

**Attachment A**  
**Tariff**



May 1, 2012

Missouri Public Service Commission  
Governor Office Building  
200 Madison  
P.O. Box 360  
Jefferson City, MO 65102-0360

Dear Secretary:

Attached for electronic filing are revisions to the Spectra Communications Group, LLC d/b/a CenturyLink, Facilities for Intrastate Access Tariff, P.S.C. MO. No. 2. These revisions are filed, in accordance with Missouri Public Service Commission Rules and Regulations and Case No. TT-2012-0317, and electronically submitted with a May 1, 2012 issue date and a proposed effective date of July 1, 2012.

This filing proposes to reduce switched access service rates by 50% of the difference between the intrastate and interstate revenues, as mandated in the Federal Communications Commission' November 18, 2011 Report and Order and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking in WC Docket Nos. 10-90, etc. (FCC 11-161. In addition, the switched access service rate structure has been revised to mirror the interstate rate structure. The calculations supporting these rate changes are being filed as Proprietary, with Certification, under Case No. TT-2012-0317 since they contain market specific information relating to services offered.

The list of tariff sheets reflecting a change are provided in Attachment A following.

Should you have questions or need additional information regarding this filing, please contact Becky Kilpatrick at (573) 636-4261 or Kristal Myers at (913) 345-7717.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Gary L. Kepley".

Gary L. Kepley  
Director – Regulatory Operations

Attachments

Pc: Mark Harper  
Becky Kilpatrick  
Office of Public Counsel (e-mail)

MO 12-06A

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## Attachment A

The following tariff sheets are being revised:

### Table of Contents:

1st Revised Sheet 3  
1st Revised Sheet 4  
1st Revised Sheet 5  
1st Revised Sheet 6  
1st Revised Sheet 7  
Original Sheet 7.1

### Tariff

1st Revised Sheet 17  
1st Revised Sheet 19  
1st Revised Sheet 28  
1st Revised Sheet 29  
Original Sheet 29.1  
2nd Revised Sheet 39  
Original Sheet 39.1  
1st Revised Sheet 42  
Original Sheet 42.1  
Original Sheet 42.2  
1st Revised Sheet 43  
1st Revised Sheet 44  
1st Revised Sheet 45  
1st Revised Sheet 46  
1st Revised Sheet 47  
1st Revised Sheet 49  
1st Revised Sheet 51  
1st Revised Sheet 52  
1st Revised Sheet 56  
1st Revised Sheet 57  
1st Revised Sheet 66  
Original Sheet 66.1  
1st Revised Sheet 67  
1st Revised Sheet 68  
1st Revised Sheet 69  
1st Revised Sheet 70  
1st Revised Sheet 97  
1st Revised Sheet 104.14  
Original Sheet 104.14.1  
Original Sheet 104.14.2  
1st Revised Sheet 104.15  
1st Revised Sheet 104.16  
1st Revised Sheet 104.17  
1st Revised Sheet 104.18  
1st Revised Sheet 104.19  
1st Revised Sheet 104.20

### Tariff Cont'd

1st Revised Sheet 104.21  
Original Sheet 104.21.1  
Original Sheet 104.21.2  
Original Sheet 104.21.3  
Original Sheet 104.21.4  
1st Revised Sheet 104.22  
1st Revised Sheet 105  
Original Sheet 105.1  
1st Revised Sheet 119  
Original Sheet 119.1  
Original Sheet 119.2  
1st Revised Sheet 125  
1st Revised Sheet 126  
1st Revised Sheet 128  
1st Revised Sheet 129  
Original Sheet 129.1  
Original Sheet 129.2  
Original Sheet 129.3  
1st Revised Sheet 130  
1st Revised Sheet 131  
1st Revised Sheet 132  
1st Revised Sheet 135  
1st Revised Sheet 136  
1st Revised Sheet 137  
1st Revised Sheet 138  
Original Sheet 138.1  
Original Sheet 138.2  
Original Sheet 138.3  
1st Revised Sheet 139  
1st Revised Sheet 140  
Original Sheet 140.1  
Original Sheet 141.1  
Original Sheet 141.2  
1st Revised Sheet 142  
1st Revised Sheet 149  
7th Revised Sheet 151  
Original Sheet 151.1  
5th Revised Sheet 152.2  
1st Revised Sheet 201  
10th Revised Sheet 313

TABLE OF CONTENTS

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances

- 2.4.1 Payment of Charges and Deposits
- 2.4.2 Minimum Periods
- 2.4.3 Cancellation of an ASR
- 2.4.4 Credit Allowance for FIA Interruptions
  - (A) General
  - (B) When Credit Allowance Does Not Apply
  - (C) Use of an Alternative Service Provided by the Telephone Company
  - (D) Temporary Surrender of a FIA

2.5 Connections

2.6 Definitions

2.7 FIA Services Provided By More Than One Telephone Company

3. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR FIA

3.1 General

- 3.1.1 Ordering Conditions
- 3.1.2 Provision of Other Services
- 3.1.3 Special Construction
- 3.1.4 Tandem Switched Signaling

(N)

3.2 Access Service Request

- 3.2.1 Service Date Intervals
- 3.2.2 ASR Modifications
  - (A) Service Date Change Charge
  - (B) Partial Cancellation Charge
  - (C) Discontinuance of Service
  - (D) Design Change Charge
  - (E) Requests for Expedition
- 3.2.3 Selection of Facilities for Access Service
- 3.2.4 Minimum Period
- 3.2.5 Minimum Period Charges
- 3.2.6 Cancellation of an ASR
- 3.2.7 Discontinuance of Switched Access FGD or BSA-D
- 3.2.8 FGD or BSA-D Maximum Per Trunk Cancellation Charge

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 3. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR FIA (Cont'd)
  - 3.3 Access Service Requests for Services Provided By More Than One Telephone Company
  - 3.4 (Reserved for Future Use)
  - 3.5 Switched Access Minimum Capacity Requirements
- 4. SWITCHED ACCESS
  - 4.1 General
  - 4.2 Description of Switched Access
    - 4.2.1 Descriptions Types of Feature Groups
      - (A) Feature Group A
      - (B) Feature Group B
      - (C) Feature Group C
      - (D) Feature Group D
      - (E) SAC Access Service
    - 4.2.2 Description of Basic Serving Arrangements (BSAs)
      - (A) BSA-A
      - (B) BSA-B
      - (C) BSA-C
      - (D) BSA-D
      - (E) (Reserved for Future Use)
      - (F) Alarm Signal Transport Service (ASTs)
    - 4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport
      - (A) General
      - (B) Entrance Facility
        - (1) Two-Wire Voice Frequency Entrance Facility
        - (2) Four-Wire Voice Frequency Entrance Facility
        - (3) Group Analog Entrance Facility
        - (4) Supergroup Analog Entrance Facility
        - (5) Mastergroup Analog Entrance Facility
        - (6) DS1 Digital Entrance Facility
        - (7) DS1C Digital Entrance Facility
        - (8) DS2 Digital Entrance Facility
        - (9) DS3 Digital Entrance Facility
        - (10) DS3C Digital Entrance Facility
      - (C) Direct-Trunked Transport
      - (D) Tandem-Switched Transport
      - (E) Interconnection Rate
      - (F) Multiplexing
      - (G) Optional Arrangements
    - 4.2.4 Description of End Office Services

(C)  
|  
(C)  
(N)  
|  
(N)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.5 End Office Services Optional Arrangements

- (A) Alternate Traffic Routing
- (B) Automatic Number Identification (ANI) Arrangement
- (C) Call Denial on Line or Hunt Group
- (D) InterLATA Call Denial on Line or Hunt Group
- (E) Call Denial on Line or Hunt Group Outside the Access Area
- (F) Dual Tone Multifrequency Address Signaling
- (G) Hunt Group Arrangement
- (H) Customer Specification of Switched Access Directionality
- (I) International Direct Distance Dialing Arrangement
- (J) Nonhunting Number for Use with Hunt Group Arrangement
- (K) Nonhunting Number for Use with Uniform Call Distribution Arrangement
- (L) Operator Assistance Full Feature Arrangement
- (M) Rotary Dial Station Signaling
- (N) Service Class Routing
- (O) Service Code Denial on Line or Hunt Group
- (P) Trunk Access Limitation
- (Q) Uniform Call Distribution Arrangement
- (R) Up to 7 Digit Outpulsing of Access Digits to the Customer
- (S) Band Advance Arrangement
- (T) FGD and BSA-D Switched Access with 950-XXXX Access
- (U) Operator Assistance for SAC Access Services
- (V) Switched Access Interface
- (W) (Reserved for Future Use)
- (X) (Reserved for Future Use)
- (Y) Switched Data Service
- (Z) (Reserved for Future Use)
- (A)(A) Signaling System 7 (SS7) Out of Band Signaling
- (A)(B) Calling Party Number (CPN) Parameter
- (A)(C) Carrier Selection Parameter (CSP)
- (A)(D) Charge Number (CN) Parameter
- (A)(E) Tandem Switch Signaling
- (A)(F) Tandem Access Sectorization
- (A)(G) Carrier Identification Parameter (CIP)
- (A)(H) Flexible Automatic Number Identification (FLEX ANI)

(N)  
|  
(N)

- 4.2.6 Call Restriction and Code Screening Reports
- 4.2.7 Installation and Acceptance Testing of Switched Access
- 4.2.8 Provision of Design Layout Report
- 4.2.9 Network Management
- 4.2.10 (Reserved for Future Use)
- 4.2.11 800/888/877 Customer Identification Function
- 4.2.12 900 Customer Identification Function
- 4.2.13 Design and Routing of Switched Access
- 4.2.14 Provision of Switched Access Performance Data
- 4.2.15 Transmission Performance
- 4.2.16 Design Blocking Probability
- 4.2.17 Special Facilities Routing
- 4.2.18 Information Surcharge
- 4.2.19 800/888/877 Data Base Query Charge
- 4.2.20 500 Customer Identification Function
- 4.2.21 Tandem Switch Signaling
- 4.2.22 Basic Service Elements (BSEs)

(C)

4.3 Obligations of the Customer

- 4.3.1 On and Off-Hook Supervision\
- 4.3.2 ASR Requirements
- 4.3.3 Jurisdictional Determination

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

4.	<u>SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)</u>	
4.4	<u>Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances</u>	
4.4.1	(Reserved for Future Use)	
4.4.2	Cancellation of Applications	
4.4.3	Credit Allowances	
4.5	<u>Rate and Charge Regulations</u>	
4.5.1	Rate Elements	
4.5.2	Rate Regulations	
(A)	Types of Rates and Charges	
(1)	Usage Rates	
(2)	Flat Rated	(C)
(3)	Nonrecurring Charges	(N)
(B)	(Reserved for Future Use)	
(C)	(Reserved for Future Use)	
(D)	(Reserved for Future Use)	
(E)	Change of Switched Access Type	
(F)	Moves	
(1)	Same CDL	
(2)	A Different CDL	
(G)	Signaling System 7 (SS7) Out of Band Signaling	
(H)	800/888/877 Data Base Query Service	
(I)	Network Blocking Charge for FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D and SAC Access Service	
(J)	Determination of Interstate Charges for Mixed Interstate and Intrastate Switched Access	
(K)	Local Dial-It Services	
(L)	Directory Assistance	
(M)	(Reserved for Future Use)	
(N)	Description and Application of Rates	
(1)	Determination of Premium Rates	
(2)	Switched Transport	
(3)	Extended FGA and BSA-A Terminating Traffic	
(4)	Equal Access Notification	
(5)	End Office Switching	
(6)	Tandem Switch Signaling	(C)
(7)	Dedicated Trunk Port	(C)
(8)	Shared Trunk Port	(C)
(9)	500 NXX Translation Nonrecurring Charge	(C)
(10)	Carrier Identification Parameter (CIP)	(N)
(O)	Measuring Access Minutes	
(1)	Feature Group A and BSA-A Usage Measurement	
(2)	Feature Group B and BSA-B Usage Measurement	
(3)	Usage Measurement Not Available for Feature Groups A and B and BSAs A and B	
(4)	Feature Group C and BSA-C Usage Measurement	
(5)	Feature Group D and BSA-D Usage Measurement	
(6)	SAC Access Service Usage Measurement	
(P)	FGD and BSA-D Switched Access Service with 950-XXXX Access	
4.5.3	(Reserved for Future Use)	
4.5.4	(Reserved for Future Use)	
4.5.5	Application of Rates for FGA and BSA-A Extension Service	
4.5.6	(Reserved for Future Use)	
4.5.7	(Reserved for Future Use)	
4.5.8	(Reserved for Future Use)	
4.5.9	Shared Use Analog and Digital High Capacity Services	(C)
4.5.10	Basic Service Elements (BSEs)	

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

5. SPECIAL ACCESS

(M)

5.1 General

5.1.1 Rate Elements

- (A) (Reserved for Future Use)
- (B) Special Transport
- (C) Special Access Line (SAL)
- (D) (Reserved for Future Use)
- (E) Supplemental Features
- (F) Multiplexing Arrangements
- (G) Special Transport Termination

5.1.2 Special Access Configurations

- (A) Two-point Service
- (B) Multipoint Service

5.1.3 Special Facilities Routing

5.1.4 Design Layout Report

5.1.5 Acceptance Testing

5.1.6 Ordering Conditions

- (A) Determination of Jurisdiction of Mixed Use Special Access Lines
- (B) Special Access Jurisdictional Verification

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Certain material found on this page formerly appeared on Table of Contents Original Sheet 7.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.1 Payment of Charges and Deposits (Cont'd)

- (C) The Telephone Company shall bill FIA services on a current basis for (a) all charges incurred, (b) applicable taxes, and (c) credits due the customer.
- Switched Access (except for the Entrance Facility, Direct-Trunked Transport and Multiplexing elements), Ancillary and Miscellaneous services shall be billed in arrears. (C)  
(C)
  - Special Access, Switched Access Entrance Facility, Direct-Trunked Transport and Multiplexing elements shall be billed in advance except for the charges and credits associated with the initial or final bills. The initial bill will also include charges for the actual period of service up to, but not including, the bill date. The unused portion of the FIA already billed will be credited on the final bill. (C)  
(C)

The customer will receive its bill in; 1) a paper format, 2) a paper format bill summary with a magnetic tape to provide the detailed information of the bill, 3) magnetic tape only, or 4) via electronic transmission. Such bills are due when rendered regardless of the media utilized. Adjustments for the quantities of FIA established or discontinued in any billing period beyond the minimum period in 2.4.2 will be prorated to the number of days based on a 30 day month. The Telephone Company will, upon request and if available, furnish such detailed information as may reasonably be required for verification of any bill.

- (D) All bills to the customer are due 31 days (payment date) after the bill date or by the next bill date (i.e., same date in the following month as the bill date), whichever is the shortest interval. In the event the customer does not remit payment in immediately available funds by the payment date, the FIA may be discontinued as specified in 2.1.8.
- (1) If the entire amount billed is not received by the Telephone Company in immediately available funds by the payment date, an additional charge (late payment charge) equal to 1/12th of the percentage rate for deposit interest as that in 2.4.1(A) of the unpaid balance will be applied for each month or portion thereof that an outstanding balance remains.

If such payment date would cause payment to be due on a Saturday, Sunday or Holiday (i.e., New Year's Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, the second Tuesday in November and a day when Washington's Birthday, Memorial Day or Columbus Day is legally observed), payment for such bills will be due from the customer as follows:

- If such payment date falls on a Saturday or on a Holiday which is observed on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday or Friday, the payment date shall be the last non-Holiday day preceding such Saturday or Holiday.
- If such payment date falls on a Sunday or on a Holiday which is observed on a Monday, the payment date shall be the first non-Holiday day following such Sunday or Holiday.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances (Cont'd)

2.4.3 Cancellation of an ASR

Provisions for the cancellation of an ASR are in 3.2.6.

2.4.4 Credit Allowance for FIA Interruptions

(A) General

A FIA is interrupted when it becomes unusable to the customer because of a failure of a component used to furnish FIA under this tariff, or when the service is preempted as a result of invoking NSEP Treatment or when the application of protective controls interrupt all transmission paths as set forth in 4.2.9 following. An interruption period starts when Telephone Company personnel become aware that the FIA is inoperative.

The credit allowance(s) for an interruption or for a series of interruptions will be computed based upon the billing method which applies to the service being credited. In no case will the credit allowance for service interruptions exceed the applicable charges for the billing period during which the interruption occurred.

A credit allowance for any FIA service will apply for the period specified as follows:

- (1) For Special Access services (other than Program Audio and Videoband) and for Switched Access Entrance Facilities, Direct-Trunked Transport and Multiplexing services, a credit allowance will be made for an interruption period of 30 minutes or more. The allowance will be calculated at the rate of 1/1440 of the monthly charge for the portion of the FIA affected, for each 30 minutes or major fraction thereof that the interruption continues. A major fraction is considered to be sixteen minutes or more beyond the 30 minute period. (C)
- (2) For Program Audio and Videoband Special Access services, a credit allowance will be made for an interruption of 30 seconds or more. Two or more such interruptions occurring during a period of 5 consecutive minutes shall be considered as one interruption. The allowance will be calculated as follows:
  - (a) For Program Audio Service provided at monthly rates, the credit will be at the rate of 1/8640 of the monthly service rate.
  - (b) For Program Audio Service provided at daily rates, the credit will be at the rate of 1/288 of the daily rate.
  - (c) For Temporary Videoband Service provided at hourly rates, the credit will be at 1/12 of the hourly rate. (C)

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Common Line

The term "Common Line" denotes a line, trunk, coin line or other facility provided under the Telephone Company General and/or Local Tariffs, terminated on a Central Office switch. A Common Line - Residence is a line or trunk provided under the residence regulations of the Telephone Company General and/or Local Tariffs. A Common Line - Business is a line or trunk provided under the business regulations of the Telephone Company General and/or Local Tariffs. A coin line is a line provided under the public and/or semi-public service regulations of the Telephone Company General and/or Local Tariffs.

Common Trunk Port

The term "Common Trunk Port" denotes the termination of shared access trunks when traffic is routed to an end office through an access tandem, host office or dial tone office.

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Communications System

The term "Communications System" denotes circuits and other facilities which are capable of communications between terminal equipment provided by other than the Telephone Company or Telephone Company stations.

Confirmed ASR

The term "Confirmed ASR" denotes a customer's ASR for a) Switched Access FIA which the Telephone Company has processed with the Engineering Department to confirm for the customer and the Telephone Company the availability of facilities and/or equipment, and b) Special Access FIA for which the Telephone Company confirms to the customer that the established due date can be met. The date the ASR is confirmed, the standard service date interval commences.

Confirming Design Layout Report Date

The term "Confirming Design Layout Report (CDLR) Date" identifies the date that the Telephone Company is scheduled to receive confirmation that the Design Layout Report provided by the Telephone Company for a confirmed ASR is acceptable.

Conventional Signaling

The term "Conventional Signaling" denotes the inter-machine signaling system which has been traditionally used in North America for the purpose of transmitting the called number's address digits from the originating end office to the switching machine which will terminate the call. In this system, all of the dialed digits are received by the originating switching machine, a path is selected, and the sequence of supervisory signals and outpulsed digits is initiated. No overlap outpulsing, ten-digit ANI, ANI information digits, or acknowledgement wink are included in this signaling sequence.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Customer

The term "Customer" denotes any individual, partnership, association, joint-stock company, trust, corporation, or governmental entity or any other entity which subscribes to the services offered under this tariff. For the purposes of this tariff Local Exchange Carriers (LECs) that participate in the Primary Carrier by Toll Center Plan, are included in this definition.

Customer Designated Location

The term "Customer Designated Location" (CDL) denotes a location specified by the customer for the purpose of terminating FIA services. The Telephone Company must have access to the location to perform installation, testing, and maintenance functions. The customer may or may not have access to the location. CDLs include locations such as customer premises, end user premises, customer repeater stations, customer microwave towers, a Telephone Company's first point of switching, some other point where Telephone Company testing can occur, etc. A CDL may be designated by the customer for Switched Access, Special Access, or both in combination.

D-Conditioning

The term "D-Conditioning" denotes a Telephone Company special treatment of the transmission path in order to control C-notched noise and intermodulation distortion.

Daily Busiest Hour

The term "Daily Busiest Hour" denotes the highest usage hour for each day with the reading taken on the clock hour or half hour. The clock hour or half hour selection varies from day to day, depending upon the usage measured. The Daily Busiest Hour is also known as the Bouncing Busy Hour.

Data Transmission (107-Type) Test Line

The term "Data Transmission (107-Type) Test Line" denotes an arrangement which provides for the connection to a signal source which provides test signals for one-way testing of data and voice transmission parameters.

Dedicated Trunk Port

The term "Dedicated Trunk Port" denotes the termination of Feature Group B and D access trunks to an end office when provided as a trunk side arrangement or to the access tandem at the serving wire center side of the switch.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Direct-Trunked Transport

The term "Direct-Trunked Transport" denotes switched access transport from the serving wire center to the end office on circuits dedicated to the use of a single access customer without tandem switching, or from the serving wire center to the access tandem when the transport from the access tandem to the end office is routed on circuits used in common by multiple access customers.

Dual Tone Multifrequency Address Signaling

The term "Dual Tone Multifrequency (DTMF) Address Signaling" denotes a type of signaling that is an optional feature of FGA and BSA-A. It may be utilized when FGA or BSA-A is being used in the terminating direction. An office arranged for signaling would expect to receive address signals from the IC in the form of DTMF format.

Echo Path Loss

The term "Echo Path Loss" denotes the measure of reflected signal at a four-wire interface without regard to the send and receive Transmission Level Point (TLP).

Echo Return Loss

The term "Echo Return Loss" denotes a frequency weighted measure of return loss over the middle of the voiceband (approximately 500 to 2500 Hz) where talker echo is most annoying.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Statistical Multiplexing

The term "Statistical Multiplexing" denotes a technique in which timeslots are dynamically allocated on the basis of need rather than being predetermined. The data is typically transmitted on a first come, first served basis.

Synchronous Test Line

The term "Synchronous Test Line" denotes an arrangement of an end office which performs marginal operational tests of supervisory and ring-tripping functions.

Tandem-Switched Transport

The term "Tandem-Switched Transport" denotes switched access transport from the access tandem to an end office subtending that tandem. Tandem-switched transport consists of circuits used in common by multiple access customers from the tandem to the end office.

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Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) System

The term "Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) System" or "TSP System" refers to the regulatory, administrative and operational system authorizing and providing for priority treatment (i.e., the provisioning and restoration) of NSEP Services.

Temporary Facilities

The term "Temporary Facilities" denotes facilities used to provide FIA to a customer for less than the minimum service period or less than one month, whichever is longer, or to provide FIA while permanent facilities are being constructed.

Terminating Direction

The term "Terminating Direction" denotes the use of Switched Access for the completion of calls from a CDL to an end user.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.6 Definitions (Cont'd)

Toll VoIP-PSTN Traffic

The term "Toll VoIP-PSTN Traffic" denotes a customer's interexchange voice traffic exchanged with the Telephone Company in Time Division Multiplexing format over PSTN facilities, which originates and/or terminates in Internet Protocol (IP) format. "Toll VoIP-PSTN Traffic" originates and/or terminates in IP format when it originates from and/or terminates to an end user customer of a service that requires IP-compatible customer premises equipment.

Trunk

The term "Trunk" denotes a communications path connecting two switching systems in a network, used in an end-to-end connection.

Trunk Group

The term "Trunk Group" denotes a grouping of trunks which are traffic engineered as a unit for the establishment of connections between switching systems in which all of the communications paths are interchangeable.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.7 FIA Services Provided By More Than One Telephone Company (Cont'd)

(A) (Cont'd)

(2) Meet Point Billing (Cont'd)

(a) Single Bill Option (Cont'd)

For usage rated access services the access minutes of use will be compiled by the Initial Billing Company and used by the Initial Billing Company and any subsequent Billing Company(s) for the development of access charges.

- The Initial Billing Company for FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C and BSA-D Switched Access services is normally the end user's serving office and for WATS usage the Initial Billing Company is normally the WATS serving office. When the Initial Billing Company is other than the normally designated Telephone Company, the Telephone Company will notify the customer.
- The Subsequent Billing Company(s) is any Telephone Company(s) in whose territory a segment of the Switched Transport Facility is provided and/or where the CDL is located.

The Single Bill option provides three billing alternative, Single Bill/Single Tariff, Single Bill/Pass-Through Billing and Single Bill/Multiple Tariff which are described following:

(C)  
|  
(C)

Single Bill/Single Tariff

Each Telephone Company will receive an ASR or a copy of the ASR from the customer as specified in 3.3(A)(2) and arrange to provide the service. The Initial Billing Company will:

- determine the applicable charges and bill in accordance with its tariff;
- include all recurring and nonrecurring rates and charges of its tariff; and
- forward the bill to the customer.

The customer will remit the payment to the Initial Billing Company.

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.7 FIA Services Provided By More Than One Telephone Company (Cont'd)

(A) (Cont'd)

(2) Meet Point Billing (Cont'd)

(a) Single Bill Option (Cont'd)

Single Bill/Pass-Through Billing

Each Telephone Company will receive an ASR or a copy of the ASR from the customer as specified in 3.3(A)(2) and arrange to provide the service.

Each Telephone Company will:

- determine its portion of Switched Transport and/or Special Transport as in 2.7(A)(2)(c);
- determine the applicable charges and bill in accordance with its tariff;
- include all recurring and nonrecurring rates and charges of its tariff; and
- forward the bill to the Initial Billing Company for meet point billed access services.

The Initial Billing Company will:

- apply usage data, when needed, to the bill and calculate the charges;
- identify each involved Telephone Company's charges separately on the bill;
- combine all the bills of the involved Telephone Companies of a meet point billed access service into one access bill;
- forward the bill to the customer; and
- advise the customer how to remit the payment, either directly to each Telephone Company involved in the provision of this meet point billed service; or, as a single payment made to the Initial Billing Company. If payments are to be sent directly to the Initial Billing Company, the Subsequent Billing Company(s) will provide the customer with written authorization for the payment arrangement.

(N)

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.7 FIA Services Provided By More Than One Telephone Company (Cont'd)

(A) (Cont'd)

(2) Meet Point Billing (Cont'd)

(a) Single Bill Option (Cont'd)

Single Bill/Multiple Tariff

Each Telephone Company will receive an ASR or a copy of the ASR from the customer as specified in 3.3(A)(2) and arrange to provide the service. The Initial Billing Company will:

- determine each Telephone Company's portion of switched transport and/or special transport as set forth in 2.7(A)(2)(c);
- determine the applicable charges and bill in accordance with each Telephone Company's tariff;
- include all recurring and nonrecurring charges for each involved Telephone Company;
- identify each involved Telephone Company's charges separately on the bill;
- forward the bill to the customer; and
- advise the customer how to remit the payment, either directly to each Telephone Company involved in the provision of this meet point billed service; or, as a single payment made to the Initial Billing Company. If payments are to be sent directly to the Initial Billing Company, the Subsequent Billing Company(s) will provide the customer with written authorization for the payment arrangement.

(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.7 FIA Services Provided By More Than One Telephone Company (Cont'd)

(A) (Cont'd)

(2) Meet Point Billing (Cont'd)

(b) Multiple Bill Option

The Multiple Bill option allows all Telephone Companies providing service to bill the customer for their portion of a jointly provided access service. Each Telephone Company will:

- determine its portion of the Switched Transport and/or Special Transport as set forth in 2.7(A)(2)(c);
- determine the applicable charges and bill in accordance with its tariff;
- include all recurring and nonrecurring rates and charges of its tariff; and
- forward the bill to the customer.

The customer will remit the payments directly to each Telephone Company.

(c) Meet Point Billing Mileage Calculation

Each Telephone Company's portion of the Switched Transport and/or Special Transport mileage will be determined as follows:

- (1) For Switched Access Tandem-Switched Transport Services, determine the appropriate Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility total miles by computing the number of miles from the access tandem to the serving wire center in the Access Area (i.e., end user serving wire center, or WATS Serving Office), using the V&H method as set forth in the NECA Tariff FCC No. 4. For Special Access Services, and Switched Access Direct-Trunked Transport determine the appropriate Special Transport or Direct-Trunked Transport total miles by computing the number of miles between the serving wire centers involved (i.e., CDL serving wire center, Hub Wire Center, WATS Serving Office, end office, or access tandem) using the V&H method as set forth in the NECA Tariff FCC No. 4. Where the calculated miles include a fraction, the value is rounded up to the next full mile. (C)
- (2) Determine the billing percentage (BP), as set forth in the NECA Tariff FCC No. 4(\*). This represents the portion of the Service provided by each telephone company.
- (3) For Switched Access Tandem-Switched Transport; (a) multiply the number of access minutes of use times the number of airline miles as set forth in (1), times the BP of each Telephone Company as set forth in (2), times the Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility rate; (b) multiply the Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate times the number of access minutes times the quantity of terminations. (C)

(\*) For intraLATA LEC to LEC traffic, percentages of ownership will be determined by the V&H coordinates located in the Missouri Intrastate IntraLATA Compensation Plan Database.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.7 FIA Services Provided By More Than One Telephone Company (Cont'd)

(A) (Cont'd)

(2) Meet Point Billing (Cont'd)

(c) Meet Point Billing Mileage Calculation (Cont'd)

(3) (Cont'd)

Example of Billing Percentage (BP) Method Using the Multiple Bill Option:

The Switched Transport Facility between Office X and Office Y is jointly provided by telephone companies A and B. The following example reflects the rate for telephone company A. Rates for telephone company B would appear in its appropriate Access Tariff.

(A) Airline miles from telephone company A (office X) to telephone company B (office Y) = 50 airline miles as set forth in NECA Tariff FCC No. 4.(\*)

(B) Billing Percentage for each telephone company (from NECA Tariff FCC No. 4 (\*)).

Telephone Company A = 40%  
Telephone Company B = 60%

(C) Access Minutes for Telephone Company A = 9000.

(D) Tandem-Switched Transport-Facility rate for Telephone Company A = SWT FAC (C)

(E) Tandem-Switched Transport-Termination rate = SWT TERM (C)

NOTE: The Tandem-Switched Transport-Termination rate does not apply in situations where there is an intermediate, non-terminating Local Exchange Carrier involved in the provision of the Switched Transport Facility. (C)

Formula:

Access Minutes (AM) x Airline Miles (ALM) x Billing Percentage (BP) x Switched Transport Facility Rate (SWT FAC) + [Tandem-Switched Transport Termination Rate (SWT TERM) x Access Minutes (AM) x Quantity of Terminations (TERMS)] = Total (C)

Calculation:

Telephone Company A

AM ALM BP SWT FAC SWT TERM AM TERMS  
9,000 x 50 x .40 x SWT FAC + [SWT TERM x 9,000 x TERMS]=TOTAL

(4) For Special Access and for Switched Access Direct-Trunked Transport, multiply the number of airline miles as in (1), times the BP for each telephone company as in (2), times the Special Transport or Direct-Trunked Transport Facility rate elements. For DS1 and DS3 Special Transport and DS1 and DS3 Direct-Trunked Transport, multiply the Special Transport Termination or Direct-Trunked Transport Termination rate times the number of terminations provided by the Telephone Company. (C)

(\*) For intraLATA LEC to LEC traffic, percentages of ownership will be determined by the V&H coordinates located in the Missouri Intrastate IntraLATA Compensation Plan Database.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

2. GENERAL REGULATIONS (Cont'd)

2.7 FIA Services Provided By More Than One Telephone Company (Cont'd)

(A) (Cont'd)

(2) Meet Point Billing (Cont'd)

- (d) All other appropriate recurring and nonrecurring charges in each telephone company's Access tariff are applicable.
- (e) Where the Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility is provided by more than one telephone company, the Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate applies for the termination at the Telephone Company end of the Tandem-Switched Transport (i.e., the first point of switching or the end office serving the end user). The Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate will not apply when the Telephone Company is the intermediate provider of the Switched Transport Facility.
- (f) The Interconnection charge for Switched Transport shall be billed by the Telephone Company in whose territory the end office is located.
- (g) The Shared Trunk Port for Tandem-Switched Transport shall be billed by the Telephone Company in whose territory the end office is located.
- (h) For tandem routed trunks, the dedicated trunk port shall be billed by the Telephone Company owning the tandem. For end office direct routed trunks, the dedicated trunk port shall be billed by the Telephone Company owning the end office on a single bill, single tariff or multiple bill, multiple tariff meet point billing arrangement.
- (i) The shared multiplexing charge will be assessed to the interexchange carrier by the Telephone Company owning the access tandem under the multiple bill, multiple tariff meet point billing option, and to the initial billing company, by the Telephone Company owning the access tandem, under the single bill, single tariff meet point billing option.

(C)  
|  
(C)  
|  
(N)  
|  
(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

SECTION 3 TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Sheet</u>	
3.		<u>ORDERING OPTIONS FOR FIA</u>
3.1	47	<u>General</u>
3.1.1	47	Ordering Conditions
3.1.2	51	Provision of Other Services
3.1.3	52	Special Construction
3.1.4	52	Tandem Switch Signaling
3.2	52	<u>Access Service Request</u>
3.2.1	52	Service Date Intervals
3.2.2	53	ASR Modifications
	53	(A) Service Date Change Charge
	54	(B) Partial Cancellation Charge
	55	(C) Discontinuance of Service
	55	(D) Design Change Charge
	55	(E) Requests for Expedition
3.2.3	55	Selection of Facilities for Access Service
3.2.4	56	Minimum Period
3.2.5	56	Minimum Period Charges
3.2.6	57	Cancellation of an ASR
3.2.7	61	Discontinuance of Switched Access FGD or BSA-D
3.2.8	62	FGD or BSA-D Maximum Per Trunk Cancellation Charge
3.3	62	<u>Access Service Requests for Services Provided By More Than One Telephone Company</u>
3.4	64	(Reserved for Future Use)
3.5	64	<u>Switched Access Minimum Capacity Requirements</u>

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

3. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR FIA

3.1 General

This section sets forth the regulations and order related charges for FIA Orders to provide the customer with FIA. These charges are in addition to other applicable charges in other sections of this tariff.

3.1.1 Ordering Conditions

(A) A customer may order any amount of FIA (Switched or Special) of the same interface type, same Feature Group, same BSA or same Special Access between the same locations for installation on the same date on a single FIA ASR. A customer may order the changed use of Switched Access and Special Access over the same high capacity facility however, separate FIA ASRs are required. The methodology for shared use is set forth in 5.6.7.

- ASRs for FGA or BSA-A must be in number of lines required.
- ASRs for FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D and SAC Access Service may be in trunks or Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity (BHMC). For Tandem-Switched Transport, the customer has the option of specifying the number of trunks or Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity (BHMC).

(N)  
(N)

In addition, the ASR must indicate whether the Switched Transport ordered is for Entrance Facilities, Direct-Trunked Transport and/or Tandem-Switched Transport. For Direct-Trunked Transport, and Entrance Facilities the ASR must specify channel type, channel interface, and any options desired. In addition, ASRs for Direct-Trunked Transport must specify Facility Hubs involved. Additional ASR requirements for Switched Access Service are described in 4.2.5(V) and 4.3.2.

(N)  
|  
(N)

(B) The customer shall supply all details necessary to complete an order. The details may include the following: requested service date, customer name, customer designated location, end office, Entrance Facility, type of Switched Access or Special Access, Supplemental Features, End Office Services and Signaling Interface, and originating and terminating capacity required. The customer may also be required to provide end user name and location, end user contact person, and end user premises access information to complete an order for Special Access.

(C)  
(C)

When a customer orders mixed interstate and intrastate Switched Access, the customer is required to provide an estimate of the percent of traffic which will be interstate. If the customer fails to provide this estimate, the order will not be processed until such time as the customer provides this estimate.

When a customer orders mixed-use special access service, the customer must indicate the jurisdiction based on the criteria in Section 5.1.6.

(C) When the Alternate Traffic Routing Optional Arrangement is ordered, more than one CDL will be supplied and the number of trunks or BHMC for FGB, FGC and FGD to each CDL shall be specified.

When the Alternate Traffic Routing Basic Serving Element (BSE) is ordered, more than one CDL will be supplied and the number of trunks or BHMC for BSA-B, BSA-C, and BSA-D to each CDL shall be specified.

(D) The customer shall order SAC Access Service, as described in 4.2.1(E), in the same manner as ordering FGD with the following exceptions. For 500 SAC Access Service or 900 SAC Access Service, customers may request direct connections to only those offices designated by the Telephone Company as 500 SAC Access Service or 900 SAC Access Service screening offices. All 500 NXX or 900 NXX code assignments and administration shall be in accordance with the North American Numbering Plan (NANP). 800 SAC Access Service is offered only in conjunction with the 800 Customer Identification Function as described in 4.2.11 and in conjunction with 800 Data Base Query Service as described in 4.2.19. Customers may request 800 SAC access connections to suitably equipped end offices and access tandem offices. A list of those offices will be provided upon request. All 800 number assignments shall be administered by the Number Administration Service Center (NASC) through the Service Management System (SMS).

500 NXX Codes or 900 NXX Codes to be activated and/or deactivated in conjunction with 500 SAC Access Service or 900 SAC Access Service, must be provided to the Telephone Company at least 30 business days prior to the effective date of the change.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

3. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR FIA (Cont'd)

3.1 General (Cont'd)

3.1.1 Ordering Conditions (Cont'd)

(E) (Cont'd)

Step 3: When an IC receives less facilities than desired, the remainder of ICs are allocated according to the following allocation factor:

$$\frac{\text{Remaining Facilities}}{\text{Total Desired Facilities of Remaining Eligible Ics of Access}} = \frac{625 - 98}{1000 - 200} = \frac{527}{800} = .659$$

- D = 100 x .659 = 66
- C = 200 x .659 = 132
- B = 200 x .659 = 132
- A = 300 x .659 = 197

ICs	Demand Desired (In Trunks)	Resources Available	Step 1 Flat 25% Distribution	Step 2	Step 3	Total Assigned Trunk Circuits
A	300	-	25	-	197	222
B	200	-	25	-	132	157
C(*)	200	-	-0-	-	132	132
D	100	-	25	-	66	91
E	80	-	25	53	-	78
F	70	-	25	45(**)	-	70
G	25	-	25	-	-	25
H	15	-	15(**)	-	-	15
I	<u>10</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10(**)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10</u>
Total	1,000	800	175	98	527	800

(\*) Request for additional trunk circuits by an IC with existing FGC or BSA-C

(\*\*) Will not assign more than desired

(F) The provision of Special Access requires the selection of a Terminating Option as defined in 5.3. The provision of Switched Access requires an Entrance Facility as defined in 4.2.3(B). When a customer orders a DS3 SAL or DS3 Switched Entrance Facility, he may specify, on the ASR, if the interface is to be electrical or optical. In the event the customer does not specify an interface preference for DS3, the Telephone Company will provide an electrical interface.

When a customer orders a DS3C SAL, the Telephone Company will provide an optical interface unless service is provided via microwave, in which case an electro-magnetic interface is provided, or unless the customer specifies on the ASR a request for an electrical interface.

(C)

(C)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

3. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR FIA (Cont'd)

3.1 General (Cont'd)

3.1.1 Ordering Conditions (Cont'd)

- (L) When ordering Signaling System 7 (SS7) Out of Band Signaling as described in 4.2.5(A)(A), the customer shall provide an ASR specifying a reference to existing CCS7 Access service facilities or reference to a related ASR for CCS7 Access service. The customer's ASR shall also include STP point codes, STP location identifier codes, FGD or BSA-D trunk or 800/888/877 Service Access trunk circuit identification codes, and switch type. When ordering SS7 Out of Band Signaling for FGD or BSA-D, the customer shall specify that all traffic carried by that FGD or BSA-D will be equipped with out of band signaling. The customer shall work cooperatively with the Telephone Company to determine the number of CCS7 Access service connections required to handle the customer's SS7 Out of Band Signaling traffic. (C)
- (M) (Reserved for Future Use)
- (N) When a customer orders Tandem Switch Signaling (TSS), as described in 4.2.5(A)(E) and 4.2.21, to be established with the installation of a new FGD or BSA-D trunk group, 500 SAC Access Service, or 900 SAC Access Service trunk group, the Switched Access Ordering charge, per ASR and the appropriate Service Installation charge will apply for the installation of the FGD or BSA-D or 900 SAC Access services. TSS can only be provided from equal access end offices. (C)  
  
When a customer orders Tandem Switch Signaling to be added to an existing FGD or BSA-D trunk group, 500 SAC Access Service or 900 SAC Access Service trunk group or to a pending ASR, only the Switched Access Ordering charge and the Design Change charge will apply for the addition of the optional arrangement. (N)
- (O) When ordering FGD or BSA-D Switched Access with 950-XXXX Access as described in 4.2.5(T), the customer shall provide an ASR specifying which 950-XXXX access code(s) are to be routed and the FGD or BSA-D Switched Access Service over which the resulting originating 950-XXXX access code calls are to be routed.
- (P) When ordering Carrier Identification Parameter (CIP) as described in 4.2.5(A)(G), the customer shall provide an ASR specifying a reference to existing FGD or BSA-D switched access services or reference to a related ASR for FGD or BSA-D switched access services. The customer' ASR shall specify the information necessary to identify the trunk group to which the CIP is to be added. (N)

3.1.2 Provision of Other Services

- (A) At the option of a customer, Recording and Processing, Additional Labor, Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP), Testing and Special Routing services may be ordered with an ASR at the same time the ASR is accepted by the Telephone Company. Such requests will be considered to be supplemental to the ASR. The rates and charges for these services as set forth in other sections of this tariff will apply in addition to the ordering charges set forth in this section and the rates and charges for the Switched Access or Special Access with which they are associated.
- (B) The items listed in (A) preceding may subsequently be added to the ASR at any time, up to and including the service date established by the ASR. When ordered subsequently, charges for ASR modifications as in 3.2.2 following will apply.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

3. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR FIA (Cont'd)

3.1 General (Cont'd)

3.1.3 Special Construction

The regulations, rates and charges for Special Construction are in Section 10 in addition to the regulations, rates and charges specified in this section.

3.1.4 Tandem Switch Signaling

The regulations, rates and charges for Tandem Switch Signaling in Section 4 and are in addition to the regulations, rates and charges specified in this section.

(N)  
|  
(N)

3.2 Access Service Request

An ASR is used by the Telephone Company to receive orders for the following types of FIA requested by the customer:

- Switched Access as in Section 4
- Special Access as in Section 5, and
- Other Services as in other sections of the tariff.

3.2.1 Service Date Intervals

The time required to provision service is known as the service date interval. Such intervals will be established in accordance with published service date interval guidelines which are available to customers upon request. The service date interval guidelines will apply to ASRs and will specify the quantities of FIA that can be provided on the same service date. The customer may request a service date other than that established pursuant to the service date interval guidelines, and the Telephone Company, where possible, will establish the service date in accordance with such request, subject, however, to other applicable provisions of this tariff.

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

3. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR FIA (Cont'd)

3.2 Access Service Request (Cont'd)

3.2.4 Minimum Period

- (A) The Minimum Period for which Special Access is provided and for which charges are applicable, is one month, except as in B through G.
- (B) The Minimum Period for Miscellaneous Services is in Section 6.
- (C) The Minimum Period for Ancillary Services is in Section 8.
- (D) The Minimum Period for temporary videoband and program audio Special Access is the minimum period for which rates are established in Section 5.7.
- (E) The Minimum Period for FIA provided under Special Construction provisions and for which charges are applicable in Section 10.
- (F) The Minimum Period for FGA, FGB, FGC, BSA-A, BSA-B, BSA-C and SAC Access Service, and also for FGD or BSA-D ordered after the conversion of an end office to equal access, is three months. For the application of the minimum period charges for Switched Access Service FGB, FGC, BSA-B, BSA-C, SAC Access Service, and for FGD or BSA-D ordered after the conversion of an end office to Equal Access, it is assumed the last identical capacity placed in service is the first one discontinued.
- (G) For FGD or BSA-D ordered prior to the conversion of an end office to equal access and (1) canceled prior to the conversion date, a Cancellation Charge in 3.2.6 applies or (2) canceled on or after the equal access conversion date, a Discontinuance Charge in 3.2.7 applies.

3.2.5 Minimum Period Charges

When FIA are discontinued prior to the expiration of the Minimum Period, charges are applicable for the remaining month(s) and/or fraction thereof of the Minimum Period.

The Minimum Period Charge will be determined as follows:

- (A) For Switched Access usage sensitive rate elements, the charge for the minimum period, or fraction thereof, is equal to the applicable rates for the actual or assumed usage for the minimum period or such fraction thereof. For Switched Access flat-rated monthly elements (i.e., Entrance Facility, Direct-Trunked Transport and Multiplexing rates), the charge for the minimum period or fraction thereof is the applicable monthly rates for the service.
- (B) For Special Access, the charge is the applicable monthly rate for the service(s) as in 5.7.
- (C) (Reserved for Future Use)

(C)  
(N)  
|  
(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

3. ORDERING OPTIONS FOR FIA (Cont'd)

3.2 Access Service Request (Cont'd)

3.2.5 Minimum Period Charges (Cont'd)

- (D) For FGD or BSA-D ordered prior to conversion of an end office to equal access, but canceled after the equal access conversion date, a Discontinuance Charge in 3.2.7 applies.
- (E) For part-time or occasional program audio Special Access services, the rates in 5.6.1 and 5.7 will apply.
- (F) For FGA, FGB, BSA-A and BSA-B Type service where measurement equipment is not available and the Assumed Minutes of Use Monthly Surrogate is used, the charge will be the prorated amount on a daily basis, calculated at 1/30 of the applicable rate shown in Section 4.6.7, for each day of the minimum period the facility was in service.

3.2.6 Cancellation of an ASR

- (A) A customer may cancel ordered FIA on any date prior to the service date. The cancellation date is the date the Telephone Company receives written or verbal notice from the customer that the ASR is to be canceled. The verbal notice must be followed by written confirmation within 10 days.

For Switched Access Tandem-Switched Transport or ASRs requesting additional trunk activations on existing Direct-Trunked Transport facilities, if a customer is unable to accept service within 30 calendar days of the original service date, the ASR shall be considered canceled and charges in (C) and (D) will apply. In such instances, the cancellation date shall be the 31st calendar day beyond the original service date of the ASR. (C)  
(C)

For Special Access and Switched Access Entrance Facilities and Direct-Trunked Transport, if a customer is unable to accept service within 30 calendar days of the original service date, the customer has the choice of the following options: (C)  
(C)

- The Special Access ASR shall be canceled and charges in (C) will apply, or
- Billing for the service will commence.

In either case, the cancellation date or the billing date shall commence on the 31st calendar day beyond the original service date of the ASR.

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

SECTION 4 TABLE OF CONTENTS

4.	<u>SWITCHED ACCESS</u>	<u>Sheet</u>	
4.1	<u>General</u>	70	
4.2	<u>Description of Switched Access</u>	71	
4.2.1	Descriptions of Feature Groups	71	
	(A) Feature Group A	71	
	(B) Feature Group B	76	
	(C) Feature Group C	82	
	(D) Feature Group D	89	
	(E) SAC Access Service	96	
4.2.2	Description of Basic Serving Arrangements	98	
	(A) BSA-A	98	
	(B) BSA-B	102	
	(C) BSA-C	104.2	
	(D) BSA-D	104.7	
	(E) (Reserved for Future Use)	104.13	
	(F) Alarm Signal Transport Service (ASTs)	104.13	
4.2.3	Description of Switched Transport	104.14	
	(A) General	104.14	
	(B) Entrance Facility	104.15	(C)
	(1) Two-Wire Voice Frequency Entrance Facility	104.16	
	(2) Four-Wire Voice Frequency Entrance Facility	104.16	
	(3) Group Analog Entrance Facility	104.17	
	(4) Supergroup Analog Entrance Facility	104.18	
	(5) Mastergroup Analog Entrance Facility	104.18	
	(6) DS1 Digital Entrance Facility	104.19	
	(7) DS1C Digital Entrance Facility	104.19	
	(8) DS2 Digital Entrance Facility	104.20	
	(9) DS3 Digital Entrance Facility	104.20	
	(10) DS3C Digital Entrance Facility	104.21	(C)
	(C) Direct-Trunked Transport	104.21.1	(C)
	(D) Tandem-Switched Transport	104.21.2	(N)
	(E) Interconnection Rate	104.21.3	
	(F) Multiplexing	104.21.4	(N)
	(G) Optional Arrangements	104.22	(C)
4.2.4	Description of End Office Services	104.23	

Material omitted from this page now appears on Original Sheet 66.1.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

SECTION 4 TABLE OF CONTENTS

4.	<u>SWITCHED ACCESS</u> (Cont'd)	Sheet	(N)
4.2.5	End Office Services Optional Arrangements	105	(M)
(A)	Alternate Traffic Routing	105	
(B)	Automatic Number Identification (ANI) Arrangement	105	
(C)	Call Denial on Line or Hunt Group	106	
(D)	InterLATA Call Denial on Line or Hunt Group	107	
(E)	Call Denial on Line or Hunt Group Outside the Access Area	107	
(F)	Dual Tone Multifrequency Address Signaling	108	
(G)	Hunt Group Arrangement	108	
(H)	Customer Specification of Switched Access Directionality	108	
(I)	International Direct Distance Dialing Arrangement	108	
(J)	Nonhunting Number for Use with Hunt Group Arrangement	109	
(K)	Nonhunting Number for Use with Uniform Call Distribution Arrangement	109	
(L)	Operator Assistance Full Feature Arrangement	109	
(M)	Rotary Dial Station Signaling	109	
(N)	Service Class Routing	109	
(O)	Service Code Denial on Line or Hunt Group	109	
(P)	Trunk Access Limitation	110	
(Q)	Uniform Call Distribution Arrangement	110	(M)

Certain material found on this page formerly appeared on Original Sheet 66.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

SECTION 4 TABLE OF CONTENTS (Cont'd)

(C)

4.	<u>SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)</u>	<u>Sheet</u>
4.2	<u>Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)</u>	
4.2.5	End Office Services Optional Arrangements (Cont'd)	
	(R) Up to 7 Digit Outputting of Access Digits to the Customer	110
	(S) Band Advance Arrangement	110
	(T) FGD and BSA-D Switched Access with 950-XXXX Access	111
	(U) Operator Assistance for SAC Access Services	111
	(V) Switched Access Interface	111
	(W) (Reserved for Future Use)	117
	(X) (Reserved for Future Use)	117
	(Y) Switched Data Service	117
	(Z) (Reserved for Future Use)	118
	(A)(A) Signaling System 7 (SS7) Out of Band Signaling	118
	(A)(B) Calling Party Number (CPN) Parameter	118
	(A)(C) Carrier Selection Parameter (CSP)	119
	(A)(D) Charge Number (CN) Parameter	119
	(A)(E) Tandem Switch Signaling	119
	(A)(F) Tandem Access Sectorization	119.1
	(A)(G) Carrier Identification Parameter (CIP)	119.1
	(A)(H) Flexible Automatic Number Identification (FLEX ANI)	119.2
4.2.6	Call Restriction and Code Screening Reports	120
4.2.7	Installation and Acceptance Testing of Switched Access	120
4.2.8	Provision of Design Layout Report	120
4.2.9	Network Management	120
4.2.10	(Reserved for Future Use)	121
4.2.11	800/888/877 Customer Identification Function	121
4.2.12	900 Customer Identification Function	121
4.2.13	Design and Routing of Switched Access	121
4.2.14	Provision of Switched Access Performance Data	122
4.2.15	Transmission Performance	122
4.2.16	Design Blocking Probability	123
4.2.17	Special Facilities Routing	124
4.2.18	Information Surcharge	124
4.2.19	800/888/877 Data Base Query Charge	125
4.2.20	500 Customer Identification Function	125
4.2.21	Tandem Switch Signaling	125
4.2.22	Basic Service Elements (BSEs)	125.1
4.3	<u>Obligations of the Customer</u>	126
4.3.1	On and Off-Hook Supervision	126
4.3.2	ASR Requirements	126
4.3.3	Jurisdictional Determination	126
4.4	<u>Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances</u>	128
4.4.1	(Reserved for Future Use)	128
4.4.2	Cancellation of Applications	128
4.4.3	Credit Allowances	128

(N)  
|  
(N)

(C)



FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

SECTION 4 TABLE OF CONTENTS (Cont'd)

4.	<u>SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)</u>	<u>Sheet</u>	
4.5	<u>Rate and Charge Regulations</u>	128	
4.5.1	Rate Elements	128	
4.5.2	Rate Regulations	129	
	(A) Types of Rates and Charges	129	
	(1) Usage Rates	129	
	(2) Flat Rated	129	(C)
	(3) Nonrecurring Charges	129.1	(C)
	(B) (Reserved for Future Use)	133	
	(C) (Reserved for Future Use)	133	
	(D) (Reserved for Future Use)	133	
	(E) Change of Switched Access Type	133	
	(F) Moves	133	
	(1) Same CDL	134	
	(2) A Different CDL	134	
	(G) Signaling System 7 (SS7) Out of Band Signaling	134	
	(H) 800/888/877 Data Base Query Service	134	
	(I) Network Blocking Charge for FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D and SAC Access Service	135	
	(J) Determination of Interstate Charges for Mixed Interstate and Intrastate Switched Access	135	
	(K) Local Dial-It Services	135	
	(L) Directory Assistance	136	
	(M) (Reserved for Future Use)	136	
	(N) Description and Application of Rates	136	
	(1) Determination of Premium Rates	136	
	(2) Switched Transport	137	
	(3) Extended FGA and BSA-A Terminating Traffic	140	
	(4) Equal Access Notification	141	
	(5) End Office Switching	141	
	(6) Tandem Switch Signaling (TSS)	141.1	(C)
	(7) Dedicated Trunk Port Charge	141.2	
	(8) Shared Trunk Port Charge	141.2	
	(9) 500 NXX Translation Nonrecurring Charge	142	(C)
	(10) Carrier Identification Parameter (CIP)	142	(N)
	(O) Measuring Access Minutes	142	
	(1) Feature Group A and BSA-A Usage Measurement	143	
	(2) Feature Group B and BSA-B Usage Measurement	144	
	(3) Usage Measurement Not Available for Feature Groups A and B and BSAs A and B	144	
	(4) Feature Group C and BSA-C Usage Measurement	146	
	(5) Feature Group D and BSA-D Usage Measurement	147	
	(6) SAC Access Service Usage Measurement	148	
	(P) FGD and BSA-D Switched Access Service with 950-XXXX Access	148	
4.5.3	(Reserved for Future Use)	148	
4.5.4	(Reserved for Future Use)	149	
4.5.5	Application of Rates for FGA and BSA-A Extension Service	149	
4.5.6	(Reserved for Future Use)	149	
4.5.7	(Reserved for Future Use)	149	
4.5.8	(Reserved for Future Use)	149	
4.5.9	Shared Use Analog and Digital High Capacity Services	149	(C)
4.5.10	Basic Service Elements (BSEs)	149.1	

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS  
SECTION 4 TABLE OF CONTENTS (Cont'd)

4.	<u>SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)</u>	<u>Sheet</u>	
4.6	<u>Rates and Charges</u>	150	
4.6.1	Nonrecurring Charges	150	
	(A) (Reserved for Future Use)	150	
	(B) Switched Access Service Ordering Charges	150	
	(C) Design Change Charge	150	
	(D) Network Blocking Charge	150	
	(E) 500 NXX Translation Charge	150	
4.6.2	Switched Transport	151	
	(A) Tandem-Switched Transport-Facility	151	(C)
	(B) Tandem-Switched Transport-Termination	151	(C)
	(C) Tandem Switching	151	(N)
	(D) Shared Multiplexing	151	
	(E) Interconnection Rate	151	
	(F) Direct-Trunked Transport-Voice Grade	151	
	(G) Direct-Trunked Transport-DS1	151	
	(H) Direct-Trunked Transport-DS3	151	
	(I) Dedicated Trunk Port	151.1	
	(J) Entrance Facility-Voice Grade	151.1	
	(K) Entrance Facility-DS1	151.1	
	(L) Entrance Facility-DS3	151.1	
	(M) Multiplexing	151.1	(N)
4.6.3	End Office Services	152	
	(A) 800/888/877 Data Base Query Service	152	
	(B) End Office Switching-Bundled (EOSB)	152	
	(C) End Office Switching-Unbundled (EOSU)-Circuit Switched Line	152	
	(D) End Office Switching-Unbundled (EOSU)-Circuit Switched Trunk	152	
	(E) Alternate Traffic Routing - BSE	152	
	(F) Automatic Number Identification (ANI) - BSE	152.1	
	(G) User Transfer -BSE	152.1	
	(H) Hunt Group Arrangement - BSE	152.1	
	(I) Queuing - BSE	152.1	
	(J) Uniform Call Distribution - BSE	152.1	
	(K) (Reserved for Future Use)	152.1	
	(L) Remote Call Forwarding - BSE	152.2	
	(M) Direct Inward Dialing (DID) - BSE	152.2	
	(N) Billed Number Screening (BNS) - BSE	152.2	
	(O) Shared Trunk Port	152.2	(N)
4.6.4	Information Surcharge	153	
4.6.5	FGA and BSA-A Usage Sensitive Credit Allowance	153	
4.6.6	(Reserved For Future Use)		
4.6.7	Assumed Minutes of Use Monthly Surrogate	153	
4.6.8	Carrier Identification Parameter (CIP)	153	(N)

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS

4.1 General

Switched Access provides two-point communications paths between the point of termination at a CDL and the points of termination at Telephone Company end user premises within the Access Area. Each path is established through the use of Switched Transport, (Entrance Facilities, Direct-Trunked Transport and/or Tandem Switched Transport) End Office Services, and Common Lines or Special Access Lines. Switched Access provides for the ability to originate calls from an end user's premises to the CDL and to terminate calls from the CDL to an end user's premises. Specific descriptions of Switched Access are in 4.2.

(C)  
(C)

Switched Access services, when used to provide Tandem Switch Signaling (TSS) may be connected to a customer's access tandem via Switched Transport Access services. TSS is available only with FGD, and BSA-D Switched Access, 500 SAC Access and 900 SAC Access services provided from equal access end offices. TSS is provided in multifrequency (MF) address signaling format from equal access end offices. TSS is also provided in SS7 Out of Band signaling format at suitably equipped (Service Switching Point) end offices. TSS is not available from end offices that use alternate technologies to provide equal access capabilities, nor from Telephone Company access tandems.

(N)  
|  
(N)

Switched Access is ordered in either quantities of lines, trunks or in Busy Hour Minutes of Capacity (BHMC). FGA and BSA-A is furnished on a per-line basis, and FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D and SAC Access Service are furnished on a per-trunk basis in accordance with the capacity ordered in trunks or BHMC.

Quantities of lines, trunks or total BHMC of the circuit group connecting the first point of switching and the CDL are determined at the Telephone Company's first point of switching.

A customer may designate one or more CDLs within the LATA for FGA, FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-A, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D Switched Access or SAC Access Service, except that in the case of 800 SAC Access Service, customers may request connections only to suitably equipped end offices and access tandem offices as discussed in 3.1.1(D).

The following option will not be applicable to FGC, FGD, BSA-C and BSA-D. When the first point of switching and the CDL are in the same Wire Center Area, transport for FGA, FGB, BSA-A or BSA-B Switched Access Service is rated as in Section 4.2.3. When the Telephone Company's first point of switching and the CDL are served by different Wire Center Areas for FGA, FGB, BSA-A or BSA-B Service, but within the same LATA, the customer will be given an option on how the transport will be rated. In this instance, the customer may opt to have the transport rated as Switched Transport from the wire center serving the existing CDL to the end office(s) originating or terminating the traffic, in 4.2.3(A)(1), or choose to have that portion of the transport between the wire center serving the existing CDL and the selected first point of switching rated as Special Transport. By selecting the Special Transport option, the customer has established a new CDL for Switched Access rating purposes in the selected Access Area. That Transport between the wire center serving the existing CDL and the new CDL is rated as Special Transport, in 5.1.1(B), and Switched Access rates will be applicable from the wire center serving the new CDL to each end office originating or terminating traffic within the selected FGA, FGB, BSA-A or BSA-B Access Area. A Special Access Line charge is also applicable where the customer chooses the Special Transport option as in 5.1.1(C). Switched Transport and Special Transport shall not be combined within the same hunt group arrangement. When the customer requests to change for rating purposes from one type of transport to another (e.g., Special to Switched), the Subsequent Ordering Charge - Switched Access, in 4.6.1(B) or the Subsequent Ordering Charge - Special Access in 5.6.1(D)(1) (b) will apply. The charge for the change depends on the type of transport option being selected by the customer.

When Switched Access is ordered in BHMC, the BHMC must be differentiated by Feature Group type and directionality of traffic as in 4.3.2 in order for the Telephone Company to properly design Switched Access to meet the traffic carrying capacity requirements of the customer.

When a customer plans to use Switched Access in connection with the resale of services of an IC, the provisions for such Switched Access charges are in Section 12.

Switched Access is provided with basic testing as described in 4.2.1, 4.2.2, and 4.2.7. Additional testing is provided as described in 6.6. Testing is provided only on the FIA supplied by the Telephone Company.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.1 Descriptions of Feature Groups (Cont'd)

(E) SAC Access Service (Cont'd)

(5) For other than FGC or BSA-C, end offices that lack equal access or the Customer Identification Function capabilities, may only be served via a Telephone Company access tandem over FGD or BSA-D trunks or SAC Access Service trunk groups. For FGC or BSA-C, SAC Access Service can be provided through existing trunk groups or separate FGC or BSA-C trunk groups which handle SAC Access Service. SAC Access Service from a Telephone Company access tandem, with both equal and nonequal access end offices, can be combined on a single FGD or BSA-D trunk group to the CDL. SAC Access Service from a Telephone Company access tandem with non-equal access end offices can be provided on a FGC or a BSA-C trunk group.

(6) 500 SAC Access Services originating from equal access end offices with the 500 Customer Identification Function, described in 4.2.20, may be provided using exchange access signaling with overlap outpulsing and ten digit ANI. 900 SAC Access Service originating from equal access end offices with the 900 Customer Identification Function, described in 4.2.12, may be provided using exchange access signaling with overlap outpulsing and ten digit ANI. 800/888/877 SAC Access Service originating from equal access end offices with the 800/888/877 Customer Identification Function described in 4.2.11 may be provided using exchange access signaling without overlap outpulsing and with ten digit ANI. SAC Access Service originating from equal access end offices without the Customer Identification Function capabilities, or from end offices not having equal access capability, may be provided using conventional signaling. On traffic using conventional signaling, other than FGC or BSA-C, the customer's facilities shall provide off hook supervision upon receipt of the transmitted digits.

SAC Access Service may also be provided with SS7 Out of Band Signaling from suitably equipped end office or access tandem switches.

(7) For SAC Access Service traffic originating from equal access end offices with the Customer Identification Function capabilities, FGD parameters as specified in 4.2.1(D) apply or BSA-D parameters as specified in 4.2.2(D) apply.

For SAC Access Service traffic, other than 800/888/877 SAC Access, originating from all other end offices, FGC parameters as specified in 4.2.1(C) apply or BSA-C parameters as specified in 4.2.2(C) apply.

The Entrance Facility interface at the customer's premises, as set forth in 4.2.3 for FGD and BSA-D also apply to SAC Access Service.

(C)

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport

(A) General

(1) Switched Transport provides the transmission of Switched Access communications including SAC Access Service, between the CDL and the originating or terminating end office switch(es) in the Access Area with one exception. Switched Transport associated with FGA or BSA-A 1+ terminating traffic provides for the transmission of Switched Access outside the Access Area, however within the LATA. Switched Transport is comprised of the following rate elements; an Entrance Facility Rate, a Direct-Trunked Transport Rate, a Tandem-Switched Transport Rate and an Interconnection Rate. A Dedicated Switched Access Transport Rate is associated with CCS7 Access Service.

(C)

(C)

The Entrance Facility Rate is assessed upon customers for the use of Telephone Company Voiceband, DS1 and DS3 high capacity facilities, including interface arrangements, between the point of termination at the Customer Designated Location (CDL) and the Telephone Company's serving wire center. The Entrance Facility is further described in 4.2.3(B).

(C)

(C)

The Direct-Trunked Transport Rate is assessed upon customers for the use of Voiceband, DS1 and DS3 high capacity transport facilities dedicated to a single customer between a serving wire center and end office (including host end offices), end offices used to provide Tandem Switch Signaling, between a serving wire center and a Telephone Company Hub for multiplexing purposes, between two Telephone Company hubs, between a serving wire center and a Directory Assistance Center, between a Telephone Company Hub and an end office and between a serving wire center and a Telephone Company access tandem. The Direct-Trunked Transport Rate is flat-rated and has both distance-sensitive and nondistance-sensitive components. Direct-Trunked Transport is further described in 4.2.3(C).

(N)

A Dedicated Trunk Port is applicable to the purchase of dedicated trunks terminated by that port. The Dedicated Trunk Port provides for the termination of a dedicated trunk at the end office or access tandem. The Dedicated Trunk Port is a flat rated charge assessed on a per trunk basis. The rate is determined based on whether the trunk is voice grade or DS1.

(N)

Material omitted from this page now appears on Original Sheet 104.14.2.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(A) General (Cont'd)

(1) (Cont'd)

The Tandem-Switched Transport Rate is assessed upon customers for the use of transport between a serving wire center and an end office that is switched at a Telephone Company access tandem. The Tandem-Switched Transport Rate may also be assessed for transport between a Telephone Company access tandem and end office, between a host end office and a remote end office and between a FGA or BSA-A dial tone office and other end offices in the local calling area. Tandem-Switched Transport consists of circuits used in common by multiple customers from the Telephone Company access tandem to an end office. The Tandem-Switched Transport Rate includes four sub-elements, a Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility, a Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination, a Tandem Switching and Shared Multiplexing rate. The Tandem Switching Rate is not applicable for transport between a host end office and a remote end office or to FGA or BSA-A Transport. For Tandem-Switched Transport, a Shared Multiplexing rate will be assessed on all access minutes that traverse a common trunk group from the Telephone Company access tandem to an end office. Tandem-Switched Transport is further described in 4.2.3(D).

The Shared Trunk Port provides for the termination of a Tandem-Switched Trunk at an end office. The Shared Trunk Port is usage rated and shall be assessed to all access minutes which utilize Tandem-Switched Transport. This includes minutes of use associated with FGA service when traffic is terminated in an end office that is not the dial tone office and on minutes of use provided at a remote office.

The Shared Trunk Port charge does not apply to switched access minutes of use that originate or terminate at MTSOs directly interconnected to a Telephone Company access tandem.

When the Tandem-Switched Transport is provided by more than one telephone company, the Shared Trunk port charge shall be billed by the Telephone Company in whose territory the end office is located, as in 2.7.2(G).

(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport

(A) General

(1) (Cont'd)

The Interconnection Rate is assessed upon all customers for interconnecting with the Telephone Company's switched access network. The Interconnection Rate is further described in 4.2.3(E).

The Dedicated Switched Access Transport Rate is assessed upon customers subscribing to CCS7 Access Service for the use of facilities between the customer's common channel signaling network and the Telephone Company's signaling transfer point. It is a flat rated, distance-sensitive monthly rate. This rate element is further described in 4.2.3(A)(2).

The application of the Switched Transport rates and the determination of the mileage measurement for Switched Transport Facility is in 4.5.2(N)(2).

- (2) Switched Transport is a two-way voice frequency transmission path composed of facilities determined by the Telephone Company. The two-way voice frequency path permits the transport of calls in the originating direction (from the end office switch to the CDL), and in the terminating direction (from the CDL to the end office switch), but not simultaneously. The voice frequency transmission path may be comprised of any form or configuration of plant capable of and typically used in the telecommunications industry for the transmission of the human voice and associated telephone signals within the frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz. Direct-Trunked Transport and Entrance Facilities are composed of facilities as ordered by the customer.

The Telephone Company will work cooperatively with the customer in determining (1) whether the first point of switching will be an end office switch or an access tandem switch, and (2) the directionality of the service.

- (3) For Tandem-Switched Transport the number of Switched Transport transmission paths provided between an end office switch and a Telephone Company access tandem are determined by the Telephone Company using standard traffic engineering methods. The number of Switched Transport transmission paths provided between the Telephone Company access tandem and serving wire center of the CDL is determined by the customer's order. If ordered in BHMC, the Telephone Company will determine the number of trunks, using standard traffic engineering methods. When Direct-Trunked Transport is ordered directly to a Telephone Company access tandem, facilities between the serving wire center of the CDL and the Telephone Company access tandem will be determined by the customer's order.

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(N)

(N)

(M)

(M)

(C)

(C)

(M)

(M)

(C)

(N)

(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(A) General (Cont'd)

(4) The number of Switched Transport transmission paths provided between an end office switch and the first point of switching are determined by the Telephone Company using standard traffic engineering methods. The number of Switched Transport transmission paths provided between the first point of switching and the CDL is determined:

(a) by the customer, when ordering FGA or BSA-A, based on the number of lines ordered, or;

(b) by the Telephone Company, when the customer orders FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D or SAC Access Service. If ordered in trunks, the customer may determine the number of trunks. If ordered in BHMC, the Telephone Company will determine the number of trunks, using standard traffic engineering methods.

(B) Entrance Facility

The Entrance Facility provides the transmission path and interface between the Telephone Company provided Switched Access and customer provided facilities at the point of termination at the CDL.

Switched Access is provided in a number of separate Entrance Facilities. Each Entrance Facility provides a specified facility interface (e.g., two-wire, four-wire, DS1, etc.). Each High Capacity Analog or Digital Interface Arrangement, as listed following, is subject to the minimum capacity requirements when ordered as in 3.5.5. Provision of the Entrance Facility for two-wire and four-wire voice frequency Entrance Facility and any Optional Arrangements may require placement of Telephone Company equipment [e.g., supervisory signaling equipment as described in 4.2.3(G)(4)] on the customer's premises.

Where transmission facilities permit, the individual transmission paths between the point of termination and the first point of switching may, at the option of the customer, be provided with Optional Arrangements as in (C).

The following Standard Entrance Facilities are available:

- Two-Wire VF
- Four-Wire VF
- Group Analog
- Supergroup Analog
- Mastergroup Analog
- DS1 Digital
- DS1C Digital
- DS3 Digital
- DS3C Digital

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(B) Entrance Facility (Cont'd) (C)

The number of Entrance Facilities provided is determined by the customer's order for service. (C)  
(C)

(1) Two-Wire Voice Frequency Entrance Facility (C)

(a) The Two-Wire Voice Frequency Entrance Facility, except as in (b), provides two-wire voice frequency transmission at the point of termination at the CDL. The interface is capable of transmission signals within the frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz. (C)

(b) The Two-Wire Entrance Facility is not provided in association with FGC, FGD, BSA-C and BSA-D when the first point of switching is an access tandem. In addition, the two-wire Entrance Facility is not provided in association with FGB and BSA-B when the first point of switching is an access tandem where two-wire terminations are not provided. (C)  
(C)

(c) The transmission path between the point of termination at the CDL and the serving wire center may be comprised of any form or configuration of plant capable of and typically used in the telecommunications industry for the transmission of the human voice and associated telephone signals within the frequency bandwidth of 300 to 3000 Hz.

(d) The Two-Wire Entrance Facility is provided with loop supervisory signaling. When the Entrance Facility is associated with FGA or BSA-A, such signaling may be loop start or ground start. When the Entrance Facility is associated with FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C and BSA-D, such signaling, except for two-way calling, may be reverse battery signaling. The Entrance Facility may, at the option of the customer, be provided with DX supervisory signaling or E&M supervisory signaling as in 4.2.3 (G)(4). (C)  
(C)  
(C)  
(C)

(2) Four-Wire Voice Frequency Entrance Facility (C)

(a) The Four-Wire Voice Frequency Entrance Facility provides four-wire voice frequency transmission at the point of termination at the CDL. The Entrance Facility is capable of transmission of the human voice and associated telephone signals within the frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz. (C)  
(C)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(B) Entrance Facility (Cont'd) (C)

(2) Four-Wire Voice Frequency Entrance Facility (Cont'd) (C)

(b) The transmission path between the point of termination at the CDL and the first point of switching may be comprised of any form or configuration of plant capable of and typically used in the telecommunications industry for the transmission of the human voice and associated telephone signals within the frequency bandwidth of 300 to 3000 Hz.

(c) The Entrance Facility is provided with loop supervisory signaling. When the Entrance Facility is associated with FGA or BSA-A, such signaling may be loop start or ground start signaling. When the Entrance Facility is associated with FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C and BSA-D such signaling, except for two-way calling, may be reverse battery signaling. The Entrance Facility may, at the option of the customer, be provided with supervisory signaling as in 4.2.3(G)(4). (C)

(3) Group Analog Entrance Facility (C)

(a) The Group Analog Entrance Facility provides a group level analog transmission at the point of termination at the CDL subject to the limitations in 3.5. The Entrance Facility is capable of transmitting electrical signals between the frequencies of 60 to 108 kHz, with the capability to multiplex up to 12 voice frequency transmission paths. (C)

Between the serving wire center and the point of termination at the CDL, the Telephone Company may, at its option, provide multiplex equipment to derive 12 transmission paths of frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz.

(b) The Entrance Facility is provided with individual transmission path supervisory signaling. (C)

(c) The Group Analog Entrance Facility is obsolete technology and is available only to existing customers as of December 30, 1993. (N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(B) Entrance Facility (Cont'd) (C)

(4) Supergroup Analog Entrance Facility (C)

- (a) The Supergroup Entrance Facility Arrangement provides supergroup level analog transmission at the point of termination at the CDL subject to the limitations in 3.5. The Entrance Facility is capable of transmitting electrical signals between the frequencies of 312 to 552 kHz, with the capability to multiplex up to 60 voice frequency transmission paths. (C)

Between the first point of switching and the point of termination the Telephone Company may, at its option, provide multiplex equipment to derive 60 transmission paths of frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz to promote transmission efficiency, if required. (C)

- (b) The Entrance Facility is provided with individual transmission path SF supervisory signaling. (C)

- (c) The Supergroup Analog Entrance Facility is obsolete technology and is available only to existing customers as of December 30, 1993. (N)  
(N)

(5) Mastergroup Analog Entrance Facility (C)

- (a) The Mastergroup Analog Entrance Facility provides mastergroup level analog transmission at the point of termination at the CDL subject to the limitations in 3.5. The Entrance Facility is capable of transmitting electrical signals between the frequencies of 564 to 3084 kHz, with the capability to multiplex up to 600 voice frequency transmission paths. (C)

Between the first point of switching and the point of termination at the CDL, the Telephone Company may, at its option, provide multiplex equipment to derive 600 transmission paths of frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz to promote transmission efficiency, if required. (C)

- (b) The Entrance Facility is provided with individual transmission path SF supervisory signaling. (C)

- (c) The Mastergroup Analog Entrance Facility is obsolete technology and is available only to existing customers as of December 30, 1993. (N)  
(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(B) Entrance Facility (Cont'd) (C)

(6) DS1 Digital Entrance Facility (C)

- (a) The DS1 Digital Entrance Facility provides DS1 level digital transmission at the point of termination at the CDL subject to the limitations in 3.5. The Entrance Facility is capable of transmitting electrical signals at 1.544 Mbps, with the capability to multiplex up to 24 voice frequency transmission paths. (C)

Between the first point of switching and the point of termination at the CDL, when analog switching utilizing analog terminations is provided, the Telephone Company may, at its option, provide multiplex equipment to derive 24 transmission paths of frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz. When digital switching or analog switching with digital carrier terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide, at the first point of switching, DS1 signals in D4 or D3 format. (C)

- (b) The Entrance Facility is provided with individual transmission path bit stream supervisory signaling. (C)

(7) DS1C Digital Entrance Facility (C)

- (a) The DS1C Digital Entrance Facility provides a DS1C level digital transmission at the point of termination at the CDL subject to the limitations in 3.5. The Entrance Facility is capable of transmitting electrical signals at 3.152 Mbps, with the capability to multiplex up to 48 voice frequency transmission paths. (C)

Between the first point of switching and the point of termination, when analog switching utilizing analog terminations is provided, the Telephone Company may, at its option, provide multiplex equipment to derive up to 48 voice frequency transmission paths of frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz. When digital switching or analog switching with digital carrier terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide, at the first point of switching, DS1 signals in D4 or D3 format. (C)

- (b) The Entrance Facility is provided with individual transmission path bit stream supervisory signaling. (C)

- (c) As of December 30, 1993, the DS1C Digital Entrance Facility is available to existing customers only. (N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(B) Entrance Facility (Cont'd) (C)

(8) DS2 Digital Entrance Facility (C)

The Telephone Company currently does not offer the DS2 Entrance Facility. (C)

(9) DS3 Digital Entrance Facility (C)

(a) The DS3 Digital Entrance Facility provides a DS3 level digital transmission at the point of termination at the CDL subject to the limitations in 3.5. The Entrance Facility is capable of transmitting electrical signals at 44.736 Mbps, with the capability to multiplex up to 672 voice frequency transmission paths. (C)

Between the first point of switching and the point of termination at the CDL, when analog switching utilizing analog terminations is provided, the Telephone Company may, at its option, provide multiplex equipment to derive up to 672 voice frequency transmission paths of frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz. When digital switching or analog switching with digital carrier terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide, at the first point of switching, DS1 signals in D4 or D3 format.

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(B) Entrance Facility (Cont'd) (C)

(9) DS3 Digital Entrance Facility (Cont'd) (C)

(b) The Entrance Facility is provided with individual transmission path bit stream supervisory signaling. (C)

(c) To insure compatibility of transmission, the utilization of the same manufacturer's equipment (end-to-end) may be required. The Telephone Company reserves the right to choose this equipment.

(10) DS3C Digital Entrance Facility (C)

(a) The DS3C Digital Entrance Facility provides a DS3C level digital transmission at the point of termination at the CDL subject to the limitations in 3.5. The Entrance Facility capable of transmitting electrical signals at 89.472 Mbps, with the capability to multiplex up to 1344 voice frequency transmission paths. (C)

Between the first point of switching and the point of termination at the CDL, when analog switching utilizing analog terminations is provided, the Telephone Company may, at its option, provide multiplex equipment to derive up to 1344 voice frequency transmission paths of frequency bandwidth of approximately 300 to 3000 Hz. When digital switching or analog switching with digital carrier terminations is provided, the Telephone Company will provide, at the first point of switching, DS1 signals in D4 or D3 format.

(b) The Entrance Facility is provided with individual transmission path bit stream supervisory signaling. (C)

(c) To insure compatibility of transmission, the utilization of the same manufacturer's equipment (end-to-end) may be required. The Telephone Company reserves the right to choose this equipment.

(d) As of December 30, 1993, the DS3C Entrance Facility is available to existing customers only. (N)  
(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(C) Direct-Trunked Transport

The Direct-Trunked Transport rate is assessed upon customers for the use of Voiceband, DS1 or DS3 High Capacity transport dedicated to a customer from a serving wire center to an end office (including host end offices) or from a serving wire center to a Telephone Company access tandem. Direct Trunked Transport also provides for the transmission facilities between:

- a serving wire center or end office and a Telephone Company Hub office other than the serving wire center where multiplexing is performed;
- a serving wire center or access tandem and a Telephone Company Hub office other than the serving wire center where multiplexing is performed; and
- a serving wire center and end office where Tandem Switch Signaling is provided as described in 4.2.5 (A)(E) and 4.2.21.

The Direct-Trunked Transport Rate is flat-rated and has both distance-sensitive and nondistance-sensitive components. The distance-sensitive mileage recovers costs of the transmission facilities, including intermediate transmission circuit equipment, between the end points of the circuit. There are two non-distance sensitive components; the termination which recovers costs of circuit equipment at the ends of the transmission links, and the trunk port component which recovers costs of the trunk ports. A Dedicated Trunk Port charge shall be assessed on a per voice grade or DS1 channel terminating at an end office or access tandem. Direct-Trunked Transport is not provided at Telephone Company end offices that are not capable of measuring switched access minutes of use. These end offices are specified in NECA Tariff FCC No. 4.

(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(D) Tandem-Switched Transport

The Tandem-Switched Transport Rate is assessed upon customers for the use of transport from a serving wire center to an end office that is switched at a Telephone Company access tandem. The Tandem-Switched Transport rate shall also be assessed for transport between a Telephone Company access tandem and end office, between a host end office and a remote end office and between a FGA dial tone office and other end offices in the local calling area. Tandem-Switched Transport consists of circuits used in common by multiple customers from the Telephone Company access tandem to an end office. The Tandem-Switched Transport Rate includes four sub-elements, a Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility, a Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination, Tandem Switching Rate and Shared Multiplexing. The Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility is usage rated and distance-sensitive, i.e., a per access minute per airline mile rate. The rate recovers costs of the transmission facilities, including intermediate transmission circuit equipment, between the end points of the circuit. The Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination is a usage rated, per minute rate to recover costs incurred at the ends of the transmissions links. The Tandem Switching Rate is a usage rated, per minute rate to recover a portion of the tandem switching costs. The Tandem Switching Rate is not applicable for transport between a host end office and a remote end office or to FGA Transport. For Tandem Switched Transport, a Shared Multiplexing Rate will be assessed to all minutes of use from the Telephone Company Access Tandem to an end office. The Shared Multiplexing rate recovers multiplexing costs on the end office side of the tandem.

(N)



FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(E) Interconnection Rate

The Interconnection Rate is assessed upon all customers for interconnecting with the Telephone Company's switched access network. The Interconnection Rate has two rate levels. One rate applies to customers utilizing Telephone Company transport and a different rate that is applicable to Switched Access EIS Cross Connect arrangements. It is a usage rated per minute rate and applies to all originating and terminating minutes of use whether transported via Direct-Trunked Transport, Tandem-Switched Transport, or Entrance Facilities arrangements. The Interconnection Rate does not apply to switched access minutes of use that originate or terminate at MTSOs directly interconnected to a Telephone Company access tandem office.

The application of originating and terminating rates are as set forth below:

(a) Terminating per minute charge(s) apply to:

- all terminating access minutes of use;
- all originating access minutes of use associated with FGA or BSA-A Access Services where the off-hook supervisory signaling is forwarded by the customer's equipment when the called party answers;
- all originating access minutes of use associated with calls placed to Service Access Code numbers, less those originating access minutes of use associated with calls placed to 500, 700, 800, 888 and 900 numbers for which the customer furnishes a report as described in Section 12, of either the number of minutes or a report of the percent of minutes that terminate to a subscriber or common line, rather than a dedicated access line.

(b) The originating per minute charge(s) apply to:

- all originating access minutes of use;
- less those originating access minutes of use associated with FGA or BSA-A Access Services where the off-hook supervisory signaling is forwarded by the customer's equipment when the called party answers;
- less all originating access minutes of use associated with calls placed to Service Access Code numbers;
- plus all originating access minutes of use associated with calls placed to 500, 700, 800, 888 and 900 numbers for which the customer furnishes a report of either the number of minutes or a report of the percent of minutes that terminate to a subscriber or common line, and for which a corresponding reduction in the number of terminating access minutes of use has been made as set forth in (a).

(N)

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(F) Multiplexing

Multiplexing provides for arrangements to convert a single higher capacity or bandwidth circuit for bulk transport to several lower capacity or bandwidth circuits. Monthly rates and nonrecurring charges for multiplexing apply as follows: 1) the DS3/DS1 Multiplexing Charge applies to all DS3 to DS1 multiplexing arrangements; 2) the DS1/Voice Multiplexing Charge applies to all DS1 Entrance Facility and Direct-Trunked Transport circuits that terminate in an analog office and where the multiplexer performs DS1/Voice multiplexing functions; 3) a Multiplexing Charge will always apply when FGA is provisioned on a Switched DS1 and on High Capacity shared use switched and special access facilities.

Listed below are the multiplexing arrangements offered with switched access.

- DS1 to Voice

An arrangement that multiplexes twenty-four voice grade circuits to a single DS1 digital circuit at a rate of 1.544 Mbps, or multiplexes a single DS1 digital circuit at a rate of 1.544 Mbps to twenty-four voice grade circuits.

- DS3 to DS1

An arrangement that multiplexes twenty-eight DS1 digital circuits to a single DS3 digital circuit at rate of 44.736 Mbps, or multiplexes a single DS3 digital circuit at a rate of 44.736 Mbps to twenty-eight DS1 digital circuits.

(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.3 Description of Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(G) Optional Arrangements

(T)

(1) Switched Transport facilities will be engineered and routed based on standard engineering methods, available facilities and equipment, and the Telephone Company traffic routing plans. The Telephone Company will work cooperatively with customers in providing design and traffic routing information. If the customer is provided with FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D or SAC Access Service and desires Provision of Other Than Telephone Company Selected Traffic Routing, it may specify the desired routing at rates and charges to be developed on an Individual Case Basis.

(2) (Reserved for Future Use)

(3) (Reserved for Future Use)

(4) The Telephone Company will provide Optional Arrangements in association with the Entrance Facilities listed in 4.2.3(B). The provision of such Optional Arrangements may require placement of Telephone Company equipment on the customer's premises. These Optional Arrangements are nonchargeable.

(C)

Supervisory Signaling

A supervisory signaling capability is provided for each Entrance Facility as listed in 4.2.3 (B). Where the transmission parameters permit and where signaling conversion is required by the customer to meet his signaling capability, the customer may order a supervisory signaling arrangement for each transmission path provided as follows:

(C)

(C)

For Interface Arrangements (1) and (2)

DX Supervisory Signaling arrangement, or  
E&M Type I Supervisory Signaling arrangement, or  
E&M Type II Supervisory Signaling arrangement.

For Interface Arrangement (2)

SF Supervisory Signaling arrangement, or  
E&M Type III Supervisory Signaling arrangement.

These optional supervisory signaling arrangements are unavailable in conjunction with Signaling System 7 (SS7) Out of Band Signaling as described in 4.2.5(A)(A).

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.5 End Office Services Optional Arrangements

The following optional arrangements are available in offices where equipment, facilities, and other conditions permit. The Telephone Company makes no guarantee that these optional arrangements will be available in all locations.

Unless otherwise noted, these End Office Services Optional Arrangements are nonchargeable.

(A) Alternate Traffic Routing

This option provides the capability of directing originating traffic from an end office (or appropriately equipped Telephone Company access tandem) via a trunk group (the "high usage" group) to a CDL until that group is fully loaded, and then delivering additional originating traffic (the "overflowing" traffic) from the same end office or Telephone Company access tandem to a different trunk group or groups (via one or more intermediate high usage groups) to one or more CDLs until the originating traffic is directed to a final group. The customer shall specify the last trunk CCS desired for the high usage group and each intermediate group.

When a FGD, 500 SAC, or 900 SAC customer subscribes to Tandem Switch Signaling and Alternate Traffic Routing the customer may have a maximum of one route to which the traffic can overflow.

When a FGD customer subscribes to TAS (Tandem Access Sectorization) and Alternate Traffic Routing, the "final" trunk group and any intermediate trunk groups carrying additional originating overflowing traffic must terminate at the same CDL as does the "high usage" trunk group.

This option is provided in suitably equipped end office or Telephone Company access tandem switches and is available with FGB, FGC, and FGD.

This option is available with BSA-B, BSA-C and BSA-D as a chargeable BSE as specified in 4.2.22 and 4.5.10.

(N)  
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(N)

Material omitted from this page now appears on Original Sheet 105.1.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.5 End Office Services Optional Arrangements (Cont'd)

(B) Automatic Number Identification (ANI) Arrangement

This option provides the automatic transmission of a seven or ten digit number and information digit to the CDL for calls originating in the Access Area to identify the calling station. The ANI arrangement will be associated with all individual transmission paths in a trunk group when this arrangement is provided.

The seven digit ANI telephone number is available with FGB and FGC. It will be transmitted on all calls except those identified as a multiparty line or ANI failure. The ten digit ANI telephone number is only available with FGD. When FGD with SS7 Out of Band Signaling is specified, the customer may order an ANI equivalent by ordering the Charge Number optional feature as described in 4.2.5(A)(D). The ten digit ANI telephone number consists of the Numbering Plan Area (NPA) plus the seven digit ANI telephone number. The ten digit ANI telephone number will be transmitted on all calls except those identified as a multiparty line or ANI failure in which case only the NPA will be transmitted (in addition to the information digit described below). The ANI telephone number is the listed telephone number of the end user that originates the call.

With FGC, ANI is provided from end offices at which the Telephone Company recording for end user billing is not provided, or where it is not required, as with 800 Service. It is not provided from end offices for which the Telephone Company needs to forward ANI to its recording equipment.

Where ANI cannot be provided (e.g., on calls from 2 (in some instances), 4, and 8 party services) information digits will be provided to the customer. The information digits are used in the following situations:

- (1) Telephone number is the station billing number - no special treatment is required.

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(N)

(N)

(M)

(M)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.5 End Office Services Optional Arrangements (Cont'd)

(A)(C) Carrier Selection Parameter (CSP)

The CSP, available as a nonchargeable option for originating FGD or originating BSA-D with SS7 Out of Band Signaling, provides for the automatic transmission of a signaling indicator which signifies to the customer whether or not a given call originated from a presubscribed line. If the line was presubscribed, the indicator will signify if the end user did or did not dial 101XXXX. The technical specifications for CSP are described in Bellcore Technical Reference Publication TR-TSV-000905.

(A)(D) Charge Number (CN) Parameter

The CN parameter, available as a nonchargeable option for originating FGD with SS7 Out of Band Signaling, is equivalent to the existing ten digit Automatic Number Identification (ANI) available with FGD with MF signaling. When BSA-D with SS7 Out of Band Signaling is specified, the customer may order the CN parameter at the rates for ANI-BSE as shown in 4.6. The CN parameter provides for the automatic transmission of the ten digit billing number of the calling station and the originating line information. The technical specifications for CN are described in Bellcore Technical Reference Publication TR-TSV-000905.

(A)(E) Tandem Switch Signaling

This option allows for the passing of the Carrier Identification Code (CIC) and the OZZ code or circuit code information needed to perform tandem switching functions. The CIC identifies the uniform access code associated with the Switched Access usage for a specific interexchange carrier. The OZZ code identifies the service class routing code of a multifrequency call that indicates the interexchange carrier's trunk group to which the traffic will be routed. The circuit code identifies the service class routing of an SS7 call that indicates the interexchange carrier's trunk group to which the traffic will be routed (e.g., 0+, 0-, 500, 900, etc). This option is only available with FGD Switched Access, 500 SAC Access, and 900 SAC Access services and can only be provided from equal access end offices. This option is not available from end offices that use alternate technologies to provide equal access capabilities, or from Telephone Company access tandems.

(C)  
(N)  
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(N)

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.5 End Office Services Optional Arrangements (Cont'd)

(A)(F) Tandem Access Sectorization

(1) Tandem Access Sectorization (TAS) is available to FGD and BSA-D customers with originating traffic routed through an appropriately equipped Telephone Company equal access tandem. TAS provides the customer a method of directing originating FGD and BSA-D traffic, on the basis of all originating end offices in an exchange to a maximum of four (4) different CDLs via the Telephone Company equal access tandem.

(2) For those Telephone Company equal access tandems where TAS is provided, the Telephone Company has subdivided the subtending exchanges into geographical regions (a maximum of 4 per equal access tandem) referred to as Tandem Access Sectorization Regions (TASR). Each TASR is treated as a unit and cannot be subdivided.

The available TASRs are the same for all customers ordering TAS. A customer with multiple CDLs within a LATA can designate the CDL to which all traffic originating from a specific TASR will be routed. A customer may have a maximum of one CDL per TASR. Traffic originating from different TASRs may be routed to the same or different CDL provided that traffic originating from a single TASR may not be routed to more than one CDL.

(3) TAS is available in conjunction with FGD and BSA-D at rates and charges in 4.5.2(N)(6) in addition to switched access charges applicable to FGD and BSA-D usage throughout Section 4.5.

(A)(G) Carrier Identification Parameter (CIP)

Carrier Identification Parameter is available as an optional feature in conjunction with originating FGD with SS7 Out of Band Signaling. CIP provides for the transmission of the Carrier Identification Code (CIC) or the access 101XXXX to the customer with the Initial Address Message (IAM). CIP is available with originating FGD in suitably equipped end offices and access tandems. CIP will be populated by a 4-digit CIC at the rates shown in 4.6.8. Application of the charges is in 4.5.2(N)(10).

The Telephone Company will make every effort to maintain the CIP information, equipment and facilities in a format which facilitates the customer's use of the CIP offering. Changes (i.e., technology, customer account makeup, etc.) can occur affecting such information, however, and the Telephone Company cannot guarantee that the CIP equipment and facilities will be completely capable of processing CIP data at all times. Accordingly, the Telephone Company shall not be liable for any incidental, indirect, special or consequential damages (including lost revenue or profits) of any kind, resulting from inaccuracy of CIP data and/or the inability of its equipment and facilities to process CIP data.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.5 End Office Services Optional Arrangements (Cont'd)

(AH) Flexible Automatic Number Identification (FLEX ANI)

FLEX ANI, available as a nonchargeable option, when ordered in conjunction with the ANI optional feature or the ANI BSE, provides additional values for the ANI Information Indicator (II) digits to identify calls originating from public telephone access service lines for per call compensation. The FLEX ANI option is provided per end office on a Carrier Identification Code (CIC) basis and is available with FGD service or BSA D service at suitably equipped end offices.

(N)  
|  
(N)



FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.2 Description of Switched Access (Cont'd)

4.2.19 800/888/877 Data Base Query Service

800/888/877 Data Base Query Service, offered in conjunction with 800/888/877 SAC Access Service, performs the 800/888/877 Customer Identification Function, as described in 4.2.11, to determine the customer to whom 800/888/877 calls must be routed. For all 1+800-NXX-XXXX, 1+888-NXX-XXXX or 1+877-NXX-XXXX calls originated by an end user, the Telephone Company will perform the customer identification function using a Telephone Company 800/888/877 Data Base to screen the dialed ten digits of the 800/888/877 call to determine the customer selected by the 800/888/877 subscriber to carry that 800/888/877 call. If the 800/888/877 call originates from an end office switch not equipped to provide the customer identification function, the call will be routed to an access tandem switch equipped to provide the customer identification function. Once customer identification has been established through 800/888/877 Data Base Query Service, the 800/888/877 call will be routed to the selected customer for completion.

Basic 800/888/877 Data Base Queries provide instructions to route 1+800-NXX-XXXX, 1+888-NXX-XXXX or 1+877-NXX-XXXX calls on a simple call turn around basis to one particular customer or to different customers based on the LATA in which the 800/888/877 call originates.

Premium 800/888/877 Data Base Queries provide instructions to route 1+800-NXX-XXXX, 1+888-NXX-XXXX or 1+877-NXX-XXXX calls to:

- (A) Different customers based on time of day, day of week, or based on number of calls allocated by 800/888/877 subscriber selected percentages.
- (B) Different terminating locations based on time of day, day of week, or based on number of calls allocated by 800/888/877 subscriber selected percentages.
- (C) Standard seven digit local exchange telephone numbers at the terminating end based on the 800/888/877 subscriber's specific requirements.

The 800/888/877 subscriber is responsible for arranging the entry of the various routing instructions discussed herein into the Number Administration Service Center's (NASC's) Service Management System (SMS).

Rate regulations and charges applicable to 800/888/877 Data Base Query Service appear in 4.5.2(H) and 4.6.3(A).

4.2.20 500 Customer Identification Function

This function provides for screening of the first six digits of all 500-NXX-XXXX type calls generated by end users to determine the customer to which the call is to be routed. This function is provided in conjunction with 500 SAC Access Service and with FGC, FGD, BSA-C and BSA-D.

4.2.21 Tandem Switch Signaling

Tandem Switch Signaling, offered in conjunction with FGD Switched Access, 500 SAC Access, or 900 SAC Access Service with either multifrequency address signaling or SS7 Out of Band Signaling Access Service, provides the Carrier Identification Code (CIC) and the OZZ code or circuit code as described in 4.2.5 (A)(E) to determine the customer and trunk group(s) where traffic will be routed. Rate regulations applicable to Tandem Switch Signaling are found in 4.5.2(N)(6).

(C)  
(N)  
|  
(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.3 Obligations of the Customer

4.3.1 On and Off-Hook Supervision

The customer facilities shall provide the necessary on and off-hook supervision.

4.3.2 ASR Requirements

The customer shall order all Switched Access as in Section 3, and 4.3.2 and 4.3.3.

ASRs for Entrance Facilities and Direct-Trunked Transport must specify the customer designated location, type of service (e.g., Voice Grade, DS1 or DS3), the channel interface, and any optional arrangements desired. In addition, ASRs for Direct-Trunked Transport must specify any Hubs involved and the end office, when direct routing to an end office is desired, or the Telephone Company access tandem if direct routing to a Telephone Company access tandem switch for purposes of obtaining Tandem-Switched Transport is desired.

(C)

(C)

ASRs for Direct-Trunked Transport must also specify the Feature Group or BSA, number of lines or trunks at the end office or Telephone Company access tandem, major traffic types and directionality. Ordered quantities shall be specified by originating and terminating direction and by traffic type (e.g., MTS/MTS-type or WATS/WATS-type). Where the customer desires to segregate its originating traffic into separate trunk groups by type of traffic, the customer must specify the ordered quantities by trunk group and by traffic type. For example, if a customer desires a separate trunk group to carry its 500, 800, 888 or 900 traffic, the order must specify the trunks or BHMCs associated with 500, 800, 888 or 900 traffic for that trunk group.

(N)

Customers may order Tandem-Switched Transport by specifying the number of trunks required between the CDL and access tandem switch or BHMCs between the CDL and the end office. The customer shall provide, when it orders BHMC, its projected interstate BHMC between the CDL and each end office in the Access Area by traffic type. The customer shall provide, when it orders lines or trunks, its projected interstate traffic distribution by percent for each end office in the Access Area by traffic type. If the customer fails to provide its traffic distribution, the Telephone Company will use appropriate Telephone Company traffic studies to project distribution by end office.

(N)

When FGA or BSA-A is ordered the customer shall specify whether or not the terminating traffic is to be restricted to the Access Area as in 4.2.1(A)(6), and 4.2.5(N), or extended beyond the Access Area (i.e., local calling area). If the customer wishes to extend the traffic beyond the FGA or BSA-A Access Area, the rates in 4.5.2(N)(3), will apply. If the customer wishes to restrict the traffic, the rates in 4.5.2(B) may apply, depending upon the optional arrangement selected.

(C)

When the Alternate Traffic Routing optional arrangement is provided, Percent Traffic Routed (PTR) values must be provided on the ASR as described in 4.5.2(N)(2)(h).

(N)

(N)

When a customer orders Switched Access for mixed interstate and intrastate usage, the customer shall provide an estimate of the total usage which will be intrastate by traffic type.

The customer allocated percentages will be used as a basis of the jurisdictional determination for billing purposes of all charges until a more accurate determination can be provided as in 4.3.3 and 4.5.2(J).

4.3.3 Jurisdictional Determination

For purposes of determining the jurisdiction of Switched Access traffic, once the Switched Access service is activated, the following criteria will apply:

- (A) When the Telephone Company has measurement capability to provide the data to determine the jurisdiction of Switched Access traffic, the Telephone Company will determine the jurisdiction of Switched Access traffic. In those instances where the Telephone Company cannot determine the jurisdiction, the customer will be required to provide this information as described following.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.4 Payment Arrangements and Credit Allowances

4.4.1 (Reserved for Future Use)

4.4.2 Cancellation of Applications

A customer may cancel an application for Switched Access in Accordance with the regulations and charges in Section 3.

4.4.3 Credit Allowances

(A) Allowances for service interruptions are in 2.4.4.

(B) Usage Sensitive Service credit will be included in the FGA or BSA-A monthly bills rendered to customers to reflect usage charges collected from their end users for intrastate calls. The amount of credit applies to the End Office Switching rate element for originating calls. When the customer is provided originating only FGA or BSA-A service, the credit will apply to either the actual access minutes measured or the assumed minutes as in 4.5.2(O)(3).

No credit will apply for terminating only FGA or BSA-A.

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations

4.5.1 Rate Elements

For the purposes of determining the rates and charges for Switched Access, including SAC Access Service the following rate elements may apply:

Entrance Facility	Shared Trunk Port
Direct-Trunked Transport	Dedicated Trunk Port
Tandem-Switched Transport	Shared Multiplexing
Interconnection Charge	
Multiplexing	
Cross Connect Charge	
End Office Switching	
Information Surcharge	
800/888 Data Base Query	

FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D and SAC Access Service are also subject to the Network Blocking charge per call as in 4.5.2(I).

(C)  
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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations

This section contains the specific regulations governing the rates and charges that apply for Switched Access including SAC Access service and 800/888/877 Data Base Query service.

(A) Types of Rates and Charges

There are three types of rates and charges. These are usage sensitive rates, flat rates, and nonrecurring charges. The rates and charges are described as follows:

(1) Usage Rated

Usage rates are rates applied on a per Access Minute basis either as premium or nonpremium as described in 4.5.2(A), or they are applied on a per query basis either as basic or premium as described in 4.5.2(H).

End Office Switching and Information Surcharge rate elements are usage rated.

The Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination, Tandem Switching, Interconnection, Shared Trunk Port and Shared Multiplexing rate elements are usage rated.

The Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility rate element is both usage and distance-sensitive.

(2) Flat Rated

Flat rates apply, on a per month basis, regardless of the amount of rate element usage. Flat rates may be either distance-sensitive or nondistance-sensitive.

Dedicated Switched Access Transport is a flat-rated, distance-sensitive rate element applicable to CCS7 Access Service.

Direct-Trunked Transport is flat-rated and is both distance and nondistance-sensitive.

The Entrance Facility is flat-rated and is nondistance-sensitive.

Dedicated Multiplexing and Dedicated Trunk Port charge are all flat-rated elements.

(C)

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Material omitted from this page now appears on Original Sheet 129.3.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(A) Types of Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(3) Nonrecurring Charges

Nonrecurring charges are one-time charges that apply for specific work activities in conjunction with providing Switched Access Service or a change to an existing Switched Access Arrangement, Feature Group or Basic Serving Arrangement.

(a) Service Installation Charges

The Service Installation Charge applies to customer requests for installation of Switched Access Entrance Facilities from the CDL to the serving wire center. The charge applies on a per Entrance Facility basis and is dependent upon the type of Entrance Facility ordered (i.e., Voiceband, DS1 or DS3).

(b) Installation of Voiceband Entrance Facilities

The Service Installation Charge associated with the installation of Voiceband Entrance Facilities is specified in 4.6.2(J).

(c) Installation of Multiplexing Arrangements

A Nonrecurring Charge applies for the installation of multiplexing arrangements available with Switched Access Service. This charge applies per multiplexing arrangement ordered and is dependent upon the type of multiplexing performed. (DS1 to Voice or DS3 to DS1). This charge also applies whether the multiplexing arrangement is installed coincident with the initial installation or at anytime subsequent to the installation of service.

(N)  
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(N)  
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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(A) Types of Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(3) Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd)

(d) Installation of DS1 and DS3 Entrance Facilities

(1) DS1 Standard Arrangements

For DS1 Entrance Facilities, a nonrecurring charge applies for each DS1 Entrance Facility ordered.

(2) Reserved For Future Use

(3) DS3 Arrangements

For DS3 Entrance Facilities, the charge for the installation will apply at the rates set forth in 4.6.2(L). These charges will apply for each DS3 Entrance Facility ordered on a month-to-month basis or subscribed to on a term commitment plan.

(e) Switched Access Installation Charge Waiver

Pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's (FCC) Order in CC Docket No. 96-262, Access Charge Reform, released May 16, 1997, all nonrecurring charges (NRCs) for service connection are waived when a customer converts trunks from tandem-switched to direct-trunked for Tandem Switched Transport between the Tandem Switch and the Serving Wire Center (SWC).

(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(A) Types of Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(3) Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd)

(f) Switched Access Ordering Charges

Switched Access Ordering Charges are associated with the work performed by the Telephone Company in connection with the receiving, recording and processing of customer service requests. There are two types of service ordering charges.

(1) Initial Ordering Charge - Switched Access  
(USOC - SESCL)

This charge, applied on a per ASR basis, is associated with the work performed by the Telephone Company in connection with the receiving, recording and processing of service requests. The Switched Access Ordering Charge applies to all requests to establish Entrance Facilities, Direct-Trunked Transport Facilities, and Tandem-Switched Transport Facilities. Where Entrance Facilities and Direct-Trunked and/or Tandem-Switched Transport are ordered on a single ASR, only one Switched Access Ordering Charge applies. This charge is in addition to any Service Installation Charge for Entrance Facility installations.

All nonrecurring charges (NRCs) for service connection are waived when a customer converts trunks from tandem-switched to direct-trunked or from direct-trunked to tandem-switched. NRCs are also waived if a customer orders the discontinuance of overprovisioned trunks. Waiver of these NRCs will be effective immediately and continue through December 31, 1994.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(A) Types of Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(3) Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd) (T)

(f) Switched Access Ordering Charges (Cont'd) (T)

(2) Subsequent Ordering Charge - Switched Access  
(USOC - SESBX)

This charge applies on a per ASR basis for modifications to an existing service. This would include activities such as:

- Changes and/or additions to end office services optional arrangements (changes in hunt group or screening arrangements).
- The combination or splitting of FGA or BSA-A hunt groups.
- A move to a new point of termination within the same CDL.
- A change for rating purposes from one type of Transport to another (i.e., Special to Switched).
- The activation or deactivation of 900 SAC NXX codes on a per tandem level basis.
- The addition of Calling Party Number (CPN) Parameter, Carrier Selection Parameter (CSP), and Charge Number (CN) Parameter when ordered subsequent to the provision of SS7 Out of Band Signaling.
- Changes in FGD or BSA-D switched access and 800/888/877 SAC Access signaling from multifrequency address signaling to SS7 Out of Band Signaling except as specified in 4.5.2(G)(1).
- All nonrecurring charges (NRCs) for service connection are waived when a customer converts trunks from tandem-switched to direct-trunked or from direct-trunked to tandem-switched. NRCs are also waived if a customer orders the discontinuance of overprovisioned trunks. Waiver of these NRCs will be effective immediately and continue through December 31, 1994.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(A) Types of Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(3) Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd)

(T)

(g) Service Rearrangements

(T)

Service rearrangements are changes to existing (installed) services which may be administrative only in nature or involve an actual physical change in service.

(N)

Changes in the type of Entrance Facility will be treated as a discontinuance of one type of service and a start of another. The Service Installation charge shall apply to the new Entrance Facility installation.

Changes in the physical location of the point of termination are treated as moves which are described and charged for as in 4.5.2(F).

Changes in name or ownership or transfer of responsibility from one customer to another requires the discontinuance of service and the start of a new service when an interruption or relocation of service is involved. The Switched Access Ordering Charge and Service Installation Charge, if appropriate, and any appropriate Minimum Period Charges will apply per service change.

(N)

Administrative changes will be made without charge to the customer. Administrative changes are as follows:

- Change in name or ownership or transfer of responsibility from one customer to another, provided there is no interruption of use or relocation of Switched Access service.
- Change of customer or customer's end user premise address when the change of address is not a result of a physical relocation of equipment,
- Change in billing data (name, address or contact name or telephone number),
- Change in customer circuit identification,
- Change of billing account number,
- Change of customer testline number,
- Change of customer or customer's end user contact name or telephone number, and
- Change of agency authorization.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(A) Types of Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

(3) Nonrecurring Charges (Cont'd)

(T)

(h) Design Change Charge (USOC - H28)

(T)

A design change is any change to a pending ASR or a change to an existing service which requires engineering review or change. Design changes may include the addition or deletion of End Office Services Optional Arrangements or changes in the signaling arrangements associated with the Interface Arrangements as described in 4.2.3(B). Design changes do not include a change of Switched Access Interface Arrangement or facility type, IC CDL, end user premises, end office switch, Feature Group or Basic Serving Arrangement type. Changes of this nature will require the issuance of a new ASR and the cancellation of the original ASR with the appropriate cancellation charges applied.

(M)

The Telephone Company will review the requested change, notify the customer whether the change can be accommodated and if a new service date is required. If the customer authorizes the Telephone Company to proceed with the design change, a Design Change Charge will apply.

The Design Change Charge for Switched Access Service in Section 4.6.1(C) will apply on a per ASR per occurrence basis for each request requiring a design change.

The Design Change Charge is in addition to any Switched Ordering charges associated with the change requested. When the design change is on a pending ASR, the Initial Ordering Charge - Switched Access will apply. If the design change is to an existing service, the Subsequent Ordering Charge - Switched Access will apply.

If a change of service date is required, the Service Date Change Charge in 3.2.2(A) will also apply.

(M)

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(I) Network Blocking Charge for FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D and SAC Access Service

The customer will be notified by the Telephone Company to increase its capacity when excessive trunk group blocking occurs on groups carrying FGB, FGC, FGD, BSA-B, BSA-C, BSA-D or SAC Access Service traffic and the measured access minutes for the Daily Busiest Hour exceed the capacity purchased. Excessive trunk group blocking occurs when the blocking thresholds stated below are exceeded. They are predicated on Daily Busiest Hour measurements for four contiguous weeks using the five highest traffic days of the week, excluding national holidays. The Telephone Company will not bill the customer a Network Blocking Charge if an ASR for additional capacity is received by the Telephone Company within 15 days of the notification. If an ASR is not received within 15 days of notification the rate in 4.6.1(D), will apply when (1) the Daily Busiest Hour average blocking for the four contiguous weeks exceeds the threshold level and (2) the average originating or two-way usage measured for these same hours exceeds the Switched Access capacity purchased.

Blocking Thresholds

<u>Trunks in Service</u>	<u>1%</u>	<u>1/2%</u>
1-2	.070	.045
3-4	.050	.035
5-6	.040	.025
7-or more	.030	.020

The one percent blocking threshold is for FGB, FGC, BSA-B, BSA-C and SAC Access Service transmission paths carrying traffic between a CDL and the first point of switching, or FGD or BSA-D transmission paths carrying traffic direct between a CDL and an end office. The one-half percent blocking threshold is for FGD or BSA-D transmission paths carrying traffic between a CDL and an end office via an access tandem.

(J) Determination of Interstate Charges for Mixed Interstate and Intrastate Switched Access

When mixed interstate and intrastate Switched Access Service is provided, all charges will be prorated based on the jurisdictional distribution of access minutes as in 4.3.3. The portion of a Switched Access Service to be charged as intrastate is determined in the following manner:

(C)

For usage rated elements, multiply the percent interstate use times the total usage, either measured or assumed, rounded to whole access minutes times the appropriate tariff rate element.

(C)

(C)

For monthly and nonrecurring rate elements, multiply the percent interstate use times the quantity of each chargeable element times the stated tariff rate per element.

(N)

(N)

(K) Local Dial-It Services

Customer will be billed charges for terminating Switched Access calls to certain community information services, for which rates are applicable under the Telephone Company General and/or Local Tariffs (e.g., 976 Dial-It Network Services).

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(L) Directory Assistance

Terminating Switched Access calls dialed to Directory Assistance will be rated under the applicable rates for the Switched Access in 4.6. In addition, the charge per call to Directory Assistance in the Telephone Company General and/or Local Tariffs may also apply.

(M) (Reserved for Future Use)

(N) Description and Application of Rates

(1) Determination of Premium Rates

The Interconnection Charge, End Office Switching and the Information Surcharge rates are applied as premium rates as set forth in 4.6.

(C)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(N) Description and Application of Rates (Cont'd)

(1) Determination of Premium Rates (Cont'd)

The specific application of premium rates for a specific customer is dependent upon the feature group or Basic Serving Arrangement, and the availability of equal access capabilities in the end office or the WATS Serving Office to which the service is provided. The Entrance Facility, Direct-Trunked Transport, Tandem-Switched Transport and Multiplexing rate elements are not subject to premium rating.

(N)

(N)

Premium rates apply to all FGC, FGD, BSA-C and BSA-D access minutes; to all FGA, FGB, BSA-A, BSA-B and SAC Access Service access minutes that originate from or terminate at end offices or WATS Serving Offices equipped with equal access (i.e., FGD, BSA-D) capabilities; and to all FGB or BSA-D access minutes that terminate at end offices not equipped with equal access, when the service is provided to customers who furnish MTS and WATS. Premium rates also apply to switched access minutes that originate or terminate at a Mobile Telephone Switching Office (MTSO) directly interconnected to a Telephone Company access tandem office.

Premium rates apply to all FGA, FGB, BSA-A, BSA-B and SAC Access Service access minutes (measured or assumed) that originate from or terminate at end offices or WATS Serving Offices which are not equipped with equal access capabilities.

Premium rates also apply to switched access minutes of use that originate/terminate at a MTSO directly interconnected to a Telephone Company nonequal access type end office.

(2) Switched Transport

The Switched Transport is determined as follows:

- (a) The Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility rate is applied per access minute per airline mile for each Switched Access Feature Group or Basic Serving Arrangement type. Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility airline mileage will be determined as follows:

(C)

Where Direct-Trunked Transport is ordered between a serving wire center and an access tandem, and Tandem-Switched Transport is ordered to subtending end offices, mileage will be measured from the access tandem to the end office or WSO (for WATS and WATS-type).

When the end office is acting as a host office, a separate mileage calculation determines the mileage from the host office to the remote office. Traffic originating from and/or terminating to the remote will be billed Tandem-Switched Transport charges. The Tandem Switching charge does not apply to traffic between a host and remote office.

The V&H coordinate method is used to determine the actual mileage as set forth in NECA, Inc.'s Tariff FCC No. 4(\*). If the calculated miles include a fraction, the value is rounded up to the next full mile.

(C)

(\*) For intraLATA LEC to LEC traffic, percentages of ownership will be determined by the V&H coordinates located in the Missouri Intrastate IntraLATA Compensation Plan Database.

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(N) Description and Application of Rates (Cont'd)

(2) Switched Transport (Cont'd)

(a) (Cont'd)

Switched Transport rates apply to the switched access minutes of use that originate/terminate at a MTSO directly connected to a Telephone Company access tandem or end office. Where the connection is made directly to an end office, Switched Transport rates (Tandem-Switched Transport or Direct-Trunked Transport, as ordered by the customer) shall apply between the end office and the serving wire center of the customer. Where the connection is made directly to an access tandem, Direct-Trunked Transport shall apply between the access tandem and the serving wire center of the customer. The Tandem Switching charge shall apply to all minutes of use where the MTSO connection is made directly to an access tandem.

Where Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility is provided by more than one telephone company, the mileage for each will be determined as in 2.7.

The Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility rate will not apply if the CDL serving wire center and the end office are co-located (where  $V/H - V/H = 0$ ).

(b) The Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate applies per access minute for each termination (i.e., the access tandem and the end office serving the end user, and the host and remote end office) for all Switched Access Feature Group or Basic Serving Arrangement types.

When both terminations are provided by the Telephone Company, the Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate applies twice, including those situations when the terminations are co-located, except where the Tandem-Switched Transport Termination originates or terminates to a Class 4/5 switch.

When both terminations are provided by the Telephone Company and traffic originates from or terminates to a remote office, the Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate applies four times (i.e., for each termination from the access tandem to the host and for each termination from the host to the remote office).

The Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate applies to switched access minutes of use that originate/terminate at a MTSO directly interconnected to a Telephone Company access tandem or end office.

Where the Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility is provided by more than one telephone company, the Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate applies for the termination (i.e., the access tandem or the end office serving the end user) at the Telephone Company end of the Switched Transport as in 2.7. The Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination rate will not apply when the Telephone Company is the intermediate provider of the Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(N) Description and Application of Rates (Cont'd)

(2) Switched Transport (Cont'd)

- (d) The Direct-Trunked Transport rate is applied on a monthly airline mile and termination basis, except that Direct-Trunked Voiceband Transport is applied on a monthly airline mile basis only.

To determine the Direct-Trunked Transport airline mileage, the distance will be measured from the wire center that normally serves the CDL to the access tandem, end office, WSO (for WATS and WATS-type), or the end office that serves as the host for a remote office. The V&H coordinate method is used to determine the actual mileage as set forth in NECA Inc.'s Tariff FCC No. 4. If the calculated miles include a fraction, the value is rounded up to the next full mile.

For traffic originating from or terminating to a remote office, the mileage will be calculated separately from the end office switch that serves as the host to the remote using the V&H coordinates method. The Direct-Trunked Transport Rate applies from the customer's serving wire center to the end office that serves as the host office. Traffic originating from and/or terminating to the remote will be billed Tandem-Switched Transport charges based on mileage between the host and remote office. The Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination Charge is applicable for each termination between the host and remote office. The Tandem Switching Charge is not applicable for Tandem-Switched Transport between the end office that serves as the host to the remote office.

When Telephone Company Hubs are involved, mileage is computed and rates applied separately for each section of the Direct-Trunked Transport, i.e., customer serving wire center to Hub, Hub to Hub, Hub to Tandem or Hub to end office.

Where Direct-Trunked Transport includes termination rates, i.e., High Capacity DS1 and DS3 transport, one Termination rate applies for the termination of each end of the interoffice facility.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(N) Description and Application of Rates (Cont'd)

(2) Switched Transport (Cont'd)

- (e) The Entrance Facility rate is a flat-rated charge assessed per Voiceband, DS1 or DS3 termination at the CDL. This charge will apply even if the CDL and the serving wire center are co-located in a Telephone Company building.

For DS1 Entrance Facilities, a "First System" charge is assessed per Entrance Facility for the first DS1 ordered. When the same customer requests additional DS1 service on the same ASR to be installed at the same time between the same CDL and serving wire center, the "Additional System" charge will apply.

- (f) The Tandem Switching rate is usage-sensitive and is applied per access minute to all feature groups for Tandem-Switched Transport with three exceptions. The Tandem-Switching Rate is not applicable for Tandem-Switched Transport between a host office and a remote office, nor is it applicable for FGA or BSA-A.

The Tandem Switching rate also will not apply to access minutes that originate or terminate at the end office part of a Class 4/5 switch.

- (g) The Interconnection rate is usage-sensitive and is applied per access minute to all feature groups that utilize the Telephone Company's switched access network. It applies to all minutes of use whether transported via Direct-Trunked Transport, Tandem-Switched Transport, or Entrance Facilities.

The Interconnection Rate applies to customers utilizing Telephone Company Transport.

(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(N) Description and Application of Rates (Cont'd)

(2) Switched Transport (Cont'd)

- (h) When the Alternate Traffic Routing optional arrangement is provided in conjunction with Feature Groups B and D or BSA-B and BSA-D and the end office or access tandem switch is unable to determine the specific trunk group carrying alternate routed traffic to multiple CDLs, switched transport access minutes will be apportioned among the number of trunk groups utilized to provide this optional arrangement. Such apportionment will occur through the application of Percent Traffic Routed (PTR) values provided by the customer on the ASR. The PTR value for each trunk group, the percentage of total traffic to be attributed to each trunk group, will be determined by dividing the BHMC for each trunk group by the total BHMC for all trunk groups carrying alternate routed traffic. The resulting percentage, or PTR value, for each trunk group will be multiplied times the total alternate routed traffic quantity to apportion usage to the individual trunk group. This apportionment will serve as the basis for the switched transport mileage calculation for alternate routed originating traffic as described herein. (T)

When Feature Group B or D or BSA-B or BSA-D Switched Access service is terminated from multiple CDLs through an access tandem or is terminated from multiple CDLs directly to an end office and the end office or access tandem switch is unable to determine the specific trunk group carrying such terminating traffic, switched transport access minutes will be apportioned among the number of trunk groups carrying such terminating traffic. Such apportionment will occur through the application of PTR values provided by the customer on the ASR. The PTR value for each trunk group will be determined by dividing the BHMC for each trunk group by the total BHMC for all trunk groups carrying such terminating traffic. The resulting PTR value for each trunk group will be multiplied times the total terminating traffic quantity to apportion usage to the individual trunk group. This apportionment will serve as the basis for the switched transport mileage calculation for traffic terminating from multiple CDLs as described herein.

The PTR values as described herein must be included on any ASR establishing or changing any Switched Access service arrangement requiring the use of PTRs. The notation of such PTR values on ASRs must indicate whether the PTR will be used to apportion alternate routed originating traffic to multiple CDLs or to apportion traffic terminating from multiple CDLs. The Telephone Company may conduct verification audits, not to exceed one each year, for each customer, and for each location. Such audits may be conducted by independent auditors if the Telephone Company and the customer, or the customer alone, is willing to pay the expense.

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(N) Description and Application of Rates (Cont'd)

(3) Extended FGA and BSA-A Terminating Traffic

(a) For calls established on a 1+ or expanded seven digit measured calling basis, outside the specific FGA or BSA-A Access Area, however inside the LATA, in conjunction with terminating FGA or BSA-A traffic to an end office equipped with Equal Access capabilities, the following rates apply:

- for each access minute of each such call, the premium rates per access minute for End Office Switching, in 4.6.3, and the Information Surcharge in 4.6.4.
- for each access minute, the Tandem-Switched Transport Facility rate per access minute per airline mile in 4.6.2 and the Tandem-Switched Transport - Termination in 4.6.2.

When the serving wire center of the CDL is the dial tone office, the Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility rate is applicable and mileage is measured from the serving wire center (i.e., the dial tone office) of the CDL to the end office.

When the serving wire center of the CDL is not the dial tone office, the Direct-Trunked Transport rate is applicable for mileage measured between the serving wire center of the CDL and the dial tone office. The Tandem-Switched Transport - Facility rate is applicable for mileage measured between the dial tone office and the end office.

The Tandem Switching rate is not applicable for Extended FGA or BSA-A terminating traffic.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(N) Description and Application of Rates (Cont'd)

(6) Tandem Switch Signaling (TSS)

TSS will be provided via FGD or BSA-D Switched Access, 500 SAC Access, or 900 SAC Access services with either multifrequency (MF) address signaling or SS7 Out of Band Signaling. TSS is available with originating calling only, terminating calling only, or, where available, two-way calling trunks. TSS two-way calling trunks are only available from end offices where the switch technology is capable of measuring the terminating usage on two-way TSS equipped trunks. Where the end office switch technology is not capable of measuring terminating usage on two-way calling TSS equipped trunks, the customer must order originating calling only or terminating calling only trunks for use with TSS.

Switched Access connections to the customer's access tandem location(s) shall be via Direct-Trunked Transport and/or Entrance Facility. The Switched Access Entrance Facility provides the facility, including interface arrangement, between the point of termination at the customer designated location and the Telephone Company's serving wire center. Direct-Trunked Transport provides the interoffice facilities dedicated to a single customer between the serving wire center and end offices. TSS is not available via a Telephone Company access tandem. The facilities ordered by the customer for connectivity from the customer's access tandem to an IC's CDL is provided via Special Access facilities as described in Section 5.

- For originating usage the owner of the carrier identification code will be billed for all usage.
- For terminating usage all associated Switched Access usage charges are the responsibility of the TSS customer. At the TSS customer's request, the Telephone Company will bill each of the TSS customer's users directly for their respective usage, if the TSS customer agrees to furnish the Telephone Company, free of charge, the call detail information necessary to bill its users. This call detail information must be provided daily for the previous day's usage in industry standard format (i.e., 1101-20 Expanded Message Record format with end office level detail). The information must be provided by either electronic transmission or magnetic tape as specified by the Telephone Company.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(N) Description and Application of Rates (Cont'd)

(7) Dedicated Trunk Port Charge

The Dedicated Trunk Port charge, as set forth in 4.6.2(I), shall apply for termination of a dedicated trunk at the access tandem or an end office. It is flat-rated and is assessed per voice grade or DS1 channel terminating at an end office or access tandem.

(8) Shared Trunk Port Charge

The Shared Trunk Port, as set forth in 4.6.3(O) provides for the termination of a Tandem-Switched Trunk at an end office. The Shared Trunk Port is usage rated and shall be assessed to all access minutes which utilize Tandem-Switched Transport. This includes minutes of use associated with FGA service when traffic is terminated in an end office that is not the dial tone office and on minutes of use provided at a remote office.

The Shared Trunk Port charge will not apply to access minutes that originate or terminate at the end office part of a Class 4/5 switch.

The Shared Trunk Port charge does not apply to switched access minutes of use that originate or terminate at MTSOs directly interconnected to a Telephone Company access tandem.

When the Tandem-Switched Transport is provided by more than one telephone company, the Shared Trunk Port charge shall be billed by the Telephone Company in whose territory the end office is located, as in 2.7(A)(2)(g).

(N)

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.2 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

(N) Description and Application of Rates (Cont'd)

(M)

(M)

(9) 500 NXX Translation Nonrecurring Charge

(T)

The 500 NXX Translation Nonrecurring Charge, as set forth in 4.6.1(E), shall apply to each 500 NXX code activated or deactivated in a Telephone Company switch capable of performing the customer identification function for 500 SAC Access Service. The total nonrecurring charge per customer order shall be determined by multiplying the number of switches in which the Telephone Company must activate or deactivate the 500 NXX code within the serving area specified by the customer's order times the appropriate nonrecurring charge. Separate nonrecurring charges apply to the activation or deactivation of the first 500 NXX code contained on the customer's ASR and to the activation or deactivation of each additional 500 NXX code contained on the same ASR. In addition, the Subsequent Ordering Charge-Switched Access, as set forth in 4.6.1(B) will apply per ASR submitted for the activation or deactivation of NXX codes.

(10) Carrier Identification Parameter (CIP)

(T)

The Carrier Identification Parameter (CIP) provides for the transmission of the Carrier Identification Code (CIC) or the access code 101XXXX to the customer with the Initial Address Message (IAM). CIP will be populated by a 4-digit CIC at the rates shown in 4.6.8. The monthly recurring rate is applicable per trunk. The nonrecurring charge is applicable per CIC, per trunk group. The nonrecurring charge has two rate levels. There is a nonrecurring charge applicable to trunk groups direct to the access tandem and a nonrecurring charge applicable to trunk groups direct to an end office.

(C)

(T)

(O) Measuring Access Minutes

Customer traffic to end offices will be measured (i.e., recorded or assumed) by the Telephone Company at end office switches or Telephone Company access tandems. Originating and terminating calls will be measured (i.e., recorded or assumed) by the Telephone Company to determine the basis for computing chargeable access minutes. For terminating calls over FGA, FGB, FGC, BSA-A, BSA-B, BSA-C (to SAC Access and Directory Assistance Services) and FGD or BSA-D, the measured access minutes are the chargeable access minutes. For originating calls over FGA, FGB, BSA-A and BSA-B, the measured access minutes are the chargeable access minutes.

For originating calls over FGC or BSA-C, chargeable access minutes are derived from measured access minutes through the use of a Telephone Company factor. A description of the factor is in (4).

Material omitted from this page now appears on Original Sheet 141.1 and Original Sheet 141.2.

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.5 Rate and Charge Regulations (Cont'd)

4.5.4 (Reserved for Future Use)

4.5.5 Application of Rates for FGA and BSA-A Extension Service

FGA or BSA-A is available with extensions (i.e., additional terminations of the service at different buildings in the same LATA). FGA or BSA-A extensions are provided and charged for as Special Access. The rate elements which apply are Special Transport (from the extension bridging point to the wire center serving the CDL), and Special Access Lines. All appropriate monthly rates and nonrecurring charges are in 5.7.

4.5.6 (Reserved for Future Use)

4.5.7 (Reserved for Future Use)

4.5.8 (Reserved for Future Use)

4.5.9 Shared Use Analog and Digital High Capacity Services

Monthly charges for a DS1 or DS3 high capacity shared used facility will be apportioned between Switched and Special Access based on the relative proportion of channels used for switched and special access in the following manner.

If the facility is ordered as Special Access, rating as Special Access will continue until such time as a portion of the available capacity is used to provide Switched Access service. As individual channels are activated for Switched Access, monthly charges will be apportioned between Switched and Special Access based on the number of channels used for Switched Access and the number of remaining channels on the Special Access facility according to the following formula:

- The total shared use charge is equal to the Monthly Switched Access Charge times the number of channels used for Switched Access divided by 24 for DS1 or 672 for DS3 plus the monthly Special Access Charge times the number of channels remaining for Special Access divided by 24 for DS1 or 672 for DS3.

If the facility is ordered as Switched Access, rating as Switched Access will continue until such time as a portion of the available capacity is used to provide Special Access service. As individual channels are activated for Special Access, monthly charges will be apportioned between Switched and Special Access based on the number of channels used for Special Access and the number of remaining channels on the Switched Access Facility according to the following formula:

- The total shared use charge is equal to the Monthly Special Access Charge times the number of channels used for Special Access divided by 24 for DS1 or 672 for DS3 plus the monthly Switched Access Charge times the number of channels remaining for Switched Access divided by 24 for DS1 or 672 for DS3.

The monthly Switched and Special Access rate used will be the appropriate rate (Special Access SAL, Transport, Multiplexer and/or Cross Connect Arrangement and Switched Access Entrance Facility, Direct-Trunked Transport and/or Multiplexer) for the underlying shared use facility.

(C)

(N)

(N)

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.6 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

4.6.2 Switched Transport

	<u>Rate</u>	
	<u>Originating</u>	<u>Terminating</u>
(A) <u>Tandem-Switched Transport – Facility</u>		
Per Access Minute, Per Airline Mile	\$0.000064	\$0.000064
(B) <u>Tandem-Switched Transport – Termination</u>		
Per Access Minute, Per Termination	\$0.000128	\$0.000128
(C) <u>Tandem Switching</u>		
Per Access Minute	\$0.000611	\$0.000611
(D) <u>Shared Multiplexing</u>		
Per Access Minute	\$0.000108	\$0.000108
(E) <u>Interconnection Rate</u>		
Telephone Company Provided Transport	\$0.018883	\$0.018883
	<u>Monthly Rate</u>	
(F) <u>Direct-Trunked Transport-Voice Grade</u>		
Facility – Per Mile	\$1.25	
Termination – Per Termination	\$7.99	
(G) <u>Direct-Trunked Transport-DS1</u>		
Facility – Per Mile	\$7.15	
Termination – Per Termination	\$4.66	
(H) <u>Direct-Trunked Transport-DS3</u>		
Facility – Per Airline Mile	\$49.15	
Termination – Per Termination	\$185.80	

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

(N)

- 4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)
- 4.6 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)
- 4.6.2 Switched Transport (Cont'd)

	<u>Monthly Rate</u>	<u>Service Installation Charge</u>
(I) <u>Dedicated Trunk Port</u>		
End Office - Per Channel		
- Voiceband	\$10.23	
- DS1	\$1.78	
Access Tandem - Per Channel		
- Voiceband	\$16.77	
- DS1	\$7.89	
(J) <u>Entrance Facility-Voice Grade</u>		
Per Entrance Facility		
2-Wire Voice Grade	\$18.30	\$174.80
4-Wire Voice Grade	\$27.70	\$174.80
(K) <u>Entrance Facility-DS1</u>		
Per Entrance Facility	\$68.05	\$237.15
(L) <u>Entrance Facility-DS3</u>		
Per Entrance Facility	\$782.60	\$518.25
(M) <u>Multiplexing</u>		
DS1 to Voice	\$72.00	N/A
DS3 to DS1	\$168.05	N/A

(N)

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

4. SWITCHED ACCESS (Cont'd)

4.6 Rates and Charges (Cont'd)

4.6.3 End Office Services (Cont'd)

(L) Remote Call Forwarding - BSE

Premium Monthly Rate  
Per Line  
(FOMPX)

\$16.28

(M) Direct Inward Dialing (DID) - BSE

Monthly Rate  
Per DID Term  
(NDT)

\$35.64

Monthly Rate  
Per Block of 20 Numbers  
(ND4)

\$18.33

(N) Billed Number Screening (BNS) - BSE

Monthly Rate  
Per Lines Screened  
(RTVXQ)

\$4.16

(O) Shared Trunk Port  
Per Access Minute

	<u>Rate</u>	
	<u>Originating</u>	<u>Terminating</u>
	\$0.001718	\$0.001718

(N)  
|  
(N)

FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

5 SPECIAL ACCESS (Cont'd)

5.6 Rate Regulations (Cont'd)

5.6.6 Hub Wire Centers (Cont'd)

At the request of the customer, the full-time and/or part-time services provided to a Hub Wire Center may be connected together in the following configurations: full-time to full-time, full-time to part-time, or part-time to part-time.

The rates that apply for Program Audio Services between each CDL and the Hub Wire Center are Special Transport, if applicable, and Special Access Line. In addition, rates for Supplemental Features may be applicable.

5.6.7 Shared Use Analog and Digital High Capacity Services

Monthly charges for a DS1 or DS3 high capacity shared used facility will be apportioned between Switched and Special Access based on the relative proportion of channels used for switched and special access in the following manner.

If the facility is ordered as Special Access, rating as Special Access will continue until such time as a portion of the available capacity is used to provide Switched Access service. As individual channels are activated for Switched Access, monthly charges will be apportioned between Switched and Special Access based on the number of channels used for Switched Access and the number of remaining channels on the Special Access facility according to the following formula:

- The total shared use charge is equal to the Monthly Switched Access Charge times the number of channels used for Switched Access divided by 24 for DS1 or 672 for DS3 plus the monthly Special Access Charge times the number of channels remaining for Special Access divided by 24 for DS1 or 672 for DS3.

If the facility is ordered as Switched Access, rating as Switched Access will continue until such time as a portion of the available capacity is used to provide Special Access service. As individual channels are activated for Special Access, monthly charges will be apportioned between Switched and Special Access based on the number of channels used for Special Access and the number of remaining channels on the Switched Access Facility according to the following formula:

- The total shared use charge is equal to the Monthly Special Access Charge times the number of channels used for Special Access divided by 24 for DS1 or 672 for DS3 plus the monthly Switched Access Charge times the number of channels remaining for Switched Access divided by 24 for DS1 or 672 for DS3.

The monthly Switched and Special Access rate used will be the appropriate rate (Special Access SAL, Transport and Multiplexer and Switched Access Entrance Facility, Direct-Trunked Transport and Multiplexer) for the underlying shared use facility, i.e., if the underlying facility is a Special Access DS3 service, the corresponding Switched Access DS3 Transport will be used to determine the Switched Access monthly charges.

5.6.8 (Reserved For Future Use)

(C)

(C)

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FACILITIES FOR INTRASTATE ACCESS

12. CARRIER COMMON LINE SERVICE (Cont'd)

12.5 Rates and Charges

Rates for Carrier Common Line Service are as follows:

<u>Intrastate</u>	<u>InterLATA</u>	<u>Intrastate</u>	<u>IntraLATA</u>
<u>Premium Rate</u>	<u>Premium Rate</u>	<u>Premium Rate</u>	<u>Premium Rate</u>
<u>Per</u> <u>Originating</u> <u>Access Minute</u>	<u>Per</u> <u>Terminating</u> <u>Access Minute</u>	<u>Per</u> <u>Originating</u> <u>Access Minute</u>	<u>Per</u> <u>Terminating</u> <u>Access Minute</u>
\$ .002059679	\$ .00201723 (R)	\$ .02059679	\$ .00201723 (R)

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