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Exhibit No.:
Issues: Depreciation Rates
Witness: ROSELLA L. SCHAD
Sponsoring Party: MoPSC Staff
Type of Exhibit: Rebuttal Testimony
Case No.: TT-2001-328

Missouri Public
Service Commission

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

UTILITY SERVICES DIVISION

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

ROSELLA L. SCHAD

OREGON FARMERS MUTUAL TELEPHONE COMPANY

CASE NO. TT-2001-328

Jefferson City, Missouri
March 2001

Rebuttal Testimony of
Rosella L. Schad

1 Construction Department from 1978-1980. I joined the Missouri Public Service
2 Commission Staff as an Engineering Specialist in 1999.

3 Q. Have you previously filed testimony before this Commission?

4 A. Yes. (See Schedule 1 for a list of cases in which I have previously filed
5 testimony.)

6 Q. What is the purpose of your testimony in this case?

7 A. The purpose of my testimony in this case is to present Staff's
8 determination of Depreciation Rates.

9 Q. How are Depreciation Rates used?

10 A. Depreciation Rates are used to determine the annual accrual for
11 depreciation. (See Schedule 2 for Staff's proposed depreciation rates.) This annual
12 value, called the annual depreciation accrual or depreciation expense, is a portion of the
13 Oregon Farmers Mutual Telephone Company's (Company) revenue requirement.

14 Q. Why is it necessary to make this determination?

15 A. This determination is necessary because each dollar increase/decrease of
16 the Company's annual depreciation accrual will result in an increase/decrease in the
17 Company's annual revenue requirement. This is important because the revenue
18 requirement represents the money the Company will collect from customers in utility
19 rates.

20 Q. In a regulated environment, how is the annual depreciation accrual
21 determined?

1 A. The annual depreciation accrual¹ for an account is the original capital cost
2 of plant in that account divided by the average service life (ASL)² of the plant in that
3 account. This is frequently called straight-line depreciation.

4 Q. How is the ASL of each account determined?

5 A. Average service life is determined by analyzing the historical lives for
6 plant retired from each account. In conjunction with this, engineering judgment is
7 utilized to determine if the historical lives are reasonable for current plant in service. The
8 historical data and Iowa-type curves³ are combined to estimate each account's ASL.
9 Because plant in each account or sub-account (subsidiary record category) is similar,
10 plant in service is normally expected to have an average service life closely equal to the
11 historical experience.

12 Q. Are Staff's depreciation rates for the Company developed from a study of
13 the Company's historical plant data?

14 A. Yes, indirectly. A full depreciation study requires that the Company
15 maintain and submit historical data of additions and retirements in a format consistent
16 with Staff's depreciation software. Using historical data from other telephone companies
17 with similar property and the use of engineering judgment, standardized depreciation
18 rates have been developed. These rates are then assigned to telephone companies that do
19 not have sufficient historical plant data to do a Company specific study. Staff reviewed

¹ Annual Depreciation Accrual (for the account) = Plant Original Cost (for the account) / Plant Average Service Life (for the account)

² ASL = The average expected life of all units in an account.

³ Iowa curves are standard curves that were empirically developed to describe the life characteristics of most industrial and utility property.

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1 the Company's historical plant data to determine the appropriate depreciation rate for
2 each account.

3 Q. How does straight-line depreciation recover original capital cost of plant?

4 A. Straight-line depreciation recovers original capital cost of plant in equal
5 amounts over the average service life of the plant. For example, if a unit of plant lasts
6 20 years, the Company will recover $1/20^{\text{th}}$ of the plant's original capital cost each year
7 over the life of the plant.

8 Q. Do you have an additional revenue requirement issue to address in your
9 testimony?

10 A. Yes. I want to address the net salvage of capital plant, which Staff is
11 treating as an annual expense. Net salvage is the difference between the gross salvage
12 that will be realized when the asset is disposed of and the cost of retiring it. For some
13 accounts, gross salvage will exceed cost of removal and, in those cases, net salvage will
14 be a positive value. For those accounts where net salvage is negative, because cost of
15 removal is greater than gross salvage, Staff frequently uses the term net salvage cost.
16 Regardless of whether net salvage is positive or negative, it will be combined with other
17 annual expenses in this case.

18 Q. What is the annual net salvage cost for this Company and how is it
19 determined?

20 A. The annual net salvage cost is \$0. A five-year normalization is used to
21 determine net salvage amounts.

22 Q. How is the net salvage cost included in this case?

1 A. The net salvage is included with other annual expenses determined by
2 Staff auditors in the revenue requirement calculation.

3 Q. Does Staff include net salvage in the determination of annual depreciation
4 accrual?

5 A. No. Staff's annual depreciation accrual recovers only the original capital
6 cost of plant.

7 Q. Using Staff's recommended depreciation rates, what is the annual
8 depreciation accrual amount for the Company based on December 31, 2000 plant
9 balances?

10 A. Using Staff's recommended depreciation rates, the estimated annual
11 depreciation accrual based on December 31, 2000 plant balances is \$139,592.

12 Q. Using the currently ordered depreciation rates, what is the annual
13 depreciation accrual amount for the Company based on December 31, 2000 plant
14 balances?

15 A. Using the currently ordered depreciation rates, the annual depreciation
16 accrual based on December 31, 2000 plant balances is \$138,071.

17 Q. Are depreciation rates presented in Schedule 2 for subsidiary accounts?

18 A. Yes. Subsidiary accounts, which separate items of plant that have
19 different life characteristics, are presented with their associated depreciation rates in
20 Schedule 2. For example, Staff proposes that Account 2423, Buried Cable be separated
21 into two subsidiary accounts, 2423.1 Nonmetallic and 2423.2 Metallic, and have separate
22 depreciation rates ordered for nonmetallic buried cable and metallic buried cable,
23 respectively.

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1 Q. Are there adjustments to plant balance accounts and depreciation reserve
2 accounts that you are sponsoring?

3 A. Yes. I am sponsoring the following plant balance account adjustments
4 from Accounting Schedule 3-1, Total Plant In Service: P-2.1, P-3.1, P-10.1, P-10.2, P-
5 18.1, P-19.1, P-19.2, P-20.2, P-20.3, P-25.1 and P-26.1. I am also sponsoring the
6 following depreciation reserve account adjustments from Accounting Schedules 6-1,
7 Depreciation Reserve: R-1.1, R-2.1, R-3.1, R-3.2, R-4.1, R-5.1, R-6.1, R-9.1, and
8 R-10.1.

9 Q. What is the purpose and effect of the plant balance account adjustments?

10 A. 1) Account 2114 does not have an ordered depreciation rate. P-3.1
11 reclassifies the investment in a bucket truck from Account 2114, Special Purpose
12 Vehicles to Account 2112, Motor Vehicles. P-2.1 transfers the investment from Account
13 2114 and places it in Account 2112. 2) Account 2115 no longer has any
14 electromechanical switches. P-25.1 and P-26.1 reclassifies the investments of an
15 emergency generator and 1976 power equipment and charger from Account 2215,
16 Electromechanical Switches to Account 2212, Digital Switches. P-10.1 and P-10.2
17 transfer the investment from Account 2114 and places it in Account 2112. 3) Account
18 2431 has a plant balance even though there is no longer aerial wire in service. P-18.1
19 eliminates investment in Account 2431, Aerial Wire, for which there is no longer plant in
20 service; and 4) Buried Cable is classified in two subsidiary accounts, 2423.1 Nonmetallic
21 and 2423.2 Metallic. R-20.3 and R-19.1 transfers metallic buried cable investment from
22 account 2423.2 to account 2423.1. R-20.2 and R-19.2 transfers nonmetallic buried cable
23 investment from account 2423.1 to account 2423.2.

1 Q. What is the purpose and effect of the depreciation reserve adjustments?

2 A. 1) Transfer of investment from Account 2114 to Account 2112 should
3 have a corresponding transfer of associated depreciation reserve. R-2.1 and R-1.1
4 reclassifies the depreciation reserve from Account 3121.140 to Account 3121.120,
5 respectively. Staff submitted Data Request No. 200 requesting an explanation as to why
6 there is a depreciation reserve accrual in Account 3121.140. As of this date, the
7 Company has not provided a response to Staff's request. 2) Transfer of investments from
8 Account 2215 to Account 2112 should have a corresponding transfer of associated
9 depreciation reserves. R-4.1, R-5.1, R-3.1 and R-3.2 reclassifies the depreciation
10 reserves from Account 3122.150 to Account 3121.120, respectively. 3) Elimination of
11 investment in Account 2431 should have a corresponding elimination of depreciation
12 reserve. R-6.1 eliminates the depreciation reserve for Account 3124.310. Classification
13 of buried cable into two subsidiary accounts should have corresponding distribution of
14 depreciation reserve. R-9.1 and R-2.2 transfer the depreciation reserve from account
15 3124.232 to 3124.231, respectively.

16 Q. Are there any plant accounts that should not have any additional
17 depreciation accrual at this time?

18 A. Yes. The following plant accounts have a depreciation reserve accrual
19 equal to their associated plant balances and do not require further depreciation accrual at
20 this time: Account 2116, Other Work Equipment; Account 2123.1, Office Equipment-
21 Office Support; Account 2351, Public Telephones; Account 2411, Poles; and Account
22 2421.1, Aerial Cable – Metallic.

23 Q. What is your proposal in this case?

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1 A. Staff's proposal is: 1) the depreciation rates presented in Schedule 2 as
2 Staff's proposed depreciation rates be ordered, as of the date Oregon Farmers Mutual
3 Telephone's new rates and charges for services becomes effective; 2) that the net salvage
4 amounts, determined by Staff, be included in Staff's revenue requirement calculation;
5 and; 3) that the Company be ordered to book and maintain subsidiary record categories,
6 as defined in 4 CSR 240-30.040 and as adopted by this Commission; 4) plant account
7 adjustments P-2.1, P-3.1, P-10.1, P-10.2, P-18.1, P-19.1, P-19.2, P-20.2, P-20.3, P-25.1
8 and P-26.1 should be ordered; 5) depreciation reserve account adjustments R-1.1, R-2.1,
9 R-3.1, R-3.2, R-4.1, R-5.1, R-6.1, R-9.1 and R-10.1 should be ordered; and 6) accounts
10 2116, 2123.1, 2351, 2411, and 2421.1 should not accrue any additional depreciation
11 reserve at this time.

12 Q. Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?

13 A. Yes it does.

RATE CASE PROCEEDING PARTICIPATION

ROSELLA L. SCHAD

<u>COMPANY</u>	<u>CASE NO.</u>
Iamo Telephone Company	TT-2001-116
Peace Valley Telephone Company	TT-2001-118
Holway Telephone Company	TT-2001-119
KLM Telephone Company	TT-2001-120
Ozark Telephone Company	TC-2001-402
Osage Water Company	SR-2000-556
Osage Water Company	WR-2000-557
Northeast Missouri Rural Telephone Company	TR-2001-344

**OREGON FARMERS MUTUAL TELEPHONE CO.
DEPRECIATION RATES
CASE NO. TT-2001-328**

ACCOUNT	ACCOUNT NUMBER	STAFF PROPOSED DEPRECIATION RATES %	AVERAGE SERVICE LIFE (YEARS)	ACCOUNT NUMBER	ORDERED DEPRECIATION RATES %
MOTOR VEHICLES	2112	11.63%	8.6	2112	10.23%
GARAGE WORK EQUIPMENT	2115	7.69%	13.0	2115.0	7.62%
OTHER WORK EQUIPMENT	2116	7.14%	14.0	2116	6.71%
BUILDINGS	2121	2.86%	35.0	2121	2.80%
FURNITURE	2122	7.14%	14.0	2122	6.71%
OFFICE EQUIPMENT-OFFICE SUPPORT	2123.1	10.00%	10.0	2123.1	9.70%
OFFICE EQUIPMENT-COMPANY COMMUNICATIONS	2123.2	11.90%	8.4	2123	11.55%
GENERAL PURPOSE COMPUTERS	2124	15.63%	6.4	2124	13.59%
ANALOG ELECTRONIC SWITCHING	2211.0	6.67%	15.0		
DIGITAL SWITCHING	2212	6.67%	15.0	2212.0	6.67%
SATELLITE AND EARTH STATION FACILITIES	2231.1	8.85%	11.3	2231	8.67%
OTHER RADIO FACILITIES	2231.2	8.85%	11.3		
CIRCUIT EQUIPMENT-DIGITAL	2232.1	10.00%	10.0	2232	10.30%
CIRCUIT EQUIPMENT-ANALOG	2232.2	10.00%	10.0	2232	10.30%
PUBLIC TELEPHONE TERMINAL EQUIPMENT	2351	9.71%	10.3	2351	8.74%
OTHER TERMINAL EQUIPMENT	2362	11.49%	8.7	2362	11.49%
POLES	2411	4.76%	21.0	2411	6.19%
AERIAL CABLE-NONMETALLIC	2421.1	4.76%	21.0	2421	5.52%
AERIAL CABLE-METALLIC	2421.2	4.76%	21.0	2421	5.24%
UNDERGROUND CABLE-NONMETALLIC	2422.1	3.57%	28.0	2422	4.04%
UNDERGROUND CABLE-METALLIC	2422.2	3.85%	26.0	2422	3.75%
BURIED CABLE-NONMETALLIC	2423.1	3.57%	28.0	2423.1	4.29%
BURIED CABLE-METALLIC	2423.2	4.17%	24.0	2423	3.68%
SUBMARINE CABLE-NONMETALLIC	2424.1	4.76%	21.0	2424	4.81%
SUBMARINE CABLE-METALLIC	2424.2	4.76%	21.0		
CONDUIT SYSTEMS	2441	2.00%	50.0	2441	2.00%

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Oregon Farmers Mutual)
Telephone Company's Request For A Rate Increase)
For Telephone Service Pursuant To The Public)
Service Commission's Small Company Rate)
Increase Procedure.)

Case No. TT-2001-328

AFFIDAVIT OF ROSELL L. SCHAD

STATE OF MISSOURI)
)
COUNTY OF COLE) ss.

Rosella L. Schad, of lawful age, on her oath states: that she has participated in the preparation of the foregoing Rebuttal Testimony in question and answer form, consisting of 8 pages to be presented in the above case; that the answers in the foregoing Rebuttal Testimony were given by her; that she has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; and that such matters are true and correct to the best of her knowledge and belief.

Rosella L. Schad
Rosella L. Schad

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of February 2001.

Toni M. Charlton

TONI M. CHARLTON
NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF MISSOURI
COUNTY OF COLE
My Commission Expires December 28, 2004

