Exhibit No.: Issue(s):

Class Cost of Service/ Single Tariff Pricing/ District Specific Pricing/ Rate Design Meisenheimer/Direct Public Counsel WR-2011-0337

Witness/Type of Exhibit: Sponsoring Party: Case No.:

### **DIRECT TESTIMONY**

### **OF**

### BARBARA A. MEISENHEIMER

Submitted on Behalf of the Office of the Public Counsel

### MISSOURI AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

Case No. WR-2011-0337

December 12, 2011

## BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

| In the Matter of Missouri-American       | ) |                       |
|------------------------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| Water Company's Request for Authority to | ) | Case No. WR-2011-0337 |
| Implement a General Rate Increase for    | ) |                       |
| Water and Sewer Service Provided in      | ) |                       |
| Missouri Service Areas.                  | ) |                       |

### AFFIDAVIT OF BARBARA A. MEISENHEIMER

| STATE OF MISSOURI | ) |    |
|-------------------|---|----|
|                   | ) | SS |
| COUNTY OF COLE    | ) |    |

Barbara A. Meisenheimer, of lawful age and being first duly sworn, deposes and states:

- 1. My name is Barbara A. Meisenheimer. I am a Chief Utility Economist for the Office of the Public Counsel.
- 2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my direct testimony.
- 3. I hereby swear and affirm that my statements contained in the attached affidavit are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Barbara A. Meisenheimer

Subscribed and sworn to me this 12<sup>th</sup> day of December 2011,

NOTARY C. SEAL .

KENDELLE R. SEIDNER My Commission Expires February 4, 2015 Cole County Commission #11004782

Kendelte R. Seidne

Notary Public

My commission expires February 4, 2015..

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### **DIRECT TESTIMONY**

### **OF**

### BARBARA A. MEISENHEIMER

### MISSOURI AMERICAN WATER COMPANY

### **CASE NO. WR-2011-0337**

- Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, TITLE, AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
- A. Barbara A. Meisenheimer, Chief Utility Economist, Office of the Public Counsel (OPC or Public Counsel), P O Box 2230, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102.
- Q. PLEASE SUMMARIZE YOUR EDUCATIONAL AND EMPLOYMENT BACKGROUND.
- A. I hold a Bachelor of Science degree in Mathematics from the University of Missouri-Columbia (UMC) and have completed the comprehensive exams for a Ph.D. in Economics from the same institution. My two fields of study were Quantitative Economics and Industrial Organization. My outside field of study was Statistics. I have taught economics courses for the University of Missouri-Columbia, William Woods University, and Lincoln University, mathematics for the University of Missouri-Columbia and statistics for William Woods University.

### Q. HAVE YOU TESTIFIED PREVIOUSLY BEFORE THE COMMISSION?

A. Yes, I have testified on numerous issues before the Missouri Public Service
 Commission (PSC or Commission).

Q. WHAT IS YOUR PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE IN THE PREPARATION OF CLASS COST OF SERVICE STUDIES?

A. I have prepared or supervised the preparation of cost studies on behalf of Public Counsel for over 15 years. These include class cost of service studies related to natural gas, water and electric utilities, and cost studies related to telecommunications services.

Q. HAVE YOU TESTIFIED PREVIOUSLY BEFORE THE COMMISSION ON WATER RELATED COST OF SERVICE AND RATE DESIGN ISSUES?

A. Yes. I testified on class cost of service and rate design issues in the last four Missouri American rate cases WR-2003-0500, WR-2007-0216, WR-2008-0311 and WR-2010-0131.

### Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?

A. The purpose of my testimony is to present Public Counsel's preliminary Class Cost of Service (CCOS) studies and to discuss Public Counsel's position on how the results of these studies should affect the rate design for customer classes within each district. I will also provide testimony on district specific pricing versus single tariff pricing.

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### I. RATE DESIGN

- Q. WHAT IS THE RELATIVE IMPORTANCE OF CCOS STUDY RESULTS IN DESIGNING RATES?
- A. A CCOS study provides the Commission with a general guide as to the just and reasonable rate for the provision of service that corresponds to costs. In addition, other factors are also relevant considerations when determining the appropriate rate for service, including the value of service, affordability, rate impact, and rate continuity, etc. The determination as to the manner in which the results of a cost of service study and all the other factors are balanced in setting rates can only be determined on a case-by-case basis.
- Q. HOW DOES PUBLIC COUNSEL ACCOMMODATE OTHER FACTORS SUCH AS AFFORDABILITY, RATE IMPACT, AND RATE CONTINUITY IN THE RATE DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS THAT IT MAKES TO THE COMMISSION?
- A. Generally, Public Counsel has recommended that the Commission adopt a rate design that balances movement toward cost of service with rate impact and affordability considerations. In cases where the existing revenue structure within a district differs greatly from the class cost of service or where the district revenues differ greatly from district costs, a movement toward costs should be made.

Q.

- Q. PLEASE PROVIDE SOME BACKGROUND ON PAST COMMISSION DECISIONS
  RELATED TO MISSOURI AMERICAN'S DISTRICT COST RECOVERY.
- A. With respect to shifts between districts, the Commission decided in its Report and Order in WR-2000-281 to move away from single tariff pricing (a single company-wide tariff that would apply to each class) toward district specific pricing. The Commission approved additional movement toward district specific pricing in cases WR-2003-0500, WR-2007-216, WR-2008-0311 and WR-2011-0337. Although in most of these cases parties have reached agreement and offered joint proposals on district cost and rate design, these proceedings have been extremely contentious in part due to a long history of alleged subsidies between and within districts.
  - DO YOU SUPPORT THE COMMISSION'S PAST EFFORTS TO MOVE THIS COMPANY TOWARD DISTRICT SPECIFIC PRICING?
- A. Yes. The Commission's efforts have merit from both an economic and public policy perspective. Moving each district's revenue closer to its district specific cost can work to reduce market distortions by reducing incentives for making excessive district specific investments. The decision to move toward district specific cost recovery also better reflected the sentiment received in public comments indicating that districts generally are willing to pay their own cost of service. The Commission has not mandated that district specific cost recovery be

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achieved in all cases or within a specific timeframe. This flexibility has allowed for deviation from strict district specific cost recovery when reasonably necessary based on consideration of all relevant factors.

- Q. DO YOU RECOMMEND THAT THE COMMISSION CONTINUE THIS APPROACH TO **DETERMINING INTER-DISTRICT COSTS?**
- Yes. A.
- Q. HAVE YOU PERFORMED A STUDY OF THE INTRA-DISTRICT COSTS OF SERVING CUSTOMER CLASSES WITH DIFFERING DEMAND CHARACTERISTICS?
- A. Yes. I performed a class cost of service study for nine water districts served by the Company. I will refer to these districts as Warren County, Brunswick, Jefferson City, Joplin, Mexico, Parkville, St Joseph, Warrensburg, and St. Louis Metro which includes the previously distinct service areas of St. Louis County and St. Charles. I did not perform class cost of service studies for the recently acquired Roark, Loma Linda and Aqua Missouri properties. In some cases the districts for which I did not prepare a CCOS study serve only one customer class making a study that is designed to determine rates based on differences in cost characteristics between customer classes unnecessary. In other cases, there was limited or insufficient data to develop reliable cost allocations.

# Q. WHAT ARE THE RESULTS OF PUBLIC COUNSEL'S PRELIMINARY CLASS COST OF SERVICE STUDIES?

A. Schedule BAM-1 provides a detailed summary of the preliminary results of my study for each district. Table 1 illustrates each customer class's share of cost and the class's share of revenue if costs were based on an equalized rate of return:

TABLE 1

|                | TOTAL     | RESIDENTIAL               | COMMERCIAL           | INDUSTRIAL                         | OTHER PUBLIC<br>AUTHORITY | SALES FOR<br>RESALE | PRIVATE FIRE<br>SERVICE    |
|----------------|-----------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Jefferson City | Cost %    | 53.53%                    | 28.54%               | 7.07%                              | 8.83%                     |                     | 2.03%                      |
|                | Revenue % | 54.98%                    | 27.58%               | 5.63%                              | 8.62%                     |                     | 3.18%                      |
| Brunswick      | Cost %    | 65.86%                    | 26.22%               | 0.41%                              | 3.78%                     | 3.16%               | 0.56%                      |
|                | Revenue % | 64.42%                    | 22.84%               | 0.77%                              | 3.71%                     | 4.53%               | 3.74%                      |
| Joplin         | Cost %    | 47.76%                    | 22.83%               | 18.00%                             | 3.55%                     | 4.11%               | 3.75%                      |
|                | Revenue % | 53.90%                    | 21.80%               | 14.36%                             | 3.23%                     | 3.52%               | 3.20%                      |
| Mexico         | Cost %    | 49.91%                    | 12.73%               | 15.48%                             | 7.25%                     | 11.74%              | 2.88%                      |
|                | Revenue % | 49.83%                    | 12.05%               | 15.94%                             | 6.92%                     | 11.33%              | 3.93%                      |
| Parkville      | Cost %    | 68.87%                    | 20.62%               | 0.68%                              | 1.38%                     | 4.73%               | 3.72%                      |
|                | Revenue % | 68.11%                    | 22.22%               | 0.44%                              | 1.47%                     | 4.56%               | 3.20%                      |
| St. Joseph     | Cost %    | 50.79%                    | 18.19%               | 14.28%                             | 3.75%                     | 10.89%              | 2.10%                      |
|                | Revenue % | 52.12%                    | 19.28%               | 13.10%                             | 3.82%                     | 10.32%              | 1.37%                      |
| Warren County  | Cost %    | 98.97%                    | 1.03%                |                                    |                           |                     |                            |
|                | Revenue % | 98.77%                    | 1.23%                |                                    |                           |                     |                            |
| Warrensburg    | Cost %    | 57.43%                    | 16.20%               | 3.04%                              | 11.39%                    | 7.10%               | 4.85%                      |
|                | Revenue % | 55.19%                    | 18.60%               | 3.04%                              | 12.41%                    | 7.57%               | 3.19%                      |
|                |           | RES COM OPA<br>Rate A & K | INDUSTRIAL<br>Rate J | OTHER WATER<br>UTILITIES<br>Rate B |                           |                     | PRIVATE FIRE<br>Rate E & F |
| St Louis       | Cost %    | 93.16%                    | 3.70%                | 1.52%                              |                           |                     | 1.61%                      |
|                | Revenue % | 93.35%                    | 3.77%                | 1.76%                              |                           |                     | 1.12%                      |

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Table 2 illustrates the percentage change in rate revenue necessary to achieve an equalized return:

TABLE 2

|                | Revenu  | e Neutral Shift           | to Equalize Cu       | urrent Rate of Ret        | turn by Custome           | r Class             |                            |
|----------------|---------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
|                | TOTAL   | RESIDENTIAL               | COMMERCIAL           | INDUSTRIAL                | OTHER PUBLIC<br>AUTHORITY | SALES FOR<br>RESALE | PRIVATE FIRE<br>SERVICE    |
| Jefferson City | Shift % | -2.65%                    | 3.46%                | 25.67%                    | 2.44%                     |                     | -36.22%                    |
| Brunswick      | Shift % | 2.24%                     | 14.83%               | -46.49%                   | 1.98%                     | -30.28%             | -84.92%                    |
| Joplin         | Shift % | -11.38%                   | 4.70%                | 25.29%                    | 10.09%                    | 16.93%              | 17.41%                     |
| Mexico         | Shift % | 0.16%                     | 5.65%                | -2.86%                    | 4.80%                     | 3.62%               | -26.68%                    |
| Parkville      | Shift % | 1.12%                     | -7.22%               | 56.78%                    | -6.23%                    | 3.70%               | 16.18%                     |
| St. Joseph     | Shift % | -2.54%                    | -5.67%               | 9.04%                     | -1.64%                    | 5.56%               | 52.61%                     |
| Warren County  | Shift % | 0.20%                     | -16.34%              |                           |                           |                     |                            |
| Warrensburg    | Shift % | 4.05%                     | -12.95%              | 0.05%                     | -8.19%                    | -6.29%              | 52.17%                     |
|                |         | RES COM OPA<br>Rate A & K | INDUSTRIAL<br>Rate J | SALE FOR RESALE<br>Rate B | ;                         |                     | PRIVATE FIRE<br>Rate E & F |
| St Louis       | Shift % | -0.20%                    | -1.79%               | -13.48%                   |                           |                     | 43.94%                     |

# Q. WHAT ARE PUBLIC COUNSEL'S PRELIMINARY RATE DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS?

A. Based on my initial results, I recommend that the Commission move customer classes toward district specific cost of service by first implementing a revenue neutral shift among classes and second spreading any net increase or decrease in district revenue to the classes as an equal percentage. I also recommend that the Commission cap class increases resulting from revenue neutral shifts in order to

mitigate the combined impact of a large district increase coupled with interclass increases. For example, Table 3 illustrates the revenue neutral shifts that would result from one-half the revenue neutral increase indicated by my class cost of service with a cap on revenue neutral increases of 5% of a class's current revenue:

TABLE 3

|                |         | Proposed Maxi             | imum Revenue         | Neutral Shift by (        | Customer Class            |                     |                            |
|----------------|---------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|
|                | TOTAL   | RESIDENTIAL               | COMMERCIAL           | INDUSTRIAL                | OTHER PUBLIC<br>AUTHORITY | SALES FOR<br>RESALE | PRIVATE FIRE<br>SERVICE    |
| Jefferson City | Shift % | -0.88%                    | 1.73%                | 5.00%                     | 1.22%                     |                     | -11.99%                    |
| Brunswick      | Shift % | 1.12%                     | 5.00%                | -18.02%                   | 0.99%                     | -11.74%             | -32.92%                    |
| Joplin         | Shift % | -2.46%                    | 0.51%                | 5.00%                     | 5.00%                     | 5.00%               | 5.00%                      |
| Mexico         | Shift % | 0.08%                     | 2.83%                | -1.43%                    | 2.40%                     | 1.81%               | -13.34%                    |
| Parkville      | Shift % | 0.56%                     | -2.75%               | 5.00%                     | 5.00% -2.38%              |                     | 5.00%                      |
| St. Joseph     | Shift % | -1.04%                    | -2.31%               | 5.00%                     | -0.67%                    | 2.78%               | 5.00%                      |
| Warren County  | Shift % | 0.10%                     | -8.17%               |                           |                           |                     |                            |
| Warrensburg    | Shift % | 2.03%                     | -4.24%               | 0.02%                     | -2.68%                    | -2.06%              | 5.00%                      |
|                |         | RES COM OPA<br>Rate A & K | INDUSTRIAL<br>Rate J | SALE FOR RESALE<br>Rate B |                           |                     | PRIVATE FIRE<br>Rate E & F |
| St Louis       | Shift % | -0.08%                    | -0.69%               | -5.20%                    |                           |                     | 5.00%                      |

Under my recommendation, each customer class would be adjusted by the revenue neutral shift shown in Table 3 and then by the net percentage increase or decrease approved by the Commission for the class's district.

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#### Q. HOW SHOULD CLASS RATES BE ADJUSTED IN OTHER DISTRICTS?

A. For districts for which I did not prepare a class cost of service study including Roark, Lake Taneycomo, Lakewood, Loma Linda, Maplewood, Ozark, Rankin Acres, Spring Valley, and White Ranch, I recommend allocating any revenue requirement increase or decrease as an equal percentage increase on current class revenues.

### Q. HAVE YOU DETERMINED A LEVEL OF COSTS THAT COULD REASONABLY BE RECOVERED IN THE CUSTOMER CHARGE?

A. The fixed monthly customer charge should include those costs directly related to the number of customers. My class cost of service studies identify the investments and expenses directly related to the number of customers by class as including meters, services, operations and maintenance, and depreciation expenses related to meters and services, meter reading and arguably some portion of customer records expense. Based on my studies, Table 4 identifies a maximum level of costs for the Residential and small Commercial classes that could reasonably be recovered through a customer charge:

Table 4

| -              | Class | Cost of Se                                    | rvice                            | Study Cust | tomer | Charge Co            | ost                    |       |
|----------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-------|----------------------|------------------------|-------|
|                |       | RESIDENTIAL (Monthly) RESIDENTIAL (Quarterly) |                                  |            |       | IMERCIAL<br>Ionthly) | COMMERCIAL (Quarterly) |       |
| Jefferson City | \$    | 4.05                                          | \$                               | 12.16      | \$    | 6.02                 | \$                     | 18.05 |
| Brunswick      | \$    | 14.26                                         | \$                               | 42.77      | \$    | 20.37                | \$                     | 61.11 |
| Joplin         | \$    | 7.31                                          | \$                               | 21.92      | \$    | 11.05                | \$                     | 33.14 |
| Mexico         | \$    | 10.04                                         | \$                               | 30.12      | \$    | 16.18                | \$                     | 48.54 |
| Parkville      | \$    | 9.62                                          | \$                               | 28.87      | \$    | 17.94                | \$                     | 53.83 |
| St. Joseph     | \$    | 5.44                                          | \$                               | 16.31      | \$    | 8.09                 | \$                     | 24.26 |
| Warren County  | \$    | 5.18                                          | \$                               | 15.53      | \$    | 4.93                 | \$                     | 14.79 |
| Warrensburg    | \$    | 6.84                                          | \$                               | 20.51      | \$    | 12.03                | \$                     | 36.09 |
|                | Rat   | COM OPA<br>te A & K<br>Ionthly)               | COM OPA<br>te A & K<br>uarterly) |            |       |                      |                        |       |
| St Louis       | 8.71  | 26.13                                         |                                  |            |       |                      |                        |       |

Q. DESCRIBE SINGLE TARIFF PRICING.

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Single-tariff pricing (STP) in the provision of water or sewer service is defined as A. the use of a unified rate structure for multiple water or sewer systems that are owned and operated by a single utility, but that may or may not be physically interconnected. Under single-tariff pricing, all customers of the utility pay the same rate for service, even though the individual systems providing service may vary in terms of operating characteristics and costs.

#### Q. DESCRIBE DISTRICT SPECIFIC PRICING.

A. District Specific Pricing (DSP) is defined as a rate structure where direct costs associated with a specific district are recovered from that district. Under DSP, common corporate costs are allocated throughout the system to each district for recovery in rates.

#### Q. DOES THE COMMISSION HAVE AUTHORITY TO ORDER SINGLE TARIFF PRICING?

A. Yes. I am advised by counsel that there is no statute in Missouri that expressly prohibits STP and the use of STP is lawful in Missouri provided that the resulting rates are just and reasonable.

ARE JUST AND REASONABLE?

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6 7 A. The cost of service and other factors such as the value of service, affordability, rate impact, and rate continuity are relevant factors in determining just and reasonable rates. An inherent difficulty in achieving just and reasonable rates

utilities characterized by distinct, diverse, and non-interconnected systems.

under a single tariff pricing structure is that costs may not be similar for water

Q. WHAT ARE THE PRIMARY BENEFITS ASSOCIATED WITH STP?

A. From a consumer perspective, a primary benefit of STP is that STP may mitigate the rate shock associated with a significant capital improvement in one rate district by spreading recovery of those costs to more customers. STP may also help to keep rates affordable for customers in high cost districts.

#### Q. WHAT ARE THE PRIMARY DIFFICULTIES ASSOCIATE WITH STP?

A. An inherent difficulty in achieving just and reasonable rates under a single tariff pricing structure is that costs may not be similar for water utilities characterized by distinct, diverse, and non-interconnected systems. MAWC's districts have substantially different characteristics including source of supply, processing and requirements, and density and other distribution treatment customer

characteristics. STP may also create market distortions by increasing incentives for making excessive district specific investments.

# Q. ARE YOU AWARE OF OTHER ARGUMENTS FOR AND AGAINST SINGLE-TARIFF PRICING FOR REGULATED WATER UTILITIES?

A. Yes. In a 1999 report titled "Consolidated Water Rates: Issues and Practices in Single-Tariff Pricing", the United States Environmental Protection Agency in cooperation with the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners summarized the results of a 1996 survey of state commission staffs identifying arguments in favor and against single-tariff pricing. The cover page and summary of the Report are included in this testimony as Schedule BAM DIR 2.

### Q. WHAT IS PUBLIC COUNSEL'S GENERAL POSITION REGARDING STP AND DSP?

A. In general, Public Counsel supports the continuation of pricing that is based on district specific costs in cases where costs among districts differ substantially. In addition to aligning rates with costs, DSP seems to better reflect the sentiment received in past public comments indicating that customers are willing to pay for their own district's cost of service but are concerned about subsidizing other districts.

Q. IS PUBLIC COUNSEL WILLING TO CONSIDER SOME LEVEL OF RATE CONSOLIDATION?

- A. Yes. Public Counsel is willing to consider some level of rate consolidation, where the consolidation gives reasonable weight to cost considerations as well as other relevant factors. Based on my initial review, MAWC's proposal for STP goes too far in consolidating rates for districts that exhibit substantially different costs.
- Q. WHAT EVIDENCE HAVE YOU REVIEWED THAT LEADS TO YOUR CONCLUSION
  THAT MAWC'S PROPOSAL FOR STP GOES TOO FAR IN CONSOLIDATING RATES FOR
  DISTRICTS THAT EXHIBIT SUBSTANTIALLY DIFFERENT COSTS?
- A. I compared the cost of investments and expenses on both a district basis and customer class basis. First, using Staff accounting data on net plant, key expense categories and district customer counts including Residential, Commercial, Industrial and Public Authority customers, I compared a per customer level of investment and expenses between districts. The district cost comparison is shown in Schedule BAM DIR 3. The results suggest that on a per customer basis there is substantial variation between districts in the levels of investment and key expenses. In some cases the highest district investment and expense levels were 4 to 6 times those of the lowest district investment and expense levels.

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To evaluate whether differences existed for particular customer classes across districts, I used results from district specific CCOS studies provided in the Company's workpapers for 9 districts to compare the per customer costs for the Residential Class across districts. Similarly, I compared the per customer costs for the Commercial Class across districts. While I do not necessarily agree with the Company's specific CCOS methods or allocations, I used the Company CCOS study results in the comparison to illustrate that the Company's own calculations produce substantially different costs across districts. It is also important to note that for the St. Louis Metro District, Rate A shown in the comparison reflects blended costs for Residential, Commercial and Public Authority customers. The district cost comparison for the Residential Class is shown in Schedule BAM DIR 4. The district cost comparison for the Commercial Class is shown in Schedule BAM DIR 5. For both the Residential Class and Commercial classes, the results indicate significant differences in the level of investment and key expenses between districts. In some cases the highest district investment and expense levels were 3 to 6 times those of the lowest district investment and expense levels.

# Q. WHAT EVIDENCE MIGHT PERSUADE PUBLIC COUNSEL TO SUPPORT A MORE LIMITED RATE CONSOLIDATION PROPOSAL?

A. Based on my review of the district data, it appears that there is some correlation between the number of customers in a district and the investment and expenses per customer so consolidating districts of similar size might be more reasonable

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than STP. Evidence of converging costs would also increase Public Counsel's support for consolidating the rates for certain districts.

### **III. CLASS COST OF SERVICE STUDY METHOD**

### Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR CLASS COST OF STUDY?

- A. My class cost of service study apportions the total cost of activities and facilities used in providing service among customer classes based on cost allocations that reflect the underlying customer characteristics that drive costs. This is accomplished by first dividing costs into functional "buckets" including Source of Supply, Pumping, Water Treatment, Transmission and Distribution, Operations and Maintenance. The costs in each functional bucket are then further divided by classification into subcategories based on characteristics of cost causation. For example, the Base Extra Capacity method that I used for my study classifies costs into four primary cost components: Base Costs, Extra Capacity Costs, Customer Costs, and costs directly attributable to Fire Protection.
  - Base Costs vary with the total quantity of water used under average use at an average rate. These costs include certain facilities costs and O&M expenses of supply, treatment, pumping, and distribution facilities.

- Extra capacity costs are associated with use requirements in excess of average.
  These costs include facilities costs, O&M expenses and capital costs for system capacity in excess of average. These costs were further subdivided based on the maximum-day extra demand and maximum-hour demand.
- Customer costs vary directly with the number of customers, not the amount or
  rate of water used. The cost of meter reading, billing, accounts and
  collections expense, and facilities costs and expenses related to meters and
  services are generally treated as customer related costs.
- Fire costs are directly attributable to providing both private and public fire services. These costs include facilities costs and expenses related to providing hydrants and fire lines.

The final step in my study apportioned the "functionalized and classified" costs to each customer class based on allocation factors reflective of the classification. For example, I used average use by class to allocate Base Costs. I used a max day factor and a max hour factor to allocate Excess Capacity costs. An example of a customer related allocation is that I used a weighted allocator of meters actually used by each class to allocate the total district meter costs to the class. I have provided an electronic copy of my workpapers to the parties. The workpapers provide a full breakdown of the functionalization and classification of

costs as well as formulaic links to the calculations and sources of information I used to complete each district study.

### Q. WHAT CUSTOMER CLASSES DID YOU USE IN YOUR CCOS STUDIES?

A. For most of the Districts, I used a Residential Class, Commercial Class, an Industrial Class, an Other Public Authority Class, a Sale for Resale Class and a Private Fire Class. For the St. Louis Metro District, I used customer classes based on current rate groups; Rate Group A & K which includes residential commercial and other public authority customers, Rate Group J which includes large industrials, Rate Group B which includes another water utility that resells service and Rate Groups E & F which include fire service customers.

# Q. HOW ARE CONTRACT CUSTOMER REVENUES AND COSTS APPORTIONED IN YOUR CCOS STUDIES?

A. I did not use a special contract customer class in this case. Instead, the factors used to allocate costs to customer classes within a district exclude contract customers. Contract customer revenues were allocated proportionately to the remaining customer classes based on overall class cost of service.

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Q. HOW ARE PUBLIC FIRE REVENUES AND COSTS APPORTIONED IN YOUR CCOS STUDIES?

A. As an intermediate step in allocating class costs, I did use a Public Fire class within each district. However, Public Fire costs and revenues were later allocated to retail customer classes within each district based on meter weighted customers.

Q. WHAT DATA IS USED AS THE BASIS FOR YOUR COST STUDY?

A. Data used for this study includes MAWC workpapers filed in support of its direct case, MAWC responses to Staff's data requests, and Staff Accounting data in this case.

Q. HOW IS THE BASE-EXTRA CAPACITY METHOD APPLIED TO MAINS COST **ALLOCATION?** 

Mains costs are allocated to base and maximum day and maximum hour extra A. capacity cost components in recognition of the fact that mains provide for some constant level of average annual water usage as well as peaking associated with volatility in daily use and hourly use.

Because mains are used to satisfy base and peak demand, there is no clear separation between these two cost categories with respect to constant and peaking needs. To apportion cost between average and peak use, I used a "weighted factor" that reflects average day, max day, and peak hour demands.

Q. HOW DO YOUR DEMAND RELATED ALLOCATORS COMPARE WITH THOSE THAT WILL LIKELY BE USED BY OTHER PARTIES?

A. I used a Base and Excess Capacity allocator for Transmission and Distributions

Mains as well as other demand related allocators. I adjusted the results to
accommodate some of the points made by the Company regarding a reduction in
the allocation of the cost of smaller mains to large customers in the Joplin, St
Joseph and St Louis districts. The adjustments I made are reflected in reduced
allocation factors that were provided to the other parties in my workpapers.

Q. HOW DID YOU DEVELOP SOME OF THE OTHER ALLOCATORS USED IN YOUR STUDY?

A. The allocators were developed in order to reflect the differences in costs of furnishing service to the different classes. Plant expenses were allocated on the same basis as Plant accounts. Customer related allocators such those for allocating the costs of meters and services accounts were developed using weights to reflect the fact that there are generally greater meter and service costs associated with serving a bigger customer than a smaller customer.

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Q. PLEASE DESCRIBE HOW YOU ALLOCATED VARIOUS PLANT ACCOUNTS.

A. Investment in source of supply was allocated based on Base Day allocations by rate class. This recognizes the fact that such facilities are sized to meet the base supply requirements.

Pumping facilities were allocated based respectively on the Base and Max Day capacity allocator. Treatment facilities were allocated based respectively on the Base and Max Day with Fire capacity allocator.

Distribution reservoir and standpipes serve principally to assist in meeting the peak requirements of the system and to provide some element of system reliability. These items were allocated based on a Storage allocator that reflects regular system load and peak load, with a greater weight given to the peak load.

Transmission and Distribution Mains were allocated based on Base Day, Max Day, and Max Hour factors. The factors for Industrial and Sale for Resale customers in Joplin, St Joseph, and St Louis were reduced to reflect customer use.

Fire mains and hydrants were allocated directly to private and public fire protection services.

General plant includes office buildings, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and other related items. General plant was allocated to all customer classes based on

the overall allocation resulting from the allocation of all other non-general plant facilities.

### Q. HOW WERE OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES ALLOCATED?

A. Source of supply, pumping, water treatment, and transmission and distribution expenses were allocated using the "expenses follow plant" principle for most accounts in this category. "Expenses follow plant" basically means that for any expense related to a particular rate base component, the expense should be allocated in the same manner as the rate base account.

# Q. ARE THERE OTHER OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE EXPENSES TO WHICH THE "EXPENSES FOLLOW PLANT" PRINCIPLE DOES NOT APPLY?

A. Yes. Customer account expenses were allocated based on the number of meters and the number of customer bills in each class.

Property insurance expenses were allocated based on the resulting allocation of total plant since this expense is linked to the amount of plant that the Company requires in order to serve each customer class.

Injuries and damages and employee pensions and benefits are payroll-related expenses so they were allocated on the basis of the amount of labor expense that I had previously allocated to each class.

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The remaining administrative and general expenses accounts represent expenditures that support the Company's overall operation, so they were allocated on the basis of each customer class' share of total plant or cost of service.

#### Q. HOW DID YOU ALLOCATE TAXES OTHER THAN INCOME TAXES?

A. Property taxes were allocated on the basis of the amount of gross plant that I had previously allocated to each class. Taxes related to the workforce were allocated based on Labor. Other taxes in this category were allocated on the basis of rate base.

#### Q. HOW DID YOU ALLOCATE STATE AND FEDERAL INCOME TAXES?

A. These taxes were allocated on the basis of rate base since a utility company's income taxes are a function of the size of its rate base and associated earnings. Thus a class should contribute revenues for income taxes in accordance with the proportion of rate base that is necessary to serve it.

#### Q. DOES THIS CONCLUDE YOUR DIRECT TESTIMONY?

A. Yes.

### St. Louis Metro District

|          |                                                |                        |                       |                    |                    |   | PRIVATE F |                | PUBLIC FIRE  |
|----------|------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|-----------|----------------|--------------|
|          | CLASS COST OF SERVICE SUMMARY:                 | TOTAL                  | RATE A & K            | RATE J             | RATE B             |   | SERVIC    | E<br>          | SERVICE      |
| 1        | O & M Expenses                                 | 88,556,208             | 78,623,979            | 4,557,152          | 2,135,315          |   | 97:       | 5,853          | 2,263,908    |
| 2        | Depreciation ExpensesTOIT Def Tax Exp          | 40,259,877             | 35,151,112            | 968,949            | 304,251            |   | 853       | 3,445          | 2,982,119    |
| 3        | Current Income Taxes                           | 5,402,385              | 4,744,447             | 111,735            | 29,612             |   | 113       | 3,960          | 402,631      |
| 4        | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes                       | 134,218,470            | 118,519,538           | 5,637,836          | 2,469,178          |   | 1,943     | 3,258          | 5,648,659    |
| 5        |                                                |                        |                       |                    |                    |   |           |                |              |
| 6        | Spread of fire expenses & taxes to others      | 5,648,659              | 5,613,936             | 34,723             | 0                  |   |           | 0              | (5,648,659)  |
| 7        | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes after Spread          | 134,218,470            | 124,133,474           | 5,672,559          | 2,469,178          |   | 1,943     | 3,258          |              |
| 8        |                                                |                        |                       |                    |                    |   |           |                |              |
| 9        | Current Revenue                                |                        |                       |                    |                    |   |           | . =            |              |
| 10       | Rate Revenue                                   | 172,974,288            | 152,668,931           | 6,379,992          | 2,996,664          | 0 | . ,       | 4,785          | 8,993,916    |
| 11       | Other Revenue                                  | 5,279,616              | 4,794,639             | 288,269            | 136,093            |   | 60        | 0,615          | 0            |
| 12       | Spread of fire revenue to others               | 8,993,916              | 8,938,630             | 55,286             | 0                  |   | 1.00      | 7 400          | 0            |
| 13       | TOTAL Current Revenues                         | 178,253,905<br>100,00% | 166,402,200<br>93.35% | 6,723,547<br>3.77% | 3,132,757<br>1.76% |   |           | 5,400<br>1.12% | 0<br>0.00%   |
| 14<br>15 | Current Revenue Percentage                     | 100.00%                | 93.33%                | 3.77%              | 1./0%              |   |           | 1.12%          | 0.00%        |
| 16       | Net OPERATING INCOME                           | 44,035,435             | 42,268,725            | 1,050,989          | 663,579            |   | 5         | 2,142          | 0            |
| 17       | Net OF ERATING INCOME                          | 44,033,433             | 42,200,723            | 1,030,969          | 003,379            |   | J.        | 2,142          | U            |
| 18       | TOTAL Rate Base                                | 554,730,846            | 487,172,051           | 11,473,247         | 3,040,646          |   | 11,70     | 1 676          | 41,343,226   |
| 19       | 10171E Rate Base                               | 334,730,040            | 407,172,031           | 11,475,247         | 3,040,040          |   | 11,70     | 1,070          | 41,545,220   |
| 20       | Spread of fire rate base to others             | 41,343,226             | 41,089,086            | 254,140            | 0                  |   |           | 0              | (41,343,226) |
| 21       | TOTAL Rate Base after Spread                   | 554,730,846            | 528,261,137           | 11,727,387         | 3,040,646          |   | 11,70     | 1,676          | <u> </u>     |
| 22       | •                                              |                        |                       |                    |                    |   |           |                |              |
| 23       | Implicit Rate of Return (ROR)                  | 7.94%                  | 8.00%                 | 8.96%              | 21.82%             |   | (         | 0.45%          |              |
| 24       |                                                |                        |                       |                    |                    |   |           |                |              |
| 25       | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | 44,035,435             | 41,934,226            | 930,939            | 241,371            |   | 923       | 8,898          |              |
| 26       |                                                |                        |                       |                    |                    |   |           |                |              |
| 27       | Class COS with Equalized ROR                   | 178,253,905            | 166,067,701           | 6,603,498          | 2,710,550          |   | 2,872     |                |              |
| 28       | Current Class COS Percentage                   | 100.00%                | 93.16%                | 3.70%              | 1.52%              |   |           | 1.61%          |              |
| 29       |                                                |                        |                       |                    |                    |   |           |                |              |
| 30       | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | 44,035,435             | 41,934,226            | 930,939            | 241,371            |   |           | 8,898          |              |
| 31       | Revenue Neutral Shift to Equalize Class ROR    | 0                      | (334,499)             | (120,050)          | (422,207)          |   |           | 5,756          |              |
| 32       | Revenue Increase/Decrease % of Current Revenue | 0.00%                  | -0.20%                | -1.79%             | -13.48%            |   | 43        | 3.94%          |              |

### Warrensburg District

|          |                                                |            |             |            |            | OTHER PUBLIC | SALES FOR | PRIVATE FIRE | PUBLIC FIRE     |
|----------|------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------------|
|          | CLASS COST OF SERVICE SUMMARY:                 | TOTAL      | RESIDENTIAL | COMMERCIAL | INDUSTRIAL | AUTHORITY    | RESALE    | SERVICE      | SERVICE         |
| 1        | O & M Expenses                                 | 1,792,584  | 904,351     | 261,271    | 54,093     | 191,902      | 133,806   | 67,202       | 179,958         |
| 2        | Depreciation ExpensesTOIT Def Tax Exp          | 992,767    | 454,299     | 141,992    | 28,406     | 102,570      | 66,453    | 56,236       | 142,812         |
| 3        | Current Income Taxes                           | 68,652     | 29,973      | 9,630      | 1,951      | 7,121        | 4,694     | 4,139        | 11,144          |
| 4<br>5   | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes                       | 2,854,003  | 1,388,623   | 412,893    | 84,451     | 301,592      | 204,953   | 127,577      | 333,915         |
| 6        | Spread of fire expenses & taxes to others      | 333,915    | 260,554     | 47,850     | 2,832      | 22,678       |           | 0            | (333,915)       |
| 7<br>8   | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes after Spread          | 2,854,003  | 1,649,177   | 460,742    | 87,283     | 324,271      | 204,953   | 127,577      | · · · · · · · · |
| 9        | Current Revenue                                |            |             |            |            |              |           |              |                 |
| 10       | Rate Revenue                                   | 3,634,103  | 2,004,091   | 679,479    | 109,814    | 451,564      | 274,117   | 115,038      | 0               |
| 11       | Other Revenue                                  | 148,712    | 83,650      | 24,308     | 5,093      | 17,711       | 12,349    | 5,600        | 0               |
| 12       | Spread of fire revenue to others               | 0          | 0           | 0          | 0          | 0            | 0         | 0            | 0               |
| 13       | TOTAL Current Revenues                         | 3,782,815  | 2,087,741   | 703,787    | 114,907    | 469,275      | 286,466   | 120,638      | 0               |
| 14<br>15 | Current Revenue Percentage                     | 100.00%    | 55.19%      | 18.60%     | 3.04%      | 12.41%       | 7.57%     | 3.19%        | 0.00%           |
| 16<br>17 | Net OPERATING INCOME                           | 928,812    | 438,564     | 243,045    | 27,624     | 145,005      | 81,513    | (6,938)      | 0               |
| 18<br>19 | TOTAL Rate Base                                | 13,125,109 | 5,730,271   | 1,841,163  | 373,060    | 1,361,360    | 897,380   | 791,249      | 2,130,627       |
| 20       | Spread of fire rate base to others             | 2,130,627  | 1,662,532   | 305,318    | 18,072     | 144,705      | 0         | 0            | (2,130,627)     |
| 21<br>22 | TOTAL Rate Base after Spread                   | 13,125,109 | 7,392,802   | 2,146,481  | 391,132    | 1,506,065    | 897,380   | 791,249      |                 |
| 23<br>24 | Implicit Rate of Return (ROR)                  | 7.08%      | 5.93%       | 11.32%     | 7.06%      | 9.63%        | 9.08%     | -0.88%       |                 |
| 25<br>26 | Net Operating Income with Equalized RC         | 928,812    | 523,159     | 151,898    | 27,679     | 106,578      | 63,504    | 55,994       |                 |
| 27       | Class COS with Equalized ROR                   | 3,782,815  | 2,172,336   | 612,640    | 114,962    | 430,849      | 268,457   | 183,570      |                 |
| 28<br>29 | Current Class COS Percentage                   | 100.00%    | 57.43%      | 16.20%     | 3.04%      | 11.39%       | 7.10%     | 4.85%        |                 |
| 30       | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | 928,812    | 523,159     | 151,898    | 27,679     | 106,578      | 63,504    | 55,994       |                 |
| 31       | Revenue Neutral Shift to Equalize Class ROR    | 0          | 84,595      | (91,147)   | 55         | (38,426)     | (18,009)  | 62,932       |                 |
| 32       | Revenue Increase/Decrease % of Current Revenue | 0.00%      | 4.05%       | -12.95%    | 0.05%      | -8.19%       | -6.29%    | 52.17%       |                 |

### **Brunswick District**

|          |                                                |           |             |            |            | OTHER PUBLIC | SALES FOR | PRIVATE FIRE | PUBLIC FIRE |
|----------|------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
|          | CLASS COST OF SERVICE SUMMARY:                 | TOTAL     | RESIDENTIAL | COMMERCIAL | INDUSTRIAL | AUTHORITY    | RESALE    | SERVICE      | SERVICE     |
| 1        | O & M Expenses                                 | 567,496   | 314,490     | 127,585    | 1,714      | 18,464       | 16,049    | 5,284        | 83,911      |
| 2        | Depreciation ExpensesTOIT Def Tax Exp          | 135,536   | 71,128      | 26,968     | 641        | 3,797        | 3,215     | 1,956        | 27,831      |
| 3        | Current Income Taxes                           | 0         | 0           | 0          | 0          | 0            | 0         | 0            | 0           |
| 4<br>5   | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes                       | 703,032   | 385,618     | 154,553    | 2,355      | 22,261       | 19,264    | 7,239        | 111,741     |
| 6        | Spread of fire expenses & taxes to others      | 111,741   | 85,822      | 21,319     | 2,053      | 2,547        | 0         | 0            | (111,741)   |
| 7<br>8   | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes after Spread          | 703,032   | 471,440     | 175,872    | 4,408      | 24,809       | 19,264    | 7,239        | _           |
| 9        | Current Revenue                                |           |             |            |            |              |           |              |             |
| 10       | Rate Revenue                                   | 378,048.0 | 243,464.0   | 86,156.0   | 2,941.0    | 14,016.0     | 17,202.0  | 14,269.0     | 0.0         |
| 11       | Other Revenue                                  | 6,223     | 4,077       | 1,598      | 29         | 228          | 196       | 95           | 0           |
| 12       | Spread of fire revenue to others               | 0         | 0           | 0          | 0          | 0            | 0         | 0            | 0           |
| 13       | TOTAL Current Revenues                         | 384,271   | 247,541     | 87,754     | 2,970      | 14,244       | 17,398    | 14,364       | 0           |
| 14       | Current Revenue Percentage                     | 100.00%   | 64.42%      | 22.84%     | 0.77%      | 3.71%        | 4.53%     | 3.74%        | 0.00%       |
| 15       |                                                |           |             |            |            |              |           |              |             |
| 16<br>17 | Net OPERATING INCOME                           | (318,761) | (223,899)   | (88,119)   | (1,437)    | (10,564)     | (1,866)   | 7,125        | 0           |
| 18       | TOTAL Rate Base                                | 2,067,425 | 1,042,574   | 394,333    | 9,343      | 55,599       | 46,268    | 32,901       | 486,406     |
| 19<br>20 | Spread of fire rate base to others             | 486,406   | 373,579     | 92.803     | 8,936      | 11.089       | 0         | 0            | (486,406)   |
| 21       | TOTAL Rate Base after Spread                   | 2,067,425 | 1,416,153   | 487,135    | 18,279     | 66,688       | 46,268    | 32,901       | (100,100)   |
| 22       | 101112 Itale Base after Spread                 | 2,007,120 | 1,110,100   | .07,155    | 10,277     | 00,000       | .0,200    | 32,501       |             |
| 23<br>24 | Implicit Rate of Return (ROR)                  | -15.42%   | -15.81%     | -18.09%    | -7.86%     | -15.84%      | -4.03%    | 21.66%       |             |
| 25       | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | (318,761) | (218,346)   | (75,108)   | (2,818)    | (10,282)     | (7,134)   | (5,073)      |             |
| 26       | Plus Current Taxes                             | - '       | ` ' '       | 0          | 0          | 0            | 0         | 0            |             |
| 27       | Class COS with Equalized ROR                   | 384,271   | 253,094     | 100,764    | 1,589      | 14,526       | 12,130    | 2,167        |             |
| 28       | Current Class COS Percentage                   | 100.00%   | 65.86%      | 26.22%     | 0.41%      | 3.78%        | 3.16%     | 0.56%        |             |
| 29<br>30 | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | (318,761) | (218,346)   | (75,108)   | (2,818)    | (10,282)     | (7,134)   | (5,073)      |             |
| 31       | Revenue Neutral Shift to Equalize Class ROR    | (0)       | 5,553       | 13,011     | (1,381)    | 282          | (5,268)   | (12,198)     |             |
| 32       | Revenue Increase/Decrease % of Current Revenue | 0.00%     | 2.24%       | 14.83%     | -46.49%    | 1.98%        | -30.28%   | -84.92%      |             |

### **Jefferson City District**

|                | CLASS COST OF SERVICE SUMMARY:                 | TOTAL      | RESIDENTIAL | COMMERCIAL | INDUSTRIAL | OTHER PUBLIC<br>AUTHORITY | SALES FOR<br>RESALE | PRIVATE FIRE<br>SERVICE | PUBLIC FIRE<br>SERVICE |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
|                | <del>-</del> -                                 |            | 2.027.724   |            |            |                           |                     | 50.025                  |                        |
| 1              | O & M Expenses                                 | 4,138,190  | 2,037,734   | 1,143,927  | 305,034    | 343,878                   |                     | 59,825                  | 247,792                |
| 2              | Depreciation ExpensesTOIT Def Tax Exp          | 1,226,815  | 511,477     | 302,613    | 76,906     | 94,887                    |                     | 41,477                  | 199,456                |
| 3              | Current Income Taxes                           | 202,655    | 83,068      | 49,076     | 12,345     | 15,384                    |                     | 7,301                   | 35,481                 |
| 5              | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes                       | 5,567,660  | 2,632,279   | 1,495,616  | 394,285    | 454,148                   |                     | 108,603                 | 482,729                |
| 6              | Spread of fire expenses & taxes to others      | 482,729    | 347,652     | 95,587     | 2,069      | 37,421                    |                     | 0                       | (482,729)              |
| 7<br>8         | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes after Spread          | 5,567,660  | 2,979,931   | 1,591,203  | 396,354    | 491,569                   |                     | 108,603                 | _                      |
| 9              | Current Revenue                                |            |             |            |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 10             | Rate Revenue                                   | 5,688,328  | 3,132,723   | 1,566,089  | 316,898    | 490,086                   |                     | 182,532                 | 0                      |
| 11             | Other Revenue                                  | 152,687    | 78,890      | 45,020     | 11,906     | 13,673                    |                     | 3,198                   | 0                      |
| 12             | Spread of fire revenue to others               | 0          | 0           | 0          | 0          | 0                         |                     | 0                       | 0                      |
| 13             | TOTAL Current Revenues                         | 5,841,015  | 3,211,613   | 1,611,109  | 328,804    | 503,759                   |                     | 185,730                 | 0                      |
| 14             | Current Revenue Percentage                     | 100.00%    | 54.98%      | 27.58%     | 5.63%      | 8.62%                     |                     | 3.18%                   | 0.00%                  |
| 15<br>16<br>17 | Net OPERATING INCOME                           | 273,355    | 231,682     | 19,906     | (67,550)   | 12,190                    |                     | 77,127                  | 0                      |
| 18<br>19       | TOTAL Rate Base                                | 16,273,667 | 6,670,546   | 3,940,927  | 991,341    | 1,235,332                 |                     | 586,293                 | 2,849,227              |
| 20             | Spread of fire rate base to others             | 2,849,227  | 2,051,959   | 564,186    | 12,211     | 220,871                   |                     | 0                       | (2,849,227)            |
| 21<br>22       | TOTAL Rate Base after Spread                   | 16,273,667 | 8,722,505   | 4,505,113  | 1,003,552  | 1,456,203                 |                     | 586,293                 |                        |
| 23<br>24       | Implicit Rate of Return (ROR)                  | 1.68%      | 2.66%       | 0.44%      | -6.73%     | 0.84%                     |                     | 13.15%                  |                        |
| 25<br>26       | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | 273,355    | 146,515     | 75,674     | 16,857     | 24,460                    |                     | 9,848                   |                        |
| 27             | Class COS with Equalized ROR                   | 5,841,015  | 3,126,446   | 1,666,877  | 413,211    | 516,029                   |                     | 118,451                 |                        |
| 28<br>29       | Current Class COS Percentage                   | 100.00%    | 53.53%      | 28.54%     | 7.07%      | 8.83%                     |                     | 2.03%                   |                        |
| 30             | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | 273,355    | 146,515     | 75,674     | 16,857     | 24,460                    |                     | 9,848                   |                        |
| 31             | Revenue Neutral Shift to Equalize Class ROR    | 0          | (85,167)    | 55,768     | 84,407     | 12,270                    |                     | (67,279)                |                        |
| 32             | Revenue Increase/Decrease % of Current Revenue | 0.00%      | -2.65%      | 3.46%      | 25.67%     | 2.44%                     |                     | -36.22%                 |                        |

### Joplin District

|          | •                                              |            |             |            |            | OTHER PUBLIC | SALES FOR | PRIVATE FIRE | PUBLIC FIRE |
|----------|------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
|          | CLASS COST OF SERVICE SUMMARY:                 | TOTAL      | RESIDENTIAL | COMMERCIAL | INDUSTRIAL | AUTHORITY    | RESALE    | SERVICE      | SERVICE     |
| 1        | O & M Expenses                                 | 8,226,213  | 3,730,667   | 1,743,625  | 1,606,871  | 268,617      | 381,420   | 186,182      | 308,832     |
| 2        | Depreciation ExpensesTOIT Def Tax Exp          | 2,636,296  | 1,101,701   | 570,688    | 468,009    | 88,857       | 106,224   | 119,597      | 181,221     |
| 3        | Current Income Taxes                           | 2,569,464  | 1,034,065   | 574,984    | 412,937    | 91,306       | 91,521    | 131,900      | 232,751     |
| 4<br>5   | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes                       | 13,431,973 | 5,866,433   | 2,889,297  | 2,487,816  | 448,780      | 579,165   | 437,679      | 722,803     |
| 6        | Spread of fire expenses & taxes to others      | 722,803    | 567,972     | 123,886    | 13,429     | 17,517       |           | 0            | (722,803)   |
| 7<br>8   | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes after Spread          | 13,431,973 | 6,434,405   | 3,013,182  | 2,501,245  | 466,297      | 579,165   | 437,679      |             |
| 9        | Current Revenue                                |            |             |            |            |              |           |              |             |
| 10       | Rate Revenue                                   | 17,706,656 | 9,581,409   | 3,860,865  | 2,507,111  | 570,633      | 614,973   | 571,665      | 0           |
| 11       | Other Revenue                                  | 515,423    | 239,733     | 111,723    | 110,049    | 17,122       | 26,238    | 10,558       | 0           |
| 12       | Spread of fire revenue to others               | 0          | 0           | 0          | 0          | 0            | 0         | 0            | 0           |
| 13       | TOTAL Current Revenues                         | 18,222,079 | 9,821,142   | 3,972,588  | 2,617,160  | 587,755      | 641,211   | 582,223      | 0           |
| 14<br>15 | Current Revenue Percentage                     | 100.00%    | 53.90%      | 21.80%     | 14.36%     | 3.23%        | 3.52%     | 3.20%        | 0.00%       |
| 16<br>17 | Net OPERATING INCOME                           | 4,790,106  | 3,386,737   | 959,405    | 115,915    | 121,458      | 62,046    | 144,544      | 0           |
| 18<br>19 | TOTAL Rate Base                                | 70,228,945 | 28,263,206  | 15,715,540 | 11,286,453 | 2,495,597    | 2,501,465 | 3,605,100    | 6,361,584   |
| 20       | Spread of fire rate base to others             | 6,361,584  | 4,998,869   | 1,090,352  | 118,191    | 154,172      | 0         | 0            | (6,361,584) |
| 21<br>22 | TOTAL Rate Base after Spread                   | 70,228,945 | 33,262,075  | 16,805,892 | 11,404,643 | 2,649,769    | 2,501,465 | 3,605,100    | · · · · · · |
| 23<br>24 | Implicit Rate of Return (ROR)                  | 6.82%      | 10.18%      | 5.71%      | 1.02%      | 4.58%        | 2.48%     | 4.01%        |             |
| 25<br>26 | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | 4,790,106  | 2,268,706   | 1,146,279  | 777,877    | 180,733      | 170,617   | 245,893      |             |
| 27       | Class COS with Equalized ROR                   | 18,222,079 | 8,703,111   | 4,159,462  | 3,279,122  | 647,030      | 749,782   | 683,572      |             |
| 28<br>29 | Current Class COS Percentage                   | 100.00%    | 47.76%      | 22.83%     | 18.00%     | 3.55%        | 4.11%     | 3.75%        |             |
| 30       | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | 4,790,106  | 2,268,706   | 1,146,279  | 777,877    | 180,733      | 170,617   | 245,893      |             |
| 31       | Revenue Neutral Shift to Equalize Class ROR    | (0)        | (1,118,031) | 186,874    | 661,962    | 59,275       | 108,571   | 101,349      |             |
| 32       | Revenue Increase/Decrease % of Current Revenue | 0.00%      | -11.38%     | 4.70%      | 25.29%     | 10.09%       | 16.93%    | 17.41%       |             |

### **Mexico District**

|          | CLASS COST OF SERVICE SUMMARY:                                                             | TOTAL      | RESIDENTIAL           | COMMERCIAL | INDUSTRIAL                | OTHER PUBLIC<br>AUTHORITY | SALES FOR<br>RESALE    | PRIVATE FIRE<br>SERVICE    | PUBLIC FIRE<br>SERVICE                |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|          | <del></del>                                                                                |            |                       |            |                           |                           |                        |                            |                                       |
| 1        | O & M Expenses                                                                             | 1,761,125  | 808,921               | 209,740    | 289,924                   | 122,508                   | 222,668                | 29,743                     | 77,619                                |
| 2        | Depreciation ExpensesTOIT Def Tax Exp                                                      | 917,242    | 404,136               | 109,048    | 129,783                   | 63,065                    | 99,408                 | 36,526                     | 75,275                                |
| 3        | Current Income Taxes                                                                       | 7,209      | 3,113                 | 847        | 1,016                     | 493                       | 784                    | 297                        | 658                                   |
| 4<br>5   | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes                                                                   | 2,685,576  | 1,216,171             | 319,635    | 420,724                   | 186,067                   | 322,860                | 66,567                     | 153,553                               |
| 6        | Spread of fire expenses & taxes to others                                                  | 153,553    | 120,317               | 20,373     | 4,768                     | 8,094                     |                        | 0                          | (153,553)                             |
| 7<br>8   | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes after Spread                                                      | 2,685,576  | 1,336,488             | 340,009    | 425,492                   | 194,161                   | 322,860                | 66,567                     |                                       |
| 9        | Current Revenue                                                                            |            |                       |            |                           |                           |                        |                            |                                       |
| 10       | Rate Revenue                                                                               | 3,505,157  | 1,747,507             | 422,182    | 557,960                   | 242,344                   | 396,088                | 139,076                    | 0                                     |
| 11       | Other Revenue                                                                              | 55,002     | 26,395                | 6,892      | 9,536                     | 4,023                     | 7,286                  | 869                        | 0                                     |
| 12       | Spread of fire revenue to others                                                           | 0          | 0                     | 0          | 0                         | 0                         | 0                      | 0                          | 0                                     |
| 13       | TOTAL Current Revenues                                                                     | 3,560,159  | 1,773,902             | 429,074    | 567,496                   | 246,367                   | 403,374                | 139,945                    | 0                                     |
| 14<br>15 | Current Revenue Percentage                                                                 | 100.00%    | 49.83%                | 12.05%     | 15.94%                    | 6.92%                     | 11.33%                 | 3.93%                      | 0.00%                                 |
| 16<br>17 | Net OPERATING INCOME                                                                       | 874,583    | 437,414               | 89,066     | 142,005                   | 52,207                    | 80,513                 | 73,379                     | 0                                     |
| 18<br>19 | TOTAL Rate Base                                                                            | 16,321,448 | 7,048,892             | 1,917,071  | 2,300,760                 | 1,116,412                 | 1,775,234              | 672,494                    | 1,490,585                             |
| 20       | Spread of fire rate base to others                                                         | 1,490,585  | 1,167,959             | 197,768    | 46,284                    | 78,574                    | 0                      | 0                          | (1,490,585)                           |
| 21<br>22 | TOTAL Rate Base after Spread                                                               | 16,321,448 | 8,216,852             | 2,114,839  | 2,347,043                 | 1,194,985                 | 1,775,234              | 672,494                    | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 23<br>24 | Implicit Rate of Return (ROR)                                                              | 5.36%      | 5.32%                 | 4.21%      | 6.05%                     | 4.37%                     | 4.54%                  | 10.91%                     |                                       |
| 25<br>26 | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR                                                    | 874,583    | 440,299               | 113,323    | 125,766                   | 64,033                    | 95,126                 | 36,036                     |                                       |
| 27       | Class COS with Equalized ROR                                                               | 3,560,159  | 1,776,787             | 453,332    | 551,258                   | 258,194                   | 417,986                | 102,602                    |                                       |
| 28<br>29 | Current Class COS Percentage                                                               | 100.00%    | 49.91%                | 12.73%     | 15.48%                    | 7.25%                     | 11.74%                 | 2.88%                      |                                       |
| 30       | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR                                                    | 874,583    | 440,299               | 113,323    | 125,766                   | 64,033                    | 95,126                 | 36,036                     |                                       |
| 31       | Revenue Neutral Shift to Equalize Class ROR Revenue Increase/Decrease % of Current Revenue | (0)        | 2,885<br><b>0.16%</b> | 24,258     | (16,239)<br><b>-2.86%</b> | 11,827<br><b>4.80%</b>    | 14,612<br><b>3.62%</b> | (37,343)<br><b>-26.68%</b> |                                       |
| 32       | Revenue increase/Decrease % of Current Revenue                                             | 0.00%      | U.10%                 | 5.65%      | -2.80%                    | 4.80%                     | 3.02%                  | -20.08%                    |                                       |

### Parkville District

|          |                                                |            |               |            |            | OTHER PUBLIC | SALES FOR | PRIVATE FIRE | PUBLIC FIRE |
|----------|------------------------------------------------|------------|---------------|------------|------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-------------|
|          | CLASS COST OF SERVICE SUMMARY:                 | TOTAL      | RESIDENTIAL   | COMMERCIAL | INDUSTRIAL | AUTHORITY    | RESALE    | SERVICE      | SERVICE     |
| 1        | O & M Expenses                                 | 1,965,681  | 1,276,547     | 396,467    | 8,504      | 23,671       | 114,693   | 34,025       | 111,775     |
| 2        | Depreciation ExpensesTOIT Def Tax Exp          | 1,940,716  | 1,072,618     | 333,142    | 14,931     | 21,982       | 78,574    | 93,095       | 326,374     |
| 3        | Current Income Taxes                           | 11,512     | 6,175         | 1,967      | 85         | 127          | 473       | 577          | 2,108       |
| 4        | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes                       | 3,917,909  | 2,355,340     | 731,576    | 23,519     | 45,779       | 193,741   | 127,697      | 440,257     |
| 5        |                                                |            |               |            |            |              |           |              |             |
| 6        | Spread of fire expenses & taxes to others      | 440,257    | 351,442       | 79,492     | 1,638      | 7,685        |           | 0            | (440,257)   |
| 7        | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes after Spread          | 3,917,909  | 2,706,782     | 811,067    | 25,157     | 53,465       | 193,741   | 127,697      |             |
| 8        |                                                |            |               |            |            |              |           |              |             |
| 9        | Current Revenue                                |            |               |            |            |              |           |              |             |
| 10       | Rate Revenue                                   | 5,258,503  | 3,581,300     | 1,169,163  | 22,902     | 77,490       | 239,017   | 168,631      | 0           |
| 11       | Other Revenue                                  | 48,668     | 33,313        | 10,350     | 283        | 637          | 2,873     | 1,213        | 0           |
| 12       | Spread of fire revenue to others               | 0          | 0             | 0          | 0          | 0            | 0         | 0            | 0           |
| 13       | TOTAL Current Revenues                         | 5,307,171  | 3,614,613     | 1,179,513  | 23,185     | 78,127       | 241,890   | 169,844      | 0           |
| 14       | Current Revenue Percentage                     | 100.00%    | 68.11%        | 22.22%     | 0.44%      | 1.47%        | 4.56%     | 3.20%        | 0.00%       |
| 15       | V ORER LERVIS BUSONES                          |            |               |            |            |              | 10.110    |              |             |
| 16       | Net OPERATING INCOME                           | 1,389,262  | 907,831       | 368,446    | (1,972)    | 24,662       | 48,149    | 42,147       | 0           |
| 17       | TOTAL Rate Base                                | 22 794 755 | 12.757.420    | 4.062.157  | 175 404    | 262.012      | 077.657   | 1 102 002    | 4.256.204   |
| 18<br>19 | TOTAL Rate Base                                | 23,784,755 | 12,757,439    | 4,063,157  | 175,404    | 262,812      | 977,657   | 1,192,082    | 4,356,204   |
| 20       | Spread of fire rate base to others             | 4,356,204  | 3,477,409     | 786,545    | 16,204     | 76.045       | 0         | 0            | (4,356,204) |
| 21       | TOTAL Rate Base after Spread                   | 23,784,755 | 16,234,848    | 4,849,701  | 191,608    | 338,858      | 977,657   | 1,192,082    | (4,330,204) |
| 22       | TOTAL Rate base after Spread                   | 23,764,733 | 10,234,646    | 4,049,701  | 191,008    | 330,030      | 911,031   | 1,192,062    |             |
| 23       | Implicit Rate of Return (ROR)                  | 5.84%      | 5.59%         | 7.60%      | -1.03%     | 7.28%        | 4.92%     | 3.54%        |             |
| 24       | implied rate of retain (Note)                  | 5.0170     | 3.3770        | 7.0070     | 1.0570     | 7.2070       | 1.5270    | 3.5 170      |             |
| 25       | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | 1,389,262  | 948,274       | 283,270    | 11,192     | 19,793       | 57,105    | 69,629       |             |
| 26       |                                                | -,,        | · · · · · · · | ,          | ,          | ,            | ,         | ,            |             |
| 27       | Class COS with Equalized ROR                   | 5,307,171  | 3,655,056     | 1,094,337  | 36,349     | 73,258       | 250,845   | 197,326      |             |
| 28       | Current Class COS Percentage                   | 100.00%    | 68.87%        | 20.62%     | 0.68%      | 1.38%        | 4.73%     | 3.72%        |             |
| 29       | C                                              |            |               |            |            |              |           |              |             |
| 30       | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | 1,389,262  | 948,274       | 283,270    | 11,192     | 19,793       | 57,105    | 69,629       |             |
| 31       | Revenue Neutral Shift to Equalize Class ROR    | (0)        | 40,443        | (85,176)   | 13,164     | (4,869)      | 8,956     | 27,482       |             |
| 32       | Revenue Increase/Decrease % of Current Revenue | 0.00%      | 1.12%         | -7.22%     | 56.78%     | -6.23%       | 3.70%     | 16.18%       |             |
|          |                                                |            |               |            |            |              |           |              |             |

### St. Joseph District

|          | CLASS COST OF SERVICE SUMMARY:                                                             | TOTAL             | RESIDENTIAL                | COMMERCIAL                 | INDUSTRIAL              | OTHER PUBLIC<br>AUTHORITY | SALES FOR RESALE | PRIVATE FIRE<br>SERVICE  | PUBLIC FIRE<br>SERVICE |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 1        | O & M Expenses                                                                             | 10,495,079        | 5,147,031                  | 1,782,048                  | 1,441,269               | 366,380                   | 1,204,140        | 146,123                  | 408,089                |
|          | Depreciation ExpensesTOIT Def Tax Exp                                                      | 5,833,453         | 2,502,638                  | 1,031,791                  | 853,096                 | 217,745                   | 616,755          | 159,191                  | 452,236                |
|          | Current Income Taxes                                                                       | 0                 | 0                          | 0                          | 0                       | 0                         | 0                | 0                        | 0                      |
| 4<br>5   | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes                                                                   | 16,328,532        | 7,649,669                  | 2,813,839                  | 2,294,365               | 584,125                   | 1,820,895        | 305,314                  | 860,325                |
| 6        | Spread of fire expenses & taxes to others                                                  | 860,325           | 708,289                    | 118,797                    | 14,545                  | 18,694                    |                  | 0                        | (860,325)              |
| 7<br>8   | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes after Spread                                                      | 16,328,532        | 8,357,958                  | 2,932,636                  | 2,308,909               | 602,819                   | 1,820,895        | 305,314                  |                        |
| 9        | Current Revenue                                                                            |                   |                            |                            |                         |                           |                  |                          |                        |
| 10       | Rate Revenue                                                                               | 19,473,592        | 10,187,047                 | 3,775,043                  | 2,524,884               | 744,619                   | 1,976,317        | 265,682                  | 0                      |
| 11       | Other Revenue                                                                              | 1,454,182         | 720,080                    | 259,992                    | 216,019                 | 53,829                    | 182,595          | 21,667                   | 0                      |
| 12       | Spread of industrial discount to others                                                    | 0                 | 0                          | 0                          | 0                       | 0                         | 0                | 0                        | 0                      |
| 13       | TOTAL Current Revenues                                                                     | 20,927,774        | 10,907,127                 | 4,035,035                  | 2,740,903               | 798,448                   | 2,158,912        | 287,349                  | 0                      |
| 14<br>15 | Current Revenue Percentage                                                                 | 100.00%           | 52.12%                     | 19.28%                     | 13.10%                  | 3.82%                     | 10.32%           | 1.37%                    | 0.00%                  |
| 16<br>17 | Net OPERATING INCOME                                                                       | 4,599,242         | 2,549,169                  | 1,102,399                  | 431,994                 | 195,629                   | 338,017          | (17,966)                 | 0                      |
| 18<br>19 | TOTAL Rate Base                                                                            | 80,385,209        | 34,089,904                 | 14,325,997                 | 11,764,044              | 3,042,638                 | 8,007,125        | 2,328,021                | 6,827,480              |
| 20       | Spread of fire rate base to others                                                         | 6,827,480         | 5,620,932                  | 942,768                    | 115,424                 | 148,355                   | 0                | 0                        | (6,827,480)            |
| 21<br>22 | TOTAL Rate Base after Spread                                                               | 80,385,209        | 39,710,837                 | 15,268,765                 | 11,879,468              | 3,190,994                 | 8,007,125        | 2,328,021                | <u> </u>               |
| 23<br>24 | Implicit Rate of Return (ROR)                                                              | 5.72%             | 6.42%                      | 7.22%                      | 3.64%                   | 6.13%                     | 4.22%            | -0.77%                   |                        |
| 25<br>26 | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR                                                    | 4,599,242         | 2,272,057                  | 873,603                    | 679,684                 | 182,573                   | 458,128          | 133,198                  |                        |
|          | Class COS with Equalized ROR                                                               | 20,927,774        | 10,630,015                 | 3,806,239                  | 2,988,593               | 785,392                   | 2,279,023        | 438,512                  |                        |
| 28<br>29 | Current Class COS Percentage                                                               | 100.00%           | 50.79%                     | 18.19%                     | 14.28%                  | 3.75%                     | 10.89%           | 2.10%                    |                        |
| 30       | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR                                                    | 4,599,242         | 2,272,057                  | 873,603                    | 679,684                 | 182,573                   | 458,128          | 133,198                  |                        |
|          | Revenue Neutral Shift to Equalize Class ROR Revenue Increase/Decrease % of Current Revenue | 0<br><b>0.00%</b> | (277,112)<br><b>-2.54%</b> | (228,796)<br><b>-5.67%</b> | 247,690<br><b>9.04%</b> | (13,056)<br><b>-1.64%</b> |                  | 151,164<br><b>52.61%</b> |                        |

|                | Warren County                                  |           |             |            |            | OTHER RUDI IC             | GALEG FOR           | DDIVATE FIDE            | DUDI IC FIDE           |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|------------|------------|---------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
|                | CLASS COST OF SERVICE SUMMARY:                 | TOTAL     | RESIDENTIAL | COMMERCIAL | INDUSTRIAL | OTHER PUBLIC<br>AUTHORITY | SALES FOR<br>RESALE | PRIVATE FIRE<br>SERVICE | PUBLIC FIRE<br>SERVICE |
| 1              | O & M Expenses                                 | 316,148   | 226,551     | 2,877      |            |                           |                     |                         | 86,720                 |
| 2              | Depreciation ExpensesTOIT Def Tax Exp          | 62,607    | 50,990      | 691        |            |                           |                     |                         | 10,926                 |
| 3              | Current Income Taxes                           | 0         | 0           | 0          |            |                           |                     |                         | 0                      |
| 4              | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes                       | 378,755   | 277,541     | 3,569      |            |                           |                     |                         | 97,645                 |
| 5              |                                                |           |             |            |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 6              | Spread of fire expenses & taxes to others      | 97,645    | 97,216      | 429        |            |                           |                     |                         | (97,645)               |
| 7              | TOTAL Expenses and Taxes after Spread          | 378,755   | 374,757     | 3,998      |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 8              |                                                |           |             |            |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 9              | Current Revenue                                | ***       | 220 == 1.0  |            |            |                           |                     |                         | 0.0                    |
| 10             | Rate Revenue                                   | 334,880.0 | 330,754.0   | 4,126.0    |            |                           |                     |                         | 0.0                    |
| 11             | Other Revenue                                  | 2,826     | 2,790       | 36         |            |                           |                     |                         | 0                      |
| 12             | Spread of fire revenue to others               | 0         | 0           | 0          |            |                           |                     |                         | 0                      |
| 13             | TOTAL Current Revenues                         | 337,706   | 333,544     | 4,162      |            |                           |                     |                         | 0                      |
| 14             | Current Revenue Percentage                     | 100.00%   | 98.77%      | 1.23%      |            |                           |                     |                         | 0.00%                  |
| 15<br>16<br>17 | Net OPERATING INCOME                           | (41,049)  | (41,213)    | 164        |            |                           |                     |                         | 0                      |
| 17<br>18<br>19 | TOTAL Rate Base                                | 1,308,663 | 1,017,844   | 15,232     |            |                           |                     |                         | 275,587                |
| 20             | Spread of fire rate base to others             | 275,587   | 274,376     | 1,211      |            |                           |                     |                         | (275,587)              |
| 21             | TOTAL Rate Base after Spread                   | 1,308,663 | 1,292,221   | 16,442     |            |                           |                     |                         | (=:=;==:)              |
| 22             |                                                |           |             |            |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 23<br>24       | Implicit Rate of Return (ROR)                  | -3.14%    | -3.19%      | 1.00%      |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 25             | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | (41,049)  | (40,533)    | (516)      |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 26             | Plus Current Taxes                             | -         |             | 0          |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 27             | Class COS with Equalized ROR                   | 337,706   | 334,224     | 3,482      |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 28             | Current Class COS Percentage                   | 100.00%   | 98.97%      | 1.03%      |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 29             | -                                              |           |             |            |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 30             | Net Operating Income with Equalized ROR        | (41,049)  | (40,533)    | (516)      |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 31             | Revenue Neutral Shift to Equalize Class ROR    | (0)       | 680         | (680)      |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |
| 32             | Revenue Increase/Decrease % of Current Revenue | 0.00%     | 0.20%       | -16.34%    |            |                           |                     |                         |                        |

United States Environmental Protection Agency Office of Water Washington, DC 20460

EPA September 1999



## CONSOLIDATED WATER RATES: Issues and Practices in Single-Tariff Pricing

September 1999

A Joint Publication of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners

### Consolidated Water Rates: Summary

### Purpose

Consolidated rates or single-tariff pricing is the use of a unified rate structure for multiple water (or other) utility systems that are owned and operated by a single utility, but that may or may not be contiguous or physically interconnected. The purpose of this report is to provide policymakers and other stakeholders with an overview of consolidated ratemaking and an appreciation of the complex trade-offs involve in its implementation.

The report provides a review of historical, theoretical, and practical issues related to consolidated ratemaking, implementation data, and key decisions by the state public utility commissions. A detailed survey of state public utility commission staff regarding single-tariff pricing is presented. General commission policies are summarized, along with citations of specific regulatory decisions concerning single-tariff pricing.

### **How Consolidated Pricing Works**

Under consolidated pricing, all customers of the corporate utility pay the same rate for the same service, even though the individual systems providing service may vary in terms of operating characteristics and stand-alone costs. In many respects, consolidated rates are the conceptual opposite of "zonal" or spatially differentiated rates.

Single-tariff pricing is used by many investor-owned water utilities, with the approval of state regulators, but it also can be implemented by publicly owned utilities. Single-tariff pricing can be an incentive for larger water utilities to acquire small water systems that lack capacity because it makes it possible to spread costs over a larger service population and maintain more stable and affordable rates for customers of some smaller and more expensive systems. Single-tariff pricing can be used by publicly owned or nonprofit water utilities that operate satellite systems, but few examples are readily available.

Unfortunately, the literature on utility ratemaking, which leans heavily toward the conditions and experiences of the energy and telecommunications industries, yields little theoretical insight or empirical evidence on the implications of single-tariff pricing. Much of the understanding of this issue is derived from case-specific regulatory proceedings. However, an analysis of historical and theoretical perspectives suggests that single-tariff pricing is not necessarily inconsistent with the prevailing principles of ratemaking.

### The Tradeoffs

Single-tariff pricing is a provocative issue precisely because of the tradeoffs involved in its application, including possible tradeoffs among different types of efficiency. Single-tariff pricing might lessen some kinds of efficiency (such as those related to spatial allocation of costs and price signals to customers), while improving other kinds of

efficiency (such as those related to management and innovation). Of particular importance, but hardest to gauge, is whether single-tariff pricing and related restructuring can lead to long-run efficiency improvements in the water industry. Water utilities and policymakers must consider and weigh the evidence and trade-offs prior to implementing or approving single-tariff pricing.

A variety of theoretical and practical arguments in favor and against the use of single-tariff pricing can be made. Single-tariff pricing tends to stabilize rates and revenues, mitigate rate shock, and make rates more affordable for the customers of the smallest and more expensive systems. While achieving certain capacity-development, affordability, and operation efficiency goals, however, single-tariff pricing also might trade a degree of economic efficiency by ignoring spatial differences in costs and diluting price signals. A 1996 survey of commission staff members identified several arguments in favor of and against single-tariff pricing were identified.

Summary of Select Arguments in Favor and Against Single-Tariff Pricing

| Select Arguments in Favor of<br>Single-Tariff Pricing                                          | Select Arguments Against<br>Single-Tariff Pricing                                           |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ☐ Mitigates rate shock to utility customers (17)                                               | ☐ Conflicts with cost-of-service principles (14)                                            |
| ☐ Lowers administrative costs to the utilities (16)                                            | ☐ Provides subsidies to high-cost customers (12)                                            |
| <ul> <li>Provides incentives for utility regionalization and<br/>consolidation (15)</li> </ul> | ☐ Not acceptable to all affected customers (10) ☐ Considered inappropriate without physical |
| ☐ Physical interconnection is not considered a                                                 | interconnection (8)                                                                         |
| prerequisite (13)                                                                              | ☐ Distorts price signals to customers (7)                                                   |
| ☐ Addresses small-system viability issues (13)                                                 | ☐ Fails to account for variations in customer                                               |
| ☐ Improves service affordability for customers (12)                                            | contributions (6)                                                                           |
| <ul> <li>Provides ratemaking treatment similar to that for</li> </ul>                          | ☐ Justification has not been adequate in a                                                  |
| other utilities (10)                                                                           | specific case (or cases) (6)                                                                |
| ☐ Facilitates compliance with drinking water standards (9)                                     | Discourages efficient water use and conservation (4)                                        |
| ☐ Overall benefits outweigh overall costs (9)                                                  | ☐ Encourages growth and development in high-                                                |
| ☐ Promotes universal service for utility customers (8)                                         | cost areas (4)                                                                              |
| ☐ Lowers administrative cost to the commission (8)                                             | ☐ Undermines economic efficiency (3)                                                        |
| ☐ Promotes ratepayer equity on a regional basis (6)                                            | ☐ Provides unnecessary incentives to utilities (2)                                          |
| ☐ Encourages investment in the water supply                                                    | □ Not acceptable to other agencies or                                                       |
| infrastructure (5)                                                                             | governments (2)                                                                             |
| ☐ Promotes regional economic development (3)                                                   | ☐ Insufficient statutory or regulatory basis or                                             |
| ☐ Encourages further private involvement in the water                                          | precedents (2)                                                                              |
| sector (2)                                                                                     | Overall costs outweigh overall benefits (2)                                                 |
| ☐ Other: Can be consistent with cost-of-service                                                | ☐ Encourages overinvestment in infrastructure                                               |
| principles (1) and found to be in the public interest                                          | (1)                                                                                         |
| (1)                                                                                            | L                                                                                           |

Source: Author's construct. See Tables E3 and E4. Numbers in parentheses represent number of mentions (out of 21 applicable survey responses).

### **Dirstrict Comparison of Rate Base and Expenses Per Customer**

| GAS | PLANT - NET                 | Brunswick | Jefferson City | <u>Joplin</u> | Mexico | Parkville | St. Joseph | St. Louis Metro | Warrensburg | Warren County |
|-----|-----------------------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|--------|-----------|------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|
|     | Source of Supply            | 546       | 34             | 522           | 335    | 56        | 369        | 15              | 130         | 1,422         |
|     | Pumping                     | 278       | 212            | 413           | 260    | 317       | 282        | 78              | 139         | 370           |
|     | Water Treatment Plant       | 824       | 334            | 1,002         | 1,218  | 484       | 1,091      | 190             | 436         | 55            |
|     | Transmission & Distribution | 3,156     | 1,390          | 2,506         | 2,133  | 5,026     | 1,300      | 1,969           | 2,004       | 1,296         |
|     | Total Rate Base             | 4,830     | 1,511          | 2,922         | 3,358  | 4,198     | 2,520      | 1,529           | 1,816       | 2,961         |

| XPENSES                                            | Brunswick | Jefferson City | <u>Joplin</u> | Mexico | <u>Parkville</u> | St. Joseph | St. Louis Metro | Warrensburg | Warren County |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|--------|------------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|
| Source of Supply                                   | 28        | 2              | 19            | 45     | 59               | 2          | 4               | 25          | 17            |
| Pumping                                            | 119       | 24             | 31            | 19     | 21               | 41         | 26              | 2           | 0             |
| Water Treatment                                    | 81        | 72             | 39            | 24     | 47               | 58         | 35              | 5           | 11            |
| Transmission & Distribution                        | 269       | 29             | 41            | 43     | 54               | 41         | 38              | 60          | 404           |
| Customer Accounts                                  | 29        | 24             | 21            | 25     | 21               | 22         | 17              | 18          | 18            |
| Admistrative and General                           | 821       | 236            | 193           | 208    | 147              | 165        | 125             | 140         | 265           |
| <b>Total Operational and Maintenance Expenses</b>  | 1,348     | 386            | 343           | 363    | 349              | 329        | 245             | 250         | 715           |
| <b>Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense</b> | 214       | 54             | 107           | 105    | 135              | 90         | 55              | 69          | 93            |

### **Dirstrict Comparison of Rate Base and Expenses Per Customer**

| GAS | PLANT - NET                 | <u>Lake Taneycomo</u> | Lakewood | Loma Linda | Maplewood | Ozark Mountain | Rankin Acres | Riverside Estates | <u>Roark</u> | Spring Valley | White Ranch |
|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------------|----------|------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
|     | Source of Supply            | 183                   | 432      | 114        | 100       | 397            | 44           | 549               | 101          | 257           | 470         |
|     | Pumping                     | 173                   | -90      | 309        | -22       | 44             | 112          | -3                | -91          | -35           | 168         |
|     | Water Treatment Plant       | 32                    | 0        | 9          | 15        | 10             | 1            | 1                 | 18           | 0             | 1           |
|     | Transmission & Distribution | 965                   | 2,514    | 840        | 840       | 1,470          | 186          | 574               | 2,191        | 227           | 947         |
|     | Total Rate Base             | 1,338                 | 3,011    | 742        | 549       | 1,443          | 487          | 851               | 1,712        | 499           | 1,362       |

| EXPE | NSES                                               | Lake Taneycomo | Lakewood | Loma Linda | Maplewood | Ozark Mountain | Rankin Acres | Riverside Estates | Roark | Spring Valley | White Ranch |
|------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------|------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|-------------------|-------|---------------|-------------|
|      | Source of Supply                                   | 11             | 3        | 10         | 0         | 4              | 5            | 2                 | 2     | 188           | 1           |
|      | Pumping                                            | 1              | 1        | 0          | 0         | 1              | 1            | 1                 | 0     | 1             | 0           |
|      | Water Treatment                                    | 120            | 68       | 177        | 53        | 83             | 42           | 80                | 221   | 50            | 81          |
|      | Transmission & Distribution                        | 143            | 359      | 37         | 96        | 150            | 147          | 67                | 38    | 17            | 113         |
|      | Customer Accounts                                  | 53             | 63       | 7          | 49        | 40             | 15           | 51                | 0     | 65            | 48          |
|      | Admistrative and General                           | 417            | 469      | 67         | 369       | 398            | 220          | 344               | 79    | 390           | 417         |
|      | <b>Total Operational and Maintenance Expenses</b>  | 745            | 962      | 297        | 567       | 677            | 429          | 545               | 339   | 710           | 660         |
|      | <b>Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense</b> | 49             | 91       | 31         | 23        | 59             | 16           | 28                | 62    | 20            | 34          |

## Comparison of Rate Base and Expenses Per Residential Customer (Based on Company CCOS Study Results)

| RATE BASE                                         | Brunswick | Jefferson City | <u>Joplin</u> | Mexico | <u>Parkville</u> | St. Joseph | Warrensburg | Warren County | St. Louis Metro<br>Rate A |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|--------|------------------|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Utility Plant in Service                          | 3,445     | 1,557          | 1,687         | 1,977  | 3,498            | 1,360      | 1,179       | 2,526         | 1,752                     |
| Other Rate Base Elements                          | -363      | -115           | -196          | -198   | -423             | -152       | -154        | -244          | -205                      |
| <b>Total Original Cost Measure of Value</b>       | 3,082     | 1,442          | 1,491         | 1,779  | 3,075            | 1,209      | 1,025       | 2,282         | 1,548                     |
|                                                   |           |                |               |        |                  |            |             |               |                           |
| EXPENSES                                          | Brunswick | Jefferson City | <u>Joplin</u> | Mexico | Parkville        | St. Joseph | Warrensburg | Warren County | St. Louis Metro           |
| Source of Supply                                  | 21        | 1              | 8             | 21     | 40               | 1          | 13          | 18            | 4                         |
| Pumping                                           | 78        | 13             | 14            | 8      | 16               | 18         | 1           | 0             | 25                        |
| Water Treatment                                   | 73        | 40             | 17            | 13     | 34               | 18         | 3           | 8             | 34                        |
| Transmission & Distribution                       | 33        | 15             | 24            | 15     | 28               | 22         | 31          | 74            | 37                        |
| Customer Accounts                                 | 35        | 25             | 23            | 27     | 24               | 25         | 19          | 10            | 19                        |
| Admistrative and General                          | 316       | 127            | 108           | 105    | 115              | 100        | 90          | 86            | 137                       |
| <b>Total Operational and Maintenance Expenses</b> | 556       | 221            | 195           | 189    | 257              | 184        | 157         | 196           | 256                       |
| Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense       | 144       | 42             | 55            | 57     | 166              | 43         | 41          | 71            | 54                        |

## Comparison of Rate Base and Expenses Per Commercial Customer (Based on Company CCOS Study Results)

| RATI | BASE                                 | Brunswick | Jefferson City | <u>Joplin</u> | Mexico | Parkville | St. Joseph | Warrensburg | Warren County | St. Louis Metro<br>Rate A |
|------|--------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|--------|-----------|------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------------|
|      | Utility Plant in Service             | 7,156     | 4,883          | 5,393         | 5,382  | 9,717     | 4,967      | 3,973       | 7,387         | 1,752                     |
|      | Other Rate Base Elements             | -742      | -376           | -661          | -547   | -1,186    | -579       | -530        | -677          | -205                      |
|      | Total Original Cost Measure of Value | 6,414     | 4,507          | 4,732         | 4,835  | 8,531     | 4,388      | 3,444       | 6,710         | 1,548                     |

| EXPENSES                                           | Brunswick | Jefferson City | <u>Joplin</u> | <u>Mexico</u> | <u>Parkville</u> | St. Joseph | Warrensburg | Warren County | St. Louis Metro |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Source of Supply                                   | 51        | 3              | 31            | 69            | 153              | 4          | 55          | 49            | 4               |
| Pumping                                            | 195       | 49             | 54            | 28            | 53               | 78         | 4           | 0             | 25              |
| Water Treatment                                    | 183       | 143            | 65            | 46            | 110              | 80         | 12          | 30            | 34              |
| Transmission & Distribution                        | 78        | 39             | 62            | 47            | 90               | 68         | 96          | 432           | 37              |
| Customer Accounts                                  | 35        | 25             | 23            | 27            | 24               | 25         | 19          | 10            | 19              |
| Admistrative and General                           | 690       | 279            | 251           | 225           | 254              | 229        | 219         | 383           | 137             |
| <b>Total Operational and Maintenance Expenses</b>  | 1,232     | 539            | 486           | 443           | 684              | 484        | 405         | 903           | 256             |
| <b>Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense</b> | 306       | 125            | 165           | 149           | 447              | 147        | 130         | 218           | 54              |