Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 23.1

REGULATIONS

- 1.4 PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS AND CREDIT ALLOWANCES (Continued)
 - 1.4.10 Change in Service Arrangement
 - B. Expedited Order Charge
 - 1. The following services can be expedited for an additional charge:
 - Private Line Services
 - 2. If a customer desires that service be provided on a due date less than the standard interval, which has been established for the order for the provision of the Service, the customer may request that service be provided on an expedited basis.
 - 3. The provisioning of the expedited request is based upon available facilities and is limited to twelve (12) two-point or six (6) multi-point DS0 circuits at the same location. Expedited order requests do not apply to services that are jointly provided by Southwestern Bell and an Independent Telephone Company.
 - 4. If the Telephone Company installs the service on the requested date the following charges will apply:

Private Line Services USOC: EODDO

Expedite Order Charge: \$ ICB

Issued: April 1, 2002 Effective: May 1, 2002

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 24
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 24

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS

Certain terms used throughout this Tariff are defined as follows:

- <u>Authorized Protective Connecting Module</u> Denotes a protective unit designed by the Telephone Company and manufactured under the control of the Telephone Company quality assurance procedures which unit is to be incorporated in a conforming answering device.
- <u>Base Rate Area</u> The portion of the exchange area in which exchange service is furnished at scheduled rates for each class of service without mileage or construction charges.
- <u>Baud</u> Denotes a unit of signaling speed. It is the reciprocal of the time duration in seconds of the shortest signal element (mark or space) within a code signal. The speed in bauds is the number of signal elements per second.
- <u>Bit</u> A bit is the smallest unit of information in the binary system of notation.
- <u>Bridging</u> The connection of a channel or channels to another channel or the common point where more than two channels of any type connect.
- <u>Building</u> "Same Building" is a structure under one roof or two or more structures on the same premises which are connected by an enclosed passageway in which the wires or cables of the Telephone Company may be placed without exposure to outside electrical circuits or the weather. In no case can conduit be considered as an enclosed passageway. The term "same building" does not include those premises connected by a covered public mall (see Premises).

Issued: December 24, 1984 Effective: April 1, 1985

Private Line Service Tariff DECEMBER 1 Section 1 Replacing Original Sheet 24

DEC 2 9 1883

LHSSOURI

Public Service Commission

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS

Certain terms used generally throughout this Tariff are defined as follows:

(RT)

Authorized Protective Connecting Module - Denotes a protective unit designed by the Telephone Company and manufactured under the control of the Telephone Company quality assurance procedures which unit is to be incorporated in a conforming answering device:

(RT)

- Base Rate Area The portion of the exchange area in which exchange service is furnished at scheduled rates for each class of service without mileage or construction charges.
- Baud Denotes a unit of signaling speed. It is the reciprocal of the time duration in seconds of the shortest signal element (mark or space) within a code signal. The speed in bauds is the number of signal elements per second.
- Bridging The connection of a channel or channels to another channel or the common point where more than two channels of any type connect.
- Building "Same Building" is a structure under one roof or two or more structures on the same premises which are connected by an enclosed passageway in which the wires or cables of the Telephone Company may be placed without exposure to outside electrical circuits or the weather. In no case can conduit be considered as an enclosed passageway. The term "same building" does not include those premises connected by a covered public mall (see Premises).



JAN - 1 1934 83-253 Public Service Commission

Issued: DEC 29 1983 Effective: JAN 0-1-1984

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 24

MEGETVAD

TED 11 %

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS

Certain terms used generally throughout this Tariff are defined as follows:

Accessories - Denotes devices which are mechanically attached to, or used with, the facilities furnished by the Telephone Company and which are independent of, and not electrically, acoustically, or inductively connected to the conductors in the communications path of the Telephone Company facilities.

Authorized Protective Connecting Module - Denotes a protective unit designed by the Telephone Company and manufactured under the control of the Telephone Company quality assurance procedures, which unit is to be incorporated in a conforming answering device.

Authorized User - Denotes a person, firm, or corporation who is authorized by the customer to be connected to the service of the customer for the purpose of transmitting communications to or from the customer and relating directly to the customer's business. An authorized user must be specifically named in the application for service and a station must be located on his premises.

Base Rate Area - The portion of the exchange area in which exchange service is furnished at scheduled rates for each class of service without mileage or construction charges.

Baud - Denotes a unit of signaling speed. It is the reciprocal of the time duration in seconds of the shortest signal element (mark or space) within a code signal. The speed in bauds is the number of signal elements per second.

Bridging - The connection of a channel or channels to another channel or the common point where more than two channels of any type connect.

Building - "Same Building" is a structure under one roof, or two or more structures on the same premises which are connected by an enclosed passageway in which the wires or cables of the Telephone Company may be placed without exposure to outside electrical circuits or the weather. In no case can conduit be considered as an enclosed passageway. The term "same building" does not include those premises connected by a covered public mall. (See Premises)

GANGELLED

JAN - 1 1984

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980

PUBLIC SERVE ELEGALINGSIONMAR 1 3 1980

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
4th Revised Sheet 25
Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 25

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

<u>Channel</u> - Denotes a portion of a Private Line Service which is a path (or paths) for electrical communication between two or more network inter-faces located on customer premises or between Telephone Company offices or between a network interface located on a customer's premises and a serving office. A channel may be furnished in such a manner as the Telephone Company may elect, whether by wire, radio or a combination thereof and whether or not by means of a single physical service component or route.

(RT)

(RT)

- <u>Channel Terminal</u> The service components required to terminate an intraLATA interexchange channel or an intraLATA interoffice channel at a serving office.
- <u>Communications Systems</u> Denotes channels and other service components which are capable, when not connected to Private Line Services, of two-way communications between customer-provided terminal equipment or Telephone Company service components.
- <u>Composite Data Service</u> The combined use of terminal and data switching equipment provided by a composite data service vendor with the use of telecommunications services of the Telephone Company to perform data switching for others.

(RT)

Issued: April 03, 1987 Effective: June 11, 1987

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1

-3rd-Revised Replacing 2nd Re

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

DEC 21 1984

Channel - Denotes a portion of a Private Line Service which is a passification paths) for electrical communication between two or mor Public Service Commission faces located on customer premises or between Telephone or between a network interface located on a customer's premises and a serving office. A channel may be furnished in such a manner as the Telephone Company may elect, whether by wire, radio or a combination thereof and whether or not by means of a single physical service component or route.

Channel Service Units for MEGALINK III - Wideband Digital Service/ (AT) 1.544 Mbps - (CSU's) - A Channel Service Unit for 1.544 Mbps Digital Service or its functional equivalent is required at each customer's terminal location on a 1.544 Megabit per second (Mbps) digital facility. The CSU may perform such functions as: proper termination of the facility, amplification, signal shaping and remote loop back. CSU's installed, owned or on order by the Company prior to November 18, 1983, can be provided by Southwestern Bell. These embedded CSU's may be moved, rearranged or reconnected for the life of the equipment. The CSU or its functional equivalent, other than the embedded CSU's discussed herein, will be provided by the customer. CSU's or their functional equivalents must be connected in accordance with the regulations as set forth in this Tariff.

(CT) Channel Terminal - The service components required to terminate an intraLATA interexchange channel or an intraLATA interoffice channel at a serving office.

> Communications Systems - Denotes channels and other service components which are capable, when not connected to Private Line Services, of two-way communications between customer-provided terminal equipment or Telephone Company service components.

Composite Data Service - The combined use of terminal and data switching equipment provided by a composite data service vendor with the use of telecommunications services of Athe Telephone Company to perform data switching for others.

(MT)

Public Service Commission MISSOUFI

APR - 1 1985

Public Service Commission

Service Mark of Southwestern Bell Telephone Company.

Issued: DEC 24 1984

Effective: FFD 2 5.1005

1 1985 APR

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 25
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 25

REGULATIONS

RECEIVED

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Channel - Denotes a portion of a Private Line Service which is a path (or paths) for electrical communication between two or more networks fitted faces located on customer premises or between Telephone Company offices or between a network interface located on a customer is premisely Can sommission a serving office. A channel may be furnished in such a manner as the Telephone Company may elect, whether by wire, radio or a combination thereof and whether or not by means of a single physical service component or route.

<u>Channel Terminal</u> - The facilities required to terminate an intraLATA interexchange channel or an intraLATA interoffice channel at a serving office.

(RT)

- Communications Systems Denotes channels and other service components which are capable, when not connected to Private Line Services, of two-way communications between customer-provided terminal equipment or Telephone Company service components.
- Composite Data Service The combined use of terminal and data switching equipment provided by a composite data service vendor with the use of telecommunications services of the Telephone Company to perform data switching for others.
- Composite Data Service Vendor A customer that has been certified by the proper state or municipal regulatory body and/or the Federal Communications Commission pursuant to Section 214 of the Communications Act of 1934 as amended to acquire and operate service components to perform data switching for others. A customer shall be classified as a Composite Data Service Vendor only with respect to use of those Exchange Services which are utilized for the provision of Composite Data Service.
- Conformance Number Denotes an identifying number assigned by the Telephone Company to a particular model of conforming answering device incorporating an authorized protective connecting module when that model of device is in conformance with the provisions set for the the Telephone Company in its Technical Reference for Conformating Answering Devices.

Issued: NOV 30 1984

Effective: JAN 1 1985

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

JAN - 1 1985

By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Public Service Commission

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
1st Revised Sheet 25
Replacing Organial Sheet 25

REGULATIONS

MISSOURI
Public Service Commission

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

- (CP) Channel Denotes a portion of a Private Line Service which is a path (or paths) for electrical communication between two or more network interfaces located on customer premises or between Telephone Company offices or between a network interface located on a customer's premises and a serving office. A channel may be furnished in such a manner as the Telephone Company may elect, whether by wire, radio or a combination thereof and whether or not by means of a single physical service component or route.
- (CP) Channel Terminal A) The facilities required to terminate an intraLATA interexchange channel or an intraLATA interoffice channel at a serving office.
 - B) For intraLATA Series 500 (TELPAK), the service components required to terminate an interexchange channel at a service point in a Rate Center.
- (CT) Communications Systems Denotes channels and other service components which are capable, when not connected to Private Line Services, of two-way communications between customer-provided terminal equipment or Telephone Company service components.
 - Composite Data Service The combined use of terminal and data switching equipment provided by a composite data service vendor with the use of telecommunications services of the Telephone Company to perform data switching for others.
 - Composite Data Service Vendor A customer that has been certified by the proper state or municipal regulatory body and/or the Federal Communications Commission pursuant to Section 214 of the Communications Act of 1934 as amended to acquire and operate service components to perform data switching for others. A customer shall be classified as a Composite Data Service Vendor only with respect to use of those Exchange Services which are utilized for the provision of Composite Data Service.

Conformance Number - Denotes an identifying number assigned by the Telephone Company to a particular model of conforming answering device incorporating an authorized properties connecting module when that model of device is in conformance with the provisions set forth by the Telephone Company in its Technical Reference for Conforming Answering Devices.

JAN - 1 1934 83 - 253

Public Service Commission

Issued: DEC 29 1983

(CT)

Effective: JAM 0 1 1984

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 25

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Channel - Denotes a portion of a Private Line service which is a path (or ... paths) for electrical communication between two or more stations or Telephone Company offices or between a station and a serving office. A channel may be furnished in such manner as the Telephone Company may elect, whether by wire, radio or a combination thereof and whether or not by means of a single physical facility or route.

- Channel Terminal A) The facilities required to terminate an interexchange channel or an interoffice channel at a serving office.
 - B) For Series 500 (Telpak), the facilities required to terminate an interexchange channel at a service point in a Rate Center.
- Communications Systems Denotes channels and other facilities which are capable, when not connected to Private Line services, of two-way communications between customer-provided terminal equipment or Telephone Company stations.
- Composite Data Service The combined use of terminal and data switching equipment provided by a composite data service vendor with the use of telecommunications services of the Telephone Company to perform data switching for others.
- Composite Data Service Vendor A customer that has been certified by the proper state or municipal regulatory body, and/or the Federal Communications Commission pursuant to Section 214 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended to acquire and operate facilities to perform data switching for others. A customer shall be classified as a composite data service vendor only with respect to use of those exchange services which are utilized for the provision of Composite Data service.

Conformance Number - Denotes an identifying number assigned by the Telephone Company to a particular model of conforming answering device incorporating an authorized protective connecting module when that model of device is in conformance with the provisions set forth by the Telephone Company in its Technical Reference for Conforming Answering Devices.

JAN - 1 1984

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

78-235

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980

Effective: MAR 1 3 1090

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 25.01

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

(MT) Composite Data Service Vendor - A customer that has been certified by the proper state or municipal regulatory body and/or the Federal Communications Commission pursuant to Section 214 of the Communications Act of 1934 as amended to acquire and operate service components to perform data switching for others. A customer shall be classified as a Composite Data Service Vendor only with respect to use of those Exchange Services which are utilized for the provision of Composite Data Service.

<u>Conformance Number</u> - Denotes an identifying number assigned by the Telephone Company to a particular model of conforming answering device incorporating an authorized protective connecting module when that model of device is in conformance with the provisions set forth by the Telephone Company in its Technical Reference for Conforming Answering Devices.

Issued: December 24, 1984 Effective: April 1, 1985

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 1st Revised Sheet 26 Replacing Original Sheet 26

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

- Conforming Answering Device Denotes a customer-provided device which automatically answers incoming calls; transmits a prerecorded voice message or appropriate audible signal to the calling party; records a voice message from the calling party, if so designed and arranged; and automatically disconnects from the line in a prearranged manner on completion of the last of the functions for which it was designed and arranged as described in this Paragraph. The conforming answering device may include remote interrogation and/or device function control. A conforming answering device must incorporate an authorized protective connecting module and must bear a valid conformance number.
- (CT) <u>Connecting Arrangement</u> Denotes the service components provided by the Telephone Company to accomplish the direct electrical connection of customer-provided service components with the service components of the Telephone Company or the direct electrical connection of Telephone Company service components.
 - <u>Connecting Company</u> A corporation, association, firm or individual owning and operating one or more exchanges and with whom traffic is interchanged.
- (CT) <u>Contract</u> The service agreement between a customer and the Telephone Company under which service components for communication between specified locations for designated periods, and for the use of the customer or user specifically named in the contract are furnished in accordance with the provisions of the Tariff.
 - <u>Covered Public Mall</u> A covered public area, intended for the general public use, running between two or more premises and not an integral part of any building.
 - <u>Customer</u> The person, firm or corporation who orders service and is responsible for the payment of charges and the compliance with the rules and regulations of the Telephone Company. A customer must have a communication requirement of his own for each Private Line Telephone Service.
- (CP) <u>Customer-Provided Premises Wiring</u> Premises wiring provided by a customer for use with service components furnished by the Telephone Company for Private Line Service.

Issued: December 29, 1983 Effective: January 1, 1984

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 26

RECEIVED

FED 11 16 - 3

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

- Conforming Answering Device Denotes a customer-provided device which automatically answers incoming calls; transmitsua prerecorded voice message or appropriate audible signal to the calling-party; records a voice message from the calling party, if so designed and arranged; and automatically disconnects from the line in a prearranged manner on completion of the last of the functions for which it was designed and arranged as described in this Paragraph. The conforming answering device may include remote interrogation and/or device function control. A conforming answering device must incorporate an authorized protective connecting module and must bear a valid conformance number.
- Connecting Arrangement Denotes the equipment provided by the Telephone Company to accomplish the direct electrical connection of customer-provided facilities with the facilities of the Telephone Company, or the direct electrical connection of Telephone Company facilities.
- Connecting Company A corporation, association, firm or individual, owning and operating one or more exchanges and with whom traffic is interchanged.
- Contract The service agreement between a customer and the Telephone

 Company under which facilities for communication between specified locations, for designated periods, and for the use of the customer, authorized user, or joint user specifically named in the contract are furnished in accordance with the provisions of the Tariff.
- Covered Public Mall A covered public area, intended for the general public use, running between two or more premises and not an integral part of any building.
- Sponsible for the payment of charges and the compliance with the rules and regulations of the Telephone Company. A customer must have a communication requirement of his own for each Private Line Telephone service.

JAN - 1 1984

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

of Missouri

78-235

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 9th Revised Sheet 27 Replacing 8th Revised Sheet 27

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

- <u>Customer Premises Equipment</u> Devices, apparatus and their associated wiring, provided by a customer or user for use with service components furnished by the Telephone Company for Private Line Service and does not include customer-provided communications systems.
- <u>Customer-Provided Test Equipment</u> Denotes test equipment located at the premises of the customer or user that is used by the customer or user for the detection and/or isolation of a communications service fault.
- <u>Data Access Arrangement</u> Denotes a protective connecting arrangement for use with the network control signaling unit or, in lieu of the connecting arrangement, an arrangement to identify a central office line and protective service components and procedures to determine compliance with criteria set forth in this tariff.
- Demarcation Point The point (referred to as Demarc Point or Network Interface) of interconnection between the Telephone Company's facilities and the wiring at the subscriber's premises. The Demarc Point shall consist of wire or a jack conforming to Subpart F of Part 68 of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations. The Demarc Point will generally be within twelve inches of the protector or, absent a protector, within twelve inches of the entry point to the customer's premises. If conforming to the twelve inches is unrealistic or technically impossible, the Demarc Point will be the most practicable minimum point of entry to the customer's premises.

The network interface may be located at a point other than the normal demarcation point where the network interface is already established by the presence of network equipment with the effective date of this tariff. For multiunit structures (e.g., apartments, college campuses, shopping centers) the structure owner shall make the final decision on whether the structure shall be treated as a multipremise structure with one demarcation point per premises or, as a single premise with one demarcation point for the entire structure. The structure owner shall have the option of having the demarcation point placed at a location other than that determined by the Telephone Company provided the structure owner pays any additional construction cost and such location is consistent with the minimum point of entry standard.

Upon request of the subscriber or their agent, the Telephone Company shall provide additional regulated network entrance facilities and/or demarcation arrangements in single tenant multiunit or multibuilding situations. Such arrangements shall be made in accordance with Section 5, Paragraph 5.4, (Special Construction), of the General Exchange Tariff. Each additional regulated network entrance facility will terminate in a demarcation arrangement located at a minimum point of entry within a specified designated telecommunications equipment space.

With regard to premises for any structure that is built to be mobile (e.g., mobile homes, recreational vehicles), the Telephone Company may place the Demarc Point on a post or pole at or near the pad where such structure is intended to rest. Boat docks and similar premises may be treated by the Telephone company as single unit premises, with the Demarc Point being placed on the shore.

Issued: July 9, 1997 Effective: August 29, 1997

CANCELLED
June 29, 2007
TO-2002-185
Missouri Public
Service Commission

(AT)

(AT)

By KAREN E. JENNINGS, President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

(AT)

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
8th Revised Sheet 27
Replacing 7th Revised Sheet 27

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

DEC 9 1991

Customer Premises Equipment - Devices, apparatus and their associated wiring, provided by a customer or user for use with service components furnished by the Telephone Company for Private Line Service and does not include customer-provided communications systems.

Customer-Provided Test Equipment - Denotes test equipment located at the premises of the customer or user that is used by the customer or user for the detection and/or isolation of a communications service fault.

Data Access Arrangement - Denotes a protective connecting arrangement for use with the network control signaling unit or, in lieu of the connecting arrangement, an arrangement to identify a central office line and protective service components and procedures to determine compliance with criteria set forth in this tariff.

Demarcation Point - The point (referred to as Demarc Point or Network

Interface) of interconnection between the Telephone Company's facilities
and the wiring at the subscriber's premises. The Demarc Point shall
consist of wire or a jack conforming to Subpart F of Part 68 of the
Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations. The Demarc
Point will generally be within twelve inches of the protection absent
a protector, within twelve inches of the entry point to the customer's
premises. If conforming to the twelve inches is unrealistic or
technically impossible, the Demarc Point will be the most practice of the minimum point of entry to the customer's premises.

The network interface may be located at a point other that the presence of network equipment with the effective date of this tariff. For multiunit structures (e.g., apartments, college campuses, shopping centers) the structure owner shall make the final decision on whether the structure shall be treated as a multipremise structure with one demarcation point per premises or, as a single premise with one demarcation point for the entire structure. The structure owner shall have the option of having the demarcation point placed at a location other than that determined by the Telephone Company provided the structure owner pays any additional construction costs and such location is consistent with the minimum point of entry standard.

With regard to premises for any structure that is built to be mobile (e.g., mobile homes, recreational vehicles), the Telephone Company may place the Demarc Point on a post or pole at or near the pad where such structure is intended to rest. Boat docks and similar premises may be treated by the Telephone company as single unit premises, with the Demarc Point being placed on the shore.

Direct Electrical Connection - Denotes a physical connection of the electrical conductors in the communications path.

Issued: DEC 1 0 1991

Effective: MAY - 9 1902VIO. PUBLIC SERVICE GORF.

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
7th Revised Sheet 27
Replacing 6th Revised Sheet 27

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

SEP 1 2 1988

RECEIVED

Customer Premises Equipment - Devices, apparatus and their associated, wiring, provided by a customer or user for use with service components furnished by the Telephone Company for Private Line Service and Company include customer-provided communications systems.

Customer-Provided Test Equipment - Denotes test equipment located at the premises of the customer or user that is used by the customer or user for the detection and/or isolation of a communications service fault.

Data Access Arrangement - Denotes a protective connecting arrangement for use with the network control signaling unit or, in lieu of the connecting arrangement, an arrangement to identify a central office line and protective service components and procedures to determine compliance with criteria set forth in this tariff.

(RT)

(C)

<u>Direct Electrical Connection</u> - Denotes a physical connection of the electrical conductors in the communications path.

<u>Distribution Center</u> - Indicates amplifying and bridging equipment required to connect the various local sections of a music network or to connect local sections to an interexchange section of that network.

<u>Duplex Service</u> - Denotes service which permits customers or users to communicate in both directions simultaneously.

Encoded Analog Content - "Encoded Analog Content" is an analog signal which has been multiplexed and coded within a digital signal.

Equalized - Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.

Equivalent Analog Signal Power - "Equivalent Analog Signal Power" is the power of the analog signal at the output of a zero level decoder obtained when a digital signal is the input to the decoder. A zero level decoder yields an analog level of OdBm at its output when the input is a digital milliwatt signal.

CANCELLED

MAY 9 - 1992 BY 8th R.5#27

Public Service Commission MISSOURI

Issued: **SEP** 1 2 1988

Effective: 0CT 1 2 1988

FILED

By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

OUT 12 1988

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
6th Revised Sheet 27
Replacing 5th Revised Sheet 27

REGULATIONS

REGEIVED

- 1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)
 - Customer Premises Equipment Devices, apparatus and their associated wiring, provided by a customer or user for use with service components furnished by the Telephone Company for Private Line Service and does not should customer-provided communications systems.

 Public Service Commission
 - Customer-Provided Test Equipment Denotes test equipment located at the premises of the customer or user that is used by the customer or user for the detection and/or isolation of a communications service fault.
 - Data Access Arrangement Denotes a protective connecting arrangement for use with the network control signaling unit or, in lieu of the connecting arrangement, an arrangement to identify a central office line and protective service components and procedures to determine compliance with criteria set forth in this Tariff.
- (AT) Demarcation Point That point at which the Telephone Company's responsibility for installation and maintenance on a tariffed basis ends and the customer's option to install and/or maintain inside wire begins.
 - <u>Direct Electrical Connection</u> Denotes a physical connection of the electrical · conductors in the communications path.
 - CANCELLED tion Center Indicates amplifying and bridging equipment required to connect the various local sections of a music network or to connect local OCT 12 1988 ections to an interexchange section of that network.
- BY 1th Suplex Service Denotes service which permits customers or users to communi-Public Service Communication both directions simultaneously.
 - MISSOURI

 Encoded Analog Content "Encoded Analog Content" is an analog signal which
 has been multiplexed and coded within a digital signal.
 - Equalized Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship 1 the two ends of the channel.
 - of the analog signal at the output of a zero level decoder, obtained when a digital signal is the input to the decoder. A zero level decoder yields an analog level of OdBm at its output when the input is a digital mulliwatt signal.

Issued: DEC 1 1986

Effective: JAN 1 1837

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
5th Revised Sheet 27

Replacing ALEGE VE

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

DEC 2 1 1984

Customer Premises Equipment - Devices, apparatus and their associated wiring, provided by a customer or user for use with service components than ished by the Telephone Company for Private Line Service and their associated wiring, provided communications systems.

- <u>Customer-Provided Test Equipment</u> Denotes test equipment located at the premises of the customer or user that is used by the customer or user for the detection and/or isolation of a communications service fault.
- Data Access Arrangement Denotes a protective connecting arrangement for use with the network control signaling unit or, in lieu of the connecting arrangement, an arrangement to identify a central office line and protective service components and procedures to determine compliance with criteria set forth in this Tariff.
- <u>Direct Electrical Connection</u> Denotes a physical connection of the electrical conductors in the communications path.
- <u>Distribution Center</u> Indicates amplifying and bridging equipment required to connect the various local sections of a music network or to connect local sections to an interexchange section of that network.
- <u>Duplex Service</u> Denotes service which permits customers or users to communicate in both directions simultaneously.
- (AT) Encoded Analog Content "Encoded Analog Content" is an analog signal which has been multiplexed and coded within a digital signal.
 - Equalized Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.

Equivalent Analog Signal Power - "Equivalent Analog Signal Power" is the power of the analog signal at the output of a zero level decoder, obtained when a digital signal is the input to the decoder. A zero level decoder yields an analog level of OdBm at its output when the input is a digital mulliwatt signal is a digital mulliwatt signal.

JAN 1 1987

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
OF MISSION

Public Service Commission

Issued: **DEC** 24 1984

(AT)

Effective:

APR 1 1985

Private Line Service Tariff

Service Tariff

Service Tariff

Service Tariff

Service Tariff

Service Tariff

Ath Revised Sheet 27

Replacing 3rd-Revised Sheet 27

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

LAISSOURI Public Service Commission

- (CT) Customer Premises Equipment Devices, apparatus and their associated wiring, provided by a customer or user for use with service components furnished by the Telephone Company for Private Line Service and does not include customer-provided communications systems.
- (AT) Customer-Provided Test Equipment Denotes test equipment located at the premises of the customer or user that is used by the customer or user for the detection and/or isolation of a communications service fault.
 - Data Access Arrangement Denotes a protective connecting arrangement for use with the network control signaling unit or, in lieu of the connecting arrangement, an arrangement to identify a central office line and protective service components and procedures to determine compliance with criteria set forth in this Tariff.
 - <u>Direct Electrical Connection</u> Denotes a physical connection of the electrical conductors in the communications path.
 - <u>Distribution Center</u> Indicates amplifying and bridging equipment required to connect the various local sections of a music network or to connect local sections to an interexchange section of that network.
- (RT) <u>Duplex Service</u> Denotes service which permits customers or users to communicate in both directions simultaneously.

Equalized - Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.

(RT)

(RT)

(CT)

BY DESCRIPTION OF MISSION

FMLE的 JAN - 1 1934

83 - 253

Issued: DEC 29 1983

Effective: JAN 0 1 1981

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 3rd Revised Sheet 27

Replacing 2nd-Revised-Sheet

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

APR 27 1983

Customer-Provided Terminal Equipment - Devices, apparatus and their associated wiring, provided by a customer, authorized user or joint user for use! with facilities furnished by the Telephone Company for PrinceCommission Service and does not include customer-provided communications-systems.

(AT) Customer-Provided Test Equipment - Denotes test equipment located at the premises of the customer that is used by the customer for the detection and/or isolation of a communications service fault.

Data Access Arrangement - Denotes a protective connecting arrangement for use with the network control signaling unit or, in lieu of the connecting arrangement, an arrangement to identify a central office line and protective facilities and procedures to determine compliance with criteria set forth in this Tariff.

<u>Direct Electrical Connection</u> - Denotes a physical connection of the electrical conductors in the communications path.

<u>Distribution Center</u> - Indicates amplifying and bridging equipment required to connect the various local sections of a music network or to connect local sections to an interexchange section of that network.

<u>Duplex Service</u> - Denotes service which permits customers, authorized users or joint users to communicate in both directions simultaneously.

Entrance Facilities - Denotes the facilities required to extend customerprovided channels to a service point of the customer or authorized user.

Equalized - Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.

Equipment-to-Equipment Connection - Denotes the connection of add-on or substitute equipment to host terminal equipment or communications systems. These connections are not within the scope of the Federal Communications Commission's Registration Program. The resulting combination of host and add-on or substitute equipment may be registered and must comply with the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations in program to the telecommunications network.

UBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

JAN - I 1984

Issued: APR 29 1983

Effective:

JUL 08 1983

By R. D. BARRON, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri JUL - 8 1933

Public Service Commission

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 27
Replacing ist Revised Sheet 27

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

OCT - 2 1981

- Customer-Provided Terminal Equipment Devices, apparatus and their associated wiring, provided by a customer, authorized user, or going cuser (formuseion with facilities furnished by the Telephone Company for private line service and does not include customer-provided communications systems.
- Data Access Arrangement Denotes a protective connecting arrangement for use with the network control signaling unit or, in lieu of the connecting arrangement, an arrangement to identify a central office line and protective facilities and procedures to determine compliance with criteria set forth in this Tariff.
- <u>Direct Electrical Connection</u> Denotes a physical connection of the electrical conductors in the communications' path.
- <u>Distribution Center</u> Indicates amplifying and bridging equipment required to connect the various local sections of a music network or to connect local sections to an interexchange section of that network.
- <u>Duplex Service</u> Denotes service which permits customers, authorized users or joint users to communicate in both directions simultaneously.
- Entrance Facilities Denotes the facilities required to extend customerprovided channels to a service point of the customer or authorized user.
- Equalized Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.

Equipment-to-Equipment Connection - Denotes the connection of add-on or substitute equipment to host terminal equipment or communications systems. These connections are not within the scope of the Federal Communications Commission's Registration Program. The resulting combination of host and add-on or substitute equipment may be registered and must comply with the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations in order to be directly connected to the telecommunications network.

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

JUL - 8 1983

Issued: 0CT 02 1981

(CT)

Effective: NOV 02 1981

NOV - 2 1981

Southwestern Bell Telephone Company
St. Louis, Missouri
Public Service Commission

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 1st Revised Sheet 27 Replacing Original Sheet 27

Aur - ;

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Customer-Provided Terminal Equipment - Devices, apparatus and Their associated wiring, provided by a customer, authorized user, or joint user forquse with facilities furnished by the Telephone Company for private-line service and does not include customer-provided communications systems.

Data Access Arrangement - Denotes a protective connecting arrangement for use with the network control signaling unit, or, in lieu of the connecting arrangement, an arrangement to identify a central office line and protective facilities and procedures to determine compliance with criteria set forth in this Tariff.

Direct Electrical Connection - Denotes a physical connection of the electrical conductors in the communications' path.

Distribution Center - Indicates amplifying and bridging equipment required to connect the various local sections of a music network or to connect local sections to an interexchange section of that network.

Duplex Service - Denotes service which permits customers, authorized users, or joint users to communicate in both directions simultaneously.

Entrance Facilities - Denotes the facilities required to extend customerprovided channels to a service point of the customer or authorized user.

Equalized - Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.

Equipment-to-Equipment Connection - Denotes the connection of equipment, which by itself is unregisterable for direct use with the telecommunications network, but is registerable or usable with host terminal equipment or communications systems which in turn may be registered in accordance with the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations for direct connection to the telecommunications network.

CANCELLED

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF MISSOURI

Issued: JAN 2 2 1981

(AT)

Effective: FEB 2 1 1981

Private Line Service Tariff

Section 1
Original Sheet 27

FLITTING

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

- Customer-Provided Terminal Equipment Devices, apparatus and their associated wiring, provided by a customer, authorized user, or joint user for use with facilities furnished by the Telephone Company for Private Line service and does not include customer-provided communications systems.
- Data Access Arrangement Denotes a protective connecting arrangement for use with the network control signaling unit, or, in lieu of the connecting arrangement, an arrangement to identify a central office line and protective facilities and procedures to determine compliance with criteria set forth in this Tariff.
- <u>Direct Electrical Connection</u> Denotes a physical connection of the electrical conductors in the communications' path.
- <u>Distribution Center</u> Indicates amplifying and bridging equipment required to connect the various local sections of a music network or to connect local sections to an interexchange section of that network.
- <u>Duplex Service</u> Denotes service which permits customers, authorized users, or joint users to communicate in both directions simultaneously.
- Entrance Facilities Denotes the facilities required to extend customerprovided channels to a service point of the customer or authorized user.
- Equalized Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.

BAMBELLE SERVER MESCURISSION

78 - 235

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980

Effective: MAR 1 3 1980

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
4th Revised Sheet 28
Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 28

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

- (MT) <u>Direct Electrical Connection</u> Denotes a physical connection of the electrical conductors in the communications path.
 - <u>Distribution Center</u> Indicates amplifying and bridging equipment required to connect the various local sections of a music network or to connect local sections to an interexchange section of that network.
 - <u>Duplex Service</u> Denotes service which permits customers or users to communicate in both directions simultaneously.
 - <u>Encoded Analog Content</u> "Encoded Analog Content" is an analog signal which has been multiplexed and coded within a digital signal.
 - <u>Equalized</u> Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.
 - Equipment Space An area or areas, agreed upon by the subscriber and the Telephone Company, located on or within a structure that is specifically designated for the purpose of terminating regulated Telephone Company provided services and facilities. The necessary security, lighting, commercial power and environmental controls are provided within this area.
 - Equivalent Analog Signal Power "Equivalent Analog Signal Power" is the power of the analog signal at the output of a zero level decoder obtained when a digital signal is the input to the decoder. A zero level decoder yields an analog level of OdBm at its output when the input is a digital milliwatt signal.
 - Exchange Denotes a unit established by the Telephone company or a connecting company for the administration of telecommunications service in a specified area which usually embraces a metropolitan area, city, town or village and its environs. It consists of one or more serving offices together with the associated plant used in furnishing communications service within that area.
 - <u>Exchange Area</u> The area within which the Telephone Company will furnish complete telephone service at the exchange rates applicable within that area.

Issued: July 9, 1997 Effective: August 29, 1997

CANCELLED
June 29, 2007
TO-2002-185
Missouri Public
Service Commission

(AT)

(AT)

By KAREN E. JENNINGS, President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

(MT)

(MT)

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
3rd Revised Sheet 28
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 28

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

DEC 9 1991

- Distribution Center Indicates amplifying and bridging equipment required to connect the various local sections of a music network connect local sections to an interexchange section of that network commissions.
- <u>Duplex Service</u> Denotes service which permits customers or users to communicate in both directions simultaneously.
- <u>Duplex Service</u> Denotes service which permits customers or users to communicate in both directions simultaneously.
- Encoded Analog Content "Encoded Analog Content" is an analog signal which has been multiplexed and coded within a digital signal.
- Equalized Denotes a procedure which provides for the component frequencies of the material transmitted having about the same relationship at the two ends of the channel.
- power of the analog signal at the output of a zero level decoder obtained when a digital signal is the input to the decoder. A zero level decoder yields an analog level of OdBm at its output when the opinput is a digital milliwatt signal.
- Exchange Denotes a unit established by the Telephone company of a concommission necting company for the administration of telecommunications seeks as pecified area which usually embraces a metropolitan area, they, town or village and its environs. It consists of one or more serving offices together with the associated plant used in furnishing communications service within that area.
- Exchange Area The area within which the Telephone Company will furnish complete telephone service at the exchange rates applicable within that area.
- Service Components All the plant and equipment of a Telephone Company, including all tangible and intangible real and personal property without limitation, and any and all means and instrumentalities in any manner owned, operated, leased, licensed, used, controlled, furnished or supplied for, by or in connection with the business of the Telephone company, including any construction work in progress.
- Foreign Exchange Service Exchange Service furnished by means of a circuit connecting a customer's service point to a primary serving office of another exchange.
- Foreign Serving Office Exchange Service furnished by means of a circuit connecting a customer's service point to a serving office of the service point as located.

 MAY 9 1992

Issued: DEC 1 0 1991

Bffective: MAY - Q MO. PUBLIC SERVICE CONTIN

Private Line-Service Tariff

DECTION 1
2nd Revised Sheet 28
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 28

REGULATIONS

DEC 29 1983

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

I.!!SSOURI
Public Service Commission

Exchange - Denotes a unit established by the Telephone-Gompany or a control of the communications service in a specified area which usually embraces a metropolitan area, city, town or village and its environs. It consists of one or more serving offices together with the associated plant used in furnishing communications service within that area.

Exchange Area - The area within which the Telephone Company will furnish complete telephone service at the exchange rates applicable within that area.

- (CT) Service Components All the plant and equipment of a Telephone Company, including all tangible and intangible real and personal property without limitation, and any and all means and instrumentalities in any manner owned, operated, leased, licensed, used, controlled, furnished or supplied for, by or in connection with the business of the Telephone Company, including any construction work in progress.
- (CT) Foreign Exchange Service Exchange Service furnished by means of a circuit connecting a customer's service point to a primary serving office of another exchange.
- (CT) Foreign Serving Office Exchange Service furnished by means of a circuit connecting a customer's service point to a serving office of the same exchange but outside of the serving office area in which the service point is located.

(RT)

CANCELLED

Public Service Commission

MISSOURI

JAN - 1 1934

Public Service Commission

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
1st Revised Sheet 28
Replacing Original Sheet 28

REGULATIONS

1.5 · DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Exchange - Denotes a unit established by the Telephone Company or a connecting company for the administration of telecommunication services in a specified area which usually embraces a metropolitan area, city, town, or village and its environs. It consists of one or more serving offices together with the associated plant used in furnishing communication service within that area.

Exchange Area - The area within which the Telephone Company will furnish complete telephone service at the exchange rates applicable within that area.

Foreign Exchange Service - Exchange service furnished by means of a circuit connecting a customer's station to a primary serving office of another exchange.

Foreign Serving Office - Exchange service furnished by means of a circuit connecting a customer's station to a serving office of the same exchange but outside of the serving office area in which the station is located.

Grandfathered Communications Systems

Denotes communications systems (including their equipment, premises wiring and protective circuitry, if any) connected at the premises of the customer, authorized user or joint user, in accordance with any Telephone Company's tariffs, and that are considered to be grandfathered under the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations because, (a) such systems were connected to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following prior to January 1, 1980, and were of a type system which was directly connected (i.e., without Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements) to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following as of June 1, 1978, or (b) such systems are connected to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following prior to May 1, 1983, and are of a type system which was directly connected (i.e., without Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements) to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following as of April 30, 1980.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

1AN - 1 1984

OF MISSOURI

Issued: JAN 2 2 1981

Effective: FEB 2 1 1981

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 28

RECEIVED

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Exchange - Denotes a unit established by the Telephone Company or a connecting company for the administration of telecommunication service in a specified area which usually embraces a metropolitan area, city, town, or village and its environs. It consists of one or more serving offices together with the associated plant used in furnishing communication service within that area.

Exchange Area - The area within which the Telephone Company will furnish complete telephone service at the exchange rates applicable within that area.

Foreign Exchange Service - Exchange service furnished by means of a circuit connecting a customer's station to a primary serving office of another exchange.

Foreign Serving Office - Exchange service furnished by means of a circuit connecting a customer's station to a serving office of the same exchange but outside of the serving office area in which the station is located.

Half-Duplex Service - Denotes service which permits communication alternately in either direction, or for communication in one direction only, including bi-directional simultaneous transmission of tones required solely for control purposes or quick turnaround or synchronization.

<u>Headset</u> - Denotes a hands-free, multi-wire device containing acoustic-toelectric (transmitter) and electric-to-acoustic (receiver) transducers normally worn on the head of the user for close talking, which provides for the transmission of human speech.

Inside Move - When used in connection with the application of move charges for Private Line service, denotes a change in physical location made on the same premises in the same building at the request of the customer, authorized user, or joint user, without discontinuance of service, of facilities and relationent provided by the Telephone Company.

78-235

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980

Effective: MAR 1 3 1980

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 28.01
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 28.01

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

(MT) Service Components - All the plant and equipment of a Telephone Company, including all tangible and intangible real and personal property without limitation, and any and all means and instrumentalities in any manner owned, operated, leased, licensed, used, controlled, furnished or supplied for, by or in connection with the business of the Telephone company, including any construction work in progress.

<u>Foreign Exchange Service</u> - Exchange Service furnished by means of a circuit connecting a customer's service point to a primary serving office of another exchange.

<u>Foreign Serving Office</u> - Exchange Service furnished by means of a circuit connecting a customer's service point to a serving office of the same exchange but outside of the serving office area in which the service point is located.

Grandfathered Connections of Communications Systems - Denotes connections via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements of customer communications systems (including their equipment and premises wiring) at the customer's premises, in accordance with any Telephone Company's tariffs, and that are considered to be grandfathered under the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations because (a) such connections to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in Paragraph 1.6.2, B., following, were made via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements prior to January 1, 1980, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in Paragraph 1.6.2, B., following, as of June 1, 1978, or (b) such connections to the private line services specified in Paragraph 1.6.2, C. or 1.6.2, D., following, are made via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements prior to May 1, 1983, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the private line services specified in Paragraph 1.6.2, C. or 1.6.2, D., following, as of April 30, 1980.

Issued: July 9, 1997 Effective: August 29, 1997

CANCELLED
June 29, 2007
TO-2002-185
Missouri Public
Service Commission

(MT)

By KAREN E. JENNINGS, President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 1st Revised Sheet 28.01 Replacing Octional Sheet 28.01

REGULATIONS

DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

DEC 25 1000

LAISSOURI

Public Service Commission

Grandfathered Connections of Communications Systems Denotes connections via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements

of customer communications systems (including their equipment and premises wiring) at the customer's premises, in accordance with any Telephone Company's tariffs, and that are considered to be grandfathered under the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations because (a) such connections to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in Paragraph 1.6.2, B., following, were made via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements prior to January 1, 1980, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in Paragraph 1.6.2, B., following as of June 1, 1978, or (b) such connections to the private line services specified in Paragraph 1.6.2, C. or 1.6.2, D., following are made via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements prior to May 1, 1983, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the private line services specified in Paragraph 1.6.2, C. or 1.6.2, D., following as of April 30, 1980.

(RT)

(C)

(C)

(C)

(C)

CANCELLED

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 28.01

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

(CT)

(MT) Grandfathered Connections of Communications Systems

JAN 21 1981

Denotes connections via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements of customer communications systems (including their equipment and premises wiring) at the customer's premises in accordance with any Telephone Company's tariffs, and that are considered to be grandfathered under the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations because, (a) such connections to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following were made via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements prior to January 1, 1980, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following as of June 1, 1978, or (b) such connections to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following are made via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements prior to May 1, 1983, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following as of April 30, 1980.

Grandfathered Terminal Equipment

Denotes terminal equipment (including protective circuitry if any) connected at the premises of the customer, authorized user or joint user in accordance with any Telephone Company's tariffs, and that is considered to be grandfathered under the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations because, (a) such terminal equipment was connected to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following prior to July 1, 1979, and was of a type of terminal equipment which was directly connected (i.e., without Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements) to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following as of October 17, 1977, or (b) such terminal equipment is connected to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following prior to May 1, 1983, and is of a type of terminal equipment which was directly connected (i.e., without Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements) to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following as of April 30, 1980.

CANCELLED

10t PS 28.01

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

Issued: January 22, 1981

Effective: February 21, 1981

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
1st Revised Sheet 28.02
Replacing Original Sheet 28.02

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Grandfather Connections of Terminal Equipment - Denotes connections via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements of customer-provided terminal equipment connected at the premises of the customer, authorized user or joint user, in accordance with any Telephone Company's tariffs, and that are considered to be grandfathered under the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations because (a) such connections to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in Paragraph 1.6.2, B., following were made via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements prior to July 1, 1979, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in Paragraph 1.6.2, B., following as of October 17, 1977, or (b) such connections to the private line services specified in Paragraph 1.6.2, C. or 1.6.2, D., following are made via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements prior to May 1, 1983, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the private line services specified in Paragraph 1.6.2, C. or 1.6.2, D., following as of April 30, 1980.

<u>Half-Duplex Services</u> - Denotes service which permits communication alternately in either direction, or for communication in one direction only, including bi-directional simultaneous transmission of tones required solely for control purposes or quick turnaround or synchronization.

Issued: December 29, 1983 Effective: January 1, 1984

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 Original Sheet 28.02

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

JAN 21 1981

(TM) Grandfathered Connections of Terminal Equipment

> Denotes connections via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements of customer-provided terminal equipment connected at the premises of the customer, authorized user or joint user, in accordance with any Telephone Company's tariffs, and that are considered to be grandfathered under the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations because, (a) such connections to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following were made via Telephone Companyprovided connecting arrangements prior to July 1, 1979, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following as of October 17, 1977, or (b) such connections to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following are made via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements prior to May 1, 1983, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following as of April 30, 1980.

> Half-Duplex Service - Denotes service which permits communication alternately in either direction, or for communication in one direction only, including bi-directional simultaneous transmission of tones required solely for control purposes or quick turnaround or synchronization.

Headset - Denotes a hands-free, multi-wire device containing acoustic-toelectric (transmitter) and electric-to-acoustic (receiver) transducers normally worn on the head of the user for close talking, which provides for the transmission of human speech.

Inside Move - When used in connection with the application of move charges for Private Line service, denotes a change in physical location made on the same premises in the same building at the request of the customer, authorized user, or joint user, without discontinuance of service, of facilities and equipment provided by the Telephone Company.

GANGELLED

IC SERVICE COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

JAN 2 2 1981 Issued:

Effective: FEB 2 1 1981

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
3rd Revised Sheet 29
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 29

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

- <u>Interexchange Channel</u> That portion of a Private Line Service which interconnects two primary serving offices in different exchanges or Metropolitan Exchanges within the same LATA.
- <u>Interexchange Customer(s) (IC)</u> Denotes any individual, partnership, association, corporation or governmental agency or any other entity which subscribes to the services offered under the Access Services Tariff to provide intrastate telecommunications services for its own use or for the use of its customers (End Users).
- <u>Interexchange Service</u> A Private Line Service within the same LATA where the Demarcation Points located on customer premises are in different exchanges or metropolitan exchanges within the same
- (CT) LATA.
 - <u>Interoffice Channel</u> That portion of a Private Line Service within the same LATA which interconnects (1) local channels in different serving offices associated with intraexchange service or (2) interexchange channels with local channels.
 - <u>Intrabuilding Network Cable</u> Cable in a building that extends the outside plant distribution service components from the building entrance to equipment rooms, cross connection points or other distribution points.
- (CT) <u>Intraexchange Service</u> A Private Line Service where the Demarcation Points located on customer premises are wholly within an exchange or a metropolitan exchange as defined in the Local Exchange Tariff.
- (CT) <u>IntraLATA</u> A Private Line Service where the Demarcation Points located on customer premises are wholly within a LATA as defined in this Tariff.
 - <u>Isochronous</u> Isochronous is transmission timing derived from the signal carrying the data. (i.e., No timing or clock lead is provided at the customer interface.)
 - <u>Local Access and Transport Area (LATA)</u> The Local Access and Transport Area denotes a geographical area established for the administration of communications service. It encompasses designated local operating Telephone Company exchanges which are grouped to serve common social, economic and miscellaneous purposes.

Issued: December 10, 1991 Effective: May 09, 1992

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 29
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 29

REGULATIONS

RECEIVED

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

DEC 21 1984

- Interexchange Channel That portion of a Private Line Service whishours interconnects two primary serving offices in different exchanges Commission or Metropolitan Exchanges within the same LATA.
- Interexchange Customer(s) (IC) Denotes any individual, partnership, association, corporation or governmental agency or any other entity which subscribes to the services offered under the Access Services Tariff to provide intrastate telecommunications services for its own use or for the use of its customers (End Users).
- Interexchange Service A Private Line Service within the same LATA where the network interfaces located on customer premises are in different exchanges or metropolitan exchanges within the same LATA.
- Interoffice Channel That portion of a Private Line Service within the same LATA which interconnects (1) local channels in different serving offices associated with intraexchange service or (2) interexchange channels with local channels.
- Intrabuilding Network Cable Cable in a building that extends the outside plant distribution service components from the building entrance to equipment rooms, cross connection points or other distribution points.
- Intraexchange Service A Private Line Service where the network interference faces located on customer premises are wholly with Publice Service Commission a metropolitan exchange as defined in the Local Exchange TMISSOURI
- IntraLATA A Private Line Service where the network interfaces located on customer premises are wholly within a LATA as defined in this Tariff.
- Isochronous Isochronous is transmission timing derived from the signal carrying the data. (i.e., No timing or clock lead is provided at the customer interface.)
- Area denotes a geographical area established for the administration of communications service. It encompasses designated local operating Telephone Company exchanges which are grouped to serve common social, economic and miscellaneous purposes.

 APR -1 1985

Public Service Commission

Issued: DEC 24 1984

(TA)

Effective: FFB 2 5 100 APR 1 1985

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 1st Revised Sheet 29

Replacing Original Sheet 29 negenven

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

DEC 29 1933

IMSSOURI Public Service Commission

(RT)

Interexchange Channel - That portion of a Private Line Service which (CP) interconnects two primary serving offices in different exchanges or Metropolitan Exchanges within the same LATA.

- Interexchange Customer(s) (IC) Denotes any individual, partnership, (AT) association, corporation or governmental agency or any other entity which subscribes to the services offered under the Access Services Tariff to provide intrastate telecommunications services for its own use or for the use of its customers (End Users).
- Interexchange Service A Private Line Service within the same LATA (CP) where the network interfaces located on customer premises are in different exchanges or metropolitan exchanges within the same LATA.
- (CP) Interoffice Channel - That portion of a Private Line Service within the same LATA which interconnects (1) local channels in different serving offices associated with intraexchange service or (2) interexchange channels with local channels.
 - (AT) Intrabuilding Network Cable - Cable in a building that extends the outside plant distribution facilities from the building entrance to equipment rooms, cross connection points or other distribution points.
 - (CP) Intraexchange Service - A Private Line Service where the network interfaces located on customer premises are wholly within an exchange or a metropolitan exchange as defined in the Local Exchange Tariff.
 - (AT) IntraLATA - A Private Line Service where the network interfaces located on customer premises are wholly within a LATA as defined in this Tariff.
 - (AT) Local Access and Transport Area (LATA) - The Local Access and Transport Area denotes a geographical area established for the administration of communications service. It encompasses designated local operating Telephone Company exchanges which are grouped to serve common social, economic and miscellaneous purposes.

(TM)

(RT)

APR - 1 1985 PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION Public Service Commis-

JAN - 1 1934 83 - 253

Issued: DEC 29 1983

Private Line Service Tariff

Section 1
Original Sheet 29

FED LI NEU

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

- Inside Wire and Cable Those facilities which are confined to the inside wiring and cable furnished in connection with Private Line services from the building main or floor terminal, frame, or protector to the station equipment on the customer's premises. This does not include cable which is a part of switching equipment for Key Telephone systems, PBX Switchboards or other Exchange Tariff offerings.
- <u>Interexchange Channel</u> That portion of a Private Line service which interconnects two primary serving offices in different exchanges or metropolitan exchanges.
- Interexchange Service A Private Line service where station locations are in different exchanges or metropolitan exchanges.
- Interface Denotes that point on the premises of the customer, authorized user, or joint user at which provision is made for connection of other than Telephone Company-provided facilities to facilities provided by the Telephone Company.
- Interoffice Channel That portion of a Private Line service which interconnects, (1) local channels in different serving offices associated with intraexchange service; or, (2) interexchange channels with local channels.
- <u>Intraexchange Service</u> A Private Line service where all the station locations are wholly within an exchange or a metropolitan exchange as defined in the Local Exchange Tariff.
- Joint User The person, firm, or corporation who is designated by the customer as a user of a Private Line service of the customer in accordance with Tariff provisions who would not otherwise be entitled to use the customer's service.
- Local Channel That portion of a Private Line service which interconnects a station location to (1) an interexchange or interoffice channel; or (2) another station location on a different premises in the same serving area, via another local channel to the station on a different premises.
- Multipoint Service Denotes a service arrangement which provides communication capability between more than two private line station locations constituting a common dedicated communications system.

JAN - 1 1984

78-235

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
Effect Prevision MAR 1 3 1980

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 7th Revised Sheet 30 Replacing 6th Revised Sheet 30

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

- (AT) Local Channel That portion of a Private Line Service which interconnects a network interface located on a customer's premises to (1) an interexchange or interoffice channel; (2) another network interface on the same or on a different premises in the same serving office area via another local channel to a network interface located on that same or a different premises; and (AT) (3) a port on a Telephone Company provided Network Reconfiguration Service.
 - <u>Multipoint Service</u> Denotes a service arrangement which provides communication capability between more than two private line network interfaces within the same LATA constituting a common dedicated communications system.
 - Move A) When used in connection with the application of move charges for Private Line Service, denotes a change in the physical location on different premises when made at the request of the customer, without discontinuance of service, of service components provided by the Telephone Company.
 - B) When used in connection with the application of MEGALINK III Wideband Digital Service/1.544 Mbps denotes a change in the physical location (whether on the same or different premises) when made at the request of the customer without discontinuance of service, of service components provided by the Telephone Company.
 - <u>Multiline Terminating System Area</u> Denotes a premises or multipremises within the same building or continuous property in resold or shared use arrangements for customer premises key or switching equipment.
 - National Security Emergency Preparedness (NSEP) Telecommunications Service Those services used to maintain a state of readiness or to respond to and manage any event or crisis, i.e., local, national or international, which causes or could cause injury or harm to the population, damage to or loss of property, or degrades or threatens the National Security Emergency Preparedness posture of the United States.
 - Network Control Signaling Denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status and charging signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identification, audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating reorder or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of switching machines in the telecommunications systems.

Issued: June 30, 1992 Effective: August 10, 1992

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 6th Revised Sheet 30 Replacing 5th Revised Sheet 30

REGULATIONS

JUN 28 1991

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

MISSOURI

Local Channel - That portion of a Private Line Serve which winterconnected Oal network interface located on a customer's premises to (1) an interexchange or interoffice channel; (2) another network interface on the same or on a different premises in the same serving office area via another local channel to a network interface located on that same or a different premises.

Multipoint Service - Denotes a service arrangement which provides communication capability between more than two private line network interfaces within the same LATA constituting a common dedicated communications system.

When used in connection with the application of move charges for Private Line Service, denotes a change in the physical location on different premises when made at the request of the customer, without discontinuance of service, of service components provided by the Telephone Company.

CANCELLED

AUG 10 1992

MISSOURI

When used in connection with the application of MEGALINK III -Wideband Digital Service/1.544 Mbps denotes a change in the physical location (whether on the same or different premises) when made at the request of the customer without discontinuance Public Service Commissions service, of service components provided by the Telephone Company.

> Multiline Terminating System Area - Denotes a premises or multipremises within the same building or continuous property in resold or shared use arrangements for customer premises key or swtiching equipment.

(AT)

National Security Emergency Preparedness (NSEP) Telecommunications Service Those services used to maintain a state of readiness or to respond to and manage any event or crisis, i.e., local, national or international, which causes or could cause injury or harm to the population, damage to or loss of property, or degrades or threatens the National Security Emergency Preparedness posture of the United States.

Network Control Signaling - Denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status and charging signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identification, audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating reorder or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of switching machines in the telecommunications systems.

(MT) MT)

FILED

Issued: JUL - 3 1991 Effective: AUG - 2 1991

AUG 2 1991

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
5th Revised Sheet 30
Replacing 4th Revised Sheet 30

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

SEP 12 1988

- Local Channel That portion of a Private Line Service which interface located on a customer's premises to (1) and Commission interexchange or interoffice channel; (2) another network interface on the same or on a different premises in the same serving office area via another local channel to a network interface located on that same or a different premises.
- Multipoint Service Denotes a service arrangement which provides communication capability between more than two private line network interfaces within the same LATA constituting a common dedicated communications system.
- Move A) When used in connection with the application of move charges for Private Line Service, denotes a change in the physical location on different premises when made at the request of the customer, without discontinuance of service, of service components provided by the Telephone Company.
- CANCELL When used in connection with the application of MEGALINK III Wideband Digital Service/1.544 Mbps denotes a change in the physical location (whether on the same or different premises)

 AUG 2 1991 when made at the request of the customer without discontinuance by 6 5 service, of service components provided by the Telephone Public Service Commission

Within the same building or continuous property in resold or shared use arrangements for customer premises key or switching equipment.

Network Control Signaling - Denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status and charging signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identification, audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating reorder or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of switching machines in the telecommunications systems.

Network Control Signaling Unit - Denotes the service components furnished, installed and maintained by the Telephone Company for the provision of network control signaling.

Network Interface - The point of termination for the Telephone Company's regulated network services. It is the point of interconnection between Telephone Company provided and owned facilities and terminal equipment or inside wiring at the customer's premises and is a Telephone Company provided standard jack or its equivalent.

Issued: SEP 1 2 1988

(CT)

(CT)

Effective: OCT 12 1988

FILED

By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

OUT 12 1988

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
4th Revised Sheet 30
Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 30

REGULATIONS

REGELVED

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Local Channel - That portion of a Private Line Service which interconnects a network interface located on a customer's premises to (N)\an\beta 6 1986 interexchange or interoffice channel; (2) another network interface on the same or on a different premises in the same serving ANDIGINAL area via another local channel to a network interface located on Commission that same or a different premises.

Multipoint Service - Denotes a service arrangement which provides communication capability between more than two private line network interfaces within the same LATA constituting a common dedicated communications system.

Move - A) When used in connection with the application of move charges for Private Line Service, denotes a change in the physical location on different premises when made at the request of the customer, without discontinuance of service, of service components provided by the Telephone Company.

CANCELLEDB)

OCT 121988 BY 5th. P.S.*.30 When used in connection with the application of MEGALINK III - Wideband Digital Service/1.544 Mbps denotes a change in the physical location (whether on the same or different premises) when made at the request of the customer without discontinance of service, of service components provided by the Telephone Company

Public Service Commission Pany.

MISSOLF ine Terminating System Area - Denotes a premises or multipremises within the same building or continuous property in resold or shared use arrangements for customer premises key or switching equipment.

Network Control Signaling - Denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status and charging signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identification, audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating reorder or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of switching machines in the telecommunications systems.

Network Control Signaling Unit - Denotes the service components furnished, installed and maintained by the Telephone Company for the provision of network control signaling.

JAN - 1 1987

Network Interface - A point of minimum penetration on a customer's premises where the network service is electrically terminated of This interface or demarcation point is a standard registration jack or its equivalent which provides electrical isolation between the network and premises services and is defined for each type of Private Line Service. (See Demarcation Point)

Issued: DEC 1 1986

Effective: JAN 1 1987

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 3rd Revised Sheet 30 Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 30

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Local Channel - That portion of a Private Line Service which interconnects a network interface located on a customer's premises to (4) an interexchange or interoffice channel; (2) another network interface on the same or on a different premises in the same serving office area via another local channel to a network interface located Confidence Public Service Commission that same or a different premises.

- Multipoint Service Denotes a service arrangement which provides communication capability between more than two private line network interfaces within the same LATA constituting a common dedicated communications system.
- Move A) When used in connection with the application of move charges for Private Line Service, denotes a change in the physical location on different premises when made at the request of the customer, without discontinuance of service, of service components provided by the Telephone Company.
 - B) When used in connection with the application of MEGALINK III -Wideband Digital Service/1.544 Mbps denotes a change in the physical location (whether on the same or different premises) when made at the request of the customer without discontinance of service, of service components provided by the Telephone Company.
- Multiline Terminating System Area Denotes a premises or multipremises within the same building or continuous property in resold or shared use arrangements for customer premises key or switching equipment.
- Network Control Signaling Denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status and charging status and charge name to be address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identification, audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating reorder or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, 900 in collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of switching machines in the telecommunications systems (18.5. #30 PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
- Network Control Signaling Unit Denotes the ore rvice components furnished, installed and maintained by the Telephone Company for the provision of network control signaling.
- Network Interface A point of minimum penetration on a dustome size where the network service is electrically terminated. This physical interface or demarcation point is a standard registration jack or its equivalent which provides electrical isolation between 985 the network and premises services and is defined for each type of Private Line Service. Public Service Commission

Issued: DEC 24 1984

APR Effective: _______

By R. D. BARRON, President-Missouri Division Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

(AT)

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 30
Replacing ISE Revised Sheet 30

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

that same or a different premises.

IMSSOURI Public Service Commission

- (CP) Local Channel That portion of a Private Line Service which interconnects a network interface located on a customer's premises to (1) an interexchange or interoffice channel; (2) another network interface on the same or on a different premises in the same serving office area via another local channel to a network interface located on
- (CP) Multipoint Service Denotes a service arrangement which provides communication capability between more than two private line network interfaces within the same LATA constituting a common dedicated communications system.
- (CP) Move When used in connection with the application of move charges for Private Line Service, denotes a change in the physical location on different premises when made at the request of the customer, without discontinuance of service, of service components provided by the Telephone Company.
 - Multiline Terminating System Area Denotes a premises or multipremises within the same building or continuous property in resold or shared use arrangements for customer premises key or switching equipment.
 - Network Control Signaling Denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status and charging signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identification, audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating reorder or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of switching machines in the telecommunications systems.
- (CT) Network Control Signaling Unit Denotes the service components furnished, installed and maintained by the Telephone Company for the provision of network control signaling.
- Network Interface A point of minimum penetration on a customer's premises where the network service is electrically terminated. This physical interface or demarcation point is standard registration jack or its equivalent which provides because its lateral isolation between the network and premises services and is defined for each type of Private Line Service.

(RT)

(MT)

Issued: DEC 29 1983

BY 3d RS 30

JAN - 1 1934 83 - 253

Effective: JAM 0 1 1784

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 Sheet 30 Sheet 30

REGULATIONS

DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

JUL 30 1982

Move - When used in connection with the application of move charges for Private Line Service, denotes a change in the public Service Commission with the application of move charges for Private Line Service, denotes a change in the public Service Commission of the public Commission of the public Service Commission of the public on the same or different premises), when made at the request of customer without discontinuance of service, of facilities and items of equipment provided by the Telephone Company.

(TA) Multiline Terminating System Area - Denotes a premises or multipremises within the same building or continuous property in resold or shared use arrangements for customer premises key or switching equipment.

> Network Control Signaling - Denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status and charging signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identification, audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating re-order or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of switching machines in the telecommunications systems.

Network Control Signaling Unit - Denotes the terminal equipment furnished, installed and maintained by the Telephone Company for the provision of network control signaling.

NonPowered Conferencing Equipment - Denotes a portable plug-ended device, without active elements, consisting of a multiwinding transformer and manual line switches designed to bridge two or more, but not to exceed five, of the lines appearing on 4-button and 6-button key telephone instruments equipped with both hold and illumination features.

Other Line Charge - The charge applied by another telephone company for the portion of an interexchange service which it furnishes. The "other line" charge added to the Telephone Company's charge for the portion of the interexchange service which it furnishes is the through charge for the entire interexchange service furnished jointly by the Telephone Company and other telephone companies.

GANGELLED

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

JAN - 1 1984

JUL 3 1 1982 Issued:

SEP 30 1982

Public Service Commission

By R. D. BARRON, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 30

F1111 RJ

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Move - When used in connection with the application of move charges for Private Line service, denotes a change in the physical location (whether on the same or different premises), when made at the request of the customer without discontinuance of service, of facilities and items of equipment provided by the Telephone Company.

Network Control Signaling - Denotes the transmission of signals used in the telecommunications system which perform functions such as supervision (control, status, and charging signals), address signaling (e.g., dialing), calling and called number identification, audible tone signals (call progress signals indicating re-order or busy conditions, alerting, coin denominations, coin collect and coin return tones) to control the operation of switching machines in the telecommunications systems.

Network Control Signaling Unit - Denotes the terminal equipment furnished, installed and maintained by the Telephone Company for the provision of network control signaling.

Non-Powered Conferencing Equipment - Denotes a portable plug-ended device, without active elements, consisting of a multi-winding transformer and manual line switches designed to bridge two or more, but not to exceed five, of the lines appearing on 4-button and 6-button key telephone instruments equipped with both hold and illumination features.

Other Line Charge - The charge applied by another telephone company for the portion of an Interexchange service which it furnishes. The "other line" charge added to the Telephone Company's charge for the portion of the Interexchange service which it furnishes is the through charge for the entire Interexchange service furnished jointly by the Telephone Company and other telephone companies.

CANCELLED

SEP 3 U 1982

BY AS 30

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF MISSOURI

78-235

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980

Effective:

MAR 1 3 1980

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
5th Revised Sheet 31
Replacing 4th Revised Sheet 31

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Network Control Signaling Unit - Denotes the service components furnished, installed and maintained by the Telephone Company for the provision of network control signaling.

Network Interface - See Demarcation Point.

(AT)

Network Reconfiguration Service (NRS) - A central office based service which permits customers to remotely reconfigure their dedicated networks without going through normal Telephone Company service order procedures.

Network Reconfiguration Service (NRS) Hub - A designated Telephone Company office where NRS is provided. An NRS Hub may be collocated with a customer's normal Service Office or a Primary Serving Office. NRS Hub locations are specified in the National Exchange Carrier Association, Inc.'s Wire Center Information Tariff.

Other Line Charge - The charge applied by another telephone company for the portion of an intraLATA interexchange service which it furnishes. The "other line" charge added to the Telephone Company's charge for the portion of the intraLATA interexchange service which it furnishes is the through charge for the entire intraLATA interexchange service furnished jointly by the Telephone Company and other telephone companies.

Other Telephone Company - See Connecting Company.

Premises - All portions of the same building occupied by the same customer, provided that:

- The portions are not separated from each other by intervening offices, rooms or suites not occupied by the customer.
- The portions of different floors are contiguous and that the portion on the upper floor is directly above the portion occupied on the lower floor.
- All of the buildings are located on one continuous plot of property, all of which plot is owned and/or held under lease by the same customer, and the buildings are not separated by a public vehicular thoroughfare which is governmentally owned.
- <u>Premises Wiring</u> Wiring on the customer's side of the Demarcation Point provided for use with service components furnished by the Telephone Company for Private Line Service.

(MT)

Issued: June 30, 1992 Effective: August 10, 1992

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
4th Revised Sheet 31
Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 31

REGULATIONS

RECEIVED

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

DEC 9 1991

Network Control Signaling Unit - Denotes the service components furnished, installed and maintained by the Telephone Company for the provision of network control signaling.

(CT) Network Interface - See Demarcation Point.

Other Line Charge - The charge applied by another telephone company for the portion of an intraLATA interexchange service which it furnishes. The "other line" charge added to the Telephone Company's charge for the portion of the intraLATA interexchange service which it furnishes is the through charge for the entire intraLATA interexchange service furnished jointly by the Telephone Company and other telephone companies.

Other Telephone Company - See Connecting Company.

CANCELLED

Premises - All portions of the same building occupied by the Asamelous Gener, provided that:

BY 5 Th R. S # 3/

- The portions are not separated from each other by interventing interventing interventing in the customer.

 MISSOURI
- The portions of different floors are contiguous and that the portion on the upper floor is directly above the portion occupied on the lower floor.

All of the buildings are located on one continuous plot of property, all of which plot is owned and/or held under lease by the same customer, and the buildings are not separated by a public vehicular thoroughfare which is governmentally owned.

(CT) Premises Wiring - Wiring on the customer's side of the Demarcation Point provided for use with service components furnished by the Telephone Company for Private Line Service.

Primary Serving Office - That office in a single office service area or that office of a multi-office service area which is designated by the Telephone Company as the primary serving office. A primary serving office is also a serving office. In a serving area where there is not physically located a serving office, a theoretical location has been established by the Telephone Company for billing purposes.

FILED

MAY - 9 1992

MO. PUBLIC SERVICE COMM.

Issued: **DEC** 1 0 1991

Effective MAY 0 9 1992

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1

Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 31

JUN 28 1991

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

(MT)

(MT)

MISSOURI

Network Control Signaling Unit - Denotes the servize Components furnished On installed and maintained by the Telephone Company for the provision of network control signaling.

Network Interface - The point of termination for the Telephone Company's regulated network services. It is the point of interconnection between Telephone Company provided and owned facilities and terminal equipment or inside wiring at the customer's premises and is a Telephone Company provided standard jack or its equivalent.

Other Line Charge - The charge applied by another telephone company for the portion of an intraLATA interexchange service which it furnishes. The "other line" charge added to the Telephone Company's charge for the portion of the intraLATA interexchange service which it furnishes is the through charge for the entire intraLATA interexchange service furnished jointly by the Telephone Company and other telephone companies. CANCELLED

Other Telephone Company - See Connecting Company.

MAY 9 - 1992

Premises - All portions of the same building occupied by the same customer provided that: Public Service Commission

- The portions are not separated from each other by intervening SQUE, rooms or suites not occupied by the customer.
- The portions of different floors are contiguous and that the portion on the upper floor is directly above the portion occupied on the lower floor.

All of the buildings are located on one continuous plot of property, all of which plot is owned and/or held under lease by the same customer, and the buildings are not separated by a public vehicular thoroughfare which is governmentally owned.

Premises Wiring - Wiring on the customer's side of the network interface provided for use with service components furnished by the Telephone Company for Private Line Service.

Primary Serving Office - That office in a single office service area or that office of a multi-office service area which is designated by the Telephone Company as the primary serving office. A primary serving office is also a serving office. In a serving area where there is not physically located a serving office, a theoretical location has been established by the Telephone Company for billing purposes.

FILED

AUG 2 1991

Issued: JUL - 3 1991

Effective: AU6 - 2 1991

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 2nd_Revised Sheet 31 Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 31

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

LASSOURI Public Service Commission

Other Line Charge - The charge applied by another telephone company for the portion of an intraLATA interexchange service which it furnishes. The "other line" charge added to the Telephone Company's charge for the portion of the intraLATA interexchange service which it furnishes is the through charge for the entire intraLATA interexchange service furnished jointly by the Telephone Company and other telephone companies.

Other Telephone Company - See Connecting Company.

Premises - All portions of the same building occupied by the sanGANCELLED customer, provided that: AUG 2 1991

- The portions are not separated from each other by intervening 3 R.S. 31 offices, rooms or suites not occupied by the customer. By Commit

- The portions of different floors are contiguous and that the MISSOURI portion on the upper floor is directly above the nortice occupied on the lower floor

All of the buildings are located on one continuous plot of property, all of which plot is owned and/or held under lease by the same customer, and the buildings are not separated by a public vehicular thoroughfare which is governmentally owned.

(CP) Premises Wiring - Wiring on the customer's side of the network interface provided for use with service components furnished by the Telephone Company for Private Line Service.

> Primary Serving Office - That office in a single office service area or that office of a multi-office service area which is designated by the Telephone Company as the primary serving office. A primary serving office is also a serving office. In a service area where there is not physically located a serving office, a theoretical location has been established by the Telephone Company for billing purposes.

(RT)

(CP)

(RT)

Issued: DEC 29 1983

JAM 0 1 1984 Effective:

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 1st Revised Sheet 31 Replacing Original Sheet 31

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(CONTINUED)

Other Telephone Company - See Connecting Company

Premises -

(CT)

DEC - 4 1980

- A. All portions of the same building occupied by the same customer, provided that:
 - The portions are not separated from each other by intervening offices, rooms, or suites not occupied by the customer.
 - The portions of different floors are contiguous and that the portion on the upper floor is directly above the portion occupied on the lower floor.

B. All of the buildings are located on one continuous plot of property, all of which plot is owned and/or held under lease by the same customer, and the buildings are not separated by a public vehicular thoroughfare which is governmentally owned.

Primary Serving Office - That office in a single office service area or that office of a multi-office service area which is designated by the Telephone Company as the primary serving office. A primary serving office is also a serving office. In a service area where there is not physically located a serving office, a theoretical location has been established by the Telephone Company for billing purposes.

Private Branch Exchange - A "Private Branch Exchange" (PBX), or "Private Branch Exchange service" is an arrangement of equipment consisting of stations located on the customer premises and connected to switching equipment. The switching equipment provides for the capability to connect stations to stations, stations to trunks, and central office trunks which terminate in the switching equipment and provides station access to exchange telephone service of the Telephone Company or of a connecting company and for access to the Long Distance Telecommunications network. GANGELLED

- 1 1984

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF MISSOURI

DEU 1 > 1980 80-256

di filly Service Com-75 - 57 - X --

December 1, 1980 Issued:

Effective:

December 15, 1980

REGULATIONS

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1
[[] [] Original Sheet 31

FEDILL.

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(CONTINUED)

Other Telephone Company - See Connecting Company

Premises -

- A. All portions of the same building occupied by the same customer, provided that:
 - The portions are not separated from each other by intervening offices, rooms, or suites not occupied by the customer.
 - The portions of different floors are contiguous and that the portion on the upper floor is directly above the portion occupied on the lower floor.
- All of the buildings occupied by the same customer, provided that:
 - 1. All of the buildings are located on the same plot of ground which is not intersected by a public highway.

NOTE: A public highway is considered to mean a vehicular thoroughfare which is governmentally owned. (See Building)

Primary Serving Office - That office in a single office service area or that office of a multi-office service area which is designated by the Telephone Company as the primary serving office. A primary serving office is also a serving office. In a service area where there is not physically located a serving office, a theoretical location has been established by the Telephone Company for billing purposes.

Private Branch Exchange - A "Private Branch Exchange" (PBX), or "Private Branch Exchange service" is an arrangement of equipment consisting of stations located on the customer premises and connected to switching equipment. The switching equipment provides for the capability to connect stations to stations, stations to trunks, and central office trunks which terminate in the switching equipment and provides station access to exchange telephone service of the Telephone Company or of a connecting company and for access to the Long Distance Telecommunications network.

DEC 15 1980

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
5th Revised Sheet 32
Replacing 4th Revised Sheet 32

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

(MT) (MT) <u>Primary Serving Office</u> - That office in a single office service area or that office of a multioffice service area which is designated by the Telephone Company as the primary serving office. A primary serving office is also a serving office. In a serving area where there is not physically located a serving office, a theoretical location has been established by the Telephone Company for billing purposes.

<u>Prime Service Vendor</u> - The service vendor from whom the customer, or their authorized agent, orders NSEP Telecommunications Service.

<u>Private Line Service</u> - Channels and other service components (when provided by the Telephone Company) provided solely for the use of a customer or user.

<u>Registered</u> - Denotes equipment which complies with and has been approved within the Registration provisions of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations.

<u>Served Direct Service</u> - Those service components provided for specified two-point intraexchange channels between different buildings on different premises which do not route through a serving office.

<u>Service Area</u> - An exchange or a zone of a metropolitan exchange.

<u>Service Point</u> - Denotes the service components furnished by the Telephone Company at a location on a premises and connected for Private Line Service, or:

Denotes a point on a premises at which a Private Line Service is terminated where the service at that premises involves only channels furnished by the Telephone Company and the transmitting or receiving equipment, or combination transmitting and receiving equipment, is furnished by the customer or:



(AT)

Denotes certain designated Telephone Company locations where a Private Line Service terminates in Telephone Company provided central office based services or equipment e.g., Central Office Multiplexing, Network Reconfiguration Service.

<u>Subcontracting Service Vendor</u> - The service vendor who, under contract or Tariff concurrence, agrees to provide a portion of an NSEP Telecommunications Service.

<u>Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) Authorization Code</u> - A special 12 digit code assigned by the TSP Program Office, which authorizes priority provisioning and/or restoration designations for NSEP Telecommunications Services.

Issued: June 30, 1992 Effective: August. 10, 1992

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Section 1
Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 32
JUN 28 1991

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

MISSOURI

(AT) Prime Service Vendor - The service vendor from whom the Susting Corning Prime Service vendor - The service vendor from whom the Susting Prime Service vendor - The service vendor from whom the Susting Prime Service vendor - The service vendor from whom the Susting Prime Service vendor - The service vendor from whom the Susting Prime Service vendor - The service vendor from whom the Susting Prime Service vendor - The service vendor from whom the Susting Prime Service vendor - The service vendor from whom the Susting Prime Service vendor - The service vendor from whom the Susting Prime Service vendor from vend

Private Line Service - Channels and other service components (when provided by the Telephone Company) provided solely for the use of a customer or user.

Registered - Denotes equipment which complies with and has been approved within the Registration provisions of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations.

Served Direct Service - Those service components provided for specified two-point intraexchange channels between different buildings on different premises which do not route through a serving office.

Service Area - An exchange or a zone of a metropolitan exchange.

<u>Service Point</u> - Denotes the service components furnished by the Telephone Company at a location on a premises and connected for Private Line Service, or:

Denotes a point on a premises at which a Private Line Service is terminated where the service at that premises involves only channels furnished by the Telephone Company and the transmitting or receiving equipment, or combination transmitting and receiving equipment, is furnished by the customer.

(AT) Subcontracting Service Vendor - The service vendor who, under contract or Tariff concurrence, agrees to provide a portion of an NSEP Telecommunications Service.

Telecommunications Service Priority (TSP) Authorization Code - A special 12 digit code assigned by the TSP Program Office, which authorizes priority provisioning and/or restoration designations for NSEP Telecommunications Services.

CANCELLED

BY 575 R, S, #35.
Public Service Commission

MISSOURI

Issued: JUL - 0 1991

(AT)

Effective: AUG - 2 1991

AUG 2 1991

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1

D 3rd Revised Sheet 32

Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 32

REGULATIONS

DEC 29 1003

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

MISSOURI

- (CT) Private Line Service Channels and other service components (when provided not by the Telephone Company) provided solely for the use of a customer-or-user.
 - Registered Denotes equipment which complies with and has been approved within the Registration provisions of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations.
- (CT) Served Direct Service Those service components provided for specified two-point intraexchange channels between different buildings on different premises which do not route through a serving office.
 - Service Area An exchange or a zone of a metropolitan exchange.
- (CP) Service Point Denotes the service components furnished by the Telephone Company at a location on a premises and connected for Private Line Service, or:

Denotes a point on a premises at which a Private Line Service is terminated where the service at that premises involves only channels furnished by the Telephone Company and the transmitting or receiving equipment, or combination transmitting and receiving equipment, is furnished by the customer.

CANCELLED

AUG 2 1991
BY 4 K.S# 3>
Public Service Commission
MISSOURI

FILED

JAN - 1 1937

83 - 253

Public Service Commission

Issued: DEC 29 1983

Effective: JAN 0 1 1994

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 32
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 32

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

(CP)

MAY 20 EUR

Private Line Service - Channels and other facilities (when provided by the Telephone Company) provided solely for the use of a customer and his authorized users and joint users.

Registered - Denotes equipment which complies with and has been approved within the Registration provisions of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations.

Served Direct Service - Those facilities provided for specified two-point intraexchange channels between different buildings on different premises which do not route through a serving office.

Service Area - An exchange or a zone of a metropolitan exchange.

Service Point - When used in connection with private line services, denotes the service area in which a station of the customer, authorized user or joint user is located.

When used in connection with customer-provided systems, denotes the point on the customer's, authorized user's or joint user's premises where private line services provided by the Telephone Company to the customer, authorized user or joint user are terminated in transmitting and receiving terminal equipment or in switching equipment used in the normal mode of operation for communications with stations or customer-provided terminal equipment located on the premises. Where a station is not located in an exchange area, the location of the station or termination is considered to be an exchange for the purpose of this definition.

TELEPHONE AUTHORITY

GANGELLED JAN - 1 1984

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF MISSOURI

FILED
JUL - 1 1981
Public Service Commission

Issued: JUN 0 1 1981

Effective: JUL 0 1 1981

in some

(CT)

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
1st Revised Sheet 32
Replacing Original Sheet 32

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

JAN 21 1981

Private Line Service - Channels and other facilities (when provided by the Telephone Company) provided solely for the use of a customer and his authorized users and joint users.

Registered - Denotes equipment which complies with and has been approved within the Registration provisions of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations.

Service Area - An exchange or a zone of a metropolitan exchange.

Service Point - When used in connection with private line services, denotes the service area in which a station of the customer, authorized user, or joint user is located.

When used in connection with customer-provided systems, denotes the point on the customer's, authorized user's, or joint user's premises where private line services provided by the Telephone Company to the customer, authorized user, or joint user are terminated in transmitting and receiving terminal equipment or in switching equipment used in the normal mode of operation for communications with stations or customer-provided terminal equipment located on the premises. Where a station is not located in an exchange area, the location of the station or termination is considered to be an exchange for the purpose of this definition.

BANGELLED

BY 2 NO REPORT SERVICE COMMISSION
RUBLIC SERVICE NISSOURI

Issued: JAN 2 2 1981

Effective: FEB 2 1 1981

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 32

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Private Line Service - Channels and other facilities (when provided by the Telephone Company) provided solely for the use of a customer and his authorized users and joint users.

Service Area - An exchange or a zone of a metropolitan exchange.

<u>Service Point</u> - When used in connection with Private Line services, denotes the service area in which a station of the customer, authorized user, or joint user is located.

When used in connection with customer-provided systems, denotes the point on the customer's, authorized user's, or joint user's premises where Private Line services provided by the Telephone Company to the customer, authorized user, or joint user are terminated in transmitting and receiving terminal equipment or in switching equipment used in the normal mode of operation for communications with stations or customer-provided terminal equipment located on the premises. Where a station is not located in an exchange area, the location of the station or termination is considered to be an exchange for the purpose of this definition.



78-235

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 33
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 33

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

<u>Serving Office</u> - The office in the service area from which a customer would normally be served for Local Exchange Telephone Service. Where the serving office is not located in the service area, a theoretical location has been established by the Telephone Company for billing purposes.

<u>Serving Office Area</u> - The specific area normally served by a serving office. A serving office area may be served in several ways, namely:

- By a single unit service office with one telephone number prefix.
- By a multiple unit serving office with multiple telephone number prefixes.
- By a theoretical serving office with switching equipment located in another exchange or serving office area. Such an area is also termed a "potential serving office area."



(CT)

(AT) <u>Station Port</u> - A station port is the classification of the station interface for off-premises main stations or extension stations of a premises PBX (or similar) switching system used in reference to loop signaling requirements on grandfathered and registered PBX Systems.

Studio - When used in connection with Private Line Service for wired music distribution, indicates fixed premises of a customer at which personnel of the customer are present and in which audio material regularly originates or is received for closed circuit transmission to wired music service point locations. The term "studio" excludes all locations where the subject matter to be transmitted is not originated primarily for wired music distribution.

Issued: December 29, 1983 Effective: January 1, 1984

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Line 1st Revised Sheet 33
Replacing Original Sheet 33

REGULATIONS

DEC - 4 1980

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Linearity

Serving Office - The office in the service area from which a customer would normally be served for Local Exchange Telephone service. Where the serving office is not located in the service area, a theoretical location has been established by the Telephone Company for billing purposes.

Serving Office Area - The specific area normally served by a serving office.

A serving office area may be served in several ways, namely:

- A. By a single unit serving office with one telephone number prefix.
- B. By a multiple unit serving office with multiple telephone number prefixes.
- C. By a theoretical serving office with switching equipment located in another exchange or serving office area. Such an area is also termed a "potential serving office area."

Station - The term "station" as used in connection with Private Line services:

- 1. Denotes the transmitting or receiving equipment, or combination transmitting and receiving equipment furnished by the Telephone Company at a location on a premises and connected for Private Line service as provided in Section 3 of this Tariff, or:
- 2. Denotes a point on a premises at which a Private Line service is terminated where the service at that premises involves only channels furnished by the Telephone Company and the transmitting or receiving equipment, or combination transmitting and receiving equipment, is furnished by the customer, authorized user, or joint user.

Studio - When used in connection with Private Line service for wired music distribution, indicates fixed premises of a customer at which personnel of the customer are present and in which audio material regularly originates or is received for closed circuit transmission to wired music station locations. The term "studio" excludes all locations where the subject matter to be transmitted in the originated primarily for wired music distribution.

BY JAN-1 1984

BY JAN-1 1984

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF MISSOURI

DEU 1 9 1980

80-256

Issued: December 1, 1980

(CT)

Effective:

December 15, 1980

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 33

F-111

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Serving Office - The office in the service area from which a customer would normally be served for Local Exchange Telephone service. Where the serving office is not located in the service area, a theoretical location has been established by the Telephone Company for billing purposes.

<u>Serving Office Area</u> - The specific area normally served by a serving office.

A serving office area may be served in several ways, namely:

- A. By a single unit serving office with one telephone number prefix.
- B. By a multiple unit serving office with multiple telephone number prefixes.
- C. By a theoretical serving office with switching equipment located in another exchange or serving office area. Such an area is also termed a "potential serving office area."

Station - The term "station" as used in connection with Private Line services:

- 1. Denotes the transmitting or receiving equipment, or combination transmitting and receiving equipment furnished by the Telephone Company at a location on a premises and connected for Private Line service as provided in Section 3 of this Tariff, or:
- 2. Denotes a point on a premises at which a Private Line service is terminated where the service at that premises involves only channels furnished by the Telephone Companyand the transmitting or receiving equipment, or combination transmitting and receiving equipment, is furnished by the customer, authorized user, or joint user.

Studio - When used in connection with Private Line service for program transmission, indicates fixed premises of a broadcasting station in which program material regularly originates or is received for transmission to the broadcasting transmitter or to networks and at which location personnel of the broadcaster are present. The term "studio" excludes all locations where the subject matter to be transmitted is not originated with a program transmission purposes.

DEC 15 1980

PUBLIC SERVICE COMM

78-235

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980

Effective: MAR 1 3 1980

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 34
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 34

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

<u>Telephone Company</u> - Southwestern Bell Telephone Company.

<u>Termination</u> - When used in connection with the application of termination charges for Private Line Services, denotes the discontinuance, either at the request of the customer or by the Telephone Company under its regulations concerning cancellation for cause, of service or service components provided by the Telephone Company.

(RT) (RT)

<u>Zone</u> - A portion of a Metropolitan Exchange which has one primary serving office and is further described in the Local Exchange Tariff.

Issued: November 30, 1984 Effective: January 1, 1985

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
lst Revised Sheet 34
Replacing Original Sheet 34

REGETVED

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

DEC 29 1223

Telephone Company - Southwestern Bell Telephone Company.

Public Service Commission

(RT)

(CT)

Termination - When used in connection with the application of termination charges for Private Line Services, denotes the discontinuance, either at the request of the customer or by the Telephone Company under its regulations concerning cancellation for cause, of service or service components provided by the Telephone Company.

Wideband Channel - When used in connection with TELPAK channels and services, denotes a channel which has the equivalent of 12, 24, 60 or 240 voice grade channels.

Zone - A portion of a Metropolitan Exchange which has one primary serving office and is further described in the Local Exchange Tariff.

BY DENICE COMMISSION ANSWORK

Issued: DEC 29 1983

Effective: JAN 0 1 1937

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 34

RECHIVED

FED 11 1 1

REGULATIONS

1.5 DEFINITIONS-(Continued)

Telephone Company - Southwestern Bell Telephone Company.

Telephone Set - A non-button or one-button instrument, multi-button key instrument or recessed key arrangement furnished, installed, and maintained by the Telephone Company.

Termination - When used in connection with the application of termination charges for Private Line services, denotes the discontinuance, either at the request of the customer, authorized user, or joint user, or by the Telephone Company under its regulations concerning cancellation for cause, of service or facilities (including channels and station equipment) provided by the Telephone Company.

<u>Wideband Channel</u> - When used in connection with TELPAK channels and services, denotes a channel which has the equivalent of 12, 24, 60, or 240 voice grade channels.

Zone - A portion of a metropolitan exchange which has one primary serving office and is further described in the Local Exchange Tariff.

CAMPELLED

BY SERVICE COMMI

ag 235

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
3rd Revised Sheet 35
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 35

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS

1.6.1 General Provisions

A. General

(AT) (AT)

- Terminal equipment and communications systems may be connected at the customer's
 premises to Private Line Services furnished by the Telephone Company where such
 connections are made in accordance with applicable provisions of this Tariff and the
 connections of Terminal Equipment and Communications Systems Section of the General
 Exchange Tariff.
- 2. The term "telecommunications services," which used in this Section, denotes Exchange Service, Long Distance Message Telecommunications Service (LDMTS) and Wide Area Telecommunications Service (WATS).

B. Responsibility of the Customer

1. The customer shall be responsible for the installation, operation and maintenance of any customer or interexchange customer-provided terminal equipment or communications system. No combination of Customer Premises Equipment or Communications Systems shall require a change in or alteration of service components of the Telephone Company, cause electrical hazards to Telephone Company personnel, damage to Telephone Company service components, malfunction of Telephone Company billing equipment or degradation of service to persons other than the user of the subject terminal equipment or communications system, his calling or called party. Upon notice from the Telephone Company that a Customer Premises Equipment or Communications System is causing such hazard, damage, malfunction or degradation of service, the customer shall make such change as shall be necessary to remove or prevent such hazard, damage, malfunction or degradation of service.

(RT)

Issued: December 29, 1983 Effective: January 1, 1984

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 35
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 35

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS

1.6.1 General Provisions

JAN 21 1981

A. General

(CT)

- Terminal equipment and communications systems may be connected at the customer's premises to private line services furnished by the Telephone Company where such connections are made in accordance with applicable provisions of this Tariff.
- 2. The term "telecommunications services" when used in this section denotes exchange service, Long Distance Message Telecommunications Service (LDMTS) and Wide Area Telecommunications Service (WATS).
- B. Responsibility of the Customer
 - The customer shall be responsible for the installation, operation and maintenance of any customer, authorized user, joint user, or Other Common Carrier (listed in 1.6.10, C.)-provided terminal equipment or communications system. No combination of customer-provided terminal equipment or communications system shall require change in or alteration of the equipment or services of the Telephone Company, unless that change or alteration is specifically permitted under the provisions of 1.6.6 following, cause electrical hazards to Telephone Company personnel, damage to Telephone Company equipment, malfunction of Telephone Company billing equipment, or degradation of service to persons other than the user of the subject terminal equipment or communications system, his calling or called party. Upon notice from the Telephone Company that a customer-provided terminal equipment or communications system is causing such hazard, damage, malfunction or degradation of service, the customer, authorized user, or joint user shall make such change as shall be necessary to remove or prevent such hazard, damage, malfunction or degradation of service.
 - 2. Where the customer, authorized user, or joint user elects to provide his own data set(s) on a given Telephone Company-provided private line, it shall be the responsibility of the customer to ensure the continuing compatibility of such many and the private line service furnished by the Telephone Company.

BY JAN - 1 1984

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
OF MISSOURI

Issued: JAN 2 2 1981

Effective: FEB 2 1 1981

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

(CT)

(AT)

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
1st Revised Sheet 35
Replacing Original Sheet 35

REGEIVED

AUG 20 1980

MISSUUKI

Public Service Commission

REGULATIONS

(CT) 1.6 CONNECTIONS

1.6.1 General Provisions

A. General

- 1. Terminal equipment and communications systems provided by the customer, authorized user or joint user may be connected at the customer's premises to private line services furnished by the Telephone Company where such connections are made in accordance with applicable provisions of this Tariff.
- 2. The term "telecommunications services" when used in this section denotes exchange service, Long Distance Message Telecommunications Service (LDMTS) and Wide Area Telecommunications Service (WATS).

B. Responsibility of the Customer

- The customer shall be responsible for the installation, operation and maintenance of any customer, authorized user, joint user, or Other Common Carrier (listed in 1.6.9, C.)-provided terminal equipment or communications system. No combination of customer-provided terminal equipment or communications system shall require change in or alteration of the equipment or services of the Telephone Company, cause electrical hazards to Telephone Company personnel, damage to Telephone Company equipment, malfunction of Telephone Company billing equipment, or degradation of service to persons other than the user of the subject terminal equipment or communications system, his calling or called party. Upon notice from the Telephone Company that a customer-provided terminal equipment or communications system is causing such hazard, damage, malfunction or degradation of service, the customer, authorized user, or joint user shall make such change as shall be necessary to remove or prevent such hazard, damage, malfunction or degradation of service.
- 2. Where the customer, authorized user, or joint user elects to provide his own data set(s) on a given Telephone Company-provided private line, it shall be the responsibility of the customer to ensure the continuing compatibility of the line service furnished by the line Company.

FEB 21 1981

BY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

FILE

Issued: AUG 2 9 1980

Effective: SEP 2 9 1980

CEP # 8 1980

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 35

TEC SIVE

= 1.1 imes 1

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS

1.6.1 General

- A. In addition to the regulations and definitions applicable to Private Line services as set forth in this Tariff, the following regulations apply to the connections of customer-provided facilities.
- B. Customer-provided terminal equipment and customer-provided communications systems may be connected with facilities furnished for Private Line service by the Telephone Company where such connection is made in accordance with the Tariffs of this Company governing the furnishing of Private Line service.
- C. Since Telephone Company Private Line services utilize Telephone Company facilities in common with other services, it is necessary, in order to prevent excessive noise and crosstalk, that the power of the signal applied to the Telephone Company lines be limited.

To protect Telephone Company facilities and the services furnished to the general public by the Telephone Company from harmful effects, the signals applied to Telephone Company facilities by equipment or systems provided by a customer, authorized user, or joint user must comply with the applicable minimum protection criteria as stated in Paragraph 1.6.5, except as provided in Paragraph 1.6.1F, following.

D. Where terminal equipment (except where connected with a DATA-PHONE Data Set) or communications systems provided by a customer, authorized user, or joint user, except as provided in Paragraph 1.6.1F, following, are connected with facilities furnished for Private Line service by the Telephone Company and there is connection of such facilities to Long Distance Message Telecommunications service, Local Exchange service or WATS access line, such terminal equipment or communications systems must comply with the minimum network protection criteria as set forth in the General Exchange or WATS Tariffs. The power of the signal which may be applied by the equipment or system provided by a customer, authorized user, or joint user to the Telephone Company interface located on the premises of a customer, authorized user, or joint user will be specified by the Telephone Company for each application to be consistent with the signal power allowed on the telecommunications network.

GANGELLED

SEP 2 0 1980

78-235

BY INT RS # 35
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF MISSOURI

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980

Effective:

MAR 1 3 1980

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
6th Revised Sheet 36
Replacing 5th Revised Sheet 36

REGULATIONS

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)
- 1.6.1 General Provision-(Continued)
- B. Responsibility of the Customer-(Continued)
- (CT) 2. The customer shall be responsible for payment of a nonrecurring Customer Owned Equipment Trouble Isolation Charge for those conditions and circumstances described in the Restoration of Service Section of the General Exchange Tariff.
 - 3. The customer who provides the premises wiring of Communications Systems subject to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations shall be responsible for the payment of an Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge as provided below for activities performed by Telephone Company employees at the customer's premises when the premises wiring in question has failed acceptance tests monitored by, or participated in by, the Telephone Company pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations and/or has been revealed to be not in conformance with the information provided in the related affidavit which was provided pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations and/or has resulted in a harm to the network.

The Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge provided for above is comprised of the first, or a combination of both, rate elements described below, as appropriate:

Element 2 - for each additional 15 minutes, or major fraction thereof, of total time spent by Telephone Company employees in performing the related customer-premises activities described in element 1, preceding - USOC: EPCAE \$ 8.15

Issued: September 25, 1989 Effective: October 01, 1989

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
5th Revised Sheet 36
Replacing 4th Revised Sheet 36

REGULATIONS

REGEIVED

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

JUN 27 1986

1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)

- MISSUURI Public Service Commission
- B. Responsibility of the Customer-(Continued)
 - 2. The customer shall be responsible for the payment of a nonrecurring Customer Owned Equipment Trouble Isolation Charge of \$25.00 for each repair visit to a premises of the customer or user or the premises of any other customer where the service difficulty or trouble results from the use of equipment or service components provided by the customer or user.
 - 3. The customer who provides the premises wiring of Communications Systems subject to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations shall be responsible for the payment of an Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge as provided below for activities performed by Telephone Company employees at the customer's premises when the premises wiring in question has failed acceptance tests monitored by, or participated in by, the Telephone Company pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations and/or has been revealed to be not in conformance with the information provided in the related affidavit which was provided pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations and/or has resulted in a harm to the network.

The Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge provided for above is comprised of the first, or a combination of both, rate 1989 elements described below, as appropriate:

Public Service Commission

Issued: JUN 27 1986

Effective: JUL 1 1985

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
4th Revised Sheet 36

Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 36

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

(FC)

1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)

B. Responsibility of the Customer-(Continued)

DEC 29 1883

Public Service Commission

- (CT) 2. The customer shall be responsible for the payment of a nonrecurring Maintenance of Service Charge of \$25.00 for each repair visit to a premises of the customer or user or the premises of any other customer where the service difficulty or trouble results from the use of equipment or service components provided by the customer or user.
 - 3. The customer who provides the premises wiring of Communications Systems subject to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations shall be responsible for the payment of an Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge as provided below for activities performed by Telephone Company employees at the customer's premises when the premises wiring in question has failed acceptance tests monitored by, or participated in by, the Telephone Company pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations and/or has been revealed to be not in conformance with the information provided in the related affidavit which was provided pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations and/or has resulted in a harm to the network.

The Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge provided for above is comprised of the first, or a combination of both, rate elements described below, as appropriate:

BY STAR S.#36
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

JAN - 1 1984

While Service Commission

Issued:

DEC 29 1983

Effective:

JAN 0 1 1984

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
3rd Revised Sheet 36
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 36

REGULATIONS

LEGEUVED

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)
- 1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)
- B. Responsibility of the Customer-(Continued)

DEC 7 1981

- 3. The customer shall be responsible for the payment of a nonrecurring Maintenance of Service Charge of \$25.00 for each repair visit to a premises of the customer, authorized or joint users or the premises of any other customer where the service difficulty or trouble results from the use of equipment or facilities provided by the customer, authorized users or joint users.
- 4. The customer who provides the premises wiring of Communications Systems subject to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations shall be responsible for the payment of an Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge as provided below for activities performed by Telephone Company employees at the customer's premises, when the premises wiring in question has failed acceptance tests monitored by, or participated in by, the Telephone Company pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations, and/or has been revealed to be not in conformance with the information provided in the related affidavit which was provided pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations and/or has resulted in a harm to the network.

The Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge provided for above is comprised of the first, or a combination of both rate elements described below, as appropriate:

Element 1 - for the first 15 minutes, or fraction thereof, of total time spent by Telephone Company employees in the related monitoring or participation in acceptance tests and/or in related inspection of customer-provided premises wiring for Communications Systems subject to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations, and for administrative expenses including the visit to the customer's premises - USOC: EPCIE (CR)\$35.05

GANGELLED

th pe

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

IAN - 1 1984

Element 2 - for each additional 15 minutes, or major fraction thereof, of total time spent by Telephone Company employees in performing the related customer-premises activities described in Element 1 preceding - USOC: EPCAE (CR)\$ 8.15

Issued:

DEC 0 7 1981

Effective:

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri
Southwestern Bell Telephone Company
St. Louis, Missouri

DEC - 9 1581 8 1 2 0 8

Public Servici. Commiss

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 36
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 36

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)

JAN 21 1981

- B. Responsibility of the Customer-(Continued)
 - 3. The customer shall be responsible for the payment of a nonrecurring Maintenance of Service Charge of \$25.00 for each repair visit to a premises of the customer, authorized or joint users or the premises of any other customer where the service difficulty or trouble results from the use of equipment or facilities provided by the customer, authorized users or joint users.
 - 4. The customer who provides the premises wiring of Communications Systems subject to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations shall be responsible for the payment of an Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge as provided below for activities performed by Telephone Company employees at the customer's premises, when the premises wiring in question has failed acceptance tests monitored by, or participated in by, the Telephone Company pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations, and/or has been revealed to be not in conformance with the information provided in the related affidavit which was provided pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations and/or has resulted in a harm to the network.

The Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge provided for above is comprised of the first, or a combination of both rate elements described below, as appropriate:

Element 2 - Additional 15 minutes, or major fraction thereof, of total time spenty by Telephone Company employees in performing the related enstower-premises activities described in Element 1 preceding - USOCA FPCAE \$ 6.55

BY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

Issued: JAN 2 2 1981

Effective: FEB 2 1 1091

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

(C)

(RT)

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1

1st Revised Sheet 36
Replacing Original Sheet 36

REGULATIONS

(CT) 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)

B. Responsibility of the Customer-(Continued)

AUG 20 1980

Missouth Public Service Commission

- 3. The customer shall be responsible for the payment of a nonrecurring Maintenance Service Charge of \$25.00 for each repair visit to a premises of the customer, authorized or joint users or the premises of any other customer where the service difficulty or trouble results from the use of equipment or facilities provided by the customer, authorized users or joint users (except Other Common Carrier-provided systems).
- The customer who provides the premises wiring of Communications Systems subject to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations shall be responsible for the payment of an Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge as provided below for activities performed by Telephone Company employees at the customer's premises, when the premises wiring in question has failed acceptance tests monitored by, or participated in by, the Telephone Company pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations, and/or has been revealed to be not in conformance with the information provided in the related affidavit which was provided pursuant to the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations and/or has resulted in a harm to the network.

The Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge provided for above is comprised of the first, or a combination of both rate elements described below, as appropriate:

Issued: AUG 2 9 1980

Effective: SEP 2 9 1980

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 36

FED 11 (C.)

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

1.6.1 General-(Continued)

Public Service

E. Where terminal equipment or communications systems provided by a customer, authorized user, or joint user, except as provided herein, are connected with facilities furnished for Private Line service by the Telephone Company and there is connection of such facilities to Long Distance Message Telecommunications service, Local Exchange service or WATS access line or where such equipment or communications systems are connected to a private line terminated in a CENTREX system, the connection shall be such that the function of network control signaling, (except customer-provided tone-type address signaling through a Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangement or signaling functions performed by customer-provided equipment pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph 1.6.13, following) is performed by equipment furnished, installed and maintained by the Telephone Company.

Customer-provided tone-type address signaling is permitted through acoustic or inductive connections provided such connections are effected externally to a Telephone Company network control signaling unit. However, the facilities of the Telephone Company are not designed for such use and the Telephone Company makes no representation as to the reliability of address signaling which is performed in such manner.

- F. Minimum protection criteria stated in Paragraph 1.6.5 are not applicable where customer-provided terminal equipment is connected with a DATA-PHONE Data Set furnished by the Telephone Company or a high speed TELPAK data channel terminal as indicated in Section 2 of this Tariff. Due to the nature of the service provided and/or the type of facility used, minimum protection criteria are not applicable where customer-provided terminal equipment or communications systems are connected with the following channels.
 - 1. Channels provided for Series 200 services.
 - 2. Channels provided for Medium Speed Facsimile.
 - 3. Channels provided for Series 600 service.
 - 4. Channels provided for Bell and Lights Civil Air Defense Warning systems; Series 100.

GANGELLED

SEP 2 9 1980

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF MISSOURI

78-235

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980

Effective: MAR 1 3 1980

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 4th Revised Sheet 37 Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 37

REGULATIONS

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS (Continued)
 - 1.6.1 General Provisions (Continued)
 - B. Responsibility of the Customer (Continued)

(RT)

- C. Responsibility of the Telephone Company
- (CP)
- 1. Private Line Services are not represented as adapted to the use of the customer or interexchange customer-provided terminal equipment or communications systems. Where such terminal equipment or communications systems are used with Private Line Services, the responsibility of the Telephone Company shall be limited to the furnishing of service components suitable for Private Line Services and to the maintenance and operation of service components in a manner proper for such services. Subject to this responsibility, the Telephone Company shall not be responsible for (1) the through transmission of signals generated by the Customer Premises Equipment or Communications Systems or for the quality of, or defects in, such transmission, or (2) the reception of signals by Customer Premises Equipment or Communications Systems or (3) address signaling where such signaling is performed by customer-provided signaling equipment.

By R. D. BARRON, Vice President-Missouri

Effective: January 1, 1984

CANCELLED June 29, 2007 TO-2002-185 Missouri Public Service Commission

Issued: December 29, 1983

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
3rd Revised Sheet 37
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 37

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

(CT)

1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)

JAN 21 1981

- B. Responsibility of the Customer-(Continued)
 - 5. The consent of the customer must be obtained by the authorized user or joint user prior to the connection of authorized user or joint user-provided terminal equipment or communications systems to a private line service provided to the customer.
- C. Responsibility of the Telephone Company
 - Private line services are not represented as adapted to the use of the customer, authorized user, joint user or Other Common Carrier (listed in 1.6.10, C.)-provided terminal equipment or communications systems. Where such terminal equipment or communications systems are used with private line services, the responsibility of the Telephone Company shall be limited to the furnishing of service components suitable for private line services and to the maintenance and operation of service components in a manner proper for such services. Subject to this responsibility, the Telephone Company shall not be responsible for (i) the through transmission of signals generated by the customer-provided terminal equipment or communications systems or for the quality of, or defects in, such transmission, or (ii) the reception of signals by customer-provided terminal equipment or communications systems, or (iii) address signaling where such signaling is performed by customer-provided signaling equipment.

CAMBELLED

JAN - 1 1984

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Issued: JAN 2 2 1981

Effective: FEB 2 1 1981

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 37
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 37

REGULATIONS

(CT) 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)

B. Responsibility of the Customer-(Continued)

Public Service Commercian

AUG 20 1980

- 5. The consent of the customer must be obtained by the authorized user or joint user prior to the connection of authorized user or joint user-provided terminal equipment or communications systems to a private line service provided to the customer.
- C. Responsibility of the Telephone Company
 - 1. Private line services are not represented as adapted to the use of the customer, authorized user, joint user or Other Common Carrier (listed in 1.6.9, C.)-provided terminal equipment or communications systems. Where such terminal equipment or communications systems are used with private line services, the responsibility of the Telephone Company shall be limited to the furnishing of service components suitable for private line services and to the maintenance and operation of service components in a manner proper for such services. Subject to this responsibility, the Telephone Company shall not be responsible for (i) the through transmission of signals generated by the customer-provided terminal equipment or communications systems or for the quality of, or defects in, such transmission, or (ii) the reception of signals by customer-provided terminal equipment or communications systems, or (iii) address signaling where such signaling is performed by customer-provided signaling equipment.

BANNOELLED

BY 3 TO 1981

Issued: AUG 2 9 1980

Effective: SEP 2 9 1980

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1

Revised Sheet 37

REGULATIONS

JUL 1 4 1980

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

1.6.2 Responsibility of the Customer

- Where Private Line service is available under this Tar nection with terminal equipment or communications systems provided by a customer, authorized user, joint user or other common carrier listed in Paragraph 1.6.19, the operating characteristics of such equipment or systems shall be such as not to interfere with any of the services offered by the Telephone Company. Such use is subject to the further provisions that the equipment or systems provided by a customer, authorized user or joint user, does not endanger the safety of Telephone Company employees or the public; damage, require change in or alteration of the equipment or other facilities of the Telephone Company; interfere with the proper functioning of such equipment or facilities; impair the operation of the Telephone Company's facilities; or otherwise injure the public in its use of the Telephone Company's services. Upon notice from the Telephone Company that the equipment or system provided by a customer, authorized user or joint user is causing or is likely to cause such hazard or interference, the customer shall make such change as shall be necessary to remove or prevent such hazard or interference.
- The customer shall be responsible for the payment of a nonrecurring maintenance service charge of \$25.00 for each repair visit to a premises of the customer, authorized or joint users or the premises of any other customer where the service difficulty or trouble results from the use of equipment or facilities provided by the customer, authorized users or joint users, except other common carrier-provided systems.
- (CP) C. The customer who provides the Premises Wiring of Communications Systems subject to Part 68 of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations pursuant to Section 68.215 of Chapter I of Title 47 of that Code of Federal Regulations shall be responsible for the payment of an Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge as provided below for activities performed by Telephone Company employees at the customer's premises pursuant to subsections (f), (g) and/or (h) of said Section 68.215, when the premises wiring in question has failed acceptance tests monitored by, or participated in by, the Telephone Company pursuant to Section 68.215, and/or has been revealed to be not in conformance with the information provided in the related affidavit which was provided pursuant to Section 68.215, and/or has resulted in a harm to the network.

SEP 2.9 1980

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF MISSOURCLIVE: AUG 2 0 1980

AUG 20 1980

Issued: JUL 20 1980

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 37

WECEWED

F=7.11 1000

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

1.6.2 Responsibility of the Customer

- Where Private Line service is available under this Tariff for use in connection with terminal equipment or communications systems provided by a customer, authorized user, joint user or other common carrier listed in Paragraph 1.6.19, the operating characteristics of such equipment or systems shall be such as not to interfere with any of the services offered by the Telephone Company. Such use is subject to the further provisions that the equipment or systems provided by a customer, authorized user, or joint user, does not endanger the safety of Telephone Company employees or the public; damage, require change in or alteration of the equipment or other facilities of the Telephone Company; interfere with the proper functioning of such equipment or facilities; impair the operation of the Telephone Company's facilities; or otherwise injure the public in its use of the Telephone Company's services. Upon notice from the Telephone Company that the equipment or system provided by a customer, authorized user, or joint user is causing or is likely to cause such hazard or interference, the customer shall make such change as shall be necessary to remove or prevent such hazard or interference.
- B. The customer shall be responsible for the payment of a non-recurring maintenance service charge of \$25.00 for each repair visit to a premises of the customer, authorized or joint users or the premises of any other customer where the service difficulty or trouble results from the use of equipment or facilities provided by the customer, authorized users, or joint users, except other common carrier-provided systems.
- C. The customer shall be responsible for ordering and specifying the DATA-PHONE Data Sets (where requested), type channel, and the conditioning for operation with his equipment. The undertaking of the Telephone Company is to furnish the DATA-PHONE Data Sets, the channels and conditioning, as provided in it's Tariff, as ordered and specified by the customer.
- D. The consent of the customer must be obtained by the authorized user or joint user prior to the connection of authorized user or joint user provided terminal equipment or communications systems to a Private Line service provided to the customer in IPID

AUG 2 0 1980

78-235

BY 1 STR. 5 # 37
PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF MISSOURI

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980

Effective: MAR 1 3 1980

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
3rd Revised Sheet 37.01
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 37.01

REGULATIONS

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS (Continued)
 - 1.6.1 General Provisions (Continued)
 - C. Responsibility of the Telephone Company (Continued)
 - 2. The Telephone Company will, at the customer's request, provide information concerning interface parameters, including the number of ringers which may be connected to a particular line, needed to permit Customer Premises Equipment to operate in a manner compatible with the telecommunications network.
 - 3. The Telephone Company may make changes in its telecommunications network, service components, operations or procedures, where such action is not inconsistent with the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations. If such changes can be reasonable expected to render any customer's terminal equipment or communications system incompatible with the telecommunications network, or require modification or alteration of such Customer Premises Equipment or Communications Systems, or otherwise materially affect its use or performance, the customer or interexchange customer will be given adequate notice in writing to allow the customer an opportunity to maintain uninterrupted service.
 - D. Recording of Two-Way Telephone Conversations

Private Line Services are not represented as adapted to the recording of two-way telephone conversations. When customer-provided voice recording equipment is used with a Private Line Service which is connected to telecommunications services, the provisions relating to Recording of Two-Way Telephone Conversations as set forth in the Connections of Terminal Equipment and Communications Systems Section of the General Exchange Tariff are applicable to such Private Line Services.

Issued: December 29, 1983 Effective: January 1, 1984

CANCELLED June 29, 2007 TO-2002-185 Missouri Public

Service Commission

(CT)

By R. D. BARRON, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 2nd Revised Sheet 37.01 Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 37.01

REGULATIONS

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)
- 1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)

JAN 21 1981

- Responsibility of the Telephone Company-(Continued)
 - The Telephone Company will, at the customer's request, provide information concerning interface parameters, including the number of ringers which may be connected to a particular line, needed to permit customerprovided terminal equipment to operate in a manner compatible with the telecommunications network.
 - The Telephone Company may make changes in its telecommunications network, equipment, operations or procedures, where such action is not inconsistent with the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations. If such changes can be reasonably expected to render any customer's terminal equipment or communications system incompatible with the telecommunications network, or require modification or alteration of such customer-provided terminal equipment or communications systems, or otherwise materially affect its use or performance, the customer, authorized user, joint user or Other Common Carrier (listed in 1.6.10, C) will be given adequate notice in writing, to allow the customer an opportunity to maintain uninterrupted service.
- D. Recording of Two-Way Telephone Conversations

Private line services are not represented as adapted to the recording of two-way telephone conversations. When customer-provided voice recording equipment is used with a private line service which is connected to telecommunications services, the provisions relating to Recording of Two-Way Telephone Conversations as set forth in 5.1.1, D of the General Exchange Tariff are applicable to such private line service.

1 - NAL

Issued: JAN 2 2 1981

Effective: FEB 2 1 1981

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

(CT)

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
1st Revised Sheet 37.01
Replacing Original Sheet 37.01

REGULATIONS

(CT) 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

AUG 20 1980

- 1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)
- C. Responsibility of the Telephone Company-(Continued)
 - 2. The Telephone Company will, at the customer's request, provide information concerning interface parameters, including the number of ringers which may be connected to a particular line, needed to permit customer-provided terminal equipment to operate in a manner compatible with the telecommunications network.
 - 3. The Telephone Company may make changes in its telecommunications network, equipment, operations or procedures, where such action is not inconsistent with the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations. If such changes can be reasonably expected to render any customer's terminal equipment or communications system incompatible with the telecommunications network, or require modification or alteration of such customer-provided terminal equipment or communications systems, or otherwise materially affect its use or performance, the customer, authorized user, joint user or Other Common Carrier (listed in 1.6.9, C) will be given adequate notice in writing, to allow the customer an opportunity to maintain uninterrupted service.
- D. Recording of Two-Way Telephone Conversations

Private line services are not represented as adapted to the recording of two-way telephone conversations. When customer-provided voice recording equipment is used with a private line service which is connected to telecommunications services, the provisions relating to Recording of Two-Way Telephone Conversations as set forth in 5.1.1, D of the General Exchange Tariff are applicable to such private line service.

BANGELLED

FEB 21 1981

BY DIE SERVICE COMMISSION

BY DIE SERVICE OF MISSOURI

SIP 29 1980

Issued: AUG 2 9 1980

Effective:

SEP 2 9 1980

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 Original Sheet 37.01

REGEIVED

JUL 1 4 1980

MISSUURI Public Service Commission

REGULATIONS

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)
 - 1.6.2 Responsibility of the Customer-(Continued)
 - С. (Continued)

The Institutional Program for Premises Wiring Charge provided for above is comprised of the first, or a combination of both rate elements described below, as appropriate:

- (NR) Element 1 - for the first 15 minutes, or fraction thereof, of total time spent by Telephone Company employees in the related monitoring or participation in acceptance tests and/or in related inspection of customer-provided premises wiring for Communications Systems subject to Part 68 of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations, and for administrative expenses including the visit to the customer's
- (NR) Element 2 - for each additional 15 minutes, or major fraction thereof, of total time spent by Telephone Company employees in performing the related customer-premises activities described in Element 1 preceding - USOC: EPCAE .
- (FC) D. The customer shall be responsible for ordering and specifying the DATAPHONE Data Sets (where requested), type channel and the conditioning for operation with his equipment. The undertaking of the Telephone Company is to furnish . the DATAPHONE Data Sets, the channels and conditioning, as provided in it's Tariff, as ordered and specified by the customer.
- (FC) E. The consent of the customer must be obtained by the authorized user or joint user prior to the connection of authorized user or joint user provided terminal equipment or communications systems to a Private Line service provided to the customer.

GANGELLED

SEP 29 1980

SERVICE COMMISSION

OF MISSOURI



Issued: JUL 2 0 1980

Effective: AUG 2 0 1980

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
4th Revised Sheet 38
Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 38

REGULATIONS

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS (Continued)
 - 1.6.1 General Provisions (Continued)
 - E. Violation of Regulations
- When any customer or interexchange Customer Premises Equipment or Communications System is used with Private Line Services in violation of any of the provisions in this Section, the Telephone Company will take such immediate action as necessary for the protection of the telecommunications network and Telephone Company employees and will promptly notify the customer or interexchange customer of the violation. The customer shall take such steps as are necessary to discontinue such use of the terminal equipment or communications system or correct the violation and shall confirm in writing to the Company within 10 days following the receipt of written notice from the Company that such use has ceased or that the violation has been corrected. Failure to discontinue such use or to correct the violation and to give the required written confirmation to the Telephone Company within the time stated above shall result in suspension of the customer's service until such time as there is compliance with the provisions of this Tariff.
- (CT) F. Connection of Service Components Furnished by the Customer Which Involve Hazardous or Inaccessible Locations.
 - Service Components furnished by the customer which involve hazardous or inaccessible locations may be connected with Private Line Service furnished by the Telephone Company. Such service components furnished by the customer must comply with the minimum protection criteria contained in Paragraph 1.6.4, F., following.

Issued: December 29, 1983 Effective: January 1, 1984

(C)

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
3rd Revised Sheet 38
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 38

REGULATIONS

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)
- 1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)

JAN 21 1981

E. Violation of Regulations

When any customer, authorized user, joint user or Other Common Carrier (CT) (listed in 1.6.10, C)-provided terminal equipment or communications system is used with private line services in violation of any of the provisions in this section, the Telephone Company will take such immediate action as necessary for the protection of the telecommunications network and Telephone Company employees, and will promptly notify the customer, (CT) authorized user, joint user or Other Common Carrier (listed in 1.6.10, C) of the violation. The customer shall take such steps as are necessary to discontinue such use of the terminal equipment or communications system or correct the violation and shall confirm in writing to the Company within 10 days, following the receipt of written notice from the Company, that such use has ceased or that the violation has been corrected. Failure to discontinue such use or to correct the violation and to give the required written confirmation to the Telephone Company within the time stated above shall result in suspension of the customer's service until such time as there is compliance with the provisions of this Tariff.

F. Connection of Facilities Furnished By The Customer Which Involve Hazardous or Inaccessible Locations

Facilities furnished by the customer which involve hazardous or inaccessible locations may be connected with private line service furnished by the Telephone Company. Such facilities furnished by the customer must comply with the minimum protection criteria contained in 1.6.4, F and 1.6.4, G, following.

(RT)



Issued: JAN 2 2 1981

Effective: FEB 2 1 1981

Private Line Service Tariff

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)

E. Violation of Regulations

Section 1 2nd Revised Sheet 38 Sheet 38

AUG 20 1980

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

When any customer, authorized user, joint user or Other Common Carrier (listed in 1.6.9, C)-provided terminal equipment or communications system is used with private line services in violation of any of the provisions in this section, the Telephone Company will take such immediate action as necessary for the protection of the telecommunications network and Telephone Company employees, and will promptly notify the customer, authorized user, joint user or Other Common Carrier (listed in 1.6.9, C) of the violation. The customer shall take such steps as are necessary to discontinue such use of the terminal equipment or communications system or correct the violation and shall confirm in writing to the Company within 10 days, following the receipt of written notice from the Company, that such use has ceased or that the violation has been corrected. Failure to discontinue such use or to correct the violation and to give the required written confirmation to the Telephone Company within the time stated above shall result in suspension of the customer's service until such time as there is compliance with the provisions of this Tariff.

Connection of Facilities Furnished By The Customer Which Involve Hazardous or Inaccessible Locations

Facilities furnished by the customer which involve has about or inaccessible locations may be connected with private line service furnished by the Telephone Company. Such facilities furnished to the customer must comply with the minimum protection criteria contained in 1.6.4, Egand 1.6.4, G, following.

Definitions

G. Definitions

Grandfathered Communications Systems

Denotes customer-provided communications systems (including their equipment, premises wiring and protective circuitry, if any) connected at the premises of the customer authorized user or joint many. of the customer, authorized user or joint user, in accordance with any Telephone Company's tariffs, and that are considered to be grandfathered under the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations because, (a) such systems were connected to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following prior to January 1, 1980, and were of a type system which was directly connected (i.e., without Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements) to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following as of June 1, 1978, or (b) such systems are connected

Issued:

AUG 2 9 1980

Effective:

SEP 2 9 1980

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1

1st Revised Sheet 38
Replacing Original Sheet 38

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

1.6.2 Responsibility of the Customer-(Continued)

JUL 1 4 1980

MISSUUKI

(FC) F. When a customer, authorized user, or joint user elect to provide a communications system, it is contemplated that the customer, authorized or joint user shall provide all the components of the system which are located on the same premises.

(FC) G. When the customer, authorized user, or joint user elects to provide his own data set(s) on a given Private Line service, it shall be the responsibility of the customer, authorized user, or joint user to ensure the continuing compatibility of such data set(s) with the facilities furnished by the Telephone Company.

1.6.3 Responsibility of the Telephone Company

- A. The Telephone Company shall not be responsible for installation, operation, or maintenance of any terminal equipment or communications system provided by a customer, authorized user, joint user, or other common carrier listed in Paragraph 1.6.19. Private Line service is not represented as adapted to the use of such equipment or system and where such equipment or system is connected to Telephone Company facilities, the responsibility of the Telephone Company shall be limited to the furnishing of facilities suitable for Private Line service and to the maintenance and operation of such facilities in a manner proper for such Private Line service; subject to this responsibility, the Telephone Company shall not be responsible for (i) the through transmission of signals generated by such equipment or system, or for the quality of, or defects in, such transmission or (ii) the reception of signals by such equipment or system or (iii) address signaling where such signaling is performed by tone-type signaling equipment provided by the customer or other common carrier listed in Paragraph 1.6.19.
- B. The Telephone Company shall not be responsible to the customer, authorized user, joint user, or other common carrier listed in Paragraph 1.6.19 if changes in the minimum protection criteria or in any of the facilities, operations, or procedures of the Telephone Company render any terminal equipment or communications systems, or any portion thereof, provided by a customer, authorized user, joint user, or other common carrier listed in Paragraph 1.6.19 as the property deputies modification or alteration of such equipment or system. The property thereof or otherwise affect its use or performance.

SEP 2 9 1980

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

AUG 20 1980

Public Service G

Issued: JUL 2 0 1980

Effective: AUG 20 1980

REGULATIONS

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 38

StOC#38

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)
- 1.6.2 Responsibility of the Customer-(Continued)
 - E. When a customer, authorized user, or joint user elects to provide a communications system, it is contemplated that the customer, authorized or joint user shall provide all the components of the system which are located on the same premises.
 - F. When the customer, authorized user, or joint user elects to provide his own data set(s) on a given Private Line service, it shall be the responsibility of the customer, authorized user, or joint user continuing compatibility of such data set(s) with the facilities furnished by the Telephone Company.

 ALIG 2 0 1980
- 1.6.3 Responsibility of the Telephone Company
 - A. The Telephone Company shall not be responsible for instabliation will be a second of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for instabliation of the company shall not be responsible for the company sha tion, or maintenance of any terminal equipment or communications system provided by a customer, authorized user, joint user, or other common carrier listed in Paragraph 1.6.19. Private Line service is not represented as adapted to the use of such equipment or system and where such equipment or system is connected to Telephone Company facilities, the responsibility of the Telephone Company shall be limited to the furnishing of facilities suitable for Private Line service and to the maintenance and operation of such facilities in a manner proper for such Private Line service; subject to this responsibility, the Telephone Company shall not be responsible for (i) the through transmission of signals generated by such equipment or system, or for the quality of, or defects in, such transmission or (ii) the reception of signals by such equipment or system or (iii) address signaling where such signaling is performed by tone-type signaling equipment provided by the customer or other common carrier listed in Paragraph 1.6.19.
 - B. The Telephone Company shall not be responsible to the customer, authorized user, joint user, or other common carrier listed in Paragraph 1.6.19 if changes in the minimum protection criteria or in any of the facilities, operations, or procedures of the Telephone Company render any terminal equipment or communications systems, or any portion thereof, provided by a customer, authorized user, joint user, or other common carrier listed in Paragraph 1.6.19 as obsolete or require modification or alteration of such equipment or system, or any portion thereof or otherwise affect its use or performance.

78-235

 \mathbb{L}^{N}

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980

Effective: MAR 1 3 1980

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
4th Revised Sheet 39
Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 39

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS - (Continued)

1.6.1 General Provisions - (Continued)

(RT)

Issued: December 29, 1983 Effective: January 1, 1984

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
3rd Revised Sheet 39
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 39

REGULATIONS

REGETVED

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)
 - 1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)

MAR 16 1981

- (AT) G. Interpositioning of Terminal Equipment and Communications Systems SOUR
 - 1. Interpositioned customer premises equipment arrange pattic Service Commission ments of terminal equipment and communications systems) are those arrangements which require that Telephone Company-provided equipment gain access to the telecommunications network through customer-provided equipment.
 - 2. Customer-provided equipment may be interpositioned at the customer's premises either between the Telephone Company-provided equipment and the telecommunications network or between items of Telephone Company-provided equipment. Telephone Company-provided equipment will be furnished in an interpositioned configuration for use with telecommunications services in accordance with the following:
 - a. Customer-provided equipment to be connected in an interpositioned configuration must meet the requirements of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations.
 - b. The connections between equipments of the interpositioned configuration must conform to recognized standard interfaces such as those specified by the Electronics Industries Association (EIA) or authorized by the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations.
 - c. The interpositioning must occur at the same premises at which the associated telecommunications service is terminated.
 - d. Any premises wiring which is provided by the customer must be provided in accordance with provisions of the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations.
 - e. The Telephone Company reserves the right to determine whether or not any individual interpositioned configuration is technically feasible and compatible with Telephone Company-provided services and equipment; however with a configuration is provided:

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
OF MISSOURI

JAN - L 1984

Issued: MAR 1 6 1981

Effective: APR 15 10

1 1

-Paolis Bariga (horresida)

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 39
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 39

REGULATIONS

(RT)

JAN 21 1981

BY 30 CS COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 1st Revised Sheet 39 Replacing Original Sheet 39

REGENVED

AUG 2 0 1980

MISSOURI Public Service Commission

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)

G. Definitions-(Continued)

Grandfathered Communications Systems-(Continued)

to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following prior to May 1, 1983, and are of a type system which was directly connected (i.e., without Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements) to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following as of April 30, 1980.

Grandfathered Connections of Communications Systems

Denotes connections via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements of customer-provided communications systems (including their equipment and premises wiring) at the premises of the customer, authorized user or joint user, in accordance with any Telephone Company's tariffs, and that are considered to be grandfathered under the Federal Communications Commisssion's Rules and Regulations because, (a) such connections to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following were made via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements prior to January 1, 1980, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following as of June 1, 1978, or (b) such connections to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, Can 1.6.2, D, following are made via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements prior to May 1, 1983, and such connecting arrangements arrangement connected to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following as of April 30, 1980.

Grandfathered Terminal Equipment

Denotes customer-provided terminal equipment (notice) protective circuitry if any) connected at the premises of the tree bear authorized user or joint Denotes customer-provided terminal equipment user in accordance with any Telephone Campany's tariffs, and that is considered to be grandfathered under the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations because, (a) such terminal equipment was connected to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following prior to July 1, 1979, and was of a type of terminal equipment which was directly connected (i.e., without Telephone Companyprovided connecting arrangements) to the telecommunications network,

AUG 2 9 1900 Issued:

Effective: SEP 2 9 1980

REGULATIONS

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
Original Sheet 39

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

1.6.4 Violation of Regulations

Where any terminal equipment or communications systems provided by a customer, authorized user, joint user, or other common carrier listed in Paragraph 1.6.19 is used with Private Line services furnished by the Telephone Company and any of the provisions of this Tariff are violated, the Telephone Company will take such immediate action as necessary for the protection of its facilities, and will promptly notify the customer of the violation. The customer shall discontinue such use of the equipment or system or correct the violation and shall confirm in writing to the Company within 10 days, following the receipt of written notice from the Company, that such use has ceased or that the violation has been corrected. Failure of the customer to discontinue such use or to correct the violation and to give the required written confirmation to the Telephone Company within the time stated above shall result in disconnection of the customer's Private Line service until such time as the customer complies with the provisions of this Tariff.

1.6.5 Minimum Protection Criteria

- A. Direct Electrical Connection
 - 1. Customer-provided terminal equipment or communications systems which are connected to facilities furnished for Private Line service by the Telephone Company, except as provided in Paragraph 1.6.IF preceding, must comply with the following minimum protection criteria:
 - a. Because each Private Line service is individually engineered, a single valued limit for all applications cannot be specified. Therefore, the power of the signal which may be applied by the customer-provided equipment to the interface will be specified by the Telephone Company for each application to be consistent with the signal power allowed on the telecommunications network.

GANGELLED

SEP 2 9 1980

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION
OF MISSOURI

78 - 2

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980

Effective: MAR 1 3 1980

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
4th Revised Sheet 40
Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 40

REGULATIONS

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS (Continued)
 - 1.6.1 General Provisions (Continued)

(RT)

Issued: December 29, 1983 Effective: January 1, 1984

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 3rd Revised Sheet 40 Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 40

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

MAR 16 1981

1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)

MISSOURI Interpositioning of Terminal Equipment and Communications Public Service Commission

(Continued)

(AT)

- (Continued)
 - (1) The Telephone Company makes no representation as to the quality of transmission over an interpositioned configuration. Maintenance responsibility for Telephone Company-provided equipment so connected is limited to assuring that the Telephone Companyprovided equipment is functioning properly.
 - (2) When interpositioned connections are made, it shall be the responsibility of the customer to ensure the continuing compatibility of the customer-provided equipment with Telephone Company-provided services and equipment.

CANGELLED 1 - NAL

> PUBLIC SERVICE COMMIS OF MISSOURI

Issued: MAR 1 6 1981

Effective: APR 1 5 1981

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 40
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 40

REGULATIONS

(RT)

JAN 21 1981

BY SERVICE COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

REGULATIONS

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)
 - 1.6.1 General Provisions-(Continued)
 - G. Definitions-(Continued)

Grandfathered Terminal Equipment-(Continued)

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 1st Revised Sheet 40 Replacing Original Sheet 40 AUG 20 1980 Linssouri Public Service Commission

or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following as of October 17, 1977, or (b) such terminal equipment is connected to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following prior to May 1, 1983, and is of a type of terminal equipment which was directly connected (i.e., without Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements) to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following as of April 30, 1980.

Grandfathered Connections of Terminal Equipment

Denotes connections via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements of customer-provided terminal equipment connected at the premises of the customer, authorized user or joint user, in accordance with any Telephone Company's tariffs, and that are considered to be grandfathered under the Federal Communications Commission's Rules and Regulations because, (a) such connections to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following were made via Telephone Companyprovided connecting arrangements prior to July 1, 1979, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the telecommunications network or the private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, following as of October 17, 1977, or (b) such connections to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following are made via Telephone Company-provided connecting arrangements prior to May 1, 1983, and such connecting arrangements are of a type of connecting arrangement connected to the private line services specified in 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following as of April 30, 1980.

Registered Equipment

Denotes equipment which complies with and has been approved within the Reversi Communications Commission's Rules Registration provisions of B ST 1881 and Regulations.

Issued: AUG 2 9 1980

Effective: SEP 2 9 1980

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 Original Sheet 40

11 (

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

- 1.6.5 Minimum Protection Criteria-(Continued)
 - A. Direct Electrical Connection-(Continued)
 - 1. (Continued)
 - To protect other services from interference at frequencies which are above the band of service provided, the Telephone Company will specify the acceptable signal power in the following bands to be applied by the customer-provided equipment to the interface to ensure that the input to the Telephone Company line does not exceed the limits indicated:
 - The power in the band from 3,995 Hertz to 4,005 Hertz shall be at least 18db below the power of the signal as specified in Paragraph 1.6.5A.la preceding.
 - The power in the band from 4,000 Hertz to 10,000 Hertz shall not exceed 16db below one milliwatt.
 - The power in the band from 10,000 Hertz to 25,000 Hertz shall not exceed 24db below one milliwatt.
 - The power in the band from 25,000 Hertz to 40,000 Hertz shall not exceed 36db below one milliwatt.
 - The power in the band above 40,000 Hertz shall not exceed 50db below one milliwatt.
 - Where there is connection to Long Distance Message Telecommunications service, Local Exchange service, or a WATS access line, to prevent interruption or disconnection of a call, or interference with network control signaling, it is necessary that the signal applied by the customer-provided equipment to the interface at no time have energy solely in the 2450 to 2750 Hertz band. If signal power is in the 2450 to 2750 Hertz band, it must not exceed the power present at the same time in the 800 to 2450 Hertz ban铝ANNIGCLL区U

SEP 29 1980

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF MISSOURI

MAR 1 3 1980

78-235

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980 Effective:

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
4th Revised Sheet 41
Replacing 3rd Revised Sheet 41

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS - (Continued)

1.6.2 Connections of Registered Equipment

- A. Terminal equipment protective circuitry and communications systems that are registered may be connected to those Private Line Services specified in Paragraphs 1.6.2, B., !.6.2, C. or 1.6.2, D., following, subject to Paragraph 1.6.1, preceding, and this Paragraph 1.6.2; and further subject to the Connections of Terminal Equipment and Communications Systems Section of the General Exchange Tariff.
- (RT)
 B. The connection may be made only at the premises of the customer or user to Series 300(1) or 400
 (RT)
 Private Line Service that present a two-wire or four-wire loop signaling interface for such connection under the following conditions:
 - 1. Registered terminal equipment, registered protective circuitry and registered Key Telephone Systems may be connected to the service point end of Private Line Services furnished in connection with off-premises service.
 - 2. Registered PBX Systems may be connected as a trunk termination to the service point end of Private Line Services furnished in connection with off-premises service.
 - 3. Registered terminal equipment, registered protective circuitry and registered Key Telephone Systems may be connected to CCSA access lines.
- (RT) 4. A Foreign Exchange channel may be utilized with registered terminal equipment, registered protective circuitry and registered communications systems which are connected to the exchange telephone service associated with such channels.
- C. The connection of registered terminal equipment and registered PBX Systems may be made only at the customer's premises to a Series 300(1) or 400 private Line Service that presents an interface for a two-wire or four-wire transmission, with separate E & M signaling leads conventionally known as Type I (battery/ground) or Type II (contact closure type). Such E & M signaling leads are those terminal equipment or PBX leads (other than voice or data communications leads) used for the purpose of transferring supervisory or address signals across the interface.
 - (1) Obsolete applicable to existing installations at existing locations for existing customers.

Issued: November 30, 1984 Effective: January 1, 1985

By R. D. BARRON, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
3rd Revised Sheet 41
Replacing 2nd Revised Sheet 41

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

DEC 2 0 1083

1.6.2 Connections of Registered Equipment

LUSSOUR

- (CT) A. Terminal equipment, protective circuitry and communications systems Charssian are registered may be connected to those Private Line Services specified in Paragraphs 1.6.2, B., 1.6.2, C. or 1.6.2, D., following, subject to Paragraph 1.6.1, preceding, and this Paragraph 1.6.2; and further subject to the Connections of Terminal Equipment and Communications Systems Section of the General Exchange Tariff.
- (CP) B. The connection may be made only at the premises of the customer or user to Series 300(1) or 400 Private Line Service (including TELPAK) that present a two-wire or four-wire loop signaling interface for such connection under the following conditions:
 - 1. Registered terminal equipment, registered protective circuitry and registered Key Telephone Systems may be connected to the service point end of Private Line Services furnished in connection with off-premises service.
 - 2. Registered PBX Systems may be connected as a trunk termination to the service point end of Private Line Services Europished in connection with off-premises service
 - 3. Registered terminal equipment, registered protective circuitry and registered Key Telephone Systems may be connected to CCSA access lines.

(RT)

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF MISSOURI

- 4. A Foreign Exchange channel (including TELPAK) may be utilized with registered terminal equipment, registered protective circuitry and registered communications systems which are connected to the exchange telephone service associated with such channels.
- (CP) C. The connection of registered terminal equipment and registered PBX Systems may be made only at the customer's premises to a Series 300(1) or 400 Private Line Service (including TELPAK) that presents an interface for a two-wire or four-wire transmission, with separate E & M signaling leads conventionally known as Type I (battery/ground) or Type II (contact closure type). Such E & M signaling leads are those terminal equipment or PBX leads (other—than voice or data communications leads) used for the purpose of transferring supervisory or address signals across the interface.
- (AT) (1) Obsolete-applicable to existing installations at existing locations Tdr Mexisting customers.

 83-253

T**Public Se**rvice Commission

Issued: DEC 29 1983

Effective: (11) 1 1931

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
2nd Revised Sheet 41
Replacing 1st Revised Sheet 41

REGULATIONS

1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

(RT)

JAN 21 1981

- 1.6.2 Connections of Registered Equipment
- (RT) A. Terminal equipment, protective circuitry and communications systems that are registered may be connected to those private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following, subject to 1.6.1 preceding and this 1.6.2; and further subject to 5.1.2, Connections of Registered Equipment, of the General Exchange Tariff.
 - B. The connection may be made only at the premises of the customer, authorized user or joint user to Series 300 or 400 private line service (including TELPAK) that present a two wire loop signaling interface for such connection under the following conditions:
- (RT)

 1. Registered terminal equipment, registered protective circuitry and registered key telephone systems may be connected to the station end of private line services furnished in connection with off-premises stations.
 - 2. Registered PBX Systems may be connected, as a trunk termination, to the station end of private line services furnished in connection with off-premises stations.
- (RT) 3. Registered terminal equipment, registered protective circuitry and registered key telephone systems may be connected to CCSA access lines.
- A Foreign Exchange channel (including TELPAK) may be utilized with registered terminal equipment, registered protective circuitry and registered communications systems which are connected to the exchange telephone service associated with such channels.

Reference to joint user in 1.6.2, B, preceding is not applicable to FX or TELPAK.

(RT) C. The connection of registered terminal equipment and registered PBX systems may be made only at the customer's premises to a Series 300 or 400 private line service (including TELPAK) that presents an interface for a two-wire transmission, with separate E and M signaling leads conventionally known as Type I (battery/ground) or Type TIME in the lighter type). Such E and M signaling leads are those terminal equipment of PBX leads (other than voice or data communications leads) used for the purpose of transferring supervisory or address signals across the intenface.

PUBLIC SERVICE CONVINION

Issued: JAN 2 2 1981

Effective: FEB 2 1 1981

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Private Line Service Tariff
Section 1
1st Revised Sheet 41
Replacing Original Sheet 41

REGULATIONS

CT) 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)

1.6.2 Connections of Registered Equipment

AUG 20 1980

- A. Customer-provided terminal equipment, protective circuitry and communications systems that are registered may be connected to those private line services specified in 1.6.2, B, 1.6.2, C or 1.6.2, D, following, subject to 1.6.1 preceding and this 1.6.2; and further subject to 5.1.2, Connections of Registered Equipment, of the General Exchange Tariff.
- B. The connection may be made only at the premises of the customer, authorized user or joint user to Series 300 or 400 private line service (including TELPAK) that present a two wire loop signaling interface for such connection under the following conditions:
 - 1. Customer-provided registered terminal equipment, registered protective circuitry and registered key telephone systems may be connected to the station end of private line services furnished in connection with off-premises stations.
 - 2. Customer-provided registered PBX Systems not be connected, as a trunk termination, to the station end of private line services furnished in connection with off-premises stations.
 - 3. Customer-provided registered terminal equipment, registered rective circuitry and registered key telephone system may not connected to CCSA access lines.

A Foreign Exchange channel (including TELPAK) may be utilized with customer-provided registered terminal equipment, registered protective circuitry and registered communications systems which are connected to the exchange telephone service associated with such channels.

Reference to joint user in 1.6.2, B, preceding is not applicable to FX or TELPAK.

C. The connection of customer-provided registered terminal equipment and registered PBX systems may be made only at the customer's premises to a Series 300 or 400 private line service (including TELPAK) that presents an interface for a two-wire transmission, with separate E and M signaling leads conventionally known as Type I (battery/ground) or Type II (contact closure type). Such E and M signaling leads are those terminal equipment or PBX leads (other than voice or data communications leads) used for the purpose of transferring supervisory or address signals across the interface.

SEP 3.9<u>.1900</u>

Issued: AUG 2 9 1980

Effective: SEP 2 9 1980

Private Line Service Tariff Section 1 Original Sheet 41

TED 11 10.0

REGULATIONS

- 1.6 CONNECTIONS-(Continued)
- 1.6.5 Minimum Protection Criteria-(Continued)
 - Acoustic, Inductive Connections
 - 1. Customer-provided terminal equipment or communications systems which involve acoustic or inductive connections must comply with the following minimum protection criteria:
 - Because each Private Line service is individually engineered, a single valued limit for all applications cannot be specified. Therefore, the power of the signal which may be applied by the customer-provided equipment to the interface will be specified by the Telephone Company for each application to be consistent with the signal power allowed on the telecommunications network.
 - b. To protect other services from interference at frequencies which are above the band of the service provided, the Telephone Company will specify the acceptable signal power in the following bands to be applied by the customer-provided equipment to the interface to ensure that the input to the Telephone Company line does not exceed the limits indicated:
 - The power in the band from 3,995 Hertz to 4,005 Hertz shall be at least 18db below the power of the signal as specified in Paragraph 1.6.5B.la above.
 - The power in the band from 4,000 Hertz to 10,000 Hertz shall not exceed 16db below one milliwatt.
 - The power in the band from 10,000 Hertz to 25,000 Hertz shall not exceed 24db below one milliwatt.
 - The power in the band from 25,000 Hertz to 40,000 Hertz shall not exceed 36db below one milliwatt.
 - The power in the band above 40,000 Hertz shall not exceed 50db below one milliwatt.

SFP 2 9 1980

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Effective: MAR 1 3 1980

BY R. R. SHOCKLEY, Vice President-Missouri Southwestern Bell Telephone Company St. Louis, Missouri

Issued: FEB 1 2 1980