FILED³
APR 2 5 2000

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

Service Commilie

	Service Commission
Gould Some Complainant)	-1017
, ,	Case No. <u>EC-2000-675</u>
Kansas Cety Power + Light Co.) (company name)	
Respondent.	
COMPLAINT	
Complainant resides at 3515 NE 50th St Kansas Cety, Ma	
1. Respondent, Hansa Cety Power + Light Co. of Kansas Cety, Mo, is a public utility under the jurisdiction of	
the Public Service Commission of the State of Missouri.	
2. As the basis of this complaint, complainant states the following facts:	
I filed a comple City Prever and Light	dent against the Kansas It to, on Fol. 10, 1999
regarding an err	ence at 3515 NE SOULE,
	1 An +1 COD.

by a Stipulation and agreement that

Kansas City Power & Light lor, refused to abide	
low the lashes had been considered to the	
payment from me that was not in accord with the tagreement. When I refused to pay this they cut off my service is. The complainant has taken the following steps to present this complaint to the respondent:	
cut of the complement has taken the following stone to present this complement to the	
respondent:	
When I was presented with the Will	
for this illegal payment domand of	
called the Kansas City Fower and Light &	
When I finally was able to contact	
Mr. Gerald Reynolds he said that	
the problem was that I interpreted	
the agreement differently than he	
did and that I would have to pay	
the amount that was being demanded	
WHEREFORE, Complainant now requests the following relief:	
A request that the \$ 299 which was	
the illegal amount domanded and which	
I had to been to get me service recoursated be	
refunded, april 22, 2000 Bounded &. Wi tandlows h.	
Date Signature of Complainant	

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Commissioners

SHEILA LUMPE Chair

HAROLD CRUMPTON

CONNIE MURRAY

ROBERT G. SCHEMENAUER

M. DIANNE DRAINER Vice Chair

Missouri Public Service Commission

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> WESS A. HENDERSON Director, Utility Operations

ROBERT SCHALLENBERG Director, Utility Services

> DONNA M. KOLILIS Director, Administration

DALE HARDY ROBERTS Secretary/Chief Regulatory Law Judge

> DANA K. JOYCE General Counsel

Information Sheet Regarding Mediation of Commission Formal Complaint Cases

Mediation is process whereby the parties themselves work to resolve their dispute with the aid of a neutral third-party mediator. This process is sometimes referred to as "facilitated negotiation." The mediator's role is advisory and although the mediator may offer suggestions, the mediator has no authority to impose a solution nor will the mediator determine who "wins." Instead, the mediator simply works with both parties to facilitate communications and to attempt to enable the parties to reach an agreement which is mutually agreeable to both the complainant and the respondent.

The mediation process is explicitly a problem-solving one in which neither the parties nor the mediator are bound by the usual constraints such as the rules of evidence or the other formal procedures required in hearings before the Missouri Public Service Commission. Although many private mediators charge as much as \$250 per hour, the University of Missouri-Columbia School of Law has agreed to provide this service to parties who have formal complaints pending before the Public Service Commission at no charge. Not only is the service provided free of charge, but mediation is also less expensive than the formal complaint process because the assistance of an attorney is not necessary for mediation. In fact, the parties are encouraged not to bring an attorney to the mediation meeting.

The formal complaint process before the Commission invariably results in a determination by which there is a "winner" and a "loser" although the value of winning may well be offset by the cost of attorneys fees and the delays of protracted litigation. Mediation is not only a much quicker process but it also offers the unique opportunity for informal, direct communication between the two parties to the complaint and mediation is far more likely to result in a settlement which, because it was mutually agreed to, pleases both parties. This is traditionally referred to as "win-win" agreement.

The traditional mediator's role is to (1) help the participants understand the mediation process, (2) facilitate their ability to speak directly to each other, (3) maintain order, (4) clarify misunderstandings, (5) assist in identifying issues, (6) diffuse unrealistic expectations, (7) assist in translating one participant's perspective or proposal into a form that is more understandable and acceptable to the other participant, (8) assist the participants with the actual negotiation process, (9) occasionally a mediator may propose a possible solution, and (10) on rare occasions a mediator may encourage a participant to accept a particular solution. The mediator will not possess any specialized knowledge of the utility industry or of utility law.

In order for the Commission to refer a complaint case to mediation, the parties must both agree to mediate their conflict in good faith. The party filing the complaint must agree to appear and to make a good faith effort to mediate and the utility company against which the complaint has been filed must send a representative who has full authority to settle the complaint case. The essence of mediation stems from the fact that the participants are both genuinely interested in resolving the complaint.

Because mediation thrives in an atmosphere of free and open discussion, all settlement offers and other information which is revealed during mediation is shielded against subsequent disclosure in front of the Missouri Public Service Commission and is considered to be privileged information. The only information which must be disclosed to the Public Service Commission is (a) whether the case has been settled and (b) whether, irrespective of the outcome, the mediation effort was considered to be a worthwhile endeavor. The Commission will not ask what took place during the mediation.

If the dispute is settled at the mediation, the Commission will require a signed release from the complainant in order for the Commission to dismiss the formal complaint case.

If the dispute is not resolved through the mediation process, neither party will be prejudiced for having taken part in the mediation and, at that point, the formal complaint case will simply resume its normal course.

Date: January 25, 1999

Dale Hardy Roberts

Secretary of the Commission

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