

DEPOSITIONS OF LEASHA TEEL

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION STATE OF MISSOURI

THE STAFF OF THE MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION,)
Complainant,) Case No. EC-2002-1
vs.)
UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY, d/b/a AMEREN UE,)))
Respondent.) April 18, 2002) Jefferson City, Mo

DEPOSITION OF LEASHA TEEL TAKEN ON BEHALF OF RESPONDENT APRIL 18, 2002

ORIGINAL

ASSOCIATED COURT REPORTERS

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BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION STATE OF MISSOURI

THE STAFF OF THE MISSOURI)
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION,)

Complainant,)

Vs.)

UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY,)
d/b/a AMEREN UE,)

Respondent.) April 18, 2002
) Jefferson City, Mo

DEPOSITION OF LEASHA S. TEEL, produced, sworn, and examined on the 18TH day of APRIL, 2002, between the hours of eight o'clock in the forenoon of that day and six o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the offices of MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, 200 Madison, State of Missouri, before PAIGE E. KRUSE, a Professional Shorthand Reporter and Notary Public within and for the State of Missouri, in the City of Jefferson, County of Cole, State of Missouri, taken on behalf of Respondent.

APPEARANCES

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Communications

ALSO PRESENT FROM THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION Joan Londale Greg Meyer

LEASHA S. TEEL,

of lawful age, being first duly sworn to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, deposes and says in behalf of the Respondent, as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

QUESTIONS BY MR. WOLSKI:

Q. Ms. Teel, welcome back. As you remember when we did your deposition in November, I'm sure you're aware of the format we're following here. I'm going to ask you a few basic questions that we ask everyone just to get it on the record. One thing, understand when I'm asking you questions from time-to-time your counsel -- and which are you being represented by, Mr. Meyer or Mr. Franson?

MR. FRANSON: Actually, she's being represented by both of us, but the lead is Mr. Meyer.

BY MR. WOLSKI:

Q. From time-to-time it's possible that
Mr. Meyer or Frason might pose an objection to a
question I've phrased to you. But unless he
orders you not to answer the question and

A. Yes.

that?

- Q. And feel free if you don't understand one of my questions ask for clarification of it. You can also ask the court reporter to read back the question if you need to hear it again. If you don't ask for clarification of the question, I will assume you understood the question as it was phrased. Is that clear?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Is there any reason at all why you would not be able to give truthful and accurate testimony to the best of your recollection in today's deposition?
 - A. No.
- Q. Do you have any medical condition or problems that might interfere with your ability to give truthful and accurate testimony in today's deposition?
 - A. No.
- Q. Are you currently taking any drugs or other medication that might interfere with your

1	ability to give truthful and accurate testimony
2	in today's deposition?
3	A. No.
4	MR. WOLSKI: If we could go around the
5	room and introduce ourselves for the record. We
6	will begin with the witness.
7	THE WITNESS: I'm Leasha Teel. I'm
8	with the Public Service Commission.
9	MR. MEYERS: David Meyers with the
10	Public Service Commission.
11	MR. FRANSON: Robert Franson, Public
12	Service Commission.
13	MR. WEISS: Gary Weiss, Supervisor
14	Regulator Accounting, Ameren.
15	MR. WOLSKI: Victor Wolski from Cooper
16	& Kirk representing Ameren.
17	MS. LONDALE: Joan Londale. I'm with
18	the Public Service Commission.
19	MR. MEYER: Greg Meyer with the
20	Commission Staff.
21	BY MR. WOLSKI:
22	Q. Ms. Teel, could you explain the steps
23	you took to prepare for today's deposition?
24	A. I read over my supporting material; my
25	testimony; my testimony filed July 1st and July

Service Commission staff discussed with you what

you would need to do to update or modify your testimony from the version that was filed in July to get the version that was filed in March?

- A. Greg Meyer, Steve Rackers and Mark Orgslinger (phonetic).
- Q. Did they give you specific advice on how to update your testimony?
- A. No. Grammar, punctuation, things of that nature in updating the testimony.
- Q. Did any other staff members discuss with you whether the specific adjustments and the sizes of the adjustments that you proposed in your testimony would be changing from the July testimony to the March testimony?
 - A. Repeat that question one more time.
- Q. Did any staff members discuss with you whether any of the specific numbers or specific adjustments that were contained in your July testimony would be changing when you refiled your testimony in March?
 - A. No.
- Q. Could you explain the general process that you followed to update your testimony from the July version to the March version?
 - A. I asked data requests and preformed an

- Q. Did anyone on the staff discuss with you prior to writing your testimony for the March filing how much your numbers by the size of your adjustments would be changing --
 - A. No.
 - Q. -- from the previous testimony?
- A. No.

- Q. So nobody had any discussions with you?
 - A. Can you clarify that?
- Q. For instance, let's say there was an adjustment of x dollars for advertising in your July testimony. This is a hypothetical, did any staff member come and say are you still at x dollars for your adjustment for advertising? How does your adjustment for advertising look this time around? Were there any discussions of that nature?
- A. They asked me what my adjustment number was. That was it.
- Q. Once you reached it, not prior to your new calculation; correct?

On UE's ability to invest in 1 Q. 2 generation? 3 Α. No. On the stock price of UE? 4 Q. 5 Α. No. 6 Q. That would be the stock price of 7 Ameren. Α. No. 8 9 On Ameren's attractiveness for a Q. possible takeover by another company? 10 11 Α. No. 12 Had you considered the impact of staffs overall revenue reduction that's produced 13 14 on economic development on the State of Missouri? 15 16 Α. No. 17 Q. How about the impact of the particular 18 adjustments that you're recommending, in doing 19 your testimony had you considered the impact of 20 these adjustments on UE's ability to invest 21 infrastructure? 22 Α. No. 23 Or on UE's ability to invest in 24 generation?

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Α.

No.

that needed to be adjusted?

- A. I could look at previous cases with that utility and see if those expenditures were there that would make them a recurring expense or see if they weren't there.
- Q. So you would look to see if it was a one time nonrecurring expense? Is that one way you would determine an abnormality?
- A. I would just be able to go back through the books and look and see -- that would be the first step, to go look and see if that expenditure was there. I could ask a staff member or I could ask the company.
- Q. Does the term unreasonable item have any particular meaning or definition in the context of the review of the utility revenues or expenses in rate making?
 - A. Could you give an example?
- Q. The determination that Expense X constituted an unreasonable item that should have a particular treatment in a rate case.

 Does that mean anything to you?
 - A. No.
- Q. How about unusual item, does the term unusual item mean anything or have any particular definition in the context of a rate

with that on a case-by-case basis.

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Q. So that for utility in a rate case sometimes a nonrecurring expense would be included and sometimes it wouldn't?

A. I don't know.

- Q. In a rate making would the term extraordinary expense have any particular meaning?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. What would that be?
- A. An extraordinary expense would again, be similar to an unusual expense. It would be out of the ordinary.
- Q. And what would be the procedure that you would use to determine whether an expense fell into that category?
- A. Again, I could look at previous cases. I could talk with the staff and talk with the company.
- Q. Now, if you determined that an expense in a rate case were an abnormality or an unreasonable item or unusual item or a one time nonrecurring expense or an extraordinary expense, would your treatment of that item differ based on which of those five categories it fell into or would it be --
 - A. I don't know.
- Q. For instance, a one time nonrecurring expense, you said that sometimes it would be

the revenue requirement?

- A. Could you rephrase that question?
- Q. Sure. Earlier you had said that a one time nonrecurring expense on a case-by-case basis you would determine whether or not it would be included in rate case for revenue requirement purposes. And my questions is what would be the process or the tests that you would use to determine whether or not a one time nonrecurring expense should go into the revenue requirement?
- A. Again, I would have to look at previous cases, talk to the company and talk with staff.
- Q. So it's conceivable that you would after going through that process to determine that that expense should be eliminated from the revenue requirement?
- A. After that time period I would evaluate the books, would talk with staff, talk with the company and determine the

reasonableness of that adjustment that I was going to be making.

- Q. Now, if the expense were prudently incurred by the company, there was no question it was necessary to provide the service -- provide the utility service to the rate payers, is there any circumstance in which you would recommend eliminating that expense from the revenue requirement?
- A. Rephrase your question or give an example.
- Q. The example is that after the September 11th terror attacks all utilities in the State of Missouri decide to make a basic change to their -- we won't talk about all utilities. One particular utility up before you in a rate case has to make a particular adjustment to their security system and they've never made that adjustment before, they'll probably never make that adjustment again. It's the only time they're going to do it, yet, it's clear that it's a prudently incurred expense. How do you determine whether that was an expense that should be eliminated from the revenue requirement or should be amortized over a time

- A. Based on this assumption?
- O. Yes.

- A. I would have to talk with staff, talk with the company, look at previous cases and see if there are any other events that could compare. Perhaps, maybe even look at other report and orders and the staffs position on that issue before I could make a decision based on that assumption.
- Q. But even if the expense were prudently incurred and were necessary to provide a service to the rate payers, would there still be a possibility that you would eliminate it from the revenue requirement compilation?
- A. Based on those assumptions I can't answer that question. I don't know. I can only look at the expense and determine its reasonableness, its cost justification and make a decision from there.
- Q. Do you agree that the test year is a starting point to set reasonable rates for the perspective period when rates are in effect?
 - A. Repeat your question.

- Q. Do you agree that the test year is the starting point to set reasonable rates for the prospective period when rates are in effect?
- A. I believe the test year is a 12 month period, a picture in time in which the staff looks at the company's books.
- Q. And is it being used to set reasonable rates? Is the test year the starting point to set reasonable rates?
- A. Rephrase your question. I'm not understanding it.
- Q. Let me ask you this, is there a connection between the test year and the determination of reasonable rates?
 - A. I don't know.
- Q. Do you know that when you're in a rate making if the rates that are being set are supposed to be reasonable for the future period when the rates are in effect?
- A. I believe that the test year is the picture in time in which we perform our audit to base the rates.
- Q. Are the rates that result from a rate making designed to be reasonable for the future period when the rates are in effect? Is that

the goal of the rate setting process to set rates that are going to be reasonable going forward in the future period when the rates are in effect?

- A. That process is set up to have the company earn a reasonable return on their investments and have the consumers pay a fair price for their utility Service.
- Q. I'm going to read you a statement and ask you if you agree or disagree with it. If it's too long for you to keep straight by the time I get through, I can hand it to you and let you look at it. But what I wonder is if you agree with this statement. Revenues, expenses and rate base are the key components of the rate making process. And each of those components must be measured consistently in time in relation to each other or the revenue requirement result will be skewed either to the utilities or its customers detriment. It's the next to last statement.
- A. I can't say whether I agree or disagree with this statement. I don't -- I need clarification with consistently in time.
 - Q. Do you agree with the statement the

- A. I do agree with that statement.
- Q. The previous statement you said you needed clarification on what consistently in time would mean. If you were to understand the words consistently in time in relation to each other to mean that they're based on data from the same time period, would you agree with the statement then?
 - A. Expand upon time period.
- Q. Well, a time period is -- how about if it was the 12 month that was the test year period.
 - A. Can I see the question again?
- Q. Certainly. Again, it's revenues, expenses and rate base are the key components of the rate making process. And each rate of those components must be measured consistently in time in relation to each other or the revenue requirement result will be skewed either to the

- A. I do not agree with that statement.
- O. You do not?
- A. Do not.

- Q. In bringing a complaint case what is the purpose that the staff of the Public Service Commission seeks to accomplish?
- A. When the staff file for a rate complaint case we feel that the company is over earning.
- Q. Do the interests of the staff coincide with the interests of any other groups or any other individuals or any other parties in the State of Missouri? When you bring the case are you attempting to vindicate the interests of residential rate payers, industrial rate payers, commercial rate payers or do those interests themselves differ among themselves that you can't say that you're aligned exactly with the interest of the residential rate payer or the commercial rate payer?

MR. MEYER: I'll object to that

question. I believe that's beyond the scope of 1 this witnesses knowledge and to represent the 2 staff. 3 BY MR. WOLSKI: 4 Do you have an answer? 5 Ο. No, I don't. 6 Α. One of the adjustments that you're 7 Ο. proposing in your current testimony is for the 8 Public Service Commission Assessment; is that 9 10 correct? 11 Α. Yes. And the adjustment that you're making 12 Q. is a reduction off of the actual amount of the 13 14 assessment that was paid by Ameren during the 15 test year period that's listed in Account 928? 16 Is that how you determine the adjustment? 17 Α. Based on the test year, yes. 18 According to your testimony on Page 6, 19 Line 3, you say that the adjustment represents 20 the difference between the staffs annualized 21 Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment

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July 1, 2001 to June 30, 2002 was used in the

Commission Assessment in effect for fiscal year

and the test year recorded assessment expense.

The most recent Missouri Public Service

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- 1 staffs annualization; is that correct?
- 2 A. Yes.

- Q. That was your testimony?
- A. Yes.
 - Q. What is the test year period in this case?
 - A. The test year is 12 months ending June 30, 2001.
- Q. Does the Missouri Public Service

 Commission Assessment for fiscal year July 1,

 2001 to June 30, fall within the test year

 period?
 - A. No, it doesn't. But this assessment is in effect for the previous year. The dollars are from the previous year that that assessment is based on.
 - Q. You're then adopting an accrual method of determining whether an expense should fall in a test year period?
 - A. It's just the most recent Public Service Commission Assessment that was available.
- Q. Why was an assessment that is based on costs to the company outside the test year period used to adjust test year data?

- A. This is traditionally the method that staff has used to make this adjustment.
- Q. Have you read the order that the Commission issued in December setting the test year?
 - A. I believe I have, yes.
- Q. And are you aware in January of this year the Commission issued an order setting an update period through September 30, 2002?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. What is the setting of an update period through September 30, 2002 mean to you when making adjustments to the test year expenses?
- A. This means that certain staff members with certain adjustments will need to adjust the picture that they're looking at -- their expenses in the 12 months ending September 30, 2001.
- Q. Is that what you did in making this adjustment to the Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment?
 - A. No.
- Q. Why did you make an adjustment based on costs to the company that are going to be

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I'm sorry, repeat that question. Α.

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MR. WOLSKI: Could you read that back.

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(Read back previous question)

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COURT REPORTER: QUESTION: Why did you

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make an adjustment based on costs to the company

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that are going to be realized after September

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30, 2001?

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THE WITNESS: I'm not sure I'm

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understanding. Can you rephrase the question?

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BY MR. WOLSKI:

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Q. In making your adjustment for the Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment, you reduced the assessment costs and the revenue calculations based on payments that the company will be making for Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment outside of the update period ending September 30, 2001. My question is why you chose to use costs that are outside the update period to do that?

As I stated before it's the way that this adjustment has been done historically and I did not deviate from staffs position. the most recent assessment.

Q. Historically, are you aware whether or

outside an update period that's specifically

mentioned in a commission order should be used
in making adjustments?

THE WITNESS: One more time.

BY MR. WOLSKI:

- Q. If you were following past staff precedent in using the current Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment costs in doing a rate making, do you think it would be important to determine if in the past when the Commission staff has made these recommendations, they had been bound by a particular update period set in a commission order?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Did you check to see if in the past when the Missouri Public Service Commission

 Assessment was based on the current assessment whether or not the Commission order governing that rate making set a particular update period?
- A. I did look at previous cases and how this issue was done. I didn't look at report and orders or any commission proceedings or anything of that nature that would have set that boundary.
- Q. Do you think whether or not such an update period was specified in the order would

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make a difference in the staffs decision whether or not to use certain costs or not in making adjustments?

- A. Can you repeat that question?
- Q. Would the existence or lack there of a particular update period set in an order have a real impact on the staffs determination of which costs could and could not be included when doing an adjustment?
- A. I adhere to that motion as much as I could in completing my adjustments. This is historically how it's done and that is how I did it.
- Q. But again, historically you don't know whether in the circumstances in which it's been done this way there was a commission order setting an update period?
 - A. I don't know of any instance.
- Q. When will the rates for this case go into effect; do you know?
 - A. At this time I do not know.
- Q. As a basic matter when adjustments are made to test your data, what is the purpose of making the adjustment? Why would you just not go with the cost of the particular item that

- A. If there are items in that particular area that the staff doesn't traditionally feel that the rate payer should pay for in rates then they need to be removed.
- Q. But the Missouri Public Service

 Commission Assessment is not one of those
 things, that's something that is proper and
 prudent and necessary for a company to pay to
 the Public Service Commission; correct? Is
 there any question that the Missouri Public
 Service Commission Assessment is a prudent
 expense of doing utility business?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. So your answer, I'm sorry?
- A. Yes. Well, let me clarify that. I mean, they could not pay the PSC Assessment I'm sure and go on providing utility service. I

- Q. Let me raise a hypothetical. You're looking at the costs of widgets for a utility and the costs of widgets in a test year period happens to be \$3.8 million dollars, you might under the explanation you gave earlier, I believe it's possible that you could conclude that the \$3.8 million dollars was more than a company needed to pay for the widgets that they needed to produce the electricity and you could make an adjustment and drop that down by a certain amount; correct?
- A. I could make a adjustment, but I'm not sure that directly.
- Q. You said there is one particular expense item and it's \$3.8 million dollars for anything, whatever category of expense it is, you could propose an adjustment, I take it, because you thought that number was too high. Maybe that's higher than it normally is or that maybe the company was unwise to have spent so much in that particular category. Those would be the reasons why you would make an adjustment?

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- Based on this assumption because an expense is too high, that doesn't give me enough information to make that adjustment. I would have to see the adjustment and look at the adjustment.
- I'm sorry, the adjustment is something Q. that you would be creating.
- I'm sorry, the expense. Based on this Α. assumption and just by saying the amount is too high, I can't answer that question and say yes, I would kick it out. No, I would kick it out. I would have to see the actual fiscal adjustment and then look at other factors.
- How would you determine if that Q. expense were too high? Would you look at previous years and compare it with expenses from other years? Would you look over a three or five year time period to see how that particular expense has changed over time?
 - I'm sorry, repeat the question.
- In doing your detective work to decide whether there was something wrong with that expense that needs to be adjusted maybe up or down, would you compare that to that category of expense in past years to see how it differed?

- A. I would examine how the adjustment was done in previous cases not that specific -- maybe not that specific expense or dollar amount or if it's too high or too low.
- Q. When you make an adjustment to test year expense, the purpose of the adjustment is to determine how much money the company should pay for that item in a given year; correct?
- A. No. I don't think I can answer that question based on that assumption.
- Q. Well, what is the purpose of doing the adjustment to test year data?
- A. When I make an adjustment to test year data I look at the dollars, I look at previous cases, I talk with the company, I talk with staff members and I make this adjustment based on what the company -- is it allowable in rate. If the rate payer should pay for that. I'm not saying the company can't pay for it.
- Q. And there's no question, is there, that the Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment is something that's allowable in rates; correct?
 - A. Yes.

- Α. Rephrase that. I'm not understanding.
- In making an adjustment to the Public Ο. Service Commission Assessment costs in test year period --
 - Mm-hum. Α.

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payer.

- -- the purpose of the adjustment is to determine what the Public Service Commission Assessments costs will be when the rate payers are paying these rates because the cost of the Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment is something that properly can be paid for by the rate payers; is that right?
- Based on what you're telling me the Α. PSC Assessment is included in the rates that they will inturn pay for. As I state in my testimony on Page 6, Line 1, represents the

- Q. Is there any reason to think that the annualized amount that you've come up with is actually going to be the amount of the Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment in any given year in which these rates are in effect?
- A. I'm afraid I'm not understanding the question.
- Q. What is the relationship between the annualized Missouri Public Service Commission
 Assessment that you used in this case and the Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment that will be charged to the company while these rates are in effect?
- A. There is a number on the company's books which they have paid for 12 months and then there is the assessment and I am bringing the difference of the two together and including them.
- Q. Do you know for sure these assessment numbers that you're using, the annualized Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment is going to be the assessment that is charged the

- A. That's the number -- this adjustment was made to the one.
- Q. The adjustment was made based upon the annualized Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment; right?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. That annualized Missouri Public

 Service Commission Assessment, what is the

 relationship between that number and the actual

 assessment that the company will have to pay

 during the period in which rates are in effect?

 Is there any?
 - A. I don't know.
- Q. Is there a market for the Missouri
 Public Service Commission Assessment? Is the
 price determined by the company saying let's
 see, I can buy one at Safeway for \$3.4 million
 or I can buy one at Giant for \$3.6 million. Can
 they shop around to get the best price for the
 Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment?
 - A. No.
- Q. How is that number arrived at? Who sets it?
- A. We do.

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Q. And that's \$3,416,988.20?

yada, yada, yada?

Yes.

Α.

believe. Let me show you this, \$3,416,000.00,

Ι

- Q. You're saying that for purposes of setting rates we should assume that the utility, in this case Union Electric, will be paying an assessment of \$3,416,988.20 a year; correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And that's a number that can be determined by the Public Service Commission?
 You said they're the ones that determine that assessment; correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. So if the Public Service Commission were to accept your adjustment, would the Public Service Commission be saying that -- would they be agreeing with you that you're right, that while these rates are in effect the Missouri Public Service Commission Assessment each year should be \$3,416,988.20?
 - A. Yes.
- MR. MEYER: Why don't we take a break.

 (Off the record for a break)
- 22 BY MR. WOLSKI:
 - Q. Now, the particular adjustment that we were just talking about the PSC, the current year number was \$3.4 something million and the

A. Yes.

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- Q. And if it were another category of expense you might consider an average of over a several year period if there were fluctuation?
- A. Given the assumption that it would be another expense, yes. It would depend on that various expense.
- Q. Is there a standard approach that the Commission staff would take in making an average over a time period? Would you typically look at three years or five years or would it vary based on the expense?

A. The time period would vary based on the data.

- Q. Is there any default range that you would look at for an average that you're aware or the staff would look at?
- A. I can't make that assumption. I just know it would vary.
- Q. In rate case expense in your current testimony, I believe the amount that you are recommending is \$900,000 spread over three years; does that sound right?
 - A. Right now the amount is \$300,000.
- Q. It's \$300,000 because you determined it should be \$900,000 and the amortization is for three years. So one years worth is \$300,000; correct?
 - A. One year is \$300,000. I'm still evaluating the expenditures as I stated on Line 11 and have not made a --
 - Q. Which page is that?
 - A. I'm sorry, Page 6, Line 11.
- Q. I should have had it open to that page. Page 6, Line 11?
 - A. Mm-hum. I'm not finished completely with that evaluation, so I can't recommend a

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Q.

I believe it's \$338,000 for those three months?

And that total in those expenses were,

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- I believe according to those work Α. papers here on July, August and September the total is \$132,243.27. Without looking at my exact spreadsheet, I believe it's \$338,000 through September 2001.
- So it's \$338,000 plus for those three Q. months?
 - Α. Yes.
- Now, three months is one quarter of a Ο. year; correct?
 - Α. Yes.
- So normally to annualize data over three months wouldn't you multiply it by four to determine what annual cost would be?
- In order to annualize you have to make sure it's a 12 month picture, yes.
- Is there a reason why you determined Q. that rate case expense should be \$900,000 rather than multiplying the \$338,000 amount by four?
- On my testimony on Page 6, Line 9 I state that the staff believed the level of \$300,000 is a annual allowance for rate case expense. I go on to state we are still evaluating expenditures. I still have data requests out from the company regarding this

issue. So I can't make a statement saying it's definitely going to be \$900,000 or it could be more or less or whatnot because I haven't finished my evaluation of this issue.

- Q. How did you reach the \$300,000 figure given the data that you had showed that \$338,000 were the costs for just three months?
- A. As I state on my testimony on Page 6, Lines 8 and 9 that staff believes the level of \$300,000 is sufficient annual allowance for rate case expense. Again, I'm stating at this time I haven't finished my evaluation of this issue.
- Q. On what basis did you conclude that \$300,000 was sufficient?
- A. By looking at the data request that the company had given me through the update period.
- Q. The data request that indicated that \$338,000 were spent for just three months?
- A. The data request that the company gave me that listed the expenditures given by month.
- Q. Could you explain the mathematical process by which you went from the data in the data request to the \$300,000 per year figure.
 - A. I believe this figure on Page 6, Line

Q. Why was the number \$300,000 picked as opposed to \$338,000 or \$500,000? What was special about \$300,000? Where did that particular number come from?

the other companies, I can't expand upon it.

- A. As I stated before it came from the July 2001 testimony and I left it at that number.
- Q. And do you recall how you arrived at that number when you calculated it for the July 2001 testimony?
- A. I believe I stated that it was a combination of talking with Greg Meyer and myself. It was an estimate.
- Q. Did you review any data of rate case expenses to reach that estimate?
 - A. At the time when I filed the July 2001

testimony I had not.

Q. In response to a data request that we submitted, it was response to JJC-57, you identified two cases in which rate case expense was reduced in a rate case. The response to JJC-57 was rate case expense was specifically reduced in the following cases WR-93-212 and GR-98-140. I guess the first case was filed in 1993; correct? I guess that's why it has a WR-93?

- A. That's the case number, I'm assuming.
- Q. Can you estimate how many rate cases have been filed from 1993 to the present before the Public Service Commission? Do you have any idea how many?
 - A. No, I do not.
- Q. And you have been working for the Commission for over a year, when did you start working?
 - A. August of 2000.
- Q. In the year and a half or so that you've been with the Commission, how many rate cases have been filed with the Commission? Do you have an estimate of that?
 - A. No, I don't.

- Q. Is it more than five?
- A. I believe so.

- Q. Would it be more than 10?
- A. I really don't know. I would assume, yes, there would be more than 10.
- Q. So based on your experience it would be your estimate that there would be more than 10 rate cases filed a year or at least 10 rate cases filed in a given year?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. So it might be reasonable in the 10 years from 1993 to the present that there may have been over 100 rate cases filed before the Commission? Does that seem like a reasonable estimate?
 - A. That's a reasonable estimate.
- Q. And making this response to JJC-57, did you look at these cases? Did you look at all the cases that have been filed since '93?
- A. No, I did not.
- Q. But you have been able to identify two out of probably 100 cases in which -- two out of 100 cases that have been filed before the Commission in which rate case expense was reduced?

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- percentage of cases?
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- Α. I don't know.
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- I want to move to our favorite topic, ο. cash working capital. In the deposition we had last November you said that you removed advertising vouchers and you had a voucher that you used to calculate cash working capital?

Does that seem like an unusually small

- Α. Yes.
- And I believe in response to data Ο. request you might have clarified that to indicate that the reason why vouchers are removed is because they may pertain to an expense that was eliminated or it was disallowed, I believe that's JJC-38.
 - Give me a moment to read that. Α.
- I think it's Part C of your response Ο. to JJC-38.
- I disallowed the advertising Α. Yes. cash vouchers because they were disallowed in my advertising adjustment.
- So in doing your cash working capital analysis of those cash vouchers, the only advertising voucher that you removed were the

ones that were disallowed?

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I removed all the advertising Α. I believe the last time I wasn't vouchers. clear on this. I did qo back and look over What I did was look at all of the advertising vouchers and there were many advertisements that were listed on the particular vouchers and if not three or more of the vouchers listed on that particular -- I'm sorry, advertisement that were listed on that particular voucher were disallowed in my adjustment. So if I were to somehow mathematically take those advertisers off that voucher, that amount would not only be below the threshold, the \$50,000 threshold, but there in some instances are maybe one or two of those adds were included.

- Q. So just to clarify, it wasn't the case that you removed advertising vouchers merely because you had considered advertising as a separate item, it was because those vouchers when you removed the disallowed ones it fell below the dollar threshold?
 - A. Right.
 - Q. No longer then qualified for your

specific instructions which lags to update and which ones not to. This is information from that meeting based on those expense lags.

- Q. This will be in your current testimony on Page 16, Line 11 through 13 of the March testimony, you said during the course of this meeting the expense lags were discussed and staff left meeting with an understanding that these particular lags were the only lags that needed to be updated. With that understanding I take it isn't reflected in the notes that you have; correct?
- A. No. These are just notes on those issues, those expense lags.
- Q. Can you identify any follow-up conversations you might have had with UE staff to confirm which lead and lags should be updated and which ones shouldn't?
- A. I cannot think of any other meetings that I personally had with the company basically saying yes update, no update. I did have conversations with the company regarding DR's and getting information for particular lags.
- Q. Had you ever thought to seek clarification from the company that only certain

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A. My decision to update certain lags in regards to that order came with the data request I gave to the company asking for lags that would

need to be updated.

- Q. Can the company modify the requirements or judgements of the Commission when the Commission issues an order concerning the test year period?
 - A. Can you repeat that question?
- Q. Yes. Is the company and the staff equally bound by the orders issued by the Commission determining test year period and update period?
 - A. One would assume so.
- Q. And the meeting that you had, the November meeting, that was obviously a year prior to the Commission setting the test year period; correct?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Year and a month or so?
- 18 | A. Yes.
 - Q. So that the issuance of this
 Commission order in December 2001 would be a
 more recent event that would seem to dictate how
 one would annualize the revenues and expenses
 and cash work and capital of amortization for
 purposes of a rate case; wouldn't it?
 - A. Yes.

- A. I asked that data requests of the company asking what lags have materially changed. I didn't get a response from the company giving me certain expense lags that had changed.
- Q. Had you asked the company what its budgeted amount for rate case expense was?
 - A. I believe I had.

- Q. And did you use that figure or did you go behind that figure and come up with your own rate case expense number?
 - A. No, I did not.
- Q. You did not use the \$4 million figure? You did not use whatever figure it was that was in the rate case expense?
- A. I asked for a data request company to give me their budget. No, I didn't use that number in determining my rate case expense.
- Q. But you did use the response concerning -- you believe you listed the concerns about which lags should be updated and which ones shouldn't?

- Q. Is there a particular data request that you can point to in which Ameren had stated that some lags or leads did not need to be updated?
 - A. I'm sorry, repeat your question. I'm not sure I got it all.
 - Q. Can you identify a particular data request in response to which the company had stated that there are certain leads or lags that would not need to be updated?
 - A. No.
 - Q. How many leads and lags did you not update from the gas case? Do you know offhand?
- A. Not offhand. According to my calculation there were eight.
 - Q. And they would have been lags that were used in a gas case that was filed in 2000?
 - A. Those eight lags are lags that I did not update with the complaint case.
 - Q. Where did you get the lags from? Are those the ones you borrowed from the 2000 gas case?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And the lags from the 2000 gas case

deposition, I believe that you had used a manual that the staff had produced to learn how to do cash working capital analysis and this was what was produced to us. Does this look like the document that you used?

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- A. Yes.
- Q. It says Cash Work and it's dated December 16, 1997?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And included in this is a white paper that was been issued by the staff. Is this white paper as you understand it guidance for how a member of the staff should do cash work and capital analysis?
- A. Traditionally, the staff has white papers that they have to look at issues this one being one of them.
- Q. Would you deviate from the procedure that's outlined in the cash working capital white paper?
- A. Depending on a case-by-case basis you could.
- Q. Your experience as a cash working capital analyst or expert is based on this training material; correct?
- A. Not just that training material, but I have read over that material to go on a forward basis to make my adjustment.
- Q. In this cash working capital white paper to clarify was put together by the staff

A. Yes.

- Q. Does this represent policies of the staff?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Do you happen to know what this white paper says is the proper treatment of noncash items is?
- A. I haven't read it in a while. At this time I don't know.
- Q. There's a section here on Page 20 dealing with noncash items. Maybe if you look at that it will refresh your memory as to what the white paper says about noncash items. Once you've reviewed that I was wondering if you could tell me it's your understanding that the white paper states that the policy of the staff is that noncash items should not be included in cash working capital analysis?
- A. Give me a moment, I just read it. I'm sorry, could you repeat your question again?
- Q. Yes. Having reviewed again the white paper that was used to train you in cash working capital analysis, would you say that the paper states that noncash items are not to be included

- A. I believe on Page 21 in the first complete paragraph it says the reason staff is opposed inclusion of these noncash items in lead lag studies and the reason the Commission has without exception ruled against utilities on this point is that the inclusion of these items defeats the purpose of cash working capital as allowance as staff defines it.
- Q. Do you recall offhand if there was any vacation accrual exception that's listed in the white paper or any of the those training materials?
- A. As I look through here I don't see one at this time.
- Q. But you mentioned that vacation accrual is a noncash item; correct?
- A. Vacation accrual is a noncash item.

 The employee earns the vacation before they're allowed to take it. Therefore, the company allows for that.
- Q. What is your understanding of the nature and the purpose of the company's vacation accrual? What purpose does that serve? Why would you accrue vacation?

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Q.

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with vacation accrual has increased, decreased,

Do you know if the amount associated

No, I do not.

- A. At this time I don't know.
- Q. You mention that vacation accrual was included in the cash working capital analysis in the gas case. Was the gas case heard by the Commission?
 - A. I believe it was unanimously settled.
- Q. And would you happen to know when cases are settled and there are stipulated agreements whether or not that agreement binds the parties going forward to any particular treatment of expense in that case?
 - A. I don't know.

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Q. Was vacation accrual included in cash

- A. I don't know.
- Q. If the cash working capital requirements of the company are funded either by rate payers or by shareholders, which I believe is the basis for cash working capital analysis, do you know what the dollar amount is that's being funded annually concerning vacation payroll?
- A. No, I do not. Excuse me, please repeat that question because you said being funded annually.
- Q. Well, how would you determine what the dollar amount is -- the dollar amount of cash working capital that's being funded annually that's either going to be contributed by rate payers or by the shareholders? How do you determine that number?
- A. The person assigned to payroll makes that annualization.
 - Q. The person with the company?
- A. For purposes of my cash working schedule a member of the staff.
- Q. And do you know what the impact is of your inclusion of vacation on the company's cash

In the United States I believe it

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Α.

- Q. So members of the public Service Commission staff of other states?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Are there any particular text books or treatise that are used to train these people in doing cash working capital analysis?
 - A. I don't know of any text books.
- Q. Did you consult any text books or treatise or papers or journals of any sort dealing with cash working capital analysis in learning?
 - A. Nothing other than what I mentioned.
- Q. Just the white paper, the staff and looking at previous testimony?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Would you happen to know if other

 Public Service Commission staffs in other states

 included vacation as a cash working capital

 expense?
 - A. No, I don't. I don't know, I'm sorry.
- Q. Do you know any treatise or text books or journals that recommend including vacation accrual as a cash item for cash working capital?

- Q. Or anything that says that vacation should be included in doing cash working capital analysis?
 - A. No, I don't.
- Q. So you wouldn't know then if the inclusion of cash working capital analysis is generally accepted by the people who do cash working capital calculation; would you?
 - A. No, I would not.
- Q. What is the automated meter reading system or automated meter reading that Ameren has?
- A. To the extent of the knowledge that I have of that is that there is a meter reading system that they have implemented to make it easier and faster for them to read customers bills.
- Q. Was that the purpose of introducing the automated meter reading -- if I refer to it as AMR you know that's automated meter reading, was that the main purpose of instituting it as far as you know?
 - A. I don't know.
 - Q. Do you know what the raw output --

- Q. Do you know what the raw output would be from AMR system? What is generated?
 - A. No.

- Q. Do you know if the output from the AMR system is sufficient to generate a customer bill?
 - A. No.
- Q. Do you know what relationship, if any, exists between the company's AMR system and their two billings systems, the CIS billing system?
 - A. I don't.
- Q. Do you know if the company has a predetermined schedule for mailing customer bills?
- A. I don't know.
- Q. On Line 5, Page 19 of your current testimony you state --
 - A. I'm sorry, can you give that information again?
- Q. Actually, no. I think I got the wrong page. Somewhere in your testimony you state the billing lag decrease is due to the installation and implementation of an automated meter reading

- Q. If the mailing date of the bill itself hadn't changed, assuming the AMR system did get the company information on the amount to be billed sooner than traditional methods, if we assume that, it still would have no impact on the billing lag; correct? If the date of the mailing of the bills stayed the same?
 - A. Yes.

- Q. Did you use the company's credit and collection schedule when you calculated the billing lag in your analysis?
 - A. No.
- Q. On Page 19, Line 11 you mention the cash lag report, could you explain what information the cash lag report provides?
- A. The lag report provided a column with days and the dollar amount and in the lower right-hand corner it provided a lag in which the company calculated as to the various industrial and residential and various consumers.
- Q. Does the cash lag report include information on how customers pay their bills ie: by check, by payment agents, direct deposit?

take into account the bank process?

doing cash working capitals?

Q. Let's rephrase this. The distinction can't be that there is a corresponding delay when the company pays its bills because that it the whole purpose of doing leads and lags, that you're looking at the delays between when cash is received for services and when cash is paid out and parted with for services, so that wouldn't be a reason; correct? That would be a reason perhaps for calculating the bank process time for the payments the company makes, too; right?

A. When I look at when the company pays their bills, I look at the time they receive the service until the time they pay that bill. I don't think then go on and calculate after that how long it took for their check to clear or the wire transfer to get there or what not.

Q. Would it be possible to do that?

A. I don't know.

- Q. What was the dollar amount which you applied the CWC factor for cash analysis? Is that on Schedule 8, I guess?
- A. Yes. If you would look at Schedule 8 in the March 2002 accounting schedule, the test year expense for cash vouchers on Line 12 -- I'm sorry, the total operation and maintenance expense for Column B test year expenses and then flip to Schedule 9 on Line 22.
- Q. So on Schedule 8 the cash voucher total that you applied factor to was on Line 12? You have cash voucher.
- A. I think I'm confused by what you're asking.
- Q. The dollar amount for cash vouchers that's on Line 12, Schedule 8?
- A. You're asking where I found the 621,3460.
 - Q. That's the number; correct --
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. -- that you're using?
- 23 A. Yes.
 - Q. Did you only consider cash vouchers over the amount of \$50,000 to generate the

it was a very large amount of the entire cash

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At the time I did the calculation and

- Q. Do you know how many vouchers were included in your sample of the \$50,000 and above?
- A. I believe I answered that on a data request.
 - Q. It looks like it's JJ-46.
- A. The actual number I state on that answer to that data request on Item B is's actual number of invoices used in cash analysis is \$632.
- Q. Do you know how many vouchers the company process on average in a given year?
 - A. No, I do not.
 - Q. Or in any given month of a year?
- 16 A. No, I do not.
 - Q. Do you have any idea what percentage of the total number of vouchers processed by Ameren in a given year or in a test year that that matter 632 would be?
- 21 A. I'm sorry, you lost me.
 - Q. Would you know roughly what percentage of the total number of vouchers processed by Ameren in the test year the 6321 number represent?

- Q. We're almost finished. Turn to Page 23, Line 6. You state that Ameren UE was not required to pay unemployment taxes to the State of Missouri during the test year, therefore no expense lag is calculated for state unemployment tax. Are you aware that Ameren UE has employees in Illinois and Iowa?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Are you aware that Ameren UE makes unemployment tax payments on behalf of its employees in Illinois and Iowa?
 - A. Yeah.
- Q. And are you aware that the cash working capital requirements associated with such payments are being funding by shareholders that are rate payers?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. And these are Missouri shareholders that are rate payers?
 - A. Yes.
- Q. So shouldn't the cash working capital requirement of these payments be included in doing cash working capital analysis?
 - A. I also answered this in a data

- Q. Speaking of Doyle Gibbs, I understand that he might be making some changes to correct his labor adjustment number. Would you be updating your cash working capital calculations to reflect any changes in the labor number that he comes up with?
- A. If that would change the allocations and the annualized numbers then, yes.
- Q. So if the labor expenses were to change because of his changing his number you would incorporate that?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Would you consider the company's revenues for interchanged sales of electricity to be a legitimate cash item?
 - A. At this time I don't know.
- Q. Would you consider the company's expense from interchange purchases of electricity to be a cash item?
 - A. At this time I don't know.
- Q. Can you describe what you mean by the term prepayment?
- A. This is like an insurance. If you're going to pay life insurance and you pay that payment once a year, but it covers that entire year, you are in effect making a prepayment for that insurance throughout the year.
- Q. And how are prepayments treated in the cash working capital analysis that you did?
- A. I believe someone is this case also did a prepayment schedule and if those prepayments were listed on his schedule they also could not be in our cash working capital.
- Q. And is there a reason why that is done?
- A. I couldn't have them in cash vouchers and also in the prepayment schedule. They would

be double counted.

- Q. And that is because the prepayment schedule is adjusting for lags itself?
- A. The prepayment schedule that is assigned to that staff member there making adjustments to that issue.
- Q. But wouldn't it be true that virtually every expense that you look at in cash vouchers would have been looked at by somebody else in terms of counting it making and adjustments to that number? That would be a reason to take all the cash vouchers out; wouldn't it?
 - A. Not all of them.
- Q. What is there about the prepayments that would make it double counting?
- A. Well, like life insurance. If you guys are making life insurance payments, I either have to include them in the cash voucher and that other person include them in the prepayment schedule or I need to remove them from cash vouchers and let them be included in the prepayment schedule.
- Q. Are there same prepayments that you included in this cash working capital calculation?

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- Q. Which ones would those be?
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- Α. I believe rent and I believe PSC assessment was removed from the prepayment schedule and put into cash vouchers. I answered this in, I believe a data request to you guys. I don't know which number it is. I believe it is JJC-54. It says the lags associated with payment of rent and regulatory commission expense were included in the determination of cash voucher lag and eliminated from prepayment. The lag associated with the freight expense for cole is included in the cole fuel expense lag lag and eliminated from prepayment. Gross receipts, taxes and specific items in the cash working capital analysis and has its on expense lag, so it was eliminated from prepayment.
- Q. Now, in your cash working capital lag and the cash vouchers when you're looking at them, you're looking at the received date and the paid date of the cash vouchers; correct?
- A. I'm looking at the time the company receives that service and the time they pay for that service.
 - Q. And the receipt of the service might

be different from the receipt of the bill? 1 Yes. 2 Α. MR. WOLSKI: I think that exhausts my 3 questions. I don't know if anyone else here has 4 anything to ask. 5 MR. FRANSON: We just need to put on 6 the record that we will waive presentment but 7 not signature. 8 MR. WOLSKI: Very good. To the extent 9 that we have discussed any items or numbers that 10 are proprietary we would --11 12 MR. MEYER: What they have been doing is making the whole deposition proprietary. 13 MR. WOLSKI: I guess your average 14 member of the public can't get their hands on a 15 deposition transcript at this stage anyway. 16 17 MR. FRANSON: Well, let's just make it all that way. 18 MR. WOLKSI: Please note for the 19 20 transcript that throughout the entire transcript 21 is proprietary and confidential. 22 (Signature was not waived) 23 24

CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, PAIGE E. KRUSE, Professional Shorthand Reporter, Notary Public within and for the State of Missouri, do hereby certify that the witness whose testimony appears in the foregoing deposition was duly sworn by me; that the testimony of said witness was taken by me to the best of my ability and thereafter reduced to typewriting under my direction; that I am neither counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to the action in which this deposition was taken, and further that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed by the parties thereto, nor financially or otherwise interested in the outcome of the action.

Notary Jublic within and

for the State of Missouri

My commission expires June 9, 2003

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I, LEASHA TEEL do hereby state that I have read the foregoing questions and answers appearing in this transcript of my deposition:

That this is a true and accurate report of said answers given in response to the questions appearing herein.

IT IS FURTHER STIPULATED AND AGREED, between Counsel, that this deposition may be signed before any Notary.

LEASHA TEEL

(Reported by: PAIGE E. KRUSE,)

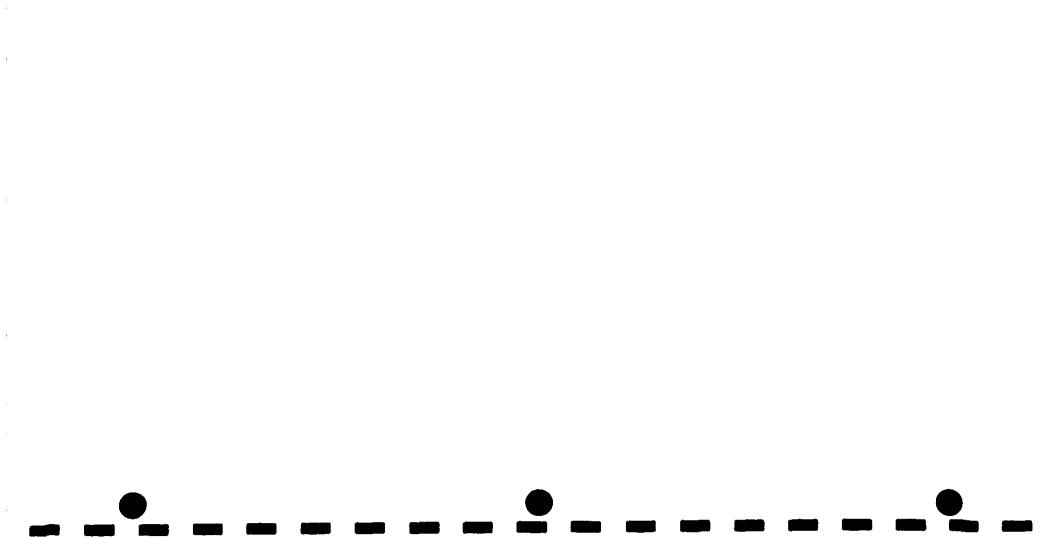
CERTIFICATE

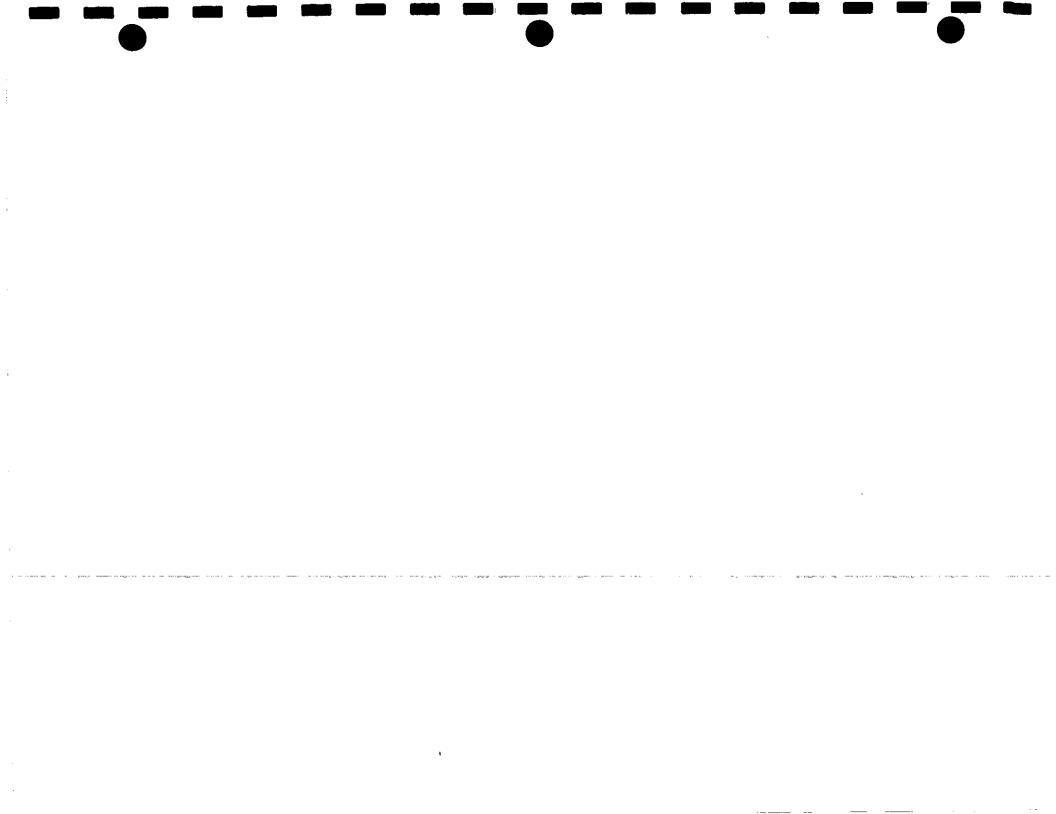
Before me personally appeared LEASHA TEEL, known to me to be the person described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and acknowledged to and before me that he executed the said instrument in the capacity and for the purpose therein expressed.

WITNESS my hand and official seal this day of ______, 2002,

NOTARY PUBLIC State of Missouri

My Commission expires:





ERRATA SHEET

Deposition of:	Leasha Teel	_
Case Caption:	EC-2002-001	
Date Taken:	November 19, 2001	_

Page	Line	Correction	Reason
16	12	After "substantive" add the word "changes"	To clarify
16	15	Insert the word "substantive" after each "no", on that line	Clarification
26	12	"Intranet" replaces "Internet"	Туро
47	1	Change "amortizing" to amortization"	Туро
64	9	Substitute the word "in" for "and"	To clarify
72	24	Substitute "lag" for "it"	Clarification
74	23	Note the nod as a yes	To clarify
79	18	Add at the end of the sentence "from the Company."	To clarify
85	2-3	Insert "meter reading" before "report" insert a period after "report". Eliminate the "If."	Clarification
85	3	Eliminate line three replace with: "I asked for a meter reading report. The Company had a meter reading schedule, that is what they gave me."	Clarification
94	9	Should be PET not PTE	Туро
96	4	Insert the word "case" right before the comma.	To clarify
97	13	Eliminate the sentence on line 13 and replace with; "I believe I removed all of the advertising vouchers from the cash voucher lag report the Company provided to me. The	To Clarifiy

	report included FERC accounts 500& 900 with amounts greater than \$50,000."	
Signature	sha Deel	

STATE OF MISSOURI COUNTY OF COLE)) ss.)	
I, Leasha S. Teel, do hereb	y certify:	
That I have read the	e foregoing deposition;	
	uch changes in form and/or substance or ender the same true and correct;	on the attached errata sheet(s),
That having made	such changes thereon, I hereby subscrib	be my name to the deposition.
	day of	

STAFF OF THE MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION vs. UNION ELECTRIC CO., d/b/a AmerenUE, CASE NO. EC-2002-1

CONFIDENTIAL

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION STATE OF MISSOURI

STAFF OF THE MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION,)
Complainant,)
VS.) Case No. EC-2002-1
UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a AMERENUE,)
Respondent.) November 19, 2001) Jefferson City, Mo

DEPOSITION OF LEASHA S. TEEL

ORICINAL

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spherion.

1	BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION STATE OF MISSOURI
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3	STAFF OF THE MISSOURI PUBLIC) SERVICE COMMISSION,)
4	Complainant,
5)
6	VS.) Case No. EC-2002-1)
7	UNION ELECTRIC COMPANY d/b/a) AMERENUE,)
8) November 19, 2001 Respondent.) Jefferson City, Mo
9	
10	DEPOSITION OF LEASHA S. TEEL,
11	a witness, sworn and examined on the 19th day of November,
12	2001, between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. of that
13	day at the Governor Office Building, in the City of
14	Jefferson, County of Cole, State of Missouri, before
15	
16	PATRICIA A. STEWART, RPR, CSR, CCR Registered Merit Reporter
•	ASSOCIATED COURT REPORTERS
17	714 West High Street
18	P.O. Box 1308 Jefferson City, Missouri 65102
	(573) 636-7551
19	within and for the State of Missouri, in the
20	above-entitled cause, on the part of the Respondent, taken
21	pursuant to notice.
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1	APPEARANCES
2	FOR THE COMPLAINANT:
3	VICTORIA KIZITO, Associate General Counsel KEITH R. KRUEGER, Deputy General Counsel
4	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION P. O. Box 899
5	Jefferson City, Missouri 65102 (573) 751-3234
6	FOR THE RESPONDENT:
7	VICTOR J. WOLSKI
8	Attorney at Law COOPER & KIRK
9	1500 K Street, N.W. Suite 200
10	Washington, D.C. 20005 (202) 220-9655
11	(202) 220 3033
12	
13	ALSO PRESENT: Gary S. Weiss Nagendra Subbakrishna
14	Greg Meyer
15	SIGNATURE INSTRUCTIONS:
16	Obtain signature; waive presentment.
17	Obcain Signature, waive presentment.
18	EXHIBIT INSTRUCTIONS:
19	Attached to the deposition.
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21	Direct Examination by Mr. Wolski 4
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1	EXHIBITS			
2	Teel Exhibit No. 1 Direct Testimony of Leasha S. Teel	4		
3 4	Teel Exhibit No. 2 Audit Report on the Expenditures of the			
5	Edison Electric Institute (For the 12- Month Period Ended December 31, 1999)			
6	dated June 2001	43		
7	Exhibit No. 3 Rate Case Expense AmerenUE EM-96-149	47		
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1	(TEEL EXHIBIT NO. 1 WAS MARKED FOR
2	IDENTIFICATION BY THE COURT REPORTER.)
3	LEASHA S. TEEL, having been sworn, testified as follows:
4	MR. WOLSKI: I think as we begin, perhaps we
5	should go around the room, for the record, and indicate
6	everyone who is present.
7	And I guess we can start with the witness.
8	MS. TEEL: I'm Leasha Teel. I'm a Regulatory
9	Auditor for the PSC.
10	MS. KIZITO: Victoria Kizito, Associate General
11	Counsel for the Staff of the PSC.
12	MR. KRUEGER: Keith R. Krueger, Deputy General
13	Counsel for the Staff of the PSC.
14	MR. MEYER: Greg Meyer with the Public Service
15	Commission.
16	MR. SUBBAKRISHNA: Subbakrishna from Navigant
17	Consulting.
18	MR. WEISS: Gary Weiss, Ameren, Regulatory
19	Accounting Supervisor.
20	MR. WOLSKI: And I'm Victor Wolski from
21	Cooper & Kirk. We represent AmerenUE in this rate case.
22	DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. WOLSKI:
23	Q. Ms. Teel, are you being represented by counsel
24	today, by one of the two people sitting next to you?
25	A. Yes.

1	Q. Is it both Victoria and Keith?
2	A. I believe.
3	MR. KRUEGER: Yes.
4	MR. WOLSKI: I just wanted to get that clear.
5	BY MR. WOLSKI:
6	Q. And have you ever been deposed before?
7	A. No, I have not.
8	Q. Never. Okay.
9	Well, then, just so there is no
10	misunderstanding at all, I'll explain to you what we're
11	doing here and the ground rules that we'll be following.
12	The deposition is a procedure for taking your
13	testimony under oath in connection with the pending legal
14	action. And in this particular case it's the rate case
15	involving AmerenUE that is before the Public Service
16	Commission.
17	And even though we're here in a relatively
18	informal setting in the conference room in your office,
19	your testimony today is given under penalty of perjury,
20	just as if you were testifying in a court of law.
21	Do you understand that?
22	A. Yes, I do.
23	Q. Okay. And as you can see, the court reporter
24	here is taking down everything that is being said during
25	the course of the deposition.

And one thing that is important to keep in mind 1 is that she only has one set of ears and one set of hands 2 and can't easily transcribe what two people are saying at 3 the same time. So that if I'm in the middle of asking a 5 question, you should wait until I'm finished before you 6 7 answer. And when you're answering a question, I'll try not to interrupt you, so that we don't speak over each 8 other and everything is clear on the record. 9 I will be asking you, obviously, questions 10 during this deposition. And your counsel, Mr. Krueger and 11 Ms. Kizito, might object to the form of the question that 12 I pose for purposes of the record, but you still are to 13 answer the questions unless counsel instructs you not to 14 answer a question. 15 16 Is that clear? 17 Α. Yes. Okay. And feel free, if you don't understand 18 0. one of my questions, to ask for a clarification, and you 19 can also ask the court reporter to read back the question. 20 21 If you don't ask for a clarification, I'm going 22 to assume that the question was understood as I phrased it. 23 Do you understand that? 24 25 A. Yes.

1	Q. Okay.
2	And there may be times when you don't know an
3	exact answer to one of my questions but you have some
4	information on the subject, or you can make some
5	reasonable approximation or an estimate.
6	And if you can, you should provide I'd like
7	you to provide the information that you do have that
8	relates to the answer.
9	Do you understand that?
10	A. Yes.
11	Q. Okay. Of course, on the other hand, since this
12	is your first deposition, I don't want you to feel that
13	you have to answer every question even if you don't know
14	the answer.
15	So that if you don't know the answer to the
16	question, it's perfectly all right just to say that.
17	We're not trying to put you on the spot or to pressure you
18	to answer about something that you don't know.
19	And some people might feel uneasy being in a
20	deposition and feel that they've got to try to answer
21	something even when they don't know. If you don't know an
22	answer, it's okay to say so.
23	Do you understand that?
24	A. Yes.
25	O. And one additional thing concerning the court