Exhibit No.:

Issues: Auditing and Income Tax

Preparation Fees; Corporate Allocation; Corporate Payroll

Witness: Ashley Sarver

Sponsoring Party: MoPSC Staff

Type of Exhibit: Surrebuttal Testimony

Case No.: WR-2017-0259

Date Testimony Prepared: November 13, 2017

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMMISSION STAFF DIVISION AUDITING DEPARTMENT

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

ASHLEY SARVER

INDIAN HILLS UTILITY OPERATING COMPANY, INC.

CASE NO. WR-2017-0259

Jefferson City, Missouri November 2017

1	TABLE OF CONTENTS
2	SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF
3	ASHLEY SARVER
4	INDIAN HILLS UTILITY OPERATING COMPANY, INC.
5	CASE NO. WR-2017-0259
6	AUDITING AND INCOME TAX PREPARATION FEES2
7	CORPORATE ALLOCATION5
8	CORPORATE PAYROLL

1		SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY	
2		OF	
3		ASHLEY SARVER	
4		INDIAN HILLS UTILITY OPERATING COMPANY, INC.	
5		CASE NO. WR-2017-0259	
6	Q.	Please state your name and business address.	
7	A.	Ashley Sarver, Governor Office Building, P.O. Box 360, Jefferson City,	
8	Missouri 651	02.	
9	Q.	By whom are you employed and in what capacity?	
10	A.	I am employed by the Missouri Public Service Commission ("Commission")	
11	as a Utility R	egulatory Auditor IV in the Auditing Department, Commission Staff Division of	
12	the Commiss	ion Staff ("Staff").	
13	Q.	Are you the same Ashley Sarver who has previously filed direct testimony and	
14	rebuttal testimony in this proceeding?		
15	A.	Yes.	
16	Q.	What is the purpose of your surrebuttal testimony in this proceeding?	
17	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to respond to the rebuttal testimony of Indian	
18	Hills Utility	Operating Company, Inc. ("Indian Hills" or "Company") regarding corporate	
19	allocations, c	orporate allocations in regards to payroll, treatment of tax and audit fees, and the	
20	MERIC job	title and experience levels portion of corporate allocations. I will also address	
21	The Office o	f the Public Counsel ("OPC") rebuttal testimony concerning tax and income tax	
22	preparation fo	ees.	

AUDITING AND INCOME TAX PREPARATION FEES

- Q. What is the Company's position concerning auditing and income tax preparation fees for this case?
- A. Company witness Phil Macias states in his rebuttal testimony on page 5, lines 12-14, "Indian Hill's direct costs of \$13,750 (\$10,000, financial audit and \$3,750, tax preparation) combined with a 18% allocation of CSWR's audit and tax fees of \$13,750, 18% of which is \$2,475, for a total \$16,225."
- Q. Does Staff agree with the Company that \$16,225 should be included in the cost of service?
- A. No. In Staff's rebuttal testimony, Staff included the cost of the Indian Hill's financial statement audit for December 31, 2016 in the amount of \$9,000. Staff also included an allocation amount of the actual amount of financial auditing costs and tax preparation fees paid by First Round in the amount of \$2,076. Staff disallowed the retainer fees for maintenance of fixed assets and related depreciation schedules and a retainer for assistance in recording of initial purchase transactions of \$1,000. Staff also did not include costs for Indian Hill's tax preparation because Staff had not received invoices for tax services for Indian Hills.
- Q. Has Staff updated its auditing cost recommendation since Staff's rebuttal testimony to take new information into account?
- A. Yes. After reviewing the invoices provided in Mr. Phil Macias rebuttal testimony (schedule PM-1R-C), Staff has included costs for the December 2016 financial statements and tax preparation for Indian Hills and First Round. For Indian Hill's, Staff included \$9,500 for the preparation of financial statements and \$2,500 tax preparation and for First Round Staff is including an allocated portion of \$9,500 for preparation of financial statements and \$2,500 for preparation of the tax returns.

1	Q. Is Staff disallowing any costs for Indian Hills'?			
2	A.	Yes. Staff has disallowed the retainer for assistance in recording of		
3	initial purchase transactions of \$500 and \$1,250 for the review of amended 2016 corporate			
4	tax returns.			
5	Q.	Why is Staff proposing to disallow these fees?		
6	A.	These fees are non-recurring costs.		
7	Q.	Has Mr. Macias incorrectly stated the amount of financial audit costs in his		
8	rebuttal testin	nony?		
9	A.	Yes. Mr. Macias included \$10,000 for the financial audit cost. According to		
10	the invoices p	provided to Staff and the invoices attached to Mr. Macias's rebuttal testimony		
11	(Schedule PM-1R-C), First Round was billed \$9,500 for the financial statement preparation			
12	for 2016 (invoice number 95863).			
13	Q.	Is Staff disallowing any costs of First Round?		
14	A.	Yes, Staff is disallowing the costs associated with the preparation and review		
15	of amended 2	016 partnership tax returns of \$1,250.		
16	Q.	Why is Staff proposing to disallow this cost?		
17	A.	This fee is a non-recurring cost.		
18	Q.	What is OPC's position concerning the auditing income tax preparation		
19	fees issue?			
20	A.	On page 5, lines 2 through 7, of Company witness Ms. Keri Roth's rebuttal		
21	testimony, she	e states:		
22 23 24 25 26		In the <i>Report and Order</i> in the Hillcrest rate case numbered WR-2016-0064, the Commission disallowed estimated costs of auditing and tax preparation fees, because allowing these costs would violate the matching principle. The same would apply in the current case. Although the invoice has been paid, or known and measurable, the		

Surrebuttal Testimony of Ashley Sarver

1 2			expense was paid outside of the test year. Therefore, including expense would also violate the matching principle.	this	
3	Q. Do you agree with OPC that because the date that these invoices were paid			s were paid	
4	falls outside of the test year prevents them from being included in this rate case?				
5	A. No. Indian Hills did not incur any tax preparation or auditing costs during the				
6	test year, but will incur these costs in the future on an ongoing basis. It is reasonable to				
7	include a known and measurable amount in rates for these costs.				
8	Q. What is the total amount for audit services and tax preparation that Staff has			at Staff has	
9	included in the cost of service?				
10		A.	Staff has included the following invoices listed in the table below:		
11	**				
	}				
	L				
12	**				
13		Q.	What amount for these services is included in Indian Hill's cost of	service?	
14		A.	\$13,993.		

CORPORATE .	ALLOCA	TION
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- Q. Company witness Phil Macias states in his rebuttal testimony on page 6 lines 17-18, "Staff reduced labor expense by 10% by applying an estimated capitalization rate.
- 4 This is improper." Does Staff agree with the statement?
 - A. No. This is reasonable and a very conservative estimated capitalization percentage to be applied to payroll expense. Indian Hills has constructed new plant and is planning on replacing many mains throughout the system.
 - Q. Company witness Phil Macias states in his rebuttal testimony on page 6 lines 18 through page 7 line 5:

First it assumes that each employee contributed 10% on their labor to capital related efforts. That assumption is unreasonable. For example, zero percent of the customer service labor is related to construction. Likewise, not all accounting team members are involved in capital projects. Because Staff was unable to establish a direct labor hour to capital project relationship, they used a ratio of operations & maintenance (O&M) expense to CSWR payroll (PR) expense. However, by definition, this ratio is not capital related. It is O&M to PR, not capital to PR. Capital and O&M are two distinctly different functional activities and there is not reasonable basis to assume that one ratio in any way approximates the other. The inability to develop and apply a genuinely capital based rate does not legitimize the use of an improper alternative.

- Are the customer service labor and accounting team members involved in capital projects?
 - A. Yes. They review and pay invoices for the construction projects.
 - Q. What capitalization percentage did the Company use in its directly filing for this case?
- 27 A. 0%
- Q. Is this reasonable?

- A. No. Indian Hills has spent approximately half a million dollars on improvements so it is not reasonable to assign no payroll costs to construction activity.
 - Q. Will the Company have improvements in the future?
- A. Yes. The Company has agreed in the Partial Disposition Agreement to submit a Distribution System Improvement Plan, then use this assessment to create a five year schedule for replacement of mains and service connections where necessary and prudent.
 - Q. Why is the Company's approach unreasonable for capitalizing salaries?
- A. Indian Hill does not capitalize any level of salaries to construction. From a ratemaking perspective, this approach overstates payroll expense recovered in cost of service. If Indian Hill's 0% capitalization proposal were adopted for annualizing Indian Hill's total payroll in this case, payroll expense would be overstated by \$5,747 using Staff's recommended capitalization percentage.
 - Q. Why should a portion of salaries be capitalized?
- A. In general, water companies are capital intensive entities where ongoing construction activity is necessary to meet the water needs of current and future customers; therefore, construction is a significant and on-going activity of a utility company. Construction activity not only involves actual physical construction, but also requires planning, budgeting, monitoring, and record keeping along with other activities. Some of these activities can be directly identifiable with specific construction projects, but others cannot be directly identified with a project. The fact that the activity cannot be directly identified with a project does not mean that the activity was not performed in support of the construction. Where construction activities take place and funds are expended, indirect costs occur. A reasonable amount of indirect costs should be assigned to construction activities.

23

Jack Chalfant 92%, and Brenda Eaves 92%.

- Is Indian Hills in what would be described as "a major construction phase?" 1 Q. 2 A. Yes. As stated above, Indian Hills currently has several construction projects 3 planned for the future. These projects include line replacement; therefore, one can reasonable 4 assume that many of Indian Hills employees are committing a significant amount of their time 5 to the planning and ongoing oversight of these construction projects. Q. 6 Did Staff develop an estimated operations & maintenance ("O&M") expense, a 7 reciprocal of the capitalization percentage, to apply to payroll expense? 8 A. Yes. Staff applied an estimated O&M expense ratio to payroll expense. 9 Q. Did the Company provide an actual or estimated O&M expense percentage for 10 the test year? 11 A. No. The Company does not keep track of time spent on operating/maintenance 12 activities. Staff requested any available data pertaining to the actual amount of time each 13 employee spends on construction and operations/maintenance related activity, respectively, 14 for the Company, but has not received adequate information from Indian Hills on this matter 15 to date. Therefore, Staff assumed a 90% O&M expense ratio for all employees in determining 16 its recommended level of payroll expense. 17 Q. Do you have a correction to make to your direct testimony in this case? Yes, on page 6, lines 9 thru 10, I state in regard to the proposed 90% O&M 18 A. 19 percentage, "This is the same O&M percentage that was used in the recent Hillcrest and 20 Raccoon Creek rate proceedings." This statement should be removed. In both of those cases, 21 an estimated O&M percentage was used for the following three employees: Josiah Cox 85%,
 - Q. Why did Staff use a 10% capitalization factor for payroll for all employees?

A. Staff found 10% was a reasonable estimate for all employees due to the amount of construction that has taken placed and will happen in the future for his system.

CORPORATE PAYROLL

- Q. Has Phil Macias misinterpreted your direct testimony in this proceeding?
- through 13, he states "Staff witness Sarver states on page 5 of her Direct Testimony that the MERIC data used for the President and Customer Service Manager has been updated 3 times since 2013. Data for each of the remaining positions has been updated once." In my direct testimony on page 4 through 5, I compared MERIC salaries for the Financial Manager and Accounting and Auditor job titles from 2014 through 2016 and determined that the MERIC wage levels for 2015 were closer to the three-year average of the wage levels for Todd Thomas, Phil Macias, and Yolanda Rousseau job categories, and more appropriate than the 2016 wage level to use in setting rates. Staff chose to use the MERIC 2013 employment wage level information for two of Central States Water Resources ("CSWR") employees, Mr. Cox and Ms. Eaves. Both of these employees were with CSWR during the two most recent rate cases for affiliated CSWR utilities, Hillcrest, Case No. WR-2016-0064, and Raccoon Creek, Case No. SR-2016-0202, and Staff used the 2013 employment wage level information for both of these employees in both rate cases.
- Q. In Mr. Todd Thomas' rebuttal testimony, he details the origin of the "mean level" on the Missouri Occupational Employment Projections Methodology and Definitions. Does Staff agree with these definitions?
- A. Yes. According to the Missouri Occupational Employment Projections Methodology and Definitions, MERIC uses the following definition for the classifying wages:

Entry Wage - An entry wage is defined as the mean of the lower third percentile of the sampled population of surveyed workers. In the Occupational Employment and Wages Estimates, this wage is calculated by MERIC and included only in WIA and Statewide estimates.

Experienced Wage - An experienced wage is defined as the mean of the upper two-thirds percentile of the sampled population of surveyed workers. In the Occupational Employment and Wages Estimates, this wage is calculated by MERIC and included only in WIA and Statewide estimates.

Mean Wage - The mean wage can also be called the average wage, and is calculated by summing the wages of all the workers in a given occupation and then dividing the total wages by the number of workers. Wages are gathered from the Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey, and estimates are calculated by occupation based on the Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system.

Median Wage - The median wage is the estimated 50th percentile of the distribution of wages based on data collected; 50 percent of workers in an occupation earn less than the median wage, and 50 percent earn more than the median wage.

- Q. What wage definition did Staff utilize for making the determination between experience, mean, and entry wage?
- A. Staff chose the mean level by using the definition listed above for the "mean wage," which is the average wage of all employees in each job classification. Staff's position in that CSWR's employees should not be considered experienced in operating a small-regulated utility since none of the employees have been with CSWR for more than three years and some of the personnel have been there less than one year.
 - Q. Does this conclude your surrebuttal testimony?
 - A. Yes, it does.

DEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In The Matter of The Rate Increase Request Of Indian Hills Utility Operating Company, Inc.)	<u>Case No. WR-2017-0259</u>
AFFIDAVIT OF ASHLE	Y SARV	/ER

State of Missouri)) ss County of Cole)

COMES NOW Ashley Sarver, and on her oath declares that she is of sound mind and lawful age; that she contributed to the foregoing *Surrebuttal Testimony*, and that the same is true and correct according to her best knowledge and belief.

Further the Affiant sayeth not.

Ashley Sarver

JURAT

Subscribed and sworn before me, a duly constituted and authorized Notary Public, in and for the County of Cole, State of Missouri, at my office in Jefferson City, on this $\frac{Q}{2}$ day of November, 2017.

NOTARY PUBLIC

DIANNA L. VAUGHT Notary Public - Notary Seal State of Missouri Commissioned for Cole County My Commission Expires: June 28, 2019 Commission Number: 15207377