCPL line.

17           The estimated cost of this option is \$7.9 million, which includes the cost of  
18 facilities in substations at each end of the line in addition to a new 161 kV transmission  
19 line. This is currently the least cost option for a physical link between the two utilities.  
20 The Staff has used this cost in evaluating total merger costs.

21           Q. What problems does this alternative raise when new transmission line  
22 construction is anticipated?

Rebuttal Testimony of  
James L. Ketter

1           A. New transmission line construction can be difficult to predict from the  
2 perspective of the time and cost required to complete. The proposed option is parallel to  
3 an existing transmission line, which should be a benefit. Acquiring additional right-of-way  
4 next to the existing KCPL line could help minimize the width of easement necessary to  
5 build a new line. The costs for right-of-way and possible condemnation costs are  
6 unknown. This uncertainty makes quantification of the cost more difficult, if in fact a new  
7 transmission line is needed to provide a connection between the merged systems.

8           Q. Mr. Krue identified other options for electric system interconnection  
9 that did not require new construction. How did you evaluate these alternatives?

10          A. One option is for UtiliCorp to purchase firm transmission capacity  
11 from KCPL to transfer power between the present UtiliCorp system and the present SJLP  
12 system. A question arises whether this firm capacity will be available over an extended  
13 period. A further deterrent is that the cost to purchase firm capacity over an extended  
14 period is estimated to be \$11.3 million, which is higher than the estimated \$7.9 million for  
15 the least cost option.

16          Another option is to participate in a regional transmission organization.  
17 The Midwest Independent System Operator (ISO) or the Southwest Power Pool (SPP)  
18 Regional Transmission Organization (RTO) provide opportunities for the merged entity to  
19 integrate the separate systems through the purchase of network transmission service.

20          The SPP offers Network Service through a Federal Energy Regulatory  
21 Commission (FERC) approved regional tariff. UtiliCorp has indicated that it has requested  
22 an impact study from the SPP for participation on this tariff. These regional transmission  
23 system options may provide the least cost for integration of a merged UtiliCorp and SJLP

1 system, but the long-term costs to participate in these alternatives are speculative at this  
2 time.

3           Participation in an ISO or RTO is designed to allow members of these  
4 organizations to move power through the transmission system by a tariffed rate and under  
5 the control of a system administrator. Protocol is established to take action if overloading  
6 occurs on the transmission lines. Impact studies are used to determine whether the  
7 transmission organization such as an ISO or a RTO can provide transmission service  
8 between UtiliCorp and SJLP without the need of building new transmission lines. Since  
9 the SPP impact studies have not been completed at this time, the Staff will utilize the least  
10 cost alternative that provides a physical connection in estimating the total merger costs.

11           Q. If you assume that the transmission interconnection can be  
12 accomplished by one of these options, what other cost is involved in merging the two  
13 transmission systems?

14           A. Control of the merged transmission system from MPS' Lee's Summit  
15 dispatch center will require routing of the SJLP Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition  
16 (SCADA) system inputs to Lee's Summit. This will be accomplished by routing  
17 communication lines from the SJLP dispatch center to Lee's Summit so that data and  
18 remote operation of equipment can be accessed from Lee's Summit. This is a transition  
19 cost, estimated at \$1 million, that is required to merge the service areas and dispatch from  
20 Lee's Summit. The Staff has also used the \$1 million estimated cost in estimating the total  
21 merger costs.

22

**DISTRIBUTION RELIABILITY**

Q. Are you involved with response to customer inquiries concerning the reliability of electric service?

A. Yes, as a member of the Electric Department Engineering Staff, I respond to inquiries that are referred from the Commission's Consumer Services Department or from direct contact with the public.

Q. Will other Staff witnesses address quality of service issues?

A. Yes, Staff witness J. Kay Niemeier will submit testimony concerning service indicators for the Customer Call Center and Staff witness Deborah Anne Bernsen will submit testimony concerning quality of service issues.

Q. UtiliCorp witness Stephen L. Pella addresses the implementation plan for a merged operation of the UtiliCorp and SJLP systems. What improvements in provision of reliable service does UtiliCorp potentially offer?

A. A computer-aided dispatching system utilized by UtiliCorp allows service technicians to work remotely by providing information to the service truck. Communication between the Customer Call Center and the truck would update and provide better information to the workers which would speed response to customers needs. This technology is a great tool in providing efficient response to outages and in response to customer needs. Implementation of this technology in the SJLP service area is subject to further analysis to determine the feasibility of utilizing this computer-aided dispatch in the SJLP service area.

Communication across the SJLP territory is necessary to operate this system of a direct link to the service truck. The feasibility of expanding this system into the SJLP

Rebuttal Testimony of  
James L. Ketter

1 service area has not been established. UtiliCorp indicates that if the analysis is positive,  
2 the current timetable to expand computer-aided dispatch to the SJLP area is the third  
3 quarter of 2001. Offering this technology to the SJLP area could have a positive benefit to  
4 SJLP customers, if it can be economically implemented.

5 Q. If the UtiliCorp and the SJLP systems are merged, how can reliability  
6 be monitored?

7 A. Reliability measures that are currently maintained by UtiliCorp  
8 include a System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI), a System Average  
9 Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI) and a Customer Average Interruption Duration Index  
10 (CAIDI). These indices provide information from UtiliCorp districts and system-wide  
11 averages that can track the overall performance of the delivery of electric service. These  
12 same indices are maintained by SJLP to track service interruptions.

13 Use of these indices on a total company basis may not reveal the existence  
14 of local areas that experience unusual service interruptions, which are usually brought  
15 forward by customer complaints to the utility or to the Commission's Consumer Services  
16 Department. Resolution of individual or isolated problems will continue to be addressed  
17 by utility action, recognizing the need for system improvements, or complaints from  
18 customers.

19 These indices (SAIFI, SAIDI and CAIDI) will provide a benchmark to  
20 monitor how the system average provision of electric service is being maintained if the  
21 utilities are merged. This is an important issue for customers, regardless of the electric  
22 supplier, and will be an important issue as the electric industry struggles to move toward a  
23 competitive market.

Rebuttal Testimony of  
James L. Ketter

Below is a tabulation of the SAIFI, SAIDI and CAIDI results for UtiliCorp-Missouri Public Service division and SJLP. These numbers reflect the actual outages and number of customers, without any changes for unusual weather occurrences.

UTILICORP – MPS

	1997	1998	1999	3 YR AVE
SAIFI	0.982974	1.295023	0.921684	1.0666
SAIDI	1.317071	3.815329	1.147427	2.0933
CAIDI	1.339878	2.946142	1.244919	1.8436

SJLP

	1997	1998	1999	3 YR AVE
SAIFI	2.30	2.53	0.92	1.9167
SAIDI	0.53	0.65	0.25	0.4767
CAIDI	0.23	0.26	0.27	0.2533

The SAIFI index (number of occurrences) reflects the average frequency that customer's experience on electric outage and is defined as the total number of customers interrupted divided by the total number of customers. The SAIDI index (hours) reflects the average interruption duration and is defined as the sum of all customer interruption duration divided by the total number of customers. The CAIDI index (hours) reflects the average interruption duration and is defined as the sum of all customer interruption duration divided by the total number of customers interrupted.

These reliability indices show overall system performance as an average of the total customers, the system average duration and the customer average duration. These measures can help in accessing the performance of the utility in providing reliable electric service. The indices will help define the quality of service provided and bring attention to any positive or negative impact that a merger of utility systems might bring.

Rebuttal Testimony of  
James L. Ketter

1                   Q.   What is your recommendation concerning the use of the SAIFI,  
2   SAIDI and CAIDI indices to monitor quality of electric service?

3                   A.   My recommendation, should the merger of UtiliCorp and SJLP be  
4   approved, is that UtiliCorp be directed to maintain the SAIFI, SAIDI and CAIDI reliability  
5   measures separately for the MPS and SJLP divisions, and provide this information to the  
6   Staff as outlined in the Rebuttal Testimony of Staff witness Bernsen. The Staff will  
7   monitor this information, as well as the complaints received from customers, to help ensure  
8   that customers continue to receive reliable electric service.

9                   Further, I recommend that a rolling three-year average of the SAIFI, SAIDI  
10   and CAIDI indices be used as the appropriate indicators for distribution reliability of  
11   service after the merger. The process for monitoring these indicators and for MPS and  
12   SJLP to take remedial action in this area, if applicable, is outlined in the rebuttal testimony  
13   of Staff witness Bernsen. The rolling average will include the most current three years of  
14   distribution service experience. These averages should be adjusted, as appropriate, to  
15   eliminate the effects of emergency, catastrophe, natural disaster, extreme adverse weather  
16   conditions, sabotage or work stoppage before any remedial actions are required of MPS or  
17   SJLP.

18                  Q.   Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?

19                  A.   Yes, it does.

