00210					
1	STATE OF MISSOURI				
	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION				
2					
3	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS				
4	Hearing				
5	July 7, 2004				
	Jefferson City, Missouri				
6	Volume 3				
7	In the Matter of the Petition of)			
	Green Hills Telephone Corporation)			
8	for Suspension of the Federal) Case	e No.	TO-2004-0428	
	Communications Commission)			
9	Requirement to Implement Number)			
	Portability)			
10	-				
	In the Matter of the Petition of)			
11	Rock Port Telephone Company for)			
	Suspension and Modification of the) Case	e No.	TO-2004-0439	
12	Federal Communications Commission)			
	Requirement to Implement Number)			
13	Portability)			
	In the Matter of the Petition of)			
14	Steelville Telephone Exchange, Inc.)			
	for Suspension and Modification of) Case	e No.	TO-2004-0454	
15	the Federal Communications)			
	Commission Requirement to Implement)			
16	Number Portability)			
	In the nation of the rection of)			
17)			
	Corporation for Suspension and)			
18	Modification of the Federal) Case	e No.	TO-2004-0456	
	Communications Commission)			
19	Requirement to Implement Number)			
	Portability)			
20					
	In the Matter of the Petition of)			
21	Lathrop Telephone Company for)			
	Suspension and Modification of the) Case	e No.	TO-2004-0457	
22	Federal Communications Commission)			
	± ±)			
23	Portability)			
24					
25					

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00211
 1
     In the Matter of the Petition of
     Mark Twain Rural Telephone Company )
     for Suspension and Modification of ) Case No. TO-2004-0458
     The Federal Communications
  3
     Commission Requirement to Implement)
     Number portability
     In the Matter of the Petition of
     Iamo Telephone Company for
     Suspension and Modification of the ) Case No. TO-2004-0459
     Federal Communications Commission )
    Requirement to Implement Number
     Portability
    In the Matter of the Petition of
     Ellington Telephone Company for
     Suspension and Modification of the ) Case No. TO-2004-0480
     Federal Communications Commission )
     Requirement to Implement Number
     Portability
 10
     In the Matter of the Petition of
     BPS Telephone Company for
     Suspension and Modification of the ) Case No. TO-2004-0484
11
     Federal Communications Commission )
 12
     Requirement to Implement Number
     Portability
13
     In the Matter of the Petition of
14
     Oregon Farmers Mutual Telephone
     Company for Suspension and
                                         ) Case No. TO-2004-0526
15
     Modification of the Federal
     Communications Commission
16
     Requirement to Implement Number
     Portability
17
                     VICKY RUTH, Presiding,
                          SENIOR REGULATORY LAW JUDGE.
18
                     STEVE GAW, Chairman,
19
                     CONNIE MURRAY,
                          COMMISSIONERS.
20
21
     REPORTED BY:
22
     KELLENE K. FEDDERSEN, CSR, RPR, CCR
     MIDWEST LITIGATION SERVICES
2.3
24
25
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00212	
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9	Ellington Telephone Company.
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19	FOR: Staff of the Missouri Public
20	Service Commission.
20 21	
22	
23	
23	
25	

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00213
 1
                        PROCEEDINGS
 2
                     (EXHIBIT NOS. 18 AND 30 THROUGH 89 WERE
     MARKED FOR IDENTIFICATION BY THE REPORTER.)
 4
                    JUDGE RUTH: Good afternoon. We are ready
 5
     to start the hearing in Case TO-2004-0428, 439, 454, 456,
     457, 458, 459, 480, 484 and 526. My name is Vicky Ruth,
 7
     and I'm assigned to preside over these ten cases. Today's
 8
     date is July 7th, and it is a few minutes after one
 9
     o'clock.
10
                    I think we will begin with admitting the
11
     exhibits, and also I have a kind of -- there was some
12
     discussion at the end of this morning's hearing in seven
13
     other local number portability cases, 370, et al, that it
14
     might be a good idea for the Commission to take notice of
     the transcript in that proceeding. I think that's a good
15
16
     idea, but I want to go on the record and offer the parties
17
     an opportunity to object to that. There was some
     discussion that was in 370, et al, that might be helpful in
18
19
     this afternoon's proceeding.
20
                    Staff, do you have any objection?
                    MR. MEYER: We do not.
21
22
                    JUDGE RUTH: Public Counsel?
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MS. O'NEILL: No objection, your Honor.

MR. ENGLAND: No objection, your Honor.

JUDGE RUTH: And Petitioners?

23

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00214
 1
                    JUDGE RUTH: Then we also -- it's my
 2
     understanding Exhibit -- we're going to call it 18, as it
     was 18 in this morning's proceeding. It's a summary of
 4
     local number portability suspension requests that was
 5
     offered by Petitioner this morning and, Petitioner, I
     understand you want to offer it this afternoon?
                    MR. ENGLAND: Yes, ma'am.
 8
                    JUDGE RUTH: Okay. Let's go ahead and take
 9
     care of that now, then. Are there any objections to
10
     Exhibit 18 being received into the record? Staff?
11
                    MR. MEYER: No, your Honor.
12
                    JUDGE RUTH: Public Counsel?
13
                    MS. O'NEILL: No objection.
14
                    JUDGE RUTH: Okay. 18 is received.
                    (EXHIBIT NO. 18 WAS RECEIVED INTO EVIDENCE.)
15
16
                    JUDGE RUTH: Then Exhibit 30 is a Stip &
17
     Agreement in Case 428. 31 is a revised page 9 of that Stip
     & Agreement. 32, verified petition in 428. And 33 is the
18
19
     proprietary cost info for 428. It's my understanding,
20
     Petitioners, that you want to offer these into evidence?
21
                    MR. ENGLAND: That's correct.
22
                    JUDGE RUTH: Any objections to these four
23
     exhibits being received?
24
                    MR. MEYER: No.
25
                    MS. O'NEILL: No objection.
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00215 1 JUDGE RUTH: Then Exhibits 30, 31, 32 and 33 2 are received into the record. (EXHIBIT NOS. 30, 31, 32, AND 33 WERE 4 RECEIVED INTO EVIDENCE.) 5 JUDGE RUTH: Exhibit 34 is the Stip & 6 Agreement in Case 439. Exhibit 35 is the revised page 9 of 7 that Stip & Agreement in Case 439. Exhibit 36 is the verified petition in 439. And Exhibit 37 is the 8 9 proprietary cost information for 439. 10 And again, Petitioners, do you wish to offer 11 these into the record? 12 MR. ENGLAND: We would offer those into the 13 record at this time, your Honor. And if it might help you 14 with shortening things up, we would offer the remaining exhibits through I believe 69, and also state for the 15 16 record that we have no objections to the Staff and OPC 17 testimony that's also been premarked. 18 JUDGE RUTH: Okay. Let me do first then 19 the -- I believe we're at 33 through 69, and I did pass out 20 a draft exhibit list that listed these. You'll see Exhibit 66 has a typo; it should say case 525. I'll make 21 22 that change. Are there any objections to Exhibits 34 23 through 49 being received into the record, Staff? 24 MR. MEYER: No, your Honor.

JUDGE RUTH: Public Counsel?

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1
                    MS. O'NEILL: No objection.
 2
                    JUDGE RUTH: Okay. We have Exhibits 18
 3
     through 69 received.
 4
                    (EXHIBIT NOS. 18 THROUGH 69 WERE RECEIVED
 5
     INTO EVIDENCE.)
 6
                    JUDGE RUTH: Exhibit 70 through 79 are
 7
     Staff's direct testimonies for the Cases 428, 439, 454,
     456, 457, 458, 459, 480, 484 and 526. Petitioners have
 8
     indicated they have no objections to these being received.
 9
10
                    Public Counsel, do you have any objections
11
     to them, 70 through 79?
12
                    MS. O'NEILL: No objection, your Honor.
13
                    (EXHIBIT NOS. 70 THROUGH 79 WERE RECEIVED
14
    INTO EVIDENCE.)
15
                    JUDGE RUTH: And the last set that I
16
     premarked would be Exhibits 80 through 89, and this is the
17
     direct testimony of Ms. Meisenheimer, correct?
18
                   MS. O'NEILL: That's correct, your Honor,
19
     and we would make one typographical correction to Exhibit
20
     84. Although in the top left-hand corner the case number
     is correct, on the cover sheet where the title is, the case
21
     number is incorrect. We would -- that's Case No.
22
23
     TO-2004-0457. However, the face sheet reads in one
24
     location TO-2004-0458, and we would move to correct that
25
     and, as corrected, we would move for admission of 84.
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00217
 1
                    The others I believe are correct.
 2
                    JUDGE RUTH: First let's look at the
     correction on 457. Does any party object to the correction
 4
     being noted on the official copy?
 5
                    MR. ENGLAND: No objection.
 6
                    JUDGE RUTH: Staff?
 7
                    MR. MEYER: No objection.
 8
                    JUDGE RUTH: Then 457 is corrected. And
     then Exhibits 80 through 89 are being offered into the
 9
10
     record. Any objection to them being received? Petitioner?
11
                    MR. ENGLAND: No objection.
12
                    JUDGE RUTH: Staff?
13
                    MR. MEYER: No.
14
                    JUDGE RUTH: Then we have Exhibits 80
15
     through 89.
16
                    (EXHIBIT NOS. 80 THROUGH 89 WERE RECEIVED
17
     INTO EVIDENCE.)
18
                    JUDGE RUTH: It's my understanding that more
19
     exhibits may be offered later, but I think we're set for
20
     the prefiled ones.
21
                    Okay. Go ahead and do entries of
22
     appearance. Mr. England?
                    MR. ENGLAND: Thank you, your Honor. Let
23
24
     the record reflect of appearance of W.R. England and
25
     Brian T. McCartney on behalf of Petitioner. Our mailing
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00218 1 address is Brydon, Swearengen & England, Post Office Box 456, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102. JUDGE RUTH: Thank you. Public Counsel? 4 MS. O'NEILL: Yes. Good afternoon. Ruth 5 O'Neill on behalf of the Office of the Public Counsel. 6 Co-counsel is Michael Dandino. Our mailing address is P.O. 7 Box 2230, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102. 8 JUDGE RUTH: And Staff? 9 MR. MEYER: Good afternoon. David Meyer for the Staff of the Missouri Public Service Commission. Our 10 11 address is P.O. Box 360, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102. JUDGE RUTH: Thank you. Just want to go 12 13 over the procedure a little bit and comment or clarify. 14 did have an on-the-record presentation this morning in 15 seven of the local number portability cases, and as I 16 stated at the beginning, that transcript, the Commission 17 will take notice of it. The cases for this afternoon are 18 ten local number portability cases in which the parties 19 have filed stipulations and agreements. The length of the 20 suspension is at issue. 21 We are going to start today with brief 22 opening statements, have the parties -- two of the parties

have prefiled testimony. We'll have the normal direct,

cross-examination, questions from the Bench, et cetera.

The parties will also have an opportunity for closing

23

24

00219 1 arguments at the end, and we will discuss at the conclusion of the hearing whether or not we need Briefs. Are there any questions regarding the procedure? 4 5 6 questions. Off the record. 8 JUDGE RUTH: We'll go ahead and start with 9 10 to go first. 11

12

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21 22

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(No response.)

JUDGE RUTH: Okay. I don't see any

(AN OFF-THE-RECORD DISCUSSION WAS HELD.)

opening statements, and, petitioners, I believe you're down

MR. ENGLAND: Thank you, your Honor. May it please the Commission? My name is Trip England. I represent the ten Petitioners in the cases before you this afternoon.

As you know, the parties have entered in a Stipulation & Agreement, at least as to facts in this case. For example, there's no disagreement among the parties that the Petitioners are rural carriers under the definition of the Telecommunications Act. There's no disagreement with respect to the cost estimates for implementing LNP, and there's no disagreements among the parties as to the modification of the rating and routing requirements, if you will. And we had a lengthy discussion about that this morning, so hopefully I don't need to repeat myself there.

25 As I understand, and the parties, of course,

1 can speak for themselves, but I believe the only issue in these particular cases is the suspension, the length of the suspension that is being sought or alternatively recommended. The Petitioners and Public Counsel have sought a two-year suspension of their obligation to 5 implement wireline to wireless local number portability, and Staff is of the opinion that the Petitioner should only be given an extension or suspension of no more than six 9 months to implement LNP. 10 I believe the issue is fairly easily 11 couched, but I'm not sure that it's fairly easily decided, 12 but that's your-all's job. I think, in essence, what you 13 need and what we're asking you to weigh is whether the 14 costs of implementing LNP exceed or don't exceed the 15 benefit or the value that you perceive of implementing LNP. 16 In each of these cases, and you can see 17 that -- from Exhibit 18 that the cost estimates vary 18 considerably -- the individual Petitioners genuinely felt 19 that the cost of implementing LNP on a per subscriber per 20 month basis exceeded any benefits, if at all, that their customers would receive from wireline to wireless 21 22 portability at this time. And so they have asked for a 23 two-year suspension. 24 But as I said, they are not the final 25 arbiters of that decision. That is your prerogative. We

would hope that you would agree with us, but I think we are prepared to accept whatever determination you believe is appropriate in these cases. With that, I'll conclude and thank you for the time.

JUDGE RUTH: Public Counsel?

MS. O'NEILL: Good afternoon, your Honor, Commissioners. As you know, my name is Ruth O'Neill, and I'm back this afternoon again representing the Office of the Public Counsel in this proceeding.

The Office of the Public Counsel supports the suspension of the local number porting requirement issued by the FCC as it applies to these local rural exchange carriers. Public Counsel supports the suspension of at least two years so the FCC, the wireless industry and the rural local telephone companies can thoughtfully and thoroughly address a number of outstanding implementation issues related to changing from LNP -- from wireline -- changing the LNP from wireline to wireless carriers.

As indicated in the testimony of Ms. Barbara Meisenheimer, the FCC order essentially transferred recommendations that it previously applied only to wireline to wireline LNP and applied it to wireline to wireless LNP.

However, that apples to apples application is not possible due to differences in the interconnection obligations between wireline and wireless carriers,

including intercompany compensation, rights and duties regarding terminating calls and the rights of an end user customer to maintain its number after porting to a wireless carrier.

Her testimony discusses how questions left unresolved by the FCC may affect reliability of service and affordability of local telephone service for rural areas. Ms. Meisenheimer provides evidence as to why the Commission should act now to preserve status quo until these unresolved issues can be addressed.

Suspension is justified because the LNP requirement would impose an economic burden on these rural local exchange companies and would impose an economic burden on the local wireline customers who remain with the LEC rather than porting their numbers and primary local telephone service to a wireless carrier. The LECs are able, under the FCC porting order, to recover the cost of the LNP by creating a surcharge that's then applied as a monthly fee on the LEC's local customers.

In short, the LEC customers who retain wireline local service will pay for their neighbors to switch their primary local service to wireless carriers. The wireless carriers and the new wireless customers will receive virtually all the benefits of this LNP without cost, while wireline customers who remain with the

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1 incumbent will face a surcharge, possibly up to 40 percent, but receive no actual tangible benefits. Public Counsel suggests that this cost 4 shifting is unfair and unjust and inconsistent with the 5 protection of local ratepayers set out in Section 392.158 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri. Once again, with competition the local telephone customers ought to be better off than they were before competition. However, as 9 a result of immediately applying the FCC's order to these 10 rural LECs, wireless competition with wireline service may 11 burden, rather than benefit, local wireline customers. 12 As the Commission will see from the 13 evidence, most of the proposed surcharges are considerable 14 additions to the monthly bill of local exchange wireline customers. It does not make sense to charge local 15 16 customers these surcharges without a demonstrated and 17 significant demand for wireline to wireless LNP. In 18 effect, the wireline customers will be paying for their 19 neighbors to abandon wireline service, leaving them to bear 20 not only the burden of LNP, but also the cost of a local 21

telephone system with a reduced subscribership. Wireless technology will benefit at the expense of wireline. Under the Missouri definitions of telecommunications service in Section 86.020, non-telecommunication services, the wireless companies,

will benefit to the detriment of the Missouri telecommunications customers.

Public Counsel generally opposes end user paid surcharges as a means to recover the cost of doing business. Surcharges weigh heavy on residential customers and on small business operations that have little ability, if any, to avoid or pass on the surcharge through higher prices to their customers. With a flat rate surcharge, customers with little calling volume pay a disproportionate amount of the cost to recover it, and customers most likely to remain with the incumbent may be those with the least ability to pay for these changes.

Public Counsel urges the Commission to consider and balance the immediate need and demand for LNP against the impact that implementation of wireline to wireless LNP at this time will have on these rural telephone companies and the rural local telephone customers. The evidence will demonstrate that a delay through a suspension for two years will prevent an undue economic burden on the LECs and on their customers and would be consistent with the public interest. Thank you.

JUDGE RUTH: Staff?

MR. MEYER: Good afternoon. Staff has sought to try to strike a balance between the positions that have just been expounded before you between parties

that are seeking suspension of the local number portability requirement for certainty and parties that want suspension for cost, in many cases the same party. Ms. Dietrich of the Commission Staff telecommunications department has filed testimony stating that the answer from Staff's perspective is no because in large part the Federal Telecommunications Commission has strongly supported implementation.

The Staff's positions in this case have attempted to accommodate the concerns for certainty by supporting the rating and routing modification that has been stipulated to in these cases, and Staff has attempted to accommodate cost concerns by considering how much is too much for the implementation increases, and those accommodations have brought us to the perspective that we have now taken in this and the other related cases that, in fact, there are three groups of companies.

The first group of companies that the telecommunications department supports a two-year suspension for have costs associated with implementation that are sufficient to warrant suspension as the increase is high enough the impact will be too great for consumers to bear. The second group are those companies that wish to consider upgrading their switches. Ultimately the intent is that this will allow for a more efficient use of

resources and we all anticipate will reduce implementation costs to a reasonable level.

Staff's determination in those cases was that the research was appropriate and the company should be allowed time to do their research. It was not a cost-driven decision. And so for now Staff has recommended that the Commission monitor the progress of those companies' searches for upgrades and require status reports at least until the path they intend to follow becomes clear.

The third group of companies, and those are the ones that we're talking about now, seek suspension and modification of the FCC requirements to implement local number portability, because it's unclear what they're supposed to do with the routing of calls out of their certificated areas if they have to route calls to providers who don't have direct connections with the small ILECs that have brought these petitions.

This third group does actually have only minor implementation costs. They range from 1.68 down, and I just would like to make the point in our statement of positions, a potential discrepancy did creep in. I think in that we had said they were all below 1.68. In fact, we should have said it was 1.68 and below, and certainly Exhibit 18 reflects a clear range that we are dealing with

for each company and the specific numbers.

The increase is minor in relative terms, as well as in absolute dollars. The percentage increases from the current rate to the post-implementation rate from our perspective are not burdensome.

Natelle Dietrich is available to answer any questions you may have about Staff's position and how it was developed, and why the telecommunications department determined to take the middle ground here. As part of her job, of course, she monitors and participates in FCC proceedings, and so she'll be able to perhaps provide some additional insights into why the FCC has done what it's done.

And as an example of that, I actually would also ask that the Commission take notice of a recent FCC proceeding, which I think all the parties are aware of, and I can provide copies of the FCC's order in that, where the FCC, in fact, denied a request that was made to it rather than to a state commission for suspension of LNP requirements. I'd be happy to pass that out at the appropriate time.

So we are available for your questions and we'll be happy to expand upon our statements at the appropriate time. Thank you. And I can pass that out.

JUDGE RUTH: Why don't you go ahead and pass

1 that out now and for the record state what -- give the citation for the case or the date it came out. MR. MEYER: Certainly. If it helps, I could 4 ask that it be marked as an exhibit for reference. 5 JUDGE RUTH: I don't think it needs to be an 6 exhibit. We can take notice of it. If you want it marked 7 for identification purposes, I'll do so. MR. MEYER: I don't think it's necessary. I 8 9 would just note that it's a FCC docket, cc Docket No. 10 95-116, which is actually the same docket as the main LNP 11 cases. And perhaps Ms. Dietrich could explain a little bit 12 more about that distinction, but it also seems to have the 13 designation DA 04-1455. 14 It's an Order that was adopted May 21 and 15 released May 24 of 2004. It's a group of different companies, including the Yorkville Telephone Cooperative, 16 17 TMP Corp, TMP Jacksonville, Choice Wireless LC, seeking 18 modification and suspension, I think it was actually just a 19 suspension waiver, in fact, of the local number portability 20 rules of the Federal Communications Commission. 21 JUDGE RUTH: Thank you. 22 MR. MEYER: That's all I have. Thank you. 23 JUDGE RUTH: It's my understanding that the 24

Petitioner did not prefile any testimony, does not have

25 witnesses for this case, so we will move on to Staff. And

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1
    I understand you have one witness?
 2
                   MR. MEYER: That's correct. We would call
    Natelle Dietrich, please.
 4
                   JUDGE RUTH: Ms. Dietrich, would you raise
 5
    your right hand, please?
 6
                    (Witness sworn.)
 7
                   JUDGE RUTH: Thank you. You may proceed,
 8
    Staff.
9
    NATELLE DIETRICH testified as follows:
10
                   MR. MEYER: Do I understand correctly that
11
    the testimony has already been admitted into evidence?
12
                   JUDGE RUTH: Yes, it has been admitted, and
13
    the numbers are 70 through 79. So you have no corrections?
14
                   MR. MEYER: That is correct.
                   JUDGE RUTH: Then we will move on to
15
16
    cross-examination, and Petitioners.
17
                   MR. ENGLAND: Thank you, your Honor. I have
18
    a few questions.
19
    CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. ENGLAND:
20
                   Ms. Dietrich, I'm going to be referencing, I
21
    think, to some degree your testimony that's been marked for
22
    purposes of identification as Exhibit 70 through 79 in the
23
    various cases. I think it's identical, isn't it, among
24
    cases?
25
    Α.
                   Yes, it is.
```

25

1 Well, first of all, before I get to the 2 testimony, do you know what the experience has been with the large carriers, such as Southwestern Bell Telephone 4 Company, Sprint, CenturyTel, here in Missouri with implementing intermodal LNP in the St. Louis and Kansas 5 6 City MSAs, which as I understand are part of the top 100 MSAs in the nation? 8 That's correct. No. I do not know 9 specifically with those carriers here in Missouri. I have 10 seen some information about nationwide the experience. 11 Would you have any -- and what was that? Q. 12 Nationwide it started out there were a lot Α. 13 of problems, rough going at first, and most recent 14 indications from the FCC that things are getting smoother 15 and the porting is running as they thought it should, so to 16 speak. 17 What about the number of requests for Q. 18 wireline to wireless ports as a percentage of total 19 subscribers, have you seen any information on that? 20 Yes, I have, if you'll give me a second. 21 Q. Certainly. 22 Α. According to an article from May, the FCC 23 said that in April there were 49,000 customers that took 24 their landline numbers to a wireless phone.

And as a percent of the universe, do you

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00231
 1
     know what that was?
 2
                    No, I sure don't.
       Α.
 3
                    Okay.
       Q.
 4
       Α.
                    And I guess if you want me to go back to
     your first question about the impact, this article also
 5
     says that complaints about problems in wireless number
     portability have dropped from a high of 2,400 in November
     and December of 2003 to 404 in March and April, and that
     also was a quote from the FCC.
 9
                     Has the Missouri Public Service Commission,
10
      Ο.
11
     to your knowledge, received any complaints regarding local
12
     number portability, at least between wireline to wireless?
13
                    Not to my knowledge.
14
       Q.
                    Do you know if you've received any
15
     complaints from customers in rural telephone -- rural
     company exchanges about their inability to port numbers
16
17
     since May 24th?
18
                    Not to my knowledge.
       Α.
19
                     Just based on your general understanding,
       Q.
20
     would you agree with me that, relatively speaking, the
     percent of subscribers that would take advantage of
21
22
     wireline to wireless LNP would probably be greater for
23
     Southwestern Bell, Sprint, CenturyTel than the small rural
```

I think that's a fair statement.

24

25

areas?

Α.

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00232
 1
                   And I believe at page -- excuse me. Page 10
 2
     of your testimony, you have a chart?
                    Yes.
      Α.
 4
                   Which shows the range of residential rates
 5
     for SBC, Sprint and CenturyTel, do you see that?
 6
                   Yes, I do.
 7
                   And those are residential, are they not?
       Ο.
 8
      Α.
                    Correct.
 9
                    And aren't they trying to come up with a
       Q.
10
     comparable rate band that would be applicable to their
11
     small rural exchanges?
12
                    That is correct, for the companies that are
13
     at issue in this particular proceeding.
14
                   So roughly trying to come up with R-1 rates
15
     that are comparable to the rates and the calling scopes of
16
     small rural companies that are petitioners in this case?
17
                   That is correct. And this is just the R-1
18
     rate with no surcharges or anything added.
19
                   No subscriber line charge or anything like
      Q.
20
     that?
21
      Α.
                    Correct.
22
                    So these rates would be roughly comparable
      Q.
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to those that we have in Exhibit 18, as far as existing R-1

Right, as far as existing.

23

24

25

Α.

rates are concerned?

25

1 Okay. And I believe earlier in your 2 testimony, maybe it's the page before, but you indicate that these three carriers have implemented LNP surcharges 4 ranging from a low of 50 cents per subscriber per month to 5 a high of 80 cents --6 Correct. 7 Ο. -- per subscriber per month? 8 Correct. Α. 9 Would you agree with me that if we took the Ο. 10 lowest LNP surcharge of 50 cents and expressed that as a 11 percentage of the highest rate, which I believe is the 12 13.57 there with Sprint, that would give us on a percentage 13 basis, the lowest value or the lowest percentage of an LNP 14 surcharge in the state at approximately 3.7 percent? I'm not sure about the percent, but I would 15 16 agree with your methodology. 17 Okay. Fair enough. And conversely, if we Q. 18 wanted to see on a percent basis how high an LNP surcharge 19 might be relative to the existing R-1 rate, we take the 80 20 cent surcharge and divide that by the lowest rate 21 available, which is the 7.49, 7.49 for Southwestern Bell? Right. Since these are just averages or 22 23 comparison, that would be fair. Okay. And are you prepared to say that that 24

would be approximately 10.7 percent?

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00234
 1
                    That looks about right.
       Α.
 2
                    Okay. So at least with respect to the large
     companies, if we just want to ballpark what an LNP
 4
     surcharge is relative to R-1 rates, it's in the
 5
     neighborhood of 3 to 4 percent on the low end or 10 to 11
 6
     percent on the high end?
 7
      Α.
                     That sounds about right.
 8
                    MR. ENGLAND: Thank you very much. No other
 9
     questions.
10
                     JUDGE RUTH: Public Counsel?
11
                    MS. O'NEILL: No questions, your Honor.
12
                     JUDGE RUTH: Commissioner Murray, do you
13
     have any questions for the witness at this time?
14
     QUESTIONS BY COMMISSIONER MURRAY:
15
                    Good afternoon.
       Q.
16
                     Good afternoon.
       Α.
17
                    The FCC order that your counsel asked us to
18
     take notice of, do you have a copy of that?
19
                    Yes, I do.
       Α.
20
       Q.
                     I was trying to read through it a moment
21
     ago, and it appears that the FCC denied petitions for
22
     waiver, as well as for an extension of the porting
     deadline. Is that your understanding?
23
24
                     Yes, uh-huh.
       Α.
25
       Q.
                    And the petitions for waiver, I'm trying to
```

25

see how they -- what was actually being petitioned there. 1 Well, I think what -- I mean, it may be in the way they're wording it. It says, for instance, in paragraph 1, the second sentence, the FCC says, we deny the 5 waiver request based on a finding that the petitioners had failed to demonstrate that special circumstances exist to warrant an extension. So I think it's probably one and the same thing; it's not two different issues. 8 9 It sounds as if they're using that 10 interchangeably to me, as I read it also. Α. 11 Uh-huh. 12 So we're not looking at an issue here where the FCC dealt with the rating and routing requirement? 13 14 Right. Everything I've seen from the FCC 15 indicates that they plan to do it at a different time. 16 On the third paragraph there, under pet --17 background and then it's petitions, I was wondering if you 18 could shed some light on what Yorkville was requesting 19 where it says Yorkville also requested a three-month 20 extension of time to support nationwide roaming of ported 21 numbers and to participate in passes of number field. Do 22 you know what they're referring to with nationwide roaming 23 of ported numbers? 24 No, I do not. With several of the petitions

that were filed before the FCC and then also with other

- states, all that we have seen are things like this where it's the ultimate order or press release. We haven't seen the full petitions where it outlines their issues.
- Q. Do you know anything about nationwide roaming of ported numbers?
- 6 A. No. I'm just familiar with roaming just in 7 the general sense.
- 8 Q. And is that -- is roaming a technique that 9 could be used to solve the routing and -- the rating and 10 routing issues?
- 11 I don't think so, because typically with 12 roaming, unless, say, for instance, two wireless carriers, 13 which is the environment that we've been working in, unless 14 they had some kind of special arrangements where it may 15 appear a customer's roaming but they don't take all the 16 charges, typically the customer pays significantly more for 17 what is known as a roaming call. They pay perhaps a per 18 day fee for being in that area and plus a lot of times a 19 substantial per minute fee also.
- 20 Q. Now, the extension that was denied here was 21 just a request for three months extensions, is that --
- 22 well, actually, that was only for the --
- 23 A. That was just for the one piece.
- Q. Okay. Then they were requesting an
- 25 extension until September 24th of some parts and November

23

24

25

way was timely.

1 24th of other implementation? I think what that's doing is stating different parties' positions in the background section. 4 Q. Oh. 5 Different carriers. What we've seen is that Α. a lot of times in a particular area different carriers, just like what we're seeing here, they would ask for different times, depending on what their needs were. 8 9 Okay. Under discussion on page 3 of the 10 order, it states, we find that petitioners have failed to 11 demonstrate that the technical readiness issues they cite 12 as the basis for their waiver request could not have been 13 prevented had petitioners made a timely effort to prepare 14 for porting. Do you have an opinion in this case with the 15 16 various carriers whether they made timely efforts to 17 prepare for porting? 18 I think in the group of companies that we're Α. 19 talking about right now, they consider the cost 20 substantial, and so they looked at their costs and made the determination that it was not appropriate to implement LNP. 21 22 So as far as making timely decisions, their decision that

that, I think, you know, speaking -- not wanting to speak

As far as if they had done anything prior to

- on their behalf, but my perception would be that they didn't feel that they should go that far without having a determination as to whether they would have to actually implement LNP or not.

 O. So is it your understanding that they thin
 - Q. So is it your understanding that they think they may never have to implement LNP or that they think the cost of doing it will go down, or what? What is the purpose of the delay?
- 9 From my discussions for the group that we're 10 talking about right now, they think that if they get their 11 suspension for two years, that in that time there would be 12 technological differences that perhaps would make it more 13 attractive to implement, whether the rates would go down, 14 the prices would go down at that time, or there would be 15 new technology that would provide a larger benefit to the 16 consumers that would be paying for the implementation 17 charges, those types of things. And so the two years would 18 buy more time for changes.
- 19 Q. So you would not expect the carriers to come 20 back at the end of two years and ask for another extension, 21 or would you?
- 22 A. I would hope that they would not. I don't 23 know that I would say I wouldn't expect them to.
- Q. The paragraph 10 on this order, this FCC order on page 4 under the public interest?

1 A. Uh-huh. 2 Q. Would you mind reading that entire paragraph

out loud?

A. Okay. This is the paragraph from the FCC's order, and I don't have the exhibit number that it was entered under, paragraph 10, public interest. We conclude also that petitioners have failed to show that granting their request for waiver would serve the public interest. The Commission's number portability requirements are an important tool for promoting competition and bringing more choices to consumers.

These benefits are particularly important in smaller markets across the country where competition may be less robust. Accordingly, it is in the public interest that carriers implement porting as quickly as possible. Granting petitioners waiver requests would slow the LNP process and limit the choices available to consumers in the markets petitioner is selling. In addition, allowing petitioners each to establish different implementation schedules could cause confusion among consumers considering porting their numbers.

Q. Do you have an opinion as to the whether the public interest would be served by implementing LNP?

A. I think especially for the group of companies that we're talking about today, the public

1 interest would be served by implementing LNP. During our cost review, we determined that cost would not be so substantial such as to burden the customer, and it would provide the benefits of choice in those areas, promote the 5 competition as the FCC is looking for here, and then also allow these areas potentially to participate in thousand block pooling. 8 And these are smaller -- these would qualify Q. 9 as the smaller markets across the country where competition 10 may be less robust than in most areas, are they not? 11 These meaning the companies in Missouri? Α. 12 That are here before us in this case. Q. 13 Α. They're some of the larger of the small 14 companies that are before the Commission. Are they -- is competition in their areas 15 16 less robust than in more urban areas? 17 Yes, it is. Α. 18 And Staff was recommending a six-month Q. 19 suspension even though the costs are insignificant, 20 according to Staff's analysis. Why is Staff recommending 21 any suspension at all? 22 The FCC's original order was issued in 23 November, and it allowed the carriers until May to 24 implement LNP, which was the six months. And so, given 25 that, if the Commission takes the Staff recommendation and

11

12

- requires these companies to be LNP capable, we felt they would probably need the same six months to upgrade their software and any hardware updates that night be needed, those type of things. So it was strictly to allow the time that the FCC had originally allowed between its order and implementation date.
 - Q. But these carriers had the same six months that the FCC allowed, did they not?
- 9 A. That's correct, but they didn't have the 10 Commission's order directing them to implement LNP.
 - Q. So in Missouri, how many carriers became LNP ready without a Commission order, a state commission order ordering them to do so?
- 14 That I'm aware of, it would be SBC, CenturyTel, Sprint, and ALLTEL, and perhaps one other small 15 16 company. And then, of course, there were the companies 17 that we had the on-the-record proceeding last week or the 18 week before, whenever that was, of the companies that were 19 strictly seeking modification, that their switches were LNP 20 capable but they were looking for modification for the 21 rating and routing issues.
- Q. And the carriers that are not LNP ready -and did not those that did not use that six months that the FCC had given to become LNP ready, is it your opinion that they filed petitions with this Commission asking for

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- suspensions and that the filing of those petitions relieved them of the duty to become LNP ready, just the fact that they had them pending?
 - A. Let me see if I understand what you're asking. The fact that the petitions were pending relieved them of their obligation?
- $\ensuremath{\text{7}}$ Q. To be ready at the time the FCC had ordered $\ensuremath{\text{8}}$ them to do so?
- 9 A. In my opinion, I don't know if I would 10 characterize it relieved them, but at least it postponed 11 it, because they were waiting for a decision from the state 12 commission as to whether they could receive the suspensions 13 or not under the terms of the Act.
 - Q. Do you think the -- what if this Commission were to deny any further suspension, do you think it's possible that these carriers could become LNP ready?
 - A. I think it's possible they could become LNP ready. I don't think they could do it by -- I think August 7th is the current suspension date. They would have to contact vendors and make the upgrades to their hardware and software, that type of thing.
- I was noticing in the FCC's order that we were talking about earlier, it looks like they allowed 60 days, and so it seems like even the FCC recognized that it couldn't be simultaneous.

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- Q. I noticed that also. The FCC denied the suspension, but said they would not enforce it for 60 days.

 A. Right.
- 4 Q. Is it your opinion that these carriers could 5 be LNP ready in 60 days from the date of order that we 6 issue?
 - A. I really don't know. I mean, it depends on the vendor largely. I know from some of the things I've been reading, the vendors are backed up, because this is a nationwide event. There are carriers across the nation that are asking for the suspensions and either receiving them or being denied. The ones that have been denied have to go to the vendors at that point and there's only a limited number of vendors.
- 15 Q. Do you know how many states have been 16 denying the suspensions?
- A. I don't have an exact number. I do have a spreadsheet that talks about the various states, and a lot of them, it's not easy to say they said yes or no completely, because they did like what we have here, where different carriers are asking for different things or have different circumstances. And so they might have granted for some carriers, denied it for other carriers.
- Some of the states have done similar to this Commission where they've given a limited suspension to

25

1 allow time for further proceedings, and then there's other commissions that have granted the request. And some of them are just for a few months. Others are for a couple 4 years. So it's pretty much all over the board. 5 And some states have denied them altogether; 6 is that correct? 7 Α. That's correct. 8 Do you know how many that is? Q. Just one second. Michigan denied. 9 Α. 10 And let me ask you, was that denial generic Ο. 11 enough that the petitions for suspension did not continue? 12 In other words, was that denial clear that they were not 13 going to grant suspensions, or do you know? 14 It just says denied request for extension 15 until 12/8/03, 2/12/04 and 2/20/04. It doesn't give any more details. These apparently were in the top 100 MSAs by 16 17 the dates, I'm guessing, since they were before the May 18 date. 19 New York denied several companies. It says, 20 carrier petition seeks six-month extension beyond the date the FCC clarifies wireless to wireline porting rules, and 21 they -- it was denied on April 19th, and they had to 22 implement by May 24th. But it doesn't give details as to 23 24 what the issues were there.

Q. And do you know in either of those dates

25

1 whether there was a request for modification? Not that I'm aware of. Looks like Washington denied a couple, and it doesn't give any 4 details. Again, it looks like it was probably carriers in 5 the top 100 MSAs, in that area. And then the FCC, at least as the most recent -- as of the most recent report I have, 7 had some petitions that it denied. 8 What was that, the last one? Q. 9 Α. FCC. 10 So between, let's say, two months and six Ο. 11 months, why did Staff settle upon six months as a 12 suspension period to recommend? 13 Well, at the time we weren't aware that 14 anybody was granting any extensions even for the two months, and we felt that the six-months was consistent with 15 16 what the FCC allowed from the time it issued its order to 17 the time it required it for these carriers. 18 And in terms of the cost -- perhaps I'll let Q. 19 the Judge ask this question regarding -- because it's from 20 a summary that she prepared for us about the costs, and I believe -- so Ms. Dietrich, is it Staff's position that 21 22 granting an extension or a suspension for six additional 23 months is in the public interest? 24 Yes, just to allow time for them to do what

they need to make number portability available.

00246 1 And do you see any reason at all that we 2 should consider a longer period of time than six months? Not for the group that we're talking about 4 this afternoon. 5 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Thank you. 6 JUDGE RUTH: Ms. Dietrich, the other Commissioners are not present. It's possible I may need to recall you, but we're going to move on to recross, and then we may bring you back later for some more questions from 9 10 the Bench, if that makes sense. Okay. For recross, 11 Petitioners? 12 MR. ENGLAND: Thank you. 13 JUDGE RUTH: I just want to go ahead. There 14 may not be any additional questions from the Bench, but if 15 there are, we'll do this part again. MR. ENGLAND: Okay. Thank you. 16 17 RECROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. ENGLAND: 18 Ms. Dietrich, I've got sort of a string of Q. 19 questions that follow up on some questions you were asked 20 by Commissioner Murray in no particular order, just the way 21 I've written them down. 22 Α. Okay. 23 JUDGE RUTH: Can I interrupt you? I'm

sorry. I'm going to have you sit down. I was going to ask the question Commissioner Murray was talking about later,

00247 1 but I think I'll do it now. Some of the Commissioners had 2 a question. MR. ENGLAND: I thought maybe for purpose of 4 broadcast you wanted me to do the questioning from the 5 Bench. 6 JUDGE RUTH: No, I'm sorry. My question's not going to be proprietary, but it's possible that the answer will be proprietary information for your client, and if so, you're going to have to interrupt me. But -- and 9 10 you may need to grab a document to follow along with this 11 question. 12 QUESTIONS BY JUDGE RUTH: 13 But the question applies to several cases, 14 but right now I'm looking at TO-2004-0439, Rock Port, and I 15 don't actually have that in front of me, but I have some notes that indicate, I believe it's on page 7 and 9, 16 17 perhaps where there's some information regarding costs, 18 some numbers. I don't want to say those aloud yet. 19 Are we talking about Stip & Agreement; is Α. 20 that the document? 21 Q. Yes. 22 Okay. These were filed in the documents so Α. 23 they're probably not HC, but how you got to them may be. 24 I'm not sure.

439 Stip & Agreement on page 7, paragraph

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00248
 1
     16, and then page 9, paragraph 23. Could you just explain
     the difference between those two calculations, what's going
     on there? Do you see where I'm talking about?
 4
                    I don't appear to have a copy of that
      Α.
 5
     Stipulation & Agreement.
 6
                    MR. MEYER: May I approach?
 7
                    JUDGE RUTH: Are you going to hand her 439
 8
     Stip & Agreement?
 9
                    MR. MEYER: That's what I'd like to do.
10
                    JUDGE RUTH: You might just briefly show it
11
     to the other counsel so they see you have the correct
12
     document.
13
     BY JUDGE RUTH:
14
       Q.
                    And on page 7, it's paragraph 16 --
15
      Α.
                    Yes.
16
                    -- talks about the LNP charge necessary to
17
     recover implementation and referring cost, and then on page
18
     9, paragraph 23, the LNP monthly customer charge?
19
                    Right.
       Α.
20
       Q.
                    Just could you clarify those?
21
                    Yes. Paragraph 16 in each one of the
22
     petitions, I think it's the same paragraph, is the actual
     cost as reflected on Exhibit 18. The paragraph 23 number
23
     apparently was left in there from the first Stipulation &
24
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Agreement that was completed, and then when we were

00249 1 reviewing them, we missed the second reference to a number. So in both paragraphs they either should have the same number, or I think Mr. England provided an exhibit this 4 morning or during the break, whenever it was, that actually 5 changed page 9 of each. 6 Q. Okay. 7 Α. So paragraph 16 is the correct number. 8 Thank you. That's the clarification. And Q. we did have all those exhibits offered this morning or this 9 10 afternoon and received, but obviously I haven't been able 11 to compare all the pages. 12 Α. Right. 13 So that page 9 for each one will take care 14 of that question? 15 Correct. Α. 16 JUDGE RUTH: Commissioner Murray, does that 17 answer it? 18 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Except, I believe, 19 rather than page 9 for each one taking care of the 20 question, wouldn't it be that we'd refer to page 7 for each 21 one? 22 JUDGE RUTH: They filed a new page 9 and

it's in that huge file that I gave you. Now that I think

MR. ENGLAND: Commissioner Murray,

about it, I think it takes out some sentences.

23 24

25

1 Ms. Dietrich was absolutely correct. When we did the first stipulation, which was sort of our template, the numbers in paragraph 16 and 23 were identical, but when we did the subsequent stipulations, we changed the number in 16 to be 5 accurate for each company because they are different. We neglected to change the number in paragraph 23. So to correct that, what we did was for a revised page 9 was just 8 drop that sentence and that number, so there was no 9 inconsistency in those. 10 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Thank you. I 11 understand now. 12 MR. ENGLAND: I'm sorry for the error and 13 the confusion it caused. 14 JUDGE RUTH: Some of us read everything 15 ahead of time. Okay. And I'm sorry I had to interrupt you, Mr. England. Come back up now that we've taken care 16 17 of that question and you may proceed. 18 MR. ENGLAND: 19 RECROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. ENGLAND: 20 Ms. Dietrich, you were asked some questions 21 about the two-year suspension and the fact that that might 22 give the company opportunities to pursue other technologies 23 that might be less expensive or provide more features for 24 the same price, I believe?

A. Right.

25

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1
                   It would also give perhaps some time to see
 2
    what happens with the appeals that have been taken by the
     various rural telephone organizations of the FCC's
 4
     intermodal porting order as well, would it not?
 5
                   I think from your perspective it would allow
 6
     that time. I think we would disagree. It definitely
     allows that time, but we think the Commission's order --
     the FCC's order requires the porting at this time.
 8
                   Right. But if an appeals court determines
 9
10
    that the FCC made an error, whether it's on a lawful or
11
     factual basis and reverses it, it would be a shame for
12
    these companies to have implemented LNP only to find out
13
     that on appeal or on remand from the appeal that they don't
14
    have that obligation, wouldn't it?
15
      Α.
                    It would definitely cause some confusion.
16
                    And cost some unnecessarily spent monies?
      Q.
17
                   Correct. Well, perhaps not unnecessarily,
      Α.
18
    but monies that would not have had to have been spent in
19
    the beginning.
20
                   Also with respect to the suspension, I think
      Q.
21
     you had a question or something along the lines of why not
22
    two months versus six months, and I think you -- one of
23
     your answers, if it wasn't in relation to that, it was
24
    nevertheless, I think, relevant to that. You pointed out
```

that some of these vendors supply switches on a nationwide

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1
    basis?
 2
                    Correct.
      Α.
                   And they are getting requests on a
      Q.
 4
    nationwide basis from a number of companies to get in there
 5
     and do the necessary software and hardware changes to get
     them up to LNP standards, right?
 7
      Α.
                    Right.
 8
                    And have you heard some anecdotal evidence
      Q.
 9
     that they can't necessarily get in in 60 days if we were to
10
     call them today, that it might take some time because of
11
     that nationwide demand?
12
                   Not specifically 60 days, but they are
     Α.
13
     getting backed up, and it would take some time.
14
                   Okay. With respect to the May 24th FCC
15
     order that your counsel asked notice be taken of, do you
16
     have that?
17
      Α.
                    Yes.
18
      Q.
                    First of all, I note that this decision was
19
     issued by a John Muletta, chief of the wireless
20
     telecommunications bureau. Do you see that?
21
      Α.
                    Yes, I do.
22
                    So it doesn't appear that any of the
23
     Commissioners specifically signed off on this, does it?
24
                    I don't see any reference to their names,
25
    no.
```

17

18

25

- 1 And also I believe that this order was 2 issued before Chairman Powell issued his recent correspondence to NERUC regarding small company requests 4 for suspension and modification and his concern for their 5 cost impacts. Would that be a fair statement? 6 It looks like it, yes. Α. 7 And, in fact, and I've only looked at this 8 very briefly, there doesn't appear to be any cost 9 information regarding these carriers? 10 And that's what I was attempting to explain 11 to Commissioner Murray, is that all we have seen is what 12 very limited information is either put in orders or press 13 releases, and not having the privilege of seeing the 14 petition or any other evidence. 15 Finally, the question regarding roaming, it 16 appears that one of the Petitioners here was actually a
 - wireless company, was it not?
 - Choice Wireless, yes.
- 19 And could not that roaming request have to Q. 20 do with requirements that are specific to the wireless carriers, and in that regard the wireless carrier was 21 seeking an extension or suspension of its obligation under 22 23 FCC rules as they apply to wireless carriers to do certain 24 things including roaming and number resource conservation?

I think it's reasonable to assume that the

- 1 roaming was related to the wireless carrier.
- 2 Q. You also had some questions about companies
- 3 that had implemented LNP, and I think you indicated that
- 4 SBC, Sprint, CenturyTel, ALLTEL, to the best of your
- 5 knowledge, have implemented intermodal wireline to wireless
- 6 LNP?
- 7 A. That's correct.
- 8 Q. Would you agree with me that they probably
- 9 represent 90 percent of the access lines in the state?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And then we in the two proceedings that
- 12 we've had today, we've had 19 -- roughly 19 small companies
- 13 that are seeking suspension and modification to some degree
- or another?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 Q. But prior to that, we've had approximately,
- 17 I think there are a total of 37 small companies in the
- 18 state, so we've had approximately if I -- if I deduct the
- 19 19 from the 37, 18 that have gone ahead and implemented
- 20 LNP?
- 21 A. Right, and I attempted to follow up with
- 22 making note of that, that there were some.
- Q. And you did. I'm just trying to put it in
- 24 perspective that these 19 carriers probably serve access
- 25 lines that represent maybe less than 5 percent now of the

- access lines in the state that aren't LNP capable, right?

 A. I don't remember the access lines of the
 ones that were in the previous case, but I would say it's
 somewhere around that.
- Q. I mean, fairly large companies, Fidelity who has 15 to 20,000 access lines. Seneca, Goodman, Ozark collectively has 8,000, Cass County probably has 8. I mean, those -- I think we're talking about a fairly small percentage of access lines that are not currently LNP capable. Would you agree with me?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. Thank you. And I think you indicated to 13 Commissioner Murray that Missouri's not the only state 14 that's grappling with these requests for suspension and 15 modification?
 - A. That's correct.
- 17 And when you look at those, and I think you Ο. 18 accurately noted, they really are sort of company specific, 19 depending on their circumstances. What they need to do to 20 be number capable -- or number portability capable and costs, there's a variety of issue that makes it difficult 21 22 to make an apples to apples comparison between those 23 decisions and necessarily what's going on in this state, 24 though, correct?
- 25 A. Or at least to be able to make a blanket

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00256
 1
     statement that states have denied them for similar
 2
     requests.
 3
       Q.
                    Or granted them, too?
 4
       Α.
                    Oh, right. Correct.
 5
                    MR. ENGLAND: Okay. Thank you. That's all
 6
     the questions I have.
 7
                    JUDGE RUTH: Public Counsel?
 8
                    MS. O'NEILL: No further -- no questions,
 9
     your Honor.
10
                    JUDGE RUTH: And redirect?
11
                    MR. MEYER: Thank you.
12
     REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. MEYER:
13
                    Very briefly. Ms. Dietrich, as part of your
14
     job, do you actually receive information relating to
     proceedings in other states and elsewhere that involve
15
16
     local number portability?
17
                    I don't necessarily receive information, but
      Α.
18
     I see news articles, press releases, participate on
19
     conference calls, attend meetings, things like that, where
20
     I interact with other states and get their positions and
21
     their perspectives.
22
                    You referenced a spreadsheet that you had
23
     derived some information from?
24
                    Yes.
      Α.
25
      Q.
                    Could you explain a little bit more about
```

00257 1 what that is? 2 This particular spreadsheet that I was referencing earlier was a spreadsheet that was put together 4 by the New Store, which is the number administrator, and 5 they gather the information from all the states, like for instance in our state, we have a Staff person that's been working with me to keep our information updated. I'm assuming the other states have done the same thing. And 9 then it's distributed. 10 Do you have any other sources of information Ο. 11 that you relied upon to monitor or become aware of what's 12 going on in other states? 13 Just like I said, there's conference calls, 14 press releases, list serves that I belong to. We exchange quite a bit of information. 15 16 MR. MEYER: I believe that's all I have. 17 Thank you. 18 JUDGE RUTH: Ms. Dietrich, you may step 19 down, but it's possible that you'll be recalled later for 20 additional questions from the Bench. 21 THE WITNESS: Okay. 22 JUDGE RUTH: Public Counsel, would you like 23 to call your witness?

MS. O'NEILL: Yes. We'd call Barbara

24

25

Meisenheimer.

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1
                   (Witness sworn.)
 2
                   JUDGE RUTH: Thank you. You may be seated,
   and these -- Exhibits 80 through 89, right --
                   MS. O'NEILL: Yes.
 4
 5
                   JUDGE RUTH: -- have been received into the
 6
    record.
 7
    BARBARA MEISENHEIMER testified as follows:
    DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. O'NEILL:
 8
9
                  Could you state your name for record,
10
    please?
11
    A.
                  Barbara Meisenheimer.
12
     Q.
                  How are you employed?
13
                  I'm chief economist with the Missouri Office
14
    of the Public Counsel.
                   And you're the witness who prepared exhibits
15
    that are in evidence, 80 through 89, in these case numbers
16
17
    that were admitted here this afternoon; is that correct?
18
                   That's correct.
19
                   MS. O'NEILL: With those -- as those have
20
    already been admitted into evidence, I would tender the
21
    witness for cross-examination.
22
                   JUDGE RUTH: Thank you. Petitioners?
                   MR. ENGLAND: Thank you, your Honor.
23
24 Hopefully I can do this with one question. No promises.
25
    CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. ENGLAND:
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00259
 1
                   Ms. Meisenheimer, do you know if your office
 2
     has received any consumer complaints about the lack of
     wireline to wireless LNP in small rural company exchanges?
 4
      Α.
                   Not to my knowledge.
 5
                    MR. ENGLAND: Thank you. No other
 6
     questions.
 7
                    JUDGE RUTH: Staff?
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                   MR. MEYER: Thank you.
 9
    CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. MEYER:
10
     Q. Good afternoon.
11
      Α.
                   Good afternoon.
12
                   Ms. Meisenheimer, I'm going to refer to your
      Q.
13
     testimony probably in a more generic sense, because I think
14
     the pagination is probably the same in all cases. On page
15
     3 at the bottom and page 4 at the top of your testimony,
16
     you have a reference to FCC proceedings involving
17
     unresolved issues, kind of in a generic sense, and then go
18
     on to state specific issues that you believe need to be
19
     resolved. Are you where I am?
20
                   Yeah, I'm there.
21
                    Do you have any knowledge or sense of a time
      Q.
    frame as far as resolution of those issues that you've
22
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reliability, to the extent that one of the difficulties

With respect to the issue of service

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enumerated here at the FCC?

- 1 between -- or in porting from wireline to wireless is that there is a different time period during which wireline carriers and the time period during which wireless carriers generally complete the updating of information and 5 databases, and since there's a discrepancy, if I remember correctly, wireline carriers have I think it's four days. It was actually described in one of the FCC discussions. And wireless carriers do it in two and a half hours, there's a period of time during which, if a call is placed 9 10 from, say, for example, a wireless phone it might be routed 11 to the incorrect place with respect to identifying the 12 location of the customer. So that is one. In terms of --13 Is there an FCC fix that's perhaps pending Q. 14 on that? 15 There were alternatives or there are Α. 16 alternatives that have been considered. To my knowledge, 17 none of them have been accepted. And these proceedings ran 18 in working groups at the NANC, North American Numbering 19 Council. Those working group investigations have gone on 20 for years about how to resolve some of these issues. Now, 21 the NANC works on a consensus basis, so certainly that may 22 be part of the difficulty, but nonetheless, the technical 23 issues still remain, with that as one example. Do you want 24 me to --
- Q. Would you like to give another example?

A. With respect to customer confusion, I'm particularly concerned that I'm not aware of any process that's been developed to ensure that, say, for example a customer that ports their number from a wireline carrier to a wireless carrier, who are they to go to? If -- or another example might be if a customer gets slammed, that is their provider is changed, if it's local to local, landline, then both of those would be covered under the certifications granted at the state commission.

Once you get into the world of wireless, that's different, and so it's the FCC. To my knowledge, I'm not aware of any processes that were put in place at the FCC, except where that maybe a customer could randomly call, and I'm not sure what direction they would be given about how to resolve issues.

With respect to billing, I think there may be cases where calls come in, hit a tandem, and then the billing records could go on to the incumbent LEC that used to serve the customer.

Meanwhile, the customer switched to a wireless carrier. That issue I'm not -- I'm not familiar with, with the particular time frame. The customer confusion that I -- and the examples I described, to my knowledge, I'm not aware of a proceeding to address all those kind of customer confusion issues.

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Conflicts between local and federal requirements, and intercarrier compensation issues, this rating and routing process, I do realize that the FCC has claimed that they intend to address this in another proceeding. My experience as a NANC member, as a member of the universal service joint board staff and as a member of the SUCA who's filed comments in numerous proceedings at the FCC or helped draft those, is that many times issues do not get resolved quickly. It can literally be years until issues are resolved.

- Do you feel as though these issues that you've just been discussing are specific to wireless to wireline local number portability, or do these issues get raised simply in the wireless to wireless context and other contexts beyond that?
- The issues that arise from the difference in Α. time that it takes to update databases from wireline and wire -- or between wireline and wireless carriers, I view that as there are instances where that type of thing could happen, but since the time intervals are aligned, it's not going to happen, I don't think, as much. So I view this as primarily an intermodal issue with respect to updating some 23 of that information and aligning the transition times for the various carriers.

With respect to customer confusion,

certainly there was customer confusion in a wireline-only environment for porting. I think that this issue that we are now going from an intrastate jurisdictional service, that is local service in -- offered by local exchange carriers versus a local service offered by a carrier that's regulated in the interstate jurisdiction. I believe there to be issues that are unique or exaggerated, if you will, because of difference between intermodal porting from just regular landline porting.

With respect to billing, I believe that to

With respect to billing, I believe that to be an issue that, in my mind, is primarily attributable to this concept of porting outside of the local calling scope area, and therefore, I would argue that there are aspects of it that are associated with intermodal conflicts between local and federal requirements on intercarrier compensation. Once again, an example would be this requirement that the calls need to be ported outside of the local calling scope to be completed to a wireless carrier. I view that as uniquely an intermodal — that is in comparison to wireline to wireline.

Now, there's a whole other realm that is wireless to wireless, which is not as much an area that I'm familiar with, so I will probably stop at the comparison I've given you.

Q. Thank you. On page 5, line 17 of your

1 testimony, that starts with the -- that's the beginning of a sentence that addresses your views on why the FCC has taken -- or I'm sorry -- on what actions the FCC has taken relative to requirement. And you state that the FCC 5 believes interconnection agreements are not necessary to prevent unjust or unreasonable charges or practices by wireless carriers. 8 It appears that the order itself actually 9 just stopped at saying the agreements were not necessary. 10 Could you explain how you made that leap to that 11 interconnection agreements are not necessary to prevent 12 unjust or unreasonable charges or practices? 13 Α. Can you direct me to the point in the order? 14 Q. I can give it a try. Do you have a copy of the order? I guess I should start with that. 15 No, I don't. 16 17 Ο. Okay. 18 I have -- I have little piece parts, but --Α. 19 MR. MEYER: May I approach the witness? 20 JUDGE RUTH: Yes, you may. 21 BY MR. MEYER: 22 I'm going to have to give you my copy. I Q. 23 believe it's somewhere in the neighborhood of paragraph 34. 24 I'm sorry to be taking a few minutes. 25 Oftentimes you get additional information that's contained

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     in an Order by looking, you know, at where they summarize
     the arguments, the parties as well as the discussion.
       Q.
                    Okay.
 4
       Α.
                    And can you direct me again to the point in
 5
     my testimony?
 6
                    I'm sorry. Page 5, approximately line 17,
 7
     where you're summarizing the FCC statements.
 8
                    Yes.
       Α.
                    The first part certainly tracks the
 9
10
     paragraph in the federal communications order?
11
                    Specifically are you talking about line 17
       Α.
12
     to line 19.
13
       Q.
                    Yes.
14
       Α.
                    The sentence --
15
       Q.
                    Yes.
16
      Α.
                    I would direct you to paragraph 35 in the
17
     FCC's order. First we conclude that interconnection
18
     agreements are not necessary to prevent unjust or
19
     unreasonable charges or practices by wireless carriers with
20
     respect to porting. That's the basis for why.
21
                    Would you like to explain that, if you have
22
     any opinion on that? Is that a valid assumption?
23
                    Did you want your order back?
       Α.
24
                    Sure.
       Q.
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MR. MEYER: May I approach the witness?

JUDGE RUTH: Yes.

THE WITNESS: Yes, I do have an opinion on it, and the opinion is that I believe that there was really not a full consideration of the potential impact that this obligation can pose in certain cases, and in particular, one where someone or some company would be required to take numbers outside a local calling scope and outside the existing bounds of the interconnection agreement in terms and conditions of exchanging traffic, I don't think that that was fully considered.

I think the FCC has admitted that they

I think the FCC has admitted that they intend to deal with that elsewhere and have not yet. The FCC has taken out specifically a requirement for interconnection, and I think that was pretty much based on an assumption that it was going to be just the same kind of exchange of traffic, nothing new, nothing different.

Therefore, they believe that things were in place in terms of the rates, there weren't going to be new requirements, new obligations to secure facilities for the transport of traffic. And so, you know, the -- they didn't, I don't think, really view it in all cases to be as complicated or requiring as much as it will require of small companies in the state of Missouri.

Now, specifically the FCC then said -- and I think it was in that context, that's my reading of that

00267 1 full section of the FCC order -- that, therefore, there would be no interconnection agreement needed, and once you take away the requirement for an interconnection agreement 4 for -- that would be contained under Section 251 of the Act 5 -- and I could give you the section if I had a copy of the 6 7 MR. MEYER: I could provide that. May I 8 approach? 9 JUDGE RUTH: Yes. 10 THE WITNESS: That would be real helpful. 11 JUDGE RUTH: Show the document again to 12 counsel so they'll see what you have. 13 THE WITNESS: Incumbent local exchange 14 companies under the Act have an obligation to provide 15 certain things. One of those things that they are required to provide is interconnection; another is unbundled access. 16 17 In the case of these additional obligations, the Act sets 18 forth requirements with respect to determining how are the 19 details of that going to be worked out in terms of the 20 pricing? 21 Section 252 identifies the process by which 22 carriers which need to interconnect for the exchange of 23 traffic, which is described in 251, part C, part A of the 24 Act, carriers that negotiate interconnection agreements on

a voluntary basis and can come to agreement on terms and

conditions, a state commission simply has the authority to accept or reject those, and there is no mandatory cost-based pricing standard. In other words, you don't have to ensure that rates are based on cost or that those rates are -- I'd better not go too far.

Let me find the section. Okay. It says that if agreements are negotiated, they can be entered into without reference to two other sections, one of them that has to do with arbitration. The other has to do with the standards for arbitration, which ultimately lead potentially to a pricing standard that would be required based on cost plus a reasonable profit.

So in other words, what the FCC did is it said, you don't have to have interconnection agreements. Therefore, what it said is that since interconnection agreements aren't obligated, the state commission's normal authority that would flow along with interconnection agreements is no longer in place. So I am not convinced at this point, and in addition, the FCC has required that small companies have to deliver this traffic. I believe that that was their intent, that traffic would be delivered.

Now, certainly this Commission has the authority to make modifications, but I mean, that is my view of how the FCC order reads. And if that's true, then

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1 the small companies are put in the position of having to complete traffic and to arrange for compensation, but there's nothing to control what the cost of that compensation is going to be. And I found very unpersuasive 5 the FCC's statement regarding this that dealt with there is a lot of competition for wireless and, therefore, we're not worried about it. I don't know what that meant. 8 BY MR. MEYER: 9 I think this may lead into my next question, 10 which actually was about the next sentence that you have in 11 your testimony on the bottom of page 5, where you have a 12 reference to the FCC requiring the LEC having to deliver 13 the traffic, but then referenced that it's possible they 14 may not receive compensation for delivery of that traffic. 15 Could you explain how -- what you just stated and how you 16 formed that conclusion? 17 I could look in the FCC order again for the 18 place that I got that for. I'm sorry. I gave it back to 19 you. 20 MR. MEYER: May I reapproach? 21 JUDGE RUTH: Yes. THE WITNESS: I'm sorry for the delay. If 22 23 you don't mind I'll keep looking. Otherwise, I would be 24 willing to say that that statement, I believe, is contained

within the context of this order. That's where I got that

from.

Also, I would point to that carriers are obligated to exchange traffic just simply under the Act, and at least I can give you specifically in section -- or in paragraph 36. I'm sorry. It's in 37. They say number portability by itself does not create new obligations with regard to exchange of traffic between the carriers involved and the port.

Now, I don't necessarily fully agree with that, but at least to the question you asked me, it does indicate that carriers would be held under the same obligation, I think you can inference that from that, and the Act requires carriers to exchange traffic. BY MR. MEYER:

- Q. Perhaps as a result of that, perhaps from another source, do you think it's possible that there's a contradiction between the concept that the LEC has to deliver the traffic potentially without compensation but it can recover the cost from customers that didn't switch of the local number portability implementation?
- A. I would say that the intent is that they
 have to deliver the traffic, that they are going to incur
 cost to do it, that the FCC hasn't fully addressed the
 issue, but if they're to deliver the traffic, it seems to
 me that some kind of combination is going to be asked for

- 1 at least the transport piece, and that ultimately -- and the FCC has said, you may recover costs from customers through a surcharge, so ultimately customers are going to pay a cost that, sitting here today, I cannot say is going 5 to be just nor reasonable.
- 6 Over the course of your testimony in these ten cases, you've indicated that you believe that the amount that will become the local number portability implementation cost will be too much for customers to bear. 9 10 Are you actually saying that, for example, 11 cents is
- 11 actually too much for a customer to bear in these cases?
- 12 Α. The --
- 13 And I think 11 cents was the lowest number, 14 the Grand River number that we have in the stipulation in TO-2004-0456. 15
- 16 What -- can you direct me to a spot in my Α. 17 testimony?
- 18 Q. I think I might be able to, but I think it's 19 more just a global concept, that your view of that this is, 20 in fact, an undue burden on the customers to implement 21 these totally monthly nonrecurring charges?
- 22 I think that some of these charges are 23 outrageous. The concept of a 40 percent -- potentially up 24 to a 40 percent surcharge when there are huge and numerous 25 complaints at the federal level regarding universal service

surcharge that, in some cases, went to the 9 to 12 percent range, it's ridiculous that for a single modification to the network, a single new element to service, we're going to request up to 40 percent, I think the Staff is willing to accept, on a customer's bill that they have to pay every month for service.

We have had arguments over a 13 cent surcharge in the state of Missouri with respect to the equipment distribution task force, with respect to low income programs. The FCC found giving an additional \$1.75 simply because the state would sign off that carriers would use the money to offset low-income customers' bills would be a benefit and make a bill more affordable.

So I would say that even \$1.68 impact could potentially be unaffordable.

- Q. Do you believe that the numbers going on the range down to \$1.68, the \$1.03, the 37 cents and the 11 cents are equally unaffordable or is your perspective from a different direction on those?
- A. The FCC has determined that companies can recover their costs through a surcharge. This is an issue that consumer advocates have fought on numerous occasions regarding numerous surcharges at the federal level. We have been unsuccessful in many cases, so ultimately, you know, envision that there will be some time of a surcharge

00273 1 to recover. That -- from my perspective in terms of the testimony that I filed, I focused primarily on issues related to service quality and other concerns. Certainly we are concerned about surcharges and who is it recovered 5 from. I mean, the concept of cost causation would say those who cause the cost should pay for the cost. So in that sense, I don't think necessarily even an 11 cent 9 surcharge on a landline customer when it will primarily 10 benefit those who leave the landline service is necessarily 11 a reasonable and acceptable charge. 12 MR. MEYER: Okay. Thank you. That's all I 13 have. 14 THE WITNESS: Thanks. 15 JUDGE RUTH: At this time there are not any 16 questions from the Bench, and I'm not sure if there will 17 be, so we will go ahead and move to the redirect. And if 18 necessary, we'll recall this witness, and then we're going 19 to take a short break. We've been going for quite some 20 21 If there aren't any questions from the 22 Bench, that means when we come back, we'll be ready for

JUDGE RUTH: Yes.

MS. O'NEILL: So redirect at this point?

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closing arguments.

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1 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. O'NEILL: Ms. Meisenheimer, you just had a discussion with Mr. Meyer regarding surcharges and the amounts of surcharges. The levels of surcharge -- recurring LNP 5 charges that are put -- are contained in the stipulations, that resolve part of the issues in this case, are those verified numbers or are those some kind of estimate? My understanding is that those numbers are 8 9 estimates, that they could potentially change and, in fact, 10 I would expect them to change in the event that small 11 carriers in the state have to make arrangements with large 12 carriers to transport traffic from the local calling area 13 to wherever the wireless switch is located. And I think 14 that in another proceeding, Mr. Schoonmaker has filed 15 testimony that estimates those costs potentially to be as high as \$100,000. 16 17 Ο. Per company, or do you know? 18 I think that was -- I think that's a fair Α. 19 characterization. I would have to verify that by looking 20 at his testimony, which I have with me. 21 Okay. At any rate, it would be a Q. 22 substantial cost, at least for some of these companies, is 23 that your understanding, as a potential cost? 24 Oh, this is just negotiating contracts,

20,000 to \$100,000 is the range.

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So potentially there could be substantial 2 additional costs? Α. 4 Which would make this 11 percent example 5 that you were discussing with Mr. Meyer probably a low -- a number on the low side, even for the less expensive? Yes, I would believe that that number is 8 low. Now, there -- yes, I would believe that number's low. 9 And when you had -- you said something a Ο. 10 couple minutes ago about people who cause costs should be 11 the one who pay the costs. What concerns do you have 12 regarding this -- the LNP recurring charges and that cost 13 causer, cost payer? Is there anything you would like to 14 add regarding that? 15 When we talk about who causes cost in the 16 context of deploying a telecommunications network, the 17 traditional rate of return regulation concept is that we 18 set rates in the manner that will allow a company an 19 opportunity but not a guarantee to recover their costs. 20 Carriers, wireless carriers, certainly would like to be able to compete for customers that are currently wireline 21 22 customers, and therefore, they make the decisions about

where do they offer service, how much do they spend on

advertising and things like that.

Landline carriers determine where are they

going to put in what new facilities based on their projected ability to offer various services on an ongoing basis. Local number portability, while it certainly helps — I mean, while certainly it provides a benefit to certain customers, I don't think there has been evidence that this is truly driven on an intermodal basis by customer demand.

Now, local number portability between local

Now, local number portability between local carriers in the same -- landline carriers in the same area, I feel pretty strongly that that can be a great benefit to customers. With respect to landline and wireless phones, my experience has been that customers have both often, and so they're more complimentary goods than they are substitutes.

Now, certainly I have heard various numbers talking about how many people have switched their landline to wireless and now were just wireless. Still those numbers are relatively low. So who's causing these costs? My opinion is, it's the industry. It's not the local landline customer that's causing this cost. And, therefore, I'm not sure why whatever those costs work out to be whenever someone decides what those costs are should be recovered on a mandatory flat rate basis from customers through a surcharge. I think they should be treated as any other cost of business, certainly.

The FCC also has allowed but not mandated

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1 that carriers recover these costs through surcharges. That, in my opinion, serves the interest of a regulatory body that oversees things at a national level but not at a state level. They can say, well, we're going to let the 5 carriers recover them this way, but we didn't make them. The problem is that ultimately customers are asked to pay their telephone bill. So whatever's the mandatory charge, ultimately they're asked to pay. 8 Ms. Meisenheimer, if the Commission orders 9 10 these two-year suspensions, do you think it is -- that one 11 of the issues that could be resolved in that intervening 12 time period would be how to better match the payment of 13 these costs with the people or entities that are causing 14 the costs? Is that one of the issues that could be 15 addressed in that intervening time? 16 It could be. I've spoken so far really with 17 respect to the cost that I think that the FCC has talked 18

respect to the cost that I think that the FCC has talked about, switching upgrades and things like this. This additional issue with respect to the costs that may be incurred to transport calls out of local calling area to wherever the wireless carrier's located, I'd say that it's the wireless carrier that causes those costs.

And so to the extent that we have a couple of years to allow the FCC to address that, for appeals to occur or what other -- whatever other proceedings stem from

1 the -- stem regarding this issue or whatever the North American Numbering Council develops with respect to recommendations, I think two years would help to ensure 4 that those issues are sufficiently worked out before this 5 obligation, which will ultimately result in costs passed on to the local customer, is resolved. And given the fact that there's a very --8 that you have not observed a great demand for this kind of 9 local number portability in these rural areas at this point 10 in time, do you think it's in the public interest to allow 11 these companies to wait for the suspension period in 12 anticipation that some of these unresolved issues could be 13 resolved? 14 Α. Yes. MS. O'NEILL: Thank you. No further 15 16 questions. Your Honor, was it your intention that 17 Ms. Meisenheimer come back after the break to see whether 18 or not there were questions from the Bench? 19 JUDGE RUTH: Yes, at this point I'm sorry 20 but neither witness has been excused. We're going to take a break until 15 after by that clock in the back. When we 21 come back I'll know if there's any need to recall these two 22 23 witnesses, and we'll move to closing arguments also. We're 24 off the record. Thank you, 25 (A BREAK WAS TAKEN.)

1 JUDGE RUTH: We are back on the record. 2 When we left for our short break, I indicated that I was not certain whether we would need to recall the Staff 4 witness or OPC's witness, and the answer to that is no. 5 Those witnesses are excused, and we will move straight into 6 the closing arguments. Petitioners, could I get you to move up to 8 the podium for your closing argument? MR. ENGLAND: I beg your pardon? 9 JUDGE RUTH: Could I get you to move up here 10 11 for your closing argument, please? 12 MR. ENGLAND: Certainly. 13 JUDGE RUTH: Thank you. 14 MR. ENGLAND: Thank you. I'm not sure how 15 many times I can say this, but the Petitioners believe 16 that, at least at this point in time, the benefits of 17 implementing LNP are small, if not non-existent. As a 18 result, any costs that they incur far outweigh whatever 19 benefits they think is attributable to wireline to wireless 20 LNP at this point in time. 21 Now, having said that, we recognize, as I 22 said in our opening statement, we are not the final arbiter 23 of that. You all are, and I will quickly admit that this

24 is a judgment call. It's not black and white, and it's not 25 precise science. It's an art, I guess, if you will, to

1 determine at what price point or at what cost the benefit of LNP is sufficient enough to warrant the attendant costs. Staff has chosen to draw that line at \$1.68 per access line, and in their defense, they've done a more thorough 5 job than just picking a number out of the air, and Ms. Dietrich explains that in her testimony. We obviously respectfully disagree. 8 think that any costs at this point in time, at least as far as these petitions are concerned, is too much, given what 9 10 little, if any, benefits would result from LNP. But if you 11 decide in your judgment that it is appropriate for some or 12 all of these Petitioners in this group to implement LNP, we 13 would at the very least ask that you follow Staff's 14 recommendation that you give us six months to make that 15 conversion or implementation, if you will. Thank you very 16 much. 17 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Judge, may I ask one 18 question of Mr. England? 19 JUDGE RUTH: Yes. 20 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Mr. England, I just 21 have a question. I'm not sure if you can answer this for 22 me. Is universal service funding available for use for 23 upgrading the networks to make them LNP capable? 24 MR. ENGLAND: I don't believe, but I can be 25 corrected. I believe that the incremental cost

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1 specifically attributable to LNP have been determined to be recoverable through this surcharge that we've been talking about, and I think once you do that, I don't believe you can get additional recovery from those same charges through 5 Universal Service Fund. 6 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And you don't know if it's an either/or, that you either use Universal Service 8 Funding or you can have a surcharge? 9 MR. ENGLAND: No, I don't, and the fellow 10 that I would really like to defer to is Bob Schoonmaker, 11 and if you can remember to hang on to that question, he'll 12 be here for the hearings later this month. And I think --13 as a matter of fact, I'll make him aware of that question 14 and he ought to be in a position to answer that for you. 15 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Thank you. 16 MR. ENGLAND: You bet. Thank you. 17 JUDGE RUTH: Public Counsel? 18 MS. O'NEILL: Thank you. Good afternoon. I 19 think that we've had a lot of information into the record 20 today about the concerns that Public Counsel has regarding 21 implementing local number porting requirements at this time 22 for the small rural telephone companies. 23 We believe that these requirements at this 24 time pose an adverse economic impact on the customers and

on the companies in a way that is not justified by the

demand and because there's several unresolved questions
that the FCC ordered us not completely address, including
how -- how and -- how some of these transactions and
transitions of number portability will take place, how we
can ensure that those transitions from a wireline to a
wireless line -- to a wireless account can be seamless, can
protect the consumers.

We believe that a two-year suspension would be appropriate to allow all the parties time to resolve the issues that are still open. We believe that the demand for LNP in rural company service areas served by these companies is very small right now, probably unlikely to become significant in the next two years, and the time delay that the suspension will cause will not adversely affect the interest of the customers.

We're very concerned about the fact that the costs of implementing these changes will probably be borne by those customers who actually do not take advantage of this new opportunity to transfer from a wireline to a wireless carrier. Therefore, the people who are obtaining the benefits under the way things are currently are not the people who are going to pay for the costs that are incurred to give them that benefits.

We would ask the Commission to grant the two-year suspension that's requested by the Petitioners in

this case. Certainly if you grant suspension of at least a reasonable length of time to allow some of these problems to be resolved. And I would refer you to my opening statement and to the testimony of Ms. Meisenheimer, both her written testimony and her testimony here today in support of our position. Thank you.

JUDGE RUTH: Staff?

MR. MEYER: Good afternoon. At the risk of being repetitive, again, I will also restate that from our perspective, from Staff's perspective, the cases before the Commission here have not reached the level of fulfilling the statutory standard that we should be continuing to examine here, and again, I'll just go back to the statute, that the Commission may grant waivers here but only if the waiver is a necessary waiver exemption, suspension, permits an avoidance of significant adverse economic impact on the customer, or avoids imposing a requirement unduly economic burdensome on the companies.

We believe, at least in these cases, that those burdens have not been met, that the amount of cost associated with the implementation does not reach the standards, and that the FCC's directives that should be carried out to enforce local number portability standards. Also, I'll cite to that statute; I think it was actually mentioned some time ago, but I think it is relevant.

The Commission, having suspended the effective date, which of course was back in May, according to Section 252 -- and I'll just read it -- says, pending such action -- in other words this time period that we're dealing with now -- the state commission may suspend enforcement of the requirement or requirements for which the petition applies with respect to the petitioning carrier or carriers.

I think this would then take us from the suspension on August 7th and Staff's old recommendation of six months beyond the effective date of Commission's order here is, in fact, supported by statute because, in fact, during the period of these petitions' pending time, in fact, that suspension is statutorily warranted. And then this additional six months certainly is needed as given according to the statute again.

So we believe that the initial recommendation should, in fact, still stand in all of these cases that suspension should be granted for six months to allow implementation from the date of the Commission's order, but at that point the LNP should go forward. Thank you.

JUDGE RUTH: Okay. Before we adjourn the hearing, I'll note that Exhibits 1 through 89 have been received into the record. The transcript has been

1 expedited. It will be submitted by the court reporter within one business day, and the Briefs are due July 13th. That was changed by an Order last week, I believe, changing 4 the briefing schedule. 5 Now, it's my understanding that the Petitioners are going to be getting some additional information on switch for the first set of cases, and I assume they will also be doing so for the second set of cases this afternoon. And I know that the Petitioners are 9 10 wanting until next Friday to have that done, but the sooner 11 the better. And let me explain the Commission's calendar. 12 Today is the 7th. Transcript due this week, 13 Briefs due the 13th, next Tuesday. I need this to be on agenda Thursday for discussion at least, and I think the 14 15 Commissioners will want that information. If we don't have 16 the information and have to postpone discussion to the 17 following week, it's going to be very difficult. Not 18 impossible, but I'd like have this on for agenda discussion 19 the 15th, and then have the Report and Orders go out the 20 following week. So the sooner you can get that 21 information, the better. 22 Are there any other matters that need to be 23 taken up at this time? 24 MR. ENGLAND: Your Honor, and I appreciate 25 your time. I understand thoroughly. I'm a person that

1 works and I think my clients are better with finite deadlines, so would noon Wednesday of next week be sufficient to get you that information? JUDGE RUTH: Yes, noon, because that would 5 give me the afternoon to make any changes to whatever the Commissioners are going to see on Thursday. If it comes in early, you can send it in in pieces because procedurally, I will be circulating something for the Commissioners to read for Thursday agenda on Monday, Tuesday at the latest. So 9 10 of course, if your Briefs are in earlier, more of that will 11 be in my first draft, and I'll supplement as additional 12 information comes along, but --13 MR. ENGLAND: Internally I'll probably ask 14 for it on noon Tuesday from my clients, but in my experience, some folks don't quite make the deadline and 15 16 some require follow-up telephone calls and that sort of 17 stuff. We will have it to you no later than that. If we 18 can get it to you earlier, we certainly will. 19 JUDGE RUTH: That will be great. And again, 20 the case where it matters the most is the 370 case from 21 this morning, because its deadline is August 7th and it 22 cannot be postponed anymore. Some of the others can be 23 postponed one week if necessary. 24 Okay. Anything further?

MS. O'NEILL: No, your Honor.

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                      JUDGE RUTH: Okay. Then we are adjourned.
     Hearing's over. Thank you very much.

WHEREUPON, the hearing of this case was
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I N D E X

2	MARKED	RECEIVED
3 EXHIBIT NO. 18		
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4		
EXHIBIT NO. 30		
5 Stipulation and Agreement		
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7 Revised Page 9	213	215
8 EXHIBIT NO. 32		
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9 of Local Number Portability Obligation	ions	
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10 Case No. TO-2004-0428	213	215
11 EXHIBIT NO. 33P		
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13 EXHIBIT NO. 34		
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15 EXHIBIT NO. 35	010	01.6
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17 Petition for Suspension and Modification of Local Number Portability Obligation		
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7	Stipulation and Agreement		
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10	EXHIBIT NO. 44		
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19	EXHIBIT NO. 48		
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22	EXHIBIT NO. 49P		
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4	Case No. TO-2004-0458	213	216	
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