Exhibit No.: Issue(s): Article II (Definitions); Article VII (UNEs) Witness: Alfred Busbee Type of Exhibit: Direct Testimony Sponsoring Party: CenturyTel of Missouri, LLC and Spectra Communications Group, LLC d/b/a CenturyTel Case No.: TO-2006-0299 Date Testimony Prepared: March 21, 2006

DIRECT TESTIMONY

OF

ALFRED BUSBEE

ON BEHALF OF CENTURYTEL OF MISSOURI, LLC AND SPECTRA COMMUNICATIONS GROUP, LLC d/b/a CENTURYTEL

CASE NO. TO-2006-0299

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

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PETITION OF SOCKET TELECOM, LLC FOR COMPULSORY ARBITRATION OF INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENTS) WITH CENTURYTEL OF MISSOURI, LLC) AND SPECTRA COMMUNICATIONS, LLC) PURSUANT TO SECTION 252(b)(1) OF) THE TELECOMMUNICATIONS ACT OF) 1996)

CASE NO. TO-2006-0299

STATE OF ARKANSAS

COUNTY OF PULASKI

AFFIDAVIT OF ALFRED W. BUSBEE

I, Alfred W. Busbee, of lawful age and being duly sworn, state:

- 1. My name is Alfred W. Busbee I am presently Manager, Government Relations for CenturyTel Service Group, LLC.
- 2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Direct Testimony.
- 3. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to the questions therein propounded are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before this 15^{++} day of March, 2006 6/1/2010 My Commission expires:

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	1		DIRECT TESTIMONY OF
	2		ALFRED BUSBEE
	3 4		ON BEHALF OF CENTURYTEL OF MISSOURI, LLC AND SPECTRA COMMUNICATIONS GROUP, LLC d/b/a CENTURYTEL
	5 6	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS, AND EMPLOYMENT POSITION.
	7	A.	My name is Alfred Busbee. My business address is 2616 West Main, Jacksonville,
	8		Arkansas 72076. I am employed by CenturyTel Service Group as Manager, Government
	9		Relations.
	10	Q.	ON WHOSE BEHALF ARE YOU SUBMITTING DIRECT TESTIMONY?
	11	A.	I am submitting direct testimony on behalf of CenturyTel of Missouri, LLC and Spectra
	12		Communications Group, LLC, collectively referred to herein as "CenturyTel."
	13 14		I. <u>BACKGROUND</u>
	15 16	Q.	PLEASE PROVIDE INFORMATION ON YOUR BACKGROUND AND PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE.
	17	A.	I received a BA Degree in Economics from the University of Georgia in 1982. Since that
	18		time, I have been employed in the telecommunications industry for more than 22 years.
	18 19		
·			time, I have been employed in the telecommunications industry for more than 22 years.
·	19		time, I have been employed in the telecommunications industry for more than 22 years. My experience includes employment with wireless service providers, the Florida Public
	19 20		time, I have been employed in the telecommunications industry for more than 22 years. My experience includes employment with wireless service providers, the Florida Public Service Commission, and with incumbent local exchange companies. I have held
	19 20 21		time, I have been employed in the telecommunications industry for more than 22 years. My experience includes employment with wireless service providers, the Florida Public Service Commission, and with incumbent local exchange companies. I have held positions in Sales, Marketing, Regulatory, Carrier Relations, and Government Relations.
	19 20 21 22		time, I have been employed in the telecommunications industry for more than 22 years. My experience includes employment with wireless service providers, the Florida Public Service Commission, and with incumbent local exchange companies. I have held positions in Sales, Marketing, Regulatory, Carrier Relations, and Government Relations. I have testified on behalf of local exchange companies in arbitration proceedings in the
	19 20 21 22 23		time, I have been employed in the telecommunications industry for more than 22 years. My experience includes employment with wireless service providers, the Florida Public Service Commission, and with incumbent local exchange companies. I have held positions in Sales, Marketing, Regulatory, Carrier Relations, and Government Relations. I have testified on behalf of local exchange companies in arbitration proceedings in the states of Ohio, Kentucky, Nebraska, Georgia, and Florida as it relates to various

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agreements on behalf of independent ILECs with CLEC companies similarly demanding
 the terms and conditions negotiated by RBOCs that are not appropriate or technically
 feasible for smaller ILECs like CenturyTel.

4 Q. HOW LONG HAVE YOU BEEN MANAGER OF GOVERNMENT RELATIONS 5 AT CENTURYTEL AND WHAT ARE YOUR JOB RESPONSIBILITIES?

I have been employed by CenturyTel Service Group since 2003. I have held my present A. 6 position as Manager of Government Relations in Arkansas since I began my employment 7 with CenturyTel. My responsibilities as Manager include managing the government and 8 regulatory affairs for the CenturyTel companies within the state of Arkansas. CenturyTel 9 has numerous operating companies in Arkansas, for which I am the liaison with the 10 Arkansas Public Service Commission. I have responsibility for filing company tariffs 11 and ensuring timely responses to PSC data requests, complaints and service issues. I 12 monitor earnings in the rate-of-return companies and assist in rate case management as 13 needed. I also participate in industry associations and business coalitions with common 14 interests. I also meet with state legislators to discuss potential legislation or to resolve 15 constituent issues. It is my responsibility to keep members of the General Assembly 16 informed of telecommunication and business issues that affect CenturyTel's customers, 17 employees, and shareholders. 18

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II. PURPOSE OF TESTIMONY

- 21 Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 22 A. The purpose of my testimony is to address:
- The appropriate definition for "Dedicated Transport" that should be incorporated
 into the Parties' Agreement. This definition, as currently in dispute between the

Sec. 7.2 (UNE Issue 32). 2 What obligations should be imposed upon CenturyTel when it does not have the 2. 3 ability to provide Socket with a UNE, including when CenturyTel cannot provide 4 such UNE due to lack of facilities. The contract provision reflecting the Parties' 5 dispute is found in Article VII, Sec. 2.37 (UNE Issue 22). 6 Whether Article VII, Section 7.10.1 (UNE Issue 35) should include a provision, 3. 7 consistent with the FCC's rules, that imposes a cap of 10 on the number of 8 unbundled DS1 dedicated transport circuits Socket may obtain on each route where 9 DS1 dedicated transport is available on an unbundled basis? 10 11 ΠT. **DISPUTED DEFINITION OF** 12 "DEDICATED TRANSPORT" IN ARTICLES II & ARTICLE VII 13 ARTICLE II (ISSUE 34) & ARTICLE VII (ISSUE 32) - What is the 14 appropriate definition for "dedicated transport" that should be incorporated 15 into the parties' agreement? 16 WHAT IS THE PARTIES' BASIC DISPUTE WITH RESPECT TO THE 17 0. **DEFINITION OF DEDICATED TRANSPORT?** 18 At issue in this dispute is Socket's access to unbundled network elements as described in A. 19 47 C.F.R. § 51.319; specifically, Dedicated Transport. Socket contends that CenturyTel 20 of Missouri, LLC and Spectra Communications Group, each of which is an incumbent 21 local exchange company (an "incumbent LEC"), are obligated to provision unbundled 22 Dedicated Transport between central offices they each separately own and operate. 23 WOULD YOU PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR TESTIMONY WITH RESPECT 24 Q. TO THE DEFINITION OF DEDICATED TRANSPORT? 25

Parties, is found in Article II, Sec. 166 (Definition Issue 34) and Article VI,

- A. As I discuss below in this testimony, FCC regulations do not require unbundled access to
- 27 Dedicated Transport on routes between two separate incumbent LECs, affiliated, or

otherwise. Moreover, the network architecture of these companies does not support a switching/transport hierarchy that provides access to Dedicated Transport between or among the two affiliates. As rural independent LECs, some of the companies' central offices subtend an AT&T Missouri tandem for which CenturyTel relies to provide switching and transport.

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Q. HOW DOES THE FCC'S DEFINITION OF DEDICATED TRANSPORT SUPPORT CENTURYTEL'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE?

A. CenturyTel relies upon the definition of unbundled Dedicated Transport and its
obligations set forth in 47 C.F.R. § 51.319(e). FCC regulations do not require that
CenturyTel of Missouri or Spectra Communications provide Dedicated Transport to
Socket between central offices owned by separate affiliates. Specifically, 47 C.F.R.
§ 51.319(e) states, in pertinent part:

Dedicated transport. An incumbent LEC shall provide a requesting 13 telecommunications carrier with nondiscriminatory access to dedicated transport on an 14 unbundled basis, in accordance with section 251(c)(3) of the Act and this part and as set 15 forth in paragraph (e)(1) through (e)(5) of this section. As used in those paragraphs, a 16 "route" is a transmission path between one of an incumbent LEC's wire centers or 17 switches and another of the incumbent LEC's wire centers or switches. A route between 18 two points (e.g., wire center or switch "A" and wire center or switch "Z") may pass 19 through one or more intermediate wire centers or switches (e.g., wire center or switch 20 "X"). Transmission paths between identical end points (e.g., wire center or switch "A" 21 and wire center or switch "Z") are the same "route," irrespective of whether they pass 22 through the same intermediate wire centers or switches, if any. 23

1 (1) *Definition*. For purposes of this section, dedicated transport includes 2 incumbent LEC transmission facilities between wire centers or switches owned by 3 incumbent LECs, or between wire centers or switches owned by incumbent LECs 4 and switches owned by requesting telecommunications carriers, including, but not 5 limited to, DS1-, DS3-, and OCn-capacity level services, as well as dark fiber, 6 dedicated to a particular customer or carrier.

The definition and unbundling requirement set forth in this section do not support
 Socket's demands for unbundling between separate affiliates, even incumbent LECs.¹

9 Competing carriers generally use interoffice transport as a means to aggregate 10 end-user traffic to achieve economies of scale. They do so by using dedicated transport 11 to carry traffic from their end users' loops, often terminating at incumbent LEC central 12 offices, through other central offices to a point of aggregation. Ultimately, the traffic is 13 carried to the competitor's switch or other equipment, often from an incumbent LEC 14 central office along a circuit generally known as an entrance facility.

Unbundled Dedicated Transport under the *Triennial Review Remand Order* is a UNE that is purchased for the purpose of transporting Telecommunications Services between an incumbent LEC's central offices. The plain language of the regulation and the *Triennial Review Remand Order* determinations clearly defines the unbundled "route" as a transmission path between one of an incumbent LEC's wire centers or switches and another of the same incumbent LEC's wire centers or switches. The regulation does not

¹ In response to USTA II, the FCC "readopted" its pre-*Triennial Review Order* definition of Dedicated Transport, but determined in the *Triennial Review Remand Order* that the facilities between ILEC wire centers or switches and requesting carrier wire centers or switches need not be unbundled, because requesting carriers were not impaired without access. See In the matter of Unbundled Access to Network Elements, Review of the Section 251 Unbundling Obligations of Incumbent Local Exchange Carriers, WC Docket No. 04-313, CC Docket No. 01-338, Order on Remand, FCC 04-290 (rel. Feb. 4, 2005); United States Telecomm Ass'n v. FCC, 359 F.3d 554 (D.C. Cir. 2004) ("USTA II").

require one incumbent LEC to provide a Dedicated Transport route between its wire center or switch and the wire centers or switches of other incumbent LECs. This is the case whether the incumbent LECs are owned by the same holding company or share a common management structure at some level.

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5 Q. HOW DOES THE RURAL NETWORK ARCHITECTURE OF CENTURYTEL 6 OF MISSOURI OR SPECTRA COMMUNICATIONS AFFECT THE 7 AVAILABILITY OF DEDICATED TRANSPORT?

CenturyTel of Missouri, LLC or Spectra Communications Group's switches sometimes Α. 8 subtend the AT&T Missouri tandem or are not otherwise connected. In these situations, 9 the CenturyTel of Missouri, LLC or Spectra Communications Group switch does not own 10 direct connectivity to other switches within the LATA. It would not be technically 11 feasible to require CenturyTel of Missouri, LLC or Spectra Communications Group to 12 provide Dedicated Transport to Socket for these routes. Socket should instead be 13 required to construct or obtain from a third party the facilities it needs rather than rely 14 upon CenturyTel to provision its network. 15

16Q.PLEASE DESCRIBE SOCKET'S PROPOSED DEFINITION OF "DEDICATED17TRANSPORT."

- 18 A. Socket proposes to define Dedicated Transport as including "interoffice transmission
- 19 facilities between CenturyTel of Missouri, LLC's network and Spectra Communications
- 20 Group, LLC d/b/a CenturyTel's network and vice-versa."

21Q.WHY SHOULD THE COMMISSION REJECT SOCKET'S PROPOSED22DEFINITION OF "DEDICATED TRANSPORT"?

A. The Commission should reject Socket's proposed definition because it is inconsistent with federal law. See, e.g., 47 C.F.R. § 51.319(e); *Triennial Review Remand Order* at ¶136-41. Importantly, for example, Socket's definition fails to reflect that the FCC has determined that dedicated transport need only be unbundled between two of an

1		incumbent LEC's central offices or switches, not simply "between two Central Offices."
2		In addition, in many cases, even if separate incumbent LECs could be required to provide
3		Dedicated Transport between their separate central offices, in many cases, the unbundling
4		would be technically infeasible.
5 6	Q.	WHAT LANGUAGE SHOULD THE COMMISSION ADOPT WITH RESPECT TO THE DEFINITION OF "DEDICATED TRANSPORT"?
7	A.	The Commission should adopt CenturyTel's definition of "dedicated transport" because
8		CenturyTel has defined it consistently with the FCC's definition.
9		IV.
9 10		ARTICLE VII DISPUTED ISSUES
		UNE ISSUE 22 (A) If Continue Tol account that it connet provision a UNE
11		UNE ISSUE 22 – (A) If CenturyTel asserts that it cannot provision a UNE, should it be required to provide a "reasonably detailed" explanation of the
12		reason why it cannot provide the requested UNE? (B) If the reason
13 14		CenturyTel cannot provide the requested UNE is due to lack of facilities,
14		should CenturyTel be required to identify any capacity it is reserving for
15		itself, and to submit to socket and the commission a construction plan for
17		expanding its facilities?
18	Q.	WHAT IS THE BASIS OF THE PARTIES' DISPUTE IN UNE ISSUE 22?
19	A.	This dispute pertains to CenturyTel's obligations when it does not have the ability to
20		provide Socket with a requested Unbundled Network Element (UNE). Specifically, the
21		parties dispute the level of detail CenturyTel must provide should it be unable to
22		provision a requested UNE. Socket proposes language that would require CenturyTel to
23		provide a "detailed" explanation of the reason why CenturyTel cannot provide the UNE,
24		while CenturyTel more reasonably proposes that it should be required to provide a
25		"reasonably detailed" explanation of the reason. In addition, Socket unreasonably
26		proposes that, where CenturyTel's reason for not providing a UNE is due to lack of
27		facilities, CenturyTel should be required to engineer and file construction plans with

Socket and the Commission identifying its reserved capacity, if any, and its plans to add
 additional capacity in the future.

Q. WHY IS IT APPROPRIATE TO REQUIRE A "REASONABLY DETAILED" EXPLANATION OF THE REASON CENTURYTEL CANNOT PROVIDE SOCKET WITH A UNE?

CenturyTel appropriately proposes to insert the phrase "reasonably detailed" to describe 6 A. the explanation it is required to give Socket if it rejects a request to provide a UNE. It is 7 appropriate that any explanation be objectively reasonable. Without such a reasonable 8 limitation, Socket's proposed "detailed" explanation could be unfairly interpreted in favor 9 of Socket, requiring CenturyTel to undertake activities or to provide levels of detail that 10 are unduly burdensome and/or that unfairly monopolize CenturyTel's time and resources. 11 Socket's proposed "detailed" explanation could potentially be interpreted, for example, as 12 requiring CenturyTel to produce copies of network architecture schematics, to prepare 13 traffic forecasts, to conduct engineering studies, to develop construction plans, etc. 14 Moreover, Socket's proposed language could essentially be interpreted as requiring 15 CenturyTel "prove" that the UNE at issue is, in fact, not available or that CenturyTel is 16 unable to provision it. Such inquiries are properly left to the Dispute Resolution process 17 set forth in the Agreement. As drafted by Socket, this provision potentially could saddle 18 CenturyTel with burdensome and unnecessary obligations. The Commission should 19 adopt CenturyTel's proposed insertion because CenturyTel has continuing obligations to 20 both other carriers and its own customers. CenturyTel uses the same engineering and 21 support staff to design networks and systems for itself and other carriers. If CenturyTel 22 must divert its engineering and support staff for the purpose of preparing "detailed" 23 explanations any time a Socket request for a UNE is rejected, such a process 24

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unreasonably places the interests of one carrier over CenturyTel's obligations to its other customers.

Q. WHAT WOULD CENTURYTEL PROVIDE SOCKET UNDER A "REASONABLY DETAILED" EXPLANATION?

5 A. Under a "reasonably detailed" explanation, CenturyTel would provide Socket with the 6 available data and/or information CenturyTel relies upon to determine whether the 7 requested UNE is available. The information will be sufficiently detailed to demonstrate 8 the reason why CenturyTel cannot provide the UNE to Socket. If Socket disagrees with 9 reason provided, Socket may avail itself of the Dispute Resolution process set forth in the

10 Agreement.

11Q.WHY SHOULD THE COMMISSION REJECT SOCKET'S PROPOSED12LANGUAGE PURPORTING TO REQUIRE CENTURYTEL, WHEN IT13REJECTS A SOCKET REQUEST DUE TO LACK OF FACILITIES, TO (1)14IDENTIFY ITS OWN RESERVED CAPACITY AND (2) TO SUBMIT15CONSTRUCTION PLANS TO SOCKET AND TO THE COMMISSION?

Socket's language purports to place burdensome and unnecessary obligations on 16 A. 17 CenturyTel that are not required by applicable law. If CenturyTel rejects a Socket UNE 18 request due to lack of facilities, CenturyTel is willing to work with Socket to establish a 19 construction plan to assist in meeting Socket's demand; however, CenturyTel has no 20 obligation to provide Socket with its reserved capacity, if any, nor an obligation to file construction plans with Socket and the Commission for this purpose. Moreover, while 21 CenturyTel is willing to work with Socket to account for its own demand in any future 22 CenturyTel construction plans, CenturyTel is under no obligation to build or construct 23 facilities solely for Socket's UNE use. Socket's proposed language-e.g., requiring 24 25 CenturyTel to "submit a construction plan for setting forth the timeline for adding the additional capacity"-affirmatively attempts to require CenturyTel to commit in the 26

Agreement to adding additional capacity for Socket's use. As such, Socket's provision is 1 In addition, Socket's proposed language attempts to place contrary to applicable law. 2 responsibilities on the Commission which do not exist today. In addition to requiring 3 CenturyTel to provide its construction plans to Socket, Socket's proposed language would 4 require CenturyTel to file the subject construction plans with the Commission. It is 5 uncertain exactly what Socket expects the Commission Staff to do with these plans. The 6 implication is that the PSC would review them for reasonableness, possibly open a 7 docket, prepare data requests, establish a procedural schedule for testimony, etc. 8 CenturyTel believes this is an unnecessary misuse of the Staff's resources. 9

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Q. WHY IS CENTURYTEL'S PROPOSED LANGUAGE MORE APPROPRIATE?

CenturyTel's proposed language is consistent with its legal obligations and promotes a 11 A. CenturyTel's language provides cooperative working relationship with Socket. 12 assurances that it will provide reasonably detailed explanations in situations where UNEs 13 cannot be provisioned, explanations that are sufficiently detailed to explain the reason 14 why the requested UNE is rejected. CenturyTel's proposed language also provides that 15 CenturyTel is willing to work with Socket in the development of construction plans that 16 17 account for Socket's demand. However, unlike Socket's proposal, CenturyTel's proposal makes clear that, consistent with applicable law, Socket must bear the cost of the 18 19 engineering and construction of additional capacity specifically to meet Socket's needs. Lastly, CenturyTel's language does not impose administrative burdens on the PSC staff 20 that are unnecessary and best left to the Dispute Resolution processes defined in the 21 parties' Agreement. 22

23 24 UNE ISSUE 35 — Should Article VII, Section 7.10.1 include a provision that, consistent with the FCC's rules, imposes a cap of 10 on the number of

1 2 unbundled DS1 dedicated transport circuits Socket may obtain on each route where DS1 dedicated transport is available on an unbundled basis?

3 Q. WHAT IS THE BASIS OF THE PARTIES' DISPUTE IN ISSUE 35 (SEC. 7.10.1)?

The Parties disagree on the language to be incorporated into the Agreement reflecting the A. 4 FCC's regulation in 47 C.F.R. § 51.319(e)(2)(ii)(B), which pertains to the cap on the 5 number of DS1 transport circuits a CLEC may obtain on an unbundled basis. CenturyTel 6 proposes to incorporate into the Agreement the express language of Rule 7 51.319(e)(2)(ii)(B), which would cap at 10 the number of unbundled DS1 dedicated 8 transport circuits Socket may obtain "on each route where DS1 dedicated transport is 9 available on an unbundled basis." In other words, CenturyTel's position is that the 10 10 DS1 transport circuit cap applies on all routes where DS1 transport is available for 11 unbundling. Socket proposes language that would limit the application of this cap where 12 13 a Tier 3 wire center is at one or both ends of a DS1 transport route. Socket's position is derived by misconstruing language found in the FCC's Triennial Review Remand Order 14 (TRRO) but not found in the rule itself. Socket interprets paragraph 128 of the TRRO as 15 restricting the applicability of the 10-DS1 cap to instances where DS3 transport is not 16 available as a UNE. In other words, since DS3 transport is available for unbundling at 17 18 Tier 3 wire centers, the DS1 transport cap would never apply on Tier 3 routes. 19 Essentially, Socket's proposal would mean that it is entitled to an *unlimited* number DS1 transport circuits where at least one Tier 3 wire center is locate at one end of the transport 20 21 route. Most, if not all, of CenturyTel's wire centers would be classified as Tier 3 wire centers under the FCC's classification regime; therefore, Socket's proposal would permit 22 it to obtain an unlimited number of DS1 transport circuits from CenturyTel under this 23 Agreement. 24

1Q.WHY SHOULD THE COMMISSION REJECT SOCKET'S PROPOSED2INTERPRETATION OF THE DS1 TRANSPORT CAP IN SECTION 7.10.1?

A. First, Socket's proposed Section 7.10.1, at least that part that deals with 10-DS1 transport cap, is not consistent with the express language of FCC regulation 51.319(e)(2)(ii)(B). That regulation expressly states: "A [CLEC] may obtain a maximum of ten unbundled DS1 dedicated transport circuits on each route where DS1 dedicated transport is available on an unbundled basis." Socket's attempt to restrict or limit the application of this cap on Tier 3 routes (where DS3 transport is available as a UNE) basically adds a limitation to the rule that is not otherwise found in the rule's plain and unambiguous language.

10 Second, Socket's proposal actually would permit it to make an end run around the FCC's DS3 transport cap by obtaining UNE access to an *unlimited* number of DS1 11 12 transport facilities. FCC regulation 47 C.F.R. § 51.319(e)(2)(iii)(B) states that a CLEC may obtain "a maximum of 12 DS3 unbundled transport circuits on each route where 13 DS3 unbundled dedicated transport is available on an unbundled basis." Socket does not 14 dispute that the 12 DS3 cap applies on Tier 3 wire center routes. However, if the 15 Commission adopts Socket's proposal on the DS1 transport cap, which is really no cap at 16 all, Socket could order 100 or 1,000 DS1 circuits on a Tier 3 route, but be limited to only 17 12 DS3s on the same route. Clearly, the FCC did not intend that a CLEC thwart the DS3 18 cap by being able to obtain unlimited DS1 transport circuits. This perverse result 19 demonstrates that Socket's proposal is unreasonable and contrary to the plain language in 20 the FCC's DS1 cap regulation. 21

Finally, Socket's proposal would effectively thwart the FCC's stated policy underlying the DS1 transport cap. The FCC explained in the *TRRO* that a cap of 10 DS1 circuits is "consistent with the pricing efficiencies of aggregating traffic." *TRRO* ¶ 128.

According to the FCC, while a DS3 circuit is capable of carrying 28 uncompressed DS1 1 channels, it is efficient for a carrier to aggregate traffic onto a DS3 facility at 2 approximately 10 DS1s. The FCC imposed this 10 DS1 cap based on its determination 3 that there would be substantial network efficiencies obtained as a consequence of 4 requiring competitive carriers to aggregate traffic; when a competitive carrier requires 5 more than 10 DS1 transport circuits, a reasonably efficient carrier would utilize a DS3. 6 See TRRO ¶ 71, 128, 181. However, under Socket's proposal, because the 10 DS1 cap 7 would not apply. Socket would never be required to aggregate traffic at a level above 10 8 DS1s to a DS3 transport facility. Therefore, again, Socket would essentially be given 9 license to thwart the underlying "pricing efficiency" policy of the FCC's DS1 cap. 10 Equally important, the Commission essentially would be giving Socket permission to 11 operate as an inefficient carrier. 12

13Q.WHY SHOULD THE COMMISSION ACCEPT CENTURYTEL'S PROPOSED14SEC. 7.10.1?

A. Socket's proposed language in Section 7.10.1 accurately tracks the express DS1 transport 15 cap language of 47 C.F.R. § 51.319(e)(2)(ii)(B). The FCC's limit on DS1 transport 16 circuits in that regulation means what it says—the 10 DS1 transport cap applies on all 17 transport routes, even routes with a Tier 3 wire center at one or both ends. Further, the 18 cap applies irrespective of DS3 impairment on the same routes. In addition, CenturyTel's 19 proposed language would prohibit Socket from making an end run around the FCC's DS3 20 transport cap and gives effect to the pricing-efficiencies policy underlying the DS1 21 transport cap at issue. 22

23 Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?

24 A Yes, at this time.