Exhibit No:

Issues:

Witness: Michael D. Silver

Type of Exhibit: Rebuttal Testimony Sponsoring Party: Southwestern Bell

Telephone, L.P., d/b/a

SBC Missouri

Case No: TO-2005-0336

# SOUTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE, L.P., d/b/a SBC MISSOURI

CASE NO. TO-2005-0336

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

MICHAEL D. SILVER

Chicago, Illinois May 19, 2005

#### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P., d/b/a SBC Missouri's Petition for Compulsory Arbitration of Unresolved Issues for a Successor Agreement to the Missouri 271 Agreement ("M2A")	)	Case No. TO-2005-0336

# AFFIDAVIT OF MICHAEL D. SILVER

STATE OF ILLINOIS

#### COUNTY OF COOK

- I, Michael D. Silver, of lawful age, being duly sworn, depose and state:
- My name is Michael D. Silver. I am presently Associate Director-Wholesale Marketing for Ameritech Services, Inc.
- Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Rebuttal Testimony.
- I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to the questions therein propounded are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Michael D. Silver

Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of May, 2005.

My Commission Expires: 10-04-08

OFFICIAL SEAL
EARLYNE M. BERRY
NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 10-4-2008

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#### I. INTRODUCTION

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- 2 O. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME AND YOUR BUSINESS ADDRESS.
- 3 A. My name is Michael D. Silver. My business address is 350 N. Orleans, Chicago, IL 60654.
- 4 HAVE YOU PREVIOUSLY FILED TESTIMONY IN THIS CAUSE? Q.
- 5 A. Yes. I filed Direct Testimony in this Docket on May 9, 2005.

#### 6 II. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY/PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY

### **Executive Summary**

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> As noted in the Executive Summary filed in my Direct Testimony, the crux of the disputes between SBC Missouri and the CLECs involves whether the ICAs being arbitrated should include terms and conditions for elements other than those required under Section 251. The CLECs continue to insist that SBC Missouri is required to include Section 271 checklist items in the ICA, although nothing in any FCC rules, nor any law, has such a requirement. In fact, as noted by the State Corporation Commission of the State of Kansas in its order in Phase 1 of its arbitrations of successor K2A ICAs, comparable to these proceedings, state commissions have no authority over section 271, and section 271 has no place in a section 252 ICA. My rebuttal testimony will address the points relative to this overarching dispute raised by the CLEC witnesses.

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A second significant issue raised by almost all of the CLECs relates to whether SBC Missouri has any obligation to commingle section 271 checklist items with section 251 UNEs. The CLEC witnesses also raise issues regarding SBC Missouri's general obligations relative to commingling, and I will respond to their testimony as appropriate.

The third primary focus of my rebuttal testimony concerns whether SBC Missouri is required to offer non-251 network elements and facilities at TELRIC-based rates. This is strongly related to the first overarching issue, and I will respond to the CLEC's testimony explaining why such pricing is not required.

#### O. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

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A.

This rebuttal testimony responds to the Direct Testimony filed in this Case by Richard T. Guepe, Daniel P. Rhinehart, John D. Schell, Jr., and James F. Henson on behalf of AT&T Communications of the Southwest, Inc., and T.C.G. Kansas City, Inc. and T.C.G("AT&T"); the Direct Testimony of Rose Mulvany-Henry, John M Ivanuska (GT&C) and (UNE), and Edward J. Cadieux (GT&C) and (UNE) filed on behalf of the CLEC Coalition; the Direct Testimony of Don Price on behalf of MCI Metro; the Direct Testimony of Mr. Kenrick Ledoux on behalf of Navigator Telecommunications, LLC; the direct testimony of James M. Maples filed on behalf of Sprint Communications, L.P.; and the Direct Testimony of Mike Cornelius and Mark Barber on behalf of Charter Fiberlink-Missouri, L.L.C. References to the CLECs collectively will refer to any or all of the CLECs involved in the pending arbitrations generally. Specifically, I respond to the CLEC positions on issues including but not limited to the effect of the Triennial Review Order Remand ("TRRO") on the successor M2A; 2) the inclusion of non-251 network elements in the successor M2A; 3) proposals for transitioning from providing unbundled access to network elements to CLEC access to those network elements on a non-UNE basis; 4) the handling of local circuit switching and its related network elements; and 5) the treatment of conversions from wholesale services to UNEs and combinations of UNEs.

# III. NON-251 NETWORK ELEMENTS

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3		, CLEC Coalition UNE Issues 1 and NIA Issue 1; NAVIGATOR GT&C
4	Issue 1 and UNE Iss	
5	SBC Issue Statemen	
6		network elements that are no longer required to be provided under
7		applicable law, or should the ICA state that SBC Missouri is
8		required to provide only UNEs that it is lawfully obligated to
9		provide under Section $251(c)(3)$ of the Act?
10	ATROTE D' I /T.	OLEO C. PAR. UNE I
11		CLEC Coalition UNE Issue 3:
12	SBC Issue Statemen	0 1
13		elements involving Declassified Elements?
14 15	AT&T Dinah/Ionay	CLEC Coalition UNE Iggue 5b.
		CLEC Coalition UNE Issue 5b:
16	<b>Issue Statement:</b>	May AT&T use the functionality of a UNE "without restriction"?
17 18	AT&T UNE Issue 15	5(3).
19	Issue Statement:	Should SBC Missouri have an obligation to provide UNEs, combinations of
20	issue Statement.	UNEs and commingled arrangements beyond the Act and current FCC
21		rules?
22		Tutes:
23	MCIm UNE Issue 2	
24	Issue Statement:	Which Party's proposed definition of Lawful UNE should be included in
25		the Agreement?
26		
27	<b>Sprint UNE Issue 5</b>	
28	<b>Issue Statement:</b>	Should SBC Missouri be immediately relieved of any obligation to perform
29		any non-included combining functions or other actions under this
30		Agreement upon the effective date of any regulatory, judicial, or legislative
31		action setting forth, eliminating or otherwise delineating or clarifying the
32		extent of an incumbent LEC's combining obligations?
33		

- Q. WHY DOESN'T SBC MISSOURI'S INCLUSION OF THE MODIFIER "SECTION 251(C)(3)" BEFORE THE TERM "UNE" SHORT CIRCUIT THE CHANGE OF LAW PROVISION AGREED TO BY AT&T AND SBC MISSOURI IN SECTION 3 OF THE GT&C APPENDIX? (RHINEHART DIRECT PG. 4, LINES 10-12, LAND DIRECT PAGE 17, LINE 11 THROUGH PAGE 19, LINE 4) [AT&T UNE ISSUE 1; CLEC COALITION UNE ISSUE 1 AND NIA ISSUE 1]
- As I discussed in my direct testimony, SBC Missouri's proposed "Section 251(c)(3) UNE"

  language ensures that there is no dispute or confusion as to SBC Missouri's obligation to

  provide under this ICA only network elements that are required to be "unbundled" under

  section 251(c) of the federal Act. The term "Section 251(c)(3) UNE" is not intended to be

  judgmental or subjective rather, it is a capitalized, defined contract term with a specific

  meaning.
- WHY SHOULDN'T THE ICA REQUIRE SBC MISSOURI AND THE CLECS TO 13 Q. 14 USE THE CHANGE OF LAW PROCESS REFERENCED BY MR. RHINEHART 15 (DIRECT TESTIMONY PAGES 4-5) AND MS. MULVANEY HENRY (DIRECT TESTIMONY PG. 35) IN SITUATIONS WHERE THE FCC OR COURTS 16 17 DETERMINE THAT A NETWORK ELEMENT IS NO LONGER REQUIRED TO 18 BE OFFERED TO CLECS ON AN UNBUNDLED BASIS PURSUANT TO 19 SECTION 251(C)(3)? [AT&T AND CLEC COALITION UNE ISSUE 1, SPRINT UNE 20 ISSUE 5]

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A. CLECs proposed use of a change of law process in a situation where the FCC has clearly determined that a network element is no longer required to be offered as a UNE is an obvious attempt to continue to require SBC Missouri to offer network elements at TELRIC prices for an elongated period, even when that requirement no longer exists as a matter of law. The FCC (or the courts sitting in review) decides whether to declassify a network element, not SBC Missouri. Once that decision has been made, there is no reason to delay the implementation by engaging in a lengthy change in law negotiations process when there is nothing to negotiate. SBC Missouri has numerous ICAs that will be affected by

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SBC Missouri originally had proposed the term "Lawful UNE", however in recognition of the concerns raised by the CLECs with the term "Lawful". SBC Missouri has now offered to change the term to Section 251(c)(3) UNE

such an FCC decision, and it is unreasonable to cause SBC Missouri to continue offering such network elements as UNES while it goes through meaningless "negotiations" with every one of these CLECs, none of which can be reasonably expected to be motivated to promptly deal with the amendment process. SBC Missouri has proposed a reasonable transition plan for these instances, and the Commission should adopt SBC Missouri's proposal, in order to avoid lengthy proceedings like this one aimed at implementing, in part, an FCC order that was released more than 20 months ago.

# Q. IF A CLEC, OR GROUP OF CLECS DISAGREES WITH SBC MISSOURI ABOUT A NETWORK ELEMENT BEING DECLASSIFIED DO CLECS HAVE A MEANS TO CHALLENGE SBC MISSOURI?

- A. Yes. In the first place, SBC Missouri's language makes it clear that it must provide 30 days written notice before the newly declassified network element is to be converted to an alternative arrangement. As it is, based on recent history, it is very likely the FCC would set a specified transition period of its own when it makes the determination to declassify the network element as a UNE. If the FCC does not set a transition period, and if SBC Missouri sends written notice regarding declassification of a particular network element as a UNE, then the CLEC if it disagrees can use the dispute resolution process detailed in the GT&C Appendix to contest SBC Missouri's decision. SBC Missouri will not implement the transition process until the dispute resolution process runs its course.
- Q. IS SBC MISSOURI'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE RELATIVE TO FUTURE
  NETWORK ELEMENT DECLASSIFICATION A CASE OF IT "FORCING
  SPRINT TO ACCEPT SBC MISSOURI'S INTERPRETATION OF AN ORDER
  WHICH HAS YET TO BE ISSUED? (MAPLES DIRECT, PAGE 23, LINES 11-12)
  [SPRINT UNE ISSUE 5]
- A. SBC Missouri's proposed language has nothing to do with anyone interpreting an order.

  The language only applies to situations where either the FCC has made a definitive finding

1	that a networ	rk element is no longer required to be offered on an unbundled basis, or if a
2	judicial body	vacates an FCC determination that a network element must be unbundled.
3	Beyond that,	as I noted above, if Sprint does not believe SBC Missouri has the right to
4	provide writt	en notice that it is discontinuing the provision of a network element as a UNE
5	(which by th	ne way is different than saying it is discontinuing provision of the network
6	element itsel	f), then Sprint can invoke its dispute resolution rights. SBC Missouri is not
7	"forcing" any	ything on any CLEC.
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	AT&T UNE Issue 2 Issue Statement:	(a) How should the Parties reflect the declassification of certain UNEs by the FCC in its TRO, as affirmed by the USTA II decision and TRRO?  (b) Should the Agreement require SBC Missouri to provide UNEs when they are not required under Section 251 of the Act (i.e., when they are arguably required under state law of Section 271)?
15 16 17 18 19 20	AT&T GT&C Issue Issue Statement:	Should the Agreement include obligations under Section 271 of the Act or should it only cover Section 251?
21 22 23 24 25	NAVIGATOR GT& Issue Statement:	&C Issue 2 Should the ICA contain language specifies SBC's obligation to provide only Lawful UNE's even if the word "Lawful" is not always referenced in front of Unbundled Network Elements?
26 27 28 29 30	NAVIGATOR UNI Issue Statement:	E <b>Issue 4</b> Should SBC Missouri be required to provide or allow combinations of UNEs no longer required by applicable federal law?
31 32 33 34	NAVIGATOR UNI Issue Statement:	E Issue 14 Given the TRRO decision, should CLEC be allowed to purchase UNE switching in this ICA?
35 36 37 38 39	CLEC Coalition G'a Issue Statement:	<b>F&amp;C Issue 1</b> Does the Commission have the jurisdiction to arbitrate language which pertains to Section 271 and 272 of the Act and which was not voluntarily negotiated and does not address 251(b) or (c) obligation?

- Q. PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. RHINEHART'S CONTENTION ON PAGE 7, LINES 18 AND 19 THAT "THE USE OF THE TERM "LAWFUL"IS A CLEAR ATTEMPT BY SBC TO LIMIT THE SCOPE OF ITS RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE ICA THAT WILL RESULT FROM THIS CASE." [AT&T UNE ISSUE 2, NAVIGATOR GT&C ISSUE 1 AND 2 AND UNE ISSUES 1, 4 AND 14, CLEC COALITION GT&C ISSUE 1 AND CLEC COALITION UNE ISSUE 1]
- 7 Mr. Rhinehart is exactly right, though he tries to insinuate something foreboding or untold A. 8 about SBC Missouri's desire for certainty. The reason SBC Missouri has proposed the 9 inclusion of the phrase "Lawful UNE" (which SBC Missouri has now offered to change to 10 "Section 251(c)(3) UNE") is to state clearly that SBC Missouri is only required to offer 11 Section 251 UNEs in its ICAs. Other network elements, such as network elements that 12 have been declassified as UNEs or Section 271 checklist items, are not appropriate for 13 Section 251 interconnection agreements such as the one now under consideration by this 14 Commission. CLECs' repeated attempts to expand SBC Missouri's obligations under these ICAs beyond what is required by law and must be rejected. 15
- Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. RHINEHART THAT INCLUSION OF THE PHRASE "LAWFUL UNE", OR IN ITS STEAD, "SECTION 251(C)(3)" UNE WOULD ENABLE SBC MISSOURI TO REFUSE TO COMBINE UNES WITH OTHER ELEMENTS AND SERVICES? (RHINEHART DIRECT PAGE 7, LINES 20 20-22, PAGE 16, LINES 14-16) [AT&T UNE ISSUES 1, 3, AND 5, NAVIGATOR UNE ISSUE 1]
- Neither the term "Lawful UNE" nor "Section 251(c)(3) UNE" impact the issue of the 22 A. 23 commingling or combining of network elements in the manner sought by AT&T and other CLECs. Regardless of these terms, the FCC's rules make it clear that (1) "combining", 24 25 refers to the combining of 251(c)(3) UNEs (and only 251(c)(3) UNEs) with other UNEs 26 and elements possessed by the CLEC, and (2) there is no obligation to "combine" 251(c)(3) 27 UNEs with "elements" generally or with "services". At best, such arrangements might 28 qualify as "commingling", but that's not an infinitely elastic concept that can cover 29 anything named or desired by a CLEC (commingling only encompasses the connecting of

1		251(c)(3) UNEs with facilities and services obtained by the CLEC at wholesale from SBC
2		Missouri). Mr. Rhinehart fails to acknowledge that neither the combining nor the
3		commingling obligations encompass retail services, "elements" generally, or Section 271
4		checklist offerings.
5 6 7 8 9		C Coalition GT&C Issue 1 and AT&T GT&C Issue 1b  Statement: Does the Commission have the jurisdiction to arbitrate language which pertains to Section 271 and 272 of the Act and which was not voluntarily negotiated and does not address 251(b) or (c) obligation?
10 11 12 13 14 15	Q.	DO YOU AGREE WITH MS. MULVANEY HENRY'S DIRECT TESTIMONY ON PAGE 10, LINES 12-15, THAT SBC MISSOURI IS "OBLIGATED TO OFFER THROUGH APPROVED INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENTS EACH OF THE NETWORK ELEMENTS LISTED IN THE COMPETITIVE CHECKLIST, EVEN WHERE THE FCC HAS FOUND NON-IMPAIRMENT UNDER SECTION 251"? [CLEC COALITION GT&C APPENDIX ISSUE 1]
16	A.	No I don't. Section 271 requirements and all related enforcement are under the jurisdiction
17		of the FCC, not the Missouri Commission. The ICAs being arbitrated in this proceeding are
18		based on the requirements of Section 252, which I believe is borne out by the passage of
19		the TRRO cited by Ms. Mulvaney Henry on page 17 of her testimony. Section 252 pertains
20		to Section 251 not to Section 271 requirements. There is no justification for inclusion of
21		any Section 271 requirements in these ICAs. This topic will be covered in more detail in
22		SBC Missouri's brief in this proceeding.
23 24 25	Q.	IS THERE ANY BASIS TO MR. GUEPE'S CONTENTION THAT SBC MISSOURI INTENDS TO IGNORE ITS SECTION 271 OBLIGATIONS? (GUEPE DIRECT PAGE 3, LINES 9-22) [AT&T GT&C ISSUE 1B]
26	A.	Absolutely not. SBC Missouri is fully aware of its Section 271 obligations, and it is
27		satisfying those obligations. Mr. Guepe's contentions are unsubstantiated and blatantly
28		false. Moreover, they do nothing to overcome the fact that 271 oversight is a function of
29		the FCC, not the state commissions.

2 3		ISSUE OF WHETHER SECTION 271 CHECKLIST ITEMS SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN A SECTION 252 ICA?
4	A.	Yes. On May 16, 2005, the State Corporation Commission of the State of Kansas issue an
5		order in Phase 1 of its arbitration on the successor K2A ICAs ("Successor K2A Phase 1
6		Order") <sup>2</sup> . In that order (page 3), the Commission wrote:
7 8 9 10		47 U.S.C. § 271(d)(6) makes clear that enforcement of section 271 obligations is reserved to the FCC. The Commission finds that it cannot require inclusion of provisions in a section 252 interconnection agreement, which it has no authority to enforce.
12 13		There is no reason for this Commission to rule any differently.
14 15 16 17	Q.	PLEASE RESPOND TO MS. MULVANEY HENRY'S CONTENTION THAT SBC MISSOURI IS IN CONFLICT WITH THE FCC'S DIRECTION IN ITS TRIENNIAL REVIEW REMAND ORDER ("TRRO"). (MULVANEY HENRY DIRECT, PAGE 28. LINES 12-13)
18	A.	Ms. Mulvaney Henry is incorrect. Her contention is predicated on the Accessible Letters
19		sent by SBC Missouri to its CLEC customers, in which SBC Missouri notified the CLECs
20		how and when it was implementing the FCC's determinations and rules detailed in the
21		TRRO, which became effective on March 11, 2005. There is no relationship between the
22		Accessible Letters and this arbitration, since any action referred to in those Accessible
23		letters is relative to existing ICAs, not with the ICAs under arbitration in these proceedings.

HAVE THERE BEEN ANY RECENT STATE COMMISSION RULINGS ON THE

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Ms. Mulvaney Henry is simply attempting to take this Commission's eye off the real issue,

In the Matter of the Petition of the CLEC Coalition for Arbitration against Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P., d/b/a SBC Kansas under Section 252(b)(1) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Docket No. 05-BTKT-365-ARB; In the Matter of the Application of AT&T Communications Southwest, Inc. and TCG Kansas City Inc. for Compulsory Arbitration of Unresolved Issues with Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P., d/b/a SBC Kansas under Section 252(b) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Docket No. 05-AT&R-366-ARB; In the Matter of the Request of the CLEC Joint Petitioners for Arbitration with Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P., d/b/a SBC Kansas for an Interconnection Agreement that Complies with Sections 251 and 271 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Docket No. 05-TPCT-369-ARB; In the Matter of the Petition of Navigator Telecommunications L.L.C. for Arbitration against Southwestern Bell Telephone, L.P., d/b/a SBC Kansas under Section 252(b)(1) of the Telecommunications Act of 1996, Docket No. 05-NVTT-370-ARB Order No. 13, Commission Order on Phase 1

1	and that is ensuring that the successor ICA is consistent with the rules governing what is
2	and isn't required to be offered as UNEs on an ongoing basis.

- 3 O. DO YOU AGREE WITH MS. MULVANY-HENRY'S STATEMENT ON PAGE 25, 4 LINES 26-27 OF HER DIRECT TESTIMONY THAT "EACH § 271 NETWORK 5 **ELEMENT MUST**  $\mathbf{BE}$ **OFFERED** THROUGH INTERCONNECTION 6 AGREEMENTS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO THE § 252 STATE COMMISSION 7 REVIEW AND APPROVAL"?
- A. No. Although, unlike Ms. Mulvany Henry, I am not an attorney, and SBC Missouri's legal briefs will address her legal arguments, it is clear from reading the federal Act that Section 271 has no place in a Section 252 ICA. As noted above, in a recent order, the Kansas Commission has clearly agreed with SBC Missouri's position, and rejected the position of Ms. Mulvany-Henry and the CLEC Coalition.

#### 13 MCIm UNE Issue 20

14 **Issue Statement:** Is SBC Missouri obligated to allow commingling of section 271 checklist items?

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- Q. PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. PRICE'S DISCUSSION OF WHETHER A NETWORK ELEMENT IS BY DEFINITION A FACILITY. (PRICE DIRECT PAGE 113) [MCIM UNE ISSUE 20]
- 20 A. It is very curious that Mr. Price insists on quoting only portions of relevant orders— 21 isolated and out of context—to support his position. On page 113 of his direct testimony he 22 quotes a definition of network element, and concentrates on the first part. As he says, the 23 definition states "the term 'network element' means a facility or equipment used in the 24 provision of a telecommunications service. Such term also includes features, functions, and 25 capabilities that are provided by means of such facility or equipment, including subscriber 26 numbers, databases, signaling systems, and information sufficient for billing and collection or used in the transmission, routing, or other provision of a telecommunications service." 27 28 (emphasis added) Although he emphasizes the word facility, he appears to want to ignore

the phrase "or equipment" that follows in each case. As Mr. Price also pointed out, this definition comes from the Act, and it is clear that there is a distinction between facilities and equipment; just as there is when the FCC specifically referred to wholesale facilities and services when describing what must be commingled. Local Switching is the equipment facet of network elements, it is not a facility, and is not subject to commingling to the extent it is provided under section 271.

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- 7 Q. DOES SBC MISSOURI SEE ITS 271 COMMITMENTS AS A ONE-TIME EVENT THAT WILL EXPIRE ALONG WITH EACH OF THE 2A AGREEMENTS."
  9 (CADIEUX DIRECT GT&C TESTIMONY PAGE 10, LINES 2-3)?
- 10 A. Section 271 has no relevance to a Section 252 ICA. Therefore, there is no reason to include any "Whereas" clauses referring to Section 271 in this ICA.
- Q. WHY DOES SBC MISSOURI CONTEST INCLUDING A "WHEREAS" CLAUSE IN THE CLEC COALITION GT&C APPENDIX "THAT ACKNOWLEDGES THE PROCESS SBC WENT THROUGH TO GAIN ITS SECTION 271 AUTHORITY, AND THE MARKET-OPENING COMMITMENTS IT MADE AT THAT TIME."

  (CADIEUX DIRECT GT&C TESTIMONY PAGE 9, LINES 15-17)?
- 17 A. This Commission has already ruled on this type of issue. On pages 23-24 of a prior arbitration ruling involving AT&T and SBC Missouri (Case No. TO-2001-455), the 18 19 Commission found that whereas clauses are not important for determining the intent of the 20 parties since there is no coincidence of self-interest. In that Order, the Commission stated 21 "Therefore, 'whereas' clauses are not important for determining the intent of the parties 22 because there is no coincidence of self-interest to define. Rather, it is apparent that AT&T 23 as a CLEC is seeking as much advantage as the law permits, while SWBT as an ILEC is seeking to give away only as much as the law demands. Thus, while some introductory 24 25 recitations are helpful, they are not generally of much importance in the present circumstances." 26

1		The issue with the CLEC Coalition's "whereas" clause is no different, and the
2		Commission should rule no differently in this case.
3 4 5 6 7	Q.	ON PAGES 21 AND 22 OF HER DIRECT TESTIMONY, MS. MULVANY-HENRY DISCUSSES THE "JUST AND REASONABLE" PRICING STANDARD RELATIVE TO SECTION 271 CHECKLIST ITEMS, AND SUGGESTS THAT STATE COMMISSIONS HAVE THE LATITUDE TO SET SECTION 271 RATES. DO YOU AGREE?
8	A.	SBC Missouri will discuss this in detail in its legal briefs. Note, however, that the Kansas
9		Commission in its Successor K2A Phase 1 Order <sup>3</sup> , has recently held that the FCC has sole
10		authority in Section 271 matters, including the rates for the Section 271 checklist items. On
11		page 2 of that Order, the Kansas Commission stated "Sections 201 and 202 of the Federal
12		Act provide authority to the FCC, but provide no authority to the state commissions to
13		establish prices for services provided pursuant to section 271." Therefore, Ms. Mulvany-
14		Henry's exhortations in her direct testimony (pg. 23, lines 6-7) that there "is an immediate
15		need for the Commission to establish an interim rate to apply to § 271 loops, transport, and
16		switching" should be ignored. This Commission does not have the authority to establish
17		any Section 271 rates, interim or otherwise.
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	CLEO Issue	Statement: How should the parties reflect the declassification of certain UNEs by the FCC in its TRO, as affirmed by the USTA II decision and TRRO?  C Coalition GT&C Issue 2a Statement: Should the reference to "network element" be maintained in the ICA, as distinguished from "unbundled network elements"?  m UNE Issue 2 Statement Which Party's proposed definition of Lawful UNE should be included in the Agreement?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> ibid

- WOULD ADOPTION OF SBC MISSOURI'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE IN THE Q. UNE APPENDIX SECTIONS 1.7.1.1 THROUGH 1.7.5.4 GIVE SBC MISSOURI 3 UNILATERAL AUTHORITY TO DECIDE WHICH ELEMENTS WILL BE UNBUNDLED AND WHICH ONES WILL NOT? [AT&T UNE ISSUE 2A, CLEC COALITION GT&C ISSUE 2A, AND MCIM UNE ISSUE 2]
- 6 A. Absolutely not. This concern is unfounded. Contrary to Ms. Mulvany-Henry's direct 7 testimony (page 34, lines 2-5), the use of the term "Lawful UNE" or "Section 251(c)(3) 8 UNE" does not open the door "to SBC unilaterally disregarding state and federal decisions 9 or requirements; and does not give SBC Missouri any unilateral authority to determine 10 whether a network element is offered lawfully as a UNE or not. The FCC does that (subject 11 to review by federal appeal courts). (Also see Collins direct, page 7, lines 4-6) As 12 discussed above, what CLECs really want here is to be able to ignore FCC delisting orders 13 or, at a minimum, to delay their implementation by tying SBC up in endless "negotiations" 14 to implement such orders, even when there is nothing to negotiate. If the FCC makes a 15 finding that a network element that it had previously required to be offered on an 16 unbundled basis no longer meets the criteria for unbundling, or if the judiciary vacates a 17 FCC finding that a network element must be offered on an unbundled basis, then the parties 18 should implement that change. SBC's proposed language does that. When making 19 accusations about avoiding federal requirements, CLECs should look in the mirror. Their 20 objections are clearly part of a calculated plan to delay implementation of FCC 21 requirements.

#### **CLEC Coalition UNE Issue 4**

23 **Issue Statement:** *Is SBC obligated to provide access to UNEs in its entire certificated local* 24 exchange area without any other geographic restriction?

26 MCIm UNE Issue 1

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27 **Issue Statement:** What are the appropriate geographic limitations of SBC Missouri's 28

obligation to provide access to network elements?

1 2		ter GT&C Iss Statement:	which Party's scope of obligation language should be included in this agreement?
3 4			
5 6 7 8	Q.	AREA? (IV PAGE 40,	CS REQUIRED TO MIRROR SBC MISSOURI'S LOCAL SERVING ANUSKA DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY PAGE 39, LINE 27 THROUGH LINE 28) [CLEC COALITION UNE ISSUE 4, MCIM UNE ISSUE 1 GT&C ISSUE 24]
9	A.	No. CLECS	s may establish such calling scopes as they deem appropriate in the market
10		However, as	I discussed in my direct testimony, the use of UNEs is limited to the local
11		calling area	of the ILEC, in this case SBC Missouri. This limitation is borne out by Section
12		251(c) which	n establishes additional obligations of "incumbent local exchange carriers," and
13		Section 2510	(h)(1) which defines an incumbent local exchange carrier by characteristics
14		"with respec	t to an area."
15	IV.	TRRO Rider	<u>r</u>
16			der Embedded Base Rider Issue 1
17 18 19 20 21 22	Issue	Statement:	Should the ICA obligate SBC to continue to provide network elements that are no longer required to be provided under applicable law or should the ICA clearly state that SBC is required to provide only UNEs that it is lawfully obligated to provide under Section 251(c)(3) of the Act? Does the FCC's rules allow for the state Commissions to impose additional unbundling obligations?
23 24		T NIA Issue 8	
25 26 27 28	Issue	Statement:	May AT&T arbitrate language relating to a non-251/252 product such as Entrance Facilities that was not voluntarily negotiated by the parties?
29 30 31 32 33 34		C Coalition Ro Statement:	emand Order Embedded Base Temporary Rider Issue 1  Should the ICA obligate SBC to continue to provide network elements that are no longer required to be provided under applicable law or should the ICA clearly state that SBC is required to provide only UNEs that it is lawfully obligated to provide under Section 251(c)(3) of the Act?
35			IA Issue 11, ITR Issue 1, and NIM Issue 1  Should a non 251(h) or (a) garning such as legged facilities be arbitrated in
36 37	issue	Statement:	Should a non-251(b) or (c) service such as leased facilities be arbitrated in a Section 252 arbitration proceeding?

WHY DOES SBC MISSOURI DISAGREE WITH THE CLEC'S POSITION THAT 1 Q. 2 SBC MISSOURI IS REQUIRED TO CONTINUE OFFERING NON-251(C)(3) 3 FACILITIES AT TELRIC RATES PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(C)(2) OF THE 4 ACT? (RHINEHART DIRECT PAGE 65, LINES 12-18. CADIEUX DIRECT UNE 5 TESTIMONY, PAGES 73-74) [AT&T REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED BASE 6 TEMPORARY RIDER ISSUE 1 AND NIA ISSUE 8, CLEC COALITION REMAND 7 ORDER EMBEDDED BASE TEMPORARY RIDER ISSUE 1, NIA ISSUE 11, ITR ISSUE 1, 8 AND NIM ISSUE 11

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As I discussed in my direct testimony, and as will be discussed further in SBC Missouri's A. legal briefs, Section 251(c)(2) of the Act refers to the obligation of SBC Missouri to interconnect with "the facilities and equipment of any requesting telecommunications carrier." Contrary to Mr. Schell's testimony at page 56, lines 17-20, nothing in that section of the Act requires SBC Missouri to provide "the facilities and equipment of any requesting telecommunications carrier." That is the responsibility of the telecommunications carrier, in other words the CLEC. SBC Missouri's obligation under Section 251(c)(2) is limited to the obligation to interconnect with the facilities provided by the CLEC. Moreover, while SBC Missouri is obligated to provide unbundled access at TELRIC rates to certain network elements under Section 251(c)(3), the FCC has made it clear that "entrance facilities" do not fall under these requirements nor constitute a separate UNE. TRRO at para. 137 and fn. 384. In fact, the FCC's determination that CLECs are not impaired without access to entrance facilities rested, in large part, on the FCC's determination that such facilities are available from several other providers (including selfdeployment). Taken together, the FCC's conclusions directly contradict Mr. Cadieux's argument that SBC Missouri is required to provide these facilities. Therefore, the CLECs' request is for a non-Section 251 network element, and SBC Missouri has no obligation to negotiate that element in the ICA. Likewise, SBC Missouri has no obligation to offer any CLEC, including AT&T, entrance facilities at TELRIC rates

1 2 3 4		C Coalition UNE Issue 2c  Statement: Is DS0 Transport no longer available as an unbundled network element under Section 251?
5 6 7 8 9	Q.	MR. SCHELL CITES THE LANGUAGE OF SECTION 252(D)(1) AS JUSTIFICATION FOR AT&T'S POSITION THAT SBC MISSOURI MUST PROVIDE THE INTERCONNECTION <i>FACILITIES</i> AT TELRIC-BASED RATES. (SCHELL DIRECT PAGES 57-58) DOES THAT SECTION OF THE ACT SUPPORT AT&T'S POSITION? [NIA ISSUE 8]
10	A.	I do not believe it does. As Mr. Schell quotes, the language says:
11 12 13 14 15 16 17		Determinations by a State commission of the just and reasonable rate for the interconnection of facilities and equipment for purposes of subsection (c)(2) of section 251 [i.e., network interconnection], shall be based on the cost (determined without reference to a rate-of-return or other rate based proceeding) of providing the interconnection network element
18		As can be seen from the language, it refers to interconnection of facilities and equipment, it
19		does <i>not</i> refer to the facility itself. AT&T's proposed language should be rejected.
20 21 22 23 24	Q.	PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. RHINEHART'S DIRECT TESTIMONY ON PAGE 65 LINES 22 THROUGH 24 WHERE HE SAYS SBC MISSOURI MUST OFFER DSO TRANSPORT AS A UNE BECAUSE "THE FCC MADE NO NON-IMPAIRMENT" FINDINGS. [REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED BASE TEMPORARY RIDER ISSUE 1, CLEC COALITION UNE ISSUE 2C]
25	A.	Mr. Rhinehart's logic, as well as Ms. Mulvany-Henry's direct testimony on page 38, lines
26		21-22, is completely reversed. There is no "UNE presumption" a network element is not
27		classified as a UNE unless the FCC makes an affirmative finding of non-impairment.
28		Instead, in order to be classified as a UNE, the FCC must first determine if a network
29		element satisfies the necessary and impair criteria set forth in Sections 251(d)(2)(A) and
30		251(d)(2)(B). If the FCC has not made an affirmative determination that a network element
31		satisfies the necessary and impair criteria and has not made a determination that the

1		network element should be unbundled, that network element is not a UNE. The FCC ha	S
2		never made such an affirmative determination for DS0 dedicated transport.	
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4	MCIr	n UNE Issue 4	
5	<b>Issue</b>	Statement: When describing SBC Missouri's obligation to provide access to unbundled	ļ
6		Network Elements, should the contract include a reference to the section	
7		251(d)(2) "necessary and impair" standards?	
8			
9	Q.	ON PAGE 6, LINES 10-19 OF MR. PRICE'S DIRECT TESTIMONY, HE SAY	
10		THAT IT IS UNCLEAR FROM SBC MISSOURI'S LANGUAGE IN UNI	
11		APPENDIX SECTION 2.2.9 WHO WILL DETERMINE WHETHER A NETWORI	
12 13		ELEMENT HAS PASSED THE NECESSARY AND IMPAIR TEST. PLEASIRESPOND. [MCIM UNE ISSUE 4]	Ľ
13		RESI OND. [MCIMI ONE ISSUE 4]	
14	A.	The FCC alone has the authority to determine whether a network element satisfies th	e
15		necessary and impair test. By the same token, it is only if the FCC determines that	a
16		network element does satisfy the necessary and impair test, and then if the FCC makes the	e
17		determination that the network element must be offered on an unbundled basis under	r
18		Section 251, that ILECs such as SBC Missouri are required to offer that network elements	ıt
19		as a UNE.	
20	AT&	Γ Remand Order Embedded Base Temporary Rider Issue 2	
21		Statement: Should SBC Missouri have the ability to bill the access service	
22		on a month-to-month basis until the Parties have an opportunity to develo	p
23		new service arrangements?	
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25	Q.	WHY DOES SBC MISSOURI DISAGREE WITH AT&T'S POSITION THAT SBC	$\mathbb{C}$
26		MISSOURI SHOULD AUTOMATICALLY CONVERT AT&T'S TRANSITIONAL	Ĺ
27		TRRO ELEMENTS TO OPTIONAL PAYMENT, OR TERM, OR VOLUMI	$\mathbb{E}$
28		DISCOUNT PLANS AT THE END OF THE TRANSITIONAL PERIOD SET BY	
29		THE FCC IN ITS TRRO? (RHINEHART DIRECT TESTIMONY PAGE 66, LIN	
30		18 THROUGH PAGE 67, LINE 3) [AT&T REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED BASE	E
31		TEMPORARY RIDER ISSUE 2]	
32	A.	First and foremost is the fact that CLECs are expected to comply with the FCC's TRRO	)
33		and issue the service orders necessary to transition from the declassified UNEs, includin	g

where the CLEC wants to convert them to analogous ILEC services. To the extent that AT&T is interested in migrating certain arrangements to its Special Access OPP term and volume plan, it can do so by issuing the appropriate orders and designating the arrangement to be converted to. To the extent that AT&T fails to comply with the TRRO and does not issue the orders to convert its embedded base, SBC Missouri cannot be held responsible to determine the plan or plans that AT&T would want its arrangements transitioned to. Therefore, SBC Missouri will convert such arrangements to special access month-to-month services for AT&T and all CLECs that do not comply with the FCC's Order. Again, it is the CLEC's responsibility to determine the arrangement it desires to use and to issue the appropriate orders to make that happen. CLECs cannot just sit there, and expect SBC Missouri to make the decisions and do all the work.

For purposes of the issue in Sections 2.2(c) and 2.4.3 of the Embedded Base Rider, the network elements in question are either those network elements declassified as UNEs by the TRO, or DS1 or DS3 loops or dedicated transport that have satisfied the criteria set forth by the FCC in the TRRO for being declassified as UNEs. As I stated above, in each of these instances, the only reason there would be a need for SBC Missouri to convert them to special access month-to-month pricing, without a specific request from AT&T would be in an instance if AT&T failed to comply with the TRRO and does not complete its conversion of its embedded base by the end of the transition periods outlined by the FCC. The Commission should adopt SBC Missouri's proposed language in Sections 2.2(c) and 2.4.3 of the Embedded Base Rider, and reject AT&T's proposed language in Section 1.2.4(ii) of the Embedded Base Rider.

#### AT&T Remand Order Embedded Base Temporary Rider Issue 3

**Issue Statement:** Should SBC Missouri only be required to provide ULS switching features under this Rider subject to the extent that they are loaded and activated within the switch?

- DOES SBC MISSOURI BELIEVE THAT AT&T'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE
  PERMITTING AT&T TO ADD UNE-P LINES TO SERVE ITS EMBEDDED BASE
  OF CUSTOMERS IS CONSISTENT WITH THE TRRO? (RHINEHART DIRECT
  TESTIMONY PAGE 67, LINE 18 THROUGH PAGE 68, LINE 18, CADIEUX
  DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY PAGES 84-86) [AT&T REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED
  BASE TEMPORARY RIDER ISSUE 3]
  - A. No. As I discussed in my direct testimony, SBC Missouri believes the FCC intended the phrase "embedded base" to mean that SBC Missouri is required to continue providing any UNE-P arrangements that were in place for AT&T customers as of March 11, 2005 for the transition period, which is to expire no later than March 10, 2006.

The *TRRO* puts in place a carefully crafted transition plan to allow "competitive LECs and incumbent LECs to perform the tasks necessary to an orderly transition" *away* from mass market UNE-P. As the FCC itself repeatedly emphasized, the transition plan "does not permit competitive LECs to add new UNE-P arrangements using unbundled access to local circuit switching pursuant to section 251(c)(3)." Further, the new local circuit switching rule (51.319(d)) unambiguously states that "requesting carriers may not obtain new local switching as an unbundled network element." Adding a new mass market UNE-P line, even for a pre-existing customer necessarily requires that a CLEC "obtain new local switching" as a UNE in contravention of the new rule. The FCC clearly and unambiguously recognized that the transition away from mass market UNE-P does not simultaneously contemplate CLECs continuing to add new UNE-P arrangements during the transition period. It simply makes no sense that, after a nationwide finding of non-

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> TRRO ¶ 227; see also TRRO. ¶ 5 ("This transition plan applies only to the embedded base, and does not permit competitive LECs to add new switching UNEs"); TRRO ¶ 199 ("this transition period . . . does not permit competitive LECs to add new customers using unbundled access to local circuit switching."); 47 C.F.R. 51.319 (d)(2)(iii) ("requesting carriers may not obtain new local switching as an unbundled network element.").

- impairment for mass market unbundled local circuit switching ("ULS") and the UNE-P and the implementation of a transition period away from these elements, CLECs would be allowed to continue to add new UNE-P arrangements.
- 4 Q. WHY HAS SBC MISSOURI INSERTED THE PHRASE "AS IS" INTO AT&T REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED BASE TEMPORARY RIDER SECTION 3.2?
  (RHINEHART DIRECT TESTIMONY PAGE 67, LINES 8-14) [AT&T REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED BASE TEMPORARY RIDER ISSUE 2]
- 8 As SBC Missouri has previously explained to AT&T, there is nothing untold about the use A. 9 of "as is". SBC Missouri will continue to provide AT&T with the ability to submit orders 10 to add/remove any switch features that are loaded and activated in the switch, identically as 11 those features were available prior to March 11, 2005. For example, if a particular AT&T UNE-P end-user did not have call waiting, AT&T remains able to add that feature. And 12 13 even if none of AT&T's UNE-P end users was using a feature that SBC Missouri had made 14 available for ordering with UNE-P/ULS, AT&T remains able to add that feature to any or all of its existing UNE-P/ULS. Nothing in SBC Missouri's proposed language changes 15 16 that. At the same time, however, SBC Missouri is not required to upgrade its network with 17 any new switching features/functions for ULS/UNE-P, even assuming it could do the 18 development work in the 10 months currently remaining in the transition period. It makes 19 no sense to expend the resources to enhance and expand a product in the last months of its 20 existence.

Q. WHY IS SBC MISSOURI PROPOSING LANGUAGE THAT WOULD LIMIT ANY ADDITIONAL SWITCH FEATURES TO THOSE THAT ARE LOADED AND ACTIVATED? [AT&T REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED BASE TEMPORARY RIDER ISSUE 3]

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- If the feature is not already loaded and activated,<sup>5</sup> it is not readily available for use in the 5 A. 6 switch. In order to make the feature available to the CLEC, the BFR process would have to 7 be initiated, and presuming the CLEC chose to see the BFR process though to conclusion, 8 SBC Missouri would still have to work with the vendor to get the feature loaded and/or 9 activated. The CLEC that issued the BFR, as the cost causer, would need to pay for the cost 10 of the activation and development needed to make the feature available for the CLEC's use, and, based upon the BFR quote, the CLEC would then make the determination 11 whether it wanted to move forward with the BFR at that cost and the timing of availability, 12 13 in light of whatever time remained in the transition period. That assumes, of course, that 14 the activation could even occur before March 10, 2006.
- 15 Q. IF SOFTWARE FOR FEATURES HAS BEEN LOADED ONTO THE SWITCH,
  16 WHY WOULD THEY NOT BE AVAILABLE AND ACTIVATED FOR CLECS TO
  17 ACCESS? [AT&T REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED BASE TEMPORARY RIDER ISSUE
  18 3]
- A. Simply because switch vendors such as Lucent or Nortel routinely download or add feature packages that may be available to SBC Missouri for <u>potential</u> activation, does not mean those features have been activated or are available to SBC Missouri or a requesting CLEC.

  SBC Missouri is not charged for such loaded features until it chooses to deploy that feature to support a current or planned product (at which time, it typically receives a code from the vendor to enable the supporting switch software). Until such time as SBC Missouri is

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> "Activated" in the switch means that the licensing fees are current; that no further license, right to use, or other fee needs to be paid; no enabling code or other mechanism or method needs to be obtained from a third party; and that translations and USOCs for use with ULS are in place such that ordering, billing, and provisioning wholesale processes have been implemented.

ready to pay for those features, and deploy them, the features are not available to either SBC Missouri or CLECs. Once SBC Missouri pays for the features, it then needs to implement ordering, billing, and provisioning wholesale processes. Without the needed ordering, provisioning, and billing processes in place for a specific feature, the order will not flow through the systems, no record of the request would exist, there would be no assurance that the request was being provisioned in accordance with the request, that the use of the feature would not affect the operation of the port with the feature (including CLEC receiving appropriate usage records), and SBC Missouri would not be able to accurately bill for that feature. Given that SBC Missouri will not be required to offer local switching as a UNE after March 10, 2006, SBC Missouri does not believe that the process described above would warrant the time and cost involved – again, even making the big assumption all of that could physically and actually completed before March 10, 2006.

#### AT&T Remand Order Embedded Base Temporary Rider Issue 4

A.

- **Issue Statement:** (a) Is it appropriate for AT&T to alter the FCC's "Transitional Pricing" for Loops and Transport ordered by the TRRO?
  - (b) Should AT&T be required to pay the Transitional Pricing for Mass Market ULS Element(s) and Mass Market UNE-P beginning March 11, 2005?

20 Q. PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. RHINEHART'S TESTIMONY ON PAGE 69, LINES 9-16. [AT&T REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED BASE TEMPORARY RIDER ISSUE 4]

- As I understand AT&T's position, I believe we are in agreement as to which rates to use as the basis for determining the *TRRO* transitional rates. Unfortunately, neither AT&T's proposed language, nor Mr. Rhinehart's testimony convey my understanding of AT&T's position.
- I believe it is AT&T's position, and SBC Missouri's position as well, that SBC Missouri's *TRRO* transitional rates should be based on the higher of rates in effect on June

15, 2004 or any rates ordered by the Missouri Commission during the period June 15, 2004 and March 11, 2005. However, the Missouri Commission did not order any new rates on these elements during that period, so the rates are based on those in effect on June 15, 2004. This fact make the issue moot. If the Missouri Commission had issued a rate order concerning these elements during that interim period, SBC Missouri would have the choice to use the latter period for the TRRO transitional DS1 unbundled loops, the transitional DS3 unbundled loops, the transitional unbundled dark fiber loops, the transitional DS1 unbundled dedicated transport, the transitional DS3 unbundled dedicated transport, the transitional dark fiber unbundled dedicated transport, and the mass-market unbundled local circuit switching in combination with unbundled DS0 loop and unbundled shared transport; however, if it did so, it would be required to use all the Commission ordered rates for that particular category. For example if SBC Missouri were to use rates ordered by the Missouri Commission during the period between June 15, 2004 and March 11, 2005 for transitional DS1 unbundled loops, it must use all rates associated with that DS1 loop. The same would apply for the unbundled DS3 loop, unbundled dark fiber loop, unbundled DS1 dedicated transport, etc.

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As I said, that is SBC Missouri's position, and I believe it is also AT&T's position. However, AT&T's proposed language, as well as Mr. Rhinehart's testimony sound like AT&T would require SBC Missouri to take every single rate ordered by the Missouri Commission between the period June 15, 2004 and March 11, 2005 and use it as the basis for the transitional rates, or not use any of the Commission ordered rates. Under that scenario, if SBC Missouri chose to use the higher DS1 unbundled loop rates, but the June 15, 2004 rates for DS1 unbundled dedicated transport, it would not be able to do so. That

1	would be in direct conflict with the TRRO and the FCC's rules. The Commission should
2	adopt SBC Missouri's language and avoid the confusion.

- Q. WHY DOES SBC MISSOURI OBJECT TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF AT&T'S
  UNES BEING CONVERTED TO ALTERNATIVE SERVICES BEING NO
  SOONER THAN THE LAST POSSIBLE DAY OF THE FCC'S TRANSITION
  PERIOD? (RHINEHART DIRECT TESTIMONY PAGE 70, LINES 5-8) [AT&T
  REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED BASE TEMPORARY RIDER ISSUE 41
- 8 AT&T's proposal makes a mockery of the entire concept of the FCC's TRRO transition A. 9 plan. The whole purpose of the FCC's plan was to transition from UNEs to alternatives. 10 The FCC made a conscious decision not to have UNEs flash cut away on March 11, 2005, 11 but it made an equally conscious decision not to have March 10, 2006 be a flash cut. The 12 entire idea was to have a transition period so CLECs could move off of UNEs in an orderly 13 fashion, and not put the full burden of the move on the CLECs or the ILECs. However, the 14 transition also foresaw CLECs converting their UNEs to alternative services over the course of that transition, and not doing the entire transition on March 10, 2006. If the FCC 15 16 had meant that to be the plan, it would have simply said the network elements will no 17 longer be required to be unbundled on March 11, 2006, and not put the transition plan into 18 effect. AT&T's proposed language in AT&T Remand Order Embedded Base Temporary Rider 19 section 2.3.4 must be rejected.
- Q. WHY SHOULD AT&T BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SERVICE ORDER CHARGES
   WHEN CONVERTING FROM UNES TO ALTERNATIVE SERVICES? [AT&T
   REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED BASE TEMPORARY RIDER ISSUE 4]
- A. Contrary to Mr. Rhinehart's protestations on page 70, lines 26 through 28, SBC Missouri is not causing AT&T to convert their network elements from UNEs to an alternative service.

  This conversion is a legal requirement, because those network elements are no longer UNEs. For instance, TRRO ¶143 says "...[R]equesting carriers must transition the affected

1		DS1 or DS3 dedicated transport UNEs to alternative facilities or arrangements." (emphasis
2		added) The FCC made similar admonitions to the CLECs for each of the other TRRO
3		transitional network elements. SBC Missouri should be entitled to recover the costs for
4		processing the orders which are being caused by the CLECs.
5 6 7 8		<b>T Remand Order Embedded Base Temporary Rider Issue 5 Statement:</b> Should non-transitioned Embedded Base UNE-P automatically be rate changed to resale pricing at the end of the transition period?
9 10 11 12 13	Q.	WHY SHOULDN'T AT&T'S REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED BASE TEMPORARY RIDER HAVE LANGUAGE REQUIRING SBC MISSOURI TO SET ANY REMAINING UNE-P ARRANGEMENTS AT RESALE RATES? (RHINEHART DIRECT TESTIMONY, PAGE 71, LINES 9-12) [AT&T REMAND ORDER EMBEDDED BASE TEMPORARY RIDER ISSUE 5]
14	A.	As I discussed in my direct testimony, AT&T cannot expect SBC Missouri to know how it
15		wants its customers served. If AT&T wants its UNE-P arrangements converted to resale, it
16		should submit the necessary orders to make that happen.
17 18	Q.	WHY IS IT INAPPROPRIATE TO USE RATES FROM TEXAS AS A SURROGATE FOR MISSOURI? (RHINEHART DIRECT, PAGE 73, LINES 4-6)
19	A.	TELRIC rates are required to be based on the forward looking incremental costs for the
20		state in which the costs are being developed. There is no Missouri cost basis for AT&T's
21		rates. No CLEC has any DS3 loops in service at this time. Therefore, the appropriate
22		treatment would be the BFR process for DS3 loops.
23 24 25		Γ Pricing Schedule Issue 7 Statement: Should the ICA include the UNE Rider Rates?
25 26 27 28 29		C Coalition Pricing Schedule Issue 2 Statement: Should those elements declassified by the FCC be contained in a 251 Pricing Schedule?

1 2 3 4	Q.	IS SBC MISSOURI WILLING TO INCLUDE THE <i>TRRO</i> TRANSITONAL RATES IN THE ICA PRICING SCHEDULE? (RHINEHART DIRECT PAGE 77, LINES 20-24) [AT&T PRICING SCHEDULE ISSUE 7, CLEC COALITION PRICING SCHEDULE ISSUE 2]
5	A.	SBC Missouri is willing to include the TRRO transitional rates in the pricing schedule.

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However, they should be shown a separate worksheet so they can be easily deleted when the transition period ends. As an aside, Mr. Cadieux discusses the inclusion of different unbundled local switching rates in the Pricing Appendix. To the extent those rates are transitional unbundled local circuit switching rates, SBC Missouri is willing to include those in the same separate worksheet of the Pricing Schedule as it would for AT&T.

However, to the extent Mr. Ivanuska (Ivanuska direct UNE testimony page 47, lines 1-18) is referring to Section 271 local switching elements, SBC Missouri has no requirement to offer Section 271 network elements in the context of the Section 252 ICA, and therefore, such rates should not be in the Pricing Schedule.

- 15 Q. PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. CADEUX'S DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY ON PAGE 16 79, LINES 15-17 WHERE HE REFERS TO SBC MISSOURI'S PLANS TO 17 INCORPORATE BY REFERENCE UNKNOWN, UNSPECIFIED, 18 **SUPERSEDED TERMS AND** CONDITIONS **FROM** AN **EXPIRED** 19 AGREEMENT".
  - A. With regard to the provision of declassified UNEs under the FCC's transition plan, SBC Missouri is proposing to refer to the terms and conditions that were found in the M2A ICAs that expired on March 6, 2005. It is unclear how Mr. Cadieux can call these terms and conditions unknown when they have been part of ICAs he has been ordering from for years. They are not unspecified, since they are the terms and conditions for only the specific network elements that were declassified as UNEs by the *TRRO*. And, these terms and conditions have not been superseded, because the FCC has said those *TRRO* UNEs

must be provided under the same terms and conditions as they were provided under as of June 15, 2004.

On the other hand, Mr. Cadieux would have this Commission require SBC Missouri to include terms and conditions that will be meaningless in a few months in the new ICAs, and then require SBC Missouri to go through change in law proceedings to remove them at that point. That would be an administrative waste of time and effort for this Commission, not to mention SBC Missouri and the CLECs. As AT&T and SBC Missouri have recognized, although the two parties may have disputes over some of the language, use of the Rider is a much cleaner approach to address the *TRRO* UNEs.

# Q. ON LINES 7 THROUGH 9 OF PAGE 80 OF HIS DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY, MR. CADIEUX SUGGESTS THE USE OF THE RIDER WOULD CAUSE DISRUPTION TO CLEC END USERS. PLEASE COMMENT.

There is no reason that using the rider to address the *TRRO* UNEs should have any effect on CLEC end users. Presuming the CLECs transition their network elements from UNEs to some alterative service over the course of the period between now and March 10, 2006 (September 2006 for any dark fiber embedded base network elements that are no longer classified as UNEs), in all likelihood their end users won't have any idea anything has changed. The CLECs will see the change, since they will now be required to service their end users in some other fashion than UNEs, however, the difference to their end users should be virtually nonexistent. Mr. Cadieux's comment is a red herring, and should be disregarded.

#### 22 AT&T UNE Issue 5

Α

- **Issue Statement:** May AT&T combine UNEs with other network elements, facilities, services
- 24 (including access services) or functionalities and without restriction?

#### 25 AT&T UNE Issue 10

1 2 3	Issue Statement:		Is SBC Missouri obligated to allow commingling of 47 USC 271 checklist items UNEs?
3 4	CLE	Coolition III	NE Isano 5h
5	CLEC Coalition Ulassue Statement:		May CLEC use the functionality of a UNE "without restriction"?
6 7	MCI.	n UNE Issue 2	)A
8		Statement:	Is SBC Missouri obligated to allow commingling of section 271 checklist
9	18840	Statement.	items?
10			tiems;
11 12 13 14 15 16	Q.	RHINEHAR SBC MISSO ANY OTHE	NEXT TO THE NON-UNE ASPECT OF COMMINGLING, MR. RT'S TESTIMONY ON PAGE 17, LINES 6 THROUGH 8 SAYS THAT DURI IS OBLIGATED TO COMMINGLE SECTION 251 UNES WITH RESERVICE AT&T PURCHASES AT WHOLESALE FROM SBC. DO EE? [AT&T UNE ISSUES 5 AND 10, CLEC COALITION UNE ISSUE 5B, ISSUE 20]
17	A.	SBC Missou	ri agrees with Mr. Rhinehart that it is required to commingle Section 251
18		UNEs with v	wholesale facilities and services provided by SBC. However, paragraph 27 of
19		the FCC's E	rrata to the TRO released on September 17, 2003 specifically removed the
20		requirement t	that SBC Missouri commingle Section 271 network elements from ¶584 of the
21		TRO. That v	was a conscious decision by the FCC, and there is no reason the FCC would
22		have made	such Errata changes other than to specifically clarify that there is no
23		requirement	to commingle those Section 271 network elements. Neither the USTA II
24		decision nor	the TRRO made any change to this determination. Further, there are other
25		limitations a	nd restrictions on commingling established by the FCC (e.g., FCC Rule
26		51.318(b)).	
27	V.	LOCAL CIL	RCUIT SWITCHING
28	Navio	gator UNE Issu	ıe 14
29		Statement:	Given the TRRO decision, should CLEC be allowed to purchase UNE
30	100ac	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	switching in this ICA?
31			2
32	Navig	gator GT&C Is	ssue 20
33	_	Statement:	Should SBC include Coin Port functionality as part of its service offering?
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# Q. PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. LEDOUX'S DIRECT TESTIMONY ON PAGES 19-21 REGARDING COIN PORT FUNCTIONALITY. [NAVIGATOR GT&C ISSUE 20 AND UNE ISSUE 14]

As an initial point, SBC Missouri is unaware of any coin port functionality issue being raised in the process of negotiating these ICAs. To my knowledge, there has been no language proposed by Navigator to be included in the ICA<sup>6</sup>, so SBC Missouri is unable to specifically address any issue. Not being an attorney, I am unable to speak to how Mr. Ledoux's testimony in this matter should be handled, but from a layman's viewpoint, it does not appear as if there is any proposed language to be added to the ICA by this Commission to satisfy Mr. Ledoux's concerns; therefore the testimony would appear to be moot.

Beyond that, based on Mr. Ledoux's direct testimony, it appears as if Navigator is looking to have language added to its ICA specifying that SBC Missouri must provide coin port functionality when Navigator orders a switch port. SBC Missouri has been providing coin functionality for use with mass market ULS/UNE-P, and will continue to do so for CLEC's embedded base pursuant to the FCC's transition for mass market ULS/UNE-P. Adding language that suggests new ULS/UNE-P can be ordered would be contrary to the TRRO and the FCC's transition plan. As I discussed above, following the issuance of the TRRO, SBC Missouri no longer has any obligation to provide new ULS/UNE-P.

A.

### **VI.** <u>EELs</u>

#### 22 MCIm UNE Issue 43

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> In fact, review of Navigator's proposed language in UNE Appendix 8.3.1, which lists the switch ports requested by Navigator, shows that coin ports are not found

1	<b>SBC Issue Statement:</b>	Should the terms and conditions of conversion of wholesale service to
2	U	NE (section 6) be referenced in the EELs (section 22) of this Appendix?

### 3 Q. WHAT IS YOUR UNDERSTANDING OF MCIM ISSUE 43?

- 4 A. As Mr. Price discusses the issue, MCIm believes SBC Missouri's proposed language is 5 unnecessary and adds nothing to Section 22.2.1 of the UNE Appendix. Although SBC 6 Missouri has agreed to accept MCIm's proposed language in the remainder of Section 7 22.2.1 of the UNE Appendix, SBC Missouri believes it is necessary to add its proposed 8 introductory phrase to confirm that there are limitations to MCIm's language, in particular 9 as it applies to establishing new circuits. The FCC has set forth certain criteria according to 10 which network elements (in particular subsets of DS1 and DS3 loops and dedicated 11 transport) are no longer required to be offered as new UNEs. SBC Missouri's proposed 12 language simply ensures that those limitations are recognized in this section of the ICA.
- 13 AT&T UNE Issue 9
- 14 **Issue Statement:** *Under what terms must SBC Missouri provide EELs to AT&T?*
- 16 AT&T UNE Issue 11
- 17 **Issue Statement:** What is the appropriate commingling order charge that SBC Missouri can charge AT&T?
- 19

- Q. WHY SHOULD SBC MISSOURI'S LANGUAGE PROVIDING FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF NEW PROCESSES WHEN NONE ARE IN PLACE FOR THE ORDERING OF EELS BE ADOPTED FOR SECTION 2.12.9 OF THE UNE APPENDIX? (RHINEHART DIRECT PAGE 33, LINES 15 THROUGH 17 AND PAGE 38, LINES 4-8) [AT&T UNE ISSUES 9 AND 11]
- 25 A. If no process is in place for AT&T to obtain a particular EEL, which by definition is an unbundled loop combined with unbundled dedicated transport, SBC Missouri must develop such processes. Included among the requirements of such a process must be charges for that particular EEL. To the extent that no rate already exists for one or more of the UNE components of that EEL, SBC Missouri must develop one. However, before such a rate

1		becomes effective, it must either be agreed to by both parties, or the Commission must
2		determine what the valid rate should be. SBC Missouri has no opportunity to "unilaterally"
3		set any rates for UNEs. SBC Missouri's language properly address these facts and thus
4		should be adopted.
5 6	VII.	CONVERSIONS
7	VII.	Conversions
8 9 10 11 12	Issue	T, Birch/Ionex, CLEC Coalition UNE Issue 8a: Statement: Should the ICA address requests for conversions made prior to the Effective Date of the ICA?  T, Birch/Ionex, CLEC Coalition UNE Issue 8b:
13 14	Issue	Statement: Must conversions be comprised solely of UNEs provided for in the ICA?
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24		Statement:  (1) Where processes for any UNE requested (whether alone or in conjunction with other UNEs or services) are not already in place should SBC Missouri be permitted to develop and implement such processes?  (2) Are the applicable Change Management guidelines the appropriate method for establishing new OSS system changes, if any, for OSS functions related to UNEs not already in place?
25 26 27 28 29	Q.	PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. RHINEHART'S COMMENTS ON SBC MISSOURI'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE IN UNE APPENDIX SECTIONS 2.10.6.3 AND 2.10.6.4 ON PAGE 28, LINES 6 THROUGH 11 OF HIS DIRECT TESTIMONY. [AT&T UNE ISSUE 8]
30	A.	Mr. Rhinehart insinuates that SBC Missouri's language in Appendix UNE Section 2.10.6.3
31		gives it "the opportunity to game the system and make conversions to UNEs difficult or
32		impossible to accomplish without customer disruption." Mr. Rhinehart gives no specifics
33		as to why that would be, but apparently wants this Commission to just accept this statement
34		because AT&T says so. This section of the UNE Appendix merely states that when

ordering a conversion AT&T must follow the ordering guidelines set forth by SBC Missouri that are applicable to all CLECs, and that ensure that SBC Missouri can process such orders accurately. Mr. Rhinehart's comments should be ignored.

Mr. Rhinehart also makes the allegation that SBC Missouri will not permit AT&T to terminate any contract or tariff arrangements prior to the end of the term of that contract or the term under which AT&T ordered its tariffed arrangement. SBC Missouri's proposed language in section 2.10.6.4 of the UNE Appendix says no such thing. It does say that if AT&T terminates an existing contractual or tariffed arrangement prematurely, that AT&T is subject to whatever termination charges apply to that contractual or tariffed arrangement. The FCC has been very clear that such termination charges are appropriate, and the termination provisions of those agreements cannot be overridden in this arbitration.

# 12 Q. DOES THE *TRO* RULE OUT SERVICE ORDER AND RECORD CHANGE 13 CHARGES FOR CONVERSIONS? (PRICE DIRECT PAGE 76) [MCIM UNE ISSUE 14 12]

- A. As I discussed in my direct testimony, the FCC disallowed provisioning non-recurring charges ("NRCs") such as line connection or carrier connection charges. However, where SBC Missouri is actually incurring costs caused by the CLEC, such as the processing of a service order, such charges are legitimate.
- 19 MCIm UNE Issue 12

- **Issue Statement:** Should SBC Missouri be permitted to charge MCIm service order and record change charges for conversions?
- 23 MCIm UNE Issue 10
- **Issue Statement:** Are there eligibility requirements that are applicable to the conversion of wholesale services to UNEs?

1	Q.	WOULD THE IMPOSITION OF SERVICE ORDER OR RECORD CHANGE
2		CHARGES BE INCONSISTENT WITH UNE APPENDIX SECTION 6.4? (PRICE
3		DIRECT PAGE 77) [MCIM UNE ISSUE 12]

- A. Not at all. Section 6.4 specifies that "[e]xcept as otherwise agreed to by the Parties, SBC

  Missouri shall not impose any untariffed termination charges, or any disconnect fees, re
  connect fees, or charges associated with *establishing* a service for the first time, in

  connection with any conversion between a wholesale service or group of wholesale

  services and a Lawful unbundled Network Element or Combination of unbundled Network

  Elements." This language discusses *provisioning* NRCs, while service order and record

  change charges are not provisioning charges.
- Q. WHY DOES SBC MISSOURI CONTEST THE CLEC COALITION'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE IN UNE APPENDIX SECTION 2.18.7 AS SHOWN ON PAGE 93 OF MR. CADIEUX'S DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY?
- 14 A. The CLEC Coalition's proposed language would require SBC Missouri to begin billing a 15 service that is being converted to a Section 251(c)(3) UNE or a combination of Section 16 251(c)(3) UNEs at the TELRIC rates effective with the next billing cycle following the 17 completion of activities necessary for performing the conversion, including, but not limited 18 to, CLEC's submission of a complete and accurate LSR/ASR requesting the conversion 19 and payment of any applicable early termination charges. SBC Missouri objects to this 20 language because the CLEC should not be eligible for the lower rate until the conversion is 21 completed, not when the order is placed.
- 22 Q. IS SBC MISSOURI PERMITTED TO REFUSE TO CONVERT A WHOLESALE
  23 SERVICE TO A SECTION 251 UNE OR COMBINATION OF SECTION 251 UNES
  24 IF ANY OF THE COMPONENTS FAIL TO MEET THE ELIGIBILITY
  25 CRITERIA? (PRICE DIRECT PAGE 18, LINES 13-16) [MCIM UNE ISSUE 10]
- A. Yes. The FCC was very clear that the viability of conversions is contingent on satisfying the eligibility criteria. Specifically, TRO paragraph 586 says "We conclude that carriers

1	may both convert UNEs and UNE combinations to wholesale services and convert
2	wholesale services to UNEs and UNE combinations, so long as the competitive LEC meets
3	the eligibility criteria that may be applicable." SBC Missouri's language memorializing this
4	requirement should be retained.

- 5 IS **MISSOURI PERMITTED** TO **CONVERT** Q. **SBC EXISTING** UNE 6 TO COMBINATIONS  $\mathbf{A}$ WHOLESALE **SERVICE** IF ANY **OF** THE 7 COMPONENTS FAIL TO MEET THE ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA? (PRICE 8 DIRECT PAGE 18, LINES 13-16) [MCIM UNE ISSUE 10]
- 9 A. Yes. The FCC was also very clear that if an existing UNE combination fails to satisfy the
  10 eligibility criteria that combination of UNEs may be converted to an equivalent wholesale
  11 service. Specifically, TRO paragraph 586 provides: "To the extent a competitive LEC fails
  12 to meet the eligibility criteria for serving a particular customer, the serving incumbent LEC
  13 may convert the UNE or UNE combination to the equivalent wholesale service in
  14 accordance with the procedures established between the parties." SBC Missouri's language
  15 memorializing this requirement should be retained.
- 16 Q. MR. PRICE MAKES REPRESENTATIONS THAT THE ELIGIBILITY
  17 REQUIREMENTS REFERENCED IN SECTION 6.1 OF THE UNE APPENDIX
  18 ARE "VAGUE". PLEASE RESPOND. (PRICE DIRECT TESTIMONY PAGE 18,
  19 LINE 20, THROUGH PAGE 19 LINE 21) [MCIM UNE ISSUE 10]
- A. There is nothing vague about the eligibility requirements, they come from the *TRO*, and are spelled out in SBC Missouri's proposed language in UNE Appendix Section 22.3.
- 22 MCIm UNE Issue 11
- 23 **Issue Statement:** What processes should apply to the conversion of wholesale services to UNE?
- 25 MCIm UNE Issue 13

26 **Issue Statement:** *Must conversions be comprised solely of UNEs or as otherwise provided in this Appendix?* 

- Q. ON PAGE 22 OF HIS DIRECT TESTIMONY, MR. PRICE CHALLENGES SBC MISSOURI'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE, STATING "SBC'S LANGUAGE IS COMPLETELY UNCLEAR CONCERNING THE TIMEFRAME WITHIN WHICH SUCH "PROCESSES" MIGHT BE DEVELOPED OR IMPLEMENTED AND/OR ANY RATES, TERMS OR CONDITIONS THAT MIGHT APPLY." PLEASE RESPOND. [MCIM UNE ISSUE 11]
- A. As I discussed in my direct testimony, it is unclear to SBC Missouri how it would put timeframes, or rates, terms, and conditions in an ICA for something that is unknown. If these things were already known, SBC Missouri would not have to develop new processes.

  Mr. Price's logic is quite circular.
- 11 Q. IS THERE ANY VALIDITY TO MR. PRICES STATEMENTS ON PAGE 22 OF
  12 HIS DIRECT TESTIMONY (LINES 18-20) THAT SBC MISSOURI IS BEING
  13 ANTI-COMPETITIVE BY PROPOSING LANGUAGE THAT WOULD "SLOW
  14 THE CONVERSION PROCESS AND MAKE CONVERSIONS FAR MORE
  15 COMPLICATED AND TIME-CONSUMING THAN NECESSARY." [MCIM UNE
  16 ISSUE 11]
- A. Absolutely not. Where conversions are standard and processes are in place, SBC Missouri will use those processes. However, try as it might, SBC Missouri has absolutely no way of knowing any and all types of conversions that may be requested by CLECs, and if new processes need to be developed they may take time. SBC Missouri has performance measures in place to verify that it is performing to the standards set by this Commission for the provision of UNEs, and it would certainly not be in SBC Missouri's best interests to try and delay anything and risk failing to meet those standards.
- Q. DOES SBC AGREE WITH MR. PRICE'S CONTENTION ON PAGE 78, LINES 7
  AND 8 OF HIS DIRECT TESTIMONY THAT UNDER SBC'S PROPOSED
  LANGUAGE "CLECS WOULD NEVER BE ABLE TO CONVERT WHOLESALE
  SERVICES TO UNES"? [MCIM UNE ISSUE 13]
- A. Absolutely not. It would appear that Mr. Price misunderstands SBC Missouri's proposed language or is simply using hyperbole to obfuscate the issue. The proposed language does not say the wholesale service being converted must be provided for in the ICA; it says that

in order to convert that wholesale service to network elements treated as UNEs, or combinations of UNEs, those network elements must be classified as UNEs and must be included in the ICA as UNEs. This language is designed to ensure that a CLEC does not have any misconception that they would be able to convert a wholesale service to a combination of network elements that are not all classified as UNEs, and be able to get such a combination at TELRIC rates, or that it can obtain UNEs for which the ICA does not contain terms and conditions.

#### VIII. <u>COMMINGLING AND COMBINATIONS</u>

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#### A. COMMINGLING

- 11 Q. IS **SBC MISSOURI'S PROPOSED COMMINGLING** LANGUAGE "INCONSISTENT WITH THE PROHIBITION IN SECTION 251(C)(4) OF THE 12 ACT AGAINST "UNREASONABLE...CONDITIONS OR LIMITATIONS" AND 13 14 WITH PARAGRAPH 584 OF THE TRRO AS ALLEGED BY MR. RHINEHART 15 ON PAGE 20, LINES 2 THROUGH 7 OF HIS DIRECT TESTIMONY? [AT&T UNE **ISSUES 3, 5 AND 10]** 16
- 17 No. SBC Missouri's proposed language is in full compliance with the FCC's rules and with A. 18 the Act. In fact, it is the CLECs who are attempting to impose obligations on SBC Missouri 19 that go beyond anything found in those FCC's rules. As I indicated above, the FCC 20 recognized an error in its language in paragraph 584 requiring the commingling of Section 21 271 checklist items, and rectified that error by issuing its Errata. AT&T and other CLECs 22 are unwilling to recognize the fact, and continue to assert that SBC Missouri continues to 23 have the obligation to commingle Section 271 checklist items, despite the FCC's clear 24 determination to the contrary.

- Q. DOES SBC MISSOURI AGREE WITH MR. CADIEUX WHEN HE SAYS COMMINGLING INCLUDES A SITUATION WHERE ONE OR MORE OF THE FACILITIES IS NOT A § 251 UNE (*I.E.*, IT IS OFFERED AS A SPECIAL ACCESS CIRCUIT OR NETWORK ELEMENT OFFERED TO COMPLY WITH § 271 OF THE ACT)? (CADIEUX DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY PAGE 26, LINES 16-18) [CLEC COALITION UNE ISSUE 1]
- A. No. If Mr. Cadieux had said commingling includes a situation where one or more of the facilities is not a wholesale facility or wholesale service offered by SBC Missouri then I would agree. However, As I discussed above, and in my direct testimony, there is no requirement that SBC Missouri commingle Section 251 UNEs with Section 271 UNEs, therefore, SBC Missouri does not agree with Mr. Cadieux's statement.

### 12 Q. WHY DO YOU DISAGREE WITH MR. CADIEUX'S STATEMENTS CONCERNING WHAT COMPONENTS ARE ELIGIBLE FOR COMMINGLING?

- A. Mr. Cadieux is being very free and loose with his language. On page 30, lines 11-14 of Mr.

  Cadieux's direct UNE testimony he says SBC Missouri should not be permitted to
  discriminate by refusing to commingle "§ 251 elements with other offerings". SBC

  Missouri agrees that it will commingle § 251 elements with wholesale facilities and
  services as required by the FCC. Mr. Cadieux's statement requiring the commingling of
  "other offerings" is far too broad.
- 20 MCIm UNE Issue 16

- 21 **Issue Statement:** *Under what circumstance is SBC Missouri obligated to perform the functions necessary to carry out commingling?*
- Q. WHY DOES SBC MISSOURI DISAGREE WITH MR. CADIEUX'S DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY ON PAGE 39, LINES 6-7 THAT SBC MISSOURI "SHOULD BE REQUIRED TO PERFORM THE COMMINGLING REQUESTED BY THE CLECS"? (ALSO SEE PRICE DIRECT PAGES 99-103) [MCIM UNE ISSUE 16, SPRINT UNE ISSUE 5A]
- A. In addition to the reasons discussed above and in my direct testimony regarding why the CLEC Coalition's version of applicable commingling requests exceed SBC Missouri's

obligations, SBC Missouri is also not required to do the physical connection of a commingling arrangement if any of the *Verizon* exceptions<sup>7</sup> apply. Those exceptions were detailed in my direct testimony and are as follows: (a) if the commingling or UNE combination is not technically feasible;<sup>8</sup> including that network reliability and security would be impaired;<sup>9</sup> or (b) if SBC Missouri's ability to retain responsibility for the management, control, and performance of its network would be impaired;<sup>10</sup> or (c) if SBC Missouri would be placed at a disadvantage in operating its own network;<sup>11</sup> or (d) if it would undermine the ability of other telecommunications carriers to obtain access to UNEs or to interconnect with SBC Missouri's network.<sup>12</sup> On page 43, line 36, Mr. Cadieux states that the CLEC Coalition disputes the inclusion of these four exceptions in the ICA, despite the fact that they are directly out of the Supreme Courts *Verizon* decision. SBC Missouri's proposed language in Appendix UNE § 2.19.3 should be adopted.

Q. PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. MAPLES CONTENTION THAT SBC MISSOURI'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE IN UNE APPENDIX SECTION 2.15.5.3 IS NOT SUPPORTED BY THE FCC'S RULES. (MAPLES DIRECT PAGE 34, LINES 14-20) [SPRINT UNE ISSUE 5B]

A. This is an instance where the specific rule does not incorporate the full finding of the FCC in its *TRO*. In particular, as seen on page 36 of Mr. Maples' direct testimony, paragraph 574 of the *TRO* says the following:

As noted in the *Verizon* decision, the limitation on technical feasibility is meant to preserve the reliability and security of the incumbent LEC's network, and a UNE combination is "not technically feasible if it impedes an incumbent carrier's ability to retain responsibility for the management, control, and performance of its own network."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> *Verizon* at 1685-1687.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> 47 CFR § 51.315(c)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Verizon, 122 S.Ct. 1646, 1685.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> *Verizon* at 1685.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Verizon at 1687.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> 47 CFR §51.315(c)(2).

- There can be little doubt that if SBC Missouri cannot retain responsibility for the management, control, and performance of its own network, it will be at a disadvantage in its own network. SBC Missouri's language stating that it is not required to provide a combination or commingling arrangement that would place it at a disadvantage in its own network should be adopted.
- 6 Q. WILL SBC MISSOURI PERFORM THE PHYSICAL ACTIVITY OF
  7 CONNECTING A COMMINGLED ARRANGEMENT IF A CLEC IS NOT
  8 COLLOCATED? (IVANUSKA DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY PAGE 33, LINE 21
  9 THROUGH PAGE 34, LINE 2)
- 10 A. If a CLEC requests a commingled arrangement that meets the eligibility criteria, the CLEC 11 is unable to do the connection itself, and none of the other *Verizon* exceptions apply, SBC 12 Missouri will do the work of connecting the components together. For example, if a CLEC 13 has an unbundled 251(c)(3) loop that it wants connected to an unbundled 251(c)(3) 14 interoffice facility in an SBC Missouri wire center where the CLEC is not collocated, and 15 the unbundled 251(c)(3) interoffice facility goes to a collocation arrangement in another 16 SBC Missouri wire center, then SBC Missouri will physically connect the unbundled 17 251(c)(3) loop and the unbundled 251(c)(3) interoffice facility for the CLEC.
- Q. PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. CADIEUX'S CONCERN THAT THE BFR PROCESS ONLY APPLIES TO COMMINGLED "ARRANGEMENTS THAT CONSIST OF \$ 251 UNES" AND THEREFORE CLEC'S HAVE NO ABILITY TO GET A COMMINGLED ARRANGEMENT VIA THE BFR PROCESS (CADIEUX DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY PAGE 33, LINES 26-28)?
- A. I don't understand Mr. Cadieux's concern. The CLECs agree that a commingling arrangement involves a Section 251 UNE and a non-251 service or facility (the parties dispute the limitations of the non-251 service or facility), thus the commingled arrangement by definition includes a § 251 UNE, and the BFR process would then apply.

1 2 3 4	Issue Statement	
5 6 7 8 9 10	CADIEU UNIDEN DIRECT SITUAT	
11	A. In the firs	et place, as I indicated in my direct testimony, SBC Missouri has agreed to include
12	11 specifi	ic commingling arrangements in the ICA that will not require a BFR. In that direct
13	testimony	I explained why the BFR process is appropriate for those commingling
14	arrangem	ents that have not yet been identified. It is curious that Mr. Cadieux disputes the
15	use of the	e BFR process, but suggests no alternative, other than to say that SBC Missouri
16	must "pro	omptly determine what processes are necessary" (Cadieux Direct UNE Testimony
17	page 38,	lines 8-9) He does not propose any definition of promptly, nor recognize that the
18	arrangem	ents that would be requested are completely unknown at this time. The BFR
19	process o	n the other hand has been in place for years for undefined UNEs, and will apply
20	equally to	commingled arrangements.
21 22 23	AT&T UNE Issue Statement	
24 25 26 27	MCIm UNE Issue Statement	

- 1 Q. PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. RHINEHART'S ASSERTION THAT 2 MISSOURI'S PROPOSED **LANGUAGE** THE **IDENTIFYING SERVICE** 3 ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA AT&T MUST CERTIFY TO FOR HIGH-CAPACITY 4 EELS ARE OVERREACHING AND DO NOT COMPORT WITH FCC RULES. 5 [AT&T UNE ISSUE 9, MCIM UNE ISSUE 44]
- As an initial matter, Mr. Rhinehart is misrepresenting SBC Missouri's proposed language in UNE Appendix Section 2.12.2.2.1. That language does not say anything about the local number being associated with the incumbent LEC, i.e., SBC Missouri. The language does say that the end user must be assigned a local number associated with local service provided within an SBC Missouri local service area and within the LATA where the circuit is located.

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It is true that the particular rule may not have the specific language AT&T is objecting to, However, ¶597 of the *TRO* does specifically say that "each circuit must be served by an interconnection trunk in the same LATA as the customer premises served by the EEL for the meaningful exchange of local traffic." That paragraph of the *TRO* provides support for why SBC Missouri's proposed language in AT&T Appendix UNE Section 2.12.4 (stating that the interconnection trunk must be located in the same LATA as the customer premise), and SBC Missouri's proposed language in MCIm UNE Appendix Section 22.3.1.2.9 ("... the trunk is located in the same LATA as the end user customer premises served by the Included Arrangement") as discussed by Mr. Price (Price Direct page 89, lines 10-12) should be adopted. SBC Missouri is simply including clarifying language directly from the text of the Order.

Mr. Rhinehart and Mr. Cadieux (Direct UNE testimony page 60, lines 10-15) also contest SBC Missouri's language in UNE Appendix Section 2.12.5 that requires AT&T to submit proof of number assignments (he fails to note that these are number assignments

that do not exist at the time the order is placed). SBC Missouri's language directly reflects \$\\$602\$ and footnote 1840 of the \$TRO\$ that detail the requirements for local telephone number assignment and 911/E911 capabilities, and should be adopted. Mr. Rhinehart then contests SBC Missouri's proposed language in UNE Appendix Section 2.12.6.1 which requires AT&T to notify SBC Missouri if the basis for the certification that a high-cap EEL or high-cap commingled arrangement meet the eligibility requirement is inaccurate, or the basis has changed thus making it inaccurate. Such an objection can only lead to the conclusion that AT&T believes it should be able to retain high-cap EELs that do not meet the eligibility criteria as long as the EEL met the eligibility criteria at one moment in time. Such a standard should not be permitted, and SBC Missouri's proposed language should be adopted.

SBC Missouri does agree with Mr. Price on page 87, lines 1-9, that the requirement spelled out in the *TRO*, that each circuit have a number assigned is for each DS1 circuit.

#### MCIm UNE Issue 15

**Issue Statement:** What should be the definition and scope of Commingling?

A.

# Q. PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. PRICE'S ALLEGATION ON PAGE 96, LINES 17-19 OF HIS DIRECT TESTIMONY THAT "SBC NONETHELESS ATTEMPTS TO PROHIBIT COMMINGLING IN A NUMBER OF WAYS WHICH HAVE NO BASIS IN THE FCC'S RULES, INCLUDING THE TRO." [MCIM UNE ISSUE 15]

As the basis for his allegation, Mr. Price points to language requiring the commingling arrangement be made up of a "lawful" UNE, which SBC Missouri has now agreed to call "Section 251(c)(3)" UNE. In particular, he raises the Section 271 argument, which I have discussed at length in both my direct and rebuttal testimony, explaining that SBC Missouri has no obligation to commingle Section 271 network elements. Mr. Price also raises the

1	issue of SBC Missouri "unilaterally" determining whether a network element is classified
2	as a Section 251(c)(3)" UNE or not. I have also discussed this elsewhere, explaining that
3	the FCC makes such determinations, not SBC Missouri.

- Q. PLEASE RESPOND TO MR. CADIEUX'S DISCUSSION REGARDING THE REQUIREMENT THAT EACH DS3 HAVE 28 LOCAL VOICE TELEPHONE NUMBERS ASSIGNED TO IT. (CADIEUX DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY PAGE 60, LINES 1-3)
- A. The eligibility requirement referred to by Mr. Cadieux is found in FCC Rule 51.318(b)(2)(ii). The language in the *TRO* and the FCC's rule are consistent that this is the requirement. If the CLEC Coalition disagrees with this requirement it needs to bring the issue to the FCC.
- 12 Q. WHY SHOULDN'T SBC MISSOURI BE REQUIRED TO WAIT ANOTHER 12
  13 MONTHS TO AUDIT A CLEC IF THE PREVIOUS AUDIT FOUND CIRCUITS
  14 THAT FAILED TO MEET THE ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA? (CADIEUX DIRECT
  15 UNE TESTIMONY PAGE 62, LINES 4-11)
- 16 A. If a CLEC fails an audit, SBC Missouri would have reasonable cause to question the
  17 validity of future certifications, and would be justified in wishing to validate the eligibility
  18 of that CLEC's circuits without having to wait 12 months. The CLEC should not object to
  19 the further audit, because if nothing is found the CLEC is then eligible to have its costs
  20 reimbursed by SBC Missouri. If additional errors are found, the CLEC should take that as
  21 an indication that it has a problem, and use the audit as a reason for correcting those
  22 problems.

2 3 4 5	Ų.	IN UNE APPENDIX SECTION 2.20.2.2.7 PROHIBITS CLECS FROM COMMINGLING EELS WITH OTHER SERVICES (CADIEUX DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY, PAGE 56, LINES 8-9). IS HE CORRECT? (ALSO SEE PRICE DIRECT, PAGE 90) [MCIM UNE ISSUE 44]
6	A.	No, he is not. CLEC Coalition UNE Appendix Section 2.20.2.2.7 and MCIm UNE
7		Appendix Section 22.3.1.2.10 plainly say that SBC Missouri is not required to provide an
8		EEL in combination with another Section 251 UNE, or commingled with a wholesale
9		service or facility provided by SBC Missouri, unless that EEL terminates to a collocation
10		arrangement. That restriction is taken directly from the FCC's mandatory eligibility criteria
11		which were set forth in paragraph 597 of the TRO.
12 13 14	Q.	WHY SHOULD THIS COMMISSION APPROVE SBC MISSOURI'S PROPOSED AUDIT LANGUAGE FOUND IN APPENDIX UNE SECTION 2.12.7.4? (RHINEHART DIRECT TESTIMONY PAGE 33, LINES 3 THROUGH 11)
15	A.	SBC Missouri's proposed language in Appendix UNE Section 2.12.7.4 is based on the
16		FCC's TRO, ¶627, which says:
17 18 19 20 21 22 23		To the extent the independent auditor's report concludes that the competitive LEC failed to comply with the service eligibility criteria, that carrier must true-up any difference in payments, convert all non-compliant circuits to the appropriate service, and make the correct payments on a going forward basis. In addition, we retain the requirement adopted in the Supplemental Order Clarification concerning payment of the audit costs in the event the independent auditor concludes the competitive CLEC failed to comply with the service eligibility criteria. (emphasis added, footnote omitted)
<ul><li>24</li><li>25</li></ul>		The FCC's language clearly calls for a conversion of the non-compliant EELs/commingled
26		arrangements to a comparable wholesale service, and it also provides for the CLEC
27		(AT&T) to reimburse SBC Missouri for any costs it incurs due to the audit, in the same
28		manner as SBC Missouri is required to reimburse the CLEC in the reverse situation. SBC
29		Missouri's proposed language should be adopted.

#### **MCIm UNE Issue 46**

1 **Issue Statement:** Which Party's language better implements the EELs auditing requirements 2 set forth in the Triennial Review order? 3 4 PLEASE DISCUSS WHY SBC MISSOURI'S AUDIT PROVISIONS IN UNE Q. 5 APPENDIX SECTIONS 22.5.2, 22.5.3, 22.5.4 AND 22.5.5 SHOULD BE ADOPTED 6 BY THIS COMMISSION CONTRARY TO MR. PRICE'S OBJECTIONS ON PAGE 93, LINES 23-24 OF HIS DIRECT TESTIMONY. [MCIM UNE ISSUE 46] 7 8 Contrary to Mr. Price's allegations, SBC Missouri's proposed audit language does not go A. 9 beyond what is called for by the FCC. In fact, if Mr. Price had continued reading paragraph 10 626 of the TRO, he would have seen that it specifically states 11 We conclude that incumbent LECs should have a limited right to audit compliance 12 with the qualifying service eligibility criteria. In particular, we conclude that 13 incumbent LECs may obtain and pay for an independent auditor to audit, on an 14 annual basis, compliance with the qualifying service eligibility criteria. The 15 independent auditor must perform its evaluation in accordance with the standards 16 established by the American Institute for Certified Public Accountants (AICPA), 17 which will require the auditor to perform an "examination engagement" and issue 18 an opinion regarding the requesting carrier's compliance with the qualifying 19 service eligibility criteria. We note that, because the concept of materiality governs 20 this type of audit, the independent auditor's report will conclude whether the 21 Competitive LEC complied in all material respects with the applicable service 22 eligibility criteria.1906 Consistent with standard auditing practices, such audits 23 require compliance testing designed by the independent auditor, which typically 24 include an examination of a sample selected in accordance with the independent 25 auditor's judgment. 26 27 28 That language is verbatim with SBC Missouri's proposed language in UNE Appendix 29 Section 22.5.2. Similarly SBC Missouri's proposed language in UNE Appendix Sections 30 22.5.3 and 22.5.4 also are verbatim from paragraph 626 of the TRRO. Just to complete the 31 picture, paragraph 627 of the TRO then provides, 32 To the extent the independent auditor's report concludes that the competitive LEC 33 failed to comply with the service eligibility criteria, that carrier must true-up any 34 difference in payments, convert all noncompliant circuits to the appropriate service, 35 and make the correct payments on a going-forward basis. In addition, we retain the 36 requirement adopted in the Supplemental Order Clarification concerning payment

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		of the audit costs in the event the independent auditor concludes the competitive LEC failed to comply with the service eligibility criteria. 1907 Thus, to the extent the independent auditor's report concludes that the competitive LEC failed to comply in all material respects with the service eligibility criteria, the competitive LEC must reimburse the incumbent LEC for the cost of the independent auditor. We expect that this requirement should provide an incentive for competitive LECs to request EELs only to the extent permitted by the rules we adopt herein.  As the Commission can see, UNE Appendix Section 22.5.5 is taken directly from this
10		paragraph of the TRO. SBC Missouri's proposed audit language is taken directly from the
11		TRO, and should be adopted for these ICAs.
12 13 14 15	Q.	WHY IS IT APPROPRIATE TO INCLUDE LANGUAGE IN APPENDIX UNE SECTION 2.12.10 CLARIFYING THAT ANY EELS OR COMMINGLED ARRANGEMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS ICA? (RHINEHART DIRECT PAGE 33, LINES 18-19)
16	A.	This proposed language clarifies that any EEL or commingled arrangement must include a
17		Section 251 UNE or combination of Section 251 UNE found in this ICA. Such a
18		requirement comports with the FCC's rules and definition for EELs and commingling, and
19		should be adopted.
20 21 22 23 24 25	Issue	T UNE Issue 11 Statement: What is the appropriate commingling order charge that SBC Missouri can charge AT&T?  T UNE Issue 13 Statement: Should SBC require AT&T to submit a BFR for every commingling request?
26 27 28 29 30 31	Q.	WHAT NON-RECURRING CHARGES ("NRCS") IS SBC MISSOURI ENTITLED TO APPLY TO AT&T WHEN PROVIDING COMMINGLED ARRANGEMENTS OR WHEN CONVERTING A SPECIAL ACCESS TO A SECTION 251(C)(3) UNE OR COMBINATION OF SECTION 251(C)(3) UNES? (RHINEHART DIRECT PAGE 37, LINES 6 THROUGH 25 AND PAGE 45, LINES 6 THROUGH 21) [AT&T UNE ISSUES 11 AND 13]
32	A.	SBC Missouri should be entitled to recover costs it incurs in satisfying AT&T's requests.
33		In the case of a request for Special Access to a Section 251(c)(3) UNE or combination of

Section 251(c)(3) UNEs, SBC Missouri requires a service order, and the applicable service order charge known as an Administrative Order charge would apply.

When AT&T requests a commingled arrangement, the charges will vary depending on what is requested. If the commingled arrangement does not require any physical work by SBC Missouri, the service order charges would apply. If any physical work is required by SBC Missouri, it should be entitled to recover the cost of that work from AT&T. Those charges would be as applicable for each of the component parts of the commingled arrangement. If additional work over and above the normal installation charges for the individual components is required to do the physical commingling, time and material charges should the apply.

#### 11 AT&T UNE Issue 12

**Issue Statement:** *Under what circumstances is SBC obligated to perform the functions necessary to commingle a UNE or combination?* 

- Q. DO YOU AGREE WITH MR. RHINEHART'S DIRECT TESTIMONY ON PAGE 39, LINE 13 THROUGH PAGE 40, LINE 17 THAT, ASSUMING AT&T HAS MET THE ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA, THERE ARE NO CIRCUMSTANCES WHERE SBC MISSOURI IS NOT OBLIGATED TO PERFORM THE FUNCTIONS NECESSARY TO COMMINGLE A UNE OR COMBINATION? [AT&T UNE ISSUE 12]
- A. Mr. Rhinehart's testimony obscures the real issue. SBC Missouri does not contest its obligation to perform the functions necessary to combine UNEs or to provide commingled arrangements, presuming the request meets the necessary requirements and conditions. However, where SBC Missouri and the CLECs, including AT&T, disagree is whether there are any exceptions to that obligation, and what those exceptions are.

As I discussed in my direct testimony, SBC Missouri proposes language that clarifies when SBC Missouri is not required to perform the commingling and/or UNE

combining function. For example, SBC Missouri should not be required to perform the functions necessary to commingle -- and/or combine UNEs -- if the CLEC request falls within a *Verizon* exception;<sup>13</sup> specifically: (a) if the commingling or UNE combination is not technically feasible;<sup>14</sup> including that network reliability and security would be impaired;<sup>15</sup> or (b) if SBC Missouri's ability to retain responsibility for the management, control, and performance of its network would be impaired;<sup>16</sup> or (c) if SBC Missouri would be placed at a disadvantage in operating its own network;<sup>17</sup> or (d) if it would undermine the ability of other telecommunications carriers to obtain access to UNEs or to interconnect with SBC Missouri's network.<sup>18</sup>

The CLECs choose to ignore the court's findings, however, it is inappropriate to do so. SBC Missouri's language should be adopted.

#### 12 MCIm UNE Issue 19

- 13 **Issue Statement:** Which Party's proposal about tariff restrictions should be included in the
- 14 Agreement?
- 15 MCIm UNE Issue 5
- 16 **Issue Statement:** What terms and conditions for Combinations should be included in the

17 *Agreement?* 

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- Q. WHY SHOULD THIS COMMISSION ADOPT SBC MISSOURI'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE RELATIVE TO THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN TARIFFS AND COMMINGLING? (PRICE DIRECT PAGES 107-108) [MCIM UNE ISSUE 19]
- As I discussed in my direct testimony, the tariffed component of a commingled arrangement is provided under the terms and conditions of that tariff. If the tariff is a federal special access tariff, the FCC must authorize changes to that tariff. It is my understanding that this Commission has no authority to intercede on any special access

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> *Verizon* at 1685-1687.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> 47 CFR § 51.315(c)(1).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Verizon, 122 S.Ct. 1646, 1685.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> *Verizon* at 1685.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> *Verizon* at 1687.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> 47 CFR §51.315(c)(2).

1		tariff changes; nor can it include language in a Section 252 ICA requiring an approved
2		amendment to the ICA before the tariff can change.
3 4 5 6	Q.	WHY IS MR. PRICE INCORRECT WHEN HE STATES THAT SBC MISSOURI'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE GIVING IT THE ABILITY TO SEPARATE LAWFUL UNES NOT REQUESTED BY MCIM HAS NO BASIS IN THE FCC RULES? (PRICE DIRECT PAGE 74, LINES 21-24) [MCIM UNE ISSUE 5]
7	A.	As Mr. Price's own testimony indicates, § 51.315(b) provides ["[e]xcept upon request, an
8		incumbent LEC shall not separate requested network elements that the incumbent LEC
9		currently combines"]. (emphasis added) SBC Missouri's proposed language says it may
10		separate UNEs not requested by MCIm, which is completely based on the FCC rule. Mr.
11		Price's allegation is unfounded.
12 13 14 15	IX. Q.	PRICING  WHY IS SBC MISSOURI PROPOSING TO REMOVE LANGUAGE FROM THE PRICING APPENDIX DESCRIBING THE MEASURMENT OF A SWITCH?
16		(IVANUSKA DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY PAGE 47, LINES 23-27)
17	A.	As an initial statement, I am not aware of this issue being raised on the DPLs for the
18		Pricing Appendix.
19		Notwithstanding that, local switching is no longer required to be offered on an
20		unbundled basis as of March 11, 2005, with the exception of the embedded base which is
21		subject to a one year transition period through March 10, 2006. Therefore, there is no need
22		to include language in the Pricing Appendix to address something that will not apply after
23		March 10, 2006.
24		Mr. Ivanuska also argues that because SBC Missouri is required to provide

the Pricing Appendix for measuring that Section 271 local switching. As I have discussed

at length both in my direct and rebuttal testimony, Section 271 has no place in a Section 252 ICA. Therefore, Mr. Ivanuska's argument has no merit.

#### 3 O. WHAT IS MEANT BY CALL-FLOWS?

A.

A. Call-flows are a description of which rate elements apply when a specific type of call is placed or received. For instance, if a call is made between a CLEC end user and an end user in the same local exchange, one set of charges would apply to the CLEC as opposed to a different set of charges applying if a call is made between a CLEC end user in one local exchange and an end user in a different exchange.

## 9 Q. WHY DO YOU DISAGREE WITH MR. IVANUSKA THAT CALL-FLOWS 10 SHOULD BE INCLUDED IN APPENDIX PRICING? (IVANUSKA DIRECT UNE 11 TESTIMONY PAGE 48, LINE 16 THROUH PAGE 50, LINE 5)

As I discussed in my direct testimony, call flows are generic, the same call flows apply to all CLECs in Missouri, and those call flows are already available to CLECs on the CLEC Online website. Inclusion of such call-flows in the ICA would be unnecessary, and cause potential confusion and disagreements should those call flows change. Having the call-flow in one place (CLEC Online) means any changes need only be made once. Including them in the ICA would require SBC Missouri to make the changes on the CLEC Online website, and amend any ICAs that have the call-flows. That is unnecessary, and a waste of time and resources. Moreover, the call flows that SBC Missouri has provided are illustrative examples only, and not "all encompassing." For example, certain call flow scenarios which occur in day-to-day calling are not included and the inclusion of the illustrative examples may cause confusion, as a result of which the CLECs may contest SBC Missouri's ability to charge for calls that do not fit the included call flows. Of course, SBC Missouri is entitled to charge for the use of its network, and the call flows cannot be used

1		to defeat that right or argue to the contrary. The CLEC Coalition's proposal to include the
2		call-flows in the Pricing Appendix should be rejected.
3 4		m Pricing Appendix Issue 3 Statement: What are the appropriate rates for ISDN-BRI Loops?
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Q.	MR. PRICE CONTESTS SBC MISSOURI'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE, ARGUING "IF SBC'S LANGUAGE WERE ADOPTED, SBC WOULD BE ABLE TO UNILATERALLY CHANGE CONTRACT PRICES AND FORCE MCI TO INITIATE DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEEDINGS TO CHALLENGE SUCH ACTION" (PRICE DIRECT PAGE 130, LINES 27-29) DOES SBC MISSOURI'S LANGUAGE GIVE IT THE "UNILATERAL RIGHT TO CHANGE RATES? [PRICING APPENDIX ISSUE 3]
13	A.	Just as SBC Missouri does not have the unilateral right to determine what a declassified
14		UNE is, it also does not have the unilateral right to determine new rates. As the language
15		says, the scenarios being addressed in this language would apply in the unlikely event the
16		Commission were to order a rate change that applies to MCIm. If that were to occur, MCIm
17		would be subject to that new rate, and SBC Missouri's proposed language simply codifies
18		the requirement that the new rate is applied to MCIm.
19 20 21		m Pricing Schedule Issue 18 Statement: Should the Price Schedule include rates for any level of Entrance Facility?
22 23 24	Q.	WHY SHOULDN'T ENTRANCE FACILITIES BE PRICED AT TELRIC AS PROPOSED BY MR. PRICE ON PAGE 135, LINES 17-19 OF HIS DIRECT TESTIMONY? [MCIM UNE PRICING SCHEDULE ISSUE 18]
25	A.	As I discussed in my direct testimony, entrance facilities have been declassified as UNEs
26		pursuant to the TRO. Although paragraph 140 of the TRRO indicated that SBC Missouri
27		was required to interconnect pursuant to Section 251(c)(2), I explained that the facilities
28		that SBC Missouri are required to interconnect to are CLEC provided facilities, not

Missouri to offer entrance facilities at TELRIC-based rates.

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facilities provided by SBC Missouri. MCIm has no justification for requiring SBC

1 2 3		Note That the statement: What ordering processes should apply to commingling requests?
4 5 6	Q.	IS SBC MISSOURI PROPOSING TO EXCLUDE ALL MULTIPLEXING RATES? (PRICE DIRECT PAGE 136, LINE 20 THROUGH PAGE 137, LINE 10) [MCIM UNE ISSUE 21]
7	A.	No. SBC Missouri agrees that it is required to continue to provide Voice Grade/DS1 and
8		DS1/DS3 multiplexing; however there is no requirement to offer OCn multiplexing since
9		the TRO declassified all OCn loops and dedicated transport.
10 11 12 13		n Pricing Schedule Issue 22 Statement: Should the price schedule include SS7 prices for physical SS7 links, STP ports, and SS&-Cross Connects?
14 15	Q.	SHOULD SS7 SIGNALING BE PRICED AT TELRIC WHEN USED FOR INTERCONNECTION?
16	A.	No. The only circumstance that SS7 Signaling is required to be priced at TELRIC is when
17		it is provided in conjunction with ULS. In the TRO the FCC said in paragraph 545 the
18		following:
19 20 21 22 23		We find, therefore, that for competitive carriers deploying their own switches, there are no barriers to obtaining signaling or self-provisioning signaling capabilities and we do not require incumbent LECs to continue offering access to signaling as a UNE under section 251(c)(3) of the Act.
24		MCIm's proposed language requiring SBC Missouri to provide SS7 Signaling at TELRIC-
25		based rates should be rejected.
26 27 28		NIM Issue 20 Statement: Should a non 251/252 facility such as 911 interconnection trunk groups be negotiated separately?

1	Q.	SHOULD	SBC	<b>MISSOURI</b>	$\mathbf{BE}$	REQUIRED	TO	<b>PROVIDE</b>	911
2.		INTERCO	NECTI	ON TRUNKS A	TTEI	RIC-BASED RA	ATES?		

A. No. As I discussed relative to entrance facilities, SBC Missouri is not required to provide interconnection facilities, it is required to interconnect the CLEC facilities with to its network. CLECs such as MCIm may negotiate obtaining such facilities from SBC Missouri through a separate agreement, or they may purchase the facilities from the Special Access tariff, but there is absolutely no requirement that SBC Missouri provide such facilities to the CLEC, much less at TELRIC-based rates.

#### 9 X. MISCELLANEOUS

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- 11 CLEC Coalition GT&C Issue 15
- 12 **Issue Statement:** Should SBC be permitted to automatically incorporate all changes to tariffs when it does not notify the CLEC in advance of the proposed changes?

15 Q. WHAT IS SBC MISSOURI'S RESPONSE TO MR. IVANUSKA'S ARGUMENT
16 THAT SBC MISSOURI'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE IN GT&C SECTION 37.1
17 SHOULD BE REJECTED? (IVANUSKA DIRECT GT&C TESTIMONY PAGE 32)

[CLEC COALITION GT&C ISSUE 15]

- A. Mr. Ivanuska says that SBC Missouri's language should be rejected because SBC Missouri is not willing to give the CLEC Coalition notice of any changes to its tariffs. There are two reasons why the Commission should disregard Mr. Ivanuska's recommendation.
- 22 First, the language states that any changes in tariffs should automatically apply to
  23 the ICA, if the ICA cross references the tariff. If this language is not retained it would
  24 countermand the entire reason the ICA is cross-referencing that tariff, i.e., to ensure that the
  25 rates, terms, and conditions of the service being offered via that tariff are maintained
  26 consistently.

1	The second reason is that whatever jurisdiction the tariff is being provided under				
2	has its requirements for notification. Pursuant to pending legislation, that notification may				
3	be one day, i.e., some tariffs may be filed on one-day's notice while others are filed on 10				
4	days notice. N	Mr. Ivanuska's requirement that SBC Missouri notify each CLEC that may be			
5	affected by	such a change would make that one-day timeframe problematic. SBC			
6	Missouri's pro	oposed language should be adopted.			
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	MCIm GT&C Issue Issue Statement:  MCIm UNE Issue 7 Issue Statement:	Should MCIm be permitted to purchase the same service from either an approved tariff or the interconnection agreement?  Should the UNE Appendix be the sole vehicle by which MCIm can purchase UNEs from SBC Missouri?			
14 15 16 17	CHOOSE" T IN YOUR D	DISCUSS THE ISSUE OF MCIM BEING ABLE TO "PICK AND TERMS AND CONDITIONS FROM EITHER THE ICA OR A TARIFF IRECT TESTIMONY? (PRICE DIRECT PAGES 67-72) [MCIM GT&CD UNE ISSUE 7]			
18	A. Yes. I discuss	sed this issue in terms of MCIm UNE Issue 7. I noted that the purpose of an			
19	ICA is to set	forth the terms and conditions under which a CLEC may order Section 251			
20	UNEs, interco	onnection, and resale. If MCIm wanted terms and conditions that are found in			
21	a tariff, it cou	ld have proposed those terms and conditions as part of this arbitration, and to			
22	the extent the	y were eligible to be included in this ICA, those terms and conditions could			
23	have been neg	gotiated.			
24 25 26 27	CLEC Coalition UN Issue Statement:	TE Issue 43  What should the Final Quote include and how shall the price be determined?			
28 29	CLEC Coalition UN Issue Statement:	IE Issue 44  If an amendment to this Agreement is required, should it be prepared as			
30 31	issue statement.	quickly as possible, and should SBC begin providing the element as of the date of the amendment is filed with the PUC?			

- Q. WHY DOES SBC MISSOURI DISPUTE THE CLEC COALITION'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE ADDING THE WORD "FINAL" BEFORE THE WORD "QUOTE" IN UNE APPENDIX SECTION 2.36.9 RELATIVE TO THE BFR PROCESS? (IVANUSKA DIRECT UNE TESTIMONY PAGE 36, LINES 9-16) [CLEC COALITION UNE ISSUE 43]
- 6 As I discussed in my direct testimony, I do not believe the CLEC Coalition understands A. 7 what types of costs are involved in the BFR process. To the extent the quote involves a new 8 Section 251(c)(3) UNE priced at TELRIC based rates, then SBC Missouri would know the 9 charge to include in that quote. However, there may also be costs involved to develop the 10 product that will be time and materials based, and until the project is completed those costs 11 will not be known. SBC Missouri makes every effort to give the CLEC the most complete 12 information available at the time the quote is given, however, as I said, to the extent there 13 are time and material charges involved, SBC Missouri cannot be certain of the final amount 14 until completion.
- 15 Q. WHY DOES SBC MISSOURI DISPUTE THE CLEC COALITION'S PROPOSED
  16 LANGUAGE IN UNE APPENDIX 2.36.13? (IVANUSKA DIRECT UNE
  17 TESTIMONY PAGE 38, LINE 9 THROUGH PAGE 39, LINE 14) [CLEC
  18 COALITION UNE ISSUE 44]
- 19 SBC Missouri is troubled by the CLEC Coalition's proposed language addition, but also A. 20 feels that this issue can be resolved with minor editing. First, SBC Missouri is 21 uncomfortable with the word "expeditiously" as it is not defined in this contract. SBC 22 Missouri must prepare contracts and amendments for numerous other CLECs including all 23 of the CLECs that make up the CLEC Coalition, and it would be unreasonable to give the 24 CLEC Coalition priority treatment. SBC Missouri makes every effort to respond to all 25 BFR requests in a timely manner.

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Secondly, SBC Missouri cannot agree to usurp the Commission's authority in reviewing and approving or rejecting any amendment filed. However, SBC Missouri

1		would be willing to accept a word change from "is filed" to "is approved" in order to
2		preserve the Commission's jurisdiction.
3	MCIı	m UNE Issue 8
4	Issue	<b>Statement:</b> Should MCIm be required to purchase collocation for access to unbundled
5		Loops?
6		AND DEVOCATE DEPOSIT FERRENCES ON DA CARG 44 MAND ON CARGA 45 MAND ON CARG
7 8	Q.	MR. PRICE'S DIRECT TESTIMONY ON PAGES 13 THROUGH 17 IMPLIES
8 9		THAT SBC MISSOURI WOULD REQUIRE MCIM TO COLLOCATE IN EVERY SBC MISSOURI OFFICE IN ORDER TO ACCESS UNBUNDLED LOOPS. IS MR.
10		PRICE CORRECT? [MCIM UNE ISSUE 8]
11	A.	SBC Missouri has no such requirement. As I stated in my direct testimony, MCIm is
12		distorting the issue. SBC Missouri's concern with MCIm's language is that it would
13		provide MCIm with the potential to claim a right to access SBC Missouri's network to
14		combine various network elements, As Mr. Hatch explains, SBC Missouri is not required
15		to permit MCIm such access, nor will MCIm be allowed to do so.
16	XI.	CONCLUSION
17	0	
18	Q.	DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR REBUTTAL TESTIMONY?
19	A.	Yes, but I reserve the right to supplement at a later time.