Exhibit No.: Issue: Witness: Sponsoring Party: Type of Exhibit: Case No.: Date Testimony Prepared:

Rate of Return Matthew J. Barnes MoPSC Staff Rebuttal Testimony WR-2006-0425 December 28, 2006

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

UTILITY SERVICES DIVISION

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

FEB 0 8 2007

FILED²

MATTHEW J. BARNES

Missouri Public Service Commission

ALGONQUIN WATER RESOURCES OF MISSOURI, LLC

CASE NOS. WR-2006-0425 & SR-2006-0426 (Consolidated)

> Jefferson City, Missouri December 2006

Sec. Sec. 4

Exhibit No. Case No(s) Date 1-22-07 Rptr

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of the Tariff Filing Algonquin Water) Resources of Missouri, LLC to Implement a) General Rate Increase for Water and Sewer Service) Provided to Customers in Its Missouri Service) Areas.

Case No. WR-2006-0425

AFFIDAVIT OF MATTHEW J. BARNES

STATE OF MISSOURI)	
)	SS.
COUNTY OF COLE)	

Matthew J. Barnes, of lawful age, on his oath states: that he has participated in the preparation of the foregoing Rebuttal Testimony in question and answer form, consisting of \mathcal{U}_{--} pages to be presented in the above case; that the answers in the foregoing Rebuttal Testimony were given by him; that he has knowledge of the matters set forth in such answers; and that such matters are true and correct to the best of his knowledge and belief.

Matthew J. Barnes

Subscribed and sworn to before me this H day of December 20



NGHLEY M. HARRISON Meany Public - State of Missouri Comission Expires August 31, 2010 Cole County Commission #06898978

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1		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY
2		OF
3		MATTHEW J. BARNES
4		ALGONQUIN WATER RESOURCES OF MISSOURI, LLC
5		CASE NOS. WR-2006-0425 & SR-2006-0426
6		(Consolidated)
7	Q.	Please state your name.
8	А.	My name is Matthew J. Barnes.
9	Q.	Are you the same Matthew J. Barnes that filed Direct Testimony in this
10	proceeding for	or the Staff of the Missouri Public Service Commission (Staff)?
11	А.	Yes I am. I filed Direct Testimony on December 1, 2006, on the cost of capital
12	and capital st	ructure recommendation that the Staff is using in this case.
13	Q.	In your Direct Testimony, did you recommend a fair and reasonable rate of
14	return on the	e Missouri jurisdictional water and sewer utility rate base for Algonquin Water
15	Resources of	Missouri, LLC (AlgonquinMO)?
16	А.	Yes, 1 did.
17	Q.	What is the purpose of your Rebuttal Testimony?
18	А.	The purpose of my Rebuttal Testimony is to respond to the Direct Testimony
19	of Larry W.	Loos. Mr. Loos sponsored rate-of-return testimony on behalf of AlgonquinMO.
20	I will addres	s the issue of the cost of common equity and capital structure to be applied to
21	AlgonquinM	O for ratemaking purposes in this proceeding.

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1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

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Q. Please provide an executive summary of your Rebuttal Testimony.

3 Mr. Loos recommends that the Commission adopt the capital structure of A. 4 AlgonquinMO's parent (Algonquin Power Income Fund), which Staff believes is 5 inappropriate, because the parent company is a Canadian company with its shares traded on 6 the Toronto Stock Exchange. Also, Staff is not familiar with the Canadian capital markets. 7 Additionally, this Company is not organized as a typical U.S. publicly traded water utility 8 corporation. Unlike typical publicly traded U.S. water utility corporations, Algonquin Power 9 Income Fund (Algonquin Power) is organized to distribute a majority of its free cash flow to 10 its shareholders. Based on these reasons, Staff does not believe it is prudent to use 11 AlgonquinMO's parent capital structure in this case.

Mr. Loos recommends a cost of debt of 6.54 percent for AlgonquinMO. Staff believes
it is inappropriate to apply this debt cost to AlgonquinMO's capital structure because, as
stated above, Algonquin Power is not organized as a typical publicly traded U.S. water utility
corporation.

Mr. Loos develops a wide growth range for AlgonquinMO of 5.50 percent to 9.50 percent. Staff believes that Mr. Loos chose his own dates from *Value Line* to arrive at this large growth rate range of 400 basis points. I will explain later in my testimony that Mr. Loos failed to rely on the forecasts of analysts from *Value Line*, but instead he chose to use his own dates to determine his growth ranges, without any explanation.

Mr. Loos' dividend yield includes a forecasted annual yield and a historical book
value dividend yield. It is not appropriate to use a historical book value dividend yield,
because this is not the dividend yield investors expect to receive in the future. The
Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model is a forward-looking model that utilizes the dividends

expected over the next year and a current stock price to determine the dividend yield, which is
 then added to a growth rate. The sum of the dividend yield and the growth rate is the required
 rate of return that investors expect to receive in the future.

Mr. Loos recommends that a 12.00 percent return on equity (ROE) be applied to a common equity ratio of 65.18 percent. Mr. Loos did not perform a check of reasonableness of the result he obtained by using the DCF model. He failed to perform any analysis using either the Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM) or the risk premium model to check the reasonableness of his recommended ROE of 12.00 percent for AlgonquinMO.

9 I believe that I have recommended a reasonable capital structure and a reasonable rate10 of-return for AlgonquinMO in the range of 7.03 percent to 7.51 percent and an ROE in the
11 range of 8.06 percent to 9.06 percent to be applied to AlgonquinMO's rate base.

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RESPONSE TO LARRY W. LOOS' DIRECT TESTIMONY

Q. Please explain why Mr. Loos' capital structure is inappropriate to use in this
case.

Mr. Loos' capital structure is inappropriate to use in this case because he relies 15 Α. on Algonquin Power's consolidated capital structure for ratemaking purposes (Loos, Direct, 16 17 Page 30, Lines 22-25). Algonquin Power is the parent of AlgonquinMO. Staff believes it is 18 appropriate to use the consolidated capital structure in some cases, but in this case it is 19 inappropriate, because Algonquin Power is incorporated in Canada and trades on the Toronto 20 Stock Exchange. Also, Staff is not familiar with Canadian markets. Additionally, this 21 Company is not organized as a typical publicly traded U.S. water utility corporation. Unlike 22 publicly traded U.S. water utility corporations, Algonquin Power is organized to distribute a 23 majority of its free cash flow to its shareholders. Based on these reasons, Staff does not

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believe it is prudent to use AlgonquinMO's parent capital structure in this case. Staff chose to apply a hypothetical capital structure based on a comparable group of U.S. water utility companies to AlgonquinMO's rate base. The use of a hypothetical capital structure for AlgonquinMO based on a group of U.S. publicly traded water utility corporations should provide assurance to the Commission that AlgonquinMO's rates are just and reasonable and its rate-of-return is based on the cost of capital in U.S. capital markets.

Q. Do you believe that Mr. Loos chose his own dates from *Value Line* to arrive at
a growth range of 5.50 percent to 9.50 percent?

Yes, I do. In Mr. Loos' Schedule 4, he determines historic and forecasted 9 Α. growth rates using different time periods from Value Line. Mr. Loos uses three different time 10 periods to determine his historical growth rate. The two beginning periods are 1990-1996 11 (7 years), and 1997-2000 (4 years). The ending period for the two beginning periods is 2001-12 2005. Mr. Loos uses three different time periods to determine his forecasted growth rate. The 13 beginning period is 2001-2005 (5 years) and the ending periods are 2006 and 2009-2011, 14 respectively. He is inconsistent with his selection of time periods to use to determine his 15 growth rate. Mr. Loos does not explain in his testimony why he did not simply rely on Value 16 Line's analyst 5-year and 10-year historical and forecasted growth rates as most investors do. 17 Mr. Loos' selection of his own time periods without any explanation as to why he believes a 18 19 majority of investors would or would not use these periods illustrates the flaws in his cost of capital analysis. At the very least, Mr. Loos should have simply relied on the historical 5-year 20 and 10-year growth rates of Value Line's financial analysts. He also should have simply 21 22 relied on the projected growth rates of Value Line's financial analysts--even though these can 23 be too high in some circumstances. Mr. Loos is obviously attempting to arrive at a higher

growth rate, and therefore, a higher ROE. It is also unclear in Mr. Loos' testimony how he
 chose his growth rates in his Recap and his final DCF wide growth rate range of 5.50 percent
 to 9.50 percent shown on Schedule LWL-4. Please see Schedule 1 attached to this testimony
 for Mr. Loos' growth rates.

5 Q. In using the DCF model, is it appropriate to use a historical book value6 dividend yield?

A. No, it is not appropriate to use a historical book value dividend yield in the DCF model because the historical book value dividend yield is not what investors expect to receive in the future. As I mentioned previously, the DCF model is a forward-looking model that includes dividends expected over the next year and a current stock price as the two components of the dividend yield, which is added to a growth rate. Mr. Loos' use of a historical book value dividend yield is not supported by any financial literature that I am aware of.

14 Q. Did Mr. Loos use any other models to check the reasonableness of his DCF15 result?

A. No, he did not. It is common practice to test the reasonableness of an estimated ROE using other models. Mr. Loos should have used at least one other model, such as the CAPM, to check the reasonableness of his DCF result. The CAPM is widely used and recognized in regulatory finance. It is unclear in Mr. Loos' testimony why he did not perform a check of reasonableness for his DCF result to determine if his recommendation is just and reasonable.

22 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

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Q. Please summarize your conclusions.

1	A. The Commission should reject Mr. Loos' use of a consolidated capital
2	structure. He does not use AlgonquinMO's own capital structure, but instead he relies on the
3	capital structure of its parent, which is a Canadian company and is not organized as a typical
4	publicly traded water utility corporation.

5 The Commission should not give any weight to Mr. Loos' high growth rates as it 6 appears he chose different time periods to arrive at a wide growth rate range of 400 basis 7 points. He does not explain why he did not simply rely on Value Line's analyst 5-year. 8 10-year, and projected growth rates, as most investors do. Mr. Loos' use of a historical book 9 value dividend yield to include in his DCF model is inappropriate because this is not what 10 investors expect to receive in the future, and it is not supported by any financial literature that 11 I am aware of. Mr. Loos failed to check the reasonableness of his DCF result with other cost 12 of capital models recognized in utility finance, such as the CAPM.

Staff believes that a ROE in the range of 8.06 percent to 9.06 percent and an overall
rate of return in the range of 7.03 percent to 7.51 percent is just and reasonable for
AlgonquinMO.

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Q. Does this conclude your Rebuttal Testimony?

17 A. Yes, it does.

Algonquin Water Resources of Missouri Pro Forma Test Year Ended September 30, 2006 Compound Growth Rates Summary

UPDATED Schedule___(LWL-4) Sheet 1 of 1

	[A]	[B]	[C]	{D}	[E]	[F]
			Historic		Forecast	
		Period Beginning	1990 - 1996	1997 - 2000	2001 - 2005	2001 - 2005
Line No.	Description	Period Ending	2001 - 2005	2001 - 2005	2006	2009 - 2011
1	Cash Flow per Share					
2	American States	Water	3 50%	3.19%	7.66%	5.94%
3	Aqua America		8.69%	9.87%	8 71%	9.00%
4	California Water		2.33%	-0.43%	4.85%	4.50%
5	Southwest Water		7.26%	5.88%	1.29%	6.24%
6	Median		5.38%	4.53%	6.26%	6.09%
7	Earnings Per Share					
8	American States	Water	0.87%	0.39%	11.06%	7.20%
9	Aqua America		8.61%	8.73%	8.08%	10.57%
10	California Water		0.07%	-4.12%	9.23%	5.16%
11	Southwest Water		11.34%	5.38%	0.55%	9.79%
12	Median		4.74%	2.89%	8.66%	8.50%
13	Dividends Per Share					
14	American States	Water	1.27%	0.96%	1.05%	1.22%
15	Aqua America		5.32%	6.47%	8.13%	9.57%
16	California Water		1.62%	0.93%	0.71%	1.15%
17	Southwest Water	•	2.25%	10.14%	11.48%	9.33%
18	Median		1.94%	3.71%	4.59%	5.28%
19	Price Per Share					
20	American States	Water	7.45%	7.44%		5.75%
21	Aqua America		16.63%	15.39%		8.61%
22	California Water		6.02%	2.62%		2.60%
23	Southwest Water	r	14.71%	15.76%		5.89%
24	Median		11.08%	11.42%		5.82%
25	Book Value Per Shara	9				
26	American States	Water	4.31%	4.48%	5.70%	4.81%
27	Aqua America		8,51%	10.45%	9.03%	8.13%
28	California Water		2.71%	2.04%	4.99%	5.11%
29	Southwest Wate	ŕ	7.86%	13,30%	9.28%	6.35%
30	Median		6.08%	7.46%	7,37%	5.73%
	Recap					
	Cash Flow ner Sha	re 4.50% - 6.00%				

Cash Flow per Share	4.50% - 6.00%
Earnings per Share	2.75% - 8.50%
Dividends per Share	3.50% - 5.25%
Price per Share	5.75% - 11.00%
Book Value per Share	6.00% - 7.00%

DCF Growth Rate 5.50% to 9.50%

Reference:

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Valueline Investment Survey, July 28, 2006