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**MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION**

**CASE NO. ER-2012-0166**

**DIRECT TESTIMONY**

**OF**

**WILBON L. COOPER**

**ON**

**BEHALF OF**

**UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY  
d/b/a Ameren Missouri**

**St. Louis, Missouri  
February, 2012**

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1 **DIRECT TESTIMONY**

2 **OF**

3 **WILBON L. COOPER**

4 **CASE NO. ER-2012-0166**

5 **I. INTRODUCTION**

6 **Q. Please state your name and business address.**

7 A. My name is Wilbon L. Cooper. My business address is One Ameren  
8 Plaza, 1901 Chouteau Avenue, St. Louis, Missouri 63103.

9 **Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?**

10 A. I am employed by Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri  
11 (“Ameren Missouri” or the “Company”) as the Manager of the Rates and Tariffs  
12 Department.

13 **Q. Please describe your educational background and employment**  
14 **experience.**

15 A. I have a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical Engineering from the  
16 University of Missouri-Rolla.

17 I was employed as an Assistant Engineer in the Rate Engineering Department of  
18 Union Electric in June 1980. My work included assignments relating to the general  
19 analyses and administration of various aspects of Union Electric’s electric, gas, and steam  
20 rates. In October 1989, I was appointed Supervising Engineer – Rate Analysis in the  
21 Rate Engineering Department of Corporate Planning, which eventually became a part of  
22 Ameren Services Company. In this position, I was responsible for meeting the analytical  
23 requirements for the Company's retail gas and electric rates and wholesale electric rates,

1 including load research and various cost of service and rate design studies, as assigned. I  
2 was appointed to my present position of Manager of Rates and Tariffs in March 2003.

3 I currently have responsibility for the general policies and practices associated  
4 with the day-to-day administration and design of Ameren Missouri's electric and gas rate  
5 tariffs, riders and rules and regulations tariffs on file with the Missouri Public Service  
6 Commission ("Commission") and in the participation in various proceedings before this  
7 regulatory agency. In addition, Rates and Tariffs is responsible for conducting class cost  
8 of service and rate design studies and the participation in other projects of a general  
9 corporate nature, as requested by the Company's Vice President-Regulatory and  
10 Legislative Affairs.

11 I have previously submitted testimony before the regulatory commissions of  
12 Missouri, Illinois, and Iowa.

## 13 II. PURPOSE AND SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY

14 **Q. What is the purpose of your direct testimony in this proceeding?**

15 A. My direct testimony discusses: a) the revenue increase being proposed for  
16 the Company's electric retail rate classes; b) the development and results of a class cost  
17 of service study being submitted in connection with the direct testimony of Ameren  
18 Missouri witness William M. Warwick as part of this case; and c) the design and  
19 development of rates for the individual class rates.

1     **Q.     Are you sponsoring any schedules for presentation to the Commission in this**  
2     **proceeding?**

3             A.     Yes.   I am sponsoring eight schedules.   The first three, discussed  
4     immediately below, provide a summary of the rate increase requested in this case.  I  
5     discuss the remaining schedules throughout my direct testimony.

6             **Q.     Please identify Schedule WLC-E1.**

7             A.     Schedule WLC-E1 consists of thirty-two (32) tariff sheets, which reflect  
8     the revised rate tariffs.  These tariffs, taken as a whole, would provide an increase in the  
9     Company's net Missouri electric jurisdictional normalized test year revenues of  
10    approximately \$375.6 million, or approximately 14.6%, over the annualized test year  
11    base rate<sup>1</sup> revenue that would be realized from the tariffs which are effective at the time  
12    of this filing.

13            **Q.     Please identify Schedule WLC-E2.**

14            A.     Schedule WLC-E2 shows the distribution of the proposed net revenue  
15    increase to the Company's various proposed rate service classifications resulting from the  
16    rates contained in the proposed tariffs in Schedule WLC-E1, excluding gross receipts  
17    taxes levied on customer billings by the various municipalities within the Company's  
18    service area.

19            **Q.     Please identify Schedule WLC-E3.**

20            A.     Schedule WLC-E3 illustrates the effects of the proposed rates in the tariffs  
21    in Schedule WLC-E1 upon typical monthly bills of customers served under the  
22    Company's non-lighting rate service classifications.

**III. CLASS COST OF SERVICE STUDY**

**A. Class Cost of Service Concepts and Operating System Components**

**Q. Please explain what is meant by “class cost of service.”**

A. The Company currently provides service to its customers in a number of rate classifications that are designated for residential or non-residential service. The non-residential customer group is differentiated by customer size and the voltage level at which the Company provides service. The current customer classes are Residential, Small General Service ("SGS") and Large General Service ("LGS") (all of which have their service delivered at a low secondary voltage level); Small Primary Service ("SPS") and Large Primary Service ("LPS") (delivery at a high voltage level); Large Transmission Service ("LTS") (delivery at a "transmission" voltage level) and Lighting Service (both area and street lighting). A class cost of service study provides a basis for allocating and/or assigning the Company's total jurisdictional cost of providing electric service to these various customer classes in a manner that reflects cost causation. The results of a class cost of service study with equalized rates of return are often referred to as "class revenue requirements." Mr. Warwick conducted a class cost of service study for this case, under my supervision, and he is sponsoring that study in direct testimony filed in this proceeding.

**Q. How are the results of a class cost of service study used by the Company?**

A. These study results are typically used to develop the target level of annual

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<sup>1</sup> The test year in this case is the 12 months ending September 30, 2011, with certain pro forma adjustments discussed in the direct testimony of Ameren Missouri witness Gary S. Weiss, including as adjusted for customer growth through July 31, 2011.

1 revenue that the Company should recover from each customer class through the  
2 application of the rates or charges within the Company tariffs under which the various  
3 customer classes are being served.

4 **Q. Please explain your use of the term “rate design.”**

5 A. Generically speaking, my use of the term “rate design” refers both to the  
6 process of establishing the specific charges (e.g. monthly customer charges, dollars per  
7 kilowatt of demand and/or cents per kilowatt-hour energy charges) for each customer  
8 class, as well as to the actual structure of an individual class rate. The rate design, or  
9 structure, of a given class rate may range in complexity from a simple structure  
10 consisting of a monthly customer charge and a flat charge per kilowatt-hour (such as the  
11 Company’s summer Residential rate), to a more complex set of customer, demand,  
12 energy and reactive charges (such as the Company’s SPS, LPS and LTS rates). In all  
13 instances, however, the charges within a specific rate classification are established such  
14 that the application of these individual charges to the total annual customer class  
15 electrical usage will result in the collection of the targeted annual revenue requirement of  
16 each of the Company’s retail rate classes.

17 **Q. As background for additional discussion on the class cost of service**  
18 **study the Company is sponsoring in this case, please provide a general description**  
19 **of the various facilities utilized by the Company in producing and delivering**  
20 **electricity to its customers.**

21 A. Schedule WLC-E4 of my testimony is a simplified diagram illustrative of  
22 the Ameren Missouri electric system, showing how power flows from the generating  
23 station and is then transmitted and distributed to the home of a residential customer.

1 Other customers receiving service at higher voltage levels are also served from various  
2 points on the same system.

3 **Q. Please describe, in more detail, how the Company's system operates.**

4 A. As illustrated in Schedule WLC-E4, electrical power is produced at the  
5 Company's generating stations at voltage levels ranging from 11,000 to 23,750 volts. To  
6 achieve transmission operating economies, this voltage is raised, or stepped up, by power  
7 transformers at the generating station sites to voltages generally ranging from 138,000 to  
8 345,000 volts for transmission to the Company's bulk substations that are strategically  
9 located throughout its service area.

10 **Q. What is the function of the Company's bulk substations?**

11 A. Bulk substations receive electrical power at transmission voltage levels.  
12 They then lower, or step-down, this power to transmission or distribution voltages  
13 generally ranging from 138,000 volts to 34,500 or 69,000 volts. Such power is then  
14 distributed over the Company's 34,500 or 69,000 volt distribution lines to distribution  
15 substations located throughout the Company's service area.

16 **Q. What function do distribution substations perform?**

17 A. Distribution substations, which are far more numerous than bulk  
18 substations, provide a further reduction in the electrical power voltage to a range of 4,160  
19 to 13,800 volts within various portions of the Company's service area. The power is then  
20 distributed over the Company's 4,160 to 13,800 volt distribution lines to points at or near  
21 the premises of the Company's customers.



1           **Q.     After electrical power at 4,160 to 13,800 volts is delivered to a point at**  
2           **or near a customer's premises, do any further reductions in voltage take place?**

3           A.     Yes, in most instances. While approximately 720 of the Company's  
4           largest industrial and commercial customers in Missouri take service at the 4,160 to  
5           13,800 volt range or higher, the majority of the Company's customers are served at lower  
6           voltages, ranging from 120 to 480 volts. The lower voltages are achieved through the use  
7           of numerous line transformers located at or near the customer's premises. This low  
8           voltage electrical power from the line transformer is delivered to a customer's premises  
9           over low voltage lines referred to as "secondary" and "service" lines.

10          **Q.     What voltages are utilized in providing electric service to residential**  
11          **customers?**

12          A.     Residential customers are served at either 120 or 240 volts depending  
13          upon the customer's service entrance panel size and connected appliances.

14          **Q.     What voltages are utilized to serve non-residential customers?**

15          A.     Non-residential customers on the Company's SGS or LGS rates are served  
16          at voltages from 120 to 480 volts due to the wide variety of electrical consuming devices  
17          utilized by such customers. Customers in the latter voltage range are often referred to as  
18          "secondary" voltage customers. Other larger non-residential customers receiving service  
19          at 4,160 to 13,800 volts are referred to as "primary" voltage customers. The Company  
20          also serves approximately 75 customers in Missouri at voltages above the 13,800 volt  
21          level. These are referred to as "high voltage" or Rider B customers. Additionally, the  
22          Company serves its only current LTS customer at 161 kilovolts ("kV") via a unique  
23          transmission service arrangement.

1           **Q.     In your description of the Ameren Missouri generation, transmission**  
2           **and distribution system are you using the term "lines" in a general sense?**

3           A.     Yes. Those "lines" may be overhead conductors or underground cables.  
4           Overhead "lines" include all poles, towers, insulators, crossarms and all other hardware  
5           associated with such installations. Underground "lines" include direct buried cable, as  
6           well as that installed in single or multi-duct conduit, and other associated hardware.

7           **B.     Costs and Revenues in Class Cost of Service Study**

8           **Q.     Please describe the components of costs and revenues that are**  
9           **contained in the class cost of service study that the Company is filing in this case.**

10          A.     A traditional cost of service study incorporates the aggregate jurisdictional  
11          (Missouri or Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC")) accounting and  
12          financial data normally submitted to a regulatory commission by a utility in support of a  
13          request for an adjustment in its overall rate levels. Such a study is required to determine  
14          the level of revenues necessary for the Company to recover its operating and maintenance  
15          expenses, depreciation applicable to its investment in utility plant, property taxes, income  
16          and other taxes, and provide a fair rate of return to the Company's investors, through its  
17          rates. The Company's class cost of service study allocates, or distributes, these total  
18          jurisdictional costs to the various customer classes in a cost-based manner that fairly and  
19          equitably reflects the cost of the service being provided to each customer class.

1           **Q.     Was a Missouri jurisdictional cost of service study performed by the**  
2           **Company's Regulatory Accounting group the starting point for the class cost of**  
3           **service study performed and sponsored by Mr. Warwick?**

4           A.     Yes, it was. As I indicated above, the Company's class cost of service  
5           study is a continuation and refinement of the Missouri jurisdictional cost of service study  
6           discussed in the direct testimony of Mr. Weiss, resulting in a determination of the costs  
7           incurred in providing electric service to each of the Company's customer classes.

8           **Q.     What major categories of cost were examined in the development of**  
9           **the class cost of service study being sponsored by Mr. Warwick in this case?**

10          A.     A detailed analysis was made of all elements of the Company's Missouri  
11          jurisdictional rate base investment and expenses during the test year for the purpose of  
12          allocating such items to the Company's present customer classes. This analysis consisted  
13          of classifying the various elements of cost into their customer-related, energy-related and  
14          demand-related cost categories.

15          **Q.     Why are the Company's costs classified into these three categories?**

16          A.     It is generally accepted within the industry that the costs in each of these  
17          categories result from different cost causation factors and, hence, should be allocated  
18          among the various customer classes by different methodologies which consider such cost  
19          causation.

20          **Q.     What are customer-related costs?**

21          A.     Customer-related costs are the minimum costs necessary to just make  
22          electric service available to the customer, regardless of the extent to which such service is  
23          utilized. Examples of such costs include monthly meter reading, billing, postage,

1 customer accounting and customer service expenses, as well as a portion of the costs  
2 associated with the required investment in a meter, the service line, the transformer and  
3 other distribution system facilities. The customer components of the distribution system  
4 are those costs necessary to simply make service available to a customer, without the  
5 consideration of the amount of the customer's electrical use. The January 1992 edition of  
6 the Electric Utility Cost Allocation Manual, published by the National Association of  
7 Regulatory Utility Commissioners ("NARUC"), references both customer-related and  
8 demand-related cost components for all distribution plant and operating expense accounts  
9 other than for substations and street lighting plant accounts.

10 **Q. What are energy-related costs?**

11 A. Energy-related costs are those costs related directly to the customer's  
12 consumption of electrical energy (kilowatt-hours) and consist primarily of fuel, fuel  
13 handling, interchange power costs, and a portion of production plant maintenance  
14 expenses.

15 **Q. What are demand-related costs, which are the third category of costs**  
16 **to which you referred?**

17 A. Demand-related costs are rate base investment and related operating  
18 expenses associated with the facilities necessary to supply a customer's service  
19 requirements during periods of maximum, or peak, levels of power consumption each  
20 month. During such peak periods, this usage is expressed in terms of the customer's  
21 maximum power consumption, commonly referred to as kilowatts of demand. As so  
22 defined, demand-related costs include those costs in excess of the aforementioned  
23 customer and energy-related costs. The major portion of demand-related costs consists of

1 generation and transmission plant and the non-customer-related portion of distribution  
2 plant.

3 **Q. Was there an additional category of cost that was examined in this**  
4 **analysis?**

5 A. Yes, as discussed in Mr. Warwick's testimony, costs associated with the  
6 Company's energy efficiency programs were split into two categories: 1) program costs  
7 reflected as a regulatory asset in Mr. Weiss' jurisdictional revenue requirement study and  
8 2) energy efficiency revenue requirements addressed in the Company's January 2012  
9 Missouri Energy Efficiency Investment Act ("MEEIA") filing that are also reflected in  
10 Mr. Weiss' jurisdictional study.

11 **C. Cost Allocations**

12 **Q. After the Company's costs are categorized into one of the three major**  
13 **classifications, how are they allocated to the various rate classes?**

14 A. Customer-related costs are normally allocated on the basis of the number  
15 of customers associated with each rate class. In some instances involving non-residential  
16 customer multiple metering installations, weighting factors may also be used. In  
17 addition, where specific costs can be identified as being attributable to one or more  
18 specific customer classes, such as credit and collection expenses, a direct assignment of  
19 such costs will be made.

20 Energy-related costs are allocated to the customer classes on the basis of their  
21 respective energy (kilowatt-hour) requirements at the generation level of the Company's  
22 system, which includes applicable system energy losses. The use of this common point  
23 on the Company's system to allocate such costs ensures that each customer class will be

1 assigned the appropriate portion of the Company's total incurred variable fuel and  
2 purchased power costs.

3 Demand-related distribution costs are allocated to customer classes using one or  
4 more allocation factors based upon customer class coincident, class non-coincident or  
5 individual customer non-coincident kilowatt demands. Demand-related transmission  
6 costs are allocated to customer classes on a 12 coincident peak ("CP") basis, as that  
7 methodology is consistent with the method utilized to assign cost responsibility of the  
8 demands of the Ameren operating companies and all of the other utilities participating in  
9 the Midwest Independent Transmission System Operator, Inc. ("MISO"), per the MISO's  
10 Attachment O Rate Formulae in the Open Access Transmission, Energy and Operating  
11 Reserve Markets Tariff on file at the FERC. Demand-related production costs are  
12 allocated on the basis of the Average & Excess ("A&E") Demand Method referenced in  
13 the NARUC cost allocation manual. As not all customers have demand meters, customer  
14 class and individual customer kilowatt demand data is obtained from the Company's  
15 ongoing load research program.

16 **Q. As generation (production) plant consists of more than half of the**  
17 **Company's total plant investment, please summarize the most common cost**  
18 **allocation methodologies employed within the electric utility industry for the**  
19 **allocation of generation plant.**

20 A. The most common and generally accepted methodologies used for the  
21 allocation of generation plant can be grouped into the following three categories:

22 Peak Responsibility – Costs are allocated on the basis of the relative customer  
23 class demands at the time of occurrence of the company's system peak during the

1 period of study (referred to as the "coincident peak" or "CP" method). One or  
2 more system peak hours, or a number of monthly or seasonal system peaks, are  
3 normally used in applying the CP methodology.

4 Non-Coincident Peak – Costs are allocated on the basis of the maximum peak  
5 demand of each customer class at any time during the study period, without  
6 regard to the time of occurrence or magnitude of the company's coincident system  
7 peaks (referred to as the "NCP" method). As with the CP method, the NCP  
8 methodology can employ one or more customer class peaks in its application.

9 Average and Excess - Costs are allocated based upon a weighting of average class  
10 demand throughout the year (kilowatt-hours  $\div$  8,760 hours) and class "excess"  
11 demand(s). The excess demand(s) used in this determination are the class NCP  
12 demand(s) in excess of the average class demand during the study period. As  
13 with the CP and NCP methodologies, this method can also employ the use of one  
14 or more customer class NCP demands to determine class excess demands.  
15 Average class demands are weighted by the Company's annual system load factor  
16 ("LF") (LF = average demand  $\div$  peak demand) and excess class demands are  
17 weighted by the complement of the load factor (1.0 – LF) in the development of  
18 cost allocation factors using this methodology.

19 **Q. Which cost allocation methodology is the Company using for**  
20 **production plant in its class cost of service study in this case?**

21 A. The Company is utilizing the 4 NCP version of the Average and Excess  
22 demand methodology for allocating production plant in this case.

1           **Q.     From a generation perspective, what were the considerations**  
2           **associated with the Company's election to utilize the A&E demand allocation**  
3           **methodology for production plant in this case?**

4           A.     Two major factors associated with generation capacity planning prompted  
5           the use of the A&E demand cost allocation methodology. Generally, system peak  
6           demands and, to a somewhat lesser extent, excess customer demands, are the motivating  
7           factors which influence the amount of capacity the Company must add to its generation  
8           system to provide for its customers' maximum demands. However, the type of capacity  
9           (base, intermediate or peaking) which the Company must add is not dictated by  
10          maximum customer demand alone, but also by the annual energy, or kilowatt-hours,  
11          which will be required to be generated by such capacity, i.e., the generation unit's  
12          utilization factor. A cost allocation methodology that gives weight to both a) class peak  
13          demands and b) class energy consumption (average demands) is required to properly  
14          address both of the above considerations associated with capacity planning. The A&E  
15          methodology gives weight to both of these considerations by its inclusion of both average  
16          class demands, which are kilowatt-hours divided by total hours in the year (8,760) and  
17          the excess NCP demands of each class. As indicated earlier, the Company's A&E cost  
18          allocation study used both the 4 NCP and average class demands in the determination of  
19          class excess demands.

20          **Q.     Is there also quantitative support for the Company's selection of the**  
21          **4 NCP version of the A&E demand allocation methodology for production plant?**

22          A.     Yes. The 4 NCP version of the A&E methodology, which uses the four  
23          maximum non-coincident monthly peak demands for each customer class during the test



1 year, was selected due to the fact that 14 of the 20 maximum 4 NCP monthly demands  
2 for the Company's major (i.e., non-lighting) customer classes occurred during the  
3 Company's summer peak demand months of June-September. The use of the 4 NCP  
4 demand option, rather than a lesser number of monthly NCP demands, also prevents the  
5 demand allocator for any customer class from being unduly influenced by any extreme  
6 demand in a given month.

7 **Q. Is there any additional support for the Company's selection of the**  
8 **4 NCP version of the A&E demand allocation methodology for production plant?**

9 A. Yes. The Commission's order in the Company's 2010 electric rate case  
10 (Case No. ER-2010-0036) found that the Company's A&E method was the most reliable  
11 of the submitted methods. Additionally, its order in the Company's most recently  
12 adjudicated electric rate case (Case No. ER-2011-0028) also provided support for the use  
13 of the A&E method.

14 **Q. After the determination of customer, energy and demand allocation**  
15 **factors for the various components of the Company's costs, what was the next step**  
16 **in the completion of the Company's class cost of service study?**

17 A. The next step was to apply the allocation factors developed for each class  
18 to each component of rate base investment and each of the elements of expense specified  
19 in the jurisdictional cost of service study. The aggregation of such cost allocations  
20 indicates the total annual costs, or annual revenue requirement, at equalized rates of  
21 return associated with serving a particular customer class. The operating revenues of  
22 each customer class minus its total operating expenses provide the resulting net operating  
23 income for each class. This net operating income divided by the rate base allocated to

1 each class will indicate the percentage rate of return being earned by the Company from a  
2 particular customer class. This application of allocation factors to Missouri electrical  
3 jurisdictional costs, the aggregation of the total annual cost to each of the customer  
4 classes and a summary of the results of the Company's class cost of service study are  
5 described in detail in Mr. Warwick's direct testimony.

6 **Q. Earlier you mentioned the categorization of energy efficiency related**  
7 **costs. How were these costs allocated to the affected customer classes?**

8 A. Costs in the aforementioned category 1) (Program costs) were directly  
9 assigned to the rate classes based on utilization of program benefits to date. The revenue  
10 requirements in the aforementioned category 2) were allocated consistent with the  
11 Company's MEEIA filing.

12 **D. Study Results**

13 **Q. Referring now to the results of the Company's class cost of service**  
14 **study performed by Mr. Warwick in this case, please identify Schedule WLC-E5.**

15 A. Schedule WLC-E5 (which is the same as Mr. Warwick's Schedule  
16 WMW-E1) summarizes the results of the Company's class cost of service study,  
17 indicating the rate of return on rate base currently being earned on the service being  
18 provided to the Company's major retail customer classes. As indicated earlier, the basic  
19 starting point for this study was the Missouri jurisdictional cost of service study.

20 **Q. What general conclusions can be drawn from the information**  
21 **contained in Schedule WLC-E5?**

22 A. The Residential, and Lighting Service classes are providing a below  
23 average rates of return, while all other classes are providing above average rates of return.

1 Overall, as is suggested by the filing of this case, the Company is earning an inadequate  
2 return on its rate base.

3 **E. Class Revenue Proposals**

4 **Q. Please identify Schedule WLC-E6.**

5 A. Schedule WLC-E6 summarizes the class revenue requirements necessary  
6 to give the Company an opportunity, based upon test year figures with the pro forma  
7 adjustments made by Mr. Weiss, to achieve an equal rate of return from each of its  
8 customer classes. This information was developed from the cost of service data  
9 contained in Schedules WMW-E1 and WMW-E2 of Mr. Warwick's direct testimony, and  
10 is based upon the Company's proposed level of Missouri retail revenues.

11 **Q. Why are the equal rates of return for all customer classes an**  
12 **appropriate starting point when designing electric utility rates?**

13 A. There are several reasons why equal class rates of return are an  
14 appropriate starting point in the consideration of rate design. First and foremost is the  
15 consideration of equity and fairness to all electric customers. Purely from a cost  
16 perspective and ignoring all other factors, to overcharge one customer class in order to  
17 subsidize another class is not supportable.

18 A second important consideration in support of equal class rates of return is the  
19 goal of encouraging cost effective utilization of electricity by customers. To make  
20 appropriate decisions regarding the most efficient and effective use of electricity, as well  
21 as the acquisition of electrical consuming equipment, customers require correct and  
22 appropriate price signals from the Company's electric rates.

1           A third consideration is that of competition. Cost-based electric rates permit the  
2   Company to compete effectively with alternative fuels, co-generation and other electric  
3   providers for new commercial and industrial customers.

4           **Q.     Once the annual cost-based revenue requirements are developed by**  
5   **this process for all of the Company's customer classes, would the design of specific**  
6   **rates for each class be the next and final step in the overall rate development**  
7   **process?**

8           A.     If one was to base class rates solely on class cost of service and ignore  
9   other relevant factors, the response would be yes. However, the results of Mr. Warwick's  
10 study produced the following revenue increases by customer class:

Customer Class	Cost of Service Increase
Residential Service	24.4%
Small General Service	6.8%
Large General and Small Primary Service	4.8%
Large Primary Service	7.3%
Large Transmission Service	8.6%
Lighting Service	22.8%

1           **Q.     Is the Company proposing that these cost-based class revenue**  
2           **requirements be utilized in developing class rates in the case?**

3           A.     No, the Company is proposing a departure from class revenue  
4           requirements or rate design being established solely on the basis of equal class rates of  
5           return as shown in its class cost of service study.

6           **Q.     Why is the Company proposing to vary from the cost-based revenue**  
7           **requirements?**

8           A.     The Company recognizes that factors other than cost of service are  
9           relevant to determining class revenue requirements. These factors may include, but are  
10          not limited to, revenue stability, rate stability, effectiveness in yielding total revenue  
11          requirements, public acceptance, and value of service.

12          **Q.     What is the Company's proposal for allocating the revenue increase**  
13          **requested in this case?**

14          A.     The Company is proposing to allocate the revenue increase requested in  
15          this case across-the-board, on an equal percentage of present revenue basis.

16          **Q.     Please explain the Company's proposal to allocate the revenue**  
17          **increase in this case on an equal percentage or across-the-board basis rather than**  
18          **based solely on class cost of service study results.**

19          A.     While cost-based rates are an important starting point in developing class  
20          revenue targets and rate design, the aforementioned other factors of revenue stability, rate  
21          stability, effectiveness in yielding total revenue requirements, public acceptance, and  
22          value of service should be considered when determining class revenue requirements and  
23          designing rates. Considering the prolonged nature of the country's challenging economic

1 conditions, these other factors take on more importance. Judgmental weighting of all  
2 these factors drove the Company's equal percentage of increase proposal.

3 **Q. Did the Commission's order in Case No. ER-2011-0028 contain any**  
4 **language to support establishing class revenue requirements based on factors other**  
5 **than class cost of service results?**

6 A. Yes. At pages 115-116 the order states, "In general, it is important that  
7 each customer class carry its own weight by paying rates sufficient to cover the cost to  
8 serve that class. That is a matter of simple fairness in that one customer class should not  
9 be required to subsidize another. Requiring each customer class to cover its actual cost of  
10 service also encourages cost effective utilization of electricity by customers by sending  
11 correct price signals to those customers.<sup>285</sup> However, the Commission is not required to  
12 precisely set rates to match the indicated class cost of service. Instead, the Commission  
13 has a great deal of discretion to set just and reasonable rates, and can take into account  
14 other factors, such as public acceptance, rate stability and revenue stability in setting  
15 rates."

16 **Q. Please identify Schedule WLC-E7.**

17 A. Schedule WLC-E7 summarizes the proposed class revenue requirements  
18 necessary to give the Company an opportunity, based upon test year figures, to achieve  
19 its jurisdictional rate of return.

20 **Q. What was the source of the billing unit data used in the design of the**  
21 **Company's proposed rates?**

22 A. Ameren Missouri witness James R. Pozzo is providing direct testimony  
23 discussing the billing unit data used in the design of the proposed rates. The data

1 contained in Schedules JRP-E1 through JRP-E6 of Mr. Pozzo's direct testimony in this  
2 case was used as a resource for the individual class billing units. The data in these  
3 schedules are based upon the Company's weather normalized sales during the test year in  
4 this case as discussed in the direct testimony of Ameren Missouri witness Steven M.  
5 Wills.

#### 6 IV. CLASS RATES

7 **Q. Please describe the Company's specific rate design proposal in this**  
8 **case.**

9  
10 A. The Company's rate design proposal in this case is as follows:

11 (1) Energy Efficiency Charge(s). For the affected classes, the energy  
12 efficiency charges were set to achieve the "unbundled" annual energy efficiency  
13 related revenue requirement as developed in Mr. Warwick's class cost of service  
14 study, and the charges were seasonally differentiated based on the existing  
15 proportionality of the class' summer and winter non-customer charge revenues.

16 (2) Residential Rate Design. The Customer Charge was the initial rate  
17 component developed. Mr. Warwick's class cost of service study produced a  
18 customer charge of approximately \$20 per month. Although the existing  
19 customer charge of \$8.00 per month is only 75¢ greater than its level of \$7.25 per  
20 month in March 2000, the Company has limited this charge to \$12.00 in its  
21 proposed Residential Rate. The remaining energy charges of the Residential Rate  
22 were increased to achieve the annual revenue target or across-the-board increase  
23 less the unbundled energy efficiency revenue requirement for this class.

24 (3) Small General Service Rate Design. The Customer Charge was  
25 the initial rate component developed. Mr. Warwick's class cost of service study

1 produced a weighted customer charge of approximately \$22 per month for  
2 customers in this class. The current level is \$9.74 per month for single phase  
3 service and \$19.49 for three phase service. The Company has limited this charge  
4 to \$14.61 for single phase service and \$29.24 for three phase service in its  
5 proposed Small General Service Rate. The remaining energy charges of the  
6 Small General Service Rate were increased to achieve the annual revenue target  
7 or across-the-board increase less the unbundled energy efficiency revenue  
8 requirement for this class.

9 (4) Retention of Certain Prior Uniform Features of the Company's  
10 non-Residential, Commercial and Industrial Customer classes. The Company is  
11 proposing to retain the following rate design features that are currently in effect.  
12 Remaining rate designs for these Service Classifications will be discussed later.

13 (a) The customer charges on the SPS, LPS, and LTS rate schedules are  
14 proposed to remain the same.

15 (b) The rates (\$ per kW) for Rider B voltage credits are proposed to  
16 remain the same under all applicable rate schedules.

17 (c) The rate (\$ per billed kVar) associated with the Reactive Charge is  
18 proposed to remain the same under all applicable rate schedules.

19 (d) The rate (\$ per month) associated with the Time-of-Day meter  
20 charge is proposed to remain the same under all applicable rate schedules.

21 (5) Large General Service and Small Primary Service Rate Design.  
22 The demand and energy charges on the LGS and SPS rate schedules were  
23 increased uniformly to achieve the annual revenue requirement of these classes



1           less the unbundled energy efficiency revenue requirement after uniformity  
2           adjustments were made, as described in (4) above.

3                   (6)     Large Primary Service Rate Design. The demand and energy  
4           charges on the LPS rate schedule were increased uniformly to achieve the annual  
5           revenue requirement less the unbundled energy efficiency revenue requirement of  
6           this class after uniformity adjustments were made, as described in (4) above.

7                   (7)     Large Transmission Service Rate Design. The demand and energy  
8           charges on the LTS rate schedule were increased uniformly to achieve the annual  
9           revenue requirement of this class after uniformity adjustments were made, as  
10          described in (4) above.

11                  (8)     Lighting Service – The Company has three active lighting service  
12          classifications: 1) Street & Outdoor Area Lighting – Company-Owned 5(M);  
13          2) Street and Outdoor Area Lighting – Customer-Owned 6(M); and 3) Municipal  
14          Street Lighting – Incandescent 7(M).

15          Mr. Warwick's class cost of service study combined the Lighting Service  
16          classifications and, as noted above, the study produced a cost-based increase of 22.8%.  
17          However, as mentioned above, the Company is proposing an across-the-board increase  
18          (i.e., 14.6%) for its major customer classes in this case.

1     **Q.     Are there other changes to the Lighting tariffs being proposed in this case?**

2             A.     Yes. At page 63 of the Commission's order in the Company's most  
3     recently adjudicated electric rate case (Case No. ER-2011-0028) it states, "Based on its  
4     findings of fact and conclusions of law, the Commission decides that Ameren Missouri  
5     should eliminate the pole and span charge gradually. To avoid the rate shock that would  
6     result from the complete elimination of this charge, the Commission directs Ameren  
7     Missouri to initially reduce the monthly pole and span charge by half. The reduced  
8     revenue resulting from this reduction in the pole and span charge shall be collected from  
9     the entire 5M classification within the lighting class. The Commission will consider the  
10    total elimination of the pole and span charge in Ameren Missouri's next rate case."  
11    Consistent with this language, the Company is proposing to discontinue these charges in  
12    this case with the resulting revenue reduction to be collected from the entire 5M  
13    classification within the lighting class. This approach results in the remaining 5(M) rates  
14    being increased by approximately 20%, rather than the across-the-board increase of  
15    14.6%.

16            **Q.     Proposed monthly customer charges for both the Residential and**  
17    **Small General Service Classifications reflect percentage increases larger than the**  
18    **across-the-board percentage increase level proposed for these classes. Please**  
19    **explain.**

20            A.     First, it should be noted that the combination of proposed customer and  
21    energy charges for each of these respective classes produces the overall percentage  
22    increase being requested for each of the classes in this case (i.e. 14.6%). Second, as  
23    discussed in the MEEIA testimony of Company witness William R. Davis, Ameren

1 Missouri has embarked on an energy efficiency and demand response effort to give  
2 customers more control over their energy usage and to lower their bills via reduced  
3 consumption. Therefore, the Company is proposing larger increases in customer charges  
4 and corresponding reductions in the percentage of revenue derived from volumetric or  
5 consumption charges for these classes. This proposal reflects cost causation principles  
6 (i.e., moves customer charges closer to class cost of service study results), helps to  
7 mitigate the negative financial impact on the Company associated with decreased  
8 volumetric or energy use, and, at the same time, does not discourage energy efficiency.  
9 Shifting more of the classes' revenue requirement to monthly customer charges helps to  
10 remove some of the financial disincentive to embark on an energy efficiency campaign,  
11 and at the same time affords the Company a more reasonable opportunity to earn a fair  
12 rate of return regardless of weather conditions. Excluding the impacts of the Company's  
13 current Low Income Pilot Program Charges (i.e., "Keeping Current Program" as  
14 discussed in the direct testimony of Ameren Missouri witness Mark Mueller),  
15 approximately 91% and 93%, respectively, of the present test year revenues of these  
16 classes are collected via current energy or volumetric charges with the remaining 9% and  
17 7%, respectively, being collected via customer charges. The proposed customer charges  
18 would increase the customer charge contribution to total revenues for the Residential and  
19 Small General Service classes to 10% and 7%, respectively.

20 **Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?**

21 **A.** Yes, it does

**Mary Hoyt - Notary Public**  
**Notary Seal, State of**  
**Missouri - Jefferson County**  
**Commission #10397820**  
**My Commission Expires 4/11/2014**

## UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

## ELECTRIC SERVICE

MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5

40th Revised

SHEET NO. 28CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5

39th Revised

SHEET NO. 28

APPLYING TO

MISSOURI SERVICE AREASERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 1(M)RESIDENTIAL SERVICE RATE\* Rate Based on Monthly Meter ReadingsSummer Rate (Applicable during 4 monthly billing periods of June through September)

Customer Charge - per month \$12.00

Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month \$0.03

Energy Charge - per kWh 11.28¢

Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh 0.59¢

Winter Rate (Applicable during 8 monthly billing periods of October through May)

Customer Charge - per month \$12.00

Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month \$0.03

Energy Charge - per kWh

First 750 kWh 8.03¢

Over 750 kWh 5.32¢

Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh 0.35¢

Optional Time-of-Day Rate

Customer Charge - per month \$25.00

Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month \$ 0.03

Energy Charge - per kWh (1)

Summer (June-September billing periods)

All On Peak kWh 16.38¢

All Off Peak kWh 6.71¢

Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh 0.59¢

Winter (October-May billing periods)

All On Peak kWh 9.67¢

All Off Peak kWh 4.78¢

Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh 0.35¢

(1) On-peak and Off-peak hours applicable herein shall be as specified in Rider I, paragraph A.

Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (Rider FAC). Applicable to all metered kilowatt-hours (kWh) of energy.Payments. Bills are due and payable within ten (10) days from date of bill and become delinquent after twenty-one (21) days from date of bill.Term of Use. Initial period one (1) year, terminable thereafter on three (3) days' notice.Tax Adjustment. Any license, franchise, gross receipts, occupation or similar charge or tax levied by any taxing authority on the amounts billed hereunder will be so designated and added as a separate item to bills rendered to customers under the jurisdiction of the taxing authority.

\* Indicates Change.

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TITLESt. Louis, Missouri  
ADDRESS

## UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

## ELECTRIC SERVICE

MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5

28th Revised

SHEET NO. 32CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5

27th Revised

SHEET NO. 32

APPLYING TO

**MISSOURI SERVICE AREA**SERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 2(M)SMALL GENERAL SERVICE RATE\* Rate Based on Monthly Meter ReadingsSummer Rate (Applicable during 4 monthly billing periods of June through September)

Customer Charge - per month	
Single Phase Service	\$14.61
Three Phase Service	\$29.24
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$0.05
Energy Charge - per kWh	10.62¢
Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh (3)	0.22¢

Winter Rate (Applicable during 8 monthly billing periods of October through May)

Customer Charge - per month	
Single Phase Service	\$14.61
Three Phase Service	\$29.24
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$0.05
Energy Charge - per kWh	
Base Use	7.91¢
Seasonal Use(1)	4.58¢
Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh (3)	0.15¢

Optional Time-of-Day Rate

Customer Charge - per month	
Single Phase Service	\$29.30
Three Phase Service	\$58.58
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$0.05
Energy Charge - per kWh (2)	
Summer (June-September billing periods)	
All On Peak kWh	15.76¢
All Off Peak kWh	6.42¢
Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh (3)	0.22¢
Winter (October-May billing periods)	
All On Peak kWh	10.37¢
All Off Peak kWh	4.76¢
Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh (3)	0.15¢

- (1) The winter seasonal energy use shall be all kWh in excess of 1,000 kWh per month and in excess of the lesser of a) the kWh use during the preceding May billing period, or b) October billing period, or c) the maximum monthly kWh use during any preceding summer month.
- (2) On-peak and Off-peak hours applicable herein shall be as specified in Rider I, paragraph A.
- (3) Not applicable to customers that have satisfied the opt-out provisions of Section 393.1075, RSMo.

Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (Rider FAC). Applicable to all metered kilowatt-hours (kWh) of energy.

\*Indicates Change.

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TITLESt. Louis, Missouri  
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## UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

## ELECTRIC SERVICE

MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 31st Revised SHEET NO. 34CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 30th Revised SHEET NO. 34APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREASERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 3 (M)LARGE GENERAL SERVICE RATE\* Rate Based on Monthly Meter ReadingsSummer Rate (Applicable during 4 monthly billing periods of June through September)

Customer Charge - per month	\$92.34
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$ 0.50
Energy Charge - per kWh	
First 150 kWh per kW of Billing Demand	10.33¢
Next 200 kWh per kW of Billing Demand	7.78¢
All Over 350 kWh per kW of Billing Demand	5.23¢
Demand Charge - per kW of Total Billing Demand	\$ 4.83
Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh (1)	0.36¢

Winter Rate (Applicable during 8 monthly billing periods of October through May)

Customer Charge - per month	\$92.34
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$ 0.50
Base Energy Charge - per kWh	
First 150 kWh per kW of Base Demand	6.52¢
Next 200 kWh per kW of Base Demand	4.83¢
All Over 350 kWh per kW of Base Demand	3.79¢
Seasonal Energy Charge - Seasonal kWh	3.79¢
Demand Charge - per kW of Total Billing Demand	\$ 1.79
Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh (1)	0.21¢

(1) Not applicable to customers that have satisfied the opt-out provisions of Section 393.1075, RSMo.

Optional Time-of-Day Adjustments

Additional Customer Charge - per Month	\$20.30 per month	
Energy Adjustment - per kWh	On-Peak <u>Hours (2)</u>	Off-Peak <u>Hours (2)</u>
Summer kWh (June-September billing periods)	+1.22¢	-0.69¢
Winter kWh (October-May billing periods)	+0.37¢	-0.21¢

(2) On-peak and off-peak hours applicable herein shall be as specified in Rider I, paragraph A.

Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (Rider FAC). Applicable to all metered kilowatt-hours (kWh) of energy.

\*Indicates Change.

DATE OF ISSUE February 3, 2012 DATE EFFECTIVE March 4, 2012

ISSUED BY Warner L. Baxter President & CEO St. Louis, Missouri  
NAME OF OFFICER TITLE ADDRESS

## UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

## ELECTRIC SERVICE

MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5

38th Revised

SHEET NO. 37CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5

37th Revised

SHEET NO. 37

APPLYING TO

MISSOURI SERVICE AREASERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 4 (M)SMALL PRIMARY SERVICE RATE\* Rate Based on Monthly Meter ReadingsSummer Rate (Applicable during 4 monthly billing periods of June through September)

Customer Charge - per month	\$311.86
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$0.50
Energy Charge - per kWh	
First 150 kWh per kW of Billing Demand	9.90¢
Next 200 kWh per kW of Billing Demand	7.46¢
All Over 350 kWh per kW of Billing Demand	5.01¢
Demand Charge - per kW of Total Billing Demand	\$3.96
Reactive Charge - per kVar	37.00¢
Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh (1)	0.40¢

Winter Rate (Applicable during 8 monthly billing periods of October through May)

Customer Charge - per month	\$311.86
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$0.50
Base Energy Charge - per kWh	
First 150 kWh per kW of Base Demand	6.24¢
Next 200 kWh per kW of Base Demand	4.64¢
All Over 350 kWh per kW of Base Demand	3.63¢
Seasonal Energy Charge - Seasonal kWh	3.63¢
Demand Charge - per kW of Total Billing Demand	\$1.45
Reactive Charge - per kVar	37.00¢
Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh (1)	0.24¢

(1) Not applicable to customers that have satisfied the opt-out provisions of Section 393.1075, RSMo.

Optional Time-of-Day Adjustments

Additional Customer Charge - per Month	\$20.30 per month	
Energy Adjustment - per kWh	On-Peak <u>Hours (2)</u>	Off-Peak <u>Hours (2)</u>
Summer kWh (June-September billing periods)	+0.88¢	-0.50¢
Winter kWh (October-May billing periods)	+0.33¢	-0.18¢

(2) On-peak and Off-peak hours applicable herein shall be as specified within this service classification.

Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (Rider FAC). Applicable to all metered kilowatt-hours (kWh) of energy.

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## UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

## ELECTRIC SERVICE

MO.P.S.C.SCHEDULE NO. 5

29th Revised

SHEET NO. 39CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5

28th Revised

SHEET NO. 39

APPLYING TO

MISSOURI SERVICE AREASERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 5(M)STREET AND OUTDOOR AREA LIGHTING - COMPANY-OWNED\* Rate per Unit per MonthLamp and Fixture

- A. Standard horizontal burning, enclosed luminaire on existing wood pole:

High Pressure Sodium

<u>Lumens</u>	<u>Rate</u>
9,500	\$12.19
25,500	\$17.62
50,000	\$31.41

Mercury Vapor (1)

<u>Lumens</u>	<u>Rate</u>
6,800	\$12.19
20,000	\$17.62
54,000	\$31.41
108,000	\$62.84

- B. Standard side mounted, hood with open bottom glassware on existing wood pole:

High Pressure Sodium

<u>Lumens</u>	<u>Rate</u>
5,800	\$ 9.87
9,500	\$10.78

Mercury Vapor (1)

<u>Lumens</u>	<u>Rate</u>
3,300	\$ 9.87
6,800	\$10.78

- C. Standard post-top luminaire including standard 17-foot post:

High Pressure Sodium

<u>Lumens</u>	<u>Rate</u>
9,500	\$22.59

Mercury Vapor (1)

<u>Lumens</u>	<u>Rate</u>
3,300	\$21.35
6,800	\$22.59

- D. Pole-mounted, direction flood luminaire; limited to installations accessible to Company basket truck:

High Pressure Sodium

<u>Lumens</u>	<u>Rate</u>
25,500	\$22.36
50,000	\$35.37

Metal Halide

<u>Lumens</u>	<u>Rate</u>
34,000	\$22.36
100,000	\$70.70

Mercury Vapor (1)

<u>Lumens</u>	<u>Rate</u>
20,000	\$22.36
54,000	\$35.37

- (1) Mercury Vapor lamps and fixtures are limited to customers served under contracts initiated prior to September 27, 1988. Company will continue to maintain these lamps and fixtures so long as parts are economically available.

\*Indicates Change.

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## UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

## ELECTRIC SERVICE

MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 527th RevisedSHEET NO. 40CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 526th RevisedSHEET NO. 40

APPLYING TO

MISSOURI SERVICE AREA

SERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 5(M)  
STREET AND OUTDOOR AREA LIGHTING - COMPANY-OWNED (Cont'd.)

\* E. All poles and cable, where required to provide lighting service:

The installation of all standard poles and cables shall be paid for in advance by customer, with all subsequent replacements of said facilities provided by Company.

F. Incandescent lamps provided under contracts initiated prior to September 30, 1963, which facilities will not be maintained by Company after June 30, 1981:

<u>Lamp and Fixture</u>	<u>*Per Unit Monthly Rate</u>
1,000 Lumens	\$11.69
2,500 "	15.77
4,000 "	18.19
6,000 "	20.20
10,000 "	27.43

\*Indicates Change.

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MO.P.S.C.SCHEDULE NO. 5

33rd Revised

SHEET NO. 41CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5

32nd Revised

SHEET NO. 41

APPLYING TO

MISSOURI SERVICE AREASERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 5(M)STREET AND OUTDOOR AREA LIGHTING - COMPANY-OWNED (Cont'd.)

- G. Former Subsidiary Company lighting units provided under contracts initiated prior to April 9, 1986, which facilities will only be maintained by Company so long as parts are available in Company's present stock:

<u>Lamp and Fixture</u>	<u>*Per Unit Monthly Rate</u>
11,000 Lumens, Mercury Vapor, Post-Top	\$22.59
11,000 Lumens, Mercury Vapor, Open Bottom	10.78
11,000 Lumens, Mercury Vapor, Horizontal Enclosed	12.19
42,000 Lumens, Mercury Vapor, Horizontal Enclosed	31.41
16,000 Lumens, H.P. Sodium, Horizontal Enclosed	12.19
34,200 Lumens, H.P. Sodium, Directional(2)	22.36
140,000 Lumens, H.P. Sodium, Directional	70.70
20,000 Lumens, Metal Halide, Directional	22.36

- (2) This lamp represents a mercury vapor fixture with H.P. Sodium lamp.

Term of Contract. Minimum term of three (3) years where only standard facilities are installed; ten (10) years where post-top luminaires are installed.

Discount for Franchised Municipal Customers. A 10% discount will be applied to bills rendered for lighting facilities served under the above rates and currently contracted for by municipalities with whom the Company has an ordinance granted electric franchise as of September 27, 1988. The above discount shall only apply for the duration of said franchise. Thereafter, the above discount shall apply only when the following two conditions are met: 1) any initial or subsequent ordinance granted electric franchise must be for a minimum term of twenty (20) years and 2) Company must have a contract for all lighting facilities for municipal lighting service provided by Company in effect.

Tax Adjustment. Any license, franchise, gross receipts, occupation or similar charge or tax levied by any taxing authority on the amounts billed hereunder will be so designated and added as a separate item to bills rendered to customers under the jurisdiction of the taxing authority.

\*Indicates Change.

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## UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

## ELECTRIC SERVICE

MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5

18th Revised

SHEET NO. 45CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5

17th Revised

SHEET NO. 45

APPLYING TO

MISSOURI SERVICE AREASERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 6(M)STREET AND OUTDOOR AREA LIGHTING - CUSTOMER-OWNED\*Monthly Rate For Metered Service

Customer Charge Per Meter

\$6.60 per month

Energy Charge

4.46¢ per kWh

\*Rate Per Unit Per Month For Unmetered Service

Customer Charge per account

\$6.60 per month

H.P. SodiumEnergy & Maintenance (1)Energy Only (2)

9,500 Lumens, Standard

\$ 3.55

\$ 1.72

16,000 Lumens, Standard

N/A

2.92

25,500 Lumens, Standard

6.17

4.40

50,000 Lumens, Standard

8.91

6.91

Metal Halide

5,500 Lumens, Standard

\$ 5.13

N/A

12,900 Lumens, Standard

6.14

N/A

Mercury Vapor(3)

3,300 Lumens, Standard

\$ 3.55

\$ 1.82

6,800 Lumens, Standard

4.62

2.96

11,000 Lumens, Standard

6.24

4.22

20,000 Lumens, Standard

8.28

6.51

42,000 Lumens, Standard

N/A

10.84

54,000 Lumens, Standard

17.69

15.48

(1) Company will furnish electric energy, furnish and replace lamps, and adjust and replace control mechanisms, as required.

(2) Limited to lamps served under contracts initiated prior to September 27, 1988.

(3) Maintenance of lamps and fixtures limited to customers served under contracts prior to November 15, 1991.

N/A Not Available.

Term of Contract. One (1) year, terminable thereafter on three (3) days' notice.

Discount For Franchised Municipal Customers. A 10% discount will be applied to bills rendered for lighting facilities served under the above rates and currently contracted for by municipalities with whom the Company has an ordinance granted electric franchise as of September 27, 1988. The above discount shall only apply for the duration of said franchise. Thereafter, the above discount shall apply only when the following two conditions are met: 1) any initial or subsequent ordinance granted electric franchise must be for a minimum term of twenty (20) years and 2) Company must have a contract for all lighting facilities for municipal lighting service provided by Company in effect.

\*Indicates Change.

DATE OF ISSUE February 3, 2012DATE EFFECTIVE March 4, 2012ISSUED BY Warner L. Baxter  
NAME OF OFFICERPresident & CEO  
TITLESt. Louis, Missouri  
ADDRESS

## UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

## ELECTRIC SERVICE

MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 28th Revised SHEET NO. 50CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 27th Revised SHEET NO. 50APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREA

SERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 7(M)  
MUNICIPAL STREET LIGHTING - INCANDESCENT  
RATE OF LIMITED APPLICATION

\*Rate per Lamp per Month

	<u>Incandescent</u>				
	<u>1,000</u>	<u>2,500</u>	<u>4,000</u>	<u>6,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>
	<u>Lumen</u>	<u>Lumen</u>	<u>Lumen</u>	<u>Lumen</u>	<u>Lumen</u>
<u>Wood Pole Rates</u>	\$4.48	\$6.82	\$9.29	\$12.35	\$16.91

Ornamental Pole. Add \$7.35 per month per pole to above Wood Pole Rates.

\* Customer-Owned Street Lighting Facilities. Where customer furnishes, installs and owns all street lighting facilities, service will be supplied as follows:

For Metered Service:

Customer Charge per Meter \$15.36 per month

1) Secondary Service 4.48¢ per kWh

2) Primary Service - Rider C shall be applied.

Customer shall install suitable switching and protective equipment, meter loop, space and mounting facilities for Company metering devices.

Tax Adjustment. Any license, franchise, gross receipts, occupation or similar charge or tax levied by any taxing authority on the amounts billed hereunder will be so designated and added as a separate item to bills rendered to customers under the jurisdiction of the taxing authority.

Payments. Bills are due and payable within ten (10) days from date of bill.

Term of Contract. Ten (10) years. Customer, if not legally authorized to contract for all of an initial or succeeding ten-year contract term at one time, may sign an agreement for the maximum period for which it is legally authorized to contract, and said agreement will continue in force thereafter for successive one-year periods unless terminated by either party by written notice given not less than sixty (60) days prior to any annual termination date.

\*Indicates Change.

DATE OF ISSUE February 3, 2012 DATE EFFECTIVE March 4, 2012

ISSUED BY Warner L. Baxter President & CEO St. Louis, Missouri  
NAME OF OFFICER TITLE ADDRESS

## UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

## ELECTRIC SERVICE

MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 15th Revised SHEET NO. 67.1CANCELLING MO.P.S.C.SCHEDULE NO. 5 14th Revised SHEET NO. 67.1APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREASERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 11(M)LARGE PRIMARY SERVICE RATE\* Rate Based on Monthly Meter ReadingsSummer Rate (Applicable during 4 monthly billing periods of June through September)

Customer Charge - per month	\$311.86
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$50.00
Energy Charge - per kWh	3.27¢
Demand Charge - per kW of Billing Demand	\$19.54
Reactive Charge - per kVar	37.00¢
Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh (1)	0.38¢

Winter Rate (Applicable during 8 monthly billing periods of October through May)

Customer Charge - per month	\$311.86
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$50.00
Energy Charge - per kWh	2.89¢
Demand Charge - per kW of Billing Demand	\$8.88
Reactive Charge - per kVar	37.00¢
Energy Efficiency Program Charge - per kWh (1)	0.24¢

(1) Not applicable to customers that have satisfied the opt-out provisions of Section 393.1075, RSMo.

Optional Time-of-Day Adjustments

Additional Customer Charge - per month	\$20.30 per month	
Energy Adjustment - per kWh	On-Peak	Off-Peak
	<u>Hours(2)</u>	<u>Hours(2)</u>
Summer kWh(June-September billing periods)	+0.63¢	-0.35¢
Winter kWh(October-May billing periods)	+0.29¢	-0.15¢

(2) On-peak and off-peak hours applicable herein shall be as specified within this service classification.

Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (Rider FAC). Applicable to all metered kilowatt-hours (kWh) of energy.Payments. Bills are due and payable within ten (10) days from date of bill and become delinquent after twenty-one (21) days from date of bill.Term of Use. One (1) year, terminable thereafter on three (3) days' notice.Tax Adjustment. Any license, franchise, gross receipts, occupation or similar charge or tax levied by any taxing authority on the amounts billed hereunder will be so designated and added as a separate item to bills rendered to customers under the jurisdiction of the taxing authority.

\*Indicates Change.

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NAME OF OFFICER TITLE ADDRESS

## UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

## ELECTRIC SERVICE

MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 510th RevisedSHEET NO. 67.4CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 59th RevisedSHEET NO. 67.4

APPLYING TO

MISSOURI SERVICE AREAMISCELLANEOUS CHARGESA. Reconnection Charges per Connection Point

Sheet No. 106, Par. B-3 (Annually Recurring Service)	\$30.00
Sheet No. 184, Par. I (Reconnection of Service)	\$30.00

\*B. Supplementary Service Minimum Monthly Charges

Sheet No. 103, Par. C-3

<u>Charges applicable during 4 monthly billing periods of June through September</u>	<u>Primary Service Rate</u>
--	-----------------------------

Customer Charge per month, plus	\$311.86
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$50.00
All kW @	\$19.54

<u>Charges applicable during 8 monthly billing periods of October through May</u>	<u>Primary Service Rate</u>
---	-----------------------------

Customer Charge per month, plus	\$311.86
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$50.00
All kW @	\$8.88

C. Service Call Charge. Customer's reporting service problems may be charged a \$50.00 fee for a service call, if it is determined the problem is within the customer's electrical system.

Tax Adjustment. Any license, franchise, gross receipts, occupation or similar charge or tax levied by any taxing authority on the amounts billed hereunder will be so designated and added as a separate item to bills rendered to customers under the jurisdiction of the taxing authority.

\*Indicates Change.

DATE OF ISSUE February 3, 2012DATE EFFECTIVE March 4, 2012ISSUED BY Warner L. Baxter  
NAME OF OFFICERPresident & CEO  
TITLESt. Louis, Missouri  
ADDRESS

## UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY

## ELECTRIC SERVICE

MO. P. S. C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 15th Revised SHEET NO. 68CANCELLING MO. P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 14th Revised SHEET NO. 68APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREASERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 12(M)  
LARGE TRANSMISSION SERVICE RATE\* Rate Based on Monthly Meter ReadingsSummer Rate (Applicable during four (4) monthly billing periods of June through September)

Customer Charge - per month	\$311.86
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$1,500.00
Demand Charge - per kW of Billing Demand	\$15.37
Energy Charge - per kWh	2.918¢
Reactive Charge - per kVar	37.000¢

Winter Rate (Applicable during eight (8) monthly billing periods of October through May)

Customer Charge - per month	\$311.86
Low-Income Pilot Program Charge - per month	\$1,500.00
Demand Charge - per kW of Billing Demand	\$5.87
Energy Charge - per kWh	2.569¢
Reactive Charge - per kVar	37.000¢

Optional Time-of-Day Adjustments

Additional Customer Charge - per month	\$20.30		
Energy Adjustment - per kWh		On-Peak Hours(1)	Off-Peak Hours(1)
Summer kWh (June-September Billing Periods)	+0.68¢		-0.38¢
Winter kWh (October-May Billing Periods)	+0.31¢		-0.16¢

(1) On-peak and off-peak hours applicable herein shall be as specified within this service classification.

Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (Rider FAC). Applicable to all metered kilowatt-hours (kWh) of energy.

\* Indicates Change.

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NAME OF OFFICER TITLE ADDRESS



MO. P. S. C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 5th Revised SHEET NO. 68.1CANCELLING MO. P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 4th Revised SHEET NO. 68.1APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREA

SERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 12(M)  
LARGE TRANSMISSION SERVICE RATE (Cont'd.)

\* Energy Line Loss Rate. Compensation for Customer's energy line losses from use of the transmission system(s) outside Company's control area shall be in the form of energy solely supplied by Company to the transmission owner(s) and compensated by payment at a monthly rate of \$0.0394 per kWh after appropriate Rider C adjustment of meter readings.

1. Transmission Service Requirements. Company's obligation to provide service under this rate is conditioned upon receipt of approval from the appropriate Regional Transmission Organization ("RTO") to incorporate Customer's load within Company's Network Integration Transmission Service agreement without the obligation or requirement that Company construct, upgrade, or improve any existing or new transmission plant or facilities.

\* Indicates Change.

DATE OF ISSUE February 3, 2012 DATE EFFECTIVE March 4, 2012ISSUED BY Warner L. Baxter President & CEO St. Louis, Missouri  
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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 2nd Revised SHEET NO. 98.1CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.1APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREA**RIDER FAC****FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE****Applicable To Service Provided On The Effective Date Of This Tariff And Thereafter****APPLICABILITY**

This rider is applicable to kilowatt-hours (kWh) of energy supplied to customers served by the Company under Service Classification Nos. 1(M), 2(M), 3(M), 4(M), 5(M), 6(M), 7(M), 11(M), and 12(M).

Costs passed through this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause (FAC) reflect differences between actual fuel and purchased power costs, including transportation, net of Off-System Sales Revenues (OSSR) (i.e., Actual Net Fuel Costs) and Net Base Fuel Costs (factor NBFC, as defined below), calculated and recovered as provided for herein.

The Accumulation Periods and Recovery Periods are as set forth in the following table:

<u>Accumulation Period (AP)</u>	<u>Filing Date</u>	<u>Recovery Period (RP)</u>
February through May	By August 1	October through May
June through September	By December 1	February through September
October through January	By April 1	June through January

Accumulation Period (AP) means the historical calendar months during which fuel and purchased power costs, including transportation, net of OSSR for all kWh of energy supplied to Missouri retail customers are determined.

Recovery Period (RP) means the billing months as set forth in the above table during which the difference between the Actual Net Fuel Costs during an Accumulation Period and NBFC are applied to and recovered through retail customer billings on a per kWh basis, as adjusted for service voltage level.

The Company will make a Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (FPA) filing by each Filing Date. The new FPA rates for which the filing is made will be applicable starting with the Recovery Period that begins following the Filing Date. All FPA filings shall be accompanied by detailed workpapers supporting the filing in an electronic format with all formulas intact.

**FPA DETERMINATION**

Ninety five percent (95%) of the difference between Actual Net Fuel Costs and NBFC for all kWh of energy supplied to Missouri retail customers during the respective Accumulation Periods shall be reflected as an FPA<sub>c</sub> credit or debit, stated as a separate line item on the customer's bill and will be calculated according to the following formulas.

For the FPA filing made by each Filing Date, the FPA<sub>c</sub> rate, applicable starting with the Recovery Period following the applicable Filing Date, to recover fuel and purchased power costs, including transportation, net of OSSR, to the extent they vary from Net Base Fuel Costs (NBFC), as defined below, during the recently-completed Accumulation Period is calculated as:

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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 2nd Revised SHEET NO. 98.2CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.2APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D.)

Applicable To Service Provided On The Effective Date Of This Tariff And Thereafter

$$** FPA_{(RP)} = [[(CF+CPP-OSSR) - (NBFC \times S_{AP})] \times 95\% + I + R - N] / S_{RP}$$

The FPA rate, which will be multiplied by the voltage level adjustment factors set forth below, applicable starting with the following Recovery Period is calculated as:

$$FPA_C = FPA_{(RP)} + FPA_{(RP-1)} + FPA_{(RP-2)}$$

Effective with the Company's April 1, 2012 filing, FPA<sub>C</sub> shall be revised to:

$$FPA_C = FPA_{(RP)} + FPA_{(RP-1)}$$

where:

FPA<sub>C</sub> = Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment rate applicable starting with the Recovery Period following the applicable Filing Date.

FPA<sub>RP</sub> = FPA Recovery Period rate component calculated to recover under/over collection during the Accumulation Period that ended prior to the applicable Filing Date.

FPA<sub>(RP-1)</sub> = FPA Recovery Period rate component from prior FPA<sub>RP</sub> calculation, if any.

FPA<sub>(RP-2)</sub> = FPA Recovery Period rate component from FPA<sub>RP</sub> calculation prior to FPA<sub>(RP-1)</sub>, if any.

CF = Fuel costs incurred to support sales to all retail customers and Off-System Sales allocated to Missouri retail electric operations, including transportation, associated with the Company's generating plants. These costs consist of the following:

a) For fossil fuel or hydroelectric plants:

(i) the following costs reflected in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Account Number 501: coal commodity, applicable taxes, gas, alternative fuels, fuel additives, Btu adjustments assessed by coal suppliers, quality adjustments related to the sulfur content of coal assessed by coal suppliers, railroad transportation, switching and demurrage charges, railcar repair and inspection costs, railcar depreciation, railcar lease costs, similar costs associated with other applicable modes of transportation, fuel hedging costs (for purposes of factor CF, hedging is defined as realized losses and costs minus realized gains associated with mitigating volatility in the Company's cost of fuel and purchased power, including but not limited to, the Company's use of futures, options and over-the-counter derivatives

\*\* Indicates Change.

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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 52nd RevisedSHEET NO. 98.3CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 51st RevisedSHEET NO. 98.3

APPLYING TO

MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D.)

Applicable To Service Provided On The Effective Date Of This Tariff And Thereafter

including, without limitation, futures contracts, puts, calls, caps, floors, collars, and swaps), hedging costs associated with SO<sub>2</sub> and fuel oil adjustments included in commodity and transportation costs, broker commissions and fees associated with price hedges, oil costs, ash disposal revenues and expenses, and revenues and expenses resulting from fuel and transportation portfolio optimization activities; and

\* (ii) the following costs reflected in FERC Account Number 502: consumable costs related to Air Quality Control System (AQCS) operation, such as urea, limestone and powder activated carbon; and

(iii) the following costs reflected in FERC Account Number 547: natural gas generation costs related to commodity, oil, transportation, storage, capacity reservation charges, fuel losses, hedging costs, and revenues and expenses resulting from fuel and transportation portfolio optimization activities; and

(iv) costs and revenues for SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> emission allowances.

b) Costs in FERC Account Number 518 (Nuclear Fuel Expense).

CPP = Costs of purchased power reflected in FERC Account Numbers 555, 565, and 575, excluding MISO administrative fees arising under MISO Schedules 10, 16, 17, and 24, and excluding capacity charges for contracts with terms in excess of one (1) year, incurred to support sales to all Missouri retail customers and Off-System Sales allocated to Missouri retail electric operations. Also included in factor "CPP" are insurance premiums in FERC Account Number 924 for replacement power insurance to the extent those premiums are not reflected in base rates. Changes in replacement power insurance premiums from the level reflected in base rates shall increase or decrease purchased power costs. Additionally, costs of purchased power will be reduced by expected replacement power insurance recoveries qualifying as assets under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

OSSR = All revenues in FERC Account 447.

\* Indicates Addition.

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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 52nd RevisedSHEET NO. 98.4CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 51st RevisedSHEET NO. 98.4

APPLYING TO

MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D.)

Applicable To Service Provided On The Effective Date Of This Tariff And Thereafter

\*\* Adjustment For Reduction of Service Classification 12(M) Billing Determinants:

Should the level of monthly billing determinants under Service Classification 12(M) fall below the level of normalized 12(M) monthly billing determinants as established in Case No. ER-2012-0166 an adjustment to OSSR shall be made in accordance with the following levels:

- a) A reduction of less than 40,000,000 kWh in a given month  
- No adjustment will be made to OSSR.
- b) A reduction of 40,000,000 kWh or greater in a given month  
- All Off-System Sales revenues derived from all kWh of energy sold off-system due to the entire reduction shall be excluded from OSSR.

\*\*N = The positive amount by which, over the course of the Accumulation Period, (a) revenues derived from the off-system sale of power made possible as a result of reductions in the level of 12(M) sales (as addressed in the definition of OSSR above) exceeds (b) the reduction of 12(M) revenues compared to normalized 12(M) revenues as determined in Case No. ER-2012-0166.

\*\*I = Interest applicable to (i) the difference between Actual Net Fuel Costs and NBFC for all kWh of energy supplied to Missouri retail customers during an Accumulation Period until those costs have been recovered; (ii) refunds due to prudence reviews (a portion of factor R, below); and (iii) all under- or over-recovery balances created through operation of this FAC, as determined in the true-up filings provided for herein (a portion of factor R, below). Interest shall be calculated monthly at a rate equal to the weighted average interest rate paid on the Company's short-term debt, applied to the month-end balance of items (i) through (iii) in the preceding sentence.

\*\* Indicates Change.

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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 52nd RevisedSHEET NO. 98.5CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 51st RevisedSHEET NO. 98.5

APPLYING TO

MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D.)

Applicable To Service Provided On The Effective Date Of This Tariff And Thereafter

R = Under/over recovery (if any) from currently active and prior Recovery Periods as determined for the FAC true-up adjustments, and modifications due to adjustments ordered by the Commission, as a result of required prudence reviews or other disallowances and reconciliations, with interest as defined in item I.

S<sub>AP</sub> = kWh during the Accumulation Period that ended prior to the applicable Filing Date, as measured by taking the retail component of the Company's load settled at its MISO CP node (AMMO.UE or successor node), plus the kWh reductions up to the kWh of energy sold off-system associated with the 12(M) OSSR adjustment above.

S<sub>RP</sub> = Applicable Recovery Period estimated kWh representing the expected retail component of the Company's load settled at its MISO CP node (AMMO.UE or successor node), subject to the FPA<sub>RP</sub> to be billed.

\*\*NBFC = Net Base Fuel Costs are the net costs determined by the Commission's order as the normalized test year value for the sum of allowable fuel costs (consistent with the term CF), plus cost of purchased power (consistent with the term CPP), less revenues from off-system sales (consistent with the term OSSR), expressed in cents per kWh, based on the retail kWh from the net output calculation in the fuel run used in part to determine Net Base Fuel Costs, as included in the Company's retail rates. The NBFC rate applicable to June through September calendar months ("Summer NBFC Rate") is 1.529 cents per kWh. The NBFC rate applicable to October through May calendar months ("Winter NBFC Rate") is 1.553 cents per kWh.

\*\*To determine the FPA rates applicable to the individual Service Classifications, the FPA<sub>c</sub> rate determined in accordance with the foregoing will be multiplied by the following voltage level adjustment factors:

Secondary Voltage Service	1.0575
Primary Voltage Service	1.0252
Large Transmission Voltage Service	0.9917

The FPA rates applicable to the individual Service Classifications shall be rounded to the nearest 0.001 cents, to be charged on a cents/kWh basis for each applicable kWh billed.

\*\* Indicates Change.

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NAME OF OFFICERPresident & CEO  
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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 52nd RevisedSHEET NO. 98.6CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 51st RevisedSHEET NO. 98.6

APPLYING TO

MISSOURI SERVICE AREA**RIDER FAC****FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D.)****Applicable To Service Provided On The Effective Date Of This Tariff And Thereafter****TRUE-UP OF FAC**

After completion of each Recovery Period, the Company will make a true-up filing in conjunction with an adjustment to its FAC. The true-up filing shall be made on the same day as the filing made to adjust its FAC. Any true-up adjustments or refunds shall be reflected in item R above, and shall include interest calculated as provided for in item I above.

The true-up adjustments shall be the difference between the revenues billed and the revenues authorized for collection during the Recovery Period.

**GENERAL RATE CASE/PRUDENCE REVIEWS**

The following shall apply to this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause, in accordance with Section 386.266.4, RSMo. and applicable Missouri Public Service Commission Rules governing rate adjustment mechanisms established under Section 386.266, RSMo:

The Company shall file a general rate case with the effective date of new rates to be no later than four years after the effective date of a Missouri Public Service Commission order implementing or continuing this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause. The four-year period referenced above shall not include any periods in which the Company is prohibited from collecting any charges under this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause, or any period for which charges hereunder must be fully refunded. In the event a court determines that this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause is unlawful and all moneys collected hereunder are fully refunded, the Company shall be relieved of the obligation under this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause to file such a rate case.

Prudence reviews of the costs subject to this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause shall occur no less frequently than every eighteen months, and any such costs which are determined by the Missouri Public Service Commission to have been imprudently incurred or incurred in violation of the terms of this rider shall be returned to customers with interest at a rate equal to the weighted average interest rate paid on the Company's short-term debt.

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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 2nd Revised SHEET NO. 98.8CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.8APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE

\*\*(Applicable To Service Provided Between June 21, 2010 And July 30, 2011)

APPLICABILITY

This rider is applicable to kilowatt-hours (kWh) of energy supplied to customers served by the Company under Service Classification Nos. 1(M), 2(M), 3(M), 4(M), 5(M), 6(M), 7(M), 8(M), 11(M), and 12(M).

Costs passed through this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause (FAC) reflect differences between actual fuel and purchased power costs, including transportation, net of Off-System Sales Revenues (OSSR) (i.e., Actual Net Fuel Costs) and Net Base Fuel Costs (factor NBFC, as defined below), calculated and recovered as provided for herein.

The Accumulation Periods and Recovery Periods are as set forth in the following table:

<u>Accumulation Period (AP)</u>	<u>Filing Date</u>	<u>Recovery Period (RP)</u>
February through May	By August 1	October through September
June through September	By December 1	February through January
October through January	By April 1	June through May

Accumulation Period (AP) means the historical calendar months during which fuel and purchased power costs, including transportation, net of OSSR for all kWh of energy supplied to Missouri retail customers are determined.

Recovery Period (RP) means the billing months as set forth in the above table during which the difference between the Actual Net Fuel Costs during an Accumulation Period and NBFC are applied to and recovered through retail customer billings on a per kWh basis, as adjusted for service voltage level.

The Company will make a Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (FPA) filing by each Filing Date. The new FPA rates for which the filing is made will be applicable starting with the Recovery Period that begins following the Filing Date. All FPA filings shall be accompanied by detailed workpapers supporting the filing in an electronic format with all formulas intact.

FPA DETERMINATION

Ninety five percent (95%) of the difference between Actual Net Fuel Costs and NBFC for all kWh of energy supplied to Missouri retail customers during the respective Accumulation Periods shall be reflected as an FPA<sub>c</sub> credit or debit, stated as a separate line item on the customer's bill and will be calculated according to the following formulas.

For the FPA filing made by each Filing Date, the FPA<sub>c</sub> rate, applicable starting with the Recovery Period following the applicable Filing Date, to recover fuel and purchased power costs, including transportation, net of OSSR, to the extent they vary from Net Base Fuel Costs (NBFC), as defined below, during the recently-completed Accumulation Period is calculated as:

\*\*Indicates Change.

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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 2nd Revised SHEET NO. 98.9CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.9APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D)**\*\* (Applicable To Service Provided Between June 21, 2010 And July 30, 2011)**

$$FPA_{(RP)} = [ [(CF + CPP - OSSR - TS - S - W) - (NBFC \times S_{AP}) ] \times 95\% + I + R - N ] / S_{RP}$$

The FPA rate, which will be multiplied by the voltage level adjustment factors set forth below, applicable starting with the following Recovery Period is calculated as:

$$FPA_C = FPA_{(RP)} + FPA_{(RP-1)} + FPA_{(RP-2)}$$

where:

$FPA_C$  = Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment rate applicable starting with the Recovery Period following the applicable Filing Date.

$FPA_{RP}$  = FPA Recovery Period rate component calculated to recover under/over collection during the Accumulation Period that ended prior to the applicable Filing Date.

$FPA_{(RP-1)}$  = FPA Recovery Period rate component from prior  $FPA_{RP}$  calculation, if any.

$FPA_{(RP-2)}$  = FPA Recovery Period rate component from  $FPA_{RP}$  calculation prior to  $FPA_{(RP-1)}$ , if any.

CF = Fuel costs incurred to support sales to all retail customers and Off-System Sales allocated to Missouri retail electric operations, including transportation, associated with the Company's generating plants. These costs consist of the following:

a) For fossil fuel or hydroelectric plants:

(i) the following costs reflected in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Account Number 501: coal commodity, applicable taxes, gas, alternative fuels, fuel additives, Btu adjustments assessed by coal suppliers, quality adjustments related to the sulfur content of coal assessed by coal suppliers, costs and revenues for SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> emission allowances, railroad transportation, switching and demurrage charges, railcar repair and inspection costs, railcar depreciation, railcar lease costs, similar costs associated with other applicable modes of transportation, fuel hedging costs (for purposes of factor CF, hedging is defined as realized losses and costs minus realized gains associated with mitigating volatility in the Company's cost of fuel and purchased power, including but not limited to, the Company's use of futures, options and over-the-counter derivatives including, without limitation, futures contracts, puts, calls, caps, floors, collars, and swaps), hedging costs associated with SO<sub>2</sub> and fuel oil

\*\* Indicates Change.

DATE OF ISSUE February 3, 2012 DATE EFFECTIVE March 4, 2012ISSUED BY Warner L. Baxter President & CEO St. Louis, Missouri  
NAME OF OFFICER TITLE ADDRESS

MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 2nd Revised SHEET NO. 98.10CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.10APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D)**\*\* (Applicable To Service Provided Between June 21, 2010 And July 30, 2011)**

adjustments included in commodity and transportation costs, broker commissions and fees associated with price hedges, oil costs, ash disposal revenues and expenses, and revenues and expenses resulting from fuel and transportation portfolio optimization activities; and

(ii) the following costs reflected in FERC Account Number 547: natural gas generation costs related to commodity, oil, transportation, storage, capacity reservation charges, fuel losses, hedging costs, and revenues and expenses resulting from fuel and transportation portfolio optimization activities;

b) Costs in FERC Account Number 518 (Nuclear Fuel Expense).

CPP = Costs of purchased power reflected in FERC Account Numbers 555, 565, and 575, excluding MISO administrative fees arising under MISO Schedules 10, 16, 17, and 24, and excluding capacity charges for contracts with terms in excess of one (1) year, incurred to support sales to all Missouri retail customers and Off-System Sales allocated to Missouri retail electric operations. Also included in factor "CPP" are insurance premiums in FERC Account Number 924 for replacement power insurance (other than relating to the Taum Sauk Plant) to the extent those premiums are not reflected in base rates. Changes in replacement power insurance premiums (other than those relating to the Taum Sauk Plant) from the level reflected in base rates shall increase or decrease purchased power costs. Additionally, costs of purchased power will be reduced by expected replacement power insurance recoveries (other than those relating to the Taum Sauk Plant) qualifying as assets under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Notwithstanding the foregoing, concurrently with the date the "TS" factor is eliminated as provided for in this tariff, the premiums and recoveries relating to replacement power insurance coverage for the Taum Sauk Plant shall be included in this CPP Factor.

OSSR = Revenues from Off-System Sales allocated to Missouri electric operations.

Off-System Sales shall include all sales transactions (including MISO revenues in FERC Account Number 447), excluding Missouri retail sales and long-term full and partial requirements sales to Missouri municipalities, that are associated with (1) AmerenUE Missouri jurisdictional generating units, (2) power purchases made to serve Missouri retail load, and (3) any related transmission.

**\*\* Indicates Change.**

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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 2nd Revised SHEET NO. 98.11CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.11APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D)**\*\* (Applicable To Service Provided Between June 21, 2010 And July 30, 2011)**Adjustment For Reduction of Service Classification 12(M) Billing Determinants:

Should the level of monthly billing determinants under Service Classification 12(M) fall below the level of normalized 12(M) monthly billing determinants as established in Case No. ER-2010-0036 an adjustment to OSSR shall be made in accordance with the following levels:

- a) A reduction of less than 40,000,000 kWh in a given month  
- No adjustment will be made to OSSR.
- b) A reduction of 40,000,000 kWh or greater in a given month  
- All Off-System revenues derived from all kWh of energy sold off-system due to the entire reduction shall be excluded from OSSR.

- TS = The Accumulation Period value of Taum Sauk. This factor will be used to reduce actual fuel costs to reflect the value of Taum Sauk, and will be credited in FPA filings (of which there are three each year as shown in the table above), until the next rate case or, if sooner, until Taum Sauk is placed back in service. This value is \$26.8 million annually, one third of which (i.e., \$8.93 million) will be applied to each Accumulation Period.
- S = The Accumulation Period value of Blackbox Settlement Amount of \$3 million annually, which shall expire on September 1, 2010. One third of the annual value (\$1 million) shall be applied to each Accumulation Period. For the Accumulation Period during which the factor expires, the factor shall be prorated according to the number of days during which it was effective during that Accumulation Period.
- W = \$300,000 per month for the months, July 1, 2010 through, June 30, 2011. This factor "W" expires on June 30, 2011.
- N = The positive amount by which, over the course of the Accumulation Period, (a) revenues derived from the off-system sale of power made possible as a result of reductions in the level of 12(M) sales (as addressed in the definition of OSSR above) exceeds (b) the reduction of 12(M) revenues compared to normalized 12(M) revenues as determined in Case No. ER-2010-0036.
- I = Interest applicable to (i) the difference between Actual Net Fuel Costs (adjusted for Taum Sauk, factor "S", and factor "W") and NBFC for all kWh of energy supplied to Missouri retail customers during an Accumulation Period until those costs have been recovered; (ii) refunds due to prudence reviews (a portion of factor R, below); and (iii) all under- or over-recovery

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NAME OF OFFICER TITLE ADDRESS

MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5

2nd Revised

SHEET NO. 98.12CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5

1st Revised

SHEET NO. 98.12

APPLYING TO

MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D)**\*\* (Applicable To Service Provided Between June 21, 2010 And July 30, 2011)**

balances created through operation of this FAC, as determined in the true-up filings provided for herein (a portion of factor R, below). Interest shall be calculated monthly at a rate equal to the weighted average interest rate paid on the Company's short-term debt, applied to the month-end balance of items (i) through (iii) in the preceding sentence.

- R = Under/over recovery (if any) from currently active and prior Recovery Periods as determined for the FAC true-up adjustments, and modifications due to adjustments ordered by the Commission (other than the adjustment for Taum Sauk as already reflected in the TS factor), as a result of required prudence reviews or other disallowances and reconciliations, with interest as defined in item I.
- S<sub>AP</sub> = Supplied kWh during the Accumulation Period that ended prior to the applicable Filing Date, at the generation level, plus the kWh reductions up to the kWh of energy sold off-system associated with the 12(M) OSSR adjustment above.
- S<sub>RP</sub> = Applicable Recovery Period estimated kWh, at the generation level, subject to the FPA<sub>RP</sub> to be billed.
- NBFC = Net Base Fuel Costs are the net costs determined by the Commission's order as the normalized test year value (and reflecting an adjustment for Taum Sauk, consistent with the term TS) for the sum of allowable fuel costs (consistent with the term CF), plus cost of purchased power (consistent with the term CPP), less revenues from off-system sales (consistent with the term OSSR), less adjustments (consistent with the terms "S" and "W"), expressed in cents per kWh, at the generation level, as included in the Company's retail rates. The NBFC rate applicable to June through September calendar months ("Summer NBFC Rate") is 1.236 cents per kWh. The NBFC rate applicable to October through May calendar months ("Winter NBFC Rate") is 1.044 cents per kWh.

To determine the FPA rates applicable to the individual Service Classifications, the FPA<sub>c</sub> rate determined in accordance with the foregoing will be multiplied by the following voltage level adjustment factors:

Secondary Voltage Service	1.0789
Primary Voltage Service	1.0459
Large Transmission Voltage Service	1.0124

The FPA rates applicable to the individual Service Classifications shall be rounded to the nearest 0.001 cents, to be charged on a cents/kWh basis for each applicable kWh billed.

\*\* Indicates Change.

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NAME OF OFFICERPresident & CEO  
TITLESt. Louis, Missouri  
ADDRESS

MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 2nd Revised SHEET NO. 98.13CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.13APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D)**\*\* (Applicable To Service Provided Between June 21, 2010 And July 30, 2011)**TRUE-UP OF FAC

After completion of each Recovery Period, the Company will make a true-up filing in conjunction with an adjustment to its FAC, where applicable. The true-up filings shall be made on the first Filing Date that occurs at least two (2) months after completion of each Recovery Period. Any true-up adjustments or refunds shall be reflected in item R above, and shall include interest calculated as provided for in item I above.

The true-up adjustments shall be the difference between the revenues billed and the revenues authorized for collection during the Recovery Period.

GENERAL RATE CASE/PRUDENCE REVIEWS

The following shall apply to this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause, in accordance with Section 386.266.4, RSMo. and applicable Missouri Public Service Commission Rules governing rate adjustment mechanisms established under Section 386.266, RSMo:

The Company shall file a general rate case with the effective date of new rates to be no later than four years after the effective date of a Missouri Public Service Commission order implementing or continuing this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause. The four-year period referenced above shall not include any periods in which the Company is prohibited from collecting any charges under this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause, or any period for which charges hereunder must be fully refunded. In the event a court determines that this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause is unlawful and all moneys collected hereunder are fully refunded, the Company shall be relieved of the obligation under this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause to file such a rate case.

Prudence reviews of the costs subject to this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause shall occur no less frequently than every eighteen months, and any such costs which are determined by the Missouri Public Service Commission to have been imprudently incurred shall be returned to customers with interest at a rate equal to the weighted average interest rate paid on the Company's short-term debt.

\*\* Indicates Change.

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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.15CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 Original SHEET NO. 98.15APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREA**RIDER FAC****FUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE****\*\*(Applicable To Service Provided Between July 31, 2011 And The Day Before The Effective Date Of This Tariff)****APPLICABILITY**

This rider is applicable to kilowatt-hours (kWh) of energy supplied to customers served by the Company under Service Classification Nos. 1(M), 2(M), 3(M), 4(M), 5(M), 6(M), 7(M), 11(M), and 12(M).

Costs passed through this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause (FAC) reflect differences between actual fuel and purchased power costs, including transportation, net of Off-System Sales Revenues (OSSR) (i.e., Actual Net Fuel Costs) and Net Base Fuel Costs (factor NBFC, as defined below), calculated and recovered as provided for herein.

The Accumulation Periods and Recovery Periods are as set forth in the following table:

<u>Accumulation Period (AP)</u>	<u>Filing Date</u>	<u>Recovery Period (RP)</u>
February through May	By August 1	October through May
June through September	By December 1	February through September
October through January	By April 1	June through January

Accumulation Period (AP) means the historical calendar months during which fuel and purchased power costs, including transportation, net of OSSR for all kWh of energy supplied to Missouri retail customers are determined.

Recovery Period (RP) means the billing months as set forth in the above table during which the difference between the Actual Net Fuel Costs during an Accumulation Period and NBFC are applied to and recovered through retail customer billings on a per kWh basis, as adjusted for service voltage level.

The Company will make a Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment (FPA) filing by each Filing Date. The new FPA rates for which the filing is made will be applicable starting with the Recovery Period that begins following the Filing Date. All FPA filings shall be accompanied by detailed workpapers supporting the filing in an electronic format with all formulas intact.

**FPA DETERMINATION**

Ninety five percent (95%) of the difference between Actual Net Fuel Costs and NBFC for all kWh of energy supplied to Missouri retail customers during the respective Accumulation Periods shall be reflected as an FPA<sub>c</sub> credit or debit, stated as a separate line item on the customer's bill and will be calculated according to the following formulas.

For the FPA filing made by each Filing Date, the FPA<sub>c</sub> rate, applicable starting with the Recovery Period following the applicable Filing Date, to recover fuel and purchased power costs, including transportation, net of OSSR, to the extent they vary from Net Base Fuel Costs (NBFC), as defined below, during the recently-completed Accumulation Period is calculated as:

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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.16CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 Original SHEET NO. 98.16APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D.)

**\*\*(Applicable To Service Provided Between July 31, 2011 And The Day Before The Effective Date Of This Tariff)**

$$FPA_{(RP)} = [[(CF+CPP-OSSR-W) - (NBFC \times S_{AP})] \times 95\% + I + R - N] / S_{RP}$$

The FPA rate, which will be multiplied by the voltage level adjustment factors set forth below, applicable starting with the following Recovery Period is calculated as:

$$FPA_C = FPA_{(RP)} + FPA_{(RP-1)} + FPA_{(RP-2)}$$

Effective with the Company's April 1, 2012 filing, FPA<sub>C</sub> shall be revised to:

$$FPA_C = FPA_{(RP)} + FPA_{(RP-1)}$$

where:

- FPA<sub>C</sub> = Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment rate applicable starting with the Recovery Period following the applicable Filing Date.
- FPA<sub>RP</sub> = FPA Recovery Period rate component calculated to recover under/over collection during the Accumulation Period that ended prior to the applicable Filing Date.
- FPA<sub>(RP-1)</sub> = FPA Recovery Period rate component from prior FPA<sub>RP</sub> calculation, if any.
- FPA<sub>(RP-2)</sub> = FPA Recovery Period rate component from FPA<sub>RP</sub> calculation prior to FPA<sub>(RP-1)</sub>, if any.
- CF = Fuel costs incurred to support sales to all retail customers and Off-System Sales allocated to Missouri retail electric operations, including transportation, associated with the Company's generating plants. These costs consist of the following:
- a) For fossil fuel or hydroelectric plants:
    - (i) the following costs reflected in Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Account Number 501: coal commodity, applicable taxes, gas, alternative fuels, fuel additives, Btu adjustments assessed by coal suppliers, quality adjustments related to the sulfur content of coal assessed by coal suppliers, railroad transportation, switching and demurrage charges, railcar repair and inspection costs, railcar depreciation, railcar lease costs, similar costs associated with other applicable modes of transportation, fuel hedging costs (for purposes of factor CF, hedging is defined as realized losses and costs minus realized gains associated with mitigating volatility in the Company's cost of fuel and purchased power, including but not limited to, the Company's use of futures, options and over-the-counter derivatives

\*\*Indicates Change.

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ISSUED BY Warner L. Baxter President & CEO St. Louis, Missouri  
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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.17CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 Original SHEET NO. 98.17APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D.)

**\*\* (Applicable To Service Provided Between July 31, 2011 And The Day Before The Effective Date Of This Tariff)**

including, without limitation, futures contracts, puts, calls, caps, floors, collars, and swaps), hedging costs associated with SO<sub>2</sub> and fuel oil adjustments included in commodity and transportation costs, broker commissions and fees associated with price hedges, oil costs, ash disposal revenues and expenses, and revenues and expenses resulting from fuel and transportation portfolio optimization activities; and

(ii) the following costs reflected in FERC Account Number 547: natural gas generation costs related to commodity, oil, transportation, storage, capacity reservation charges, fuel losses, hedging costs, and revenues and expenses resulting from fuel and transportation portfolio optimization activities; and

(iii) costs and revenues for SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub> emission allowances;

b) Costs in FERC Account Number 518 (Nuclear Fuel Expense).

CPP = Costs of purchased power reflected in FERC Account Numbers 555, 565, and 575, excluding MISO administrative fees arising under MISO Schedules 10, 16, 17, and 24, and excluding capacity charges for contracts with terms in excess of one (1) year, incurred to support sales to all Missouri retail customers and Off-System Sales allocated to Missouri retail electric operations. Also included in factor "CPP" are insurance premiums in FERC Account Number 924 for replacement power insurance to the extent those premiums are not reflected in base rates. Changes in replacement power insurance premiums from the level reflected in base rates shall increase or decrease purchased power costs. Additionally, costs of purchased power will be reduced by expected replacement power insurance recoveries qualifying as assets under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

OSSR = All revenues in FERC Account 447.

\*\*Indicates Change.

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NAME OF OFFICER TITLE ADDRESS



MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.18CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 Original SHEET NO. 98.18APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D.)

**\*\* (Applicable To Service Provided Between July 31, 2011 And The Day Before The Effective Date Of This Tariff)**

Adjustment For Reduction of Service Classification 12(M) Billing Determinants:

Should the level of monthly billing determinants under Service Classification 12(M) fall below the level of normalized 12(M) monthly billing determinants as established in Case No. ER-2011-0028 an adjustment to OSSR shall be made in accordance with the following levels:

- a) A reduction of less than 40,000,000 kWh in a given month  
- No adjustment will be made to OSSR.
  - b) A reduction of 40,000,000 kWh or greater in a given month  
- All Off-System Sales revenues derived from all kWh of energy sold off-system due to the entire reduction shall be excluded from OSSR.
- W = \$300,000 per month for the months, July 1, 2010 through, June 30, 2011. This factor "W" expires on June 30, 2011.
- N = The positive amount by which, over the course of the Accumulation Period, (a) revenues derived from the off-system sale of power made possible as a result of reductions in the level of 12(M) sales (as addressed in the definition of OSSR above) exceeds (b) the reduction of 12(M) revenues compared to normalized 12(M) revenues as determined in Case No. ER-2011-0028.
- I = Interest applicable to (i) the difference between Actual Net Fuel Costs (adjusted for factor "W") and NBFC for all kWh of energy supplied to Missouri retail customers during an Accumulation Period until those costs have been recovered; (ii) refunds due to prudence reviews (a portion of factor R, below); and (iii) all under- or over-recovery balances created through operation of this FAC, as determined in the true-up filings provided for herein (a portion of factor R, below). Interest shall be calculated monthly at a rate equal to the weighted average interest rate paid on the Company's short-term debt, applied to the month-end balance of items (i) through (iii) in the preceding sentence.

\*\*Indicates Change.

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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.19CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 Original SHEET NO. 98.19APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D.)

**\*\* (Applicable To Service Provided Between July 31, 2011 And The Day Before The Effective Date Of This Tariff)**

- R = Under/over recovery (if any) from currently active and prior Recovery Periods as determined for the FAC true-up adjustments, and modifications due to adjustments ordered by the Commission, as a result of required prudence reviews or other disallowances and reconciliations, with interest as defined in item I.
- S<sub>AP</sub> = kWh during the Accumulation Period that ended prior to the applicable Filing Date, as measured by taking the retail component of the Company's load settled at its MISO CP node (AMMO.UE or successor node), plus the kWh reductions up to the kWh of energy sold off-system associated with the 12(M) OSSR adjustment above.
- S<sub>RP</sub> = Applicable Recovery Period estimated kWh representing the expected retail component of the Company's load settled at its MISO CP node (AMMO.UE or successor node), subject to the FPA<sub>RP</sub> to be billed.
- NBFC = Net Base Fuel Costs are the net costs determined by the Commission's order as the normalized test year value for the sum of allowable fuel costs (consistent with the term CF), plus cost of purchased power (consistent with the term CPP), less revenues from off-system sales (consistent with the term OSSR), less an adjustment (consistent with the term "W"), expressed in cents per kWh, based on the retail kWh from the net output calculation in the fuel run used in part to determine Net Base Fuel Costs, as included in the Company's retail rates. The NBFC rate applicable to June through September calendar months ("Summer NBFC Rate") is 1.319 cents per kWh. The NBFC rate applicable to October through May calendar months ("Winter NBFC Rate") is 1.213 cents per kWh.

To determine the FPA rates applicable to the individual Service Classifications, the FPA<sub>c</sub> rate determined in accordance with the foregoing will be multiplied by the following voltage level adjustment factors:

Secondary Voltage Service	1.0557
Primary Voltage Service	1.0234
Large Transmission Voltage Service	0.9906

The FPA rates applicable to the individual Service Classifications shall be rounded to the nearest 0.001 cents, to be charged on a cents/kWh basis for each applicable kWh billed.

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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 1st Revised SHEET NO. 98.20CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 Original SHEET NO. 98.20APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREARIDER FACFUEL AND PURCHASED POWER ADJUSTMENT CLAUSE (CONT'D.)

**\*\* (Applicable To Service Provided Between July 31, 2011 And The Day Before The Effective Date Of This Tariff)**

TRUE-UP OF FAC

After completion of each Recovery Period, the Company will make a true-up filing in conjunction with an adjustment to its FAC. The true-up filing shall be made on the same day as the filing made to adjust its FAC. Any true-up adjustments or refunds shall be reflected in item R above, and shall include interest calculated as provided for in item I above.

The true-up adjustments shall be the difference between the revenues billed and the revenues authorized for collection during the Recovery Period.

GENERAL RATE CASE/PRUDENCE REVIEWS

The following shall apply to this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause, in accordance with Section 386.266.4, RSMo. and applicable Missouri Public Service Commission Rules governing rate adjustment mechanisms established under Section 386.266, RSMo:

The Company shall file a general rate case with the effective date of new rates to be no later than four years after the effective date of a Missouri Public Service Commission order implementing or continuing this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause. The four-year period referenced above shall not include any periods in which the Company is prohibited from collecting any charges under this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause, or any period for which charges hereunder must be fully refunded. In the event a court determines that this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause is unlawful and all moneys collected hereunder are fully refunded, the Company shall be relieved of the obligation under this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause to file such a rate case.

Prudence reviews of the costs subject to this Fuel and Purchased Power Adjustment Clause shall occur no less frequently than every eighteen months, and any such costs which are determined by the Missouri Public Service Commission to have been imprudently incurred or incurred in violation of the terms of this rider shall be returned to customers with interest at a rate equal to the weighted average interest rate paid on the Company's short-term debt.

\*\*Indicates Change.

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MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 22nd Revised SHEET NO. 99CANCELLING MO.P.S.C. SCHEDULE NO. 5 21st Revised SHEET NO. 99APPLYING TO MISSOURI SERVICE AREA

Rider B  
DISCOUNTS APPLICABLE FOR SERVICE TO SUBSTATIONS OWNED  
BY CUSTOMER IN LIEU OF COMPANY OWNERSHIP

Where a Customer served under rate schedules 4(M) or 11 (M) takes delivery of power and energy at a delivery voltage of 34kV or higher, Company will allow discounts from its applicable rate schedule as follows:

- \*1. A monthly credit of \$1.19/kW of billing demand for customers taking service at 34.5 or 69kV
- \*2. A monthly credit of \$1.41/kW of billing demand for customers taking service at 115kV or higher

\*Indicates Change.

DATE OF ISSUE February 3, 2012 DATE EFFECTIVE March 4, 2012ISSUED BY Warner L. Baxter President & CEO St. Louis, Missouri  
NAME OF OFFICER TITLE ADDRESS

Ameren Missouri  
CASE NO. ER-2012-0166  
PRESENT AND PROPOSED CLASS REVENUE REQUIREMENTS  
 (\$000's)

<u>Customer Class</u>	<u>Current Base Revenue</u>	<u>Proposed Base Revenue</u>	<u>Required Revenue Adjustment</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Residential	\$ 1,170,105	\$ 1,340,393	\$ 170,288	14.6%
Small General Service	\$ 288,054	\$ 329,979	\$ 41,925	14.6%
Large General Service	\$ 539,384	\$ 617,889	\$ 78,505	14.6%
Small Primary Service	\$ 210,466	\$ 241,113	\$ 30,647	14.6%
Large Primary Service	\$ 189,820	\$ 217,450	\$ 27,629	14.6%
Large Transmission Service	\$ 147,949	\$ 169,485	\$ 21,536	14.6%
Lighting	<u>\$ 34,380</u>	<u>\$ 39,383</u>	<u>\$ 5,003</u>	<u>14.6%</u>
Total	\$ 2,580,158	\$ 2,955,691	\$ 375,533 (1)	14.6%

(1) - Targeted increase from Company witness Mr. Gary Weiss testimony is \$375,565; however, rate rounding resulted in a shortfall of approximately \$32K.

MISSOURI  
RESIDENTIAL SERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 1 (M)  
TYPICAL MONTHLY BILLS - EXCLUDING TAXES

kWh	AVERAGE MONTHLY BILL
100	\$21.57
150	\$26.35
200	\$31.12
250	\$35.89
300	\$40.66
350	\$45.43
400	\$50.20
450	\$54.98
500	\$59.75
550	\$64.52
600	\$69.29
650	\$74.06
700	\$78.83
750	\$83.61
800	\$87.48
850	\$91.34
900	\$95.21
950	\$99.08
1000	\$102.95
1100	\$110.69
1200	\$118.42
1300	\$126.16
1400	\$133.90
1500	\$141.63
1600	\$149.37
1700	\$157.11
1800	\$164.84
1900	\$172.58
2000	\$180.32
2500	\$219.00
3000	\$257.68
3500	\$296.37
4000	\$335.05
4500	\$373.73
5000	\$412.42

MISSOURI  
 SMALL GENERAL SERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 2 (M)  
 TYPICAL MONTHLY BILLS - EXCLUDING TAXES  
 SINGLE-PHASE SERVICE

<u>kWh</u>	<u>AVERAGE MONTHLY BILL</u>
0	\$14.66
50	\$19.15
100	\$23.65
300	\$41.62
400	\$50.61
500	\$59.59
600	\$68.58
700	\$77.57
800	\$86.55
900	\$95.54
1000	\$104.53
2,000	\$194.39
3,000	\$284.26
4,000	\$374.13
5,000	\$463.99
6,000	\$553.86
7,000	\$643.73
8,000	\$733.59
9,000	\$823.46
10,000	\$913.33
11,000	\$1,003.19
12,000	\$1,093.06
13,000	\$1,182.93
14,000	\$1,272.79
15,000	\$1,362.66
16,000	\$1,452.53
17,000	\$1,542.39
18,000	\$1,632.26
19,000	\$1,722.13
20,000	\$1,811.99
21,000	\$1,901.86
22,000	\$1,991.73
23,000	\$2,081.59
24,000	\$2,171.46
25,000	\$2,261.33
30,000	\$2,710.66
35,000	\$3,159.99
40,000	\$3,609.33
45,000	\$4,058.66
50,000	\$4,507.99

(1) - WINTER BILLS EXCLUDE SEASONAL USAGE EFFECT, IF ANY.

MISSOURI  
SMALL GENERAL SERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 2 (M)  
TYPICAL MONTHLY BILLS - EXCLUDING TAXES  
THREE-PHASE SERVICE

kWh	AVERAGE MONTHLY BILL
0	\$29.29
50	\$33.78
100	\$38.28
300	\$56.25
400	\$65.24
500	\$74.22
600	\$83.21
700	\$92.20
800	\$101.18
900	\$110.17
1000	\$119.16
2,000	\$209.02
3,000	\$298.89
4,000	\$388.76
5,000	\$478.62
6,000	\$568.49
7,000	\$658.36
8,000	\$748.22
9,000	\$838.09
10,000	\$927.96
11,000	\$1,017.82
12,000	\$1,107.69
13,000	\$1,197.56
14,000	\$1,287.42
15,000	\$1,377.29
16,000	\$1,467.16
17,000	\$1,557.02
18,000	\$1,646.89
19,000	\$1,736.76
20,000	\$1,826.62
21,000	\$1,916.49
22,000	\$2,006.36
23,000	\$2,096.22
24,000	\$2,186.09
25,000	\$2,275.96
30,000	\$2,725.29
35,000	\$3,174.62
40,000	\$3,623.96
45,000	\$4,073.29
50,000	\$4,522.62

(1) - WINTER BILLS EXCLUDE SEASONAL USAGE EFFECT, IF ANY.



MISSOURI  
LARGE GENERAL SERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 3 (M)  
TYPICAL MONTHLY BILLS - EXCLUDING TAXES

<u>kW</u>	<u>kWh/kW</u>	<u>kWh</u>	<u>AVERAGE MONTHLY BILL</u>
100	100	10,000	\$1,178.17
	200	20,000	\$1,884.34
	300	30,000	\$2,491.67
	400	40,000	\$3,021.84
	500	50,000	\$3,474.84
	600	60,000	\$3,927.84
	700	70,000	\$4,380.84
500	100	50,000	\$5,519.51
	200	100,000	\$9,050.34
	300	150,000	\$12,087.01
	400	200,000	\$14,737.84
	500	250,000	\$17,002.84
	600	300,000	\$19,267.84
	700	350,000	\$21,532.84
1000	100	100,000	\$10,946.17
	200	200,000	\$18,007.84
	300	300,000	\$24,081.17
	400	400,000	\$29,382.84
	500	500,000	\$33,912.84
	600	600,000	\$38,442.84
	700	700,000	\$42,972.84
2,000	100	200,000	\$21,799.51
	200	400,000	\$35,922.84
	300	600,000	\$48,069.51
	400	800,000	\$58,672.84
	500	1,000,000	\$67,732.84
	600	1,200,000	\$76,792.84
	700	1,400,000	\$85,852.84
3,000	100	300,000	\$32,652.84
	200	600,000	\$53,837.84
	300	900,000	\$72,057.84
	400	1,200,000	\$87,962.84
	500	1,500,000	\$101,552.84
	600	1,800,000	\$115,142.84
	700	2,100,000	\$128,732.84
5,000	100	500,000	\$54,359.51
	200	1,000,000	\$89,667.84
	300	1,500,000	\$120,034.51
	400	2,000,000	\$146,542.84
	500	2,500,000	\$169,192.84
	600	3,000,000	\$191,842.84
	700	3,500,000	\$214,492.84

(1) - WINTER BILLS EXCLUDE SEASONAL USAGE EFFECT, IF ANY.

MISSOURI  
SMALL PRIMARY SERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 4 (M)  
TYPICAL MONTHLY BILLS - EXCLUDING TAXES

<u>kW</u>	<u>kWh/kW</u>	<u>kWh</u>	<u>AVERAGE MONTHLY BILL</u>
100	100	10,000	\$1,316.36
	200	20,000	\$1,997.69
	300	30,000	\$2,585.03
	400	40,000	\$3,097.86
	500	50,000	\$3,536.19
	600	60,000	\$3,974.53
	700	70,000	\$4,412.86
500	100	50,000	\$5,332.36
	200	100,000	\$8,739.03
	300	150,000	\$11,675.69
	400	200,000	\$14,239.86
	500	250,000	\$16,431.53
	600	300,000	\$18,623.19
	700	350,000	\$20,814.86
1000	100	100,000	\$10,352.36
	200	200,000	\$17,165.69
	300	300,000	\$23,039.03
	400	400,000	\$28,167.36
	500	500,000	\$32,550.69
	600	600,000	\$36,934.03
	700	700,000	\$41,317.36
2,000	100	200,000	\$20,392.36
	200	400,000	\$34,019.03
	300	600,000	\$45,765.69
	400	800,000	\$56,022.36
	500	1,000,000	\$64,789.03
	600	1,200,000	\$73,555.69
	700	1,400,000	\$82,322.36
3,000	100	300,000	\$30,432.36
	200	600,000	\$50,872.36
	300	900,000	\$68,492.36
	400	1,200,000	\$83,877.36
	500	1,500,000	\$97,027.36
	600	1,800,000	\$110,177.36
	700	2,100,000	\$123,327.36
5,000	100	500,000	\$50,512.36
	200	1,000,000	\$84,579.03
	300	1,500,000	\$113,945.69
	400	2,000,000	\$139,587.36
	500	2,500,000	\$161,504.03
	600	3,000,000	\$183,420.69
	700	3,500,000	\$205,337.36

(1) - WINTER BILLS EXCLUDE SEASONAL USAGE EFFECT, IF ANY.

MISSOURI  
LARGE PRIMARY SERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 11(M)  
TYPICAL MONTHLY BILLS - EXCLUDING TAXES

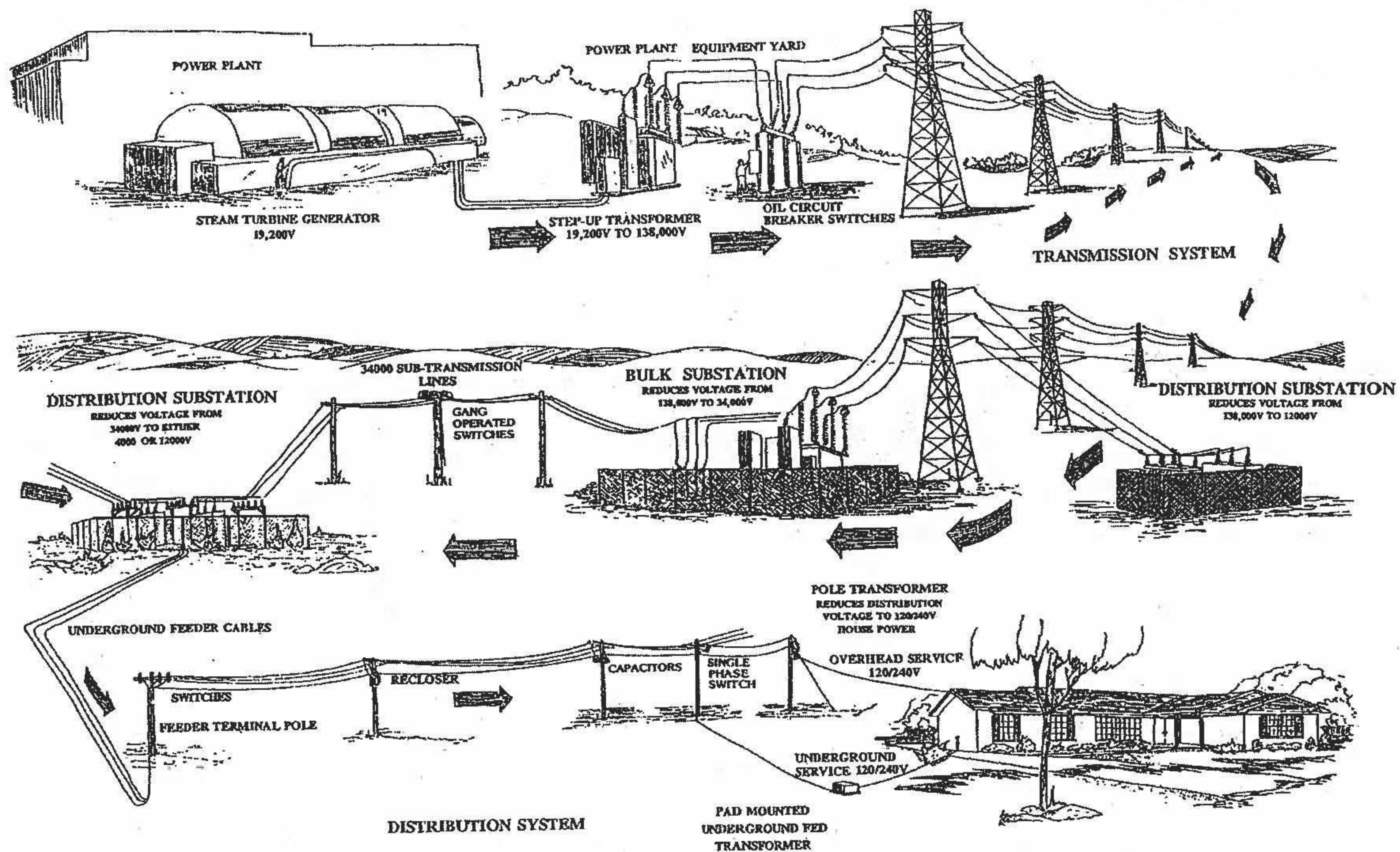
	kW	kWh/kW	kWh	AVERAGE MONTHLY BILL
*	4,000	300	1,200,000	\$102,168.53
		400	1,600,000	\$115,381.86
		500	2,000,000	\$128,595.19
		600	2,400,000	\$141,808.53
		700	2,800,000	\$155,021.86
	5,000	300	1,500,000	\$112,078.53
		400	2,000,000	\$128,595.19
		500	2,500,000	\$145,111.86
		600	3,000,000	\$161,628.53
		700	3,500,000	\$178,145.19
	10,000	300	3,000,000	\$223,795.19
		400	4,000,000	\$256,828.53
		500	5,000,000	\$289,861.86
		600	6,000,000	\$322,895.19
		700	7,000,000	\$355,928.53
	20,000	300	6,000,000	\$447,228.53
		400	8,000,000	\$513,295.19
		500	10,000,000	\$579,361.86
		600	12,000,000	\$645,428.53
		700	14,000,000	\$711,495.19
	30,000	300	9,000,000	\$670,661.86
		400	12,000,000	\$769,761.86
		500	15,000,000	\$868,861.86
		600	18,000,000	\$967,961.86
		700	21,000,000	\$1,067,061.86
	50,000	300	15,000,000	\$1,117,528.53
		400	20,000,000	\$1,282,695.19
		500	25,000,000	\$1,447,861.86
		600	30,000,000	\$1,613,028.53
		700	35,000,000	\$1,778,195.19
#####		300	30,000,000	\$2,234,695.19
		400	40,000,000	\$2,565,028.53
		500	50,000,000	\$2,895,361.86
		600	60,000,000	\$3,225,695.19
		700	70,000,000	\$3,556,028.53

\* - BILLS REFLECT MINIMUM BILLING DEMAND OF 5,000 kW.

MISSOURI  
LARGE TRANSMISSION SERVICE CLASSIFICATION NO. 12 (M)  
TYPICAL MONTHLY BILLS - EXCLUDING TAXES

	kW	kWh/kW	kWh	AVERAGE MONTHLY BILL
*	4,000	300	1,200,000	\$79,219.33
		400	1,600,000	\$89,960.67
		500	2,000,000	\$100,702.00
		600	2,400,000	\$111,443.33
		700	2,800,000	\$122,184.67
	5,000	300	1,500,000	\$87,275.33
		400	2,000,000	\$100,702.00
		500	2,500,000	\$114,128.67
		600	3,000,000	\$127,555.33
		700	3,500,000	\$140,982.00
	10,000	300	3,000,000	\$172,738.67
		400	4,000,000	\$199,592.00
		500	5,000,000	\$226,445.33
		600	6,000,000	\$253,298.67
		700	7,000,000	\$280,152.00
	20,000	300	6,000,000	\$343,665.33
		400	8,000,000	\$397,372.00
		500	10,000,000	\$451,078.67
		600	12,000,000	\$504,785.33
		700	14,000,000	\$558,492.00
	30,000	300	9,000,000	\$514,592.00
		400	12,000,000	\$595,152.00
		500	15,000,000	\$675,712.00
		600	18,000,000	\$756,272.00
		700	21,000,000	\$836,832.00
	50,000	300	15,000,000	\$856,445.33
		400	20,000,000	\$990,712.00
		500	25,000,000	\$1,124,978.67
		600	30,000,000	\$1,259,245.33
		700	35,000,000	\$1,393,512.00
#####		300	30,000,000	\$1,711,078.67
		400	40,000,000	\$1,979,612.00
		500	50,000,000	\$2,248,145.33
		600	60,000,000	\$2,516,678.67
		700	70,000,000	\$2,785,212.00

# GENERATING AND POWER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM



**Ameren Missouri**  
**MISSOURI ELECTRIC OPERATIONS**  
**CLASS COST OF SERVICE ALLOCATION STUDY**

**TITLE: SUMMARY CURRENT ROR RESULTS (\$000'S)**

		<u>MISSOURI</u>	<u>RESIDENTIAL</u>	<u>SMALL GENERAL SERV</u>	<u>LARGE G.S. / SMALL PRIMARY</u>	<u>LARGE PRIMARY</u>	<u>LARGE TRANSMISSION</u>	<u>LIGHTING</u>
1	BASE REVENUE	\$ 2,580,158	\$ 1,170,105	\$ 288,054	\$ 749,850	\$ 189,820	\$ 147,949	\$ 34,380
2	OTHER REVENUE	\$ 68,583	\$ 38,657	\$ 6,658	\$ 15,873	\$ 3,763	\$ 3,078	\$ 555
3	LIGHTING REVENUE	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
4	SYSTEM, OFF-SYS SALES & DISP OF ALLOW	\$ 360,103	\$ 133,880	\$ 34,603	\$ 115,232	\$ 36,067	\$ 38,542	\$ 1,780
5	RATE REVENUE VARIANCE	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
6	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 3,008,844	\$ 1,342,642	\$ 329,314	\$ 880,954	\$ 229,650	\$ 189,568	\$ 36,715
7								
8	TOTAL PROD, T&D, CUST, AND A&G EXP	\$ 1,982,446	\$ 898,942	\$ 198,571	\$ 561,186	\$ 159,113	\$ 144,313	\$ 20,321
9	TOTAL DEPR AND AMMORT EXPENSES	\$ 461,617	\$ 243,153	\$ 49,410	\$ 116,132	\$ 26,841	\$ 17,341	\$ 8,741
10	REAL ESTATE AND PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 142,152	\$ 74,466	\$ 15,498	\$ 35,478	\$ 8,288	\$ 5,826	\$ 2,597
11	INCOME TAXES	\$ 203,097	\$ 104,613	\$ 21,783	\$ 52,037	\$ 12,541	\$ 8,856	\$ 3,267
12	PAYROLL TAXES	\$ 23,042	\$ 11,897	\$ 2,428	\$ 5,845	\$ 1,463	\$ 985	\$ 425
13	FEDERAL EXCISE TAX	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
14	REVENUE TAXES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
15								
16	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 2,812,354	\$ 1,333,071	\$ 287,689	\$ 770,678	\$ 208,246	\$ 177,320	\$ 35,351
17								
18	NET OPERATING INCOME	\$ 196,490	\$ 9,571	\$ 41,626	\$ 110,276	\$ 21,404	\$ 12,249	\$ 1,365
19								
20	GROSS PLANT IN SERVICE	\$14,610,042	\$ 7,646,261	\$ 1,587,513	\$ 3,660,297	\$ 854,696	\$ 595,719	\$ 265,557
21	RESERVES FOR DEPRECIATION	\$ 6,238,748	\$ 3,296,500	\$ 681,502	\$ 1,534,654	\$ 351,261	\$ 247,121	\$ 127,710
22								
23	NET PLANT IN SERVICE	\$ 8,371,294	\$ 4,349,761	\$ 906,011	\$ 2,125,643	\$ 503,435	\$ 348,598	\$ 137,847
24								
25	MATERIALS & SUPPLIES - FUEL	\$ 260,508	\$ 96,853	\$ 25,033	\$ 83,362	\$ 26,092	\$ 27,882	\$ 1,287
26	MATERIALS & SUPPLIES -LOCAL	\$ 170,308	\$ 108,482	\$ 19,556	\$ 30,290	\$ 5,016	\$ 3	\$ 6,961
27	CASH WORKING CAPITAL	\$ 44,894	\$ 20,357	\$ 4,497	\$ 12,708	\$ 3,603	\$ 3,268	\$ 460
28	CUSTOMER ADVANCES & DEPOSITS	\$ (19,448)	\$ (10,815)	\$ (4,742)	\$ (3,617)	\$ -	\$ (125)	\$ (149)
29	ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	\$ (2,017,383)	\$ (1,056,796)	\$ (219,937)	\$ (503,492)	\$ (117,621)	\$ (82,674)	\$ (36,862)
30								
31	TOTAL NET ORIGINAL COST RATE BASE	\$ 6,810,174	\$ 3,507,841	\$ 730,419	\$ 1,744,893	\$ 420,524	\$ 296,952	\$ 109,545
32								
33	RATE OF RETURN	2.885%	0.273%	5.699%	6.320%	5.090%	4.125%	1.246%

**Ameren Missouri**  
**MISSOURI ELECTRIC OPERATIONS**  
**CLASS COST OF SERVICE ALLOCATION STUDY**  
**EQUALIZED CLASS RATES OF RETURN ANALYSIS**

<b><u>TITLE: SUMMARY EQUAL ROR (\$000's)</u></b>								
	<u>MISSOURI</u>	<u>RESIDENTIAL</u>	<u>SMALL GENERAL SERV</u>	<u>LARGE G.S. / SMALL PRIMARY</u>	<u>LARGE PRIMARY</u>	<u>LARGE TRANSMISSION</u>	<u>LIGHTING</u>	
1 BASE REVENUE	\$ 2,955,723	\$ 1,455,193	\$ 307,783	\$ 786,145	\$ 203,741	\$ 160,644	\$ 42,217	
2 OTHER REVENUE	\$ 68,583	\$ 38,657	\$ 6,658	\$ 15,873	\$ 3,763	\$ 3,078	\$ 555	
3 LIGHTING REVENUE	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
4 SYSTEM, OFF-SYS SALES & DISP OF ALLOW	\$ 360,103	\$ 133,880	\$ 34,603	\$ 115,232	\$ 36,067	\$ 38,542	\$ 1,780	
5 RATE REVENUE VARIANCE	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
6 TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	\$ 3,384,409	\$ 1,627,730	\$ 349,044	\$ 917,249	\$ 243,570	\$ 202,264	\$ 44,552	
7								
8 TOTAL PROD., T&D, CUSTOMER, AND A&G EXP.	\$ 1,982,446	\$ 898,942	\$ 198,571	\$ 561,186	\$ 159,113	\$ 144,313	\$ 20,321	
9 TOTAL DEPR. AND AMMOR. EXPENSES	\$ 461,617	\$ 243,153	\$ 49,410	\$ 116,132	\$ 26,841	\$ 17,341	\$ 8,741	
10 REAL ESTATE AND PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 142,152	\$ 74,466	\$ 15,498	\$ 35,478	\$ 8,288	\$ 5,826	\$ 2,597	
11 INCOME TAXES	\$ 203,097	\$ 104,613	\$ 21,783	\$ 52,037	\$ 12,541	\$ 8,856	\$ 3,267	
12 PAYROLL TAXES	\$ 23,042	\$ 11,897	\$ 2,428	\$ 5,845	\$ 1,463	\$ 985	\$ 425	
13 FEDERAL EXCISE TAX	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
14 REVENUE TAXES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
15								
16 TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	\$ 2,812,354	\$ 1,333,071	\$ 287,689	\$ 770,678	\$ 208,246	\$ 177,320	\$ 35,351	
17								
18 NET OPERATING INCOME	\$ 572,055	\$ 294,659	\$ 61,355	\$ 146,571	\$ 35,324	\$ 24,944	\$ 9,202	
19								
20 GROSS PLANT IN SERVICE	\$ 14,610,042	\$ 7,646,261	\$ 1,587,513	\$ 3,660,297	\$ 854,696	\$ 595,719	\$ 265,557	
21 RESERVES FOR DEPRECIATION	\$ 6,238,748	\$ 3,296,500	\$ 681,502	\$ 1,534,654	\$ 351,261	\$ 247,121	\$ 127,710	
22								
23 NET PLANT IN SERVICE	\$ 8,371,294	\$ 4,349,761	\$ 906,011	\$ 2,125,643	\$ 503,435	\$ 348,598	\$ 137,847	
24								
25 MATERIALS & SUPPLIES - FUEL	\$ 260,508	\$ 96,853	\$ 25,033	\$ 83,362	\$ 26,092	\$ 27,882	\$ 1,287	
26 MATERIALS & SUPPLIES -LOCAL	\$ 170,308	\$ 108,482	\$ 19,556	\$ 30,290	\$ 5,016	\$ 3	\$ 6,961	
27 CASH WORKING CAPITAL	\$ 44,894	\$ 20,357	\$ 4,497	\$ 12,708	\$ 3,603	\$ 3,268	\$ 460	
28 CUSTOMER ADVANCES & DEPOSITS	\$ (19,448)	\$ (10,815)	\$ (4,742)	\$ (3,617)	\$ -	\$ (125)	\$ (149)	
29 ACCUMULATED DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	\$ (2,017,383)	\$ (1,056,796)	\$ (219,937)	\$ (503,492)	\$ (117,621)	\$ (82,674)	\$ (36,862)	
30								
31 TOTAL NET ORIGINAL COST RATE BASE	\$ 6,810,174	\$ 3,507,841	\$ 730,419	\$ 1,744,893	\$ 420,524	\$ 296,952	\$ 109,545	
32								
33 RATE OF RETURN	8.400%	8.400%	8.400%	8.400%	8.400%	8.400%	8.400%	

Ameren Missouri  
CASE NO. ER-2012-0166  
PROPOSED CLASS REVENUE REQUIREMENTS  
(\$000's)

<u>Customer Class</u>	<u>Proposed Base Revenue</u>
Residential	\$ 1,340,393
Small General Service	\$ 329,979
Large General Service	\$ 617,889
Small Primary Service	\$ 241,113
Large Primary Service	\$ 217,450
Large Transmission Service	\$ 169,485
Lighting	<u>\$ 39,383</u>
Total	\$ 2,955,691