0001	
1	STATE OF MISSOURI
2	PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
3	
4	
5	
6	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS
7	Public Hearing
8	September 12, 2005
	Jefferson City, Missouri
9	Volume 1
10	
11	
12	In the Matter of Proposed)
	Amendments to the Missouri) Case No. TX-2005-0460
13	Universal Service Fund Rules)
14	
15	
16	
17	COLLEEN M. DALE, Presiding,
	CHIEF REGULATORY LAW JUDGE
18	JEFF DAVIS, Chairman,
	CONNIE MURRAY,
19	STEVE GAW,
	ROBERT M. CLAYTON, III,
20	LINWARD "LIN" APPLING,
	COMMISSIONERS
21	
22	
23	REPORTED BY:
24	PAMELA FICK, RMR, RPR, CCR #447, CSR
0.5	MIDWEST LITIGATION SERVICES
25	

```
0002
                   PROCEEDINGS
1
                 JUDGE DALE: Okay. We're on the record.
    Welcome. This is a proposed rulemaking hearing for
    Case No. TX-2005-0460, in the Matter of Proposed
 5
    Amendments to the Missouri Universal Service Fund
    Rules. We are at the Governor's Office Building in
 7
    Jefferson City, Missouri. I'm Colleen M. Dale, the
8
    Administrative Law Judge assigned to this matter.
9
    And we will begin by taking entries of appearance
10
    from staff, Public Counsel and Southwestern Bell.
11
                 MR. MEYER: Good morning. David Meyer
12
    on behalf of the staff of the Missouri Public Service
13
    Commission. Our address is P.O. Box 360, Jefferson
14
    City, Missouri 65102.
15
                 JUDGE DALE: Thank you.
16
                 MR. DANDINO: Michael Dandino of the
17
    Office of Public Counsel, Post Office Box 2230,
18
     Jefferson City, Missouri 65102, representing the
19
    Office of Public Counsel and the public.
20
                 JUDGE DALE: Thank you.
21
                 MR. GRYZMALA: Good morning, Your Honor.
22
    Bob Gryzmala on behalf of Southwestern Bell
23
    Telephone, L.P., doing business as SBC Missouri. My
24
    address is One SBC Center, Room 3516, St. Louis,
```

Missouri 63101.

0003 1 JUDGE DALE: Thank you. As this is not a contested case, there will be no cross-examination. Comments or sworn testimony will be taken from the staff of the Commission, the Office of the Public 5 Counsel and then Southwestern Bell. Following each testimony or comments, 7 the Commissioners may have questions. We will then 8 begin with staff. 9 MR. MEYER: For staff we have Natelle 10 Dietrich who is here to provide testimony. 11 JUDGE DALE: Okay. Will you raise your 12 right hand, please. 13 (The witness was sworn.) 14 JUDGE DALE: Thank you. You may begin. MS. DIETRICH: Thank you. As stated in 15 16 our written comments, this proposed rulemaking 17 largely incorporates various requirements pursuant to 18 new FCC rules in the FCC's April 2004 report and 19 order and further notice of proposed rulemaking in WC 20 Docket No. 03-109. 21

We also took the opportunity to clarify various discrepancies in the existing Missouri USF rules, and today I'd like to address the written comments of SBC.

22

23

24

25

The staff and SBC have been working

today to try and resolve the outstanding issues. In 4 CSR 240-31.030, Section 2, SBC suggests the requisite approval and authorization for release of records containing company-specific information must come from the Commission, not the board. SBC also suggests the company involved should be provided an opportunity to be heard and respond to a request for company records.

As for the approval and authorization for the release of records, when requested in the context of the Missouri Universal Service Funds, those records are in the possession of the board or the administrator, and as such, become the property of the board to release.

Staff agrees the company should be given the opportunity to respond and offers the following change beginning with the third section of subsection 2 to address this concern. The language would read: Records containing company-specific information shall not be open records unless release is approved and authorized by the board. Following notification to an opportunity to object by the company, the requester seeking release of company-specific information should submit the request to the secretary of the board who shall provide the company

with prompt notice of the request. The requester shall be responsible for supporting its request before the board. The decision of the board shall be reviewable pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

The next section SBC addresses is 4 CSR $240-31.050\ 2(D)(1)$. And that contains a requirement that telecommunications carriers obtain a certification from any resellers of its services and that the reseller is complying with all Commission requirements governing low income or disabled customer programs.

SBC suggests the requirement be expanded such that the reseller must provide that certification to the telecommunications companies will be provided upon request. Staff agrees that the intent of this is -- of this requirement is to ensure that resellers comply with Commission rules and does not object to the language proposed by SBC on page 5 of its written comments.

Finally, at 4 CSR 240-31.050(3)(E), this section codifies verification requirements to ensure the continued eligibility for low income or disabled customers to receive support. This was one of the requirements put forth by the FCC in its report and

order. SBC questions the inclusion of, quote, compliance with federal verification requirements, end quote, in a state rule. SBC states that FCC rules require states to establish state verification procedures making it inappropriate to include federal requirements.

In discussions with SBC, SBC also expressed concerns that the FCC rules do not contain specific requirements to be incorporated. This particular section of the Missouri rule was intentionally added because of conversations with other carriers during the drafting of the proposed rules.

Carriers expressed concerns with verification requirements because some carriers already had verification processes in place and were concerned that state-mandated requirements would be costly to modify and implement. Other carriers expressed concerns because they had operations in other states that applied the federal verification requirements, and they were concerned that they would have rules that were specific to Missouri for verification procedures and then have different procedures throughout their other operating states.

To address these concerns, staff worked

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

2.4

25

with Mr. Teltoris (phonetic spelling) of MTIA to try and develop language that was generic enough to address all concerns. In addition, after discussion over concerns with SBC over federal requirements, 5 staff searched the Universal Service Administrator or USAC's website. USAC has notations on its website 7 that federal verification procedures were due 8 June 22nd, 2005. It also included a chart to help 9 eligible telecommunication carriers determine how to 10 calculate a, quote, statistically valid sample, end 11 quote, and has posted a sample form letter for 12 carriers to submit the results of those verification 13 efforts to USAC on behalf of the federal 14 requirements. 15

While this process may not be codified in FCC rules, it appears there is an expectation that the process will satisfy federal verification requirements.

USAC notes details described in the verification process are set out in the FCC's report and order cited at paragraphs 33 through 36 and appendix J. And that is the same order that I previously noted.

Therefore, while staff is not willing to remove federal requirements from the list of

20

21

22

23

2.4

25

procedures for state verification, staff suggests the 1 following language changes in attempt -- as an attempt to broaden the requirements. The language at Section 2 would now read: The telecommunications company shall, by December 31st, 2005, establish 5 state procedures to verify customers' continued 7 eligibility for the low income or disabled customer 8 programs. State verification procedures may include, 9 but are not limited to, federal verification 10 requirements, processes or guidelines, random 11 beneficiary surveys, or periodic submission of 12 documentation showing participation and qualifying 13 programs or periodic self-certification updates. 14 This proposed language was changed to include the 15 word "state" at the beginning of the requirement to 16 make it clear that the intent for the various 17 procedures were to satisfy state verification 18 mandates. 19

"Compliance with" was removed and "federal verification requirements" was changed to "federal verification requirements, processes or quidelines."

These suggested changes should allow those carriers with federal procedures to incorporate those processes in Missouri while expanding the

```
0009
1
    phraseology to allow for the incorporation of federal
     processes where federal requirements are not
     specifically mandated.
 4
                 And this ends my prepared comments, and
5
     I'd be happy to answer any questions.
 6
                 JUDGE DALE: Commissioner Murray, do you
7
    have any questions?
8
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: I have one or two.
9
    Thank you, Judge.
10
                 Ms. Dietrich, I tried to follow, but you
11
     speak awfully quickly. And would you go over the
12
     first change --
13
                 MS. DIETRICH: Yes.
14
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: -- the changed
15
     language that staff had suggested?
16
                 MS. DIETRICH: Yes. The language about
17
    the release of information?
18
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Yes. And that
19
    was -- that was Section 2, 4031.030, subsection 2?
20
                 MS. DIETRICH: Correct, uh-huh.
21
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: All right.
22
                 MS. DIETRICH: And it would be the third
23
    section -- third sentence of that section that begins
24
    with "records containing company-specific
25
    information..."
```

```
0010
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: My problem is I'm
1
     looking at the wrong thing. Hold on a minute.
                 MS. DIETRICH: Okay. Sure.
 4
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: All right.
5
     Starting where?
 6
                 MS. DIETRICH: It's the last sentence,
 7
     "Records containing company-specific information..."
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Yes.
8
9
                 MS. DIETRICH: Okay. That would now
10
    read: Records containing company-specific
11
    information shall not be open records unless release
12
     is approved and authorized by the board following
13
    notification to an opportunity to object by the
14
     company. The requester seeking release of the
15
     company-specific information should submit the
16
     request to the secretary of the board who shall
17
    provide the company with prompt notice of the
18
    request. The requester shall be responsible for
19
     supporting its request before the board. The
20
    decision of the board shall be reviewable pursuant to
21
    the provisions of this chapter.
22
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: All right. Thank
23
    you.
2.4
                 MS. DIETRICH: Uh-huh.
25
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And the changes
```

0011 suggested to 31.050(2)(D)(1), did your changes 1 eliminate the requirement for the discounter to receive -- to obtain the certification from the 4 reseller? 5 MS. DIETRICH: No. We agreed with SBC, 6 that instead of just requiring the discounter to seek 7 the information, the reseller would be required to provide it upon request. So it's adding an 8 9 additional clause that says: And such reseller shall 10 provide a certification to the telecommunications 11 company upon request. 12 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: So your suggested 13 change is fairly close to the suggested change that 14 SBC made; is that correct? MS. DIETRICH: We agreed with SBC's 15 16 language. We didn't have any suggested language of 17 our own. We're just agreeing with what they added to 18 the language. 19 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And then as to 20 31.050(3)(E), did you address that? 21 MS. DIETRICH: Yes. 22 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Okay. That was --23 that was the last language that you read; is that 24 correct?

MS. DIETRICH: Correct, uh-huh. We were

0012 proposing adding "state" to the language to clarify 1 that it was state verification procedures, and then where it talked about federal verification requirements, expanding that to include processes or 5 guidelines since they do have some federal processes out there. 7 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: All right. Thank 8 you for clarifying. 9 MS. DIETRICH: Uh-huh. 10 JUDGE DALE: If those are the only 11 questions, then we'll move on to Office of Public 12 Counsel. 13 MR. DANDINO: Thank you, Your Honor. 14 May it please the Commission. Public Counsel 15 essentially supports this rule and in its -- in the 16 form that was presented, and also we support 17 Ms. Dietrich's first revision, I guess, to 4 CSR 18 240-31.05(3)(E). We think that that's -- I think I 19 just read the wrong one. That was the verification requirement. I'm sorry. I apologize. I meant the 20

confidentiality one; why don't we just call it that.

In the confidentiality one, we support that. We think it's a reasonable approach that the board certify it to determine the issue of

25 confidentiality subject to the right of the party to

21

22

23

2.4

review it. Also just to point out that the -- any decision of the board including this determination of either declassifying something or making it confidential, is appealable to the board as all -- I mean, to the full Commission as is any decision of the USF Board.

Now, as to the eligibility requirements in subsection (E), adding the words "state" to procedures and verification and adding the processes and guidelines is an excellent suggestion.

One point that Public Counsel would like to bring up is after those guidelines or processes or procedures are established by the company, that for -- I think for the board's protection and for the protection of the consumer, that at least the company ought to either file or notify the board of what -- of what the process is with the idea that the board could review it if they -- if it was necessary to see if the process or requirements that they establish were too stringent or, on the other hand, too lax in keeping with the federal requirements and also with the -- with the intent of the state requirements.

It would make sure that there would be no unreasonable burden on either the company or

0014 1 the -- or the rate payer and that it be consistent with the board's policy. I don't know if it would be better to file it as a tariff. I hate to get into that aspect, or to file it with the -- with the board 5 with notice to the Office of Public Counsel and to the staff where they would have an opportunity to at 7 least submit a -- submit a comment or, or challenge 8 it if either the staff or the Public Counsel or the 9 board felt that it was unreasonable. We're not 10 thinking of a whole adversarial hearing on it, but 11 just at some point there ought to be a -- a notice to 12 the board and an opportunity to look at it for

That's all I have, Your Honor.

JUDGE DALE: Thank you. Commissioner

Murray, do you have any questions?

reasonableness.

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

 $\label{eq:commissioner MURRAY: Mr. Dandino, are you offering any suggested language change?}$

MR. DANDINO: I'm trying to -- I was trying to think of something. I think other than just adding, "The company shall file the -- their procedures or eligibility procedures, processes or guidelines with the board and with notice to the Office of Public Counsel and to the staff to provide an opportunity for comment." Like I say, I don't

```
want to make it an onerous, involved process.
1
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: So you're -- I
    want to be clear I understand what you're suggesting.
    You're -- at the language that says, "such reseller
 4
5
     shall provide a certification"?
                 MR. DANDINO: No. "The
 7
    telecommunications company shall, by December 31st,
    establish procedures." I guess that would be in
8
9
    four -- I guess it's Commission rather than board.
10
    That would be on 4 CSR 240-31.05, eligibility for
11
    funding. And it would be two -- number 2 and (E) in
12
    parens, capital E in parens, 3(E) -- oh, okay. I'm
13
    getting confused here. Three, yes, it's under
14
    individually -- individual eligibility. Let me
    restate that: I guess it's 4 CSR 240-31.05(3)(E),
15
16
    eligibility requirements.
17
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Give me a minute,
18
    if you would.
19
                 MR. DANDINO: Oh, certainly. Since I've
20
    confused you.
21
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: So you're
22
    suggesting that in addition to establishing
23
    procedures to verify the customer's continued
24
    eligibility, that the company files those procedures
25
    with the board and with the Office of Public Counsel
```

0016 or with the Commission and the Office of Public 1 Counsel? MR. DANDINO: That they -- after they establish it, and I'm not putting it as a -- as a 4 5 prior review, but after they establish the procedure, they file it with the Commission and provide a copy 7 to the Office of Public Counsel and to the staff so that -- so that if -- if either them or -- if either 8 9 those parties or the Commission had any problem with 10 that procedure, they'd have notice of it and could 11 raise any objection to it. 12 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And you're 13 suggesting, I assume, that they file those by 14 December 31? 15 MR. DANDINO: That would be fine. It's 16 whenever -- whenever they establish their rule, their 17 procedures. 18 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Okay. Thank you. 19 MR. DANDINO: Thank you, Your Honor. 20 Thank you, Commissioner. 21 JUDGE DALE: Mr. Gryzmala, whenever 22 you're ready. 23 MR. GRYZMALA: Good morning, Your Honor. 24 Good morning, Commissioner Murray. My remarks would

be brief. Focusing on those three areas which were

from OPC on that point.

previously discussed. The first would be proposed Rule 31.0302 which, as you have heard, has to do with the protection of company-specific information. Our preference would be that the board -- I'm sorry -- That the Commission approve the release of company-specific information, but we can live with the proposal as modified by staff in which the board is given that authority or provided that authority, the company is adequately protected with a right of review, if you will, under the Commission's existing rules.

With regard to the second item, the item which would be 31.050 2(D)(1), this is the instance in which SBC suggested adding this statement to the effect that the reseller must provide a certification to the telecommunications company upon request. And to respond to your point, Commissioner Murray, the company would remain obligated to obtain the certificate. That requirement would not be deleted.

It simply recognizes that the reseller is in a unique position to be able to provide that certificate, and they ought to do it when they're requested to. And there's no opposition, I gather,

MR. DANDINO: That's correct.

25

valid sample.

1 MR. GRYZMALA: The third item has to do with Commission proposed rule amendments to 31.050(3)(E). That is a little more difficult. This is the portion of the rule amendments which are 5 directed to the requirement to establish procedures to verify a customer's continued eligibility for low 7 income or disabled support. And where we departed 8 ways with staff was in one very limited respect. 9 Clearly, those elements of the rule that 10 they indicated would satisfy the procedures we had no 11 quarrel with. And those are random beneficiary 12 audits, periodic submission of documents or annual 13 self-certification. The point of the rule is that 14 the companies shall establish procedures which may 15 include, but are not limited to, those certain items. 16 Where we departed -- and we agree with 17 that, we agree with that -- although the FCC does not 18 mandate the manner in which a state which has its own 19 USF program must go about verifying continued 20 eligibility requirements, in those states which have 21 not a mandated state requirement, mandated state USF 22 support program, the FCC's rule provides that the 23 company shall establish procedures which can be

utilized up against, if you will, a statistically

Our quarrel with the rule as proposed by the staff, was that it led the reader to believe that firstly there was a federal requirement. In Missouri there is none. Because we have a state-mandated USF support program, the federal rules direct compliance with whatever the state determines shall be those requirements. So it is not as though you're pointing to federal requirements. They are not there in Missouri.

The second objection has to do with the notion that there are federal requirements at all. Because while in paragraph -- or while the rule said -- the rule does not prescribe that any specific procedure be employed.

If you look at the order as Ms. Dietrich well pointed out, in paragraph 33, verification procedures could include random beneficiary audits, periodic submission of documents or annual self-certification. Could.

So even if the FCC is recognizing that they are not federal verification procedures that are required now in states in which there is not a mandate for a state-supported USF, do those procedures, whatever they may be, have to be bumped up against a statistically valid random sample? Yes,

that is the case.

But in any case, where we come out with is that with respect to Ms. Dietrich's two references to the word state procedures, if I recall, and state verification requirements, we support those. Those are good. Those emphasize that what is important here is to recognize that these are state procedures, these are state verification requirements.

Now, with respect to compliance, with federal verification requirements, processes or guidelines, that clause. SBC would be amenable to compliance with federal verification processes or guidelines. I would only reemphasize that in terms of the word requirements, there are none. That is our view of the -- our reading of the ETC -- or I'm sorry, the lifeline order of the FCC.

So to sum up, the first two edits, state procedures are here correctly, state verification requirements, those should be adopted; we recommend that. The last clause should be modified, in our view, to state compliance with federal verification processes or guidelines, plus eliminating the words -- the word requirements.

As to Mr. Dandino's suggestion that in

2.4

any case, after these procedures are set up, the company should file or notify the board what the process is. Notice to OPC and staff was also a part of the recommendation. That is the first I've — this is the first opportunity we've heard of that sort of proposal. Be that as it may, it strikes me as something we would not recommend. That is, SBC would not recommend.

A couple of thoughts occur to me on that front. First, the FCC gave this state the latitude to determine what verification requirements it would employ. And even in those states in which the state may not have a state-mandated USF program, the FCC dictated procedures, but I don't recall that the rule or the order requires that those procedures be the subject of comment, criticism. There is a question of deference, there is a question of giving companies latitude, and for those reasons, particularly because those additional points suggested by Mr. Dandino do not appear in the FCC's rules nor in the staff's proposed amendments, we think that it should be well enough left alone and that those additional suggestions by OPC not be implemented.

That's all I would have, unless you have any questions, Commissioner.

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

2.4

25

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Thank you. I do have a couple of questions. I noticed when you were looking at -- you were talking about subsection (E), you stated annual self-certification updates, but the language, I believe, is periodic self-certification updates. And it made me wonder why we don't have a specific period. Why don't we have "annual" in there? Is it -- does it actually read "periodic"? MR. GRYZMALA: As my recollection -well, let me go to where I think I need to be here. At 47 CFR 54.410, the rule simply says that "eligible telecommunications carriers in states that mandate state lifeline support must comply with state verification procedures to validate consumers' continued eligibility for lifeline. Okay. That's Missouri.

In the portion of the rule that has to do with non -- what we call a nonmandate state, eligible telecommunications carriers in states that do not mandate state lifeline support must implement procedures to verify the continued eligibility of a statistically valid random sample of their lifeline consumers, et cetera, et cetera.

And I don't believe either of those rules and the remainder of those rules point to

2.4

annual. I think there is a reference in the order to that, but I don't know -- I don't know that anyone has suggested annual or any particular period of time.

It may well be that on -- it's on a biennial basis, every two years, every three years. I don't know that the companies should be denied the discretion to identify which -- what would be suitable periods.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Do you think the company should be required to identify a period, though?

MR. GRYZMALA: If a period were proposed that -- I would need to check with our clients, but I think that if a period would be proposed, it would not be offensive to state over what term or with what frequency those audits must be conducted or those verification procedures.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Do you think these verification procedures are reasonably adequate to determine the continued eligibility of the customers in the program?

MR. GRYZMALA: I do.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: What kind -- MR. GRYZMALA: They are -- they are --

they are no less sufficient than the eligibility requirements themselves. For example, one of the verification procedures that a company could employ would be annual self-certification, sort of a reself-certification.

I take that to mean that at some point, whether alluding to your prior question, a year, or two years down the road, a company could request customers, lifeline customers, to recertify or to resubmit a certification. And to that extent, it's envisioned by the FCC, and I think that would be adequate to answer your question.

I will say that it's deemed adequate for purposes of eligibility. My recollection of the rule is that if a customer self-certifies their eligibility for lifeline, the company must utilize that document to provide that customer lifeline, and it has a right and obligation to presume that that customer remains eligible until they're told differently.

So to answer your question, yes, I think that that aspect certainly is adequate, and it may be that random beneficiary audits and periodic submission of documents might also be additional safeguards.

0025 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: That 1 self-certification, as I understand it, is merely a statement by the recipient that he or she is eligible; is that correct? 5 MR. GRYZMALA: That is correct, is my 6 understanding. I've not actually seen the form, but 7 based on my reading of the rule. 8 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Okay. And in your 9 opinion, is that adequate for the original 10 qualification? 11 MR. GRYZMALA: I don't know that I would 12 not have been amenable to selecting different --13 different methods from the -- from the outset, but given that that is in place, I have not heard of any 14 15 indication or any evidence at least, you know, while 16 I've worked these areas in the last couple of years 17 that that's been insufficient or that it has failed 18 in some regard. I don't know that that's occurred. 19 Now, if I were here when it was 20 originally crafted, if there would have been a different mode or a different vehicle, it certainly 21 22 would have been something to discuss. I will say

that the self-certification is a sworn document, and

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Are there any

to that extent, it enhances its reliability.

23

24

0026 penalties to falsely certifying? MR. GRYZMALA: I don't -- I don't know right off the top of my head, Commissioner. I know that one of the rule amendments was that the fund 5 administrator had to, when making requests for reimbursements, had to abide by an oath. 7 In other words, it would be a sworn 8 submission and a statement that provision of 9 information with an intention to mislead could be 10 referred to prosecution. I don't know if that is a 11 part and parcel of the certification form. I could 12 check the rule if it's alluded to, but I don't know 13 offhand. 14 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: That's all right. 15 Let me move on. Does SBC do random beneficiary 16 surveys now? 17 MR. GRYZMALA: I don't know that, Your 18 Honor. I don't know the factual answer to that. 19 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And when you 20 referenced statistically compare -- I can't remember the language you used, comparison to statistically 21 22 valid samples, is that what you said?

in terms of verification requirements, that

whatever -- it says "the procedures to verify the

MR. GRYZMALA: The FCC's rules says that

23

24

2.4

continued eligibility of a statistically valid random sample of their lifeline consumers." That's the words that the FCC uses. Those are the words the FCC uses.

So the point is, is that it was not — this rule does not tell the State or even a state that does not have a mandated program what procedures to put into place. It simply says, as I read the rule, whatever procedure you use has to be utilized against a statistically valid sample and that's of some comfort to companies who don't want to have to survey the entire base.

In other words, for example, if there were, hypothetically, 10,000 customers, you would not have to undergo the laborious task of serving or recertifying or verifying continued eligibility for 10,000 customers. The FCC's rules would allow you to employ the procedure against the statistically valid base, whatever that would be.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: And assume you had 10,000 customers and you did a random survey that was statistically valid and you came up with 15 percent of those who were receiving the assistance not being eligible. What -- what would be the procedure then? What do you do with that sample if you come back --

if it comes back and shows, okay, 15 percent of those were really not eligible, or 25 percent or 5 percent?

MR. GRYZMALA: I don't know. I will say as I stand here, I don't know that any rule that we currently have addresses that, but I could not ignore the fact that ten to 15 percent could be a pretty significant number to question. And I don't know that I would leave that information sitting right there.

I will say that there's some guidance afforded by the rule, if not a requirement. The rule 31.0503(F) -- I'm sorry -- it's renumbered so I can't really tell. It's either (F) or (H), but the point is that the fund administrator shall be authorized by the board to conduct audits of individual's self-certification using records that could be lawfully made available from the administrators of qualifying programs.

That doesn't dictate the outcome here, but it does tell me that the fund administrator has some role, may have some role in ensuring the integrity of the program. And I don't know that we would discount the possibility of bringing the information that you're suggesting to the attention of either the administrator or the board to take a

2.4

look at the matter itself using perhaps the procedures it may wish.

Again, that language is there for some reason. That language is there because there is an intent to make sure that those individual self-certifications are valid. If the company acquires information that has a significant percentage or not, I think we would at least take some guidance by that rule

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Okay. And then to Office of Public Counsel's suggested change, it appears to me that those suggested changes were for the purpose of giving the Commission and the Office of Public Counsel the ability to look at the procedures that a company had developed and -- I don't -- I think it's a little unclear as to what could be done following -- looking at them, but at least to have them for reference.

And without that suggested change, it appears that the rule would simply require the company to establish procedures and not share them with anyone. Is that your understanding?

MR. GRYZMALA: As the rule is proposed, that would be -- the rule as proposed would effectively track the FCC in that regard. That is,

0030 neither the FCC nor the states -- nor the staff's 1 proposed rule would require that there be notice, if you will, provided to another party. Humbly, my recollection -- or my 5 experience is that with some frequency, the word "notice" moves quickly or can move quickly to an 7 opportunity to second-guess. 8 I believe the FCC and I believe it did, 9 and the State should afford companies the latitude 10 and discretion to choose the methodology they would 11 like to employ given their experience in 12 administering the program. 13 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: But shouldn't the 14 board and the Commission and the Office of Public 15 Counsel know what those procedures are? 16 MR. GRYZMALA: I guess I would -- I 17

MR. GRYZMALA: I guess I would -- I would -- I would still remain unclear about what would happen as you pointed out after notice.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: I don't -- I

didn't hear Mr. Dandino use the word "notice." I -- and maybe I just missed it.

MR. GRYZMALA: Or file procedures -- I'm sorry. The company should file or notify. I was trying to write. Is that close?

MR. DANDINO: That's fine, notify.

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

0031 1 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: You did -- all right. I didn't -- Mr. Dandino, I didn't hear you suggest any language for anything beyond that. MR. DANDINO: What would be the 5 impact -- or what to do after that? 6 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Yes. I thought 7 you were suggesting that basically, once the company 8 established procedures, that then those procedures 9 would be filed with the Commission and a copy to 10 Office of Public Counsel. 11 MR. DANDINO: Right, that's correct. 12 And the staff, in particular, and then after that, 13 having -- we kind of left that -- that opened what 14 would happen if they -- if they found -- if the 15 Office of Public Counsel felt that it was 16 unreasonable, they can file a complaint or ask the 17 board to, you know, to review those, or the 18 Commission, or ask the company or talk to the company 19 and say maybe this needs to be revised. I didn't 20 want to set in -- set up a whole process into this.

It's just more of a notification where it's on the

Commission and the -- and the customers, would have

an opportunity to at least see the -- see what was

who would be affected by it, which is both the

record and where the people who are affected by this,

21 22

23

24

0032 1 proposed. COMMISSIONER MURRAY: As you read the rule as it is proposed, do you see a way to -- for either the Commission, Commission staff, or the 5 Office of Public Counsel to examine those procedures, or to -- or to look at them or view those procedures? 7 MR. DANDINO: As written now? 8 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Yes. 9 MR. DANDINO: There's nothing that 10 requires -- requires really a notification or, you 11 know, filing with it. I think it was just putting 12 in -- I'm thinking it's just adding that extra step, adding an extra requirement to, you know, to give a 13 14 copy of them to Public Counsel and to the Commission. 15 Certainly we could, you know, send them a data 16 request, but it should be an automatic type of thing 17 rather than having to go through a process of a data 18 request or... 19 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: All right. Thank 20 you. And Ms. Dietrich, did you have a response --21 and I apologize for moving to person to person, but 22 I -- I wanted to get the input from all three of you 23 on this. 2.4 MS. DIETRICH: I had a response to your

previous question, but I can also address this one.

2.4

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: All right.

MS. DIETRICH: As far as incorporating some kind of requirement that the companies provide notice or file something with the Commission, we had had those discussions and kind of ran into the same problem. Once that information is filed or notice is provided, what do we do with it.

And so we don't object to the requirement, but we did have concerns with, you know, how would we determine whether it was satisfactory, and if we did determine that it was not satisfactory, what would we do with it?

Would we, you know, file something with the Commission saying this isn't satisfactory because, would we notify the board and the board would address it? And so those were some of the issues that I think still need to be worked out if there is that type of extra step.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: May I ask this, in regard to that, wouldn't -- what -- what would you think of a requirement that it be filed with the board? The procedures be -- be on file with the board?

MS. DIETRICH: I think the concept of filing it is fine, it's just, again, whether it be

with the board or the Commission. I'm not sure what the next action step would be if you -- if the board found the procedures were not satisfactory, or if the Commission found the procedures were not satisfactory, would the company go back and try again or just exactly what would happen.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Well, as your -- are you just contemplating that no questions will be asked about the procedures?

MR. DIETRICH: Correct, because I think the way the FCC has set it out, it's pretty open as to what the procedures could be. And that was what we were -- what we were trying to do also, is knowing that companies already have some procedures in place.

And let me clarify that I have had some conversations with companies, and even before these requirements were in place, I do know that, like, for instance, one company does the annual

recertification, if you will, and they already do that.

Another company isn't -- even though the only thing that they're required to do at this time is to receive the annual certification from customers, they don't feel comfortable with that, and so they already ask for copies of tax returns or a

2.4

statement from Department of Social Services saying they qualify for the programs or some kind of verification. I know another company is using this statistically valid sample that Mr. Gryzmala referenced that is out on USAC's website.

So the companies that I've talked to already have procedures in place that they view are kind of above and beyond what they're even required to do, and they do have concerns that if they didn't have a sufficient procedure in place for the low income fund where the Commission felt comfortable or the board felt comfortable with that procedure, it may somehow jeopardize the Commission's annual certification for their high cost fund. So they're very cognizant of keeping everything in order because they don't want their high cost support jeopardized in any way.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: It sounds like you're saying they're concerned with the Commission's oversight of -- of their -- their procedures for the low income and disabled.

 $\,$ MS. DIETRICH: They're concerned that they be sufficient so that people felt comfortable with them, correct.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: All right. Well,

0036 how -- how do they envision the Commission looking at them to determine whether they're sufficient? MS. DIETRICH: We didn't have those 4 conversations. They just, you know, more or less 5 said we have them -- we want them strict enough because we don't want any problems, but we didn't 7 have the conversations, well, you know, should we be reviewing them or that type of thing -- with the 8 9 companies. We have had them internally. 10 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: The language here 11 bothers me somewhat because, for one thing, as I 12 pointed out, the words "periodic self-certification" 13 is in there. Also, the reference to random 14 beneficiary surveys or periodic submission of 15 documentation; there are no time lines here. A 16 company could determine that once every ten years 17 we're going to require something. 18 MS. DIETRICH: Right. And that language 19

MS. DIETRICH: Right. And that language is from the FCC's order, although as Mr. Gryzmala pointed out, in the order it does say annual self-certification, not periodic, but the rest of the language is directly from the FCC's order.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Where do you say

20

21 22

23

2.4

25

```
report and order. Not in the rules, but in the order
 1
     itself.
                  COMMISSIONER MURRAY: So why do we not
 4
     have "annual" in our rule?
 5
                 MS. DIETRICH: That I can't answer.
                 MR. DANDINO: Commissioner,
 6
 7
    Ms. Meisenheimer was involved in that. She could
 8
     probably assist you and respond to that.
 9
                 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Do we need to
10
    swear her or...
11
                 JUDGE DALE: Well, she's -- are you
12
    providing comments or testimony?
13
                 MS. MEISENHEIMER: I'm happy to provide
14
     testimony.
15
                  JUDGE DALE: Then if you'll raise your
16
     right hand and say whether you swear or affirm that
17
     the testimony you're about to give is the truth.
18
                  MS. MEISENHEIMER: I swear and affirm.
19
                  JUDGE DALE: Thank you.
20
                  MS. MEISENHEIMER: The -- I've lost
21
     track of the question now that I was -- where -- why
     is "periodic" in the rule?
22
23
                  COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Versus annual.
2.4
                  MS. MEISENHEIMER: The Commission
25
     approved a report and order that created a process by
```

0038 which certification of carrier -- of customers would 1 initially be determined. That was a self-certification process and on an ongoing basis 4 would be reverified based on audits ordered by the 5 board using information from Social Services. So I think that the inclusion of 7 "periodic" would have been appropriate in the event 8 that the board didn't have audits done on an annual 9 basis, so it gave the flex -- or left the flexibility 10 with the board. 11 I don't know if that was the original 12 reasoning for it being in the wording like that, but 13 it is appropriate to leave that flexibility unless 14 the Commission determines that it wants to change the 15 board's flexibility in that respect. 16 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Are annual audits 17 required? 18 MS. MEISENHEIMER: They are audits as 19 directed by the board is what was approved in the

directed by the board is what was approved in the Commission's report and order.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: But not necessarily annual; is that correct?

MS. MEISENHEIMER: That's my recollection. Now, the -- so the joint

20

21

22

25 recommendation which was entered into by virtually

2.4

all telecommunications carriers that intended to provide low income support CLECs at the time, thought that they might eventually -- staff participated and Public Counsel participated, there was a proposed process developed for both initial certification and ongoing sample auditing to be conducted.

And the initial certification was that customers would swear under penalty of perjury that they did qualify. At the time that matched the federal requirement for customers to certify where a state didn't have its own process.

And then -- and then the ongoing was -- it was envisioned that there would, in a short amount of time, be a process by which information from Social Services could be utilized to identify customers that didn't qualify for support, and then through administrative procedures that were recommended in the joint recommendation, the administrator would notify the company, the company would mail a letter to the customer saying, Hey you may not qualify, the customer has an opportunity to respond demonstrating that they did, and if they didn't in a timely manner, they would be kicked off.

However, that process has not been tested yet because we are still in the process of

working out an exchange of information with Social Services.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: So

Ms. Meisenheimer, as a participant in examining the language here in this proposed rule, is it your opinion that subsection (E) provides some method of reasonable verification and that the only thing that is missing is that the company's procedures be on file?

MS. MEISENHEIMER: Yes. My impression of this language is that it allows carriers more flexibility than they had before in terms of what they could utilize as a verification process, an ongoing verification process. Public Counsel — back at that time I participated in those negotiations, and we were very adamant that whatever was adopted not be a burden on customers, that they not have to continually shuffle paper, and so we ended up negotiating a process that — that really hasn't been used yet.

I think that we are fine with allowing carriers an additional alternative to recommend some other process that perhaps works better for them. We simply want the ability to review it to make sure that it is not burdensome or -- burdensome to

2.4

customers or does not create an obstacle to participation.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Are you concerned about participation by those who are not eligible?

MS. MEISENHEIMER: Certainly. I mean, we also represent the customers that ultimately pay into the fund and so, you know, my experience at the federal level is that there is additional concern that monies be going where they're intended to and for the intended purpose.

And so in part, this giving additional flexibility to carriers to propose alternative methods that we don't find burdensome or to be obstacles, in my experience, you're going to find that some carriers will come in with more rigorous — a more rigorous process than currently is envisioned by the Commission's rules.

So I think that, you know, perhaps carriers will propose things that are less burdensome on them and a better -- a better way to ensure that only customers receive support are actually receiving the support.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: When you say this gives them more flexibility, how does this compare with what they have to do today?

MS. MEISENHEIMER: Today there is a process by which they accept initial self-certification under the customer's sworn statement that they -- or under penalty of perjury, and then the carrier is required to rely upon information from the administrator before they can say customer, we're not sure you're really eligible for this service.

There was also intended to be an opportunity for a carrier that was not fully audited to submit a list of all of their customers to the administrator to be compared against the Social Services. But once again, that process was not in place, so carriers that wish to be more diligent in ensuring their customers qualify, there's -- there's no mechanism for them to do that.

I do want to -- to emphasize that those procedures were set up to minimize unreasonable burdens on customers and to not create obstacles to participation. So that's our primary interest in looking at whatever is adopted or whatever the companies would seek to utilize. It's not that we're going to object to it necessarily, if we find it to be -- to be reasonable from a consumer perspective.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: So now on this

2.4

proposed rule, subsection (F) provides that the company shall terminate an individual's enrollment and then, you know, based on certain things here.

What happens today if a company gets information that a customer is not eligible but is still receiving?

MS. MEISENHEIMER: I'm not entirely sure what carriers across the state are doing today. It sounds like we have a patchwork of different procedures that carriers are doing and, in part, that's likely because the uniform process that was intended to apply to all carriers has not materialized. So I can't -- I really can't tell you what they are doing.

My understanding what they should be doing, if they were following the process that was set out in the joint recommendation and adopted by the Commission, is that they should be waiting for information from the administrator telling them that a customer is not qualified.

COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Thank you. Did either of you have anything else to add?

MS. DIETRICH: I wanted to clarify. Earlier you had asked, and it goes along with what you were just discussing, you asked if, say, for

25

instance, the statistically valid sample showed a 15 percent or whatever percent a customer's no longer qualified, the section that you just pointed out --4 CSR 240-31.050(3)(F) is a new language based on the 5 FCC's order and directive and it says that upon finding out that a customer no longer qualifies, the 7 carrier is required to cease providing lifeline or 8 low income support or disability support to that 9 customer, but prior to cutting them off, they have to 10 allow them 60 days to provide some sort of 11 documentation that they do still qualify for the 12 support. And so that's -- that's a new procedure 13 that was included in the rulemaking in response to 14 the FCC's order. 15 COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Thank you. 16 MR. GRYZMALA: I would echo that, 17 Commissioner Murray. When I heard your question, I 18 somehow thought of maybe your thinking was to 19 bring -- whether SBC would bring this to the 20 attention of an external body. But clearly, the rule is as Ms. Dietrich pointed out. If the company 21 22 learns that an individual is not eligible, then the 23 new proposed rules which would be put in place 2.4 replicating the FCC's approach, requires that the

companies shall terminate and, of course, there's the

2.4

60-day protection so as to afford that customer the option -- opportunity to show the company that it may be wrong in what it initially found out.

I would concur with Ms. -- with OPC and with staff that we believe the company should be accorded that fundamental latitude and discretion to engage in verification procedures on a period of their selection in accordance with their practices that they built up that have not been shown to be deficient, at least to our knowledge, so that we would not recommend an annual or a fixed time as you point out.

Finally, with regard to the filing or notification of the verification procedures with OPC and staff, I did not know the prior discussions that had been alluded to this morning. Your question — or this proposal caught me new, but I would point out that apparently the staff has indicated that there had been some discussions which suggested, in their judgment, that that notification may not be something to embark on at this time. That's the way I took her comment.

I want to correct myself in one regard. I was writing as I heard Ms. Dietrich, and I may have written something incorrectly. Going back to that

```
0046
     sentence that talks about what state verification
 1
     procedures may include, I used some wrong words.
    What we would recommend is that state verification
    procedures may include, but are not limited to,
 5
    federal verification processes or quidelines, comma,
    random beneficiary surveys, comma, or periodic
     submission, et cetera, et cetera, as she pointed out.
 7
 8
     I think I got botched up between the word "in
     compliance with" and "incorporated." This is our
 9
10
    final word on that.
11
                 If there's no other question, I think
12
     I'm completed. And thank you.
13
                  COMMISSIONER MURRAY: Thank you.
14
                  JUDGE DALE: Commissioner Murray, do you
15
     have anything else?
16
                  COMMISSIONER MURRAY: That's all.
17
                  JUDGE DALE: Commissioner Clayton
18
     advises me that he has no questions. With that, we
19
     will conclude this proceeding and go off the record.
20
                  (PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED.)
21
22
23
2.4
```