Exhibit No.:	
Issue(s):	ETC Status
Witness/Type of Exhibit:	Meisenheimer/Rebuttal
Sponsoring Party:	Public Counsel
Case No.:	TO-2005-0325

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

BARBARA A. MEISENHEIMER

Submitted on Behalf of the Office of the Public Counsel

MISSOURI RSA NO. 7 LIMITED PARTNERSHIP D/B/A MID-MISSOURI CELLULAR

CASE NO. TO-2005-0325

June 10, 2005

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of the Third Application of Missouri RSA)	
No. 7 Limited Partnership d/b/a Mid-Missouri Cellular	Ś	
For Designation as a Telecommunications Company	Ś	Case No. TO-2005-0325
Eligible for Federal Universal Service Support Pursuant	\ \	Case 110. 10-2003-0323
To § 254 of the Telecommunications Act of 1996.	1	

AFFIDAVIT OF BARBARA A. MEISENHEIMER

STATE OF MISSOURI

SS

COUNTY OF COLE

Barbara A. Meisenheimer, of lawful age and being first duly sworn, deposes and states:

- 1. My name is Barbara A. Meisenheimer. I am Chief Utility Economist for the Office of the Public Counsel.
- 2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my rebuttal testimony consisting of pages 1 through 15.
- 3. I hereby swear and affirm that my statements contained in the attached testimony are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Barbara A. Meisenheimer

Subscribed and sworn to me this 10th day of June 2005.

KATHLEEN HARRISON Notary Public - State of Missouri County of Cole My Commission Expires Jan. 31, 2006

Kathleen Harrison Notary Public

My Commission expires January 31, 2006.

1	REBUTTAL TESTIMONY
2	OF
3	BARBARA MEISENHEIMER
4	CASE NO. TO-2005-0325
5	APPLICATION OF MISSOURI RSA NO. 7 LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
6	D/B/A MID-MISSOURI CELLULAR FOR ETC STATUS
7	
8	I. INTRODUCTION
9	Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, TITLE, AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
10	A. Barbara A. Meisenheimer, Chief Utility Economist, Office of the Public Counsel,
11	P. O. 2230, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102.
12	Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND EMPLOYMENT BACKGROUND.
13	A. I hold a Bachelor of Science degree in Mathematics from the University of
14	Missouri-Columbia (UMC) and have completed the comprehensive exams for a
15	Ph.D. in Economics from the same institution. My two fields of study are
16	Quantitative Economics and Industrial Organization. My outside field of study is
17	Statistics. I have taught Economics courses for the following institutions:
18	University of Missouri-Columbia, William Woods University, and Lincoln
19	University. I have taught Economics courses at both the undergraduate and
20	graduate level. I have also taught undergraduate level Mathematics for the
21	University of Missouri-Columbia and undergraduate level Statistics for William
22	Woods University.

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Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EXPERIENCE RELATED TO UNIVERSAL SERVICE AND WIRELESS ISSUES.

A. I served on the Federal/State Universal Service Joint Board Staff for a number of years. In this capacity, I reviewed information on various issues related to the Federal Universal Service Fund including, but not limited to, carrier eligibility, federal high cost support, and the federal Lifeline and LinkUp programs. I have assisted the Federal/State Joint Board in preparing recommendations for the FCC in implementing the Universal Service related provisions of the 1996 Telecommunications Act. As a Federal/State Joint Board staff member, I also reviewed Joint Board Monitoring Reports and FCC Telephone Penetration Reports designed to evaluate the performance of the federal and state programs in assisting low-income customers. I also participated in a national forum on Universal Service issues sponsored by the Consumer Energy Council of America (CECA) and contributed income-based subscribership data compiled by the U.S. Census Bureau under contract with the Missouri Public Counsel's Office. I am also a past member of the North American Numbering Council. The North American Numbering Council advises the FCC on numbering issues related to both wireline and wireless services. At the State level, I participated in industry workshops to develop recommendations on components of the Missouri Universal Service Fund. I currently assist the Public Counsel in his duties as a member of the Missouri Universal Service Board. I have regularly submitted testimony on behalf of Public Counsel since 1996 on various issues, including universal

service, numbering, calling scopes, rate cases, price caps, and other competitive issues.

O. WHAT INFORMATION DID YOU REVIEW IN PREPARATION OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

A. I reviewed the Application and the direct testimony of Michael Kurtis and Kevin Dawson filed on behalf of Missouri RSA No. 7 Limited Partnership d/b/a Mid-Missouri Cellular (MMC or Company), portions of the Missouri Public Service Commission rules, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) rules and Report and Orders, related to Universal Service.

Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to respond to portions of the direct testimony of Michael Kurtis and Kevin Dawson filed on behalf of Missouri RSA No. 7 Limited Partnership d/b/a Mid-Missouri Cellular (MMC or Company).

II. SUMMARY OF POSITION IN RESPONSE TO THE APPLICATION AND SUPPORTING TESTIMONY

Q. WHAT IS YOUR GENERAL RESPONSE TO THE COMPANY'S APPLICATION?

A. The Company has provided substantial information on its current operations and future expansion plans for Missouri. The Application and supporting testimony together with discussions I had with personnel in the Company's customer service department indicate that the Company currently serves wireless customers utilizing 27 cell stations, many of which have been over-built with improved technology that facilitates higher capacity data transfers and improved 911 services. The company has demonstrated a financial and technical ability to serve

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through its established and significant presence in Missouri as well as through the substantial investments it has made in constructing and maintaining its existing network. In addition, any high cost support received will be used to maintain its current network as well as to grow and enhance its facilities in Missouri. In terms of offering the supported services, the Company already provides many of the services, or functional equivalents, targeted for support through the Federal Universal Service mechanism and has committed to offer the remaining supported services established 47 C.F.R. § Section 54.101(a).

In discussions with the Company, I have sought clarification regarding its willingness to adhere to additional requirements that I believe will promote the public interest if the Commission approves the Company's Application for ETC status to receive Federal Universal Service support. The Company has agreed to:

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File and maintain with the Commission a current copy of service area maps, a list of the local telephone exchanges in which service is available and an illustrative copy of customer service agreements;

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➤ Provide a Link-Up discount of 50% from the Company's activation rate, up to a maximum discount of \$30. Specifically, the Company will provide a discount of \$15 off the current \$30 activation fee;

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➤ Refrain from increasing the rate or adversely altering the service elements of the proposed Lifeline offerings contained in the Application;

➤ Inform prospective Lifeline customers of the price of the lowest cost handset available. This would not limit MMC's ability to inform a perspective Lifeline customer of other available handsets;

Act as a "carrier of last resort" throughout the requested service territory. MMC's testimony already accepts this obligation; and

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33 34 > Pursue resale as an additional method of serving customers that request service in areas where the Company is unable to provide facilities-based service using its own facilities or those of another carrier with which it has partnered to provide wireless service.

With Commission approval of these conditions, Public Counsel would support MMC's Application for Federal ETC status throughout the requested territory.

O. IS MMC SEEKING SUPPORT FROM THE MISSOURI UNIVERSAL SERVICE FUND?

A. Based on discussions with the Company, it is my understanding that MMC is not seeking support from the Missouri Universal Service Fund at this time.

III. BACKGROUND ON UNIVERSAL SERVICE PROVISIONS

- Q. WHAT ARE THE RELEVANT PROVISIONS OF THE 1996 TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT THAT THAT THE COMMISSION WILL CONSIDER IN THIS CASE?
- A. The relevant provisions are contained in Section 254 and Section 214 of the 1996 Telecommunications Act.

Section 254(e) mandates that:

- Only an eligible telecommunications carrier designated under section 214(e) shall be eligible to receive specific Federal universal service support.
- A carrier that receives such support shall use that support only for the provision, maintenance, and upgrading of facilities and services for which the support is intended.

Section 254(f) allows:

• A State may adopt regulations not inconsistent with the Commission's rules to preserve and advance universal service.

Section 214(e)(1) defines eligible carriers and establishes minimum service and advertising requirements:

- A common carrier designated as an eligible telecommunications carrier under paragraph (2) or (3) shall be eligible to receive universal service support in accordance with section 254. and shall, throughout the service area for which the designation is received.
- A common carrier designated as an eligible telecommunications carrier under paragraph (2) or (3) shall, throughout the service area for which the designation is received, offer the services that are supported by Federal universal service support mechanisms under section 254(c), either using its own facilities or a combination of its own facilities and resale of another carrier's services (including the services offered by another eligible telecommunications carrier.)
- A common carrier designated as an eligible telecommunications carrier under paragraph (2) or (3) shall, throughout the service area for which the designation is received, advertise the availability of such services and the charges therefor using media of general distribution.

Section 214(e)(2) establishes the Missouri Commission's authority to designate eligible telecommunications carriers:

- A State commission shall upon its own motion or upon request designate a common carrier that meets the requirements of paragraph (1) as an eligible telecommunications carrier for a service area designated by the State commission.
- Upon request and consistent with the public interest, convenience, and necessity, the State commission may, in the case of an area served by a rural telephone company, and shall, in the case of all other areas, designate more than one common carrier as an eligible telecommunications carrier for a service area designated by the State commission, so long as each additional requesting carrier meets the requirements of paragraph (1).
- Before designating an additional eligible telecommunications carrier for an area served by a rural telephone company, the State commission shall find that the designation is in the public interest.

Section 214(e)(3) establishes the Missouri Commission's authority to designate eligible telecommunications carriers for unserved areas. This is currently not an issue in this proceeding.

Section 254(5) defines the service area for the purpose of universal service:

- The term 'service area' means a geographic area established by a State commission for the purpose of determining universal service obligations and support mechanisms.
- In the case of an area served by a rural telephone company, 'service area' means such company's 'study area' unless and until the Commission and the States, after taking into account recommendations of a Federal-State Joint Board instituted under section 410(c), establish a different definition of service area for such company.

Q. WHAT SERVICES HAS THE FCC DETERMINED WILL BE SUPPORTED?

- A. The FCC's supported services are set forth in 47 C.F.R. § 54.101(a):
 - a. voice grade access to the public switched telephone network;
 - b. local usage;
 - c. dual tone multi-frequency signaling or its functional equivalent;
 - d. single-party service or its functional equivalent;
 - e. access to emergency services;
 - f. access to operator services;
 - g. access to interexchange service;
 - h. access to directory assistance;
 - i. toll limitation for qualifying low-income consumers.

In addition, ETCs must provide Lifeline and LinkUp services to qualifying low-income consumers¹, must offer toll limitation to Lifeline customers at the time such consumers subscribe to Lifeline service² and may not collect a service deposit in order to initiate Lifeline service, if the qualifying low-income consumer voluntarily elects toll blocking from the carrier, where available³.

¹ 47 C.F.R. § 54.405 and 47 C.F.R. § 54.411(a)

² 47 C.F.R. § 54.401(3)

³ 47 C.F.R. § 54. 401(4)

IV. RESPONSE TO THE APPLICATION

- Q. ARE YOU SATISFIED THAT THE COMPANY'S APPLICATION DEMONSTRATES THAT IT CAN PROVIDE THE SUPPORTED SERVICES NECESSARY TO MEET THE ETC OBLIGATIONS?
- A. I accept that for purposes of federal high cost support the Company already provides many of the supported services or a functional equivalent. These services include;
 - a. voice grade access to the public switched telephone network;
 - b. local usage;
 - c. dual tone multi-frequency signaling or its functional equivalent;
 - d. single-party service or its functional equivalent;
 - e. access to emergency services;
 - f. access to operator services;
 - g. access to interexchange service;
 - h. access to directory assistance;
 - i. toll limitation for qualifying low-income consumers.

The Company proposes three Lifeline service offerings and an additional option called an "ILEC Equivalent Plan." The first Lifeline service plan provides unlimited local calling in the area served by the subscriber's home cell site at a fixed monthly price of \$6.25 per month. The second plan allows unlimited local calling throughout MMC's service area for \$10 per month. Both of these plans appear to promote greater and continued subscription to the telecommunications network first by offering the supported services at rates comparable to the incumbent carriers rates and second by limiting the potential for customers to incur unmanageable toll or roaming charges. The \$6.25 and \$10 plans limit the geographic calling area or, in another sense, provide a form of mandatory toll blocking. Since customers have a choice between these two Lifeline options or a

third which will allow calling outside the Company's home area, it appears that subscribers that elect one of these two plans could not be required to pay a deposit as a condition of service. 47 C.F.R. § 54. 401(4) A further attribute of the \$6.25 and \$10 plans are that by removing the opportunity of customers to incur unmanageable toll or roaming charges, they conceptually achieve a similar benefit for Lifeline customers as that received by landline subscribers in 4 CSR 240-33.070 (2);

4 CSR 240-33.070 (2) Basic local telecommunications service may not be discontinued for customer nonpayment of a delinquent charge for other than basic local telecommunications services. The failure to pay charges not subject to commission jurisdiction shall not constitute cause for a discontinuance of basic local telecommunication service. Nonpayment of the Missouri Universal Service Fund (USF) surcharge shall be considered nonpayment of basic local telecommunications services for the purposes of this rule.

The third plan proposed by MMC allows Lifeline customers to pick any existing service plan and receive an \$8.25⁴ discount off MMC's normal monthly rates. I believe that this plan exposes Lifeline customers to greater risk of incurring perminute "over-the-plan-limit" charges and roaming related fees that could be unmanageable for low-income consumers and result in disconnection for non-payment. However, the federal USF does not require blocking for purposes of receiving federal support and providing a discount of the normal service rate are both consistent with the federal Universal Service mechanism, therefore, Public Counsel does not oppose this alternative.

⁴ The discount includes \$1.75 per month plus the federal line charge discount of \$6.50 per month.

THOSE STANDARDS.

asked that the applicant:

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The "ILEC Equivalent Plan" does not appear to be of greater value than the other three options.

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Q. In a previous proceeding before the Commission you recommended that a wireless applicant be required to comply with certain standards equivalent to wireline service providers. Please discuss

A. Generally the standards were designed to ensure that all the supported services

would be provided and to address customer protection issues. Specifically, I

- > Provide specific details regarding the proposed lifeline offerings;
- ➤ Demonstrate sufficient financial and technical resources to provide adequate service;
- Provide exchange specific service area maps;
- Provide information related to the terms and conditions of service;
- Commit to provide sufficient information to the Commission for it to fulfill its obligation in certifying that USF support would be used for the intended purpose;
- Adhere to minimum billing disclosures, service quality standards, a formal complaint process and other customer relations procedures, such as snap-back.
- Q. HAS MMC PROVIDED SUFFICIENT DETAIL REGARDING ITS PROPOSED LIFELINE AND LINKUP OFFERINGS?

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A. Yes, MMC's application provided a clear description of the Lifeline and Link Up services it intends to offer if it receives ETC status. In discussions with the Company, it agreed that it would not increase the rate or adversely alter the service elements of the proposed Lifeline offerings contained in the Application. I view this as a significant safeguard for low-income consumers and key in promoting the public interest. MMC also agreed to clarify the LinkUp description to provide a full 50% discount of the activation fee in the event that the Company eventually adopts a higher charge for initiating service. At this time, the Company has no plans to raise the activation fee.

While buying a handset can be an expensive component of subscription, the

federal Universal Service mechanism does not allow carriers to recover any cost

associated with the handset from the Fund. The Company will have two ways to

make subscribership more affordable to customers who need a handset to initiate

service. The first is that the Company is willing to inform prospective Lifeline

customers of the price of the lowest cost handset available provided it retained the

ability to inform a perspective Lifeline customer of other available handsets.

Further, the Application indicates that Lifeline customers may defer a portion of

the activation fee and the cost of a handset interest free for up to 12 months.

Deferring interest is certainly a benefit to low-income customers that ultimately

choose a more expensive handset.

Q. DO YOU HAVE CONCERNS REGARDING THE APPLICANT'S FINANCIAL AND

TECHNICAL ABILITY TO SERVE?

- A. No. The Applicant has an established and significant presence in Missouri that indicates a financial and technical ability to provide the required services.
- Q. HAS THE COMPANY PROVIDED OR COMMITTED TO PROVIDE MAPS OF ITS SPECIFIC COVERAGE IN THE RELEVANT AREAS?
- A. Yes, in addition to the Company's commitment to adhere to the CTIA Consumer Code for Wireless Service that proposes that maps be provided of a carrier's general service area, the Application provided exchange specific service area maps and information on currently available service offerings. In discussions with the Company, it also agreed to maintain detailed maps on file with the Commission on an ongoing basis.
- Q. HAS THE COMPANY PROVIDED OR COMMITTED TO PROVIDE INFORMATION ON SPECIFIC SERVICE OFFERINGS AND THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SERVICE?
- A. Yes. The Company's Application commits to adhere to the CTIA Consumer Code for Wireless Service that requires the Company to disclose to customers service terms and conditions. In my discussions with the Company, it also agreed to maintain illustrative customer agreements containing the terms of service on file with the Commission on an ongoing basis.
- Q. HAS MMC COMMITTED TO TERMS THAT WILL PROMOTE THE UNIVERSAL AVAILABILITY OF SERVICE IN ITS TERRITORY?
- A. Yes. In its Application, MMC committed to serve all customers requesting service to the extent feasible and to act as carrier of last resort. On page 16 of the Application, MMC outlines five methods for serving a customer that requests service. In discussions with the Company, it agreed to pursue resale as a sixth

method of serving customers that request service, consistent with the Virginia Cellular Order referenced in the Company's testimony,.

Q. HAS THE COMPANY AGREED TO ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS THAT WILL PROMOTE THE UNIVERSAL AVAILABILITY OF SERVICE IN ITS TERRITORY?

- A. Yes. The Company indicated in discussions that it intended to perform credit checks on new customers. However, it agreed to provide service to all customers that do not have a past unpaid account with the Company. Has the Company committed to provide sufficient information to the Commission for it to fulfill its obligation in certifying to the FCC that USF support would be used only for the intended purpose?
- A. Yes. MMC has committed in its Application to comply with the annual reporting obligations outlined by the FCC in the Virginia Cellular Order.
- Q. HAS THE COMPANY COMMITTED TO MINIMUM BILLING DISCLOSURES, SERVICE

 QUALITY STANDARDS, A FORMAL COMPLAINT PROCESS OR OTHER CUSTOMER

 RELATIONS PROCEDURES, SUCH AS SNAP-BACK?
- A. The company has committed to comply with the CTIA Consumer Code for Wireless Service. The Consumer Code sets forth a list of information that will be provided on a customer's bill. The Code indicates that such information be provided by carriers on a voluntary basis. MMC states that with the one exception of the length of the trial service period, it is compliant with the billing and quality of service standards contained in the Consumer Code. While I believe that it would be desirable and would further the public interest for the Commission to establish more detailed and state specific billing disclosures, quality of service

standards, a formal complaint process and other customer relations procedures, such as snap-back for wireless ETCs, those issues may be best addressed in the context of a rule making.

Some aspects of MMC's Application do mitigate my concerns related to the snap-

back issue. Since MMC is willing to accept carrier of last resort obligations and

neither it nor a landline carrier of last resort can abandon a service area without

Commission approval, the need for snap-back procedures that apply to MMC is

not a pressing issue.

Q. ARE YOU SATISFIED WITH MMC'S PROPOSAL TO OFFER EQUAL ACCESS UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES?

A. Yes. In Missouri, all landline basic local service providers are required to provide equal access. Equal access allows customers to reach alternative service providers in the same manner without advantage to any one carrier or group of carriers. Providing "access to" but not "equal access to" interexchange carriers is currently allowed for wireless carriers under the 1996 Telecommunications Act. However, it is not mandatory under the 1996 Telecommunications Act that wireless carriers provide equal access. Since wireless carriers can choose whether or not to seek universal service funding, I believe that the Commission could condition approval of ETC status on a carrier's willingness to provide equal access. In this case, MMC has agreed to offer equal access if all other ETCs abandon a service area.

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- 1 Q. Does this conclude your testimony?
- 2 A. Yes, it does.