Exhibit No.:

Issue: Local, State, and National Impact of Noranda

Witness: Steve McPheeters

Type of Exhibit: Direct Testimony Sponsoring Party: Noranda

Case Number: ER-2008-0318

Date Testimony Prepared: August 28, 2008

**AmerenUE** 

Case No. ER-2008-0318

Prepared Direct Testimony of

**Steve McPheeters** 

On behalf of

Noranda Aluminum, Inc.

August 2008

### BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Union Electric Company d/b/a AmerenUE for Authority to File Tariffs Increasing Rates for Electric Service Provided to Customers in the Company's Missouri Service Area.	) ) ER-2008-0318 )			
AFFIDAVIT OF STEVE MCPHEETERS				
STATE OF MISSOURI ) ss COUNTY OF New Madrid )				
Steve McPheeters, of lawful age, on his oath states: That he has reviewed the attached written testimony in question and answer form, all to be presented in the above case, that the answers in the attached written testimony were given by him; that he has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; that such matters are true to the best of his knowledge, information and belief.				
	Steve Mc Raceters Steve McPheeters			
Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of August, 2008.				
	Motary Public			
[SEAL] My Commission expires: 2/22/2011	ANGELA HAYES Notary Public - Notary Seal State of Missouri Commissioned for New Madrid County My Commission Expires: February 22, 2011 Commission Number: 07458186			

#### Before the

#### Missouri Public Service Commission

#### **AmerenUE**

Case No. ER-2008-0318

### **Prepared Direct Testimony Of Steve McPheeters**

I	Q	PLEASE STATE	YOUR MAINE.

- 2 A Steve McPheeters.
- 3 Q MR. MCPHEETERS, BY WHOM ARE YOU EMPLOYED?
- 4 A Noranda Aluminum Incorporated, at the "Smelter" located in the St. Jude
- 5 Industrial Park, near New Madrid, Missouri.

#### 6 Q PLEASE PROVIDE A BRIEF SUMMARY OF YOUR BACKGROUND?

- 7 A I've spent the last ten years with Noranda at the Smelter as the Superintendent
- 8 of Communications, Training and Development. I also currently have the title
- 9 of Manager, St. Jude Industrial Park, and I serve as Chairman of the Southeast
- 10 Missouri Economic Development Alliance, a cooperative 6 county economic
- development organization serving Scott, New Madrid, Mississippi, Pemiscot,
- 12 Dunklin and Stoddard counties.

The St. Jude Industrial Park houses Noranda, Associated Electric Cooperative, Inc., Riceland Foods, the New Madrid County Port, and most recently the new Archer Daniels Midland (ADM) grain buying facility that is currently under construction. St. Jude Industrial park is comprised of some 4,000 acres.

#### WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY, MR. MCPHEETERS?

The purpose of my testimony is to provide the Commission with information about the economic and security impacts that the Smelter has on the Southeastern Missouri region, the State of Missouri, and Nation. Noranda's objective is to maintain sustainable production at our facility that, in turn, has a substantial positive impact on our employees, our communities and the State of Missouri. The United States aluminum industry has been declining and this decline has been primarily driven by energy costs. As the premier employer in Southeastern Missouri, it is important that we stay globally competitive. We need to work together to ensure that we have electricity rates that contribute to the globally competitive and sustainable operation of the Smelter.

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#### 1 Q PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY.

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- The Smelter makes an important economic contribution to the Southeastern region and the State of Missouri.
- The Smelter employs 1,120 people, 98% who reside in the State of Missouri, and is the premier employer in Southeastern Missouri.
- The Smelter has a Missouri payroll of \$65 million, buys \$185 million of goods and services in Missouri and pays \$9 million of Missouri State taxes for a total economic impact of over \$250 million.
- The contributions of Noranda and its employees to the region go far beyond the direct economic impact to include community involvement, charitable work, charitable contributions, education, and economic development.
- Rewarding work along with above-average wages and benefits are part of what contributes to far more job applications at Noranda than there are jobs to be filled.
- To ensure a supply of workers with needed skills, the Smelter established full
   scholarship programs with educational institutions.
- Continuing education is important and the Smelter works to ensure that it is available and utilized to maintain its skilled workforce.
  - Primary aluminum is a highly functional metal due to its metallurgical properties and environmentally friendly attributes such as its light weight and its recyclability.
- Primary aluminum is a global commodity; its price is set on the London Metal Exchange.
- United States Smelters have closed due in large part to high energy costs. Of
   33 Smelters that existed 30 years ago, 14 survive today.
  - A bedrock objective of the Smelter is to achieve a sustainable operation and Noranda is working very hard in every aspect of its business to achieve this objective. Its strategic location is a plus.
  - A reliable, economical, and stable electrical supply from AmerenUE is critical to the continued success of the Smelter.

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1	Q	WHAT IS THE SOUTHEASTERN MISSOURI REGION THAT YOU MENTIONED?
2	Α	I define the Southeastern Missouri region as the ten-county area that goes from
3		Cape Girardeau County on the north, Butler County on the west, New Madrid
4		County and Mississippi County on the east and all the way down to the
5		Missouri/Arkansas state line.
6	Q	MR. MCPHEETERS, PLEASE DESCRIBE THE ECONOMIC IMPACT OF THE
7		SMELTER AT THE GRASS ROOTS LEVEL.
8	Α	The Smelter employs 1,120 people, 880 are represented by the United
9		Steelworkers Local 7686, and the rest are the support personnel such as
10		supervisors, human resources, administrative support, sales, accounting and so
11		forth. Most of these employees live in Southeast Missouri, with roughly 20
12		employees coming to work from Tennessee, Kentucky, Illinois and Arkansas.
13		Noranda is the premier manufacturer in Southeast Missouri and supplies
14		a great number of people with high-paying, sustainable jobs in an area that
15		includes some of the most economically challenged counties in the State. As a
16		matter of fact, Noranda is located in the 20 <sup>th</sup> most economically challenged
17		Congressional District in the United States. We take great pride in our
18		sustainability and that is reflected in our average employee tenure exceeding
19		17 years. We have 40 families with two generations currently working in our
20		Smelter.

Noranda's annual employee compensation is \$67 million and as mentioned, 98% of these employees reside in the ten-county region of Southeastern Missouri. Total employee compensation by county is \$24 million in New Madrid County, \$16 million in Scott County, \$9 million in Butler County and approximately \$17 million in the other 7 counties. Some employees also commute from other neighboring areas. For example we have 53 employees that live in Cape Girardeau County who drive over 120 miles back and forth to work each day.

In addition, to our direct employees, we estimate Noranda supports at least another 2,500 jobs in the State of Missouri. These jobs include those that are created by our outside procurement of goods and services. In addition to employee compensation, during 2007 we purchased \$185 million of goods and services in the State of Missouri. Examples of these items include raw materials, freight, maintenance parts and services, equipment, energy, vehicles, and office supplies

So you add that together; a \$250 million impact on Missouri is huge economically to all the businesses, the schools, and the community as a whole. For example, Noranda pays \$2.6 million per year or one-third of the cost of operating New Madrid County Schools. In addition there are significant taxes generated and paid by Noranda. Total 2008 estimated taxes to be paid to Missouri by Noranda are \$9.3 million. Missouri taxes include sales tax of \$0.4 million, property and real estate taxes of \$3.3 million, payroll tax of \$0.1

million and state income and franchise tax of \$5.5 million. This tax base has a positive impact on the area.

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When you add up all of these impacts and add in electricity purchases at roughly \$140 million, the total money Noranda injects into the Missouri economy - to individuals, governments, and businesses amounts to \$259 million.

Noranda's economic impact on the State and region is very positive as we support our State, employees and communities.

## YOU MENTIONED THAT THE SOUTHEASTERN REGION IS AN ECONOMICALLY CHALLENGED AREA OF THE STATE. PLEASE EXPLAIN FURTHER.

Well, if you look at that region, it was predominantly agricultural until the late 1960s. Then, when the agricultural sector went to large mechanized equipment it left a lot of people behind. There have been 3 or 4 generations in the region that have had a hard time finding good, steady employment -- especially employment with good pay.

And so if you look at Scott County and Cape County; Cape County has grown some, Scott County has held its own. In the other counties the population over the last 30 years has slowly declined because people have a hard time finding the jobs at a livable wage. Noranda pays better than anyone in the area.

WHEN YOU SAY NORANDA PAYS WELL; CAN YOU GIVE ME A BALLPARK IDEA 1 Q 2 OF THE SCALE? 3 Α Sure. Noranda's total negotiated compensation package is made up of base 4 pay, benefits and incentive compensation. In base pay, an entry-level 5 production worker is going to make an average of \$18.63 per hour (excluding 6 benefits). The wage scale increases with the skill level required to perform the 7 job tasks currently topping out at \$21.92 per hour. Noranda's wages are above 8 average for the State and the region. In total, an average full-time employee 9 at Noranda in New Madrid is making \$56,000 per year. There are also the 10 benefits including health insurance and a retirement plan. In addition, variable 11 compensation incentives are paid annually based on performance of the 12 company including safety and production. Our variable compensation payment 13 to employees for 2007 totaled \$3.0 million. Many comparative job 14 opportunities in the region don't have medical benefits and very few have 15 incentive compensation packages. We receive in excess of 10,000 applications 16 per year from people hoping they can land a job at Noranda so they can stay in 17 the area and become part of our team. Employment at Noranda is very 18 rewarding both economically as well as personally as evidenced by our low 19 turnover rate of 4%. 20 YOU TALK ABOUT TYPICAL BENEFITS; DOES NORANDA PROVIDE RETIREMENT Q 21 AND HEALTHCARE BENEFITS? 22 Α Yes.

#### Q PLEASE TELL A LITTLE BIT ABOUT HEALTHCARE. IS IT AN IMPORTANT

#### FACTOR FOR PEOPLE?

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Yes. Healthcare is an important part of compensation for our employees. Healthcare benefits are part of the compensation package in our labor contract with the steelworkers. As you may know, health costs have been going up on average by roughly 15 percent a year in recent years. Noranda offers one of the most comprehensive healthcare plans in the country. The employees have a couple of options including a family plan where their monthly benefit contribution ranges from \$30-\$190 per month depending on plan choice and wellness participation for full medical, dental and eye care. Coverage is excellent and employees are very happy with services.

The retirement benefits include a 401k plan and a defined benefit pension.

#### PLEASE DESCRIBE SOME WORKFORCE CONSIDERATIONS?

The current hourly workforce consists of approximately 21 percent skilled craftsmen. We have difficulty finding skilled craftsmen to replace those employees leaving our company primarily due to retirement. In order to maintain a sufficient level of skilled craftsmen, we established full scholarship programs with Southeast Missouri State University and Three Rivers Community College for high school graduates to obtain a four-year Industrial Technology degree. After graduating from college, those people come to Noranda as either a mechanic or electrician. We have also established our own apprenticeship

program to develop mechanics and electricians. We use the Sikeston Higher

Education Center for training purposes for this program. We are constantly

developing training programs to entice people either to get what they need so

they are qualified to work for us or after they come to work for us, we

continue to provide regular and frequent training, to make sure that our

employees are the best they can be at their jobs.

#### 7 Q DO ANY OF YOUR EMPLOYEES BELONG TO A UNION?

- Yes. We strive to maintain a good relationship with the Steelworkers and believe the outcome of our efforts is evidenced by the third consecutive five-year labor agreement signed in 2007. The current contract goes to August 31, 2012.
- 12 Q ANOTHER THING YOU MENTIONED IS THE IDEA OF BEING A GOOD CORPORATE

  13 CITIZEN BY BEING INVOLVED IN MANY ASPECTS OF THE COMMUNITY.
- 14 A Yes.
- 15 Q PLEASE DISCUSS FURTHER NORANDA'S ROLE IN THAT AREA.
- Our employees have been the lead donor for many years for the Kenny Rogers
  Children's Center in Sikeston. The center serves over 300 kids in a ten-county
  region of Southeast Missouri with therapy services at no out-of-pocket costs to
  the parents. Noranda matches its employees' donations dollar-for-dollar given

to the Kenny Rogers Center. Together, we are by far the largest donor in the region.

Another thing we're very proud of is our involvement in the area wide United Way Campaign. On an average, the employees and the company donate more than \$22,000 a year to that cause. The goal for the entire regional United Way is usually in the \$75,000 to \$80,000 range, so Noranda and employees regularly contribute almost 30% of what is required to keep the program vibrant. Noranda is also contributing to the YMCA expansion at the Sikeston location which serves families throughout the region. Noranda pledged \$20,000 a year for five years to the YMCA to help with the expansion and program offerings.

In 2007, Noranda contributed \$100,000 to local charities. To facilitate the giving from our employee base, we offer payroll deductions for many of the local charities. And then we also have a separate donations committee that gives to civic groups, schools, and not-for-profit type entities in the region. Noranda is known very well for being a giving-type company and their employees are known for that and we're very proud they are.

- NOW, ANOTHER THING THAT YOU MENTIONED, MR. MCPHEETERS, WAS THAT NORANDA PAID ABOUT A THIRD OF THE SCHOOL TAXES IN NEW MADRID COUNTY.
- 21 A Yes, that is correct.

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1 Q HOW DO THE SCHOOLS IN THE COUNTY COMPARE TO OTHERS IN THE STATE? 2 Α The New Madrid County school system is a very good school system. They place 3 a lot of emphasis on school performance. We support the New Madrid County 4 school system through taxes that are roughly \$2.6 million per year or one third of their total operating costs. Also, as you might imagine, if you go to any 5 6 school building located in New Madrid County you'll find children whose dad, 7 mom, or uncle and aunt work at Noranda.

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DONE ANY ESTIMATES FOR NORANDA OR DO YOU HAVE ANY SENSE OF THE ECONOMIC ACTIVITY AS A RESULT OF NORANDA AND ITS PAYROLL?

It is hard to define exactly in dollars and cents but I can give you a breakdown. Let me start with the largest community in the area, Cape Girardeau. We have about 50 employees that reside in Cape Girardeau County and when you go south the significance increases. Sikeston, for example, has 220 people that live in Sikeston and work at Noranda, New Madrid has 130 and Portageville has 140. Then to the west there are over 60 in the community of Dexter. And then if you really pare it down, you look at Kennett, Caruthersville, Haiti; all those towns have anywhere from 30 to 70 employees. East Prairie has 80. Malden has 80. Malden has 5,000 people. East Prairie has 3,000 people. There is a little community of 450 on the map called Risco and 30 people that live in Risco work at Noranda. From Parma, population 995, 40 people work at Noranda.

IN THE VARIOUS COUNTIES WHERE YOUR EMPLOYEES LIVE, HAVE YOU EVER

Now, if you look into the economic impact of these employees in the local grocery stores, in the gas stations, and in the local retailers and you start talking to them, they can tell when Noranda's had a good year and we've issued out variable compensation because the employees spend that money at the local level. There is no doubt that if you were to start taking Noranda employees and their families out of the many communities in the region, their economic activity can't be replaced. It would take a monumental effort and many, many years to even come close to replacing those good paying jobs.

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Although an obvious overstatement, I can remember one of the area legislators said if Noranda went out of business it would be like an atomic bomb going off in Southeast Missouri. It is by far the largest employer in the region and it just means a lot to everyone.

WHAT ARE SOME OF THE COMPANIES THAT YOU HAVE IDENTIFIED THAT DO SOME BUSINESS WITH NORANDA AND WHICH YOU'D LIKE TO BRING TO THE COMMISSION'S ATTENTION?

As examples, consider three area businesses. One is in New Madrid County, one is in Scott County and the other is a workshop in Sikeston that serves the region. Steward Steel is located in Sikeston. Steward Steel supplies Noranda with the stubs that go on the anode rods that go into the pots, where you turn on the electricity to make the molten aluminum. Noranda is Steward Steel's largest customer; we do approximately \$1.5 million per year with Steward.

1 Q HOW MANY EMPLOYEES DOES STEWARD STEEL HAVE? 2 Α About 100. 3 Q WHAT IS YOUR SECOND EXAMPLE? 4 Α It is Santie Oil located in Sikeston. Santie Oil is a large Amoco wholesale 5 distributor who supplies us with oil, gasoline and lubricants necessary to 6 operate our equipment. To give you an idea of the volume, we have 300 pieces 7 of mobile equipment which we operate, plus we have a multitude of other 8 equipment requiring products supplied by Santie Oil. Santie Oil employs over 9 60 people and Noranda is their largest customer. We purchase approximately 10 \$1.4 million of goods from Santie per year. 11 Q ARE THERE MORE EXAMPLES? 12 Α Yes. There are too many to list individually. The list of suppliers is long when 13 it comes to Noranda purchasing goods and services. It includes goods ranging 14 from office supplies to lawn mowers to industrial equipment. The services we 15 buy are also diverse. All told, we buy lots of parts, supplies, and services from 16 120 different suppliers located in Southeastern Missouri. 17 WHO IS THE THIRD SUPPLIER YOU WOULD LIKE TO BRING TO THE 0 18 COMMISSION'S ATTENTION?

There is one supplier in particular that has a compelling story. The Community

Sheltered Workshop located in Sikeston serves the needs of mentally and

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physically challenged people in Scott, New Madrid, Stoddard and Mississippi Counties. Mr. Harvey Cooper, director of the workshop is submitting testimony as well. Noranda is their largest customer. They employ some 140 physically and mentally impaired people from our region. They go pick them up; they bring them to work; they help them work; they feed them lunch; they take them home; they pay them. These folks make the pallets that we use to ship our aluminum rod. We buy all of our pallets from the Community Sheltered Workshop and they do an excellent job of providing us a high quality product and our dollars in-turn provides them continual employment. I would hate to think what their lives would be like without Noranda.

#### Q ARE THERE ANY NORANDA EMPLOYEES ON THEIR BOARD?

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At this time we are in a period of transition. The late George Swogger of

Noranda Aluminum served on the sheltered workshop board for many years.

Another Noranda employee's name has been submitted for consideration.

That's one thing that you'll find at Noranda, whether it be the United Way,

YMCA or the Kenny Rogers Center or the Shelter Workshop Board, we have a lot

of people that serve on boards and help in that way too.

#### PLEASE SUMMARIZE NORANDA'S APPROACH TO ITS SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES.

We measure everything according to our responsibilities -- to our customers, to our community, which includes being a good community citizen, to the environment, how well we maintain the environmental controls, and to our

employees who are vital to our success. We measure these things on a regular basis to make sure that we are being a good corporate citizen. When you look at Noranda's involvement, there is a long-standing record of an approach that encourages community participation.

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## TO CHANGE THE TOPIC NOW, TELL US A LITTLE MORE ABOUT THE INDUSTRY AND SOME OF YOUR CUSTOMERS.

Primary aluminum is a highly functional metal because of its metallurgical properties and environmentally friendly attributes such as its light weight and its ability to be recycled. It is a global commodity and the price is set on the London Metal Exchange.

Our Smelter is strategically located on the Mississippi River in close proximity to our major target customers which are located in the Mid-Western United States and Mexico. We account for approximately 10% of the primary aluminum production in the United States. Thirty years ago, there were 33 smelters in the U.S. Today there are 14. This decline is primarily due to the increasing cost of electrical power as electrical power accounts for 1/3 of the production cost of molten aluminum. Over the years, Noranda has worked hard to survive in the face of a declining domestic aluminum industry.

In reference to our customers, they purchase aluminum to be used in products in the housing, transportation and construction industries. We ship our products mainly by truck at a rate of roughly 1,000 trucks per month, using

1 mainly regional carriers. We also use rail, mostly for shipments to the West 2 Coast.

Our number one state for shipping products is Texas. Then it is

Tennessee as we have a sister aluminum foil plant in Huntingdon, Tennessee,
which is only about two hours from New Madrid. They employ about 450
people. We are also a major supplier to companies in Illinois and another
company in Tennessee. Two that come to mind in Illinois are Penn Aluminum
in Murphysboro and General Cable in Duquoin. In Tennessee, we supply all of
the aluminum required to produce Kohler shower doors in Union City. All told,
we are definitely an aluminum smelter that serves a region that is more than
Missouri.

- 12 Q DO YOU CONSIDER THE NORANDA SMELTER TO BE AN EXPORT INDUSTRY FOR
  13 THE STATE OF MISSOURI?
- 14 A Yes. And that is a very good thing for the State.

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SO YOU'RE SHIPPING PRODUCT OUT OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI AND YOUR

CUSTOMERS IN TURN SEND MONEY BACK TO THE STATE OF MISSOURI, WHICH

GETS SPENT ON EMPLOYEES, SUPPLIES, AND ETCETERA?

Absolutely. We shipped more product to Mexico, Canada and 17 States other

than to Missouri. We are located on Interstate 55 halfway between Memphis and St. Louis. If you draw lines eight hours in any direction, it will illustrate that we are in a great location for distribution. We're selling to customers in

surrounding areas and that money is getting paid out to Missourians in the form of payroll to employees and money paid to suppliers who employ people in the region. The State of Missouri is obviously getting an important benefit.

## Q YOU MENTIONED THAT THERE HAS BEEN A DECLINE IN THE NUMBER OF SMELTERS IN THE UNITED STATES. PLEASE EXPAND ON THIS COMMENT.

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In the last 30 years, the number of smelters in the United States has declined from 33 to 14. The last greenfield aluminum plant built in the United States was 28 years ago. This decline is in stark contrast to global aluminum demand. Over the last five years alone, global aluminum production has increased by 36%, while during this same period, production in the U.S. has declined by 5%.

# WHAT ARE THE CAUSES OF THE DECLINE OF THE UNITED STATES SMELTING OUTPUT?

United States smelters are having a difficult time being cost competitive with the rest of the world. Aluminum production has some unique aspects including a high reliance on electricity. Although labor, freight and other raw material costs are critically important to aluminum production, electricity represents the largest single cost item, approximately one-third of the cost to produce aluminum. Smelters continue to be shut down due to uncompetitive electricity costs in the United States. New smelters continue to be built in regions of the world with low-cost energy including Canada, Russia, the Middle East and

Iceland. Many of these new smelters are using very inexpensive energy sources including hydroelectric, geothermal, and low-cost natural gas.

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Examples of United States aluminum smelter failure is best represented in the Northwest where 7 smelters went out of business due to high energy costs. They did not go out of business because they did not have customers. They went out of business because of high energy costs and they could not sustain operations.

We continue to be concerned with the decline in domestic U.S. aluminum production and in the number of domestic aluminum smelters. China was the fear two to three years ago. Some thought China was going to take over the aluminum production business because they could provide cheap labor, cheap energy, and the ability to produce aluminum much cheaper than Western smelters. In reality what has happened is they have had an energy shortage of their own. They are growing and consuming so fast that they cannot keep up with demand. Well, besides the impact on international energy markets, this has kept the price of aluminum up on the worldwide market, but I do not believe China is ready to take over the worldwide aluminum market.

### IS IT POSSIBLE FOR NORANDA TO CONTINUE WITH A SUSTAINABLE OPERATION?

Yes. Despite the challenges, we believe that by continuing to drive productivity in our operations by being more efficient, we can sustain production in New Madrid. As mentioned previously, sustainable production at

our New Madrid Smelter supports our work force, our community, Southeastern Missouri and the State of Missouri. An example of our commitment to stay globally competitive is our recently announced expansion of our Smelter. We are investing \$50 million to reduce our cost per unit by approximately 8%. This is a necessary step in staying globally competitive and offsetting cost increases for our facility.

Cost reduction is our only option since we have little influence over the price of aluminum. The market is a true commodity where supply and demand balance is the only driver of pricing. As our costs go up, we have little or no influence on increasing our price of aluminum. Unlike other industries, where pricing mechanisms exist to pass cost increases through to the customer base, we do not have those options. We are part of a global market where the cost structure in China or the Middle East will influence our pricing, not our United States cost basis.

We plan for Noranda to be one of the remaining smelters in the U.S. that can still out-perform foreign competitors. We must first achieve a sustainable cost structure and then coupled with timely delivery and the kind of quality customers need the Smelter will be sustainable.

For example, if you are located in Monett, Missouri and you are trying to plan your aluminum extrusion production schedule and your equipment is down waiting on aluminum to arrive from China or the Middle East, you're in trouble. When it comes from Noranda, you know it's going to be there on time and in

1 conformance with Customer expectations. That is the real difference -- not 2 only on time, but on time delivery with high quality at the right price.

Our markets are strong because we deliver customer service. You can ask our customers about Noranda's performance and you will find we are the supplier of choice in our product lines.

#### ARE THERE BUSINESS CYCLES IN ALUMINUM INDUSTRY?

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Yes. There have been cycles up and down. And no doubt there will continue to be business cycles. This is a cyclical business, some years are good, and some are not so good. In the first half of the year, the market was good. In the last month we have seen pricing fall by 14% as the global economy continues to slow.

### ALL THINGS CONSIDERED, DOES NORANDA EXPECT TO PERSEVERE FOR THE LONG TERM IN THE STATE OF MISSOURI?

Yes. That is the plan. We have 35 years plus in the Smelter and a good customer base. We need to continue to serve our customers, our employees and our communities. We take great pride in our operation and our importance to the State of Missouri and in particular Southeastern Missouri. However, the key variable is energy costs. We believe an increase in energy rates will materially impact our competitiveness. With a reliable, stable source of electricity - one that allows us to remain globally competitive - we know we

1		can continue to be successful and will remain viable and even vibrant for
2		Southeast Missouri and all concerned.
3	Q	ARE THERE FACTORS BESIDES THE LOCAL, REGIONAL, AND STATE OF
4		MISSOURI IMPACTS THAT ARE IMPORTANT TO CONSIDER?
5	Α	Yes. In fact, we need to keep the smelters we have operating and producing or
6		we, as a country, will be dependent on foreign suppliers more and more. A
7		vitally important point is that aluminum has been defined as a strategic metal
8		for national security. The fact that Noranda produces about 10% of the US
9		aluminum supply means our company is vital to the national security of our
10		nation.
11	Q	MR. MCPHEETERS, DOES THAT COMPLETE YOUR TESTIMONY?
12	Α	Yes it does at this time. I thank the Commission for receiving my comments on
13		this important matter.