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Benefits of wind generation; Conservation conditions; OPC's CCN standard
James Owen
Renew Missouri Advocates
Surrebuttal Testimony
EA-2019-0010
March 5, 2019

MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

EA-2019-0010

SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY

OF

JAMES OWEN

ON BEHALF OF

RENEW MISSOURI ADVOCATES

Renew

Missever Exhibit No. 300

Date 4-9-19 Reporter 358
File No. EA - 2019-0010

March 5, 2019

BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of the Application of The Empire District Electric Company for Certificates of Convenience and Necessity Related to Wind Generation Facilities.)) File No. EA-2019-0010)			
<u>AFFIDAVIT C</u>	OF JAMES OWEN			
STATE OF MISSOURI)				
COUNTY OF BOONE)				
COMES NOW James Owen, and on h	is oath states that he is of sound mind and lawful			
age; that he prepared the attached surrebuttal	testimony; and that the same is true and correct to			
the best of his knowledge and belief.				
Further the Afriant sayeth not.	M Qui_			
Subscribed and sworn before me this 5th day of March 2019. Color Color Notary Public Color Color Notary Public Color Color Notary Public Color Color Notary Public Color Notary Public Color Color Notary Public Color Color Notary Public Color Color Color Notary Public Color Color Color Color Notary Public Color Color				
My commission expires: $1-19-20$	MATTHEW PATTERSON Notary Public, Notary Seel State of Missouri Boone County Commission # 11274306 My Commission Expires 01-19-2020			

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1	I.	Introduction
2	Q:	Please state your name, title, and business address.
3	A:	James Owen, Executive Director, Renew Missouri Advocates d/b/a Renew Missouri
4		("Renew Missouri"), 409 Vandiver Dr. Building 5, Suite 205, Columbia, MO 65202.
5	Q:	Please describe your education and background.
6	A:	I obtained a law degree from the University of Kansas as well as a Bachelor of Arts in
7		Business and Political Science from Drury University in Springfield.
8	Q:	Please summarize your professional experience in the field of utility regulation.
9	A:	Before becoming Executive Director of Renew Missouri, I served as Missouri's Public
10		Counsel, a position charged with representing the public in all matters involving utility
11		companies regulated by the State. While I was Public Counsel, I was involved in severa
12		rate cases, CCN applications, mergers, and complaints as well as other filings. As Public
13		Counsel, I was also involved in answering legislators' inquiries on legislation regarding
14		legislation impacting the regulation of public utilities. In my role as Executive Director a
15		Renew Missouri, I continue to provide information and testimony on pieces of proposed
16		legislation that may impact how Missouri approaches energy efficiency and renewable
17		energy.
18	Q:	Have you been a member of, or participant in, any workgroups, committees, or
19		other groups that have addressed electric utility regulation and policy issues?
20	A:	In May 2016 I attended the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners

("NARUC") Utility Rate School. In the Fall of 2016, I attended Financial Research

Institute's 2016 Public Utility Symposium on safety, affordability, and reliability. While I

was Public Counsel, I was also a member of the National Association of State Utility

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- 1 Consumer Advocates ("NASUCA") and, in November of 2017, the Consumer Council of
- 2 Missouri named me the 2017 Consumer Advocate of the Year.
- 3 Q: Have you testified previously, participated in cases, or offered testimony before the
- 4 Missouri Public Service Commission ("Commission")?
- 5 A: In my prior role as Acting Public Counsel I participated in a number of PSC cases as an
- attorney and director of the office. During that time period I also offered testimony in
- 7 rulcmaking hearings before the Commission. Since becoming Executive Director of
- 8 Renew Missouri I contributed to Renew Missouri's filed testimony in a number of matters.
- 9 Attached as Schedule JO-1 is a list of my case participation.
- 10 II. Purpose and summary of testimony
- 11 Q: What is the purpose of your testimony?
- 12 A: First, to respond to the testimony filed by Missouri Department of Conservation's
- 13 ("MDC") witnesses Dr. Janet Haslerig, Dr. Katheryn Bulliner, and Jennifer Campbell. As
- the department has done in several recent Wind cases, MDC asks the Commission to attach
- conditions to the requested Certificate of Convenience and Necessity ("CCN"). In this case,
- iust as in the prior cases, these conditions are unnecessary and should be rejected. Second,
- 17 I respond to the testimony filed by representatives of the Office of the Public Counsel
- 18 ("OPC"). OPC's witnesses want the Commission to apply a draconian standard that a
- 19 utility must prove a project is immediately necessary to serve customers before the
- 20 Commission will grant a CCN. That is not the law and ignores the myriad of reasons why
- wind projects are beneficial and in the public interest.
- 22 Q: What is Renew Missouri's interest in this application?
- 23 A: Renew Missouri advocates for energy efficiency and renewable energy policy. As a state-
- 24 wide advocate, Renew Missouri has an interest in Empire increasing the wind energy used

to satisfy Missouri's Renewable Energy Standards ("RES") and provide its customers costeffective, renewable energy.

Q: What is your recommendation to the Commission in this case?

The Commission should grant Empire's requested CCNs. With the Commission's approval, this project will be completed in time to maximize the benefits of the federal production tax credits through a tax equity partner and gives customers the best value for a project that can aid Empire in complying with Missouri's renewable energy standards.

In addition to allowing customers to benefit from economic, renewable generation, these wind projects create a variety of other benefits, including: payments to landowners, construction jobs, and increased state and local tax revenues. Moreover, a growing number of customers want more access to renewable energy resources to meet their own sustainability metrics. This is evidenced by the dozens of major companies that have signed on to support the Corporate Renewable Energy Buyers' Principles. Governmental bodies in Missouri are also beginning to establish their own clean energy goals. With this pressure from large utility customers that are industry leaders and local governments the utilities in Missouri, including Empire, must continue to look to renewable generation to meet customers' need and preferences. The Commission should grant the requested CCNs in this case to allow Empire to meet those needs and preferences.

19 III. Response to MDC

A:

20 Q: Please summarize the testimony offered by MDC in this case.

A: MDC's witnesses Dr. Janet Haslerig, Dr. Katheryn Bulliner, and Jennifer Campbell, offer testimony to support their position that this Commission should order certain conditions related to wildlife and conservation area usage on any CCN issued in this case. Dr. Haslerig

¹ Hyman Rebuttal, p. 5; Mooney Direct, p. 24.

² https://buyersprinciples.org/about-us/.

discusses the potential impact the project may have on eagles and other birds.³ Dr. Bulliner discusses the status of certain bat species in Missouri. Ms. Campbell explains her belief that the Commission should require Empire to attach conditions to projects located near conservation areas.⁴

Q: How do you respond?

A:

A:

The conditions proposed by MDC are overbroad and unnecessary. MDC's witnesses recognize that Empire is following the process to seek a Habitat Conservation Plan ("HCP")⁵ and is involving MDC in preconstruction planning and meetings.⁶ The fact is that Empire will comply with any United States Fish and Wildlife Service ("USFWS") requirements that may be issued due to the presence of endangered species within the project area. The additional requirements requested by MDC through testimony are burdensome and unnecessary.

Q: Turning to Ms. Campbell's testimony, how do you respond to her proposed conditions?

Ms. Campbell's testimony goes beyond wildlife concerns, and asks the Commission to require Empire to conduct a traffic count survey and prevent the Company from constructing or operating any turbines within three miles of any conservation area. To justify these requirements she states that: "MDC suspects the nearby presence of wind turbines would adversely affect the public's use and enjoyment of [conservation areas]."8 In response to similar restrictions proposed by MDC in other wind CCN cases, I noted that the "park use" conditions might further some research MDC would like to see conducted,

³ Haslerig Rebuttal, p. 14.

⁴ Campbell Rebuttal, p. 11.

⁵ Bulliner Rebuttal, p. 35.

Id.

⁷ Campbell Rebuttal, p. 11, 23.

⁸ Campbell Rebuttal, p. 19.

but this is not a role the Commission should force Empire to undertake or its customers to fund. There is even less reason for the Commission to require Empire to adhere to the conditions related to park use, especially when the project is not within a conservation area. The conditions proposed by MDC should be rejected.

IV. Response to OPC

A:

6 Q: Please summarize the testimony offered by OPC.

Dr. Marke offers that the projects are "not needed for native load, reserve capacity requirements, or RES mandates" and also his belief that Empire's modeling of the project benefits is flawed. Mr. Robinett expresses his concerns about increases in the price of the wind farms since the EO-2018-0092 case, increases in the estimated purchase price to buy out the tax equity partner(s) ownership interest in the wind farms, declines in O&M expense estimations, and that the projects are not needed in their entirety to meet renewable energy standards. Mrs. Mantle reiterates that these projects are not needed for Empire to meet its customer load requirements and explains her view that building the wind farms places too much risk on customers. Mr. Riley discusses some concerns about Empire's proposed financing before concluding that the projects are unnecessary to provide safe and adequate electric service to customers.

It is clear that OPC – while claiming not to oppose wind generation generally – prefers Empire not build and own these projects as part of its regulated operations. As I mentioned above, OPC's witnesses want the Commission to apply a standard that the utility must prove a project is absolutely necessary or else hold customers 100% harmless before the Commission will grant a CCN.

⁹ Marke Rebuttal, p. 8.

¹⁰ Robinett Rebuttal, p. 2.

¹¹ Mantle Rebuttal, p. 4.

¹² Riley Rebuttal, p. 9-10.

Q: How do you respond?

A:

When considering CCN applications the "term 'necessity' does not mean 'essential' or 'absolutely indispensable', but that an additional service would be an improvement justifying its cost." OPC's testimony repeats that these projects are not necessary for Empire to provide safe and adequate service to its customers. Even if true, that fact does not mean the Commission should not grant a CCN. The Commission has broad discretion to determine when a project is in the public interest and can approve CCNs that are not immediately necessary to serve customers. Two recent examples are decisions granting solar CCNs in EA-2016-0208 and EA-2015-0256. In its Report and Order in Case No. EA-2016-0208 the Commission found customers "have a strong interest in the development of economical renewable energy sources to provide safe, reliable, and affordable service while improving the environment and reducing the amount of carbon dioxide released into the atmosphere." Similarly, in Case No. EA-2015-0256, the Commission concluded:

customers and the general public have a strong interest in the development of economical renewable energy sources to provide safe, reliable, and affordable service while improving the environment and reducing the amount of carbon dioxide released into the atmosphere.

The overarching consideration for a CCN is whether the proposed project serves the public interest and developing economic, renewable generation does just that.

The Commission has some familiarity with Empire's proposed wind projects stemming from Empire's Customer Savings Plan ("CSP") in Case No. EO-2018-0092 that preceded this CCN request. In that case, the Commission granted certain accounting authority and established depreciation rates necessary for Empire to move forward with its

¹³ State ex rel. Intercon Gas, Inc. v. Pub. Serv. Commission of Missouri, 848 S.W.2d 593, 597 (Mo. Ct. App. 1993).

proposed acquisition of 600 MW of additional wind generation assets is clearly aligned with the public policy of the Commission and this state"¹⁴ and "that the millions of dollars in customer savings and the addition of renewable wind energy resulting from the CSP and the Joint Position could be of considerable benefit to Empire's customers and the entire state."¹⁵ Approving the requested CCN is necessary step for customers to realize the potential benefits.

You mention that OPC wants the Commission to require Empire to hold customer's harmless as a CCN condition. Do you agree that is an appropriate condition?

No, I don't think it is reasonable. OPC's approach would require CCN applicants to either 1) prove a project is immediately necessary to serve its customers or 2) guarantee customers are held harmless. As I discussed above, the law does not require a project be essential or absolutely indispensable and there is no basis for requiring a "hold harmless" guarantee if this is not shown. Applying those absolute terms could discourage companies from making any investment, including investments in renewable generation.

Are other means available to protect customers from the financial risks described by

plan to acquire 600 MW of wind. The Commission also recognized that "Empire's

Q: Are other means available to protect customers from the financial risks described by
 OPC in its testimony?

First, I want to note that Empire's analysis has shown this project will benefit customers on a long-term revenue requirement basis. From that point of view, this is a cost-effective project. Second, there are other parties in this case interested in protecting ratepayers. Several parties, including the industrial and commercial consumer representatives, the Commission's Staff, and Renew Missouri have previously developed a Market Price Protection plan ("MPP") that was included in a stipulation and agreement with Empire in

A:

Q:

A:

¹⁴ Case No. EO-2018-0092, Report and Order, p. 20.

Id at 22.

- 1 EO-2018-0092. Although the stipulation and agreement was not approved in that case, it
- 2 could provide a framework for reaching a resolution here.
- 3 Q: Does this conclude your testimony?
- 4 A: Yes.

CASE PARTICIPATION OF JAMES OWEN

Date	Proceeding	Docket No.	On Behalf of:	Issues
10/20/2017	In the Matter of a Working Case to Explore Emerging Issues in Utility Regulation	EW-2017-0245	Renew Missouri Advocates	Comments: Distributed Energy Resources
2/7/2018	In the Matter of the Application of The Empire District Electric Company for Approval of Its Customer Savings Plan	EO-2018-0092	Renew Missouri Advocates	Rebuttal: Customer savings plan, wind generation, Asbury retirement, federal tax changes
Rebuttal 7/27/2018 Surrebuttal (9/4/2018)	In the Matter of KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company's Request for Authority to Implement a General Rate Increase for Electric Service In the Matter of Kansas City Power & Light Company's Request for Authority to Implement a General Rate Increase for Electric Service	ER-2018- 0145/ER-2018- 0146	Renew Missouri Advocates	
6/8/2018	In the Matter of the Application of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren	ET-2018-0063	Renew Missouri Advocates	Surrebuttal: Eligibility parameters, wind generation

Schedule JO-1

	Missouri for Approval of 2017 Green Tariff			
9/17/2018	In the Matter of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri's 3rd Filing to Implement Regulatory Changes in Furtherance of Energy Efficiency as Allowed by MEEIA	EO-2018-0211	Renew Missouri Advocates	Surrebuttal: Statutory Requirements of MEEIA
9/28/2018	In the Matter of the Application of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri for Permission and Approval and a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity Authorizing it to Construct a Wind Generation Facility	EA-2018-0202	Renew Missouri Advocates	Surrebuttal: Second Non- unanimous Stipulation and Agreement; Need for the project; Conservation conditions
11/16/2018	In the Matter of the Application of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri for Approval of Efficient Electrification Program	ЕТ-2018-0132	Renew Missouri Advocates	Surrebuttal: Charge Ahead Programs

Schedule JO-1

1/15/2019	In the Matter of a Workshop Docket to Explore the Ratemaking Process	AW-2019-0127	Renew Missouri Advocates	Comments: Ratemaking Process
1/22/2019	In the Matter of the Application of Union Electric Company d/b/a Ameren Missouri for Permission and Approval and a Certificate of Convenience and Necessity Authorizing it to Construct a Wind Generation Facility	EA-2019-0021	Renew Missouri Advocates	Surrebuttal: Conservation conditions; Tax revenue; Benefits of wind generation

Schedule JO-1