

## REVISED MEMORANDUM

**TO:** Missouri Public Service Commission  
Official Case File, Case No. WA-2019-0185

**FROM:** Curt Gateley – Water and Sewer Department  
James A. Busch – Water and Sewer Department  
David Roos – Water and Sewer Department  
Matthew Barnes – Water and Sewer Department  
Kim Bolin – Auditing Department  
Scott Glasgow – Customer Experience Department  
Ben Rankin – Customer Experience Department  
David Buttig – Engineering Analysis Department

/s/ Curt Gateley 5/24/19  
Case Manager/ Date

/s/ Whitney Payne 5/24/19  
Senior Counsel / Date

**SUBJECT:** Recommendation of Approval of Application

**DATE:** May 24, 2019

### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

On December 19, 2018, the Osage Utility Operating Company, Inc. (OUOC) filed its *Application and Motion for Waiver* (Application) with the Missouri Public Service Commission (Commission). OUOC seeks approval for Osage Water Company (OWC), a regulated water and sewer utility, to sell and transfer its water and sewer assets along with its Certificate of Convenience and Necessity (CCN) to OUOC.

According to the Application, pursuant to Sections 386.040, 386.250 and 393.140 RSMo and Commission Rule 4 CSR 240-10.085(2), OUOC requests a rate of return premium and a debt acquisition adjustment in conjunction with its acquisition of OWC. On February 19, 2019, OUOC submitted in this case an *Amended Application for Convenience and Necessity* (Amended Application). The Amended Application was submitted to “...correct inaccuracies discovered after the filing of the original Application.”

Cedar Glen Condominium Owners Association, Lake Area Waste Water Association, Inc., Missouri Water Association, Inc., and Public Water Supply District No. 5 of Camden County have been granted intervention in this case by the Commission. No applications to intervene were denied.

It is Staff's position, based on its review as described herein, that the transfers of the specific utility assets as requested in the Application are not detrimental to the public interest, and the Commission's issuance of a new CCN is in the public interest. OUOC's proposal to adopt the existing tariffs, rates and charges of OWC as described herein is reasonable. Staff recommends OUOC be authorized and ordered to file adoption notice tariff sheets for the water tariff and sewer tariff currently in effect for OWC, and new blank tariff sheets to replace the appropriate maps and service area descriptions for the inactive service areas discussed below. OUOC should provide notice to the Commission of closing on the assets of OWC, and status reports as necessary describing the status of closing on the assets. Staff therefore recommends approval of the transfer of assets of OWC and transfers of the relevant CCNs, with the conditions and actions as outlined herein:

1. Authorize OWC to sell and transfer utility assets to OUOC, and transfer the CCN's currently held by OWC to OUOC upon closing on any of the respective systems;
2. Upon closing on each of the OWC water and sewer systems, authorize OWC to cease providing service, and authorize OUOC to begin providing service;
3. Require OUOC to file Tariff Adoption Notice tariff sheets for the corresponding water and sewer tariffs of the regulated OWC systems within ten (10) days after closing on the OWC assets;
4. Upon closing on each of the water and sewer systems, authorize OUOC to provide service by applying, on an interim basis, the existing rates, rules and regulations as outlined in OWC's water tariff and sewer tariff, until the effective date of respective adoption notice tariff sheets, as recommended above;
5. Require OUOC to create and keep financial books and records for plant-in-service, revenues, and operating expenses (including invoices) in accordance with the NARUC Uniform System of Accounts;
6. Require OUOC to, going forward, keep and make available for audit and review all invoices and documents pertaining to the capital costs of constructing and installing the water and sewer utility assets;

7. Approve depreciation rates for water and sewer utility plant accounts as described and shown herein;
8. Require OUOC to distribute to all customers an informational brochure detailing the rights and responsibilities of the utility and its customers regarding its water service, consistent with the requirements of Commission Rule 4 CSR 240-13, within thirty (30) days after the effective date of approval of a CCN by the Commission;
9. Require OUOC to, within ninety (90) days of the effective date of a Commission order approving OUOC's Application, complete repairs to resolve the bypassing of treatment at any wastewater treatment system;
10. Resolve all issues regarding noncompliance with Missouri Department of Natural Resources (DNR) regulations for all water and sewer systems;
11. Require OUOC to provide adequate training for the correct application of rates and rules to all customer service representatives, including those employed by contractors, prior to the customers receiving their first bill from OUOC;
12. Require OUOC to provide to the Customer Experience Department Staff a sample of ten (10) billing statements of bills issued to OWC customers within thirty (30) days of such billing;
13. Require OUOC to file notice in this case once Staff's recommendations regarding customer communications and billing, listed above, have been completed; and
14. Require OUOC to file a rate case with the Commission no later than twenty-four (24) months after the effective date of an order approving OUOC's Application

### **BACKGROUND OF OWC**

OWC obtained a CCN in 1989 to operate as a water and sewer utility in Commission Case No. WM-89-73, which authorized a regulated utility named Oak Tres, Inc. to sell and transfer its assets to OWC. OWC subsequently filed a number of cases seeking additional service areas. On December 10, 2002, the Commission issued a Report and Order in Case No. WC-2003-0134, finding that Osage had been effectively abandoned by its owners, and that it was unable or unwilling to provide safe and adequate service to its customers.

Since granting its original CCN, the Commission has granted OWC several additional CCNs as it acquired or constructed additional water and sewer systems. At present, OWC provides water and sewer services to four active water and sewer service areas: Cedar Glen, Chelsea Rose, Cimarron Bay and HWY KK. The HWY KK water service area consists only of the Eagle Woods subdivision; the sewer service area includes both Eagle Woods and Golden Glade. OWC also has six inactive<sup>1</sup> water service areas that Staff proposes to delete from the water tariff, described further herein. These inactive service territories are Osage Beach South, Osage Beach North, Sunrise Beach South, Sunrise Beach North, Shawnee Bend, and Parkview Bay.

At present, OWC provides water service to approximately 402 customers and sewer service to approximately 420 customers in Camden County, Missouri, according to the Application. Due to certain decisions by company management,<sup>2</sup> failure to properly construct, and failure to properly maintain the water and sewer systems, there are several compliance issues that need to be addressed. Some facilities are operating without permits from DNR; at least one wastewater treatment system is in such a state of disrepair that wastewater is bypassing treatment processes. (Bypassing means that partially treated or untreated wastewater is released from the system, endangering public health and the environment.) Varying degrees of immediate repairs and longer term capital improvements are necessary among the systems.

OWC was placed into permanent receivership on October 21, 2005.<sup>3</sup> More recently, OWC filed for Chapter 11 bankruptcy and a bankruptcy trustee was appointed on October 26, 2017.<sup>4</sup> OWC's assets were liquidated by the bankruptcy trustee using a bidding procedure, with OUOC as the high bidder, resulting in this current case before the Commission.

## **BACKGROUND OF OUOC**

OUOC was formed for the purpose of purchasing and operating the OWC systems. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of Central States Water Resources, Inc., which owns several other Commission

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<sup>1</sup> Reinstatement of these service areas may be possible in the future if OUOC files with an application with the Commission to serve these areas, including a plan to provide utility service.

<sup>2</sup> See the *Report and Order* in WC-2003-0134

<sup>3</sup> Commission Case No. WC-2003-0134, and Circuit Court of Camden County, originally docketed as Case No. CV102-965CC, now docketed as Case No. 26V010200965.

<sup>4</sup> United States Bankruptcy Court for the Western District of Missouri Central Division, Case No. 17-42759-drd11.

approved utility companies in Missouri which are providing safe and adequate service, and otherwise being properly operated in compliance with the law.

## **STAFF'S INVESTIGATION**

### **Water and Sewer Systems**

Staff from the Water and Sewer Department inspected the condition of each water and sewer system, including its performance and compliance with drinking water and environmental regulations. Staff performed inspections of OWC water and sewer systems in Camden County on February 5, 2019. Staff also reviewed information from DNR's records, including operating permits, inspections, notices of violations, sampling results and correspondence with the owner/operator via formal sunshine requests and through the DNR website.

This memorandum provides system descriptions, Staff observations, DNR regulatory status, and OUOC's proposed system improvements of each facility. Included in OUOC's proposed improvements are OUOC's cost estimates for the proposed improvements. Staff considers OUOC's proposals as conceptual, and OUOC's cost estimates as preliminary. Staff has included these proposals and cost estimates in this memorandum only to inform the Commission, and their inclusion is in no way an indication of Staff's support or adoption. **Staff recommends that OUOC regularly update Staff on the design, construction, and startup of the improvements to the OWC systems.**

In its review of the systems Staff found some conflicting or missing information concerning DNR construction and operating permits and/or the ability for some existing wastewater systems to meet permitted effluent limits. **Staff recommends OUOC work with DNR to resolve all DNR drinking water and wastewater permit concerns.**

### **OWC Systems**

#### **OWC Cedar Glen Service Area**

Cedar Glen is a residential condominium community located in Camdenton, Camden County, Missouri. The Commission granted OWC a CCN to provide water and sewer service to the Cedar Glen service area on May 31, 1998, in Case No. WA-98-36. OWC is currently providing service through approximately 216 water connections and 216 sewer connections.

### **Description of the OWC Cedar Glen Water System**

The water system consists of a well house, one well, one submersible well pump, a master meter, a 35,000 gallon hydro-pneumatic pressure tank, piping and valves, and three unused 250-gallon bladder tanks. There is no treatment and no disinfection of the water. The source of water is a single well, Well #1, that was drilled in 1997 to a depth of 665 feet with six-inch casing to a depth of 465 feet. The well is equipped with a 125 gallon per minute submersible pump set at a depth of 296 feet.

OWC's Cedar Glen permit to dispense water to the public was last issued by DNR on August 23, 2013. The DNR Public Water Supply Identification (PWSID) is MO3071205. DNR conducted an inspection of the Cedar Glen water system on August 24, 2017. At that time, Cedar Glen was found to be in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Law.

Staff observed caked dirt, algae, and mold on the exterior of the 35,000-gallon hydro-pneumatic tank. The well house has rotten framing and siding. Wiring and electrical panels are exposed and in some places, wiring is hanging or simply stapled to the walls. The submersible well pump pumps water directly to the 35,000 gallon hydropneumatic tank.

### **Proposed Improvements to the OWC Cedar Glen Water System**

OUOC's proposed improvements for the water system include: installing a remote monitoring unit and magnetic flow meter, repairing the building, installing electrical wiring in conduit to eliminate electrical hazards, converting the hydro-pneumatic storage tank to ground storage with variable speed electric high service pumps (to increase storage capacity), power washing and cleaning the hydro-pneumatic tank, installing at least two flushing hydrants and at least five system valves in the distribution system, replacing all existing meters with remote shutoff meters, and installing new meters in units that are not presently metered. OUOC estimates the cost of these proposed improvements to be \$377,750.

### **Description of the OWC Cedar Glen Sewer System**

The sewer system consists of a gravity collection system, lift station, recirculating sand filter treatment facility with a central septic tank, in-ground sand filter, chlorination and dechlorination. Sludge from the septic tank is periodically removed and disposed off-site by a licensed contract sludge hauler. The system has a design capacity of approximately 25,728 gallons per day (gpd)

and an actual flow of approximately 6,600 gpd.<sup>5</sup> The collection system is composed mostly of PVC pipe.

The OWC Cedar Glen wastewater treatment facility's Missouri State Operating Permit MO-0120936 was last issued by DNR on June 1, 2016, and expires on June 30, 2019. Based upon a letter to DNR dated June 8, 2018, from the contract operator for the system, Lake of the Ozarks Water & Sewer, , the current treatment plant will meet the ammonia limits and no new construction will be needed. A DNR sewer inspection report notes no unsatisfactory conditions.

On September 1, 2019 DNR terminated Cedar Glen's Operating Permit MO-0120936. The system is now operating under Missouri State Operating Permit MOGD00442.

Staff observed that the sand filter consists of four beds, with surface signs such as staining, and rotten timbers on the northeast bed, possibly indicating integrity issues and some failed piping. Two of the eight filter pumps are non-operable. Further, OUOC informed Staff that the pumps at the lift stations have had difficulty handling large seasonal flows in the summer.

#### **Proposed Improvements to the OWC Cedar Glen Sewer System**

OUOC proposes to repair treatment piping as needed, replace the two inoperable filter pumps, clear trees from around the facility, install a moving bed bio-reactor (MBBR) as an additional component of treatment, add additional storage volume at each lift station, and replace the lift station pumps with newer, higher capacity units. OUOC estimates these proposed improvements cost approximately \$281,950.

Staff notes that the MBBR that OUOC proposes for additional treatment would primarily be used for additional ammonia removal. This proposal is inconsistent with statements made by the current operators of the system, Lake of the Ozarks Water and Sewer, in the July 8, 2018 letter noted above that the system meets effluent limitations without further upgrades. Staff understands that OUOC's proposal is preliminary, but further details and justification will be necessary if OUOC seeks inclusion of an MBBR upgrade in rates during the next rate case.

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<sup>5</sup> Volume estimated in the DNR Operating Permit.

### **OWC Chelsea Rose Service Area**

Chelsea Rose is a residential subdivision, located in Sunrise Beach, Camden County, Missouri. The Commission granted OWC a CCN to provide water and sewer service to Chelsea Rose on October 2, 1992, in Case No. WA-92-141. OWC is currently providing service through approximately 42 water connections and 38 sewer connections.

### **Description of the OWC Chelsea Rose Water System**

The water system consists of a well house, one well that is in service (Well #2), one submersible well pump producing 60 gallons per minute (gpm), a master meter and a 250-gallon bladder tank to maintain pressure on the system. According to DNR, Well #2 was drilled in 1999 to a depth of 820 feet with six-inch steel casing to a depth of 550 feet. The well is equipped with a 10-horsepower 60 gpm submersible pump set at a depth of 399 feet. There is no treatment or disinfection of the water. There is another well, Well #1, along with some piping that is no longer connected to the water system. Well #1 has not been properly “abandoned” and closed per DNR regulations.

The system has operated without a permit to dispense water to the public for approximately 10 years, because the system was not constructed according to DNR approved plans and specifications. However, to facilitate the sale of OWC, on May 30, 2018, after the most recent DNR inspection, DNR issued a permit to dispense water to the public. The DNR PWSID number for the system is No. MO3031244.

On April 2, 2018, DNR personnel performed an inspection of the Chelsea Rose water system, and On April 19, 2018, DNR issued a report with violations that are summarized below:

1. The Chelsea Rose water system, did not at the time have a Permit to Dispense Water to the Public as required by Safe Drinking Water Regulation 10 CSR 60-3.010(2)(A). This system was referred to the Public Drinking Water Branch for enforcement previously; the ownership and receivership situation has hindered the issue.

Once the ownership issues have been resolved, the new owner must complete and submit a new application for a permit to dispense and submit it with all required documentation, including a deed to the well property, to Missouri Department of Natural Resources.



2. The previous owners of the Chelsea Rose water system failed to construct the water system in accordance with approved plans and specifications in violation of Safe Drinking Water Regulation 10 CSR 60-10.010(4). The new owners will submit two copies each of engineering report, plans, and specifications along with an application for a new or revised construction permit to the Missouri Department of Natural Resources.

Staff observed that the well house roof and siding has deteriorated, and inside the well house there is exposed wiring. The 250-gallon bladder tank does not meet the DNR recommendation to provide 2,730 gallons of hydro-pneumatic storage. In general, the water system is substandard and was not constructed according to DNR approved plans and specifications.

### **Proposed Improvements to the OWC Chelsea Rose Water System**

OUOC proposes to repair the functioning well house and wiring, install magnetic flow meter and remote monitoring, install a 3,000-gallon hydro-pneumatic tank, properly close the unused well, demolish the derelict well house and install three flush hydrants and valving in the distribution system. OUOC estimates the cost of these repairs at \$143,100. However, Staff notes that OWC replaced the master water meter sometime after the DNR inspection on April 15, 2015, and it may not require replacement, as it may be suitable for continued service.

### **Description of the OWC Chelsea Rose Sewer System**

The wastewater is treated by an extended aeration plant consisting of two aeration chambers, one clarifier, one aerobic sludge digester, and chlorination and dechlorination equipment.

Chelsea Rose has a current DNR-issued Missouri State Operating Permit. On May 25, 2017, permit No. MO-0111104, was terminated by DNR and replaced with general operating permit No. MO-GD00275. The statement on page 4 of OUOC's Application that the Chelsea Rose sewer system does not appear to have an active permit to operate is inconsistent with Staff's investigation indicating the system does have a general operating permit.

DNR provided no inspection reports in response to Staff's sunshine request. From October through December, 2014, the Chelsea Rose sewer system exceeded its effluent limitations for ammonia.

Staff observed that the access road to the system is washed out and there is significant water erosion around the system. The system is located in a wooded area, and there is a floating mat of fallen leaves and excessive sludge in the clarifier and aeration basins. There is evidence that sludge has overflowed the system. The treatment system is in a general state of disrepair. The plant effluent pipe is broken, so the effluent does not reach the permitted discharge site, and the effluent is causing further erosion around the system.

### **Proposed Improvements to the Chelsea Rose Sewer System**

OUOC proposes to regrade the access road, remove vegetation around the system, install a cover over the plant to prevent leaves from falling in (thus reducing additional organic load on the treatment system), convert the system to an integrated fixed film activated sludge (IFAS) system with flow equalization, and install a sludge pump and waste line along the access road to pump sludge to a paved road for offsite disposal. OUOC estimates a cost of \$336,175 for the proposed repairs and upgrades.

### **OWC Cimarron Bay Service Area**

The service area includes Cimarron Bay, a residential townhome subdivision, and Harbour Bay, a condominium community, located in Camden County, Missouri. These two developments are served by one water system and one wastewater treatment system. Collectively, Cimarron Bay and Harbour Bay are referred to as the “Cimarron Bay” service area. The Commission granted OWC a CCN to provide water and sewer service in this service area on March 5, 1998, in Case No. WA-97-110. OWC is currently providing service through 110 residential water and 110 residential wastewater connections.

### **Description of the OWC Cimarron Bay Water System**

The water system consists of a well house, one well (Well #1), one submersible well pump, a master meter, a 35,000 gallon hydro-pneumatic pressure tank and a 119-gallon bladder tank. According to DNR, Well #1 is a state-approved well that was drilled in 1995 to a depth of 620 feet with six-inch casing to a depth of 450 feet. The submersible pump is set at 252 feet and is rated at 50 gpm. There is no treatment or disinfection of the water.

On August 23, 2013, OWC received from DNR a permit to dispense water to the public, permit No. MO 3031290. The most recent DNR inspection of the water system was on November 20,

2017. At that time, the Cimarron Bay water system was in compliance with the Missouri Safe Drinking Water Regulations.

Staff observed that the well house has rotten siding and fascia boards, and the interior shows some water damage. Some of the equipment power is supplied through extension cords stapled to the well house wall.

### **Proposed Improvements to the OWC Cimarron Bay Water System**

OUOC is proposing to repair and expand the well house, install a high service pump and convert the hydro-pneumatic tank to ground storage, install a magnetic flow meter and remote monitoring at the well house, and to install three flush hydrants, remote shutoff meters, and additional distribution system valves. The estimated cost for these proposed improvements is \$238,863.

### **Description of the OWC Cimarron Bay Sewer System**

The Cimarron Bay sewer system provides sewer service to approximately 110 customers. The sewer system consists of a recirculating sand filter facility with a central septic tank, chlorination and dechlorination. Sludge from the septic tank is periodically removed and disposed off-site by a licensed contract sludge hauler. The collection system is composed mostly of PVC pipe. The waste water is delivered by gravity to a lift station which pumps the wastewater to the treatment facility.

Staff observed that the sand filter consists of three in-ground beds, although only two of the beds are in use. The visible portion of the walls of the sand filter are constructed of plywood, which has partially rotted away leaving exposed piping. Some of the wastewater flows through the walls of the filter, resulting in partially treated wastewater bypassing the chlorination/dechlorination treatment step. Although unusual for a recirculating sand filter, Staff was informed by OUOC that the system had difficulty meeting its effluent limits in the winter due to reduced flows from seasonal fluctuations.

On May 7, 2015, Lake of the Ozarks Water and Sewer Company, the contract operator of the

Cimarron Bay wastewater treatment system, sent a letter to DNR stating that the Cimarron Bay treatment system was able to meet final effluent limits for ammonia, and no further construction for the treatment of ammonia was needed. On June 14, 2017, the Cimarron Bay Missouri State Operating Permit, No. MO-0110921, was terminated by DNR and replaced with general permit No. MO-GD00297. Therefore, the statement on page 5 of OUOC's application that the system does not appear to have an active permit to operate is inconsistent with Staff's investigation indicating that the system does have a general operating permit.

DNR did not provide Staff with information relating to inspections of the Cimarron Bay wastewater system.

### **Proposed Improvements to the OWC Cimarron Bay Sewer System**

OUOC proposes to abandon the sand filter facility, and convert the septic tank to an extended aeration facility supplemented by a new MBBR. OUOC also proposed installing remote monitoring at the lift stations.

### **OWC Service Area KK - Eagle Woods (Water and Sewer) and Golden Glade (Sewer Only)**

Golden Glade is a residential development located in Camden County, Missouri. The Commission granted OWC a CCN to provide sewer service to Golden Glade on October 14, 1999, in Case No. SA-99-268. Eagle Woods Subdivision (Eagle Woods) is an adjacent residential development. The Commission granted OWC a CCN to provide both water and sewer service to Eagle Woods on February 10, 2000, in Case No. WA-99-437. The water and sewer systems in this service area are the subject of currently-pending formal complaints; Case Nos. WC-2014-0215 and SC-2014-0214.

The formal complaints were filed by Summit Investments, LLC (Summit), the developer of Eagle Woods, against OWC on January 30, 2014. These formal complaints are related to a case in the Circuit Court of Camden County between Summit and OWC, Case No. 11CM-CC00113. In these complaints, Summit alleges that OWC has failed and refused on repeated occasions to provide adequate water supply and sewage treatment capacity for water and sewer service to lots within its certificated service area as the developer contracted for with OWC, thereby preventing Summit from developing and selling those lots.

In 1998, Summit began constructing Eagle Woods. The development of Eagle Woods was to occur through four phases. OWC, for the sum of \$30,000, contracted to provide water and sewer service to Eagle Woods through all phases of construction. In accordance with the contract, Summit conveyed to OWC its ownership in all infrastructure, water well, pump and storage plant and equipment, real estate and associated easements, and all permits in its name for all the facilities supplying sewer and water services to Eagle Woods.

OWC only partially completed the phased expansions of the water and sewer systems that served lots in both the Golden Glade and Eagle Woods subdivisions. OWC currently provides wastewater service to 23 Golden Glade lots and 33 Eagle Woods customers. However, because of the incomplete utility expansions, Summit has approximately 25 remaining lots in Eagle Woods that cannot be sold because new homes on those lots are not allowed to be connected to the water and sewer systems due to the lack of capacity.

In addition to the abandonment finding by the Commission in Case No. WC-2003-0134 , the Commission issued a Report and Order on October 22, 2015, in the Summit formal complaint cases directing certain additional steps, which were not completed. On July 6, 2017, OWC filed a status report noting that it was in receivership and that it did not have the funding to make the necessary improvements. Per Staff Data Request No. 0019, once OUOC takes possession of the facilities, and completes the planned system improvements, both the water and wastewater treatment systems will be able to provide service to the additional 25 lots.

#### **Description of the KK - Eagle Woods Water System**

The water service area consists of the Eagle Woods subdivision, currently with 33 homes connected to the OWC water system. Golden Glade is not connected to the OWC water system and is not in OWC's service territory for the provision of water. The Eagle Woods water system consists of a single well, for which the production capacity is stated in OWC's annual report as 25 gpm; however, Staff was unable to verify production in the field. Because the well serving Eagle Woods was constructed as a 'non-community' well, it does not meet DNR construction standards for a public water supply. The well, therefore, does not have a permit to dispense water, and does not meet approval requirements by DNR for use with a public water supply; however, DNR is aware that it is being used as a temporary measure. The water system also utilizes two steel ground storage tanks of 9,000 gallons storage volume, two high-service pumps,

two 175-gallon bladder tanks to maintain pressure, chlorine disinfection, and a master meter that measures water pumped into the distribution system from the storage tanks. The distribution system is reportedly two-inch (2”) PVC, with meters for each customer.

The well house is small for the amount of piping and equipment it stores. In the well house, Staff observed exposed and corroded wiring, corroded piping and fittings and other corrosion caused by chlorine being stored in the well house. The outside ground storage tanks are caked with dirt and mold.

#### **DNR Water Permit and Inspections of the KK - Eagle Woods Water System**

Although the water system has a DNR-issued Public Water Supply Identification number, DNR did not provide Staff with information regarding a permit to dispense water, or any DNR inspections of the water supply.

#### **Proposed Improvements to the KK - Eagle Woods Water System**

OUOC proposes to pressure wash and clean the ground storage tanks, repair the well house and electrical, and to install remote monitoring, a magnetic flow meter and variable frequency drive (VFD) booster pumps to improve pressure control and meet DNR recommendations. The hydro-pneumatic tanks would be decommissioned. OUOC estimates these proposed improvements to cost approximately \$123,300.

#### **OWC KK - Eagle Woods and Golden Glade Sewer Service Area**

The sewer service area consists of both the Eagle Woods subdivision, currently with 33 customers, and the Golden Glade subdivision, currently with 23 customers, for a total of 56 OWC sewer customers. The treatment facility in use, known as the Highway KK facility, is a recirculating sand filter type facility presently with permit design flow capacity of 13,875 gpd. The sand filter consists of two concrete walled beds. The collection system is what is sometimes called a “small diameter collecting sewer system.” Sewage discharge from customers’ homes first flows to multi-home septic tanks that are maintained by OWC, which provides partial treatment and retains solids. Then the septic tank effluent flows by gravity through smaller pipes than those used by conventional gravity sewers to the treatment facility. Since the hilly terrain in the Eagle Woods portion of the service area necessitates pumping, OWC utilizes three lift stations.

Staff observed that the road to the system is washed out. The site is covered with discarded pipes, pumps, and trash from repairs and maintenance. Staff observed large cracks and signs of leakage on the sand filter's wall. Both beds have broken distribution piping. Some inlet piping is not fully connected and there is surface soil staining around this piping. Pipe supports are makeshift posts with rope ties. The chlorination chambers appear makeshift and of temporary construction. The chambers are choked with algae and plant growth.

In an undated letter in 2018, the Hwy KK operating permit, No. MO-0113170, was terminated by DNR and replaced with general permit No. MO-GD00340. The statement on page 8 of OUOC's application that the system does not appear to have an active permit to operate is inconsistent with Staff's investigation indicating that the system does have a general operating permit.

In a letter dated November 4, 2014, DNR informed OWC that the treatment system exceeded the discharge limit for E. coli on June 10, 2014. In a letter dated May 7, 2015, Lake of the Ozarks Water and Sewer Company stated that the wastewater treatment plant was able to meet new proposed effluent limits for ammonia, and therefore no improvements were necessary. However, Staff notes that in a letter dated June 21, 2016, DNR informed OWC that the treatment system exceeded the limit for ammonia for the January to March 2016 monitoring period.

Staff notes that the treatment system failed to meet ammonia effluent limits about a year after Lake of the Ozarks Water and Sewer Company notified DNR that the treatment system could meet the ammonia effluent limits. Therefore, improvements to the treatment system may be necessary.

### **Proposed Improvements to the OWC KK - Eagle Woods and Golden Glade Sewer System**

OUOC proposes to: complete a smoke test of the collecting sewers; install manholes; upgrade one of the lift stations; regrade the access road and the site to improve access and reduce infiltration and inflow of storm water into the filter beds; replace and repair piping; install a moving bed bioreactor for additional treatment; replace the chlorination and dechlorination contact chambers; and remove trash and debris from the site. OUOC estimates a cost of \$303,175 for the repairs and upgrades.

### **Technical, Managerial, and Financial Capacity and Tartan Energy Criteria**

In investigating most situations involving transfers of assets, or new CCNs involving regulated

water and/or sewer systems, Staff utilizes the concepts of technical, managerial and financial capacity (TMF), originally developed by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). Staff has reviewed and stated its position on TMF regarding each of OUOC's affiliates in previous CCN and transfer of assets cases before the Commission. Staff's position on TMF remains positive regarding those affiliates, and similarly takes the position that OUOC has adequate TMF capability.

When considering a request for a new CCN, the Commission applies criteria originally developed in a CCN case filed by the Tartan Energy Company and referred to now as the "Tartan criteria." The Tartan criteria contemplate 1) need for service; 2) the utility's qualifications; 3) the utility's financial ability; 4) the feasibility of the proposal; and, 5) promotion of the public interest. For its reviews, Staff also considers whether or not other utility entities are available to provide similar service. Staff has studied these points as they relate to the situations and abilities involving new CCNs and several transfer cases pertaining to OUOC's affiliates, which the Commission has approved.

Staff is of the opinion that the criteria regarding TMF and the Tartan Energy criteria are all met.

### **Inactive Service Areas**

In the course of filing its several CCN cases, OWC was granted authorization to provide water service by the Commission in some service areas in which either OWC never began providing service, or ceased providing service because the City of Osage Beach is now providing service to the involved customers. OUOC indicated verbally to Staff that it has no plans to provide service in these service areas. Staff thus recommends OUOC voluntarily delete the following service areas from the OWC water tariff and ask the Commission to recognize de-certification of these areas:

- Osage Beach South (aka Pizza Hut or Mariner's Cove, along and off of old U.S. Highway 54) – water tariff Sheet Nos. 3A (map) and 4A (description). This was OWC's original service area granted in Case No. WM-89-73. The original sewer service area was previously deleted from OWC's sewer tariff after the City of Osage Beach assumed providing sewer service to customers sometime in the late 1990s using its own sewer system, and after OWC abandoned its sewer system. Within the past few years, the water service area and the water distribution system were both physically severed by construction



of the re-routed U.S. Highway 54, the City of Osage Beach began serving the remaining customers using its water system, and OWC abandoned its water system assets. OUOC has no plans to provide any water service in this area.

- Osage Beach North (Shoney's well and Consumers Market well, along and off of old U.S. Highway 54)) – water Sheet Nos. 3B (map) and 4A description. CCN in Case No. WA-94-132. Osage Beach took over providing water service to the OWC customers in this area using its water system, and OWC abandoned its water system assets. OUOC has no plans to provide any water service in this area.
- Sunrise Beach North (commercial properties along Missouri Highway 5) – water Sheet Nos. 3C (map) and 4A (description). CCN in Case No. WA-92-141. OWC never constructed or acquired water system assets in this area, never began providing service to any customers in this area, and OUOC has no plans to begin providing water service in this area.
- Sunrise Beach South (commercial properties along Missouri Highway 5) – water Sheet Nos. 3D (map) and 4A (description). CCN in Case No. WA-92-141. OWC never constructed or acquired water system assets in this area, never began providing service to any customers in this area, and OUOC has no plans to begin providing water service in this area.
- Shawnee Bend (Chimney Point area off of Missouri Highway MM) – water Sheet Nos. 3F (map) and 4B (description). CCN in Case No. WA-92-141. OWC never constructed or acquired water system assets in this area, never began providing service to any customers in this area, and OUOC has no plans to begin providing water service in this area.
- Parkview Bay (Parkview Bay development off of old U.S. Highway 54) – water Sheet No. 3I (map) and 4B (description). CCN in Case No. WA-98-236. Although OWC began steps to acquire an existing water system in this area and in fact had acquired a well that is no longer in service today, the City of Osage Beach ultimately began providing water service

in this area using its water system and still does so today. OUOC has no plans to begin providing water service in this area.

### **Rate Base**

In regard to rate base valuation of the OUOC properties, Staff reviewed information provided by OUOC in response to Staff's data requests, its Application (including attached sale agreement documents), OUOC's work papers, as well as the effective tariffs and annual reports of OWC.

Staff is proposing that the net book value as of December 31, 2018, be used to determine the rate base in this case for OWC. Staff conducted a review of plant in service, depreciation reserve, Contributions in Aid of Construction ("CIAC"), CIAC amortization and other rate base items during its investigation in order to determine OWC's rate base as related to this case. Staff's starting point for determining rate base in this case was to analyze the actual rate base used in OWC's most recent rate case (Case Nos. WR-2009-0149 and SR-2009-0152), and then, using OWC's subsequent annual reports submitted to the Commission, to update the plant in service, depreciation reserve, CIAC and CIAC amortization values to December 31, 2018. The net book value of assets proposed to be purchased from OWC by OUOC as of December 31, 2018, as determined by Staff, is approximately \$341,508.

### **Depreciation**

The Engineering Analysis Department performed a review of the depreciation rates for water and sewer utility assets, plant-in-service, and the accumulated depreciation reserves for OWC. The Auditing Department used these depreciation rates in calculating the recommended rate base discussed above.

Staff recommends that OUOC maintain the existing depreciation rates for the plant accounts that were previously ordered by the Commission for OWC.

The depreciation rates are included with this memorandum as Attachment 1 applying to water assets, and as Attachment 1 applying to sewer assets. Staff intends to review the depreciation schedules again when OUOC files for its first rate case.

### **Request For Acquisition Incentives**

Pursuant to Sections 386.040, 386.250, and 393.140, RSMo and Commission Rule 4 CSR 240-

10.085(2), OUOC requested a rate of return premium and a debit acquisition adjustment in conjunction with its acquisition of the Osage systems. Due to OWC being purchased out of bankruptcy court and presently being in receivership, Staff recommends OUOC be granted a debit acquisition premium. Staff recommends that the acquisition premium be calculated based off the difference between the initial offer made by OUOC (through its parent CSWR) to acquire the Osage systems in the bankruptcy proceeding. OUOC was determined by the Trustee to be the Stalking Horse Purchaser. Through that arrangement, OUOC and the Trustee came to an agreement for OUOC to purchase the Osage systems for \$465,000. Staff's opinion is that that amount reflects a better representation of OUOC's valuation of the assets and thus should be the basis for the acquisition premium. The actual purchase price, based on the auction conducted by the Trustee, may include a valuation by OUOC of the additional economic value of establishing a presence in the Lake of the Ozarks area and thus should not be included in the acquisition premium calculation for the Osage assets.. The difference between the above initial agreed upon purchase price and the rate base values for OWC discussed above as of December 31, 2018, results in an acquisition premium of \$123,492. The estimated annual increase to revenue requirement associated with the acquisition premium is approximately \$17,516. Staff does not recommend a rate of return premium be granted.<sup>6</sup> If the Commission approves the acquisition premium, Staff recommends the Commission order OUOC to file a rate case no later than twenty-four (24) months after the effective date of an order approving OUOC's Application.

### **Rate and Tariff Matters**

In its Application, OUOC states that it proposes to adopt existing tariff rules and rates for all of the OWC systems.

Staff recommends that the Commission order OUOC file Tariff Adoption Notice tariff sheets for OWC's existing water tariff and sewer tariff within ten (10) days after closing on the OWC assets, and that the Commission authorize OUOC to provide water and sewer service by the terms of OWC's tariffs on an interim basis until the effective date of such Adoption Notices. As noted above, Staff recommends voluntary deletion of certain OWC service areas.

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<sup>6</sup> OUOC did not request a specific rate of return adjustment or specific number of basis points in its application.

### **Publicity and Customer Notice**

According to the OUOC, initial customer notifications were mailed during the week of March 11, 2019. A sample letter was provided by OUOC, which advises customers that rates will not change as a result of this acquisition; however, the application states that the current rates do not reflect current costs and a rate increase will be necessary following substantial investment into repairs and upgrades of these water and wastewater systems.

### **Customer Experience Department**

Customer service and billing functions will be outsourced to Nitor Billing Services, LLC. Customers will be able to contact OUOC by calling a toll free phone number. Personnel will be available Monday through Friday, 8 am to 5 pm, to answer customer inquiries by phone or email. A separate phone number and email address will be available 24 hours / 7 days a week for emergencies.

Customer bills will be mailed the first week of each month in a postcard format and will be due by the end of each month. Current OWC customers will continue to receive monthly-metered bills. Available payment options will be mailing checks, money orders, or cashier's checks. Customers will also have the option of paying online by credit card, debit card, or e-check, and the option to set up auto-pay.

### **OTHER ISSUES**

OUOC is a registered business in good standing with the Secretary of State's office, but is not yet operating as a regulated utility and has no obligations with the Commission regarding annual reports and annual assessment requirements.

OWC is current on its water and sewer PSC assessment payments, is current on its annual reports, and is in good standing with the Secretary of State's office.

### **STAFF RECOMMENDATION**

It is Staff's position, based on its review as described herein, that the transfers of the specific utility assets as requested in the Application are not detrimental to the public interest, and the Commission's issuance of a new CCN is in the public interest. OUOC's proposal to adopt the existing tariffs, rates and charges of OWC as described herein is reasonable. Staff recommends OUOC be authorized and ordered to file adoption notice tariff sheets for the water tariff and sewer

tariff currently in effect for OWC, and new blank tariff sheets to replace the appropriate maps and service area descriptions for the inactive service areas. OUOC should provide notice to the Commission of closing on the assets of OWC, and status reports as necessary describing the status of closing on the assets. Staff therefore recommends approval of the transfer of assets of OWC, transfers of the relevant CCNs, and issuance of a new CCN, with the conditions and actions described herein and more specifically delineated in the Executive Summary of this Memorandum.























