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July 18, 2002

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Mr. Dale Hardy Roberts Secretary/Chief Administrative Law Judge Missouri Public Service Commission Post Office Box 360 Jefferson City, MO 65102

Missouri Public Service Commission

JUL 1 8 2002

FILED[°]

Re: Case No. TM-2002-465

Dear Secretary Roberts:

Enclosed please find an original and eight (8) copies of the Direct Testimony of Gary Godfrey. A copy of this letter and a copy of the enclosed Direct Testimony has been served upon all Attorneys of Record.

Thank you for seeing this filed.

Sincerely. Johnson raig

CSJ/mo

Enc. cc:

Mike Dandino Chris Snodgrass Staff Counsel Leo Bub Rebecca DeCook J. Steve Weber Gary Godfrey

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Exh. No. Gary Godfrey Direct Merger Support TM-2002-465

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

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In the Matter of the Joint Application of Northeast Missouri Rural Telephone Company and Modern Telecommunications Company for Approval to Merge Modern Telecommunications Company and Northeast Missouri Rural Telephone Company.

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Case No. TM-2002-465

FILED³ JUL 1 8 2002

Missouri Public Service Commission

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

GARY GODFREY

Jefferson City, Missouri July 18, 2002

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Exh. No. Gary Godfrey Direct Modern and Northeast TM-2002-465

AFFIDAVIT OF GARY GODFREY

STATE OF MISSOURI)) ss. COUNTY OF SULLIVAN)

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Gary Godfrey, of lawful age, on my oath states, that I have participated in the preparation of the foregoing testimony in question and answer form, consisting of _______ pages, to be presented in this case; that the answers in the foregoing testimony were given by me; that I have knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; and that such matters are true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to July , 2002.

before me

9TH day of

Notary Public Lori S. LaFaver

this

My Commission Expires: 9/26/2004

Lori S. LaFaver, Notary Public Sullivan County, State of Missouri My Commission Expires 9/26/2004



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1 Q. Please state your name, capacity, and business address.

A. My name is Gary Godfrey. I am office manager for both Northeast Missouri
Rural Telephone Company (Northeast) and Modern Telecommunications Company
(Modern). Joint Applicants in this merger proceeding. My business address is P.O. Box
98, 718 South West Street, Green City, MO 63545.

6 Q. On whose behalf are you testifying.

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A. I am testifying on behalf of the joint applicants Modern and Northeast in support
of their request for authority to merge Modern with and into Northeast, effective January
1, 2003.

10 Q. What topics will this testimony address?

A. In this testimony I will address the benefits of this proposed merger to the
customers of Modern. I will also address the absence of any detriment of this proposed
merger to other customers of Modern or Northeast. I have arranged my testimony into
the following topics:

- 15 1. Reasons underlying the Merger
- 16 2. Events preceding filing of the Application for Approval
- 17 3. Benefits to present Modern local customers
- 18 4. Lack of detriment to Northeast local customers
- 19 5. Lack of detriment to Northeast and Modern access customers
- 20 6. Other required approvals
- 21 7. Miscellaneous Issues

22	a.	earnings reviews
23	b.	AT&T and SWBT

c. Membership fees

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1 Reasons underlying the Merger

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Q. What are the reasons underlying the request for Approval of this proposed
merger?

A. Northeast Missouri Rural Telephone Company is an ILEC which has been
operating in Northern Missouri since the early 1950's. Northeast owns and operates 11
exchanges serving approximately 4,800 customers.

In 1996, Northeast acquired three GTE exchanges, Unionville, Memphis, and Queen City, now serving approximately 4,400 customers. These exchanges were acquired in order to improve the quality of service in these areas, and eventually to provide the benefits of a member-owned telephone cooperative to friends, family, neighbors, and business acquaintances in these areas.

12 For legal and regulatory reasons and due to time constraints, a wholly-owned 13 subsidiary of the Cooperative, Modern Telecommunications Company, was utilized by Northeast to acquire these exchanges. Northeast made certain commitments to the 14 15 Missouri Public Service Commission with respect to the acquisition. Those 16 commitments included making significant investment in new plant to improve telephone service, to not file a rate case for several years, and not to include the acquisition 17 18 premium-the amount the purchase price exceeded GTE's depreciated book value-in 19 Modern's rate base.

Those commitments have been met, and the board of directors of Northeast believe that the time is ripe to finalize the acquisition plan by making Modern customers member-owners of Northeast alongside existing Northeast member-owners.

1 Events preceding filing of the Application for Approval

Q. What transpired between that determination and the filing of the Application for authority to merge Modern into Northeast on March 27, 2002?

4 Α. With the assistance of legal and tax consultants, Northeast first reviewed the 5 regulatory and lender approvals required to effectuate the merger, as well as the legal 6 merger vehicle and tax considerations. The board of directors of Northeast notified the 7 Northeast customers of this proposal in advance of its September 8, 2001 Annual 8 Meeting. The notice stated the reasons for the merger, and announced that the board of 9 directors desired a "straw" vote from the members regarding their reaction to the 10 proposed merger. The straw vote was conducted at the 2001 Annual Meeting of 11 Members with 467 members voting in favor, and 66 voting against the proposed merger. 12 Based upon this advisory vote, Northeast's board determined to proceed.

On October 15, 2001, Northeast met with Staff to preview the merger and to give Staff an opportunity for input at that time. An Agreement and Plan of Merger was drafted. The Agreement was executed by Northeast on November 13, 2001, and by Modern on that same date. This is the Agreement submitted to the Commission with the Application on March 27, 2002.

Northeast/Modern staff also spent a great deal of time with the structural aspects of rolling the Modern tariffs and rates into Northeast's tariffs and rates. Modern still had some oddities in local and access rates remnant from the GTE rates. For example two of the Modern exchanges had a different local rate than the third Modern exchange. That third Modern exchange had the same residential local rate as all Northeast exchanges now have, but a different business rate. With respect to exchange access rates, each of

the Modern exchanges have different transport rates. Although the composite Modern
 access rate structure and level was similar to Northeast's there were individual rate
 element differences.

4 It was decided to assure that local customers did not experience local rate 5 increases. It was also decided to blend the different access rates into a "blended" 6 structure on a basis that would produce the same amount of access revenues for the 7 merged entity as would have been achieved by Modern and Northeast separately. 8 Realizing this could impact different interexchange carriers differently, it was decided to 9 run this blending proposal by two of the largest interexchange carriers doing business in 10 the Modern/Northeast service area-AT&T and SWBT. AT&T and SWBT both were 11 presented the blending proposal in late 2001 or early 2002.

12 Later, on March 14, 2002, Northeast appeared at the Commission's agenda 13 session and previewed the merger with those Commissioners present. The Application 14 for Authority to merge was filed thereafter. On June 10, 2002 Northeast filed the 15 proposed tariffs to include Modern exchanges and the proposed rates in Northeast's 16 tariffs to effectuate the merger. These were docketed in a separate tariff proceeding. 17 Those tariffs were proposed to become effective January 1, 2003, the same date the 18 merger is proposed to become effective. I hope that the issues in this case are resolved in 19 time to modify the proposed tariffs, if necessary, in time to become effective January 1, 20 2003.

21 Benefits to present Modern local customers

Q. What benefits do Modern and Northeast believe the merger will provide to
the present Modern local customers?

1 The main benefit to present local customers of Modern will be the opportunity to Α. 2 participate in the benefits of a cooperative. Northeast is operated as a member-owned 3 cooperative. This means Northeast's local customers are its owners. Through patronage allocation and refund of "profits", the customers of Northeast participate in its "profits". 4 5 Although the methodology for cooperatives are different than the methodology applying 6 to stockholder dividends from investor-owned telephone companies, the concept is the 7 same. The biggest difference is that cooperative "stockholders" are also the customers 8 purchasing local service. For investor-owned telephone companies, there is no 9 requirement that the stockholders be local customers.

As cooperative members, Northeast local customers are allocated the "profits" of Northeast each year as capital credits. These allocated capital credits are eventually refunded to the members. Currently Northeast is on an approximate 12 year "rotation". Northeast has refunded \$5,737,673 to members through the 1989 fiscal year. Northeast has \$13,301,165 allocated but as yet unrefunded capital credits.

As cooperative members, Northeast customers also participate in cooperative governance by choosing the Northeast board of directors, another benefit to local customers not provided in an investor-owned utility. The members are responsible for selecting the board of directors, which is responsible for establishing rules and regulations applicable to all customers as well as retaining operating personnel.

Q. Will there be any additional costs or rate increases to present Modern local
customers if the merger is approved?

A. The merger has been structured so these customers will not have to pay the
"membership fee"/single share purchase price otherwise required for membership. With

the exception of a \$5.00 charge for late bill payments and one specific combination of subsequent residential service connection charges, there is no new or increased charge for these customers. The late payment charge only applies to customers who fail to pay their bill on time. Northeast's customers are subject to this charge. There will be no local rate increases for present residential or business customers due to the merger.

6 Q. Are there any other potential detriments to the Modern customers?

A. The only one that I can think of is that, once they become a member of a
cooperative, their local rates will not be subject to direct regulation by the Commission.
This has not been a problem or issue for Northeast's local customers since this form of
relaxed regulation for cooperatives went into effect. I believe that this theoretical
detriment is more than outweighed by the benefits of profit participation and governance
participation.

13 Lack of detriment to Northeast local customers

14 Q. How has the merger been structured to assure there is no detriment to
15 Northeast's local customers?

A. Northeast local customers will see no local rate changes due to the merger. In
addition, if the merger is approved, capital credit allocations will be structured to assure
the pre-merger Northeast Members receive the benefit of the value of the investment in
Modern carried on Northeast's books prior to the merger.

20 Lack of detriment to Northeast and Modern access customers

Q. How has the merger been structured to assure there is no detriment to
Northeast and Modern access customers?

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This is a more difficult consideration. Both Northeast and Modern have several 1 Α. 2 IXCs originating and/or terminating traffic in the companies' exchanges. Different IXCs 3 have different mixes of originating and terminating traffic. For example SWBT primarily 4 only terminates intraLATA traffic. Other IXCs, including AT&T, originate and 5 terminate both intraLATA and interLATA traffic. Further complicating this matter was 6 existing access rates. Northeast has a uniform access rate. Modern, however, due to the rate structure inherited from GTE, has different transport rate elements for different 7 8 exchanges.

9 As stated earlier, prior to filing the Application for Merger Approval, I calculated 10 a single access rate structure for the surviving/merged entity. This structure was 11 designed to be "revenue neutral" to the merged entity. This information was provided to 12 both AT&T and SWBT, two of the largest access customers. I think it is fair to say that 13 both AT&T and SWBT would prefer lower access rates than either Modern or Northeast 14 currently have tariffed. This was a matter of some contention in Northeast's last rate 15 proceeding, TR-2001-344. AT&T accepted the revenue neutral proposal and did not 16 request intervention. SWBT did request intervention. The Commission granted 17 intervention to both AT&T and SWBT.

At this stage it does not appear that there is agreement with respect to the proposed access rate structure. Although I believe the revenue neutral access structure does not operate to the detriment of IXCs as a whole, it is possible that individual IXCs could see some detriment, while other IXC's would see some benefit. A possible solution to this, which would require a new and different access tariff modification, would be simply to continue with existing Modern tariffed access rates under Northeast's

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name and to continue with existing Northeast tariffed access rates as well. This would
 assure no IXC sees any rate change as a result of this merger. It would mean different
 access rates for different exchanges of "merged" Northeast. I will discuss this further
 later in this testimony.

5 Other required approvals

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6 Q. What other governmental, regulatory, or lender approvals will be required, 7 besides the Commission's approval, in order to effectuate the merger?

8 Α. First, we have a request pending with the Internal Revenue Service for a 9 declaration that the merger would trigger no adverse tax consequences. Second, present 10 lenders-the Rural Utility Services and the Rural Telephone Finance Cooperative, have 11 been requested to approve this transaction and any modifications to existing loans or 12 security documents. Third, upon approval by this Commission, there will be some FCC 13 notification requirements, NECA notification requirements, and presenting the merged 14 entities restated articles of incorporation to the Missouri Secretary of State. At this time I 15 have no reason to believe any of these other approvals will not be forthcoming.

16 Miscellaneous Issues

Q. What other issues do you believe are appropriately presented in this direct testimony?

19 A. Based upon discussions, proceedings, prehearing conferences, and discovery 20 requests, I believe it appropriate to address matters that are not resolved at this time, and 21 which may be discussed in later testimony. These matters include the possibility of Staff 22 conducting earnings reviews of Modern and/or Northeast as part of this proceeding, and 23 my recommendation for how to handle those. Second, I would like to address potential issues with AT&T and SWBT and my recommendation as to how to treat those issues.
 Third, I would like to address an issue associated with not charging existing Modern
 customers with the "membership fee" charged to cooperative members at the time they
 initiate service.

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earnings reviews

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6 Q. What testimony do you want to present with respect to earnings reviews?

A. As I have set forth above, this merger was presented with a local rate structure assuring that no Modern or Northeast local customer would see any local rate increase as a result of the merger. In fact some will see decreases. The access structure proposed was proposed to be revenue neutral for Modern/Northeast. Rates were proposed in this manner specifically to avoid the possibility revenue or earnings considerations would be called in to question by the merger. The overriding purpose of the merger is to bring the benefits of cooperative membership to Modern customers.

Staff has submitted data requests indicating it may be reviewing the current status
of Modern's earnings. However I am unsure if Staff has or will also review the current
status of Northeast's earnings.

I am concerned that the issues that may arise with respect to earnings reviews will
prevent the merger from being effected by January 1, 2003.

19 Q. What do you suggest that the Commission and/or the parties do in this20 regard?

A. First, I suggest that any earnings reviews be conducted separately from this
merger proceeding. Any such review of either Modern and/or Northeast can be
conducted separate and apart from the merger, without any delay resulting to the merger

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proceeding, or from the merger proceeding. The results can be applied to the merged
 entity if the merger is approved. If the merger is not approved, the results can be applied
 to Northeast and/or Modern separately.

Second, if Staff insists upon conducting its review as part of this merger proceeding, I believe that Staff should simultaneously review the earnings of both Modern and Northeast. This will facilitate a fair review of the combined earnings of the two companies proposed to be merged. This review could be initiated now, and concluded either before or after the merger without directly impacting the merger itself. Northeast and Modern would be willing to use the "imputed" local rate concept utilized for access/local rate design purposes in Northeast's last earnings case, TR-2001-344.

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AT&T and SWBT

Q. You mentioned the likely issues that may be raised by AT&T and SWBT
earlier in your testimony. Do you have a proposed solution that would be
satisfactory?

A. Yes I believe I do. Instead of the blended access rate proposal we initially made, I believe SWBT will make a proposal placing more rate reduction on the terminating intraLATA carrier common line (CCL) access rate element. This would result in the most savings for SWBT. I don't believe AT&T will agree to SWBT's proposal. I believe AT&T is likely to make a proposal different from either SWBT's or the proposal made by Modern/Northeast.

This has the potential to be an issue consuming a great deal of time and resources. My proposed solution is to simply carry forward Modern's existing rates for its three exchanges through the merged entity, and also to carry forward Northeast's existing rates

for its present exchanges. This will assure all IXCs that they will see absolutely no rate
 change as a result of this merger. No IXC could contend it was being adversely effected
 by the merger. It would require minor tariff modifications which can easily be done.

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Q. Why didn't you propose this initially?

5 А. It is customary for a LEC to have a single access rate for all exchanges. I have 6 traditionally viewed Modern's different transport rates for different exchanges as an 7 aberration. I originally assumed that eliminating this aberration and proposing a uniform 8 access rate for all exchanges of the merged entity would be the structure to propose. I 9 may have been somewhat naïve in anticipating SWBT and AT&T would agree to the 10 blended revenue neutral rate proposal. Now that they have not indicated agreement, 11 Northeast and Modern are hereby proposing to continue existing access rates without 12 change. It is my belief this will eliminate the legitimacy of any objection any IXC may 13 have.

14 This structure is not completely unheard of. Apparently GTE used it before 15 Modern acquired its three former GTE exchanges. Modern has used this structure for the 16 past several years. As I understand it CLECs have different access rate caps in different 17 exchanges depending upon which incumbent's exchange they are in.

18 In future rate proceedings for the merged entity the parties could take up the issue 19 of whether to continue or eliminate the differing rate structure without impeding this 20 merger proceeding.

21 c.

Membership fees

22 Q. Please set forth the concerns about membership fees?

As a cooperative, Northeast requires new customers to pay a "membership fee" of 1 Α. 2 \$10.00 at the time of initiating service. This fee is refunded to them at the time of 3 termination of service. Modern, Northeast, and OPC are in agreement that the Modern customers of December 31, 2002 should not be charged the membership fee due to the 4 5 merger. We did not want to have to bill, collect, or consider the consequences of non-6 payment of such an attempt. It would also have created an immediate \$10.00 detriment 7 issue we did not want complicating this proceeding. We have worked out a customer 8 notice with OPC that would so inform the Modern customers.

9 It was the original plan that, after the merger was implemented, Northeast would 10 refund its outstanding membership fees. This would assure that Northeast members were 11 not treated worse than the transferred Modern customers. However, in reviewing 12 corporate documents, counsel advised that this created a legal problem. Northeast is a 13 Chapter 351 chartered general business corporation. Its articles and bylaws create the 14 cooperative operating structure. A consequence is that Northeast's membership 15 certificates are considered under state law to be corporate stock which cannot be issued 16 by Northeast for free.

To avoid this issue, Modern and Northeast thereafter proposed to Staff and OPC to have Modern contribute the membership fees for the transferred Modern customers to Northeast. Thereafter the membership fee requirement would remain intact for new customers. This would allow us to meet the commitment that Modern customers transferred to Northeast on the effective date of the merger not be charged a membership fee. This would also avoid the legal issue We also requested that the amount of this

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- 1 contribution be considered an expense of the merger. We have yet to hear from Staff and
- 2 OPC in this regard, but are in hopes it can be agreed to.
- 3 Q. Does this conclude your direct testimony?
- 4 A. Yes.

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