Exhibit No.:

Issues: Cost of Capital; Capital Structure; Return

on Equity

Witness: Ann E. Bulkley
Exhibit Type: Rebuttal Testimony
Sponsoring Party: Evergy Missouri Metro
File No.: ER-2022-0129 / 0130

Date: July 13, 2022

#### MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

FILE NO. ER-2022-0129 / 0130

**REBUTTAL TESTIMONY** 

**OF** 

ANN E. BULKLEY

ON BEHALF OF

#### **EVERGY MISSOURI METRO and EVERGY MISSOURI WEST**

Kansas City, Missouri July 2022

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#### REBUTTAL TESTIMONY

#### **OF**

#### ANN E. BULKLEY

#### File No. ER-2022-0129 / 0130

## 2 **O:** Please state your name and business address.

INTRODUCTION

- 3 A: My name is Ann E. Bulkley. I am a Principal at The Brattle Group ("Brattle"). My
- 4 business address is One Beacon Street, Suite 2600, Boston, MA 02108.

#### 5 Q: On whose behalf are you submitting this testimony?

- 6 A: I am submitting this testimony before the Missouri Public Service Commission
- 7 ("Commission") on behalf of Evergy Metro, Inc., d/b/a Evergy Missouri Metro ("Evergy
- 8 Missouri Metro") and Evergy Missouri West, Inc. d/b/a Evergy Missouri West ("Evergy
- 9 Missouri West")(collectively the "Companies") both wholly-owned subsidiaries of
- Evergy, Inc. ("Evergy").

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I.

### 11 Q: Did you previously provide Direct Testimony in this proceeding?

- 12 A: Yes. I submitted Direct Testimony regarding the appropriate Return on Equity ("ROE")<sup>1</sup>
- and overall rate of return to be used for ratemaking purpose for Evergy Missouri Metro and
- 14 Evergy Missouri West in this proceeding on January 7, 2022. I also addressed the
- appropriateness of the Company's proposed capital structure, as supported by Company
- witness Kirkland B. Andrews.

Throughout my Direct Testimony, I interchangeably use the terms "ROE" and "cost of equity".

#### Q: What is the purpose of your Rebuttal Testimony?

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2 A: The purpose of my Rebuttal Testimony is to respond to the Missouri Public Service 3 Commission Staff ("Staff") witness Seoung Joun Won relating to the authorized return on 4 equity ("ROE"), to the Direct Testimony of David Murray on behalf of the Missouri Office of Public Counsel ("OPC"), and the Midwest Energy Consumers Group ("MECG") 5 witness Greg R. Meyer relating to ROE. I have not attempted to respond to every argument 6 7 made by Staff and the OPC witnesses. The fact that I may not have responded to any 8 particular argument or statement made by either the Staff or OPC witnesses does not 9 indicate my agreement with that argument or statement.

#### 10 Q: Are you sponsoring any schedules as part of your Rebuttal Testimony?

11 A: Yes, I am sponsoring Schedules AEB-R1 through AEB-R10 to support my Rebuttal

12 Testimony, which were prepared by me or under my direction.

# Have you updated the ROE analyses you presented in your Direct Testimony to reflect current market conditions?

Yes, as discussed in more detail in Section V, I have updated my ROE analyses based on market data through June 15, 2022. These results provide additional support for the Company's requested ROE of 10.00 percent. In addition, while the analytical results of ROE estimation models provide a starting point, I continue to base my recommendation not only on consideration of the results of multiple cost of equity models, but also other factors, including capital market conditions, the capital attraction and comparable return standards, and the Companies' specific risks.

1	Q:	How is the remainder of your Rebuttal Testimony organized?
2	A:	The remainder of my Rebuttal Testimony is organized as follows:
3		■ In Section II, I provide a summary and overview of my Rebuttal Testimony
4		and the important factors to be considered in establishing the ROE for the
5		Companies.
6		■ In Section III, I respond to the capital structure recommendations of Dr
7		Won and Mr. Murray.
8		■ In Section IV, I discuss how the cost of capital recommendations of Dr.
9		Won and Mr. Murray compare with the authorized returns for vertically-
10		integrated electric utilities in other jurisdictions.
11		■ In Section V, I update my ROE analysis based on market data as of June 15.
12		2022.
13		■ In Section VI, I respond to Dr. Won's and Mr. Murray's testimony
14		regarding capital market conditions and the implications for the Companies
15		cost of equity.
16		■ In Section VII, I respond to Staff witness Dr. Won's ROE analyses and
17		recommendations.
18		■ In Section VIII, I respond to OPC witness Mr. Murray's ROE analyses and
19		recommendations.

1		■ In Section IX, I respond to MECG witness Mr. Meyer's ROE analysis and
2		recommendations.
3		■ Finally, in Section X, I summarize my conclusions and recommendations.
4		II. SUMMARY AND OVERVIEW
5	Q:	What factors should be considered in evaluating the results of ROE models and
6		establishing the authorized ROE?
7	A:	The primary factors that should be considered are: (i) the importance of investors' actual
8		return requirements and the critical role of judgment in selecting the appropriate ROE; (ii)
9		the importance of providing a return that is comparable to returns on alternative
10		investments with commensurate risk; (iii) the need for a return that supports a utility's
11		ability to attract needed capital at reasonable terms; and (iv) the effect of current and
12		expected capital market conditions.
13	Q:	What are your key conclusions and recommendations regarding the appropriate
14		ROE and capital structure for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West in
15		this proceeding?
16	A:	My key conclusions are as follows:
17		1. Although Mr. Murray devotes many pages of testimony to discussing the
18		results of his various ROE estimation models and attempting to explain why
19		those models are producing reasonable results under current market

conditions, he essentially discards his flawed analyses in favor of less

1		drastic	c recommendations that are not supported by his own ROE estimation
2		model	ls.
3	2.	While	Dr. Won recognizes that higher interest rates and inflation should be
4		reflect	ted in the cost of equity, his ROE recommendation, which is based on
5		a com	parative analysis with analyses from the 2019 Empire Case is flawed
6		for se	veral reasons;
7		(a)	Dr Won's analysis does not accurately compare the analyses from
8			that case with his analysis in this proceeding. Rather he has relied
9			on only certain inputs from thee 2019 Empire Case, coupled with
10			his current GDP growth assumptions to calculate the Two-Step
11			DCF. Therefore, the analysis does not truly compare market
12			conditions and ROE estimates across the time periods he suggests
13			he is considering.
14		(b)	The Two-Step DCF analysis was not used by Staff in the 2019
15			Empire Case. In the 2019 Empire Case Staff relied on Constant
16			Growth DCF and CAPM analyses. Therefore, the Commission did
17			not base the authorized ROE for the 2019 Empire Case on a Two-
18			Step DCF analysis. Dr. Won did not make any attempt to develop
19			models in this case that compare to the models actually developed
20			by Staff in the 2019 Empire case and considered by the Commission
21			in that case.
22		(c)	Dr. Won's attempt to recreate the Two-Step DCF as of the time
23			period of the 2019 Empire Case is flawed because all of the

assumptions used in his model are not from 2019. Rather, Dr. Won 1 2 relies on market data for the proxy companies from 2019 coupled 3 with a current long-term growth rate. This inconsistency renders the 4 result of his Two-Step model unusable as a comparator to current model results. 5 6 Dr. Won did not rely on market estimates of the cost of equity using (d) 7 reasonable assumptions in his 8

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current ROE estimation methodologies. Rather, he is relying on a Two-Step DCF analysis that suggests the cost of equity is 144 basis points below his recommendation.

The analytical value of Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis is unclear since the results are so low as to be unreasonable compared to the authorized equity returns for electric utility companies in Missouri or any other jurisdiction, and Dr. Won's own ROE recommendation.

There is no evidence that the Commission established a relationship 3. between Staff's DCF estimate and an authorized ROE in the 2019 Empire Case that would support Dr. Won's comparative approach to estimating the ROE. Further, the 2019 Empire case was based on the 2017 Spire Case Nos. GR-207-0215 and DR-2017-0216 ("2017 Spire Case"). In that case, Commission clearly identified that they considered the recommendations of the ROE witnesses in the proceeding, authorized ROEs

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for other utilities, and capital market conditions.<sup>2</sup> Therefore, since there is no direct relationship between Staff's analyses in these prior cases and the authorized ROEs established by the Commission, Dr. Won's attempt to develop an adjustment to the authorized ROE in the 2019 Empire case based on Staff's filings in that case would be entirely unsupported. However, as discussed previously, Dr. Won's comparison is even further removed from any analyses considered by the Commission in the 2019 Empire case because there was no Two-Step DCF model used in that case. Therefore, Dr. Won's "comparative analysis" is entirely unrelated to the decisions the 2019 Empire Case, and by extension the 2017 Spire Case. As a result, Dr. Won's comparative methodology and the resulting recommendation should be rejected.

4. While I disagree with Dr. Won's comparative methodology for establishing an ROE, reasonable corrections to his approach demonstrate that the ROE would be in the range of 10.01 to 10.07 percent and using the FERC approach to the Two-Stage DCF would result in a range of 10.30 percent to 11.51 percent. Relying solely on Dr. Won's projected EPS growth rates in his Two-Stage DCF analysis would result in a cost of equity estimate of 10.34 percent.

In the Matter of Laclede Gas Company's Request to increase its Revenues for Gas Service, File No. GR-2017-0215 and File No. GR-2017-0216, Report and Order at 32 (Feb. 21, 2018).

5. Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF analysis relies on a long-term growth rate of 3.00 percent; however, current valuations of utilities are based in part on the sustainability of current projections of earnings growth. Since Mr. Murray's long-term growth rate of 3.00 percent is much lower than current earnings growth projections, the assumption implies much lower electric utility valuations than the stock prices he relies on to calculate his Multi-Stage DCF analysis. This results in Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF analysis producing cost of equity estimates that are unreasonably low.

- 6. As recognized by Dr. Won, current economic conditions include heighted inflation rates and rising interest rates, both of which suggest that the cost of equity is increasing. Dr. Won, Mr. Murray, and I agree that utility share prices are inversely related to the yields on long-term government bonds. Therefore, since interest rates are expected to increase over the near-term, investors expect the utility sector to underperform the broader market. As a result, the DCF results presented by Dr. Won and Mr. Murray, which rely on current share prices, are likely understating the cost of equity during the period that the Companies' rates will be in effect.
- 7. Recently authorized equity ratios for vertically-integrated electric utilities support the Companies' proposed capital structure of 51.19 percent common equity, 48.81 percent long-term debt for Evergy Missouri Metro, and 51.81 percent equity and 48.19 percent long-term debt for Evergy Missouri West.

8. Mr. Murray's conclusion that Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West can increase each its leverage due to the Companies' use of the Plant In Service Accounting Mechanism ("PISA") to recover electric capital expenditure costs is unsupported. First, it is reasonable to evaluate the capital structure of Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West based on the capital structures of the companies in the proxy group and an assessment of the relative risk of the Companies to the proxy group. However, Mr. Murray has not considered the capital structures of the proxy group, nor has he determined if Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West have greater or less risk when compared to the proxy group. It is not reasonable to adjust the capital structure of Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West on the sole basis that the Companies have capital cost recovery mechanisms.

Updating the analyses as of June 15, 2022 demonstrates that the median DCF results, are between 9.29 percent and 9.43 percent and the median high DCF results are 9.83 percent to 10.02 percent.<sup>3</sup> Updated CAPM results range from 10.09 percent to 11.62 percent. The ECAPM results are between 10.80 percent and 11.95 percent. Finally, the Bond Yield Risk Premium results are between 10.00 percent to 10.29 percent. Taken together, these results support the Company's requested ROE of 10.00 percent.

While I have calculated the Constant Growth DCF analysis using the low growth rates, results below the median are not reasonable estimates of the cost of equity for the Companies based on the risk profile of Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West.

### III. CAPITAL STRUCTURE

2	Q:	Please summarize the Staff position with respect to the capital structure that should
3		be applied to the Companies in this case.
4	A:	Dr. Won recognizes that Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West have separate
5		credit ratings issued by Moody's and S&P. In addition, Every Missouri Metro and Evergy
6		Missouri West have stand-alone capital structures that support their individual credit
7		ratings. <sup>4</sup> Furthermore, Dr. Won recognizes that Evergy, Inc's assets do not secure Evergy
8		Missouri Metro's or Evergy Missouri West's debt. Despite these facts, Dr. Won proposes
9		to adjust the capital structures of the Companies and use a target capital structure for
10		Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West that is composed of 50.00 percent
11		common equity and 50.00 percent long-term debt. <sup>5</sup> Dr. Won recommends this capital
12		structure the Companies because he suggests that a response to a Staff Data Request No.
13		0120 indicates "Evergy Inc. would target specific capital structures of 50% equity and 50%
14		debt for Evergy Inc., Evergy [Missouri] Metro and Evergy [Missouri] West".6
15	Q:	Do you agree with Dr. Won's characterization of the response to Staff Data Request
16		No. 0120?
17	A:	No. The response to Staff's Data Request No. 0120 states the following:
18 19 20		Evergy, Inc. and Evergy Missouri Metro do not have specific materials or documents regarding targeted capital structures or strategies as it relates to managing each company's capital structure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Direct Testimony of Dr. Won at 21.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Direct Testimony of Dr. Won at 5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Direct Testimony of Dr. Won at 22 [clarification added].

Evergy, Inc. and Evergy Metro target a capital structure that approximates 50% Equity and 50% Debt.

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Q:

A:

Therefore, as discussed in the data response, Evergy, Inc., Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West are seeking to approximate a 50 percent equity ratio. While Staff suggests that the average capital structure for both Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West have been at approximately 50 percent in 2020 and 2021, this ignores the data presented in Schedule SJW-d5-2, which demonstrates that in prior years - specifically 2018 in the case of Evergy Missouri Metro, and 2019 for Evergy Missouri West - the capitalizations of the operating companies have included significantly greater equity. As shown in Schedule SJW-d5-2, prepared by Dr. Won, Evergy Missouri Metro's equity ratio was 57.25 percent as of December 2018 whereas Evergy Missouri West's equity ratio was 54.17 percent in December 2018 and 55.92 percent in December 2019. Therefore, on average, over the four-year period compiled by Dr. Won, the Evergy Missouri West equity ratio has been approximately 52.51 percent, whereas the Evergy Missouri Metro equity ratio has been 51.42 percent.

Please summarize OPC's position with respect to the appropriate capital structure for the Companies.

OPC witness Murray proposes that Evergy Missouri Metro's and Evergy Missouri West's capital structures be composed of 48 percent common equity and 52 percent long-term debt.<sup>7</sup> Mr. Murray suggests that this recommendation is based on his analysis of Evergy, Inc's, Evergy Missouri West's, and Evergy Missouri Metro's quarterly capital structures

Direct Testimony of David Murray at 31.

from July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2021. Further, Mr. Murray suggests that the capital structures are based on the "interdependency of Evergy and its subsidiaries' capital flows". 8 According to Mr. Murray, the use of the consolidated capital structure is appropriate because he suggests that "other than MO West's significant need for liquidity, i.e. short-term debt, during Storm-Uri, there is no compelling rationale for Evergy to target disparate capital structure for itself on a consolidated basis or for any one of its subsidiaries on a stand-alone basis." Despite suggesting that there is no reason for disparate capital structures for the operating companies and the parent company, Mr. Murray recommends two different bases for the capital structures for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West in this proceeding. For Evergy Missouri Metro, Mr. Murray recommends the use of the consolidated capital structure of Evergy, which he suggests has typically included an equity ratio of approximately 45 percent, or 48 percent once short-term debt is excluded. <sup>10</sup> For Evergy Missouri West, Mr. Murray recommends a capital structure composed of 48 percent equity, but not greater than 50 percent equity for Evergy Missouri West's capital structure based on a limited provision of an agreement that pertains to an assumed capital structure for the purpose of calculating an earnings sharing plan approved at the Kansas Corporation Commission.<sup>11</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Direct Testimony of David Murray at 31.

ER-2022-0130, Direct Testimony of David Murray at 31. This quotation applies only to Evergy Missouri West and does not appear in Mr. Murray's testimony in ER-2022-0129.

Direct Testimony of David Murray at 31.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, ER-2022-0130 at 36.

1	Q:	Please describe the capital structure limitation approved by the Kansas Corporation
2		Commission and cited by Mr. Murray.
3	A:	Mr. Murray is referring to the Settlement Agreement approved by the Kansas Corporation
4		Commission in 2018. As a stipulation to the Settlement Agreement, the Company agreed
5		to certain limitations on the calculation of the limited purpose of the Earnings Review and
6		Sharing Plan. However, this particular condition had no effect on the company's rates, and
7		in no way limited the company's actual capital structure. The order acknowledged a
8		different limitation on the company's capital structure that was agreed to in the Settlement
9		Agreement. Specifically, the company agreed "Holdco, KCP&L, and Westar will maintain
10		separate capital structure and separate debt. Holdco's consolidated debt shall not exceed
11		65% of total capital, and neither KCP&L nor Westar debt shall exceed 60% of total
12		capital."12
13	Q:	With respect to capital structure, please discuss the options that are most often
14		considered by utility commissions when setting a regulated utility's capital structure
15		for ratemaking purposes.
	Α.	
16	A:	The three options that are most often considered by commissions when setting a regulated

utility's capital structure are as follows:

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The operating company's actual (or projected) capital structure per the

financial books and records of the company when this capital structure is

State Corporation Commission of the State of Kansas, Docket No. 18-KCPE-095-MER, Order Approving Merger, at 9.

reflective of the way the company is operated and it is generally consistent
with industry norms.

- A hypothetical capital structure can be considered, especially if there are concerns that the actual per books capital structure is not reflective of the optimal capital structure for the company. The hypothetical capital structure can be based on comparable companies (e.g., set within the range of the proxy group) or determined by the Commission based on other risk factors.
- Third, the parent company's consolidated capital structure may be used.

  This occurs most often when the operating company represents the vast majority of the parent holding company's operations, and therefore the financing for the operating company and the holding company would be similar.
- Q: In recent cases has this Commission considered the use of the stand-alone operating company capital structure versus the holding company's consolidated capital structure that Mr. Murray recommends?
- A: Yes, it has. Similar to the current case, in the 2017 Spire Case, Mr. Murray, who was the witness for Staff at that time, proposed relying on the consolidated capital structure, and thus using an equity ratio of 45.56 percent.<sup>13</sup> In its decision in that case, the Commission

In the Matter of the Laclede Gas Company's Request to Increase its Revenue for Gas Service, Missouri Public Service Commission File No. GR-2017-0215, Amended Report and Order, March 17, 2018 at p. 40.

noted that it had formerly relied on the consolidated capital structure for Laclede Gas Company (the Missouri operating company prior to the Spire merger), when the operating company made up almost the entirety of the holding company; but that same capital structure was no longer appropriate in the 2017 Spire Case. The Commission explained that, since the merger, the parent company now had five operating utilities in three states, in addition to other investments. Therefore, it was not appropriate to use a consolidated capital structure as the utility-specific capital structure.<sup>14</sup>

# Q: What criteria has the Commission considered in determining the appropriate capital structure in recent cases?

- A: In a recent Spire Missouri case (GR-2021-0180), the Commission discussed the four guidelines relied upon by Staff in its assessment of the appropriateness of using a parent's capital structure. The cited guidelines used by Staff included:
  - a. Whether the subsidiary utility obtains all of its capital from its parent, or issues its own debt and preferred stock;
  - b. Whether the parent guarantees any of the securities issued by the subsidiary;
  - c. Whether the subsidiary's capital structure is independent of its parent (i.e., existence of double leverage, absence of proper relationship between risk and leverage of utility and non-utility subsidiaries); and,

In the Matter of Laclede Gas Company d/b/a Missouri Gas Energy's Request to Increase its Revenues for Gas Service, Missouri Public Service Commission GR-2017-0216, YG-2017-0196, February 21, 2018. 2018 WL 1315107 (Mo.P.S.C.), at 19.

d. Whether the parent (or consolidated enterprise) is diversified into nonutility operations.<sup>15</sup>

In assessing whether it is appropriate to apply the stand-alone operating company capital structure versus the holding company's consolidated capital structure for Evergy Missouri West and Evergy Missouri Metro, applying this analysis, it is clear that the stand-alone capital structure is appropriate. For Evergy Missouri West and Evergy Missouri Metro: a) the operating subsidiaries issue debt so not all of the capital is obtain from Evergy Inc.; b) the parent does not guarantee the debt securities issued by Evergy Missouri West and Evergy Missouri Metro; and c) Evergy Missouri West and Evergy Missouri Metro maintain independent capital structures that are managed independently; and d) Evergy Inc. owns Evergy Transmission Company, LLC which in-turn owns an interest in Transource Energy, LLC which is focused on the development of competitive electric transmission projects, among other non-regulated activities. <sup>16</sup>

Based on this review, it is clear that Evergy Missouri West and Evergy Missouri Metro are capitalized independent of the parent company and therefore these actual capital structures that should be relied upon for ratemaking purposes. There is no basis to conclude that the parent company capital structure should be used in the financing of either operating company.

*Id.*, at 16.

Evergy, Inc. SEC Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, at 7.

1 Q: Is it reasonable to apply different methodologies to establish the capital struct	ures for
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#### **Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West?**

Q:

**A**:

A:

No, it is not. Both companies are financed on a stand-alone basis without financial support from the parent company. Mr. Murray's decision to rely on a single merger condition, applicable to only a Kansas subsidiary, which was part of the appears to be based on limited provision of an agreement that pertains to an assumed capital structure for the purpose of calculating an earnings sharing plan in another regulatory jurisdiction as the basis for his capital structure recommendation for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West is unreasonable and should be rejected. Further, Mr. Murray's proposal to establish an equity ratio based on the consolidated capital structure, when the Companies are financed on a stand-alone basis has no basis in financial theory.

### Do Mr. Murray's proposals regarding the capital structures and ROEs for Evergy

#### Missouri West and Evergy Missouri Metro meet the comparable return standards?

No. The overall return to shareholders considers both the return on equity and the overall capitalization and the risk created by the capital structure. Mr. Murray has recommended the same ROE for Evergy Missouri West and Evergy Missouri Metro but two different capitalizations that result in different leverage and financial risk. For Evergy Missouri Metro he recommends a 48 percent equity ratio, for Evergy Missouri West he recommends a 48 percent equity ratio, but no higher than 50 percent established by the KCC.

The comparable return standard established by *Hope* and *Bluefield* requires that a company be provided the opportunity to earn a return that is commensurate with the return on other investments of comparable risk. Mr. Murray's recommendations in this proceeding violate the comparable return standard because his capital structure

1		recommendations result in different equity ratios and therefore different financial risk
2		profiles for Evergy Missouri West and Evergy Missouri Metro. Nonetheless, he proposes
3		that investors accept the same return for those profiles. When reviewed together, Mr.
4		Murray's recommendations for Evergy Missouri West or Evergy Missouri Metro are
5		inconsistent with the comparable return standard.
6	Q:	Has Staff recommended the use of the consolidated capital structure for Evergy
7		Missouri West or Evergy Missouri Metro?
8	A:	No. Dr. Won has proposed to use a target equity ratio for by Evergy Missouri West and
9		Evergy Missouri Metro of 50 percent equity.
10	Q:	Is the 50 percent equity ratio proposed by Staff the appropriate equity ratio to be
11		relied on for ratemaking purposes for either Evergy Missouri West or Evergy
12		Missouri Metro?
13	A:	No. As discussed previously, this target does not consider all of the historical data
14		compiled by Dr. Won. The four-year average equity ratio for the period of time reviewed
15		by Dr. Won demonstrates that the requested equity ratios for Evergy Missouri Metro and
16		Evergy Missouri West are within the historical range of capitalization of Evergy Missouri
17		Metro and Evergy Missouri West.
18	Q:	Is Dr. Won's proposal consistent with Staff's prior testimony on capital structure?
19	A:	No, it is not. As discussed previously, Staff has recognized that Evergy Missouri Metro
20		and Evergy Missouri West have independent credit ratings and stand-alone capital
21		structures that support their individual credit ratings. Based on Staff's prior testimony in

the recent Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West case, <sup>17</sup> this would support the use of the stand-alone equity ratio. In this case, the stand-alone capital structure for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West is appropriate because Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West operate as independent entities, each with its own credit rating and debt issuances that are secured by the Companies and not Evergy.

Q: Are Evergy Missouri Metro's and Evergy Missouri West's capital structures consistent with industry norms and therefore reasonable for ratemaking purposes?

A: Yes, they are for several reasons. First, Evergy Missouri Metro's and Evergy Missouri West's capital structures are reflective of the way the Companies are financed. 18 Second, I also examined the capital structures that have recently been authorized for vertically-integrated electric utilities. As shown in Figure 1 below, the majority of the recently authorized equity ratios for electric utilities are in the range of 50 to 55 percent. Evergy Missouri Metro's proposed equity ratio of 51.19 percent and Evergy Missouri West's proposed equity ratio of 51.81 percent are well within the range of authorized equity ratios for companies of comparable risk. In contrast, Mr. Murray's proposed equity ratios for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West of 48.00 are below 95 percent of the authorized equity ratio over this time period. Consequently, there is no reason to employ a capitalization that is different from the actual capital structure that Evergy Missouri Metro

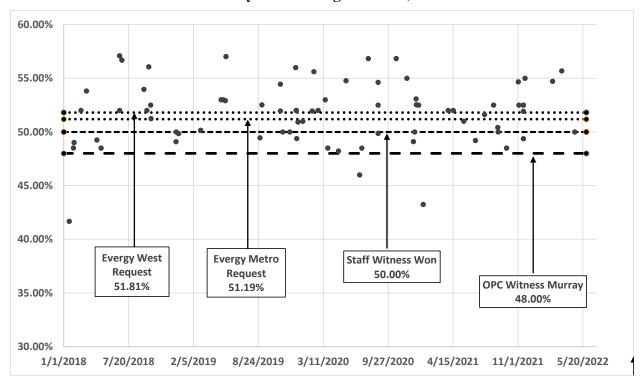
and Evergy Missouri West employ to finance their electric operations in Missouri.

No. ER-2018-0145 and No ER-2018-0146.

<sup>18</sup> SJW-d5-2

## Figure 1: Average Authorized Equity Ratios for Vertically-Integrated Electric Companies – January 2018 through June 15, 2022<sup>19</sup>

A:



Q: Do you agree with Mr. Murray that increased leverage is reasonable due to the reduction in business risk associated with the Companies' use of PISA?

No, I do not. The comparable return standards established in *Hope* and *Bluefield* require that the overall return for the subject company be comparable to the return that could be obtained on alternative investments of comparable risk. Both Evergy Missouri Metro's and Evergy Missouri West's electric operations utilize PISA for the timely cost recovery of some capital expenditures between rate cases. Since the comparable return standard requires that Evergy Missouri Metro's and Evergy Missouri West's authorized cost of

Source: S&P Capital IQ Pro. Chart excludes jurisdictions that include zero cost items in the capital structure: Arkansas, Indiana, Michigan, and Florida.

capital be based on the business and financial risk of the Companies individually, it is necessary to establish a group of companies that are both publicly traded and comparable to Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West in certain fundamental business and financial respects to serve as a "proxy" for determining the ROE and evaluating the appropriate capital structures. Therefore, the comparison with respect to a company's risk is *not* how does the risk for the company change after the implementation of a cost recovery mechanism, but rather how does the company's overall risk profile compare to the proxy group. Mr. Murray's conclusion that increased leverage is reasonable because the Companies have implemented the PISA, without consideration of the relative risk to the proxy group companies, is inconsistent with the fundamental principle of comparability established in *Hope* and *Bluefield* and should be rejected.

**A**:

# Q: Did Mr. Murray evaluate his proxy group to determine if the companies included in his proxy group had capital cost recovery mechanisms?

No, he did not. Mr. Murray's conclusion that Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West can increase leverage because both companies utilize a PISA for electric operations is without any analytical foundation. Mr. Murray has not conducted any financial analysis that demonstrates that an increase in leverage is necessary or appropriate as a result of the implementation of the PISA. Rather, this recommendation is nothing more than Mr. Murray's unsubstantiated opinion.

- Q: Did you conduct any analysis to determine if the companies included in your proxy
   group had capital cost recovery mechanisms?
- A: Yes, I did. As shown in shown in Schedule AEB-9 of my Direct Testimony, 81.25 percent

  of the operating companies of the proxy group have some form of capital cost recovery

  mechanism and 67.50 include CWIP in rate base. Thus, the use of PISA does not reduce

  Evergy Missouri Metro's or Evergy Missouri West's regulatory risk, relative to the peer

  group. Rather, the implementation of PISA positions Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy

  Missouri West closer to the risk profile of the operating utilities of the proxy group

  companies.
- 10 Q: Did you consider any other business risks when evaluating the relative risk of Evergy
  11 Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West to the proxy group?

A: Yes, I did. As discussed in my Direct Testimony, I considered the regulatory risk of Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West, which included the review of rate design, capital cost recovery mechanisms, and regulatory supportiveness of Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West as compared to the companies in the proxy group. 20 Ultimately, I concluded that the Companies faced increased business risk when compared to the proxy group as a result of: 1) the Companies' capital expenditure requirements; 2) Evergy Missouri West's retirement of the Sibley coal generating plant; 3) Evergy Missouri West's and Every Missouri Metro's planned investments in renewable generation assets compared to its current generation portfolio; and 4) the regulatory environment in which the Companies operate.

Direct Testimony of Ann E. Bulkley, Schedules AEB 9 through 12.

1	Q:	How does t	the elevated	level of	business	risk	affect	<b>Evergy</b>	Missouri	Metro's	and

2 West's capital structure?

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A: The increased risk of the Companies relative to the proxy group indicates that the

Companies' equity ratios should be greater than the proxy group average equity ratio.

Conversely, the equity ratio proposed by Mr. Murray of 48 percent and Dr. Won's recommended 50 percent equity ratio are well below the average authorized equity ratio for the proxy group and therefore are not reasonable as they would result in a substantial increase in the financial risk of Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West.

# IV. OVERVIEW OF RETURN ON EQUITY RECOMMENDATIONS AND COMPARABLE RETURN STANDARD

Q: Please provide an overview of the other ROE witnesses' recommendations in this proceeding.

Figure 2 summarizes the results of the ROE analyses presented by the other witnesses in this proceeding and their final recommendations. Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis, CAPM analysis, and Rule of Thumb analysis indicate a cost of equity from 5.83 percent to 8.96 percent, while OPC witness Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF, CAPM and Rule of Thumb results suggest a cost of equity of 7.00 percent to 7.76 percent. It is interesting that while Dr. Won and Mr. Murray abandon the results of their models when establishing their recommendations, neither of these witnesses reconsider the validity of the inputs and assumptions used in their respective models. Rather, Dr. Won recommends an ROE for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West of 9.62 percent, which is 144 basis points higher than the average results of his Two-Step DCF model and 155 basis points

higher than the midpoint results of his CAPM analyses. Similarly, Mr. Murray's ROE recommendation of 9.00 percent is 124 to 200 basis points higher than his Multi-Stage DCF model results and 125 to 182 basis points higher than his CAPM results. Since their ultimate recommendations are not based on their model results, it is apparent that both witnesses do not believe that their models are producing reasonable estimates of the ROE.

Figure 2:Recommended ROE Ranges and Point Estimates of the Other ROE Witnesses

	Dr. Won			
Witness	(Staff)	Mr. Murray (OPC)		
Multi-Stage Growth DCF	N/A	Average All: 7.34%  Average Mostly Regulated: 7.23%  Average Common Companies: 7.00%		
Multi-Stage (Evergy only)	N/A	7.45%-7.76%		
Two-Step DCF <sup>21</sup>	7.40%-8.96% Mean: 8.18%	N/A		
CAPM	5.83%-8.62% Mean: 8.07% <sup>22</sup>	7.18% - 7.75%		
Rule of Thumb	7.16%-9.43% <sup>23</sup>	7.60%		
Recommendation	9.62%	9.00%		
Difference between recommendation and model results	1.44%-1.55%	1.24%-2.00%		

Schedule SJW-d13

Schedule SJW-d14. The referenced CAPM range is established by the upper and lower bound of Dr. Won's analysis.

Won Direct Testimony, at 29.

1 Q: Are authorized returns in other jurisdictions a relevant benchmark to evaluate the 2 reasonableness of the ROE recommendations of Staff and the OPC?

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- A: Yes. As discussed previously, the *Hope* and *Bluefield* cases establish that authorized ROEs be comparable to other investments of commensurate risk. Therefore, the regulatory decisions of other commissions provide a basic test of reasonableness and a benchmark that investors have considered in assessing the authorized ROE of one utility against the returns available from other regulated utilities with comparable risk. It is important to recognize, however, that recently authorized ROEs have been established by regulatory commissions based on the market conditions that existed over the duration of the rate 10 proceeding. Therefore, to the extent that market conditions have changed significantly since the time of any particular rate proceeding, it would be important to consider the necessary changes in the ROE.
- 13 Q: Are the equity return recommendations of OPC witness Mr. Murray and Staff 14 witness Dr. Won consistent with the comparable return standard?
- 15 A: No, they are not. Both Dr. Won and Mr. Murray claim that one of the economic guidelines 16 they used in determining the cost of equity for the Companies was the comparable return standard established by the Court in *Hope* and *Bluefield*. While Dr. Won considers a 17 18 rising interest rate, high inflationary market and recently authorized ROEs for electric 19 utilities in other jurisdiction across the U.S., he relies on the simple average authorized

<sup>24</sup> Direct Testimony of Dr. Won, at 6, and Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 5.

1 ROEs to suggest that his recommendation of 9.62 percent is consistent with ROEs recently
2 authorized around the country. <sup>25</sup>

Q: Please explain why you say that Dr. Won's analysis does not meet the comparable
 return standard.

Dr. Won does not consider the comparability of the cases that he includes in his review of authorized ROEs. Dr. Won simply takes the average of all recently authorized ROEs for electric utilities. He does not consider the risk profile of the companies, nor does he research the returns to determine whether the final return includes adjustments, such as penalties. Finally, he does not distinguish the formula rate determinations, which are based on a methodology that is inconsistent with the data presented by any witness in this proceeding or the methodologies used by the Commission in its prior ROE determinations.

Q: How would the result of Dr. Won's analysis change if he had considered these factors?

Refining the sample group to consider comparability, I conclude that the ROE in 2022 was 15 basis points higher than what Dr. Won's analysis suggests. I also conclude that there is not sufficient data available in 2022 to use as a benchmark for the Companies' ROEs. Adjusting the 2022 authorized ROE data to include only vertically-integrated electric utilities limits the 30 reported cases to 11 cases. Further review of those cases reveals that the authorized ROEs were only publicly disclosed in five of those cases, and only one of the five was a fully litigated decision where the Commission authorized an ROE of 9.50 percent. While one data point is not a sufficient sample on which to benchmark the

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Direct Testimony of Dr. Won at 32.

1 Companies' ROEs, it is important to note that this is 15 basis points higher than the average 2 that Dr. Won calculated for the electric cases.

#### 3 Q: How did Mr. Murray consider recently authorized ROEs?

Mr. Murray claims he considered "recent average allowed ROEs for electric utilities" in the development of his recommended range; however, Mr. Murray does not provide any support to indicate that authorized ROEs would support the low end of his range of 8.50 percent. <sup>26</sup> Further, Mr. Murray sets his return at 9.00 percent, which is well below the average of recently authorized ROEs, without providing any information to demonstrate that the Companies have less risk on average than the companies "considered" in his review of authorized ROEs.

Have you developed a comparison of the recommended ROEs of Dr. Won and Mr.

Murray proposed rates of return by other utility regulatory commissions across the

13 U.S.?

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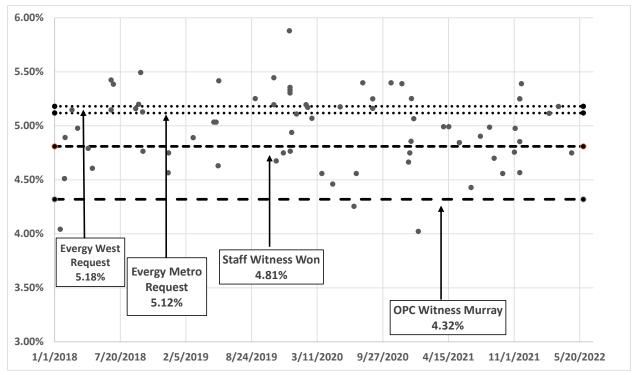
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14 A: Yes. Figure 3 shows the weighted equity returns for vertically integrated electric utilities
15 in other jurisdictions since January 2018, compared to the weighted equity return
16 recommended by Dr. Won of 4.81 percent, the 4.32 percent recommendation proposed by
17 Mr. Murray, and Evergy Missouri Metro's and Evergy Missouri West's respective
18 requests.

Direct Testimony of David Murray at 4.

Figure 3: Weighted U.S. Authorized Equity Returns – Vertically Integrated Electric Companies<sup>27</sup>



Recent comparable authorized ROEs for vertically-integrated electric utilities weighted by authorized equity ratios range from 3.75 percent to 5.88 percent, with an average of 4.87 percent.<sup>28</sup> Figure 3 demonstrates that Mr. Murray's recommended weighted equity return of 4.32 percent, is below more than 98 percent of the recent cases. Therefore, Mr. Murray is selecting a weighted ROE from a range that is largely inconsistent with the comparable return standard.

Source: S&P Capital IQ. Data through June 15, 2022. Chart excludes jurisdictions where the ROE is set by a formula (Illinois and Vermont) and zero-cost states (jurisdictions that include zero-cost items in the capital structure: Arkansas, Indiana, Michigan, and Florida). Formula rates are not comparable and should be excluded from the authorize ROE range because the returns are essentially applied state-wide without differentiation between the risk factors of the companies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> *Ibid*.

The majority of weighted authorized equity returns for vertically-integrated electric companies (149 out of 173 decisions) from 2018 through June 15, 2022 have been above Dr. Won's recommendation of 4.81 percent. This range is consistent with the Company's requested weighted ROE of 5.12 percent for Evergy Missouri Metro and 5.18 percent for Evergy Missouri West in this proceeding. The recommendations offered by Dr. Won and Mr. Murray are both below the average of comparable authorized weighted ROEs for vertically-integrated electric utilities since 2018. This would indicate that both Dr. Won and Mr. Murray believe Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West have less risk than other comparable vertically-integrated electric utilities across the U.S. However, neither Dr. Won nor Mr. Murray provide any evidence to support this conclusion because they do not consider the relative risk of Evergy Missouri Metro or Evergy Missouri West, as I discuss at the end of Section III above. Given the risk profile of the Companies, recommending an equity return that is below the average of comparable authorized weighted ROEs for vertically-integrated electric utilities since 2018, as Dr. Won and Mr. Murray have done, is unsubstantiated and inconsistent with the comparable return standard provided in *Hope* and *Bluefield*.

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Have Dr. Won or Mr. Murray considered recently authorized ROEs in the context of the market conditions that existed at the time of the decision and considering current market conditions?

No. Dr. Won recognizes that current market conditions are framed by higher interest rates, and significant inflation. However, neither witness has considered their recommendations and recently authorized weighted ROEs in the context of current market conditions. As discussed in more detail in Section VI of my Rebuttal Testimony, in determining the

appropriate ROE for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West, it is necessary to consider current inflationary pressures and the expectations for rising interest rates over the near-term, which will increase the cost of equity for utilities going forward.

Q:

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# Are you aware of any utilities that have experienced a credit downgrade related to the financial effects of a rate case decision?

Yes. Credit rating agencies take the authorized ROE into consideration in the overall risk analysis of a company. For example, Moody's downgraded ALLETE, Inc. in 2019 from A3 to Baa1 for reasons that included the less than favorable outcome in Minnesota Power's last rate case in Minnesota. Moody's viewed Minnesota Power's recent rate case decision as credit negative for reasons which included: (1) the below average authorized ROE of 9.25 percent, which resulted in a reduction of approximately \$20 million between the requested and approved revenue requirement; (2) the disallowance of certain expenses such as prepaid pension expenses; and (3) the decision not to adopt the annual rate review mechanism which would have mitigated the effect of industrial customers scaling back production in response to changes in economic conditions.<sup>29</sup>

The credit rating agencies also reacted negatively to the recent rate case decision for Puget Sound Energy ("PSE") in Washington. In July 2020, PSE received a rate determination that included an authorized ROE of 9.40 percent, which represented a 10 basis point decrease in the prior authorized ROE and a common equity ratio of 48.5 percent, resulting in an overall rate of return of 7.39 percent (and an equity rate of 4.559 percent).

Moody's Investors Service, Credit Opinion: "ALLETE, Inc., Update following downgrade" at 3 (April 3, 2019).

Each of the rating agencies responded negatively to this decision. Fitch Ratings downgraded the outlook on PSE and its parent company Puget Energy ("PE") to negative, indicating that the rate order would:

[s]ignificantly impair PE's consolidated credit metrics, raising FFO leverage to be approximately 6.0x through 2021, exceeding the downgrade guideline ratio of 5.5x. PE and PSE could be downgraded if mitigating actions are not forthcoming or **insufficient** to strengthen their credit metrics. Sustained lack of constructive regulatory relationship will also be a catalyst for a downgrade.<sup>30</sup>

S&P's ratings outlook for PSE and PE is negative, reflecting expectations that the FFO to debt ratio for PE would be 13 percent. S&P also stated that "[t]he decision is inconsistent with our current assessment and should the company continue to exhibit substantial regulatory lag, we would likely revise our assessment of the company's business risk profile downward." Moody's indicated that the outcome of the rate case was credit negative, recognizing a below average return on equity that was lower than the prior authorized ROE. 32

Further, the market has responded negatively to a recent rate determination authorized by the Arizona Corporation Commission ("ACC"), which included a return that was well below the average authorized for electric utilities. The Recommended Opinion and Order ("ROO") issued in the Arizona Public Service ("APS") rate proceeding on August 2, 2021 recommended an ROE of 9.16 percent. In October 2021, that

Fitch Ratings, Rating Action Commentary, "Fitch Affirms Puget Energy and Puget Sound Energy; Outlook Revised to Negative, July 27, 2020.

S&P Global Market Intelligence, S&P removes Puget Energy, Puget Sound Energy from CreditWatch, August 24, 2020.

Moody's Investor Service, Puget Sound Energy, Inc. Puget Sound Energy's rate case outcome is credit negative, July 17, 2020.

recommendation was amended to reduce the company's ROE to 8.70 percent. <sup>33</sup> The final
ROE that was established for APS was 8.70 percent, and the market reacted strongly to the
proposed order and subsequent amendment and final decision. Guggenheim Securities
LLC, an equity analyst that follows Pinnacle West Capital Corporation, the parent
company of APS, informed its clients that:

[T]he "Arizona Corporation Commission is now confirmed to be the single most value destructive regulatory environment in the country as far as investor-owned utilities are concerned."<sup>34</sup>

S&P Global Market Intelligence (Regulatory Research Associates) noted that this decision was "among the lowest ROEs RRA had encountered in its coverage of vertically integrated electric utilities in the past 30 years." <sup>35</sup>

As shown in **Error! Reference source not found.**, Pinnacle West Capital Corporation's stock price declined approximately 24 percent from August 2, 2021 to November 4, 2021 following the issuance of the ROO, which recommended an ROE of 9.16 percent, and then the subsequent amendment to that opinion recommending the 8.70 percent ROE ultimately adopted by the ACC.

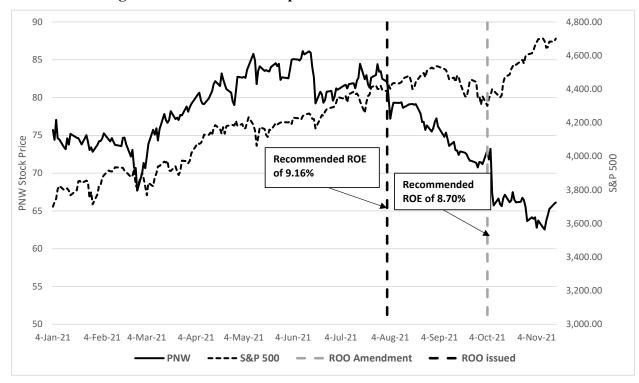
Arizona Corporation Commission Docket No. E-01345A-19-0236, Commissioner Olson Proposed Amendment No. 1 to the Recommended Opinion and Order. October 4, 2021.

S&P Global Market Intelligence, "Pinnacle West shares tumble after regulators slash returns in rate case," October 7, 2021.

S&P Global Market Intelligence, RRA Regulatory Focus, "Commission accords Arizona Public Service Company a well below average ROE," October 8, 2021.



A:



### Q: Why is the APS decision important to consider in this proceeding?

The model results developed by Dr. Won and Mr. Murray are significantly below the ROE determination in the APS decision. Based on the market's overall reaction to this decision, it is reasonable to conclude that the 8.70 percent ROE that was determined in that proceeding did not reflect the investor-required return, which further supports my opinion that the results of Dr. Won and Mr. Murray's ROE estimation methodologies are unreasonably low and cannot be relied upon, even in a benchmarking approach, for setting an ROE in this proceeding.

#### 1 Q: What is your conclusion regarding the ROE recommendations of Dr. Won and Mr.

#### 2 Murray?

A: Mr. Murray's ROE recommendation of 9.00 percent is unreasonably low and would not meet the comparable return standard of *Hope* and *Bluefield*. While Dr. Won recognizes a rising interest rate environment in his analysis, his estimation methodologies place his return in the middle of a range of authorized ROEs that were decided prior to the onset of the rising interest rates and high inflation that now exist in the current market environment. This suggests that Dr. Won's estimate understates the investor-required return over the forward-looking period when the rates for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West will be in effect.

#### V. UPDATED RETURN ON EQUITY MARKET DATA

#### **Q:** Have you updated your ROE analyses?

13 A: Yes, I have updated my ROE analyses using market data as of June 15, 2022. As part of
14 updating the analyses for current market conditions, I have also made one modification to
15 the proxy group based on changes in market information. Figure 5 below (see also
16 Schedule AEB-R1 through AEB-R8) summarizes the results of my updated analyses for
17 the proxy group.

I updated my proxy group to exclude Pinnacle West Capital based on volatility in the market data for that company following the decision in the APS rate case.

Figure 5: Summary of Updated Cost of Equity Results

Constant Growth DCF - N	Median		
	Median Low	Median	Median High
30-Day Average Price	8.37%	9.29%	9.83%
90-Day Average Price	8.38%	9.35%	9.89%
180-Day Average Price	8.42%	9.43%	10.02%
Constant Growth DCF - A	Average w/ exclusions		
	Median Low	Median	Median High
30-Day Average Price	8.77%	9.54%	10.28%
90-Day Average Price	8.79%	9.54%	10.28%
180-Day Average Price	8.87%	9.62%	10.36%
Capital Asset Pricing Mod	lel	_	
	Current Risk-Free Rate (3.12%)	Q3 2022 – Q3 2023 Projected Risk-Free Rate (3.48%)	2024-2028 Projected Risk-Free Rate (3.80%)
Value Line Beta	11.52%	11.57%	11.62%
Bloomberg Beta	10.86%	10.94%	11.01%
Long-term Avg. Beta	10.09%	10.23%	10.32%
<b>Empirical Capital Asset P</b>	ricing Model	_	
Value Line Beta	11.88%	11.92%	11.95%
Bloomberg Beta	11.39%	11.44%	11.50%
Long-term Avg. Beta	10.80%	10.91%	10.98%
Bond Yield Plus Risk Pren	nium		
	Current Risk-Free Rate (3.12%)	Q3 2022 – Q3 2023 Projected Risk-Free Rate (3.48%)	2024-2028 Projected Risk-Free Rate (3.80%)
Risk Premium Analysis	10.00%	10.15%	10.29%

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## 3 Q: Do the updated results continue to support the Company's requested ROE of 10.00

### 4 percent in this proceeding?

Yes. The results of the cost of equity estimation models are generally consistent with the analysis in my Direct Testimony, which was performed using market data through

September 30, 2021. Therefore, in addition to all of the other factors that I have considered, the updated results reflecting market data through June 15, 2022, provide additional support for my recommended ROE range of 9.90 percent to 10.50 percent and within that range the Company's requested ROE of 10.00 percent.

A:

#### VI. UPDATED CAPITAL MARKET CONDITIONS

Q: Do Dr. Won and Mr. Murray adequately consider current capital market conditions
 in their estimates of the investor-required ROE?

No, they do not. While Dr. Won recognizes that interest rates have increased, he does not consider that the Federal Reserve has clearly indicated the expectation for additional rate increases over the remainder of 2022 and into 2023 in order to address persistently high inflation. Mr. Murray's recommendation also does not adequately reflect current and projected market conditions. Mr. Murray also acknowledges that the yields on long-term government bonds and utility bonds have increased recently and are close to the levels achieved prior to the pandemic, however without any evidence to support his assertion, Mr. Murray suggests that investors expect authorized ROEs to remain at recently observed levels. <sup>37</sup> Mr. Murray is even more specific in his unsupported view suggesting that while the cost of equity has increased for broader markets, the cost of equity for utilities has not changed despite increases in interest rates. This viewpoint contradicts his own acknowledgement of the inverse relationship between utility stock prices and interest rates as well as his reliance on the DCF model.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 9-10 and 15.

l	Q:	How have interest rates and inflation changed since you filed your Direct Testimony?
2	A:	At the time that I filed my Direct Testimony, using market data as of December 2021, the
3		yield on the 30-year Treasury bond was 1.93 percent and the year-over-year change in
4		inflation was 6.88 percent. As of June 15, 2022, the 30-day average yield on the 30-year
5		Treasury bond was 3.12 percent and inflation was 8.56 percent. Therefore, interest rates
5		have steadily increased, which Staff has recognized in Evergy Missouri West's
7		securitization case, <sup>38</sup> and inflation has certainly not subsided.

#### 8 Q: Please summarize the Federal Reserve's response to inflation.

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- 9 A: The Federal Reserve has outlined plans to normalize monetary policy in response to sustained elevated levels of inflation. As of the June 15, 2022 meeting, the Federal Reserve:
  - Completed its taper of Treasury bond and mortgage-backed securities purchases;
  - Increased the target federal funds rate from 0.00 0.25 percent to 0.25 0.50 percent at the March 16, 2022 meeting, from 0.25 0.50 percent to 0.75 to 1.00 percent at the May 4, 2022 meeting, and then from 0.75 to 1.00 percent to 1.50 percent to 1.75 percent at the June 15, 2022 meeting;
  - Forecasted a total of seven additional 25 basis point rate increases in 2022 and two 25 basis point rate increases in 2023, which resulted in a median

Rebuttal Testimony of Mark Davis, Ducera Partners, LLC at 5-6. No. EF-2022-0155 (filed June 30, 2022).

1	forecast of the federal funds rate of 3.4 percent and 3.8 percent, respectively;
2	and

A:

Started reducing its holdings of Treasury and mortgage-backed securities on June 1, 2022. Specifically, the Federal Reserve will reduce the size of its balance sheet by only reinvesting principal payments on owned securities after the total amount of payments received exceeds a defined cap. For Treasury securities, the cap will be set at \$30 billion per month for the first three months and \$60 billion per month after the first three months, while for mortgage-backed securities the cap will be set at \$17.5 billion per month for the first three months and \$35 billion per month after the first three months.

# Q: Has the Federal Reserve provided any indications as to future plans to address inflation?

Yes. Federal Reserve Chairman Powell noted at his press conference on June 15, 2022 that reducing inflation to the long-term goal of 2 percent was the primary objective and that additional rate increases will be necessary with a 50 or 75 basis point increase likely needed at the next meeting:

Over coming months, we will be looking for compelling evidence that inflation is moving down, consistent with inflation returning to 2 percent. We anticipate that ongoing rate increases will be appropriate; the pace of those changes will continue to depend on the incoming data and the evolving outlook for the economy. Clearly, today's 75 basis point increase is an unusually large one, and I do not expect moves of this size to be

Federal Reserve, Press Release: Plans for Reducing the Size of the Federal Reserve's Balance Sheet, May 4, 2022.

common. From the perspective of today, either a 50 or 75 basis point increase seems most likely at our next meeting. We will, however, make our decisions meeting by meeting, and we will continue to communicate our thinking as clearly as we can. Our overarching focus is using our tools to bring inflation back down to our 2 percent goal and to keep longer-term inflation expectations well anchored.

Making appropriate monetary policy in this uncertain environment requires a recognition that the economy often evolves in unexpected ways. Inflation has obviously surprised to the upside over the past year, and further surprises could be in store. We therefore will need to be nimble in responding to incoming data and the evolving outlook. And we will strive to avoid adding uncertainty in what is already an extraordinarily challenging and uncertain time. We are highly attentive to inflation risks and determined to take the measures necessary to restore price stability. The American economy is very strong and well positioned to handle tighter monetary policy. 40

#### Q: What is the effect of inflation on long-term interest rates?

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- A: Persistent inflation and the Federal Reserve's normalization of monetary policy will likely result in continued increases in long-term interest rates. This is because inflation will reduce the purchasing power of the future interest payments from Treasury bonds; thus, investors will require higher yields to compensate for the increased risk of inflation, which means interest rates will increase.
- Q: How do current Treasury bond yields compare with the projections that you relied upon in your Direct Testimony?
- A: At the time that I filed my Direct Testimony, the short-term projected yield on the 30-year

  Treasury bond yields through the first quarter of 2023 was estimated to be 2.50 percent.

  The long-term projected yield on the 30-year Treasury bond, for the period from 2023-

Federal Reserve, Transcript of Chair Powell's Press Conference Opening Statement, June 15, 2022, at 4-5.

2027 was 3.50 percent. As of June 15, 2022, the 30-day average yield on the 30-day
Treasury bond was 3.12 percent, which is 62 basis points higher than the near-term
projection at the time I filed my Direct Testimony.

# Q: Please summarize the other ROE witnesses' positions on capital market conditions and the implications for the cost of equity.

As discussed previously, Dr. Won's ROE recommendation is not based on the results of his models using current market data. Rather, Dr. Won's recommended ROE is based on a comparison of current market conditions with the market conditions that existed when the Commission issued its decision in the 2019 Empire Case, which in turn, is based on the 2017 Spire Case. Dr. Won compares yields on government bonds, dividend yields and DCF results for the current period to the same market indicators in the 2019 Empire Case and concludes that market conditions support increasing the ROE for the Companies slightly above the return of 9.25 percent that was authorized in the 2019 Empire Case.<sup>41</sup>

Similarly, Mr. Murray notes that while the yields on long-term government bonds and utility bonds have increased recently and are close to the levels achieved prior to the pandemic, he thinks that investors "expect that regulators may at least hold the line on awarded ROEs." Additionally, Mr. Murray suggests that while the cost of equity has increased for broader markets, the cost of equity for utilities has not changed despite increases in interest rates. 43

A:

Won Direct Testimony, at 4-5.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 9-10 and 15.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 15.

- 1 Q: Do you agree with Dr. Won and Mr. Murray that utility share prices have a strong
- 2 inverse correlation to changes in the yields of long-term government bonds?
- Yes, I do. Dr. Won and Mr. Murray have both acknowledged that interest rates and utility share prices are inversely correlated, which means, for example, that an increase in interest rates will result in a decline in the share prices of utilities.<sup>44</sup> A decline in the share prices
- of utilities, in turn, means that an increase in the cost of equity is occurring.
- Q: Do you agree with Mr. Murray that investors expect authorized ROEs to hold at current levels despite the rising interest rate environment?<sup>45</sup>
- No, I do not. The yield on the 30-year Treasury Bond reached a low in August 2020 of 1.32 percent<sup>46</sup>; however, 30-year Treasury Bond yields have increased to as high as 3.45 percent in June 2022. As Mr. Murray acknowledges, "changes in utility stock valuation levels typically have a strong inverse correlation to changes in bond yields, i.e., as bond yields decline, utility stock prices increase." Based on this acknowledgement, and his reliance on the DCF model, it is disingenuous for Mr. Murray to conclude, now that interest rates are increasing, that the cost of equity for utilities has not changed.

Direct Testimony of Dr. Won, at 14-15, and Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 7-8.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 15.

Bloomberg Professional, as of August 31, 2021.

Direct Testimony of David Murray at 8.

# Q: What are your conclusions about the effect of current market conditions on the investor-required ROE?

A:

As Dr. Won recognizes,<sup>48</sup> the current market conditions suggest an increase in the cost of equity. As interest rates increase in response to persistently high inflation, it is reasonable to expect that the positive correlation between interest rates and utility equity returns shown in the Bond Yield Risk Premium analysis would result in an increase in the investor-required return on equity, as has been the case in past rising interest rate environments.

Further, in reviewing the results of the ROE models, it is important to consider how current market conditions affect these models. Over the near-term, investors expect long-term interest rates to increase in response to continued elevated levels of inflation and the Federal Reserve's normalization of monetary policy. Because the share prices of utilities are inversely correlated to interest rates, an increase in long-term government bond yields will likely result in a decline in utility share prices, which is the reason a number of equity analysts expect the utility sector to underperform over the near-term. The expected underperformance of utilities means that DCF models using recent historical data likely underestimate investors' required return over the period that rates will be in effect.

The increase in interest rates is directly included in the assumptions used in other ROE estimation methodologies, specifically the CAPM, the ECAPM, and the Bond Yield Risk Premium, which may better reflect expected market conditions.

Direct Testimony of Dr. Won at 14-15.

1	Q:	What are your conclusions regarding the effect of capital market conditions on the
2		cost of equity for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West?

3 A: There are several important conclusions regarding the effect of capital market conditions 4 for the Companies:

- 1. The share prices of utilities are inversely related with the interest rates.

  Investors expect interest rates to increase over the near-term, which will likely result in a decline in the share prices of utilities. A decline in share prices will increase the dividend yield and thus the cost of equity estimate of the DCF model. Therefore, current DCF results are likely understating the cost of equity during the period that the Companies' rates will be in effect.
- 2. Market conditions have affected the results of the ROE estimation models requiring consideration of the results of multiple models and exercised judgment.
- 3. While the ROE estimation models use some historical data (i.e., stock prices and dividends in the DCF model, and bond yields in the CAPM), based on the clear expectation that interest rates will increase, it is also appropriate to consider near-term projections in the ROE estimation models.
- 4. While Dr. Won recognizes that interest rates and inflation are affecting the cost of equity, his DCF results do not reflect reasonable estimates of the cost of equity. Further, Dr. Won's comparative DCF analysis which he uses to form his recommended ROE does not capture the effects of increases in

interest rates that are planned by the Federal Reserve to address the current
high inflation. Therefore, Dr. Won's adjustment to the ROE that was
authorized in the 2019 Empire Case understates the cost of equity over the
period that the rates that are decided in this proceeding will be in effect.

5. Mr. Murray's assumption that the cost of equity for utilities remains unchanged despite the increase in interest rates is inconsistent with his own testimony regarding the inverse relationship between interest rates and utility stock valuation levels. As such, the recent increase in interest rates – which Mr. Murray does not dispute – supports a higher cost of equity.

### VII. STAFF WITNESS DR. SEOUNG JOUN WON'S ROE ANALYSIS

### Q: Please provide an overview of Dr. Won's ROE analyses.

A:

Dr. Won develops multiple methodologies including the DCF, CAPM and Rule of Thumb methodologies and estimates a range of results from each methodology. However, Dr. Won's recommendation is not based on the cost of equity implied by his Two-Step DCF based on analysis of current market conditions, but rather an irrelevant comparison of a Two-Step DCF analysis at the time of the 2019 Empire Case. It is important to note that in the 2019 Empire Case, Staff's ROE recommendation was based in part on a comparison to an earlier 2017 Spire Case decision – a natural gas utility case. Figure 6 demonstrates changes in capital market conditions since the 2019 Empire Case, including factors that, while important in the estimation of the investor-required return, are not explicitly

<sup>49</sup> Spire Missouri Case Nos. GR-2017-0215 and GR-2017-0216.

considered in the DCF model, and therefore are not considered in Dr. Won's comparative
analysis. Figure 7 summarizes the results of Dr. Won's ROE estimation methodologies
and compares his ROE results to the ROE results that were filed by Staff in the 2019
Empire Case.

Figure 6: Comparison of Current Capital Markets to Capital Markets during the Empire 2019 Case

Methodology	2019 Empire Case	Current Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West Case
30-day Average yield on 30-year Treasury Bond	2.21% (3-month ending November 2019) <sup>50</sup> 2.25% (30-day ending January 31, 2020) <sup>51</sup>	2.25% (3-month ending March 31, 2022) <sup>52</sup> 2.37% (30-day ending March 31, 2022) <sup>53</sup> 3.12% (30-day ending June 15, 2022 <sup>54</sup>
Inflation (as measured by Y-o-Y change in CPI <sup>55</sup>	2.5% (as of January 2020)	8.5% (as of March 31, 2022) 8.6% (as of May 31, 2022)
Long-term Growth Rate Assumption	N/A Won GDP interpretation: 3.90% (as of May 2022) Dividend-based: 4.2%- 5.0% <sup>56</sup> GDP: 4.10%-4.40% <sup>57</sup>	GDP: 3.90% <sup>58</sup> GDP: 6.22% <sup>59</sup>

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Empire District Case No. ER-2019-0374, Staff Direct Testimony, at 8.

Bloomberg Professional as of March 31, 2022.

<sup>52</sup> Schedule SJW-d14.

Bloomberg Professional as of March 31, 2022.

Bloomberg Professional as of June 15, 2022.

Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers: All Items in U.S. City Average (12-month percent change). Available <a href="https://example.com/html/>here">here</a>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> Empire District Case No. ER-2019-0374, Amended Report and Order at 29.

Empire District Case No. ER-2019-0374. Chari Rebuttal at 7 and Staff Direct Report at 16.

Empire District Case No. ER-2019-0374, Staff Direct Testimony Appendix 2, Schedule PC-10-1.

<sup>59</sup> Schedule AEB-R10 GDP Growth

# Figure 7: Comparison of Dr. Won's ROE Results to Staff's Estimation in Empire's 2019 Case

Methodology	2019 Empire Case	Dr. Won's Range
Staff Two-Step DCF <sup>60</sup>	Won's reinterpretation: 6.79%-8.82%  Mean: 7.80% <sup>61</sup>	7.40%-8.96% Mean: 8.18%
Staff Constant Growth DCF	Staff Direct Electric PG: 7.34%-8.14% <sup>62</sup> Mean: 7.74% Staff Direct Gas PG: 6.65%-7.45% Mean: 7.05%	
Staff CAPM	Staff Direct Electric PG: 4.63%-5.43%, Mean: 5.03% <sup>63</sup> Staff Direct Gas PG: 4.91%-5.81%, Mean: 6.21%	5.83%-8.62% Mean: 8.07% <sup>64</sup>
Risk Premium or "Rule Thumb"	N/A	7.16%-9.43% <sup>65</sup>
Recently Authorized ROEs for Electric Utilities <sup>66</sup>	2019 Fully Litigated: 9.82% 2019 Settled: 9.74% 2019 All: 9.77%	2022 Fully Litigated: 9.50% 2022 Settled: 9.46% 2022 All: 9.47%
Witness Recommended Range	Staff Direct Report: 9.05%-9.80% Recommendation: 9.25%	9.37%-9.87% <sup>67</sup> Recommendation: 9.62%

<sup>3</sup> 

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Schedule SJW-d13.

<sup>61</sup> SJW-d13.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> Case No. ER-2019-0374. Staff Direct, Appendix 2, Schedule PC-12. January 15, 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> Case No. ER-2019-0374. Staff Direct, Appendix 2, Schedule PC-12. January 15, 2020.

Schedule SJW-d14. The referenced CAPM range is established by the upper and lower bound of Dr. Won's analysis.

Direct Testimony of Dr. Won at 29.

S&P Global, Direct Testimony of Dr. Won at 31, adjusted to include only vertically-integrated electric utility rate cases, and removes formula rate states (Illinois and Vermont).

Direct Testimony of Dr. Won at 4.

# 1 Q: Is Dr. Won's ROE recommendation based on the results of his ROE estimation 2 models?

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A:

No, it is not. Dr. Won essentially disregards the results of the majority of his ROE estimation methodologies and establishes his ROE recommendation based entirely on the results of his "comparative analysis," calculating ROEs using the Two-Step DCF model and current data as compared with the ROE resulting from a Two-Step DCF model using data from the time of the 2019 Empire Case. Staff's ROE recommendation in that *electric* case was based on a comparative analysis to the earlier 2017 Spire Case, which is a gas utility. 68 In the case of the 2019 data, Dr. Won attempted to measure a difference in the ROE from 2019 to the current time-period using his Two-Step DCF model results. He develops his recommendation in this case by relying on the authorized ROE of 9.25 percent from the 2019 Empire Case and adjusting the authorized ROE to reflect the change in the result of his current DCF results and 2019 DCF results. The inputs used in Dr. Won's analysis are inconsistent with Staff's analysis in the 2019 Empire Case. Specifically, Dr. Won relies on a 3.90 percent Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") growth rate in his 2019 DCF analysis, rather than the GDP growth rate, estimate that Staff actually relied upon in the Empire 2019 Case of 4.10 percent to 4.40 percent. <sup>69</sup> Based on Dr. Won's comparative Two-Step DCF analysis, Staff assumes that the cost of equity has increased 37-basis points

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> Spire Missouri Case Nos. GR-2017-0215 and GR-2017-0216.

Empire District Case No. ER-2019-0374, Staff Direct Testimony at 7, and Ex. 108, Chari Rebuttal, page 7. See also In the Matter of The Empire District Electric Company's Request for Authority to File Tariffs Increasing Rates for Electric Service Provided to Customers in its Missouri Service Area, No. ER-2019-0374. Amended Report and Order at 29 (July 23, 2020).

- and therefore recommends a 9.62 percent ROE for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy

  Missouri West.
- 3 Q: Do you agree with Dr. Won's reliance on a single model in developing his specific
- 4 **ROE** recommendation?
- 5 A: No, I do not. Consistent with FERC's recent determinations in Opinion No. 569-A, 171
- FERC ¶ 61,154 (May 21, 2020) I believe it is important to give some weight to the results
- of many financial models to estimate the cost of equity for the Companies. In addition, by
- 8 relying on a single analytical approach, Dr. Won's ROE recommendation is unreliable due
- 9 to flaws in the specification of his DCF model.
- 10 Q: What are the principal areas of your disagreement with the methodologies that Dr.
- 11 Won uses as the basis for his modeling?
- 12 A: I have many areas of disagreement on the technical aspects of Dr. Won's analysis and the 13 assumptions he relies on in each of his methodologies. As a practical matter, however, Dr. 14 Won does not actually rely on any of those analyses to support his recommendation for the 15 Companies, as they all produce results that are significantly below his recommended ROE 16 of 9.62 percent. Rather, Dr. Won's ROE recommendation is based on a comparison of the 17 results of his Two-Step DCF model in the current market with the Two-Step DCF results 18 based on market data at the time for the 2019 Empire Case. This analysis is flawed because 19 Dr. Won has applied the same GDP growth rate assumption to both analyses. While I do not believe that this comparative approach is the best estimator of the cost of equity, it 20 21 would have been more reasonable if Dr. Won had truly compared the results of the models 22 using the data from two different time periods; the 2019 Empire case and the current market

data. While I disagree with many aspects of Dr. Won's DCF, CAPM and other benchmarking analyses, the fact is that Dr. Won has not relied on those models in the development of his recommendation. Therefore, while my response to Dr. Won will address each methodology at a high level, I will focus more specifically on the Two-Step DCF methodology and the comparison underlying his recommended return.

#### A. Response to Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF Analysis

#### Q: Please summarize Dr. Won's specification of the Two-Step DCF model.

Dr. Won's DCF analysis is a two-stage model where he relies on projected earnings growth rates from Value Line as the estimate of the short-term growth rate, and projected GDP growth as the long-term growth rate at the current rate of 3.90 percent, rather than that proposed by Staff in the 2019 Empire Case of 4.10 percent to 4.40 percent. 70 71 As support for the use of a two-stage model, Dr. Won cites to the DCF model relied on by FERC. 72 Dr. Won relies on the three-month average of the high and low stock prices for his electric utility proxy companies for January through March 2022. 73 As shown in Schedule SJW-d11, Dr. Won relies on the nominal GDP growth rate published by the Congressional Budget Office ("CBO") of 3.90 percent as his estimate of the long-term growth rate. Schedule SJW-13 shows the results of Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis, which range from 7.40 percent to 8.96 percent, with an average DCF result of 8.18 percent.

**A**:

Schedule SJW-d13.

Empire District Case No. ER-2019-0374, Staff Direct Testimony at 7, and Ex. 108, Chari Rebuttal, page 7. See also In the Matter of The Empire District Electric Company's Request for Authority to File Tariffs Increasing Rates for Electric Service Provided to Customers in its Missouri Service Area, File No. ER-2019-0374. Amended Report and Order (July 23, 2020), at 29.

Won Direct Testimony, at 25.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> Schedule SJW-d12.

### 1 Q: Are the results of Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF model reasonable?

2 A: No, they are not. The results of Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis are so low as to be 3 unreasonable compared to the authorized equity returns for electric utility companies in other jurisdictions. The mean result of Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis is 8.18 percent, 4 which is below any authorized ROE for an electric utility company in the last 40 years.<sup>74</sup> 5 6 The Hope and Bluefield decisions, which Dr. Won acknowledges are standards to be followed in setting a just and reasonable return, 75 require the authorized return to be 7 8 comparable to other returns available to investors in companies with similar risk. Dr. 9 Won's Two-Step DCF results clearly violate this standard.

### 10 Q: What are your major areas of disagreement in methodology and opinions that Dr.

### Won relied on to derive his Two-Step DCF analysis?

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A:

The major areas of concern that I have with Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis are: 1) the development of the short-term growth rate; 2) the development of the long-term growth rate; 3) the misapplication of FERC's Two-Step DCF model; and 4) the development of his ROE recommendation, which relies on the comparison of the DCF results from 2019 and 2022 to adjust the authorized ROE from the 2019 Empire Case for an electric utility, which in turn is based on the 2017 Spire Case - a natural gas utility rate proceeding.

S&P Capital IQ Pro, excluding formula-based rate determinations and authorizations including penalties.

Won Direct Testimony, at 6.

### 1. Development of the Short-term Growth Rate

### Q: Are the results of Dr. Won's comparison of his 2019 and 2022 Two-Step DCF results

### biased by his selection of the short-term growth rate?

A:

Yes. As noted above, Dr. Won indicated that the proxy group average DCF result increased 37-basis points from 2019 to 2022, indicating that the cost of equity has increased 37 basis points. However, Dr. Won's DCF results are understated inclusion of the projected dividend per share ("DPS") and book value per share ("BVPS") growth rates from Value Line in his calculation of the short-term growth rate. As shown in Figure 8 below, the proxy group average DPS growth rate declined 40 basis points between 2019 and 2022 and BVPS growth rates declined by 10 basis points. This is directionally inconsistent with the 40-basis point *increase* in earnings per share ("EPS") growth rates relied upon by Dr. Won. As I discuss in more detail below, it is more appropriate to rely solely on projected EPS growth as the short-term growth estimate in the Two-Step DCF model than to include projected DPS growth rates. As shown in Schedule AEB-R9, had Dr. Won relied exclusively on projected EPS growth rates from his DCF analysis, the difference between 2019 DCF results and 2022 DCF results in Dr. Won's analysis would have suggested a 109 basis point increase in the cost of equity rather than a 37 basis point increase.

Figure 8: Comparison of 2019 and 2022 inputs to Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis

	[1]	[2]	[3]
Two-Step DCF Input	Q1 2022	2019	Difference
1 wo-step Der Input	Q1 2022		[[1] – [2])
Dividend Yield	3.49%	2.97%	0.52%
Value Line Projected Earnings Growth Rate	5.03%	4.73%	0.30%
Value Line Projected Dividend Growth Rate	4.70%	5.10%	-0.40%
Value Line Projected Book Value Growth Rate	4.37%	4.47%	-0.10%
Average of Value Line Projected Earnings, Dividend, and Book Value Growth	4.70%	4.77%	-0.07%

# Q: Why should Dr. Won have relied solely on projected EPS growth as the estimate of short-term growth in the Two-Step DCF model?

A: Earnings are the fundamental driver of a company's ability to pay dividends; therefore, earnings growth is the appropriate measure of a company's growth. As noted by Brigham and Houston:

Growth in dividends occurs primarily as a result of growth in earnings per share (EPS). Earnings growth, in turn, results from a number of factors, including (1) inflation, (2) the amount of earnings the company retains and invests, and (3) the rate of return the company earns on its equity (ROE).<sup>76</sup>

In contrast, changes in a company's dividend payments are based on management decisions related to cash management and other factors. For example, a company may

Eugene F. Brigham and Joel F. Houston, Fundamentals of Financial Management, at 317 (Concise Fourth Edition, Thomson South-Western, 2004).

decide to retain certain earnings rather than include those earnings in a dividend issuance.

As a result, changes in management decisions can cause large fluctuations in the dividend growth of a utility. Therefore, dividend growth rates are less likely than earnings growth rates to reflect investor perceptions of a company's growth prospects.

Furthermore, investment analysts report predominant reliance on EPS growth projections. In a survey completed by 297 members of the Association for Investment Management and Research, the majority of respondents ranked earnings as the most important variable in valuing a security (more important than cash flow, dividends, or book value).<sup>77</sup>

Academic research also supports the use of EPS growth estimates. A 2002 study in the *Journal of Accounting Research*, examined "the valuation performance of a comprehensive list of value drivers" finding that "forward earnings explain stock prices remarkably well" and were generally superior to other value drivers analyzed.<sup>78</sup> A 2012 study from the journal *Contemporary Accounting Research* found that the sell-side analysts with the most accurate stock price targets were those whom the researchers found to have more accurate earnings forecasts.<sup>79</sup>

Block, Stanley B., "A Study of Financial Analysts: Practice and Theory", Financial Analysts Journal (July/August 1999).

Liu, Jing, et al., "Equity Valuation Using Multiples," Journal of Accounting Research, Vol. 40 No. 1, March 2002.

Gleason, C.A., et al., "Valuation Model Use and the Price Target Performance of Sell-Side Equity Analysts," Contemporary Accounting Research.

1	Q:	Do you have any other concerns with Dr. Won's reliance on Value Line projected
2		DPS growth rates?
3	A:	Yes, I do. In addition to the theoretical basis for the use of earnings growth rates, there is
4		the practical consideration of the availability of market data. The source for all of Dr.
5		Won's growth rates is Value Line. Dr. Won's reliance on Value Line's projected DPS,
6		BVPS, and EPS growth rates unnecessarily introduces "sole source" bias into his
7		calculations. By contrast, my DCF analysis uses earnings growth rates from multiple
8		sources in addition to Value Line, including Zack's and Yahoo! Finance, both of which
9		provide consensus estimates from multiple analysts.
10	Q:	Has Staff consistently relied upon projected DPS and BVPS growth rates from Value
11		Line to develop its Two-Step DCF analysis?
12	A:	No, Staff has not. In Ameren Missouri's Case No. ER-2021-0240, Staff witness Mr. Chari
13		relied on projected earnings growth rates from Value Line and S&P Global Market
14		Intelligence as the estimate of short-term growth in his Two-Step DCF analysis.
15		2. Development of the Long-term Growth Rate
16	Q:	What estimated long-term GDP growth rate has Dr. Won relied on to develop his
17		Two-Step DCF analysis?
18	A:	Dr. Won relied on the current projected GDP growth rate of 3.90 percent reported by the
19		CBO as the estimate of long-term growth in his Two-Step DCF model. <sup>80</sup> In calculating
20		the DCF results from 2019, he has applied that same projected 3.90 percent GDP growth

Won Direct Testimony, at Schedule SJW-11.

rate estimate rather than the projections of 4.10 percent to 4.40 percent that were published by the CBO at the time of the 2019 Empire Case.

Further, Dr. Won does not state the time-period of the GDP growth rate in either his testimony or schedules, but it appears to be based on a review of the data published by the CBO for the period of 2027-2032.<sup>81</sup> Therefore, Dr. Won is relying on a long-term growth rate that only reflects growth for a five-year period. Furthermore, the CBO has advised that the forecasts should be used with caution considering the uncertainty involved in the forecasting process:

The current projections are subject to an unusually high degree of uncertainty, which stems from the ongoing pandemic and other world events. The agency develops its projections so that they fall in the middle of the range of likely outcomes, given the baseline assumptions about federal tax and spending policies, while recognizing that actual outcomes will typically differ to some degree from any such projections [emphasis added]. 82

# Q: Do you agree with Dr. Won's reliance on a May 2022 estimate of 3.90 percent as the GDP growth rate in recalculating the 2019 DCF results for Empire District?

No, I do not. Staff filed a GDP growth in that case of 4.10 percent to 4.40 percent, while my own analysis indicates a growth rate of 5.53 percent. Dr. Won thereby underestimates the cost of equity for the period in which the Companies' rates will be set which reflects high inflation, interest rate increases, and likely increases in dividend yields. In addition, Dr. Won's projected GDP growth rate of 3.90 percent is 232 basis points below the long-term projected GDP growth rate that I estimate at 6.22 percent, which considers long-term

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Congressional Budget Office, An Update to the Budget and Economic Outlook: 2022 to 2032, https://www.cbo.gov/system/files/2022-05/57950-Outlook.pdfMay 2022. Table 2-1.

*Id.*, at 16.

historical growth in real GDP as reported by the Bureau of Economic Analysis ("BEA") from 1929 to 2021 and projected inflation rates from Blue Chip Financial Forecasts and the Energy Information Administration ("EIA"). <sup>83</sup> As shown in Schedule AEB-R9, using these more appropriate growth rates would indicate an increase in ROE of 51 to 82 basis points above 2019 DCF results when also updating the 2022 DCF results to reflect the current long-term projected GDP growth rate of 6.22 percent. Therefore, it is likely that Dr. Won's estimate of projected GDP growth understates a reasonable expectation of long-term economic growth.

3. Misapplication of FERC's Two-Step DCF Analysis

#### Does Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis follow FERC's current methodology?

No, it does not. Dr. Won references FERC's ROE methodology from Opinion No. 569, issued in November 2019, as support for his use of a short-term and long-term growth rate in his Two-Step DCF analysis. ADP. Won's methodology, however, is not consistent with FERC's most recent determination in Opinion No. 569-A, issued in May 2020. In addition to changing its overall methodology for setting the ROE to rely on an equal weighting of the DCF, CAPM and Risk Premium methodologies, FERC also adjusted its application of the two-stage DCF model in Opinion No. 569-A. The following revisions that were specified by FERC were not applied by Dr. Won in his Two-Step DCF model:

• FERC has consistently relied on earnings growth rates from International Brokers' Estimate System ("I/B/E/S") (which are consistent with those

Q:

A:

Schedule AEB-R10 GDP Growth

Won Direct Testimony, at 3.

reported on First Call / Yahoo! Finance), not Value Line, as Dr. Won has 1 2 used in his Two-Step DCF analysis. 3 FERC relies on six months of high and low stock prices for the proxy group 4 companies to compute the dividend yield, not the three months of stock 5 price data that Dr. Won has relied upon. 6 FERC uses IHS Global Insights, the Energy Information Administration, 7 and the Social Security Administration as the source of its projected GDP 8 growth rate estimate, rather than the CBO upon which Dr. Won has relied 9 in his Two-Step DCF analysis. 10 Finally, FERC excludes high and low outliers from the results of the DCF, 11 CAPM and Risk Premium methodologies. Dr. Won has not indicated 12 whether he has excluded outliers and, if so, how that determination was 13 made. 14 Q: Even if Dr. Won had applied the FERC's two-stage DCF methodology consistent with Opinion 569-A, would it be reasonable to rely exclusively on the results of this 15 16 methodology to set the ROE? A: No. The FERC has recognized that exclusive reliance on the results of the DCF model is 17 18 not appropriate based on recent market conditions. Therefore, Dr. Won's reliance on FERC's DCF methodology, without recognizing that FERC is only giving this 19 20 methodology one third to one half of the weight in its ROE analysis, is not appropriate. As 21 discussed in Opinion No. 569-A, in prior electric transmission ROE cases, FERC sought to depart from its prior approach of relying exclusively on the DCF model because it was 22

less confident that the midpoint of its zone of reasonableness reflected an ROE that would

meet the *Hope* and *Bluefield* standards as a result of "anomalous capital market conditions"

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and bond yields that were at historic lows.<sup>85</sup> Therefore, FERC determined that it would rely on multiple models, weighting the results of the DCF, CAPM and Risk Premium models equally in electric transmission cases, and the DCF and the CAPM equally in natural gas pipeline cases.<sup>86</sup>

# What would be the results of Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis if he had followed the FERC's methodology?

A:

As shown in Schedule AEB-R9 Adj Staff DCF, if Dr. Won had followed FERC's methodology in his Two-Step DCF analysis, using the FERC approach to GDP growth, the range of reasonableness for his proxy group would be from 7.23 percent to 9.51 percent, with a midpoint of 8.94 percent and a median of 9.72 percent. While 8.94 percent and 9.72 percent are below reasonable estimates of the cost of equity for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West, it is important to view the FERC DCF methodology in the context of FERC's overall methodology. DCF estimates of 8.94 percent to 9.72 percent would receive no more than one-third weight under the methodology adopted in FERC Opinion 569-A. In addition, Dr. Won's comparative DCF analysis to the 2019 Empire Case understates the magnitude of the increase in the cost of equity by failing to adhere to FERC's DCF approach.

FERC Opinion No. 569-A, Para. 4 (May 21, 2020).

FERC Policy Statement on Determining Return on Equity for Natural Gas and Oil Pipelines at 17 (May 2020).

1 Q: How do the changes that you made to Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis affect the 2 results of his comparison between his current Two-Step DCF results and the results 3 as of 2019?

As shown in Figure 9, in each case the DCF results increased from 2019 to 2022. For example, if Dr. Won had relied on the correct specification of FERC's Two-Step DCF analysis, his DCF results would have increased between 105 and 226 basis points from a midpoint of 7.89 percent to 8.94 percent, or a median of 7.46 percent to 9.72 percent. As a result, making reasonable adjustments to Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis results in the conclusion that the cost of equity has increased since Empire District's 2019 rate case.

Figure 9: Summary of Adjustments to Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF Analysis

	2022 Proxy Group Mean	2019 Proxy Group Mean	Difference (2022 – 2019)
As Filed	8.18%	7.80%	0.37%
Adjusted for Dr. Won's Projected EPS Growth Only	8.62%	7.53%	1.09%
Bulkley projected GDP growth rate as the long-term growth rate and 4.10%-4.40% for the 2019 GDP growth rate	8.65%	7.83%-7.89%	0.76%-0.82%
FERC Two-Step DCF (Median)	Midpoint: 8.94% Median: 9.72%	Midpoint: 7.89% Median: 7.46%	1.05%-2.26%

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4. Adjustment to Empire District's 2019 Authorized ROE

# 13 Q: How does Dr. Won attempt to reconcile his Two-Step DCF model results with his recommended ROE?

15 A: As discussed above, Dr. Won attempts to justify his recommended ROE using a benchmarking analysis. Rather than relying on the results of his DCF model, Dr. Won

compares the DCF results in Empire District's 2019 rate case, which is itself a comparison to the 2017 Spire Case, and his DCF results in this case. Dr. Won suggests that the authorized ROE that was approved by the Commission can be interpreted as its perspective on the relationship between the cost of equity and the ROE. Based on that unfounded assumption, Dr. Won suggests that, as long as that relationship has not changed, it is appropriate to rely on a comparison of his DCF results from 2019 to his current DCF results and to adjust the authorized ROE from 2019 to reflect changes in the cost of equity. <sup>87</sup>

### Q: Do you agree with Dr. Won on this point?

A:

No, I do not. As Dr. Won notes in his testimony, we are experiencing a "rapidly changing economic outlook." Applying a benchmarking analysis that assumes that all conditions are held constant but for the inputs to a Two Step DCF analysis when comparing the ROEs across different companies and different time periods is oversimplified and does not take into account several other relevant variables. Such a comparison is not appropriate. This is particularly true given the capital markets changes since 2019, as well as the different risk profiles for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West compared to Empire District Electric Company.

# Q: Did Staff rely on a Two-Step DCF analysis in the 2019 Empire Case or the 2017 Spire Case?

19 A: No. Staff performed a Constant Growth DCF analysis in the 2017 Spire Case, as well as 20 the 2019 Empire Case.

<sup>87</sup> SJW-d13.

Won Direct Testimony, at 32.

1	Q:	Did the Commission rely on the Constant Growth DCF results calculated by Staff in
2		the determination of the authorized ROE in the 2017 Spire Case or the 2019 Empire
3		Case?
4	A:	No. In the 2017 Spire Case, the Commission did not rely on the model results developed
5		by the ROE witnesses in the case but instead considered the recommendations presented
6		which ranged from 9.2 percent to 10.35 percent. In addition, the Commission considered
7		recently authorized ROEs, capital market conditions including economic growth and
8		anticipated increases in short-term interest rates by the Federal Reserve, and the business
9		and financial risks of the company. <sup>89</sup> Based on these considerations, the Commission
10		awarded Spire Missouri an authorized ROE of 9.80 percent. In the 2019 Empire Case, the
11		Commission found the Staff and OPC recommendation of 9.25 percent ROE to be
12		appropriate. 90 However, the 9.25 percent ROE recommendation was not based on the
13		Constant Growth DCF analysis presented by either Staff or the OPC witnesses.
14	Q:	What is your response to Dr. Won's use of the ROE set in the 2019 Empire Case to
15	ζ.	set his ROE recommendation for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West?
16	A:	Dr. Won's use of the 2019 Empire Case to estimate the ROE for the Companies is not a
17		meaningful indicator of the investor required return on equity. In reviewing the 2017 Spire
18		Case, on which the 2019 Empire Case is based, it is clear that the Commission considered

an approach that was developed by Staff that was very similar to the comparative

In the Matter of Laclede Gas Company's Request to increase its Revenues for Gas Service, File No. GR-2017-0215 and File No. GR-2017-0216, Report and Order (Feb. 21, 2018), at 32.

In the Matter of The Empire District Electric Company's Request for Authority to File Tariffs Increasing Rates for Electric Service Provided to Customers in its Missouri Service Area, File No. ER-2019-0374. Amended Report and Order (July 23, 2020), at 38.

methodology relied on by Dr. Won. There is no evidence in that record that supports Dr. Won's theory that the Commission has established any relationship between the results from Staff's DCF model in the 2017 Spire Case and the ROE that was authorized. In fact, the Commission noted that Staff witness Murray's recommendation of 9.5 percent (which was substantially higher than his DCF results of 6.90 percent to 7.70 percent) was too low because Mr. Murray relied on Commission decisions that had test years in 2014 and 2015 and did not consider the improving economy and the expectation that the Federal Reserve would increase short-term interest rates.<sup>91</sup> Dr. Won's analysis presented in this case to estimate the ROE for the Companies suffers from the same deficiencies that Commission outlined in the 2017 Spire Case. Dr. Won is also comparing capital market conditions today to those that existed in 2019 for a Commission decision that had a test year which was trued-up through March 2019. Dr. Won also failed to consider macroeconomic conditions including that the economy is entering a period of sustained economic growth, rising long-term interest rates, and currently high inflation. Using the same approach that the Commission rejected in the 2017 Spire Case, Dr. Won suggests, without support, that there is a relationship between the Commission authorized ROE and Staff's estimate of the cost of equity in order to justify his benchmarking methodology rather than address the unreasonably low results derived from his Two-Step DCF model.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>91</sup> *Id.*, at 30-31.

Q:	Please summarize your conclusions regarding the analyses that Dr. Won uses to
	support his recommended ROE of 9.62 percent.

A:

First, it is important to recognize that Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF model did not result in any estimates that he relied on to develop his recommended ROE. Further, when benchmarked against recently authorized ROEs, it is clear that the results of Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF model do not meet the *Hope* and *Bluefield* principles, because there are no instances in recently authorized ROEs where a regulatory commission has determined that the cost of equity for a vertically-integrated electric utility is 8.18 percent, as suggested by Dr. Won's model.

Second, I do not agree with Dr. Won's conclusion that the cost of equity has increased by only 37 basis points since the 2019 Empire Case. As shown in Figure 9, above, when reasonable adjustments are made to Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis, such as relying on earnings growth rates as the estimate of short-term growth or calculating the Two-Step DCF model as specified by the FERC, the DCF results have increased by 105 to 226 basis points since Empire District's 2019 rate case. Applying this change to the ROE that was determined in the 2019 Empire Case would result in an ROE of 10.30 percent to 11.51 percent for the Companies.

Third, while Dr. Won relies on FERC precedent to support his DCF methodology, his analysis is not consistent with FERC's current approach for calculating the DCF methodology. In addition, by relying entirely on his DCF result, he has ignored the FERC's broader conclusion that it is no longer appropriate to rely only on the DCF model.

Regarding the benchmarking analysis performed using the 2019 Empire Case, I conclude that this analysis is not at all meaningful. Moreover, it is based on the analysis

that Staff presented to the Commission in the 2017 Spire Case and that was rejected by the Commission.

Consistent with FERC's recent determinations in Opinion No. 569-A, it is important to give weight to the results of many financial models to estimate the cost of equity for the Companies. As shown in Figure 3, the range of equity-weighted authorized returns for vertically-integrated electric utilities is very broad, which makes it important to recognize, as the Commission did in the 2019 Empire Case, that a simple review of returns from historical periods is insufficient without consideration of the current market conditions.

#### **B.** Capital Asset Pricing Model

Q:

A:

### Please summarize Dr. Won's application of the CAPM.

Dr. Won states that he develops the CAPM as a test of the reasonableness of his DCF results. <sup>92</sup> Dr. Won's CAPM analysis uses a risk-free rate based on the average yield on the 30-year Treasury bond for the three months ending March 31, 2022, Value Line Beta coefficients for the electric proxy group, and four measures of the market risk premium ("MRP"). The first two estimates of the MRP are the long-term geometric and arithmetic average MRPs of 4.61 percent and 6.03 percent, respectively, calculated as the difference between the return on large company stocks and long-term government bonds from 1926 to 2021. <sup>93</sup> Similarly, the second two estimates of the MRP are the long-term geometric and arithmetic average MRPs of 6.24 percent and 6.71 percent, respectively, but these estimates

Won Direct Testimony, at 25.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>93</sup> SJW-d14.

- of the MRP are calculated as the difference between the return on the S&P 500 and longterm government bonds from 1928 to 2021.<sup>94</sup> The results of Dr. Won's CAPM analyses range from 5.83 percent to 8.62 percent. Dr. Won concludes that the results of his CAPM analysis support the range of results produced by his DCF analysis.<sup>95</sup>
- 5 Q: Does Dr. Won rely on his CAPM analysis to establish his recommended ROE for 6 Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West?
- A: No, he does not. Dr. Won's recommendation is based on the benchmarking analysis performed using the results of his Two-Step DCF model. Dr. Won simply suggests that the CAPM results support those of his DCF analysis.
- 10 Q: Do you agree with the range resulting from Dr. Won's CAPM analysis?
- 11 A: No. The high-end of each of the ranges is below any authorized ROE for the vast majority
  12 of vertically-integrated electric utility companies over the past 40 years. 96 As such, Dr.
  13 Won's CAPM results do not meet the comparable return standard of *Hope* and *Bluefield*.
- 14 Q: What risk-free rate does Dr. Won use in his CAPM analysis?
- 15 A: Dr. Won relies on a current risk-free rate of 2.25 percent, which was the three-month 16 average yield on the 30-year Treasury bond as of March 31, 2022.

Won Direct Testimony, at 29.

Won Direct Testimony, at 29.

<sup>96</sup> S&P Capital IQ Pro.

#### Q: Do you agree with Dr. Won's estimate of the risk rate?

A:

A:

No. My primary concern with Dr. Won's historical risk-free rate is that the estimation of the cost of equity is intended to be a forward-looking analysis. As discussed in Section VI, investors expect interest rates to increase considerably over the near term amidst a high period of inflation. For example, according to Blue Chip, financial markets are expecting interest rates on 30-year government bonds to increase to 3.48 percent over the third quarter of 2022 through the third quarter of 2023, and to approximately 3.80 percent during the period from 2024-2028. As equity investors consider their return requirements, they must factor in expectations for higher interest rates on government bonds. Dr. Won's exclusive reliance on current government bond yields does not reflect the market's expectations regarding interest rates. Since interest rates are expected to increase, it would be more appropriate to consider a CAPM analysis which relies on projected yields on the 30-year Treasury Bond which better reflect capital market conditions during the period that the Companies' rates will be in effect.

#### Q: What MRP does Dr. Won use in his CAPM analysis?

Dr. Won estimates a MRP range of 4.61 percent to 6.71 percent using four separate estimates of the historical MRP. The first two estimates of the MRP are the long-term geometric and arithmetic average MRPs of 4.61 percent and 6.03 percent, respectively, calculated as the difference between the return on large company stocks and long-term government bonds from 1926 to 2021. Similarly, the second two estimates of the MRP

Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 41, No 6, June 1, 2022, at 2 and 14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>98</sup> SJW-d14.

are the long-term geometric and arithmetic average MRPs of 5.13 percent and 6.71 percent, respectively, but these estimates of the MRP are calculated as the difference between the return on the S&P 500 and long-term government bonds from 1928 to 2021. 99

# 4 Q: Why do you disagree with Dr. Won's estimated MRP range of 4.61 percent to 6.71 percent?

Because Dr. Won does not rely on his CAPM methodology, which demonstrates that his assumptions are unreasonable, I do not address in detail the concerns I have for the methodology that Dr. Won used to estimate the MRP. Further, many of the assumptions Dr. Won uses to estimate his MRP were also relied upon by OPC witness Murray and are addressed in my response to his direct testimony. However, it is important to note a practical concern I have with the range of MRPs relied on by Dr. Won. In each of the four MRP scenarios Dr. Won has relied on a long-term historical average of the MRP. However, given the current low yields on Treasury bonds, and the inverse relationship between interest rates and the MRP that is shown in the Bond Yield Plus Risk Premium analysis that I presented in Direct Testimony, Dr. Won's use of a historical MRP will understate the MRP in the current market environment. For example, the historical income-only return on government bonds over the period 1926 to 2021 (which is the same period Dr. Won used to estimate two of his estimates of the MRP) has been approximately 4.91 percent, 100 while the 30-day average risk-free rate on long-term government bonds as of June 15, 2022 is 3.12 percent. Because interest rates on long-term government bonds

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>99</sup> SJW-d14.

Duff &Phelps, Valuation Handbook: Guide to Cost of Capital, 2021.

are well below the historical average of 4.91 percent, the inverse relationship between interest rates and the MRP implies that the MRP should be well above the long-term historical averages of 4.61 percent to 6.71 percent that Dr. Won calculates. Therefore, Dr. Won's incorrect use of the historical MRP given current market conditions is the primary reason his CAPM analysis produced estimates of the cost of equity that are below the vast majority of authorized ROE for a vertically-integrated electric utility in the last 40 years.

# Q: Does Dr. Won compare the results of his CAPM analysis to Staff's CAPM analysis in the 2019 Empire Case?

No, he does not. To develop his adjustment to the ROE authorized in the 2019 Empire Case, Dr. Won only compares the results of his 2022 and 2019 Two-Step DCF analysis. Dr. Won does not consider the changes in the CAPM analysis between 2019 and 2022. However, Staff witness Chari in the 2019 Empire Case calculated a CAPM result of 4.63 percent using the geometric average historical MRP and 5.43 percent using the arithmetic average historical MRP for the Electric Proxy Group. <sup>101</sup> In the current proceeding for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West, Dr. Won estimated a proxy group average CAPM range of 6.24 percent to 8.07 percent relying on the arithmetic and geometric average historical MRP range of 4.61 percent to 6.71 percent. <sup>102</sup>

### Q: What does this comparison suggest?

19 A: While I do not believe the authorized ROE in this case should be determined on a 20 comparative basis with prior ROE determinations, had Dr. Won compared the CAPM

A:

Case No. ER-2019-0374, Staff Cost of Service Report, January 15, 2020, at 17.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>102</sup> SJW-d14.

results in the current case to the 2019 Empire Case, he would have concluded that the cost of equity has increased by 161 to 264 basis points since 2019.

#### C. Rule of Thumb Methodology

A:

A:

#### 4 Q: Please summarize Dr. Won's "Rule of Thumb" analysis.

The "Rule of Thumb" methodology presented by Dr. Won is a form of the risk premium methodology that adds an average utility bond yield to an estimate of the market risk premium. In this approach, Dr. Won relies on the three-month average yield on the A and Baa rated long-term utility bonds that had average yields of 3.66 percent and 3.93 percent, respectively, and to that added a risk premium range of 3.50 to 5.50 percent. This results in a range of returns from 7.16 percent to 8.96 percent. <sup>103</sup>

### **Q:** Do you agree with this methodology?

I agree that it is generally appropriate to rely on properly-specified risk premium methodologies. However, Dr. Won appears to have changed the assumptions used in the "Rule of Thumb" from his recent prior testimony. This unsupported change has the effect of lowering the ROE that results from his risk premium approach. Specifically, Dr. Won recently filed testimony in Case No. WR-2020-0334 for Missouri-American Water Company ("MAWC") on November 24, 2020 and indicated that the estimated MRP range for the "Rule of Thumb" was 4.00 percent to 6.00 percent. <sup>104</sup> For Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West, Dr. Won is recommending a range for the MRP of 3.50 percent

Won Direct Testimony, at 29.

Case No. WR-2020-0344, Staff Cost of Service Report, November 2020, at 27.

- to 5.50 percent, lowering his estimated MRP range for the "Rule of Thumb" analysis by

  50 basis points.
- 3 Q: Is it reasonable to expect that the MRP would change significantly over time?
- A: No. Dr. Won purports to rely on a historical estimate of the MRP. Typically, the historical MPR is calculated over a long time period. Therefore, the MRP would not be expected to change by such a substantial amount in a short period of time.
- 7 Q: Did other assumptions in his Rule of Thumb calculation change?
- A: Yes. The yields on the Moody's A-rated and Baa-rated utility bonds moved from 3.67

  percent and 3.94 percent, respectively, for Q1 2022 to 4.76 percent and 5.10 percent,

  respectively, based on a 30-day average as of June 15, 2022. This was an increase of 109
  116 basis points between just the time he filed his testimony in this case and current market

  rates. The difference between market rates during the Empire 2019 proceeding and current

  rates indicates a further disparity, of 136-137 basis points between Q4 2019 and 30-day A

  and Baa Moody's rates.
- 15 Q: How would the results of Dr. Won's Rule of Thumb analysis change if he had relied 16 on the MRP range that he relied on in the Missouri American Water case?
- 17 A: If Dr. Won had relied on the MRP range of 4.00 percent to 6.00 percent from his testimony
  18 in the case for MAWC, the results of his "Rule of Thumb" methodology would have been
  19 of 7.66 percent to 9.46 percent.

## 1 Q: Do these corrected results support Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis?

- 2 A: No, they do not. Comparing the corrected results discussed above to Dr. Won's Two-
- 3 Growth DCF result range of 7.40 percent of 8.96 percent demonstrates that the Rule of
- Thumb approach supports a higher cost of equity and thus does not support his Two-Step
- 5 DCF results.

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## 6 Q: Do you have any other concerns with Dr. Won's "Rule of Thumb" analysis?

- 7 A: Yes. Similar to his CAPM analysis, Dr. Won's specification of this risk premium approach
- 8 relies on historical estimates of the market risk premium and does not take into
- 9 consideration the inverse relationship between interest rates and the equity risk premium.
- Further, the use of the three-month average yield on utility bonds is outdated and does not
- reflect the expectation of rising interest rates. As such, this methodology does not reflect
- investor return requirements over the rate period.

## D. Authorized Returns in Other Jurisdictions

## 14 Q: Please summarize Dr. Won's analysis of authorized returns in other jurisdictions.

- 15 A: Dr. Won summarizes the authorized returns for all rate cases, fully litigated rate cases only
- and settled rate cases only for electric and natural gas distribution companies in other
- jurisdictions from 2010 to May 2, 2022. 105 Dr. Won's data indicate that the average
- authorized ROE for electric utilities in both fully litigated and settled proceedings has been
- in the range of 9.35 percent to 10.37 percent over this period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>105</sup> SJW-d17.

## Q: What are your conclusions about these authorized returns?

A:

Dr. Won's analysis is flawed in that it he is considering authorized ROEs for utilities that are not risk-comparable to the Companies. Considering the authorized ROEs for a risk comparable group of companies, vertically integrated electric utilities, Dr. Won's recommended ROE of 9.62 percent is 21 basis points below the average authorized ROE over the period that he analyzed, from 2010-2022 of 9.83 percent. <sup>106</sup>

Additionally, as shown in Figure 3, Dr. Won's recommendation is towards the low end of the equity-weighted authorized ROEs for vertically-integrated electric utilities since 2018. As noted above, 149 of the 173 vertically-integrated electric utility authorized equity-weighted ROEs awarded since 2018 were greater than Dr. Won's recommendation of 4.81 percent. As noted previously, reviewing the authorized ROEs in 2022, there is only one fully litigated decision for a vertically-integrated electric utility, at 9.50 percent. This is higher than the average reported by Dr. Won but is an insufficient sample size from which to draw any meaningful conclusions.

# 15 Q: Has Dr. Won provided any evidence to suggest that Evergy Missouri Metro and 16 Evergy Missouri West are below-average risk utilities?

17 A: No. Dr. Won has presented no evidence regarding the relative risk of the Companies and other electric utilities across the U.S., or his proxy group companies.

Source: S&P Capital IQ. 2022 data as of June 15, 2022 and excludes ROE formula states (Illinois and Vermont).

Source: S&P Capital IQ. Data through June 15, 2022. Chart excludes jurisdictions where the ROE is set by a formula (Illinois and Vermont) and zero-cost states (jurisdictions that include zero-cost items in the capital structure: Arkansas, Indiana, Michigan, and Florida). Formula rates are not comparable and should be excluded from the authorize ROE range because the returns are essentially applied state-wide without differentiation between the risk factors of the companies.

## 1 Q: Is it important to conduct an analysis of the relative risk of Evergy Missouri Metro 2 and Evergy Missouri West and the proxy companies?

3 A: Yes, it is, and the Commission has specifically considered relative risk in assessing the
4 sufficiency of ROE recommendations. In its decision in the 2017 Spire Case, the
5 Commission concluded that the ROE recommendation of 9.20 percent proposed by the
6 OPC was too low because the OPC did not consider the fact that Spire Missouri faced
7 increased business risk when compared to OPC's proxy group. 108

## 8 Q: Have you conducted a risk analysis for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri

## West?

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Yes, as discussed in my Direct Testimony, I considered the regulatory risks of the Companies, capital expenditure requirements, planning investments in renewable generation assets, regulatory environment, generation ownership risks, and the Sibley coal plant retirement risks as compared to the companies in the proxy group. I concluded that Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West have greater business risk than the proxy group. <sup>109</sup> Based on this analysis, authorizing an ROE that is below the average authorized ROE for electric utilities since 2018, would not sufficiently compensate investors for the added risk faced by the Companies.

In the Matter of Laclede Gas Company's Request to increase its Revenues for Gas Service, File No. ER-2017-0215 and File No. GR-2017-0216, Report and Order (Feb. 21, 2018), at 31.

Direct Testimony of Ann E. Bulkley, at 53-85.

## **E.** Conclusions

A:

2	Q:	What is your response to the approach used by Dr. Won to develop his recommended
3		ROE for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West?

While I have discussed each of Dr. Won's models, he discards the cost of equity estimates produced by the DCF and CAPM analyses he has prepared. His recommendation is based entirely on an analysis that compares the DCF results at the time of the 2019 Empire Case to his current DCF results as a basis for adjusting the ROE that was authorized in the 2019 Empire Case to recommend an ROE for the Companies in the current proceeding. The Commission has already considered and rejected this approach for setting the ROE in the 2017 Spire Case. In that proceeding, the Commission clearly identified the flaws in Staff's methodology and Dr. Won has done nothing in his analysis in this case to correct those flaws. Therefore, it would be appropriate to place no weight on Dr. Won's recommendations.

Even if Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF comparison is considered, when reasonable adjustments are made to Dr. Won's Two-Step DCF analysis, his DCF results show that the cost of equity has significantly increased since the 2019 Empire Case. A more appropriate comparison of Dr. Won's DCF and CAPM analyses to those presented by Staff in Empire District's 2019 rate case also shows that the cost of equity has increased since 2019. While I do not agree with the "comparative analysis" that Dr. Won has developed to adjust the authorized ROE of 9.25 percent from Empire District's 2019 rate case, reasonable adjustments to Dr. Won's analyses show that the cost of equity has increased and is within the range of 9.90 to 10.50 percent proposed by the Companies.

## VIII. OPC WITNESS MR. MURRAY'S ROE ANALYSIS

## 2 Q: Please summarize Mr. Murray's ROE analyses.

A: Mr. Murray develops several cost of equity analyses including the multi-stage DCF and the CAPM. He relies on a proxy group of comparable companies and separately calculates the ROE for Evergy. In addition, Mr. Murray develops a Rule of Thumb approach and considers recently authorized ROEs. As shown in Figure 10 the results of Mr. Murray's ROE estimation methodologies range from 7.00 percent to 7.76 percent.

Figure 10: Results of Mr. Murray's ROE Estimation Methodologies

Methodology	Range						
Multi-Stage DCF (Evergy, 3.5% long-term growth rate) 110	7.75%-7.76%						
Multi-Stage DCF (Evergy, 3.0% long-term growth rate) 111	7.60%-7.61%						
Multi-Stage DCF (Evergy, 2.5% long-term growth rate) 112	7.45%						
Multi-Stage DCF (Electric Utility Proxy Group, 3%	Average All: 7.34%						
long-term <sup>113</sup> growth rate)	Average Mostly Regulated: 7.23% Average Common Companies: 7.00%						
	Evergy: 7.18%-7.50%						
CAPM <sup>114</sup>	Average All: 7.41%-7.75%						
	Average Mostly Regulated: 7.18%-7.50% Average Common Companies: 7.29%-7.62%						
Rule of Thumb <sup>115</sup>	7.60%						

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Direct Testimony of David Murray, at DM-D-2-1 and DM-D-2-2.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at DM-D-2-1 and DM-D-2-2.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at DM-D-2-1 and DM-D-2-2.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 24 and DM-D-4-1.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at DM-D-6-1 through DM-D-6-3.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 29-30.

## Q: Is Mr. Murray's ROE recommendation based on the results of his ROE models?

Q:

A:

A:

As a practical matter, not at all. Mr. Murray establishes a range that he suggests the Commission consider in this case of 8.50 percent to 9.50 percent, however he provides no basis for that range in his testimony or workpapers. Within that range, Mr. Murray's recommendation of an ROE of 9.00 percent is based on the Commission's acceptance of his proposed 48 percent equity ratio. While Mr. Murray suggests that he considers his cost of equity ("COE") estimates, the results of Mr. Murray's models do not support his recommended range. Mr. Murray's ROE recommendation of 9.00 percent is 150 to 200 basis points above the COE range that he determines based on the results of his models of 7.00 percent to 7.50 percent. Mr. Murray states that his recommendation is also based on consideration of the Commission's authorized ROE for Empire District Electric, the authorized ROE for Evergy's Kansas electric utility operations, capital market conditions, and an approximation of the "Zone of Reasonableness" that the Commission would consider.

## How does Mr. Murray factor his ROE model results into his ROE recommendation?

Mr. Murray uses his essentially discarded Multi-Stage DCF analysis to conclude that the cost of equity is low and, therefore, the Companies' previously authorized ROEs should be reduced. Thus, Mr. Murray recommends an ROE of 9.00 percent for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West, which is lower than the Companies' last authorized ROE

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 2.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 2.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 6.

of 9.50 percent (Case No. ER-2016-0285 and Case No. ER-2014-0370). <sup>119</sup> Having presented no evidence to support his claim, Mr. Murray is essentially relying on his own personal opinions that authorized ROEs are greater than the cost of equity in order to claim that he has considered his model results in his final recommendations. Without this baseless claim, Mr. Murray cannot ultimately rely on his Multi-Stage DCF analysis due to the unreasonably low results produced by the model. The irrationality of his claim and arbitrary nature of the recommendation is, however, readily apparent.

## Q: What are your primary conclusions regarding Mr. Murray's analyses and conclusions?

While there are many assumptions and methodologies relied on by Mr. Murray, with which I disagree, and will be discussed in the remainder of my Rebuttal Testimony, it is important to recognize that, as was the case with Dr. Won, because Mr. Murray's models produce results that are 124 to 200 basis points below his recommended ROE of 9.00 percent, it is unreasonable to suggest that he has relied on any of his analyses. Therefore, Mr. Murray's recommendation is essentially his unsupported personal opinion of what he believes should be the ROE for the Companies.

## A. Proxy Group Composition

A:

## 18 Q: Please summarize the composition of Mr. Murray's proxy group.

19 A: Mr. Murray relies on a broad proxy group of utilities classified as "regulated and "mostly regulated" as compiled by Edison Electric Institute ("EEI"). <sup>120</sup> In addition, he develops

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 6.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 23-24.

model scenarios that consider the subsets of this broad proxy group that have less than 10 percent of their operations exposed to competitive markets and also the companies that he has consistently followed in electric rate cases since 2012. The specific companies that compose these two smaller proxy groups are not disclosed in his testimony.

## Q: What is your conclusion regarding Mr. Murray's proxy group for Evergy Missouri

## Metro and Evergy Missouri West?

A:

A:

My primary conclusion is that the composition of the proxy group is not a significant driver in the development of Mr. Murray's ROE estimation models. While the proxy group relied upon is broad and includes companies that may be less comparable to Evergy, particularly those that are only distribution companies, I do not believe that the proxy group is the primary cause of the differences in our results. Therefore, I have limited my response on this issue to narrow the issues to those that are causing the unreasonably low ROE results of Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF and CAPM analyses.

## **B.** Multi-Stage DCF Analysis

## Q: Please explain how Mr. Murray conducts his Multi-Stage DCF analysis.

Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF analysis includes three stages, the first two of which have defined time horizons, while the third assumes cash flows in perpetuity. In the first stage, Mr. Murray relies on analysts' three- to four-year projected estimates of annual DPS and EPS. In the final year of the first stage (i.e., 2026), Mr. Murray calculates the estimated dividend payout ratio based on the analysts' estimated annual DPS and EPS. His second stage then models an equal percentage change in the dividend payout ratio from the end of the first stage until the terminal year (i.e., 2036), where Mr. Murray assumes a payout ratio

that retains sufficient earnings to ensure each company in his group maintains a perpetual growth rate of 3.0 percent. <sup>121</sup> Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF results for the proxy group are 7.23 percent for the companies that Mr. Murray has defined as "mostly regulated" and 7.34 percent for all of the companies included in his electric proxy group. <sup>122</sup>

Mr. Murray conducts scenarios on the long-term growth rate in his DCF analysis for Evergy ranging from 2.5 percent to 3.5 percent. Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF analysis produces an ROE estimate for Evergy of 7.45 percent to 7.76 percent. 123

## Q: Are the results of Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF model reasonable?

A:

No. The results of Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF analysis are so low as to be unreasonable and are not reflective of the cost of equity. Not a single regulatory jurisdiction has authorized an ROE as low as the results of Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF model. The *Hope* and *Bluefield* decisions, which Mr. Murray acknowledges are standards to be upheld, require the authorized return to be just and reasonable, as well as comparable to other returns available to investors in companies with similar risk. <sup>124</sup> Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF results clearly violate this standard.

# Q: Please summarize Mr. Murray's opinion as to the difference between authorized ROEs and the cost of equity.

A: Mr. Murray attempts to reconcile the difference between the results of his ROE estimation models and his recommendation by suggesting that average authorized ROEs have been

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 20.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at DM-D-3-1.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at DM-D-2-1 and DM-D-2-2.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 3.

greater than the cost of equity. Therefore, according to Mr. Murray, the results of the modern financial models must be reconciled with the principles of *Hope* and *Bluefield*, which require the return to be commensurate to the returns available to investors in assets of similar risk. <sup>125</sup> Thus, Mr. Murray develops a zone of reasonableness based on recent authorized returns and prior Commission guidance.

# Q: Do you agree with Mr. Murray that authorized ROEs are overstating the cost of equity?

No, I do not. Mr. Murray's conclusion relies solely on the assumption that he has appropriately specified the Multi-Stage DCF model, the result of which he does not use in setting his recommended ROE. Mr. Murray's specification of and reliance on the Multi-Stage DCF model to estimate the cost of equity is, however, incorrect for several reasons. First, as Mr. Murray and I agree, utility share prices are inversely related to interest rates. 126 As interest rates increase, which is expected over the near term, the share prices of utility stocks will decline. A decline in share prices will result in an increase in the cost of equity estimate of the DCF model. Therefore, Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF results are likely understating the cost of equity during the period that the Companies' rates will be in effect. Second, Mr. Murray references equity analyst reports as support for the inputs in his Multi-Stage DCF model such as the long-term growth rate. However, equity analysts' current views on the valuation of utilities are strongly based on the projections of earnings growth, which are in turn based in part on the ROEs that are authorized for the operating

A:

<sup>125</sup> Ibid

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 8.

subsidiaries of the utility. As noted above a decline in the valuation of the company would result in an increase in the DCF results. Had Mr. Murray assumed a growth rate greater than his long-term growth rate assumption of 2.5 percent to 3.5 percent, he would have arrived at a higher estimate of the cost of equity for Evergy. Investors would not pay for the current valuation of Evergy for a growth rate that is well below the growth rate they expect.

## 7 Q: What are equity analysts' current recommendations regarding electric utility stocks and Evergy, given the current market environment?

Since utility share prices are inversely related to interest rates and interest rates are expected to increase, investors expect utilities to underperform over the near term. Zacks Investment Research ("Zacks") has specifically ranked the "utility – electric power" industry as 156 out of 251 industries. As Zacks notes, a ranking in the bottom half of the industry rankings indicates that it expects the electric utility industry to underperform over the next three to six months. Furthermore, as shown in Figure 11, Zacks' recommendation for investors is "hold" for Evergy with an average combined Value, Growth, and Momentum ("VGM") rating of "D". While Zacks has noted that stocks ranked as "Hold" have historically only slightly underperformed the S&P 500, the combination of the "Hold" rating with a low VGM rating indicates Zacks expects Evergy to underperform over the near-term.

A:

Zacks Investment Research, "Utility – Electric Power Industry Overview," June 27, 2022.

<sup>128</sup> Ibid

Zacks Investment Research, "The Zacks Rank Guide," 2021.

## Figure 11: Zacks' Ranking as of June 2022

Company	Zacks Recommendation <sup>130</sup>	Zacks Value Growth Momentum ("VGM") Score <sup>131</sup>						
		Value	Growth	Momentum	VGM			
Evergy	Hold	С	D	D	D			

A:

## Q: What is your opinion of the long-term growth rate used in Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage

## DCF model?

Mr. Murray relies on a long-term growth rate range of 2.5 percent to 3.5 percent, which he notes is based on his review of historical growth rate data from the Moody's electric utility index, a sample of electric utility companies whose data is available from Value Line and reports from equity analysts.<sup>132</sup> This long-term growth rate range appears to be similar to the range relied on by Evercore ISI in the calculation of their Dividend Discount Model ("DDM") for the regulated utilities covered by the bank.<sup>133</sup> Mr. Murray's long-term growth rate assumption, however, is not consistent with the stock prices that he relies on to calculate his Multi-Stage DCF model. In fact, the basis for the current valuation of utilities is the expectation that utilities will sustain current earnings growth rates for the foreseeable future. If equity analysts expected the long-term growth rate to decline to a range of 2.5 percent to 3.5 percent, then they would likely reduce their estimated price targets.

Zacks' Ranking consist of strong buy, buy, hold, sell and strong sell.

Zacks VGM Score: Stocks are graded into five groups: A, B, C, D and F with A being the highest ranking and F being the lowest rankings.

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 22.

Durgesh Chopra, et al., "Reshuffling the Deck – Changing Ratings," Evercore ISI, April 19, 2020, at 16.

1 (	).	What is the	effect of Mr.	Murray's	long_term	growth rat	e assumntion	on his	Multi
1 (	Į:	what is the	effect of Mir.	Murray S	iong-term	growin rai	e assumpuon	OH HIS	Mulu

## Stage DCF results?

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Mr. Murray acknowledged in his testimony on behalf of Staff in Ameren Missouri's rate case No. ER-2014-0258 that "[c]ost of equity estimates using multi-stage DCF methodologies are **extremely sensitive** to the assumed perpetual growth rate". As I have demonstrated above, investors expect the long-term growth rate for Mr. Murray's proxy group and Evergy to exceed the long-term growth rate range of 2.50 percent to 3.50 percent that he has relied on for his Multi-Stage DCF model. This is important to note because in his Multi-Stage DCF analysis, Mr. Murray assumes this low long-term growth rate with the current prices of Evergy and the companies in his proxy group. This results in an understated cost of equity estimate. If Mr. Murray were to assume a long-term growth rate more consistent with current earnings growth projections, he would have obtained a much higher ROE estimate for Evergy and the proxy group.

# Q: Please summarize your conclusions regarding Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage DCF analysis.

Mr. Murray abandons his Multi-Stage DCF analysis due to the unreasonably low results produced by the model. However, despite his lack of confidence in his own model results, he asks the Commission to find that it is appropriate to use these results to demonstrate changes in the cost of equity between time periods and to generally support a lower overall ROE. It stands to reason that if the results of the model are unreliable and cannot be used to estimate the ROE, then their results are unreliable for any other attempt to measure the

File No. ER-2014-0258, Staff Cost of Service Report (December 5, 2014), at 34.

cost of equity, including Mr. Murray's comparisons to historical model results from other proceedings and his comparison to recently authorized ROEs.

Reviewing Mr. Murray's Multi-Stage Model specification identifies two primary flaws: 1) the growth rates that Mr. Murray relies on of 2.5 percent to 3.5 percent are significantly understated based on analysts' projections, thus depressing the results of his DCF analysis; and 2) while Mr. Murray acknowledges that share prices are related to interest rates, he fails to consider the effect of a rising interest rate environment on the valuations of electric utilities, which also contributes to his unreasonably low DCF results.

## C. Capital Asset Pricing Model

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A:

## Please summarize Mr. Murray's application of the CAPM.

Mr. Murray develops three separate specifications of the CAPM analysis. The first CAPM analysis uses a risk-free rate that appears to be based on the average yield on the 20-year Treasury bond for the three months ending May 31, 2022, 135 recalculated Betas for Evergy and the electric utility proxy groups, and a MRP of 6.00 percent, which Mr. Murray contends is "similar to historical spreads and estimates provided by sources, such as Duff & Phelps". 136 The second CAPM analysis uses a risk-free rate based on the average yield on the 30-year Treasury bond for the three months ending May 31, 2022, 137 recalculated Betas for Betas for Evergy and the electric utility proxy groups, and a MRP of 6.00 percent,

DM-D-6-1 note for Column 1 cites to the St. Louis Federal Reserve for the GS20 series. The three-month average of the 20-year Treasury yield as of May 31, 2022, based on that series is 2.92 percent, which compares to most closely with Mr. Murray's estimate of 2.92 percent.

DM-D-6-1 note for Column 3.

DM-D-6-2 note for Column 1 cites to the St. Louis Federal Reserve for the GS30 series. The three-month average of the 30-year Treasury yield as of May 31, 2022, based on that series is 2.94 percent, which compares most closely with Mr. Murray's estimate of 2.94 percent.

which Mr. Murray contends is "similar to historical spreads and estimates provided by sources, such as Duff & Phelps". <sup>138</sup> Finally, the third CAPM analysis uses the normalized risk-free rate reported by Duff and Phelps, recalculated Betas for Evergy and the electric utility proxy group, and a MRP of 5.50 percent as reported by Duff and Phelps. The results of Mr. Murray's CAPM analyses range from 7.18 percent to 7.75 percent. <sup>139</sup> Ultimately, Mr. Murray concludes that his CAPM analyses support a COE "of around 7.5%." <sup>140</sup>

## Do you agree with the risk-free rate that Mr. Murray uses in his CAPM analysis?

While I do not specifically dispute the normalized risk-free rate of 3.00 percent that Mr. Murray relies on in one of his CAPM analyses, I do not agree with Mr. Murray's reliance on the three-month average 20-year and 30-year Treasury Bond yields without consideration for expectations for interest rates in his remaining CAPM analyses. The cost of equity is being estimated for the forward-looking period when the Companies' rates will be in effect. Therefore, it is equally important that the risk-free rate reflect the expected risk-free rate during Evergy's rate period. As discussed in Section VI of my Rebuttal Testimony, government bond yields are expected to increase over the near term and, in fact, have consistently increased since November 2021. I believe it is also important to rely on, as I have in my Direct Testimony, interest rate projections that reflect the views of economists regarding the interest rates that are expected to prevail during the period that the Companies' rates will be in effect.

Q:

A:

DM-D-6-2 note for Column 3.

DM-D-6-1, DM-D-6-2, and DM-D-6-3

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 29.

## Do you have any other concerns with the risk-free rate relied on by Mr. Murray?

Q:

A:

Q:

A:

Yes. In addition to the yield on the 30-year Treasury bond, Mr. Murray has also relied on the yield on the 20-year Treasury bonds as the estimate of the risk-free rate. However, in determining the security most relevant to the application of the CAPM, it is important to select the term (or maturity) that best matches the life of the underlying investment. As noted by Morningstar:

The traditional thinking regarding the time horizon of the chosen Treasury security is that it should match the time horizon of whatever is being valued... Note that the horizon is a function of the investment, not the investor. If an investor plans to hold stock in a company for only five years, the yield on a five-year Treasury note would not be appropriate since the company will continue to exist beyond those five years. <sup>141</sup>

Because electric, natural gas and water utility assets represent long-duration investments, it is appropriate to use yields on long-term Treasury bonds as the risk-free rate component of the CAPM. In my view, the 30-year Treasury bond is the appropriate security for that purpose. Therefore, I do not agree with Mr. Murray's consideration of the 20-year Treasury bond as the estimate of the risk-free rate in his CAPM analysis.

## What Beta coefficients are relied on by Mr. Murray?

Mr. Murray calculates raw Beta coefficients for Evergy and the companies in his electric utility proxy groups using a template provided by S&P Market Intelligence, and then attempts to adjust those Betas using the Blume formula. The result of that analysis suggests

Morningstar Inc., Ibbotson SBBI 2013 Valuation Yearbook, at 44.

- a Beta for Evergy of 0.760 and for the proxy group of 0.760 to 0.802 depending on the subset of the proxy group considered. 142
- Q: What is your response to Mr. Murray's calculation of the Beta coefficients using a
   template provided by S&P?
- 5 Mr. Murray has relied on Value Line as the source of his Beta coefficients in his CAPM A: analysis for many years. 143 Mr. Murray offers no explanation as to why he has decided not 6 7 to rely on Value Line in this case and instead to recalculate his own estimates of Beta in 8 this proceeding. Furthermore, while Mr. Murray indicates that he calculated the Beta coefficients for his proxy group companies based on Value Line's approach, the result of 9 10 his calculation is a proxy group average Beta of as low as 0.760, which is much lower than 11 the average of the Value Line Beta coefficients for the proxy group of 0.85 as of June 15, 12 2022, as shown in Schedule AEB-R4.

## 13 Q: What MRP does Mr. Murray use in his CAPM analysis?

14 A: Mr. Murray uses two separate MRPs in his CAPM analysis: (a) a MRP of 6.00 percent,
15 which he contends is "similar to historical spreads and estimates provided by sources, such
16 as Duff & Phelps"; 144 and (b) a MRP of 5.50 percent, as reported by Duff and Phelps. 145

DM-D-6-1, DM-D-6-2, and DM-D-6-3.

Empire District Case No. ER-2019-0374, Direct Testimony of David Murray at 38, Schedules DM-d-7.

DM-D-6-2 note for Column 3.

DM-D-6-3.

## Q: What is your concern with Mr. Murray's MRP estimates?

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A:

Given the current low yields on Treasury bonds, and the inverse relationship between interest rates and the MRP, and the higher Betas for the proxy group, Mr. Murray's range of MRPs from 5.50 percent to 6.00 percent is understated. First, from a practical standpoint, the results of his CAPM analysis are significantly below any return that has been authorized by any U.S. regulatory jurisdiction in at least 40 years. The primary reason for the unreasonably low results from Mr. Murray's CAPM is due to his selection of the MRP. Based on historical data from Duff & Phelps, the market risk premium from 1926-2020 is 7.25 percent. 146 The historical income-only return on government bonds used to calculate the historical MRP over the same period has been approximately 4.91 percent, while the 30-day average risk-free rate on long-term government bonds as of June 15, 2022 is 3.12 percent. Because interest rates on long-term government bonds are below the historical average of 4.91 percent, the inverse relationship between interest rates and the MRP implies that the MRP should be well above the long-term historical average of 7.25 percent. The MRP range used by Mr. Murray of 5.50 percent to 6.00 percent suggests that the expected MRP is currently 125 to 175 basis points lower than the historical average MRP of 7.25 percent.

## 18 Q: Do you have any other concerns with the MRPs relied on by Mr. Murray?

19 A: Yes. As shown in Figure 12, the implied market returns for the MRPs cited by Mr. Murray
20 range from 8.50 percent to 8.94 percent. These returns are unreasonably low especially

The market risk premium from 1926-2020 is calculated as the average return on large company stocks from 1926-2020 minus the average income only return on long-term government bonds from 1926-2020 (i.e., 12.16 percent – 4.91 percent = 7.25 percent). Source: Duff &Phelps, Valuation Handbook: Guide to Cost of Capital, 2021.

when compared to the recent historical returns for large company stocks. As shown in Figure 13, the actual average market return for large company stocks from 2009 to 2020 (i.e., the period after the Great Recession of 2008-2009) was 15.53 percent, as reported by Duff & Phelps. Therefore, the range of implied market returns considered by Mr. Murray of 8.50 percent to 8.94 percent is well below and cannot be reconciled with recent returns for the market.

Figure 12: Mr. Murray's Implied Market Returns 147

Source	Implied MRP	Risk-Free Rate	Implied Market Return
Historical MRP & 20-year Treasury Bond yield	6.00%	2.92%	8.92%
Historical MRP & 30-year Treasury Bond yield	6.00%	2.94%	8.94%
Duff & Phelps MRP and Normalized Risk- free Rate	5.50%	3.00%	8.50%

Figure 13: Duff and Phelps – Total Return for Large Company Stocks – 2009-2020<sup>148</sup>

Year	Large Company Stock
	Total Return
2009	26.46%
2010	15.06%
2011	2.11%
2012	16.00%
2013	32.39%
2014	13.69%
2015	1.38%
2016	11.96%
2017	21.83%
2018	-4.38%
2019	31.49%
2020	18.40%
Average	15.53%

A:

## Q: What is your conclusion regarding Mr. Murray's CAPM analysis?

My conclusion is that Mr. Murray's CAPM results of 7.18 percent to 7.75 percent are not reasonable estimates of the cost of equity for Evergy and should not be relied upon. Similar to his Multi-Stage DCF analysis, Mr. Murray's mis-specification of the CAPM has resulted in the incorrect conclusion that the cost of equity is well below recently authorized ROEs for electric utilities. In particular, Mr. Murray's CAPM analysis fails to take into consideration the inverse relationship between interest rates and the MRP. This results in:

1) an MRP that is well below the historical MRP using large company stocks (7.25 percent); and 2) an implied market return that is well below the long-term average total return for large company stocks since 1926, as reported by Duff & Phelps, of 12.16 percent

Source: Duff and Phelps, Cost of Capital Navigator.

and recent market returns for large company stocks since 2009 of 15.61 percent. As such, the results of Mr. Murray's CAPM analysis are not representative of the forward-looking cost of equity for Evergy and thus, I recommend the Commission reject Mr. Murray's CAPM analysis.

## D. Rule of Thumb Methodology

A:

## 6 Q: Please summarize Mr. Murray's "Rule of Thumb" analysis.

The "Rule of Thumb" methodology that Mr. Murray relies on is another risk premium methodology. This methodology relies on an estimated MRP of 3.0 percent to 4.0 percent plus Evergy's long-term bond yield. However, Mr. Murray selects the low end of the risk premium range of 3.0 percent because he contends that investors view utilities as bond "surrogates/substitutes". <sup>149</sup> Mr. Murray notes that the current yield on Evergy's long-term bonds is approximately 4.6 percent, which when combined with the 3.0 percent risk premium, results in a ROE estimate for Evergy of 7.6 percent. <sup>150</sup> While Mr. Murray reports the result of this analysis, he has recommended an ROE that is 240 basis points higher than his Rule of Thumb approach.

## **Q:** Do you agree with this methodology?

A: As discussed in my response to Dr. Won, this specification of the risk premium approach relies on historical estimates of the MRP and does not take into consideration the effect on the MRP of current market conditions. There are a number of studies which have shown that the MRP is inversely related to the level of interest rates. For example, in a March

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 29-30.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>150</sup> *Ibid*.

and Decision Economics, Dr. S. Keith Berry used a regression approach to analyze the relationship between authorized returns on equity for regulated utilities and utility bond yields. The author found that there was an inverse relationship between utility risk premia and interest rates. Similarly, in a Spring 1986 article in Financial Management, Dr. Robert S. Harris also showed that there was a negative relationship between utility risk premia and interest rates.

Adding a risk premium based on a historical average interest rate level to the current yield on Evergy's long-term bonds, which is significantly below historical averages, results in a vastly understated estimate of the current cost of equity for Evergy. Finally, the use of the current yield on Evergy's long-term bonds does not reflect the expectation of rising interest rates. As such, this methodology is not reflective of investor return requirements over the rate period.

## E. Conclusions

A:

15 Q: Please summarize your conclusions about the way in which Mr. Murray arrives at his 16 recommended ROE for Evergy.

While I have responded to each of the methodologies presented by Mr. Murray in my Rebuttal Testimony, it is important to recognize that his own ROE recommendation is not based on the results of any of the models that he develops. Instead, Mr. Murray's ROE

S. Keith Berry, Interest Rate Risk and Utility Risk Premia during 1982-93, Managerial and Decision Economics, Vol. 19, No. 2 (March, 1998), at 7.

Robert S. Harris, Using Analysts' Growth Forecasts to Estimate Shareholders Required Rates of Return, Financial Management, Spring 1986, at 66.

recommendation is based on an artificial "zone of reasonableness" of 8.50 percent to 9.50
percent. Nothing in Mr. Murray's testimony supports the range of reasonableness from
which he selects his final ROE recommendation. Mr. Murray states that he has developed
his range based on the Commission's authorized ROE for Empire District Electric, and the
authorized ROE for Evergy's Kansas electric utility operations. <sup>153</sup> Notably, none of Mr.
Murray's ROE estimation models result in ROEs that fall within this established range.
While Mr. Murray discards his ROE analyses for the purposes of setting his recommended
ROE, he asks the Commission to rely on the results of his models to conclude that the cost
of capital for utilities remains low. Further, he suggests that these model results somehow
support his recommended ROE of 9.00 percent which understates the cost of equity for the
Companies. The critical assumptions that I have identified in Mr. Murray's models that
result in understated results include:

- 1. Failure to consider that interest rates are expected to increase, which will result in a decline in the valuations of electric utilities over the near term;
- 2. Reliance on unreasonably low long-term growth rates in the Multi-Stage DCF analysis, which do not support the current valuations for Evergy or the companies in his electric utility proxy groups;
- 3. Understated MRP estimates in his CAPM and "Rule of Thumb" analyses that do not reflect the inverse relationship between interest rates and the MRP.
- 4. If Mr. Murray had specified his models appropriately, he would have concluded that the cost of equity is not lower than the recently authorized

Direct Testimony of David Murray, at 4.

returns for electric utilities. As a result, I do not believe it is reasonable to rely on Mr. Murray's final recommended ROE.

## IX. MECG WITNESS MR. MEYER'S ROE ANALYSIS

- 4 Q: Please summarize the analyses performed by Mr. Meyer and his ROE recommendation.
- A: Mr. Meyer does not provide any analytical framework to support the use of a 9.50 percent ROE in the estimated ROR for the regulatory liability on Sibley. Rather, Mr. Meyers relies on a comparison of the authorized ROE established in Case No. ER-2018-0146 and the achieved ROEs for the entirety of Evergy Missouri West and Evergy Missouri Metro over time to suggest that the return of 9.50 percent is reasonable.

## 11 Q: Is Mr. Meyer's ROE analysis a measure of the investor-required return?

- A: No. Consistent with the *Hope* and *Bluefield* standards, the Commission has established ROEs in rate proceedings that are intended to reflect a return that is comparable with the return on investments of similar risk. That analysis has typically included the evaluation of market data for a group of companies that are generally risk-comparable to the subject company to estimate the investor-required return. Mr. Meyers provides no such analysis. Rather, his review of ROEs is entirely internally focused on how Metro or West have managed their operations to achieve actual annual returns. This analysis provides no insight into current market conditions or the investor-required return in the current market.
- Q: Does this analysis provide any guidance to the Commission on a return on a comparable risk investment?
- 22 A: No.

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## Q: What are your conclusions regarding Mr. Meyer's analyses?

Mr. Meyer's internally focused analysis does not provide the Commission with any meaningful information about the investor-required return on equity in the market today, or over the period when the Companies' rates will be in effect. Mr. Meyer is benchmarking historical earned returns against a historically authorized ROE. The ROE that is to be determined in this proceeding is intended to reflect the investor-required return. As such, it is necessarily a forward-looking analysis. None of the information used in Mr. Meyer's analysis is forward looking. Further, none of the information used in his analysis is market data. Therefore, this analysis cannot reasonably provide the Commission with the necessary information to determine a return for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West that is comparable to the current, and forward-looking returns on investments of comparable risk. Therefore, it would be reasonable and appropriate to disregard this analysis.

A:

A:

## X. SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Q: Please summarize your conclusions and recommendations regarding the appropriate ROE for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West in this proceeding.

The results of my ROE analysis, which are updated using market data through June 15, 2022, continue to support a reasonable range of ROE results for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West between 9.90 percent to 10.50 percent. While the analytical results of ROE estimation models provide a starting point, my recommendation also considers other factors, including company-specific risk factors, capital market conditions and the capital attraction standard. Considering the financial and business risk factors

facing the Companies, and the expectation that interest rates will increase over the near term as the economy recovers from 40-year high inflation, I continue to believe the Companies' requested ROE of 10.00 percent is reasonable and appropriate.

Q:

A:

Nothing in the other ROE witnesses' testimony has caused me to change my recommended range of results.

Neither Dr. Won nor Mr. Murray rely on the results of any of their models to underlie or inform their respective ROE recommendations of 9.62 percent and 9.0 percent.

Dr. Won's reliance on a comparison of his Two-Step DCF results for the Companies in this proceeding to those for a reinterpretation of results from Empire District's 2019 rate case does not provide sufficient support for his ROE recommendation.

Similarly, Mr. Murray's DCF, CAPM and Rule of Thumb methods do not support his ultimate recommendation.

Finally, recently authorized ROEs for vertically-integrated electric utility companies are within the range established in my Direct Testimony.

# What is your recommendation regarding a reasonable capital structure for Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West in this proceeding?

I support the Companies' proposed actual capital structure included in my Direct Testimony of 51.19 percent common equity, 48.81 percent long-term debt for Evergy Missouri Metro, and 51.81 percent equity and 48.19 percent long-term debt for Evergy Missouri West. This capital structures represents the manner in which the Companies' are actually capitalized. Moreover, the proposed equity ratios of 51.19 percent to 51.81 percent are reasonable when compared to the authorized equity ratios of the proxy group.

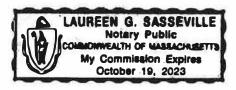
- 1 Q: Does this conclude your Rebuttal Testimony?
- 2 A: Yes, it does.

## BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI

In the Matter of Evergy Metro, Inc. d/b/a Evergy Missouri Metro's Request for Authority to Implement A General Rate Increase for Electric Service	) ) )	Case No. ER-2022-0129
In the Matter of Evergy Missouri West, Inc. d/b/a Evergy Missouri West's Request for Authority to Implement A General Rate Increase for Electric Service	) ) )	Case No. ER-2022-0130
AFFIDAVIT OF AN	N E. B	ULKLEY
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSSETTI	ES	)
COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX		) ss )

Ann E. Bulkley, being first duly sworn on his oath, states:

- 1. My name is Ann E. Bulkley and I am employed by The Brattle Group as Principal.
- 2. Attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes is my Rebuttal Testimony on behalf of Evergy Missouri Metro and Evergy Missouri West consisting of <u>ninety-seven</u> (97) pages, having been prepared in written form for introduction into evidence in the above-captioned docket.
- 3. I have knowledge of the matters set forth therein. I hereby swear and affirm that my answers contained in the attached testimony to the questions therein propounded, including any attachments thereto, are true and accurate to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.



Ann E. Bulkley

Subscribed and sworn before me this 11 \_\_\_ day of July 2022.

Notary Public

My commission expires: 10/19/2023

## SUMMARY OF ROE ANALYSES RESULTS<sup>1</sup>

Cons	tant Growth DC	F - Median								
	Median Low	Median	Median High							
30-Day Average	8.37%	9.29%	9.83%							
90-Day Average	8.38%	9.35%	9.89%							
180-Day Average	8.42%	9.43%	10.02%							
Constant Growth Average	8.39%	9.36%	9.91%							
Constant Growth DCF - Average w/ exclusions										
	Mean Low	Mean	Mean High							
30-Day Average	8.77%	9.54%	10.28%							
90-Day Average	8.79%	9.54%	10.28%							
180-Day Average	8.87%	9.62%	10.36%							
Constant Growth Average	8.81%	9.56%	10.31%							
	CAPM									
	Current 30-day Average Treasury Bond Yield	Near-Term Blue Chip Forecast Yield	Long-Term Blue Chip Forecast Yield							
Value Line Beta	11.52%	11.57%	11.62%							
Bloomberg Beta	10.86%	10.94%	11.01%							
Long-Term Avg. Beta	10.09%	10.23%	10.32%							
	ECAPM									
	Current 30-day Average Treasury Bond Yield	Near-Term Blue Chip Forecast Yield	Long-Term Blue Chip Forecast Yield							
Value Line Beta	11.88%	11.92%	11.95%							
Bloomberg Beta	11.39%	11.44%	11.50%							
Long-Term Avg. Beta	10.80%	10.91%	10.98%							
Treasu	iry Yield Plus Ris	sk Premium								
	Current 30-day Average Treasury Bond Yield	Near-Term Blue Chip Forecast Yield	Long-Term Blue Chip Forecast Yield							
Risk Premium Analysis	10.00%	10.15%	10.29%							
Risk Premium Mean Result		10.15%								

## Notes:

<sup>[1]</sup> Constant Growth DCF analysis - Average w/ Exclusions represents the DCF results excluding the results for individual companies that did not meet the minimum threshold of 7 percent.

### PROXY GROUP SCREENING DATA AND RESULTS

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]
					Positive Growth Rates						
			S&P Credit Rating	1	from at least two sources	Generation	% Regulated Coal	% Company-	% Regulated	% Regulated	
			Between BBB-	Covered by More	(Value Line, Yahoo! First	Assets Included in	Generation	Owned Generation	Operating Income	Electric Operating	Announced
Company	Ticker	Dividends	and AAA	Than 1 Analyst	Call, and Zacks)	Rate Base	Capacity > 5%	>40%	> 60%	Income > 60%	Merger
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	Yes	BBB	Yes	Yes	Yes	49.92%	46.85%	94.97%	98.09%	No
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	Yes	A-	Yes	Yes	Yes	32.27%	68.83%	96.60%	91.18%	No
Ameren Corporation	AEE	Yes	BBB+	Yes	Yes	Yes	49.97%	77.12%	100.00%	85.03%	No
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	Yes	A-	Yes	Yes	Yes	51.92%	54.63%	95.48%	100.00%	No
Avista Corporation	AVA	Yes	BBB	Yes	Yes	Yes	10.41%	59.18%	100.00%	75.60%	No
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	Yes	BBB+	Yes	Yes	Yes	23.18%	40.93%	87.13%	68.14%	No
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	Yes	BBB+	Yes	Yes	Yes	27.95%	82.98%	99.36%	90.89%	No
Entergy Corporation	ETR	Yes	BBB+	Yes	Yes	Yes	13.07%	66.69%	100.00%	99.53%	No
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	Yes	BBB	Yes	Yes	Yes	26.43%	70.89%	99.84%	100.00%	No
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	Yes	AA-	Yes	Yes	Yes	38.32%	67.14%	71.05%	73.31%	No
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	Yes	A-	Yes	Yes	Yes	8.56%	97.10%	84.39%	100.00%	No
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	Yes	BBB	Yes	Yes	Yes	32.54%	57.57%	99.75%	84.22%	No
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	Yes	BBB	Yes	Yes	Yes	66.95%	57.71%	62.74%	100.00%	No
Portland General Electric Company	POR	Yes	BBB+	Yes	Yes	Yes	20.81%	61.21%	100.00%	100.00%	No
Southern Company	SO	Yes	BBB+	Yes	Yes	Yes	32.58%	78.89%	85.13%	81.08%	No
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	Yes	A-	Yes	Yes	Yes	32.85%	57.83%	100.00%	86.47%	No

- [1] Source: Bloomberg Professional [2] Source: Bloomberg Professional

- [3] Source: Yahoo! Finance and Zacks
  [4] Source: Yahoo! Finance, Value Line Investment Survey, and Zacks [5] Source: S&P Capital IQ Pro
- [6] Source: S&P Capital IQ Pro [7] Source: S&P Capital IQ Pro

- [8] Source: Form 10-Ks for 2020, 2019 & 2018 [9] Source: Form 10-Ks for 2020, 2019 & 2018 [10] SNL Financial News Releases

### 30-DAY CONSTANT GROWTH DCF -- EVERGY

										,	All Proxy Grou	ıp	W	ith Exclusi	ons
		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]	[12]	[13]	[14]
-							Yahoo!								
					Expected	Value Line	Finance	Zacks	Average						
		Annualized	Stock	Dividend	Dividend	Earnings	Earnings	Earnings	Growth					Mean	
Company	Ticker	Dividend	Price	Yield	Yield	Growth	Growth	Growth	Rate	Low ROE	Mean ROE	High ROE	Low ROE	ROE	High ROE
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	\$2.60	\$60.87	4.27%	4.44%	6.00%	8.70%	8.70%	7.80%	10.40%	12.24%	13.16%	10.40%	12.24%	13.16%
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	\$1.71	\$59.89	2.86%	2.94%	6.00%	6.00%	5.70%	5.90%	8.64%	8.84%	8.94%	8.64%	8.84%	8.94%
Ameren Corporation	AEE	\$2.36	\$92.43	2.55%	2.64%	6.50%	6.46%	7.20%	6.72%	9.10%	9.36%	9.85%	9.10%	9.36%	9.85%
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	\$3.12	\$99.67	3.13%	3.23%	6.50%	6.21%	6.20%	6.30%	9.43%	9.53%	9.73%	9.43%	9.53%	9.73%
Avista Corporation	AVA	\$1.76	\$42.76	4.12%	4.22%	3.00%	5.80%	5.80%	4.87%	7.18%	9.08%	10.04%	7.18%	9.08%	10.04%
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	\$1.84	\$69.02	2.67%	2.77%	6.50%	8.48%	8.10%	7.69%	9.25%	10.46%	11.26%	9.25%	10.46%	11.26%
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	\$3.94	\$109.72	3.59%	3.70%	6.00%	5.91%	6.10%	6.00%	9.61%	9.70%	9.80%	9.61%	9.70%	9.80%
Entergy Corporation	ETR	\$4.04	\$117.42	3.44%	3.53%	4.00%	6.02%	6.10%	5.37%	7.51%	8.91%	9.65%	7.51%	8.91%	9.65%
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	\$3.00	\$106.62	2.81%	2.87%	4.00%	4.40%	2.80%	3.73%	5.65%	6.60%	7.28%			7.28%
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	\$1.55	\$79.84	1.94%	2.00%	NA	6.10%	6.10%	6.10%	8.10%	8.10%	8.10%	8.10%	8.10%	8.10%
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	\$1.70	\$73.82	2.30%	2.42%	12.50%	8.85%	8.90%	10.08%	11.25%	12.50%	14.95%	11.25%	12.50%	14.95%
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	\$2.52	\$60.03	4.20%	4.27%	3.00%	4.50%	2.30%	3.27%	6.55%	7.53%	8.79%		7.53%	8.79%
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	\$1.65	\$64.45	2.56%	2.65%	4.50%	9.00%	n/a	6.75%	7.12%	9.40%	11.68%	7.12%	9.40%	11.68%
Portland General Electric Company	POR	\$1.72	\$48.19	3.57%	3.66%	7.50%	3.30%	4.40%	5.07%	6.93%	8.73%	11.20%		8.73%	11.20%
Southern Company	SO	\$2.72	\$73.78	3.69%	3.79%	6.50%	6.40%	4.00%	5.63%	7.76%	9.42%	10.31%	7.76%	9.42%	10.31%
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	\$1.95	\$73.58	2.65%	2.74%	6.00%	7.08%	6.40%	6.49%	8.73%	9.23%	9.82%	8.73%	9.23%	9.82%
Mean			•	3.15%	3.24%	5.90%	6.45%	5.92%	6.11%	8.32%	9.35%	10.28%	8.77%	9.54%	10.28%
Median				2.99%	3.08%	6.00%	6.16%	6.10%	6.05%	8.37%	9.29%	9.83%			

- Notes:
  [1] Source: Bloomberg Professional
  [2] Source: Bloomberg Professional, equals 30-day average as of June 15, 2022
- [3] Equals [1] / [2]
- [4] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x [8])
- [5] Source: Value Line [6] Source: Yahoo! Finance
- [7] Source: Zacks

- [7] oduce: Zacks
  [8] Equals Average ([5], [6], [7])
  [9] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x Minimum ([5], [6], [7]) + Minimum ([5], [6], [7])
  [10] Equals [4] + [8]
  [11] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x Maximum ([5], [6], [7]) + Maximum ([5], [6], [7])
- [12] [14] Excludes companies with ROEs less than 7.00%.

### 90-DAY CONSTANT GROWTH DCF -- EVERGY

													VV	ith Exclusi	ons
		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]	[12]	[13]	[14]
							Yahoo!								
					Expected	Value Line	Finance	Zacks	Average						
		Annualized	Stock	Dividend	Dividend	Earnings	Earnings	Earnings	Growth					Mean	
Company		Dividend	Price	Yield	Yield	Growth	Growth	Growth	Rate	Low ROE	Mean ROE	High ROE	Low ROE	ROE	High ROE
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	\$2.60	\$62.68	4.15%	4.31%	6.00%	8.70%	8.70%	7.80%	10.27%	12.11%	13.03%	10.27%	12.11%	13.03%
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	\$1.71	\$60.32	2.83%	2.92%	6.00%	6.00%	5.70%	5.90%	8.62%	8.82%	8.92%	8.62%	8.82%	8.92%
Ameren Corporation	AEE	\$2.36	\$91.16	2.59%	2.68%	6.50%	6.46%	7.20%	6.72%	9.13%	9.40%	9.88%	9.13%	9.40%	9.88%
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	\$3.12	\$97.00	3.22%	3.32%	6.50%	6.21%	6.20%	6.30%	9.52%	9.62%	9.82%	9.52%	9.62%	9.82%
Avista Corporation	AVA	\$1.76	\$43.75	4.02%	4.12%	3.00%	5.80%	5.80%	4.87%	7.08%	8.99%	9.94%	7.08%	8.99%	9.94%
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	\$1.84	\$68.05	2.70%	2.81%	6.50%	8.48%	8.10%	7.69%	9.29%	10.50%	11.30%	9.29%	10.50%	11.30%
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	\$3.94	\$108.25	3.64%	3.75%	6.00%	5.91%	6.10%	6.00%	9.66%	9.75%	9.85%	9.66%	9.75%	9.85%
Entergy Corporation	ETR	\$4.04	\$115.03	3.51%	3.61%	4.00%	6.02%	6.10%	5.37%	7.58%	8.98%	9.72%	7.58%	8.98%	9.72%
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	\$3.00	\$108.77	2.76%	2.81%	4.00%	4.40%	2.80%	3.73%	5.60%	6.54%	7.22%			7.22%
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	\$1.55	\$78.17	1.98%	2.04%	NA	6.10%	6.10%	6.10%	8.14%	8.14%	8.14%	8.14%	8.14%	8.14%
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	\$1.70	\$77.57	2.19%	2.30%	12.50%	8.85%	8.90%	10.08%	11.14%	12.39%	14.83%	11.14%	12.39%	14.83%
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	\$2.52	\$59.63	4.23%	4.30%	3.00%	4.50%	2.30%	3.27%	6.57%	7.56%	8.82%		7.56%	8.82%
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	\$1.65	\$62.78	2.63%	2.72%	4.50%	9.00%	n/a	6.75%	7.19%	9.47%	11.75%	7.19%	9.47%	11.75%
Portland General Electric Company	POR	\$1.72	\$51.28	3.35%	3.44%	7.50%	3.30%	4.40%	5.07%	6.71%	8.51%	10.98%		8.51%	10.98%
Southern Company	SO	\$2.72	\$71.39	3.81%	3.92%	6.50%	6.40%	4.00%	5.63%	7.89%	9.55%	10.43%	7.89%	9.55%	10.43%
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	\$1.95	\$71.63	2.72%	2.81%	6.00%	7.08%	6.40%	6.49%	8.80%	9.30%	9.90%	8.80%	9.30%	9.90%
Mean				3.15%	3.24%	5.90%	6.45%	5.92%	6.11%	8.32%	9.35%	10.28%	8.79%	9.54%	10.28%
Median				3.03%	3.12%	6.00%	6.16%	6.10%	6.05%	8.38%	9.35%	9.89%			

- Notes:

  [1] Source: Bloomberg Professional
  [2] Source: Bloomberg Professional, equals 90-day average as of June 15, 2022
  [3] Equals [1] / [2]
  [4] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x [8])

- [5] Source: Value Line
- [6] Source: Yahoo! Finance
- [7] Source: Zacks
- [8] Equals Average ([5], [6], [7]) [9] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x Minimum ([5], [6], [7]) + Minimum ([5], [6], [7])
- [10] Equals [4] + [8]
- [11] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x Maximum ([5], [6], [7]) + Maximum ([5], [6], [7])
- [12] [14] Excludes companies with ROEs less than 7.00%.

### 180-DAY CONSTANT GROWTH DCF -- EVERGY

		100-DAT CONSTANT GROWTH DET - EVERGI								Wi	ith Exclusi	lusions			
		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]	[12]	[13]	[14]
Company		Annualized Dividend	Stock Price	Dividend Yield	Expected Dividend Yield	Value Line Earnings Growth	Yahoo! Finance Earnings Growth	Zacks Earnings Growth	Average Growth Rate	Low ROE	Mean ROE	High ROE	Low ROE	Mean ROE	High ROE
Company		Dividend	FIICE	rielu	rielu	Glowali	Glowiii	Glowaii	Nate	LOW NOL	WealtitoL	TIIgITTOL	LOWINGE	NOL	TIIGHTYOL
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	\$2.60	\$62.93	4.13%	4.29%	6.00%	8.70%	8.70%	7.80%	10.26%	12.09%	13.01%	10.26%	12.09%	13.01%
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	\$1.71	\$59.13	2.89%	2.98%	6.00%	6.00%	5.70%	5.90%	8.67%	8.88%	8.98%	8.67%	8.88%	8.98%
Ameren Corporation	AEE	\$2.36	\$88.39	2.67%	2.76%	6.50%	6.46%	7.20%	6.72%	9.22%	9.48%	9.97%	9.22%	9.48%	9.97%
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	\$3.12	\$91.37	3.41%	3.52%	6.50%	6.21%	6.20%	6.30%	9.72%	9.83%	10.03%	9.72%	9.83%	10.03%
Avista Corporation	AVA	\$1.76	\$42.43	4.15%	4.25%	3.00%	5.80%	5.80%	4.87%	7.21%	9.12%	10.07%	7.21%	9.12%	10.07%
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	\$1.84	\$65.04	2.83%	2.94%	6.50%	8.48%	8.10%	7.69%	9.42%	10.63%	11.43%	9.42%	10.63%	11.43%
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	\$3.94	\$105.07	3.75%	3.86%	6.00%	5.91%	6.10%	6.00%	9.77%	9.87%	9.96%	9.77%	9.87%	9.96%
Entergy Corporation	ETR	\$4.04	\$110.68	3.65%	3.75%	4.00%	6.02%	6.10%	5.37%	7.72%	9.12%	9.86%	7.72%	9.12%	9.86%
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	\$3.00	\$108.05	2.78%	2.83%	4.00%	4.40%	2.80%	3.73%	5.62%	6.56%	7.24%			7.24%
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	\$1.55	\$77.56	2.00%	2.06%	NA	6.10%	6.10%	6.10%	8.16%	8.16%	8.16%	8.16%	8.16%	8.16%
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	\$1.70	\$81.25	2.09%	2.20%	12.50%	8.85%	8.90%	10.08%	11.03%	12.28%	14.72%	11.03%	12.28%	14.72%
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	\$2.52	\$58.35	4.32%	4.39%	3.00%	4.50%	2.30%	3.27%	6.67%	7.66%	8.92%		7.66%	8.92%
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	\$1.65	\$63.52	2.60%	2.69%	4.50%	9.00%	n/a	6.75%	7.16%	9.44%	11.71%	7.16%	9.44%	11.71%
Portland General Electric Company	POR	\$1.72	\$50.91	3.38%	3.46%	7.50%	3.30%	4.40%	5.07%	6.73%	8.53%	11.01%		8.53%	11.01%
Southern Company	SO	\$2.72	\$68.15	3.99%	4.10%	6.50%	6.40%	4.00%	5.63%	8.07%	9.74%	10.62%	8.07%	9.74%	10.62%
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	\$1.95	\$68.85	2.83%	2.92%	6.00%	7.08%	6.40%	6.49%	8.92%	9.42%	10.01%	8.92%	9.42%	10.01%
Mean	•		•	3.22%	3.31%	5.90%	6.45%	5.92%	6.11%	8.40%	9.42%	10.36%	8.87%	9.62%	10.36%
Median				3.14%	3.22%	6.00%	6.16%	6.10%	6.05%	8.42%	9.43%	10.02%			

- Notes:

  [1] Source: Bloomberg Professional
  [2] Source: Bloomberg Professional, equals 180-day average as of June 15, 2022
  [3] Equals [1] / [2]
  [4] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x [8])
  [5] Source: Value Line
  [6] Source: Value Finance

- [6] Source: Yahoo! Finance
- [7] Source: Zacks
- [8] Equals Average ([5], [6], [7]) [9] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x Minimum ([5], [6], [7]) + Minimum ([5], [6], [7])
- [10] Equals [4] + [8]
- [11] Equals [3] x (1 + 0.50 x Maximum ([5], [6], [7]) + Maximum ([5], [6], [7])
- [12] [14] Excludes companies with ROEs less than 7.00%.

## CAPITAL ASSET PRICING MODEL -- CURRENT RISK-FREE RATE & VL BETA

 $K = Rf + \beta (Rm - Rf)$  $K = Rf + 0.25 \times (Rm - Rf) + 0.75 \times \beta \times (Rm - Rf)$ 

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
		Current 30-day average of 30-year U.S. Treasury		Market Return	Market Risk Premium		ECAPM
Company	Ticker	bond yield	Beta (β)	(Rm)	(Rm - Rf)	ROE (K)	ROE (K)
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	3.12%	0.90	12.96%	9.84%	11.98%	12.23%
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	3.12%	0.85	12.96%	9.84%	11.49%	11.86%
Ameren Corporation	AEE	3.12%	0.80	12.96%	9.84%	11.00%	11.49%
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.12%	0.75	12.96%	9.84%	10.50%	11.12%
Avista Corporation	AVA	3.12%	0.95	12.96%	9.84%	12.47%	12.60%
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	3.12%	0.80	12.96%	9.84%	11.00%	11.49%
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.12%	0.85	12.96%	9.84%	11.49%	11.86%
Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.12%	0.95	12.96%	9.84%	12.47%	12.60%
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.12%	0.80	12.96%	9.84%	11.00%	11.49%
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	3.12%	0.75	12.96%	9.84%	10.50%	11.12%
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	3.12%	0.90	12.96%	9.84%	11.98%	12.23%
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	3.12%	0.95	12.96%	9.84%	12.47%	12.60%
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	3.12%	0.85	12.96%	9.84%	11.49%	11.86%
Portland General Electric Company	POR	3.12%	0.85	12.96%	9.84%	11.49%	11.86%
Southern Company	SO	3.12%	0.90	12.96%	9.84%	11.98%	12.23%
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	3.12%	0.80	12.96%	9.84%	11.00%	11.49%
Mean						11.52%	11.88%

### Notes

[1] Source: Bloomberg Professional, as of June 15, 2022

[2] Source: Value Line

[3] Source: Schedule AEB-6

[4] Equals [3] - [1]

[5] Equals [1] + [2] x [4]

[6] Equals [1] + 0.25 x ([4]) + 0.75 x ([2] x [4])

## CAPITAL ASSET PRICING MODEL -- NEAR-TERM PROJECTED RISK-FREE RATE & VL BETA

 $K = Rf + \beta (Rm - Rf)$   $K = Rf + 0.25 x (Rm - Rf) + 0.75 x \beta x (Rm - Rf)$ 

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
		Near-term projected 30-			Market		
		year U.S. Treasury bond		Market	Risk		
		yield		Return	Premium		<b>ECAPM</b>
Company	Ticker	(Q3 2022 - Q3 2023)	Beta (β)	(Rm)	(Rm - Rf)	ROE (K)	ROE (K)
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	3.48%	0.90	12.96%	9.48%	12.02%	12.25%
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	3.48%	0.85	12.96%	9.48%	11.54%	11.90%
Ameren Corporation	AEE	3.48%	0.80	12.96%	9.48%	11.07%	11.54%
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.48%	0.75	12.96%	9.48%	10.59%	11.19%
Avista Corporation	AVA	3.48%	0.95	12.96%	9.48%	12.49%	12.61%
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	3.48%	0.80	12.96%	9.48%	11.07%	11.54%
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.48%	0.85	12.96%	9.48%	11.54%	11.90%
Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.48%	0.95	12.96%	9.48%	12.49%	12.61%
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.48%	0.80	12.96%	9.48%	11.07%	11.54%
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	3.48%	0.75	12.96%	9.48%	10.59%	11.19%
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	3.48%	0.90	12.96%	9.48%	12.02%	12.25%
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	3.48%	0.95	12.96%	9.48%	12.49%	12.61%
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	3.48%	0.85	12.96%	9.48%	11.54%	11.90%
Portland General Electric Company	POR	3.48%	0.85	12.96%	9.48%	11.54%	11.90%
Southern Company	SO	3.48%	0.90	12.96%	9.48%	12.02%	12.25%
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	3.48%	0.80	12.96%	9.48%	11.07%	11.54%
Mean						11.57%	11.92%

## Notes:

- [1] Source: Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 41, No. 6, June 1, 2022, at 2
- [2] Source: Value Line
- [3] Source: Schedule AEB-6

- [4] Equals [3] [1] [5] Equals [1] + [2] x [4] [6] Equals [1] + 0.25 x ([4]) + 0.75 x ([2] x [4])

## CAPITAL ASSET PRICING MODEL -- LONG-TERM PROJECTED RISK-FREE RATE & VL BETA

 $K = Rf + \beta (Rm - Rf)$  $K = Rf + 0.25 \times (Rm - Rf) + 0.75 \times \beta \times (Rm - Rf)$ 

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
		Projected 30-year U.S.		Market	Market Risk		
_		Treasury bond yield		Return	Premium	""	ECAPM
Company	Ticker	(2024 - 2028)	Beta (β)	(Rm)	(Rm – Rf)	ROE (K)	ROE (K)
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	3.80%	0.90	12.96%	9.16%	12.05%	12.28%
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	3.80%	0.85	12.96%	9.16%	11.59%	11.93%
Ameren Corporation	AEE	3.80%	0.80	12.96%	9.16%	11.13%	11.59%
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.80%	0.75	12.96%	9.16%	10.67%	11.25%
Avista Corporation	AVA	3.80%	0.95	12.96%	9.16%	12.51%	12.62%
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	3.80%	0.80	12.96%	9.16%	11.13%	11.59%
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.80%	0.85	12.96%	9.16%	11.59%	11.93%
Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.80%	0.95	12.96%	9.16%	12.51%	12.62%
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.80%	0.80	12.96%	9.16%	11.13%	11.59%
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	3.80%	0.75	12.96%	9.16%	10.67%	11.25%
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	3.80%	0.90	12.96%	9.16%	12.05%	12.28%
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	3.80%	0.95	12.96%	9.16%	12.51%	12.62%
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	3.80%	0.85	12.96%	9.16%	11.59%	11.93%
Portland General Electric Company	POR	3.80%	0.85	12.96%	9.16%	11.59%	11.93%
Southern Company	so	3.80%	0.90	12.96%	9.16%	12.05%	12.28%
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	3.80%	0.80	12.96%	9.16%	11.13%	11.59%
Mean			_			11.62%	11.95%

### Notes

- [1] Source: Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 41, No. 6, June 1, 2022, at 14
- [2] Source: Value Line
- [3] Source: Schedule AEB-6
- [4] Equals [3] [1]
- [5] Equals [1] + [2] x [4]
- [6] Equals [1] + 0.25 x ([4]) + 0.75 x ([2] x [4])

## CAPITAL ASSET PRICING MODEL -- CURRENT RISK-FREE RATE & BLOOMBERG BETA

 $K = Rf + \beta (Rm - Rf)$  $K = Rf + 0.25 x (Rm - Rf) + 0.75 x \beta x (Rm - Rf)$ 

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
					Market		
		Current 30-day average		Market	Risk		
		of 30-year U.S. Treasury		Return	Premium		ECAPM
Company	Ticker	bond yield	Beta (β)	(Rm)	(Rm - Rf)	ROE (K)	ROE (K)
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	3.12%	0.82	12.96%	9.84%	11.21%	11.65%
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	3.12%	0.80	12.96%	9.84%	11.01%	11.50%
Ameren Corporation	AEE	3.12%	0.75	12.96%	9.84%	10.52%	11.13%
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.12%	0.76	12.96%	9.84%	10.64%	11.22%
Avista Corporation	AVA	3.12%	0.76	12.96%	9.84%	10.59%	11.18%
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	3.12%	0.75	12.96%	9.84%	10.46%	11.09%
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.12%	0.72	12.96%	9.84%	10.18%	10.88%
Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.12%	0.86	12.96%	9.84%	11.57%	11.92%
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.12%	0.81	12.96%	9.84%	11.12%	11.58%
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	3.12%	0.68	12.96%	9.84%	9.84%	10.62%
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	3.12%	0.80	12.96%	9.84%	11.02%	11.50%
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	3.12%	0.89	12.96%	9.84%	11.86%	12.14%
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	3.12%	0.86	12.96%	9.84%	11.62%	11.96%
Portland General Electric Company	POR	3.12%	0.79	12.96%	9.84%	10.93%	11.44%
Southern Company	SO	3.12%	0.78	12.96%	9.84%	10.83%	11.37%
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	3.12%	0.74	12.96%	9.84%	10.36%	11.01%
Mean						10.86%	11.39%

### Notes:

- [1] Source: Bloomberg Professional, as of June 15, 2022
- [2] Source: Bloomberg Professional, based on 10-year weekly returns
- [3] Source: Schedule AEB-6

- [4] Equals [3] [1] [5] Equals [1] + [2] x [4] [6] Equals [1] + 0.25 x ([4]) + 0.75 x ([2] x [4])

#### CAPITAL ASSET PRICING MODEL -- NEAR-TERM PROJECTED RISK-FREE RATE & BLOOMBERG BETA

 $K = Rf + \beta (Rm - Rf)$  $K = Rf + 0.25 \times (Rm - Rf) + 0.75 \times \beta \times (Rm - Rf)$ 

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
		Near-term projected 30-			Market		
		year U.S. Treasury bond		Market	Risk		
		yield		Return	Premium		ECAPM
Company	Ticker	(Q3 2022 - Q3 2023)	Beta (β)	(Rm)	(Rm - Rf)	ROE (K)	ROE (K)
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	3.48%	0.82	12.96%	9.48%	11.28%	11.70%
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	3.48%	0.80	12.96%	9.48%	11.09%	11.56%
Ameren Corporation	AEE	3.48%	0.75	12.96%	9.48%	10.61%	11.20%
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.48%	0.76	12.96%	9.48%	10.72%	11.28%
Avista Corporation	AVA	3.48%	0.76	12.96%	9.48%	10.68%	11.25%
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	3.48%	0.75	12.96%	9.48%	10.55%	11.16%
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.48%	0.72	12.96%	9.48%	10.28%	10.95%
Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.48%	0.86	12.96%	9.48%	11.62%	11.95%
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.48%	0.81	12.96%	9.48%	11.19%	11.63%
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	3.48%	0.68	12.96%	9.48%	9.96%	10.71%
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	3.48%	0.80	12.96%	9.48%	11.09%	11.56%
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	3.48%	0.89	12.96%	9.48%	11.90%	12.17%
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	3.48%	0.86	12.96%	9.48%	11.67%	12.00%
Portland General Electric Company	POR	3.48%	0.79	12.96%	9.48%	11.01%	11.50%
Southern Company	SO	3.48%	0.78	12.96%	9.48%	10.91%	11.43%
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	3.48%	0.74	12.96%	9.48%	10.46%	11.08%
Mean		<u> </u>				10.94%	11.44%

#### Notes

- [1] Source: Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 41, No. 6, June 1, 2022, at 2
- [2] Source: Bloomberg Professional, based on 10-year weekly returns
- [3] Source: Schedule AEB-6
- [4] Equals [3] [1]
- [5] Equals [1] + [2] x [4]
- [6] Equals [1] + 0.25 x ([4]) + 0.75 x ([2] x [4])

## CAPITAL ASSET PRICING MODEL -- LONG-TERM PROJECTED RISK-FREE RATE & BLOOMBERG BETA

 $K = Rf + \beta (Rm - Rf)$  $K = Rf + 0.25 x (Rm - Rf) + 0.75 x \beta x (Rm - Rf)$ 

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
					Market		
		Projected 30-year U.S.		Market	Risk		
		Treasury bond yield		Return	Premium		<b>ECAPM</b>
Company	Ticker	(2024 - 2028)	Beta (β)	(Rm)	(Rm - Rf)	ROE (K)	ROE (K)
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	3.80%	0.82	12.96%	9.16%	11.33%	11.74%
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	3.80%	0.80	12.96%	9.16%	11.15%	11.60%
Ameren Corporation	AEE	3.80%	0.75	12.96%	9.16%	10.69%	11.26%
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.80%	0.76	12.96%	9.16%	10.80%	11.34%
Avista Corporation	AVA	3.80%	0.76	12.96%	9.16%	10.76%	11.31%
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	3.80%	0.75	12.96%	9.16%	10.63%	11.22%
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.80%	0.72	12.96%	9.16%	10.37%	11.02%
Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.80%	0.86	12.96%	9.16%	11.66%	11.99%
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.80%	0.81	12.96%	9.16%	11.25%	11.68%
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	3.80%	0.68	12.96%	9.16%	10.06%	10.78%
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	3.80%	0.80	12.96%	9.16%	11.15%	11.60%
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	3.80%	0.89	12.96%	9.16%	11.94%	12.20%
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	3.80%	0.86	12.96%	9.16%	11.72%	12.03%
Portland General Electric Company	POR	3.80%	0.79	12.96%	9.16%	11.07%	11.55%
Southern Company	SO	3.80%	0.78	12.96%	9.16%	10.98%	11.48%
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	3.80%	0.74	12.96%	9.16%	10.54%	11.15%
Mean						11.01%	11.50%

### Notes:

- [1] Source: Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 41, No. 6, June 1, 2022, at 14
- [2] Source: Bloomberg Professional, based on 10-year weekly returns
- [3] Source: Schedule AEB-6

- [4] Equals [3] [1] [5] Equals [1] + [2] x [4] [6] Equals [1] + 0.25 x ([4]) + 0.75 x ([2] x [4])

#### CAPITAL ASSET PRICING MODEL -- CURRENT RISK-FREE RATE & VALUE LINE LT AVERAGE BETA

 $K = Rf + \beta (Rm - Rf)$  $K = Rf + 0.25 \times (Rm - Rf) + 0.75 \times \beta \times (Rm - Rf)$ 

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
		Cument 20 development		Maukat	Market		
		Current 30-day average of 30-year U.S. Treasury		Market Return	Risk Premium		ECAPM
Company	Ticker	bond yield	Beta (β)	(Rm)	(Rm - Rf)	ROE (K)	ROE (K)
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	3.12%	0.77	12.96%	9.84%	10.65%	11.23%
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	3.12%	0.74	12.96%	9.84%	10.36%	11.01%
Ameren Corporation	AEE	3.12%	0.72	12.96%	9.84%	10.21%	10.90%
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.12%	0.67	12.30%	9.28%	9.15%	9.94%
Avista Corporation	AVA	3.12%	0.76	12.96%	9.84%	10.55%	11.16%
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	3.12%	0.69	12.96%	9.84%	9.86%	10.64%
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.12%	0.64	12.96%	9.84%	9.42%	10.31%
Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.12%	0.72	12.96%	9.84%	10.21%	10.90%
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.12%	0.73	12.96%	9.84%	10.26%	10.93%
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	3.12%	0.68	12.96%	9.84%	9.77%	10.56%
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	3.12%	0.71	12.96%	9.84%	10.06%	10.79%
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	3.12%	0.73	12.96%	9.84%	10.26%	10.93%
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	3.12%	0.86	12.96%	9.84%	11.54%	11.89%
Portland General Electric Company	POR	3.12%	0.75	12.96%	9.84%	10.45%	11.08%
Southern Company	SO	3.12%	0.62	12.96%	9.84%	9.22%	10.16%
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	3.12%	0.65	12.96%	9.84%	9.52%	10.38%
Mean						10.09%	10.80%

#### Notes

[1] Source: Bloomberg Professional, as of June 15, 2022

[2] Source: Schedule AEB-5

[3] Source: Schedule AEB-6

[4] Equals [3] - [1]

[5] Equals [1] + [2] x [4]

[6] Equals [1] + 0.25 x ([4]) + 0.75 x ([2] x [4])

## CAPITAL ASSET PRICING MODEL -- NEAR-TERM PROJECTED RISK-FREE RATE & VALUE LINE LT AVERAGE BETA

 $K = Rf + \beta (Rm - Rf)$   $K = Rf + 0.25 x (Rm - Rf) + 0.75 x \beta x (Rm - Rf)$ 

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
		Near-term projected 30-			Market		
		year U.S. Treasury bond		Market	Risk		
		yield		Return	Premium		ECAPM
Company	Ticker	(Q3 2022 - Q3 2023)	Beta (β)	(Rm)	(Rm - Rf)	ROE (K)	ROE (K)
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	3.48%	0.77	12.96%	9.48%	10.74%	11.29%
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	3.48%	0.74	12.96%	9.48%	10.45%	11.08%
Ameren Corporation	AEE	3.48%	0.72	12.96%	9.48%	10.31%	10.97%
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.48%	0.67	12.96%	9.48%	9.79%	10.58%
Avista Corporation	AVA	3.48%	0.76	12.96%	9.48%	10.64%	11.22%
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	3.48%	0.69	12.96%	9.48%	9.98%	10.72%
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.48%	0.64	12.96%	9.48%	9.55%	10.40%
Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.48%	0.72	12.96%	9.48%	10.31%	10.97%
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.48%	0.73	12.96%	9.48%	10.36%	11.01%
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	3.48%	0.68	12.96%	9.48%	9.88%	10.65%
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	3.48%	0.71	12.96%	9.48%	10.17%	10.87%
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	3.48%	0.73	12.96%	9.48%	10.36%	11.01%
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	3.48%	0.86	12.96%	9.48%	11.59%	11.93%
Portland General Electric Company	POR	3.48%	0.75	12.96%	9.48%	10.55%	11.15%
Southern Company	so	3.48%	0.62	12.96%	9.48%	9.36%	10.26%
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	3.48%	0.65	12.96%	9.48%	9.64%	10.47%
Mean						10.23%	10.91%

### Notes:

- [1] Source: Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 41, No. 6, June 1, 2022, at 2
- [2] Source: Schedule AEB-5
- [3] Source: Schedule AEB-6

- [4] Equals [3] [1] [5] Equals [1] + [2] x [4] [6] Equals [1] + 0.25 x ([4]) + 0.75 x ([2] x [4])

#### CAPITAL ASSET PRICING MODEL -- LONG-TERM PROJECTED RISK-FREE RATE & VALUE LINE LT BETA

## $K = Rf + \beta (Rm - Rf)$ $K = Rf + 0.25 x (Rm - Rf) + 0.75 x \beta x (Rm - Rf)$

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]
		Projected 30-year U.S.		Market	Market Risk		EQADM.
Company	Ticker	Treasury bond yield (2024 - 2028)	Beta (β)	Return (Rm)	Premium (Rm - Rf)	ROE (K)	ECAPM ROE (K)
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	3.80%	0.77	12.96%	9.16%	10.81%	11.35%
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	3.80%	0.74	12.96%	9.16%	10.51%	11.14%
Ameren Corporation	AEE	3.80%	0.74	12.96%	9.16%	10.40%	11.04%
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.80%	0.67	12.96%	9.16%	9.89%	10.66%
Avista Corporation	AVA	3.80%	0.76	12.96%	9.16%	10.72%	11.28%
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	3.80%	0.69	12.96%	9.16%	10.08%	10.80%
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.80%	0.64	12.96%	9.16%	9.67%	10.49%
Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.80%	0.72	12.96%	9.16%	10.40%	11.04%
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.80%	0.73	12.96%	9.16%	10.44%	11.07%
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	3.80%	0.68	12.96%	9.16%	9.99%	10.73%
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	3.80%	0.71	12.96%	9.16%	10.26%	10.94%
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	3.80%	0.73	12.96%	9.16%	10.44%	11.07%
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	3.80%	0.86	12.96%	9.16%	11.64%	11.97%
Portland General Electric Company	POR	3.80%	0.75	12.96%	9.16%	10.63%	11.21%
Southern Company	so	3.80%	0.62	12.96%	9.16%	9.48%	10.35%
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	3.80%	0.65	12.96%	9.16%	9.76%	10.56%
Mean						10.32%	10.98%

#### Notes

[1] Source: Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 41, No. 6, June 1, 2022, at 14

[2] Source: Schedule AEB-5

[3] Source: Schedule AEB-6

[4] Equals [3] - [1]

[5] Equals [1] + [2] x [4]

[6] Equals [1] + 0.25 x ([4]) + 0.75 x ([2] x [4])

#### HISTORICAL BETA - 2012 - 2021

		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]
Company	Ticker	12/31/2012	12/31/2013	12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021	Average
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.80	0.75	0.80	0.65	0.65	0.85	0.90	0.77
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.80	0.70	0.70	0.60	0.60	0.85	0.85	0.74
Ameren Corporation	AEE	0.80	0.80	0.75	0.75	0.65	0.70	0.55	0.55	0.85	0.80	0.72
American Electric Power Company, In	AEP	0.65	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.75	0.75	0.67
Avista Corporation	AVA	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.65	0.60	0.90	0.95	0.76
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	0.75	0.70	0.70	0.75	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.50	0.80	0.80	0.69
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	0.60	0.65	0.60	0.65	0.60	0.60	0.50	0.50	0.85	0.85	0.64
Entergy Corporation	ETR	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.65	0.65	0.60	0.60	0.95	0.95	0.72
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	0.70	0.70	0.80	0.80	0.75	0.70	0.60	0.55	0.80	0.85	0.73
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	0.60	0.65	0.70	0.75	0.70	0.75	0.60	0.55	0.70	0.75	0.68
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.75	0.65	0.65	0.55	0.55	0.90	0.90	0.71
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.60	0.60	0.90	0.95	0.73
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	0.90	0.95	0.90	0.85	0.85	0.90	0.75	0.70	0.85	0.90	0.86
Portland General Electric Company	POR	0.75	0.75	0.80	0.80	0.70	0.70	0.60	0.60	0.85	0.90	0.75
Southern Company	SO	0.55	0.55	0.55	0.60	0.55	0.55	0.50	0.50	0.90	0.95	0.62
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	0.65	0.65	0.70	0.65	0.60	0.60	0.55	0.50	0.80	0.80	0.65
Mean		0.70	0.71	0.73	0.74	0.68	0.69	0.59	0.57	0.84	0.87	0.71

#### Notes

- [1] Value Line, dated November 2, 2012, November 23, 2012, and December 21, 2012.
- [2] Value Line, dated November 1, 2013, November 22, 2013, and December 20, 2013.
- [3] Value Line, dated October 31, 2014, November 21, 2014, and December 19, 2014.
- [4] Value Line, dated October 30,2015, November 20, 2015, and December 18, 2015.
- [5] Value Line, dated October 28, 2016, November 18, 2016, and December 16, 2016.
- [6] Value Line, dated October 27, 2017, November 17, 2017, and December 15, 2017.
- [7] Value Line, dated October 18, 2018, November 16, 2018, and December 14, 2018.
- [8] Value Line, dated October 25, 2019, November 15, 2019, and December 13, 2019.
- [9] Value Line, dated October 23, 2020, November 13, 2020, and December 11, 2020.
- [10] Value Line, dated October 22, 2021, November 12, 2021, and December 10, 2021
- [11] Average ([1] [10])

### MARKET RISK PREMIUM DERIVED FROM ANALYSTS' LONG-TERM GROWTH ESTIMATES

[1]	Estimated	Weighted	Average	Dividend	Yield
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1.85%

[2] Estimated Weighted Average Long-Term Growth Rate

11.0170

[3] S&P 500 Estimated Required Market Return

		[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]
		Shares		Market	Weight in	Estimated	Cap-Weighted	Long-Term	Cap-Weighted Long-Term
Name	Ticker	Outst'g	Price	Capitalization	Index	Dividend Yield	Dividend Yield	Growth Est.	Growth Est.
LyondellBasell Industries NV	LYB	327.62	96.14	31,497.58	0.12%	4.95%	0.01%	3.50%	0.00%
Signature Bank/New York NY	SBNY AXP	63.07	180.91	11,409.09 110.112.43	0.420/	1.24% 1.42%	0.049/	24.50% 10.00%	0.04%
American Express Co Verizon Communications Inc	VZ	753.06 4,199.64	146.22 49.15	206,412.50	0.42% 0.79%	5.21%	0.01% 0.04%	3.00%	0.04%
Broadcom Inc	AVGO	403.82	526.71	212,694.98	0.7970	3.11%	0.0470	23.00%	0.0270
Boeing Co/The	BA	591.64	133.72	79,113.57		0.1170		20.0070	
Caterpillar Inc	CAT	533.37	206.00	109,875.04	0.42%	2.33%	0.01%	8.00%	0.03%
JPMorgan Chase & Co	JPM	2,937.05	115.41	338,964.94	1.29%	3.47%	0.04%	5.00%	0.06%
Chevron Corp	CVX	1,964.81	164.26	322,740.18		3.46%		26.00%	
Coca-Cola Co/The	KO	4,335.03	59.67	258,671.18	0.99%	2.95%	0.03%	7.00%	0.07%
AbbVie Inc	ABBV	1,767.11	138.09	244,020.22	0.93%	4.08%	0.04%	4.50%	0.04%
Walt Disney Co/The	DIS	1,821.48	95.88	174,643.89	0.070/			30.50%	0.040/
FleetCor Technologies Inc	FLT	77.34	229.52	17,751.31 21,686.22	0.07%	2 720/	0.00%	10.50%	0.01%
Extra Space Storage Inc Exxon Mobil Corp	EXR XOM	134.28 4,212.54	161.50 94.89	399,728.21	0.08%	3.72% 3.71%	0.00%	6.00%	0.00%
Phillips 66	PSX	481.10	102.38	49,255.02		3.79%		85.00%	
General Electric Co	GE	1,100.67	69.10	76,055.95	0.29%	0.46%	0.00%	15.00%	0.04%
HP Inc	HPQ	1,034.14	34.41	35,584.69	0.14%	2.91%	0.00%	15.50%	0.02%
Home Depot Inc/The	HD	1,027.76	279.73	287,493.91	1.10%	2.72%	0.03%	9.00%	0.10%
Monolithic Power Systems Inc	MPWR	46.64	416.19	19,412.35	0.07%	0.72%	0.00%	18.00%	0.01%
International Business Machines Corp	IBM	899.44	137.06	123,276.56	0.47%	4.82%	0.02%	0.50%	0.00%
Johnson & Johnson	JNJ	2,631.40	169.99	447,312.03	1.71%	2.66%	0.05%	8.00%	0.14%
McDonald's Corp	MCD	739.55	238.90	176,677.78	0.67%	2.31%	0.02%	10.50%	0.07%
Merck & Co Inc	MRK	2,528.81	84.63	214,012.77	0.82%	3.26%	0.03%	8.00%	0.07%
3M Co	MMM	569.06	134.33	76,441.70	0.29%	4.44%	0.01%	5.50%	0.02%
American Water Works Co Inc	AWK	181.75	135.02	24,540.29	0.09%	1.94%	0.00%	8.50%	0.01%
Bank of America Corp Pfizer Inc	BAC PFE	8,056.88	32.05	258,223.04	0.99%	2.62%	0.03%	9.00%	0.09%
Procter & Gamble Co/The	PG	5,610.90 2,399.30	48.51 132.51	272,184.56 317,930.85	1.04% 1.21%	3.30% 2.76%	0.03% 0.03%	6.50% 6.50%	0.07% 0.08%
AT&T Inc	T	7,159.00	19.44	139,170.96	0.53%	5.71%	0.03%	0.50%	0.00%
Travelers Cos Inc/The	TRV	239.96	165.54	39,723.14	0.15%	2.25%	0.00%	8.00%	0.01%
Raytheon Technologies Corp	RTX	1,487.22	92.28	137,240.20	0.52%	2.38%	0.01%	7.50%	0.04%
Analog Devices Inc	ADI	519.81	150.08	78,012.48	0.30%	2.03%	0.01%	11.00%	0.03%
Walmart Inc	WMT	2,741.15	119.38	327,238.49	1.25%	1.88%	0.02%	7.50%	0.09%
Cisco Systems Inc	CSCO	4,140.96	43.80	181,374.22	0.69%	3.47%	0.02%	8.00%	0.06%
Intel Corp	INTC	4,089.00	38.65	158,039.85	0.60%	3.78%	0.02%	6.00%	0.04%
General Motors Co	GM	1,458.02	34.18	49,835.23	0.19%			11.00%	0.02%
Microsoft Corp	MSFT	7,479.03	251.76	1,882,921.35	7.19%	0.99%	0.07%	17.50%	1.26%
Dollar General Corp	DG	227.00	232.25	52,720.05	0.20%	0.95%	0.00%	10.00%	0.02%
Cigna Corp	CI	317.27	247.10	78,398.16	0.30%	1.81%	0.01%	10.00%	0.03%
Kinder Morgan Inc	KMI C	2,267.47	17.60 47.58	39,907.52	0.15%	6.31%	0.01%	19.00%	0.03%
Citigroup Inc American International Group Inc	AIG	1,941.92 792.19	52.05	92,396.60 41,233.59	0.35%	4.29% 2.46%	0.02%	4.50% 31.50%	0.02%
Altria Group Inc	MO	1,810.56	45.67	82,688.14	0.32%	7.88%	0.02%	5.50%	0.02%
HCA Healthcare Inc	HCA	295.48	181.69	53,686.49	0.21%	1.23%	0.00%	12.50%	0.03%
Under Armour Inc	UAA	188.67	9.56	1,803.68	0.2170	1.2070	0.0070	33.00%	0.0070
International Paper Co	IP	370.63	44.05	16,326.21	0.06%	4.20%	0.00%	12.50%	0.01%
Hewlett Packard Enterprise Co	HPE	1,299.33	14.07	18,281.57	0.07%	3.41%	0.00%	6.50%	0.00%
Abbott Laboratories	ABT	1,750.94	104.80	183,498.72	0.70%	1.79%	0.01%	8.00%	0.06%
Aflac Inc	AFL	644.17	54.23	34,933.07	0.13%	2.95%	0.00%	9.00%	0.01%
Air Products and Chemicals Inc	APD	221.77	239.29	53,068.06	0.20%	2.71%	0.01%	12.00%	0.02%
Royal Caribbean Cruises Ltd	RCL	254.96	39.69	10,119.20					
Hess Corp	HES	311.26	117.16	36,467.57	0.400/	1.28%	0.000/	40.000/	0.000/
Archer-Daniels-Midland Co Automatic Data Processing Inc	ADM ADP	562.71 417.75	82.28 207.15	46,299.61 86,536.29	0.18% 0.33%	1.94% 2.01%	0.00% 0.01%	13.00% 9.00%	0.02% 0.03%
Verisk Analytics Inc	VRSK	157.90	160.19	25,294.32	0.33%	0.77%	0.00%	10.50%	0.03%
AutoZone Inc	AZO	19.49	2,013.81	39,245.13	0.15%	0.7770	0.0070	14.00%	0.01%
Avery Dennison Corp	AVY	81.71	161.10	13,164.13	0.05%	1.86%	0.00%	12.00%	0.01%
Enphase Energy Inc	ENPH	135.03	188.48	25,450.08	0.0070	1.0070	0.0070	26.50%	0.0170
MSCI Inc	MSCI	81.27	397.39	32,295.09	0.12%	1.05%	0.00%	14.50%	0.02%
Ball Corp	BALL	319.79	66.27	21,192.42		1.21%		21.50%	
Ceridian HCM Holding Inc	CDAY	152.65	47.21	7,206.37					
Carrier Global Corp	CARR	848.24	36.77	31,189.86		1.63%			
Bank of New York Mellon Corp/The	BK	807.80	41.87	33,822.50	0.13%	3.25%	0.00%	6.50%	0.01%
Otis Worldwide Corp	OTIS	422.79	69.76	29,494.11		1.66%			
Baxter International Inc	BAX	503.53	67.83	34,154.37	0.13%	1.71%	0.00%	10.00%	0.01%
Becton Dickinson and Co	BDX	285.07	236.79	67,500.54	0.26%	1.47%	0.00%	5.50%	0.01%
Berkshire Hathaway Inc Best Buy Co Inc	BRK/B	1,285.75	278.93	358,634.53	1.37%	4.040/	0.000/	6.00%	0.08%
Boston Scientific Corp	BBY	225.17	71.76	16,158.06 51 507 44	0.06%	4.91%	0.00%	9.50%	0.01%
Boston Scientific Corp Bristol-Myers Squibb Co	BSX BMY	1,429.57 2,129.06	36.03 73.02	51,507.44 155,464.25	0.20%	2.96%		16.00%	0.03%
Fortune Brands Home & Security Inc	FBHS	130.81	62.12	8,125.73	0.03%	1.80%	0.00%	10.00%	0.00%
Brown-Forman Corp	BF/B	309.80	67.09	20,784.15	0.03%	1.12%	0.00%	12.00%	0.00%
Coterra Energy Inc	CTRA	805.81	30.67	24,714.04	0.0070	1.96%	0.0070	12.00/0	0.0170
Campbell Soup Co	CPB	300.58	45.31	13.619.10	0.05%	3.27%	0.00%	5.00%	0.00%
Hilton Worldwide Holdings Inc	HLT	278.33	121.89	33,925.89	2.30,0	0.49%	2.3070		
Carnival Corp	CCL	989.70	9.84	9,738.66					
Qorvo Inc	QRVO	106.03	98.52	10,445.78	0.04%			14.50%	0.01%
Lumen Technologies Inc	LUMN	1,033.06	10.50	10,847.08	0.04%	9.52%	0.00%	3.50%	0.00%

	STANDARD A	AND POOR'S 5	00 INDEX						
		[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]
		Shares		Market	Weight in	Estimated	Cap-Weighted		Cap-Weighted Long-Term
Name	Ticker	Outst'g	Price	Capitalization	Index		Dividend Yield		Growth Est.
UDR Inc	UDR	318.40	42.94	13,672.14	0.05%	3.54%	0.00%	10.50%	0.01%
Clorox Co/The	CLX	123.08	123.13	15,154.84	0.06%	3.77%	0.00%	4.50%	0.00%
Paycom Software Inc CMS Energy Corp	PAYC CMS	60.25 290.13	273.82 62.66	16,498.75 18,179.48	0.06% 0.07%	2.94%	0.00%	20.00% 6.50%	0.01% 0.00%
Newell Brands Inc	NWL	413.50	18.72	7,740.72	0.0776	4.91%	0.00%	0.50%	0.00%
Colgate-Palmolive Co	CL	837.94	74.16	62,141.78	0.24%	2.54%	0.01%	6.50%	0.02%
EPAM Systems Inc	EPAM	57.15	289.77	16,560.65				20.50%	
Comerica Inc IPG Photonics Corp	CMA IPGP	130.76 51.87	76.34 92.35	9,982.22 4,790.47	0.04% 0.02%	3.56%	0.00%	6.00% 17.00%	0.00% 0.00%
Conagra Brands Inc	CAG	479.88	31.98	15,346.40	0.02%	3.91%	0.00%	4.00%	0.00%
Consolidated Edison Inc	ED	354.30	88.25	31,266.53	0.12%	3.58%	0.00%	4.50%	0.01%
Corning Inc	GLW	844.61	32.74	27,652.60	0.11%	3.30%	0.00%	20.00%	0.02%
Cummins Inc Caesars Entertainment Inc	CMI CZR	141.10 214.37	199.16 41.39	28,101.08 8,872.61	0.11%	2.91%	0.00%	8.00%	0.01%
Danaher Corp	DHR	727.08	244.94	178,090.24	0.68%	0.41%	0.00%	17.00%	0.12%
Target Corp	TGT	463.70	147.44	68,367.34	0.26%	2.93%	0.01%	13.00%	0.03%
Deere & Co	DE	305.64	330.58	101,037.15	0.39%	1.37%	0.01%	15.00%	0.06%
Dominion Energy Inc Dover Corp	D DOV	811.27 144.16	74.88 124.06	60,747.90 17,884.86	0.23% 0.07%	3.57% 1.61%	0.01% 0.00%	14.00% 9.00%	0.03% 0.01%
Alliant Energy Corp	LNT	250.81	55.74	13,980.37	0.05%	3.07%	0.00%	6.00%	0.00%
Duke Energy Corp	DUK	770.00	100.18	77,138.60	0.29%	3.93%	0.01%	6.00%	0.02%
Regency Centers Corp	REG	172.36	58.26	10,041.81	0.04%	4.29%	0.00%	12.50%	0.00%
Eaton Corp PLC Ecolab Inc	ETN ECL	399.00 285.66	131.01 150.04	52,272.99	0.20% 0.16%	2.47% 1.36%	0.00% 0.00%	12.00% 10.50%	0.02%
PerkinElmer Inc	PKI	126.15	140.41	42,859.68 17,712.44	0.16%	0.20%	0.00%	5.00%	0.02% 0.00%
Emerson Electric Co	EMR	594.00	85.46	50,763.24	0.19%	2.41%	0.00%	11.50%	0.02%
EOG Resources Inc	EOG	585.71	127.46	74,654.98	0.29%	2.35%	0.01%	18.00%	0.05%
Aon PLC	AON	212.38	253.13	53,760.76	0.21%	0.88%	0.00%	7.50%	0.02%
Entergy Corp Equifax Inc	ETR EFX	203.37 122.34	107.77 178.34	21,917.62 21,817.22	0.08% 0.08%	3.75% 0.87%	0.00% 0.00%	4.00% 10.00%	0.00% 0.01%
IQVIA Holdings Inc	IQV	189.28	202.13	38,258.96	0.15%			14.50%	0.02%
Gartner Inc	IT	80.54	235.74	18,986.26	0.07%			15.50%	0.01%
FedEx Corp	FDX	259.18	232.78	60,331.45	0.23%	1.98%	0.00%	13.00%	0.03%
FMC Corp Brown & Brown Inc	FMC BRO	125.94 282.27	107.16 54.94	13,495.62 15,508.08	0.05% 0.06%	1.98% 0.75%	0.00% 0.00%	10.50% 10.50%	0.01% 0.01%
Ford Motor Co	F	3,948.91	12.27	48,453.16	0.0070	3.26%	0.0070	33.50%	0.0170
NextEra Energy Inc	NEE	1,964.50	74.19	145,746.26	0.56%	2.29%	0.01%	12.50%	0.07%
Franklin Resources Inc	BEN	499.92	23.78	11,888.19	0.05%	4.88%	0.00%	9.00%	0.00%
Garmin Ltd Freeport-McMoRan Inc	GRMN FCX	193.13 1,449.26	96.98 36.90	18,729.26 53,477.77	0.07%	3.01% 1.63%	0.00%	10.00% 27.00%	0.01%
Dexcom Inc	DXCM	392.50	71.51	28,067.96		1.0070		21.0070	
General Dynamics Corp	GD	277.71	217.92	60,517.47	0.23%	2.31%	0.01%	8.00%	0.02%
General Mills Inc	GIS	602.21	66.34	39,950.74	0.15%	3.08%	0.00%	4.00%	0.01%
Genuine Parts Co Atmos Energy Corp	GPC ATO	141.60 139.02	132.42 106.09	18,750.01 14,748.10	0.07% 0.06%	2.70% 2.56%	0.00% 0.00%	8.50% 7.50%	0.01% 0.00%
WW Grainger Inc	GWW	51.10	473.06	24,174.31	0.00%	1.45%	0.00%	7.00%	0.01%
Halliburton Co	HAL	901.98	35.61	32,119.37		1.35%		26.00%	
L3Harris Technologies Inc	LHX	192.88	226.70	43,724.76	0.17%	1.98%	0.00%	18.50%	0.03%
Healthpeak Properties Inc	PEAK CTLT	539.56	24.37 104.96	13,149.00		4.92%		-7.50%	
Catalent Inc Fortive Corp	FTV	179.21 358.45	56.64	18,810.20 20,302.49	0.08%	0.49%	0.00%	21.00% 12.00%	0.01%
Hershey Co/The	HSY	145.99	206.19	30,101.88	0.12%	1.75%	0.00%	6.50%	0.01%
Synchrony Financial	SYF	501.49	30.47	15,280.37	0.06%	2.89%	0.00%	9.50%	0.01%
Hormel Foods Corp Arthur J Gallagher & Co	HRL AJG	546.06 210.07	44.89 152.75	24,512.45 32,087.89	0.09%	2.32% 1.34%	0.00% 0.00%	6.50%	0.01% 0.02%
Mondelez International Inc	MDLZ	1,383.92	59.04	81,706.87	0.12% 0.31%	2.37%	0.01%	16.50% 9.50%	0.03%
CenterPoint Energy Inc	CNP	629.43	28.12	17,699.63	0.07%	2.42%	0.00%	6.50%	0.00%
Humana Inc	HUM	126.49	433.22	54,799.30	0.21%	0.73%	0.00%	11.00%	0.02%
Willis Towers Watson PLC	WTW	111.49	194.81	21,718.98	0.08%	1.68%	0.00%	8.00%	0.01%
Illinois Tool Works Inc CDW Corp/DE	ITW CDW	311.44 135.12	186.41 163.85	58,056.09 22,138.76	0.22% 0.08%	2.62% 1.22%	0.01% 0.00%	11.00% 11.00%	0.02% 0.01%
Trane Technologies PLC	TT	233.86	127.82	29,891.99	0.0070	2.10%	0.0070	11.0070	0.0170
Interpublic Group of Cos Inc/The	IPG	393.66	28.05	11,042.28	0.04%	4.14%	0.00%	12.00%	0.01%
International Flavors & Fragrances Inc	IFF	254.84	116.43	29,670.79	0.11%	2.71%	0.00%	7.50%	0.01%
Jacobs Engineering Group Inc Generac Holdings Inc	J GNRC	128.63 63.83	124.68 248.54	16,037.21 15,864.31	0.06%	0.74%	0.00%	15.00% 23.50%	0.01%
NXP Semiconductors NV	NXPI	262.57	168.94	44,357.73	0.17%	2.00%	0.00%	12.00%	0.02%
Kellogg Co	K	337.87	67.80	22,907.79	0.09%	3.42%	0.00%	3.50%	0.00%
Broadridge Financial Solutions Inc	BR	117.23	137.95	16,171.46	0.06%	1.86%	0.00%	9.00%	0.01%
Kimberly-Clark Corp Kimco Realty Corp	KMB	336.93	122.41	41,242.99	0.16%	3.79%	0.01%	5.50%	0.01%
Oracle Corp	KIM ORCL	618.01 2,668.16	19.31 69.70	11,933.72 185,970.54	0.05% 0.71%	4.14% 1.84%	0.00% 0.01%	8.50% 9.00%	0.00% 0.06%
Kroger Co/The	KR	720.94	50.88	36,681.33	0.14%	1.65%	0.00%	6.50%	0.01%
Lennar Corp	LEN	258.62	68.97	17,837.09	0.07%	2.17%	0.00%	9.00%	0.01%
Eli Lilly & Co	LLY	950.16	292.99	278,387.38	1.06%	1.34%	0.01%	11.50%	0.12%
Bath & Body Works Inc Charter Communications Inc	BBWI CHTR	228.74 160.73	34.00 449.00	7,777.02 72,165.97		2.35%		26.50% 21.50%	
Lincoln National Corp	LNC	171.95	49.00	8,440.88	0.03%	3.67%	0.00%	11.50%	0.00%
Loews Corp	L.	246.11	58.91	14,498.22	0.06%	0.42%	0.00%	16.00%	0.01%
Lowe's Cos Inc	LOW	639.13	179.01	114,410.48	0.44%	2.35%	0.01%	12.50%	0.05%
IDEX Corp Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc	IEX MMC	76.01 502.71	179.66 148.39	13,655.24 74 596 54	0.05% 0.28%	1.34% 1.44%	0.00% 0.00%	10.00% 11.50%	0.01% 0.03%
Masco Corp	MAS	235.94	50.95	74,596.54 12,021.14	0.28%	2.20%	0.00%	8.50%	0.03%
S&P Global Inc	SPGI	339.90	321.34	109,223.47	0.42%	1.06%	0.00%	9.50%	0.00%
Medtronic PLC	MDT	1,330.74	89.35	118,901.89	0.45%	3.04%	0.01%	8.50%	0.04%
Viatris Inc	VTRS	1,212.33	10.70	12,971.90	0.400/	4.49%	0.040/	6.000/	0.000/
CVS Health Corp DuPont de Nemours Inc	CVS DD	1,311.31 508.53	91.45 60.35	119,919.21 30,689.60	0.46%	2.41% 2.19%	0.01%	6.00%	0.03%
Micron Technology Inc	MU	1,116.67	59.12	66,017.35		0.68%		24.00%	
Motorola Solutions Inc	MSI	167.30	203.11	33,979.69	0.13%	1.56%	0.00%	8.00%	0.01%

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		[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10] Value Line	[11] Cap-Weighted	
Name	Ticker	Shares Outst'g	Price	Market Capitalization	Weight in Index	Estimated Dividend Yield	Cap-Weighted Dividend Yield		Long-Term Growth Est.	
Cboe Global Markets Inc Laboratory Corp of America Holdings	CBOE LH	106.19 93.18	109.72 218.96	11,651.06 20,401.82	0.04% 0.08%	1.75% 1.32%	0.00% 0.00%	10.00% 6.00%	0.00% 0.00%	
Newmont Corp	NEM	793.65	62.68	49,746.04	0.19%	3.51%	0.01%	9.50%	0.02%	
NIKE Inc	NKE	1,268.76	113.44	143,928.13	0.040/	1.08%	0.000/	24.00%	0.000/	
NiSource Inc Norfolk Southern Corp	NI NSC	405.80 238.33	27.72 224.50	11,248.72 53,505.76	0.04% 0.20%	3.39% 2.21%	0.00% 0.00%	9.50% 10.00%	0.00% 0.02%	
Principal Financial Group Inc	PFG	252.68	64.96	16,414.35	0.06%	3.94%	0.00%	6.00%	0.00%	
Eversource Energy	ES	344.88	80.58	27,790.27	0.11%	3.16%	0.00%	6.00%	0.01%	
Northrop Grumman Corp	NOC	155.45	458.45	71,263.76	0.27%	1.51%	0.00%	7.50%	0.02%	
Wells Fargo & Co Nucor Corp	WFC NUE	3,790.35 266.00	38.17 116.46	144,677.74 30,978.36	0.55% 0.12%	2.62% 1.72%	0.01% 0.00%	7.50% 10.00%	0.04% 0.01%	
PVH Corp	PVH	66.96	63.40	4,245.33	0.02%	0.24%	0.00%	13.50%	0.00%	
Occidental Petroleum Corp	OXY	937.19	60.28	56,493.87		0.86%				
Omnicom Group Inc	OMC	205.73	65.43	13,461.11	0.05%	4.28%	0.00%	6.00%	0.00%	
ONEOK Inc Raymond James Financial Inc	OKE RJF	446.62 216.66	59.69 87.98	26,658.51 19,061.66	0.10% 0.07%	6.27% 1.55%	0.01% 0.00%	11.00% 10.50%	0.01% 0.01%	
Parker-Hannifin Corp	PH	128.37	254.79	32,707.90	0.12%	2.09%	0.00%	12.50%	0.02%	
Rollins Inc	ROL	492.46	32.77	16,137.95	0.06%	1.22%	0.00%	10.50%	0.01%	
PPL Corp	PPL	735.90	26.27	19,332.17		3.43%				
ConocoPhillips PulteGroup Inc	COP PHM	1,293.45 237.63	109.33 39.43	141,412.89 9,369.63	0.54% 0.04%	1.68% 1.52%	0.01% 0.00%	20.00% 11.00%	0.11% 0.00%	
Pinnacle West Capital Corp	PNW	113.00	68.36	7,724.75	0.04%	4.97%	0.00%	1.50%	0.00%	
PNC Financial Services Group Inc/The	PNC	413.58	156.51	64,729.56	0.25%	3.83%	0.01%	11.50%	0.03%	
PPG Industries Inc	PPG	236.15	113.62	26,831.14	0.10%	2.08%	0.00%	4.00%	0.00%	
Progressive Corp/The	PGR	584.88	112.57	65,839.60	0.25%	0.36%	0.00%	4.50%	0.01%	
Public Service Enterprise Group Inc	PEG	499.26	60.52	30,215.15	0.12%	3.57%	0.00%	4.00%	0.00%	
Robert Half International Inc Edison International	RHI EIX	110.51 381.20	82.34 61.13	9,099.72 23,302.76	0.03%	2.09% 4.58%	0.00%	7.50%	0.00%	
Schlumberger NV	SLB	1,413.46	41.52	58,686.90		1.69%		23.00%		
Charles Schwab Corp/The	SCHW	1,817.06	61.51	111,767.18	0.43%	1.30%	0.01%	9.00%	0.04%	
Sherwin-Williams Co/The	SHW	260.13	228.99	59,567.40	0.23%	1.05%	0.00%	11.50%	0.03%	
West Pharmaceutical Services Inc	WST	74.08	289.89	21,473.89	0.08%	0.25%	0.00%	17.00%	0.01%	
J M Smucker Co/The Snap-on Inc	SJM SNA	108.46 53.37	125.17 203.84	13,575.69 10,879.76	0.05% 0.04%	3.16% 2.79%	0.00% 0.00%	4.00% 4.50%	0.00% 0.00%	
AMETEK Inc	AME	230.91	112.28	25,926.57	0.10%	0.78%	0.00%	10.00%	0.01%	
Southern Co/The	so	1,062.53	66.57	70,732.29	0.27%	4.09%	0.01%	6.50%	0.02%	
Truist Financial Corp	TFC	1,331.41	46.58	62,017.26	0.24%	4.12%	0.01%	7.00%	0.02%	
Southwest Airlines Co	LUV	592.96	37.23	22,075.75	0.070/	0.000/	0.000/	29.50%	0.040/	
W R Berkley Corp Stanley Black & Decker Inc	WRB SWK	265.19 150.97	67.01 106.56	17,770.58 16,086.83	0.07% 0.06%	0.60% 2.97%	0.00% 0.00%	15.50% 6.00%	0.01% 0.00%	
Public Storage	PSA	175.53	304.17	53,390.66	0.20%	2.63%	0.01%	8.00%	0.02%	
Arista Networks Inc	ANET	308.26	92.87	28,628.48	0.11%			4.50%	0.00%	
Sysco Corp	SYY	509.48	80.78	41,155.47	0.16%	2.43%	0.00%	17.50%	0.03%	
Corteva Inc	CTVA	725.32	55.53	40,277.02	0.550/	1.01%	0.000/	0.500/	0.050/	
Texas Instruments Inc Textron Inc	TXN TXT	922.13 215.08	155.92 61.34	143,779.13 13,193.19	0.55% 0.05%	2.95% 0.13%	0.02% 0.00%	8.50% 8.50%	0.05% 0.00%	
Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc	TMO	391.46	514.76	201,508.98	0.77%	0.13%	0.00%	15.50%	0.12%	
TJX Cos Inc/The	TJX	1,171.64	57.63	67,521.38	0.26%	2.05%	0.01%	20.00%	0.05%	
Globe Life Inc	GL	98.60	93.26	9,195.44	0.04%	0.89%	0.00%	8.00%	0.00%	
Johnson Controls International plc	JCI	695.67	49.86	34,686.06	0.13%	2.81%	0.00%	14.00%	0.02%	
Ulta Beauty Inc Union Pacific Corp	ULTA UNP	51.82 628.03	405.61 209.84	21,017.90 131,784.77	0.08% 0.50%	2.48%	0.01%	15.00% 9.50%	0.01% 0.05%	
Keysight Technologies Inc	KEYS	179.95	138.47	24,917.12	0.10%	2.4070	0.0170	13.00%	0.01%	
UnitedHealth Group Inc	UNH	938.17	464.33	435,621.40	1.66%	1.42%	0.02%	12.00%	0.20%	
Marathon Oil Corp	MRO	707.69	28.07	19,864.89		1.14%				
Bio-Rad Laboratories Inc	BIO	24.88	480.44	11,951.91	0.05%	0.500/	0.000/	11.50%	0.01%	
Ventas Inc VF Corp	VTR VFC	399.70 388.48	50.24 46.70	20,080.73 18,142.02	0.08% 0.07%	3.58% 4.28%	0.00% 0.00%	10.50% 9.50%	0.01% 0.01%	
Vornado Realty Trust	VNO	191.74	29.45	5,646.83	0.07 70	7.20%	0.0070	-19.00%	0.0170	
Vulcan Materials Co	VMC	132.90	151.45	20,127.10	0.08%	1.06%	0.00%	8.50%	0.01%	
Weyerhaeuser Co	WY	744.50	34.51	25,692.63	0.10%	2.09%	0.00%	6.00%	0.01%	
Whirlpool Corp	WHR	56.20	155.52	8,740.54	0.03%	4.50%	0.00%	9.50%	0.00%	
Williams Cos Inc/The Constellation Energy Corp	WMB CEG	1,218.01 326.66	31.75 58.20	38,671.88 19,011.84	0.15%	5.35% 0.97%	0.01%	8.50%	0.01%	
WEC Energy Group Inc	WEC	315.44	91.88	28,982.17	0.11%	3.17%	0.00%	6.00%	0.01%	
Adobe Inc	ADBE	472.50	376.92	178,094.70	0.68%			14.50%	0.10%	
AES Corp/The	AES	667.86	19.55	13,056.66	0.05%	3.23%	0.00%	14.00%	0.01%	
Amgen Inc	AMGN	534.20	235.58	125,846.84	0.48%	3.29%	0.02%	5.50%	0.03%	
Apple Inc	AAPL ADSK	16,185.18 217.27	135.43 176.71	2,191,959.06 38,394.14	8.37%	0.68%	0.06%	14.00% 14.00%	1.17% 0.02%	
Autodesk Inc Cintas Corp	CTAS	102.33	354.84	36,309.00	0.15% 0.14%	1.07%	0.00%	13.50%	0.02%	
Comcast Corp	CMCSA	4,470.57	40.13	179,403.97	0.69%	2.69%	0.02%	9.50%	0.07%	
Molson Coors Beverage Co	TAP	200.53	51.82	10,391.31		2.93%		49.50%		
KLA Corp	KLAC	149.24	323.79	48,320.80		1.30%		21.00%		
Marriott International Inc/MD	MAR	327.30	154.80	50,665.73	0.19%	0.78%	0.00%	17.50%	0.03%	
McCormick & Co Inc/MD PACCAR Inc	MKC PCAR	250.23 347.68	83.73 85.85	20,951.42 29,848.59	0.08% 0.11%	1.77% 1.58%	0.00% 0.00%	6.00% 5.00%	0.00% 0.01%	
Costco Wholesale Corp	COST	442.96	458.79	203,226.99	0.78%	0.78%	0.00%	10.50%	0.01%	
First Republic Bank/CA	FRC	179.68	140.28	25,206.07	0.10%	0.77%	0.00%	11.00%	0.01%	
Stryker Corp	SYK	378.15	202.51	76,579.97	0.29%	1.37%	0.00%	8.50%	0.02%	
Tyson Foods Inc	TSN	291.54	84.11	24,521.35	0.09%	2.19%	0.00%	6.00%	0.01%	
Lamb Weston Holdings Inc	LW	144.45	65.12	9,406.39	0.04%	1.50%	0.00%	5.00%	0.00%	
Applied Materials Inc	AMAT	869.95 649.52	97.42	84,750.24	0.32%	1.07%	0.00%	14.50%	0.05%	
American Airlines Group Inc Cardinal Health Inc	AAL CAH	649.52 272.43	13.31 51.04	8,645.04 13,904.67	0.05%	3.88%	0.00%	5.00%	0.00%	
Caramar router mo		160.36	117.52	18,844.92	0.03%	2.35%	0.00%	7.00%	0.01%	
Cincinnati Financial Corp	CINF									
Cincinnati Financial Corp Paramount Global	CINF PARA	608.40	25.65	15,605.33	0.06%	3.74%	0.00%	4.50%	0.00%	
Paramount Global DR Horton Inc	PARA DHI	608.40 352.03	25.65 65.44	15,605.33 23,036.84	0.09%	3.74% 1.38%	0.00%	4.50% 13.00%	0.00% 0.01%	
Paramount Global	PARA	608.40	25.65	15,605.33		3.74%		4.50%	0.00%	

	STANDARD	AND POOR'S 5	00 INDEX						
		[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]
		Shares		Market	Weight in	Estimated	Cap-Weighted		Cap-Weighted Long-Term
Name	Ticker	Outst'g	Price	Capitalization	Index		Dividend Yield		Growth Est.
Fastenal Co	FAST	575.55	49.61	28,553.23	0.11%	2.50%	0.00%	8.50%	0.01%
M&T Bank Corp	MTB	179.42	165.49	29,691.72	0.11%	2.90%	0.00%	8.00%	0.01%
Xcel Energy Inc	XEL	544.65	65.85	35,865.40	0.14%	2.96%	0.00%	6.00%	0.01%
Fisery Inc	FISV	646.39	91.47	59,125.66	0.23%	0.400/	0.000/	11.00%	0.02%
Fifth Third Bancorp Gilead Sciences Inc	FITB GILD	686.09 1,254.31	34.73 58.39	23,827.80 73,239.34	0.09% 0.28%	3.46% 5.00%	0.00% 0.01%	11.00% 13.50%	0.01% 0.04%
Hasbro Inc	HAS	139.44	81.76	11,400.78	0.20%	3.42%	0.00%	11.50%	0.01%
Huntington Bancshares Inc/OH	HBAN	1,439.18	12.54	18,047.25	0.07%	4.94%	0.00%	12.50%	0.01%
Welltower Inc	WELL	453.97	78.45	35,613.79	0.14%	3.11%	0.00%	3.50%	0.00%
Biogen Inc Northern Trust Corp	BIIB NTRS	146.45 208.38	197.26 93.28	28,889.12 19,437.69	0.07%	3.00%	0.00%	-10.50% 8.00%	0.01%
Packaging Corp of America	PKG	93.70	147.23	13,795.60	0.05%	3.40%	0.00%	11.00%	0.01%
Paychex Inc	PAYX	361.02	117.95	42,581.96	0.16%	2.68%	0.00%	9.50%	0.02%
QUALCOMM Inc	QCOM	1,120.00	131.03	146,753.60	0.56%	2.29%	0.01%	19.00%	0.11%
Roper Technologies Inc	ROP	105.91	384.31	40,703.43	0.16%	0.65%	0.00%	8.50%	0.01%
Ross Stores Inc IDEXX Laboratories Inc	ROST IDXX	349.93 84.01	76.00 333.94	26,594.38 28,053.30	0.10% 0.11%	1.63%	0.00%	14.00% 12.00%	0.01% 0.01%
Starbucks Corp	SBUX	1,146.90	74.19	85,088.51	0.33%	2.64%	0.01%	16.50%	0.05%
KeyCorp	KEY	932.47	17.74	16,542.04	0.06%	4.40%	0.00%	9.50%	0.01%
Fox Corp	FOXA	311.68	32.83	10,232.59	0.04%	1.46%	0.00%	10.50%	0.00%
Fox Corp	FOX STT	245.07 367.12	30.44 63.94	7,459.78	0.09%	1.58%	0.00%	9.50%	0.01%
State Street Corp Norwegian Cruise Line Holdings Ltd	NCLH	419.10	11.73	23,473.33 4,916.05	0.0970	3.57%	0.0076	9.5076	0.0176
US Bancorp	USB	1,485.74	46.36	68,878.91	0.26%	3.97%	0.01%	6.00%	0.02%
A O Smith Corp	AOS	130.04	56.04	7,287.22	0.03%	2.00%	0.00%	11.00%	0.00%
NortonLifeLock Inc	NLOK	571.37	22.00	12,570.05	0.05%	2.27%	0.00%	9.50%	0.00%
T Rowe Price Group Inc	TROW	227.30	110.07	25,018.58	0.10%	4.36%	0.00%	9.50%	0.01%
Waste Management Inc Constellation Brands Inc	WM STZ	415.16 161.03	145.41 230.58	60,368.42 37,130.99	0.23% 0.14%	1.79% 1.39%	0.00% 0.00%	6.50% 5.00%	0.01% 0.01%
DENTSPLY SIRONA Inc	XRAY	215.45	35.36	7,618.38	0.03%	1.41%	0.00%	12.00%	0.00%
Zions Bancorp NA	ZION	151.36	53.12	8,040.19	0.03%	2.86%	0.00%	7.50%	0.00%
Alaska Air Group Inc	ALK	126.09	41.18	5,192.47					
Invesco Ltd	IVZ	455.03	16.42	7,471.51	0.03%	4.57%	0.00%	15.50%	0.00%
Linde PLC	LIN INTU	501.93	299.99	150,572.78	0.58%	1.56% 0.72%	0.01%	12.00%	0.07% 0.07%
Intuit Inc Morgan Stanley	MS	282.08 1,749.28	378.54 76.02	106,777.43 132,980.57	0.41% 0.51%	3.68%	0.00% 0.02%	17.50% 10.50%	0.05%
Microchip Technology Inc	MCHP	554.50	61.55	34,129.54	0.13%	1.79%	0.00%	10.00%	0.01%
Chubb Ltd	CB	423.71	199.28	84,437.13	0.32%	1.67%	0.01%	11.00%	0.04%
Hologic Inc	HOLX	249.38	68.32	17,037.71				25.00%	
Citizens Financial Group Inc	CFG	495.45	36.29	17,979.74	0.07%	4.30%	0.00%	8.50%	0.01%
O'Reilly Automotive Inc Allstate Corp/The	ORLY ALL	65.73 274.98	599.01 121.67	39,369.93 33,457.18	0.15% 0.13%	2.79%	0.00%	13.00% 4.50%	0.02% 0.01%
Equity Residential	EQR	376.04	69.15	26,003.30	0.1070	3.62%	0.0070	-2.00%	0.0170
BorgWarner Inc	BWA	239.58	35.78	8,571.99	0.03%	1.90%	0.00%	9.50%	0.00%
Organon & Co	OGN	253.64	33.59	8,519.67		3.33%			
Host Hotels & Resorts Inc	HST	714.78	17.61	12,587.22	0.05%	1.36%	0.00%	8.50%	0.00%
Incyte Corp Simon Property Group Inc	INCY SPG	221.51 328.64	68.55 97.50	15,184.17 32,042.30	0.12%	6.97%	0.01%	25.50% 2.50%	0.00%
Eastman Chemical Co	EMN	128.95	95.05	12,256.70	0.05%	3.20%	0.00%	9.50%	0.00%
Twitter Inc	TWTR	764.18	37.99	29,031.24					
AvalonBay Communities Inc	AVB	139.82	187.58	26,227.06	0.10%	3.39%	0.00%	6.50%	0.01%
Prudential Financial Inc	PRU	375.00	94.85	35,568.75	0.14%	5.06%	0.01%	5.50%	0.01%
United Parcel Service Inc Walgreens Boots Alliance Inc	UPS WBA	734.44 863.77	175.88 40.73	129,172.96 35.181.47	0.49% 0.13%	3.46% 4.69%	0.02% 0.01%	11.50% 7.50%	0.06% 0.01%
STERIS PLC	STE	100.08	202.28	20,244.18	0.13%	0.85%	0.00%	11.50%	0.01%
McKesson Corp	MCK	143.58	307.68	44,177.00	0.17%	0.61%	0.00%	10.00%	0.02%
Lockheed Martin Corp	LMT	266.11	414.10	110,194.91	0.42%	2.70%	0.01%	7.00%	0.03%
AmerisourceBergen Corp	ABC	209.46	142.31	29,808.82	0.11%	1.29%	0.00%	8.50%	0.01%
Capital One Financial Corp Waters Corp	COF WAT	393.05 60.24	108.17 324.26	42,516.33 19,531.80	0.07%	2.22%		6.00%	0.00%
Nordson Corp	NDSN	57.51	201.69	11,599.60	0.07 %	1.01%	0.00%	12.00%	0.01%
Dollar Tree Inc	DLTR	224.56	154.54	34,702.88	0.13%			12.00%	0.02%
Darden Restaurants Inc	DRI	124.73	116.55	14,537.75	0.06%	3.78%	0.00%	19.50%	0.01%
Match Group Inc	MTCH	285.59	77.06	22,007.80				21.00%	
Domino's Pizza Inc NVR Inc	DPZ	36.05	385.42	13,892.46 12.863.41	0.05%	1.14%	0.00%	15.50%	0.01%
NetApp Inc	NVR NTAP	3.29 222.54	3,909.85 65.43	14,560.53	0.05% 0.06%	3.06%	0.00%	5.50% 8.00%	0.00% 0.00%
Citrix Systems Inc	CTXS	126.58	92.71	11,735.23	0.04%	3.0070	0.0070	7.50%	0.00%
DXC Technology Co	DXC	229.66	32.34	7,427.04	0.03%			5.00%	0.00%
Old Dominion Freight Line Inc	ODFL	113.35	242.25	27,460.01	0.10%	0.50%	0.00%	12.00%	0.01%
DaVita Inc	DVA	94.60	90.15	8,528.19	0.03%	0.000/	0.000/	12.00%	0.00%
Hartford Financial Services Group Inc/The	HIG	328.87	67.03	22,043.82	0.08%	2.30%	0.00%	6.50%	0.01%
Iron Mountain Inc Estee Lauder Cos Inc/The	IRM EL	290.56 231.81	47.97 243.12	13,938.26 56,356.43	0.05% 0.22%	5.16% 0.99%	0.00% 0.00%	11.00% 14.00%	0.01% 0.03%
Cadence Design Systems Inc	CDNS	275.76	147.72	40,735.12	0.22%	0.3370	0.0070	12.00%	0.02%
Tyler Technologies Inc	TYL	41.47	318.27	13,199.93	0.05%			14.00%	0.01%
Universal Health Services Inc	UHS	67.13	105.44	7,077.98	0.03%	0.76%	0.00%	9.00%	0.00%
Skyworks Solutions Inc	SWKS	160.93	94.62	15,226.82	0.06%	2.37%	0.00%	15.50%	0.01%
Quest Diagnostics Inc Activision Blizzard Inc	DGX ATVI	117.37 781.88	128.78 75.35	15,114.26 58,914.73	0.06% 0.23%	2.05% 0.62%	0.00% 0.00%	7.00% 14.00%	0.00% 0.03%
Rockwell Automation Inc	ROK	116.26	205.66	23.910.44	0.23%	2.18%	0.00%	10.00%	0.03%
Kraft Heinz Co/The	KHC	1,223.95	36.18	44,282.58	0.17%	4.42%	0.01%	5.50%	0.01%
American Tower Corp	AMT	465.53	241.40	112,379.42	0.43%	2.37%	0.01%	9.00%	0.04%
Regeneron Pharmaceuticals Inc	REGN	108.03	561.19	60,624.23	0.23%			3.00%	0.01%
Amazon.com Inc	AMZN	10,174.41	107.67	1,095,478.72	0.050/	4.000/	0.000/	26.50%	0.040/
Jack Henry & Associates Inc Ralph Lauren Corp	JKHY RL	72.86 45.19	179.27 95.87	13,061.97 4,332.75	0.05% 0.02%	1.09% 3.13%	0.00% 0.00%	10.50% 11.50%	0.01% 0.00%
Boston Properties Inc	BXP	156.71	92.04	14,423.77	0.02 /0	4.26%	0.0076	-1.50%	0.0076
Amphenol Corp	APH	597.14	66.12	39,482.83	0.15%	1.21%	0.00%	12.00%	0.02%
Howmet Aerospace Inc	HWM	417.91	32.71	13,669.97	0.05%	0.24%	0.00%	12.00%	0.01%

Name		STANDARD A	AND POOR'S 5	00 INDEX						
Pare   Name   Pare			[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]		[11]
Value   Charles   Charle			Shares		Market	Weight in	Estimated	Cap-Weighted		Long-Term
Water Definition	Name	Ticker	Outst'g	Price	Capitalization	Index	Dividend Yield	Dividend Yield	Growth Est.	Growth Est.
Speeps   S	Pioneer Natural Resources Co									
Hispina   Filter   1977   1978   9,88740   9,88740   9,88740   10,998   1							3.06%	0.01%		0.02%
Cirk Politics Niveshades   Cirk Will   13,126.22   20,5%   2.15%   0.005%   8.005%   10,000%   1						0.18%				0.02%
TransClipp Rouge pic P						0.05%	2.13%	0.00%		0.00%
Vanis Beams for PUM 28-56 11150 315008 50 1726 20% 0.0							1.38%	0.01%		0.09%
Freignein (Per 1909) in (Per 1							0.040/	0.000/		0.02%
Firefilmeny Comp										0.01% 0.02%
Cournis Services Internsylvations for the HWR   143.71   124.12   17.85.716   0.07%   0.27%   0.00%   12.50%   0.00%   12.50%   0.00%										0.01%
Henry Scholl nice	VeriSign Inc									0.01%
Amerien Corp  AEE  286.09  487.09  487.00  487							0.23%	0.00%		0.01%
ARISYS Inc.*  ARISS 8.69.9 28.75 20.768.80 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 1.00% 0.00% 10.00% 10.00% 0.00% 10.00% 0.00% 10.00% 0.00% 10.00% 0.00% 10.00% 0.00%							2.83%	0.00%		0.00% 0.01%
Facisis Research Systems Inc.  FDS							2.0570	0.0070		0.01%
Sealed AIR Corp Occapitant Forbinology Solutions Corp Occapitant Forbi	FactSet Research Systems Inc					0.05%		0.00%		0.01%
Capitaler Technology Southers COP VFF Financial Copy VFF Financial Cop						0.000/		0.000/		0.000/
SVS Filmanical Group  INFO  IN										0.00% 0.01%
Intuitive Surgice Inc							1.30%	0.00%		0.01%
Republic Services Inc   RSG   315.89   123.38   33.988.31   0.15%   1.45%   0.00%   12.50%   0.00   Republic Services Inc   EBAY   5.984   43.51   24.388.73   0.25%   0.25%   0.20%   1.50%   0.00%   1.50%   0.00%   0.50%   0.00%   0.50%   0.00%   0.50%   0.00%   0.50%   0.00%										0.03%
Bay Inc										0.01%
Godeman Sachar Group InorThe  GS 343.46 290.07 99.623.67 0.38% 2.276% 0.79% 5.00% 5.										0.02%
SBA Communications Corp SBAC 107.83 301.39 32.498.88 0 0.944										0.01%
Sempes jersey SRE 314.31 144.74 45.92.51 0.17% 3.16% 0.01% 11.07% 0.00% 10.00% 10.00% 0.00						0.36%		0.01%		0.02%
Moody Corp						0.17%		0.01%		0.02%
File										0.01%
Akaman Technologies Inc Charles River Laborations International Inc CRL GRI										0.04%
Charles River Laboratories international inc  CRL  50.81  212.89  10.815.88  0.04%  10.915.88  0.04%  10.915.88  0.04%  10.915.80  0.00%  10.5000  10.50000  10.50000  10.50000  10.50000  10.50000  10.50000  10.50000  10.50000  10.50000  10.50000  10.50000  10.50000  10.50000  10.50000  10.500000  10.500000  10.50000000000										0.00%
Marked-Naves Holdings Inc										0.01% 0.00%
Devon Energy Corp							1.04%	0.00%		0.00%
Bio-Techne Corp   TECH   39.23   330.66   12,973.11   0.05%   0.39%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   17.50%   0.00%   0.						******				
Teleflex Inc	Bio-Techne Corp					0.05%	0.39%	0.00%	17.50%	0.01%
Allegion ple ALLE 87.81 100.69 8.841.09 0.03% 1.63% 0.00% 1.63% 0.00% 1.65% 0.00% 1.65% 0.00% Warner froo Discovery inc WBD 2.42.68 84 1.48.65 3.03.88.63 1.68.70 1.69						0.050/	0.500/	0.000/	40 500/	0.040/
Neffix (ne Neffix (ne Negro y local water) Warner force Discovery in the Warner force Discovery										0.01% 0.00%
Warner floro Discovery Inc   WBD   2,426,84							1.03%	0.00%		0.00%
Agliert Technologies inc						0.0170			12.0070	0.0470
Anthem Inc CME Group inc CME 394 2 200.88 111,583.42 0.43% 1.11% 0.00% 12,50% 0.00 Juniper Networks Inc BLK 151,50 5599.90 9,0886.65 3 BackRook Inc BLK 151,50 599.90 9,							0.72%	0.00%		0.02%
CME Group Inc JMPR 359.42										0.01%
Junjen Networks Inc Black Rock Inc B										0.05%
BlackRock Inc										0.02% 0.00%
DTE   193.74   119.21   23.095.98   0.09%   2.97%   0.00%   4.50%   0.00										0.03%
Nadaq Inc		DTE								0.00%
Philip Morris International Inc										0.01%
Ingersol Rand Inc										0.01%
Salestore Inc						0.36%		0.03%	7.00%	0.04%
Huntington Ingalis Industries Inc   Hill   40,05   20,567   8,28,47   0.03%   2.29%   0.00%   10,00%   0.00   MetTure						0.64%	0.1070		16.50%	0.11%
UAB   253.22   8.79   2.225.79   Tapestry Inc   TPR   251.80   32.70   8.233.93   0.03%   3.06%   0.00%   10.00%   0.0 CSX   Corp   CSX   2,174.26   29.42   63.966.73   0.24%   1.36%   0.00%   10.00%   0.0 CSX   Corp   CSX   2,174.26   29.42   63.966.73   0.24%   1.36%   0.00%   10.00%   0.0 CSX   Corp   CSX   2,174.26   29.42   63.966.73   0.24%   1.36%   0.00%   10.00%   0.0 CSX   0.00%   10.00%   0.00%   0.00%   0.00%   10.00%   0.00%		HII	40.05	205.67		0.03%	2.29%	0.00%	10.00%	0.00%
Tapestry Inc						0.19%	3.21%	0.01%	7.50%	0.01%
CSX Corp         CSX         2,174.26         29.42         63.966.73         0.24%         1.36%         0.00%         10.00%         0.0           Edwards Lifesciences Corp         EW         621.75         88.78         55.199.14         0.21%						0.030/	2.060/	0.000/	10.000/	0.000/
Edwards Lifesciences Corp   EW   621.75   88.78   55.199.14   0.21%   12.50%   0.00%   15.00%   0.00										0.00%
Ameriprise Financial Inc.  AMP 109.90 246.48 27,089.14 0.10% 2.03% 0.00% 15.00% 0.0  ZERRA 52.51 308.36 16,193.22 0.06% 0.00% 15.00% 0.0  Zimmer Biomet Holdings Inc ZBH 209.58 106.97 22,418.45 0.09% 0.90% 0.00% 7.00% 0.0  Zamden Property Trust CPT 106.52 128.55 13,693.27 0.05% 2.92% 0.00% 2.50% 0.0  Camden Property Trust CPT 106.52 128.55 13,693.27 0.05% 2.92% 0.00% 2.50% 0.0  Camden Property Trust CPT 106.52 128.55 13,693.27 0.05% 2.92% 0.00% 2.50% 0.0  Mastercard Inc CBRE 326.86 71.40 23,337.88 0.09%  8.50% 0.0  Mastercard Inc MA 964.92 325.39 313,975.64 120% 0.60% 0.01% 13.50% 0.1  Cardmax Inc Inc. KMX 160.54 91.54 14,695.65 0.06% 0.00% 13.50% 0.0  Intercontinental Exchange Inc ICE 558.27 95.63 53,308.98 0.20% 1.59% 0.00% 6.50% 0.0  Fidelity National Information Services Inc FIS 610.77 95.47 58,310.31 1.97% 52.00%  Chipotte Mexican Grill Inc CMG 27.96 1.266.6 35,404.37 0.14% 1.97% 52.00%  Wynn Resorts Ltd WYNN 115.97 59.34 6,881.36 1.976.55  Assurant Inc ICL V 228.06 86.8 1.9768.55  Assurant Inc ICL SAL 54.99 173.24 9,809.99 0.04% 1.57% 0.00% 14.00% 0.0  NRG Energy Inc NRG 237.28 39.11 9,280.18 3.58% 1.05% 1.050% 0.0  Regions Financial Corp RF 934.50 19.38 18,110.61 0.07% 3.51% 0.00% 10.50% 0.0  Regions Financial Corp RF 934.50 19.38 18,110.61 0.07% 3.51% 0.00% 10.50% 0.0  Expedia Group Inc EXPE 151.57 104.41 15.825.84  Mosaic COThe MOS 361.99 53.61 19.406.44 1.12% 56.50%  CF 1040stries Holdings Inc CF 208.60 92.07 19.205.99 0.07% 1.74% 0.00% 7.50% 0.0  CF Industries Holdings Inc LDOS 136.66 98.79 13.500.44 0.05% 1.46% 0.00% 19.50% 0.0  Alphabet Inc COO 49.34 315.34 15.576 1.06% 0.05% 1.46% 0.00% 16.50% 0.0  V 1,645.72 196.16 32,824.24 1.23% 0.76% 0.01% 13.50% 0.1  Mid-America Apartment Communities Inc MAA 115.43 162.41 18,746.66 0.07% 3.08% 0.00% 6.50% 0.0  Mid-America Apartment Communities Inc MAA 115.43 162.41 18,746.66 0.07% 3.08% 0.00% 6.50% 0.0							1.0070	0.0070		0.03%
ZBH   29,58   106,97   22,418.45   0,09%   0,90%   0,00%   7,00%   0		AMP					2.03%	0.00%		0.02%
Camden Property Trust CPT 106.52 128.55 13,893.27 0.05% 2.92% 0.00% 2.50% 0.0 RERE Group Inc CBRE Group Inc CBRE 326.86 71.40 23,337.88 0.09%										0.01%
CBRE Group Inc	A . B . T .	ODT		100 55		0.050/	0.000/	0.000/	0.500/	0.01%
Mastercard inc         MA         964.92         325.39         313.975.64         1.20%         0.60%         0.01%         13.50%         0.1           CarMax Inc         KMX         160.54         91.54         14,695.65         0.06%         0.06%         0.00%         6.50%         0.0           Intercontinental Exchange Inc         ICE         558.27         95.63         53,386.98         0.20%         1.59%         0.00%         6.50%         0.0           Fidelity National Information Services Inc         FIS         610.77         95.47         58.310.31         1.97%         0.00%         6.50%         0.0           Chipotle Mexican Grill Inc         CMG         27.96         1.266.16         35,404.37         0.14%         1.97%         2.00%           Uve Nation Entertainment Inc         LVV         228.06         86.68         19,768.59         0.04%         1.57%         0.00%         14.00%         0.0           NRG Energy Inc         NRG         237.28         39.11         9,280.18         0.04%         1.57%         0.00%         14.00%         0.0           Regions Financial Corp         RF         934.50         19.38         18,110.61         0.07%         3.51%         0.00%         10.5							2.92%	0.00%		0.00%
CarMax Inc Intercontinental Exchange Inc Intercontinental Inte							0.60%	0.01%		0.16%
Floatily National Information Services Inc   FIS   610.77   95.47   58.310.31   1.97%   52.00%   1.650%   0.0										0.01%
Chipotle Mexican Grill Inc   CMG   27.96   1,266.16   35,404.37   0,14%   16.50%   0.0						0.20%		0.00%		0.01%
Wynn Resorts Ltd         WYNN         115.97         59.34         6,881.36         27.00%           Live Nation Entertainment Inc         LYV         228.06         86.68         19,768.59						0.440/	1.97%			0.000/
Live Nation Entertainment Inc  Livy 228.06 86.88 19,788.59  Assurant Inc  AIZ 54.09 173.24 9,369.69 0.04% 1.57% 0.00% 14.00% 0.0  NRG 237.28 39.11 9,280.18 3.58% -10.50% 11.50% 0.0  Monster Beverage Corp  MNST 529.67 87.87 46,542.19 0.18% 1.50% 0.0  MRSG 19,938 18,110.61 0.07% 3.51% 0.00% 10.50% 0.0  Baker Hughes Co BKR 984.58 31.74 31,250.44 2.27%  Mosaic Co/The MOS 361.99 53.61 19,406.44 1.12% 56.50%  Expedia Group Inc  EXPE 151.57 104.41 15,825.84  Evergy Inc  CF 208.60 92.07 19,205.99 0.07% 1.74% 0.00% 19.50% 0.0  CF Industries Holdings Inc  APA 338.23 45.63 15,433.53 1.10%  Leidos Holdings Inc  LDOS 136.66 98.79 13,500.84 0.05% 1.46% 0.00% 9.00% 0.0  APA Corp Cos Inc/The  COO 49.34 315.34 15,557.61 0.06% 0.02% 0.00% 16.00% 0.4  Coper Cos Inc/The  COO 49.34 315.34 15,557.61 0.06% 0.02% 0.00% 16.00% 0.0  Visa Inc  V 1,645.72 196.16 322,842.44 1.23% 0.76% 0.01% 13.50% 0.1  MId-America Apartment Communities Inc  MAA 115.43 162.41 18,746.66 0.07% 3.08% 0.00% 6.50% 0.0  Kylem Inc/NY  XYL 180.09 76.45 13,768.11 0.05% 1.57% 0.00% 6.50% 0.0						0.14%				0.02%
Assurant Inc NRG Energy Inc NRG 237.28 39.11 9,280.18 3.58% 0.00% 14,00% 0.0 NRG Energy Inc Monster Beverage Corp MNST 529.67 87.87 46,542.19 0.18% 11.50% 0.0 Regions Financial Corp BKF 934.50 19.38 18,110.61 0.07% 3.51% 0.00% 10.50% 10.50% 0.0 Baker Hughes Co BKR 984.58 31.74 31,250.44 2.27% Mosaic CO/The MOS 361.99 53.61 19,406.44 1.12% 56.50% Expedia Group Inc EXPE 151.57 104.41 15,825.84 Evergy Inc CF 299.48 61.31 14,069.30 0.05% 3.74% 0.00% 7.50% 0.0 EVRG 229.48 61.31 14,069.30 0.05% 3.74% 0.00% 7.50% 0.0 EAPA Corp APA 338.23 45.63 15,433.53 1.10% APA Corp Leidos Holdings Inc LDOS 136.66 99.07 19,205.99 0.07% 1.74% 0.00% 19.50% 0.0 APA Corp Leidos Holdings Inc LDOS 136.66 98.79 13,500.84 0.05% 1.46% 0.00% 9.00% 0.0 APA Corp Cos Inc/The COO 49.34 315.34 15,557.61 0.06% 0.02% 0.00% 16.00% 0.0 Cooper Cos Inc/The COO 49.34 315.34 15,557.61 0.06% 0.02% 0.00% 16.00% 0.0 Discover Financial Services DFS 280.97 94.68 26,601.77 0.10% 2.53% 0.00% 16.00% 0.0 Visa Inc V 1,645.72 196.16 322,824.24 1.23% 0.76% 0.01% 13.50% 0.1 MIG-America Apartment Communities Inc XYL 180.09 76.45 13,768.11 0.05% 1.57% 0.00% 6.50% 0.0 Xylem Inc/NY XYL 180.09 76.45 13,768.11 0.05% 1.57% 0.00% 6.50% 0.0									21.0070	
Monster Beverage Corp         MNST         529.67         87.87         46,542.19         0.18%         11.50%         0.0           Regions Financial Corp         RF         934.50         19.38         18,110.61         0.07%         3.51%         0.00%         10.50%         0.0           Baker Hughes Co         BKR         984.58         31.74         31,250.44         2.27%         2.2						0.04%	1.57%	0.00%	14.00%	0.01%
Regions Financial Corp         RF         934.50         19.38         18.110.61         0.07%         3.51%         0.00%         10.50%         0.0           Baker Hughes Co         BKR         984.58         31.74         31.250.44         2.27%         0.00%         10.50%         0.0           Mosaic Co/The         MOS         361.99         53.61         19.406.44         1.12%         56.50%           Expedia Group Inc         EXPE         151.57         104.41         15.825.84         1.12%         56.50%           Evergy Inc         EVRG         229.48         61.31         14,069.30         0.05%         3.74%         0.00%         7.50%         0.0           CF Industries Holdings Inc         CF         208.60         92.07         19.205.99         0.07%         1.74%         0.00%         19.50%         0.0           APA Corp         APA         338.23         45.63         15.433.53         11.09         1.46%         0.00%         19.50%         0.0           APA Corp         APA         338.23         45.63         15.433.53         1.16%         0.00%         9.00%         0.0           Alphabet Inc         GOOG         313.38         2,207.81         691,874.67							3.58%			
Baker Hughes Co BKR 984.58 31.74 31,250.44 2.27% Mosaic Co/The MOS 361.99 53.61 19,406.44 1.12% 56.50% Expedia Group Inc EXPE 151.57 104.41 15,825.84 Usergy Inc CF 104.41 15,825.84 Usergy Inc CF 104.41 17.80 17										0.02%
Mosaic Co/The         MOS         361.99         53.61         19,406.44         1.12%         56.50%           Expedia Group Inc         EXPE         151.57         104.41         15,825.84         1.12%         56.50%           Evergy Inc         EVRG         229.48         114,069.30         0.05%         3.74%         0.00%         7.50%         0.0           CF Industries Holdings Inc         CF         208.60         92.07         19,205.99         0.07%         1.74%         0.00%         19.50%         0.0           APA Corp         APA         338.23         45.63         15,433.53         1.10%						0.07%		0.00%	10.50%	0.01%
Expedia Group Inc         EXPE         151.57         104.41         15,825.84         VEVERY INC         VEVERY INC         229.48         61.31         14,009.30         0.05%         3.74%         0.00%         7.50%         0.0           CF Industries Holdings Inc         CF         208.60         92.07         19,205.99         0.07%         1.74%         0.00%         19.50%         0.0           APA Corp         APA         338.23         45.63         15,433.53         1.10%         1.60%         0.00%         9.00%         0.0           Alphabet Inc         GOOG         313.38         2,207.81         691,874.67         2.64%         1.60%         0.00%         16.00%         0.0           Cooper Cos Inc/The         COO         49.34         315.34         15,557.61         0.06%         0.02%         0.00%         16.00%         0.0           TE Connectivity Ltd         TEL         322.17         120.60         38,854.18         0.15%         1.86%         0.00%         10.00%         10.00%         10.00         10.00%         0.0         10.00%         0.0         10.00%         0.0         10.00%         0.0         10.00%         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0									56 50%	
Evergy Inc   EVRG   229.48   61.31   14.069.30   0.05%   3.74%   0.00%   7.50%   0.0							270		00.0070	
APA Corp	Evergy Inc					0.05%	3.74%		7.50%	0.00%
Leidos Holdings Inc         LDOS         136.66         98.79         13,500.84         0.05%         1.46%         0.00%         9.00%         0.0           Alphabet Inc         GOOG         313.38         2,207.81         691,874.67         2.64%         0.02%         0.00%         18.50%         0.4           Cooper Cos Inc/The         COO         49.34         315.34         15,557.61         0.06%         0.02%         0.00%         16.00%         0.0           TE Connectivity Ltd         TEL         322.17         120.60         38,854.18         0.15%         1.86%         0.00%         10.50%         0.0           Discover Financial Services         DFS         280.97         94.68         26,601.77         0.10%         2.53%         0.00%         16.00%         0.0           Visa Inc         V         1,645.72         196.16         322,824.24         1.23%         0.76%         0.01%         13.50%         0.1           Wid-America Apartment Communities Inc         MAA         115.43         162.41         18,746.66         0.07%         3.08%         0.00%         8.50%         0.0           Xylem Inc/NY         XYL         180.09         76.45         13,768.11         0.05%         1.57%						0.07%		0.00%	19.50%	0.01%
Alphabet Inc         GOOG         313.38         2,207.81         691,874.67         2.64%         18.50%         0.4           Cooper Cos Inc/The         COO         49.34         315.34         15,557.61         0.00%         0.02%         0.00%         16.00%         0.0           TE Connectivity Ltd         TEL         322.17         120.60         38,854.18         0.15%         1.86%         0.00%         10.50%         0.0           Discover Financial Services         DFS         280.97         94.68         26,601.77         0.10%         2.53%         0.00%         16.00%         0.0           Visa Inc         V         1,645.72         196.16         322,824.24         1.23%         0.76%         0.01%         13.50%         0.1           Mid-America Apartment Communities Inc         MAA         115.43         162.41         18,746.66         0.07%         3.08%         0.00%         8.50%         0.0           Xylem Inc/NY         XYL         180.09         76.45         13,768.11         0.05%         1.57%         0.00%         6.50%         0.0						0.050/		0.000/	0.000/	0.000/
Cooper Cos Inc/The         COO         49.34         315.34         15.557.61         0.06%         0.02%         0.00%         16.00%         0.0           TE Connectivity Ltd         TEL         322.17         120.60         38,854.18         0.15%         1.86%         0.00%         16.00%         0.0           Discover Financial Services         DFS         280.97         94.68         26,601.77         0.10%         2.53%         0.00%         16.00%         0.0           Visa Inc         V         1,645.72         196.16         322,824.24         1,23%         0.76%         0.01%         13.50%         0.1           Mid-America Apartment Communities Inc         MAA         115.43         162.41         18,746.66         0.07%         3.08%         0.00%         8.50%         0.0           Xylem Inc/NY         XYL         180.09         76.45         13,768.11         0.05%         1.57%         0.00%         6.50%         0.0							1.46%	0.00%		0.00% 0.49%
TE Connectivity Ltd TEL 322.17 120.60 38,854.18 0.15% 1.86% 0.00% 10.50% 0.0 Discover Financial Services DFS 280.97 94.68 26,601.77 0.10% 2.53% 0.00% 16.00% 0.0 Visa Inc V 1,645.72 196.16 322,824.24 1.23% 0.76% 0.01% 13.50% 0.1 Mid-America Apartment Communities Inc MAA 115.43 162.41 18,746.66 0.07% 3.08% 0.00% 8.50% 0.0 Vigen Inc/NY XYL 180.09 76.45 13,768.11 0.05% 1.57% 0.00% 6.50% 0.0							0.02%	0.00%		0.49%
Discover Financial Services         DFS         280.97         94.68         26,601.77         0.10%         2.53%         0.00%         16.00%         0.0           Visa Inc         V         1,645.72         196.16         322,824.24         1.23%         0.76%         0.01%         13.50%         0.1           Mid-America Apartment Communities Inc         MAA         115.43         162.41         18,746.66         0.07%         3.08%         0.00%         8.50%         0.0           Xylem Inc/NY         XYL         180.09         76.45         13,768.11         0.05%         1.57%         0.00%         6.50%         0.0										0.02%
Mid-America Apartment Communities Inc MAA 115.43 162.41 18,746.66 0.07% 3.08% 0.00% 8.50% 0.0 Xylem Inc/NY XYL 180.09 76.45 13,768.11 0.05% 1.57% 0.00% 6.50% 0.0	Discover Financial Services	DFS	280.97	94.68	26,601.77	0.10%	2.53%	0.00%	16.00%	0.02%
Xylem Inc/NY XYL 180.09 76.45 13,768.11 0.05% 1.57% 0.00% 6.50% 0.0										0.17%
										0.01%
						0.05%		0.00%	ხ.50%	0.00%
						0.55%	2.30 /0		17.50%	0.10%

Name			[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]	[10]	[11]
Name			Shares		Market	Weight in	Estimated	Can-Weighted		
Resided fine   RMD	Name	Ticker		Price						Growth Est.
Reabled Inc.	Tractor Supply Co	TSCO	111.88	196.13	21.943.42	0.08%	1.88%	0.00%	12.50%	0.01%
Capart Inc										
VICI Properties Inc	Mettler-Toledo International Inc	MTD	22.68	1,167.25	26,473.23	0.10%			13.50%	0.01%
Fortice   First										
Albernaric Corp   Alb						0.11%	4.92%	0.01%		0.01%
Moderna In										
Ease Pippenty Trust Inc	•					0.10%	0.73%	0.00%		0.01%
Reatly Income Corp										
Westinghouse Air Brake Technologies Corp										
Westlengthouse Air Brake Technologies Corp										
Pool										
Mostan Digital Corp										
Page50   In						0.05%	1.13%	0.00%		0.01%
Diamondback Energy Inc   FANG   177.55   146.76   28.057.38   3.14   5.15   5						0.000/	2.020/	0.000/		0.050/
ServiceNov Inc						0.63%		0.02%	0.00%	0.05%
Church & Dwight Co Inc   CHD							0.3170		45 50%	
Duke Really Corp						0.08%	1 20%	0.00%		0.00%
Federal Resiry OP LP										
MGM										
American Electric Power Co Inc						0.0370		0.0070		0.0070
SelDeg   S						0.18%		0.01%		0.01%
PTC						0.1070	0.4470	0.0170		0.0170
JBHIII Transport Services Inc										
LARC NO						0.06%	0.99%	0.00%		0.01%
Mohawk Industries Inc										
Pentair PLC										
Vertex Pharmaceuticals Inc							1.82%	0.00%		
Amoor PLC	Vertex Pharmaceuticals Inc									
T-Mobile US Inc							3.97%	0.00%		
United Rentals Inc	Meta Platforms Inc	META	2,293.52	169.35	388,407.44					
AREA   ARE   Estate Equities Inc   ARE   163 22   135 73   22,153 58   0.08%   3.48%   0.00%   9.00%   0.01%   Honeywell International Inc   ABMD   45 56   232 35   10,586 80   0.44%   2.12%   0.01%   11,00%   0.05%   ABIOMED Inc   ABMD   45 56   232 35   10,586 80   0.04%   2.12%   0.01%   11,00%   0.05%   Delta Air Lines Inc   DAL   641.06   31.96   20,488 21   United Air lines Inc   UAL   326.73   37.98   12,379.76   Seagate Technology Holdings PLC   STX   214.84   76.24   16,379.71   0.06%   3.67%   0.00%   16.00%   0.01%   NewS COrp   NWS   197.27   15.80   3.116.91   1.27%   Centene Corp   CNC   584.89   77.46   45,305.35   0.17%   0.06%   0.77%   0.00%   5.50%   0.00%   RayPal Holdings Inc   TER   160.20   92.44   14,809.17   0.06%   0.48%   0.00%   8.50%   0.00%   RayPal Holdings Inc   TSLA   1,036.39   699.07   24,437.31   0.06%   0.48%   0.00%   0.05%   Tesla Inc   TSLA   1,036.39   699.07   24,437.31   0.06%   0.24%   0.06%   0.00%   0.05%   DISH Network Corp   DISH   291.56   18.18   5,300.56   0.02%   0.02%   0.00%   0.00%   0.00%   DISH Network Corp   DISH   291.56   18.18   5,300.56   0.02%   0.00%	T-Mobile US Inc	TMUS	1,253.59	126.52	158,603.57	0.61%			9.50%	0.06%
Honeywell International Inc	United Rentals Inc	URI	71.61	265.96	19,045.93	0.07%			18.00%	0.01%
ABIOMED Inc   ABMD   45.56   232.35   10.586.80   0.04%   7.50%   0.00%   0.	Alexandria Real Estate Equities Inc	ARE	163.22	135.73	22,153.58	0.08%	3.48%	0.00%	9.00%	0.01%
Delta Air Lines Inc   DAL   041.06   31.96   20.488.21   20.4888.21   20.4888.21   20.4888.21   20.4888.21   20.4888.21   20.4888.21   20.4888.21   20.4888.21   20.4888.21   20.4888.21   20.48888.21   20.48888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.488888.21   20.48888888.21   20.4888888.21   20.488888.21   20.4888888.21   20.48888888.21   20.4888888.21   20.4888888.21   20.4888888.21   20.48888888.21   20.4888888.21   20.4888888.21   20.48888888.21   20.48888888.21   20.4888888888888888888888888888888888888	Honeywell International Inc	HON	680.73	184.97	125,915.18	0.48%	2.12%	0.01%	11.00%	0.05%
United Airlines Holdings Inc	ABIOMED Inc	ABMD	45.56	232.35	10,586.80	0.04%			7.50%	0.00%
Seagate Technology Holdings PLC   STX   214,84   76,24   16,379,71   0,06%   3,67%   0,00%   16,00%   0,01%   16,00%   0,00%   16,00%										
News Corp         NWS         19.7.27         15.80         3,116.91         1.27%           Centene Corp         CNC         584.89         77.46         45,305.35         0.17%         0.00%         0.20%           Martin Mariettal Materials Inc         MLM         62.28         318.45         19,834.34         0.08%         0.77%         0.00%         5.50%         0.00%           PayPal Holdings Inc         TER         160.20         92.44         14,809.17         0.06%         0.48%         0.00%         8.50%         0.00%           PayPal Holdings Inc         TSLA         1,036.39         699.00         724,437.31         0.3%         0.00%         18.00%         0.05%           Pish Network Corp         DISH         291.56         18.8         5,300.56         0.02%         0.00%         25.00%         0.00%           Penn National Gaming Inc         DOW         728.10         57.41         41,800.34         4.88%         0.00%         175.00         0.00%           Everest Re Group Ltd         RE         39.44         275.26         10,8855.70         0.04%         2.40%         0.00%         175.00         0.01%           Reverst Re Group Ltd         RE         39.44         275.26										
Centene Corp         CNC         584.89         77.46         45,305.35         0.17%         10.00%         0.02%           Martin Marietta Materials Inc         MLM         62.28         318.45         19,384.34         0.08%         0.77%         0.00%         5.50%         0.00%           Teradyne Inc         TER         160.20         92.44         14,809.17         0.06%         0.48%         0.00%         8.50%         0.00%           PayPal Holdings Inc         PYPL         1,158.04         75.83         87,814.17         0.34%         0.00%         16.00%         0.05%           DISH Network Corp         DISH         291.56         18.18         5,300.56         0.02%         2.50%         0.00%           Penn National Gaming Inc         PENN         166.80         30.25         5,045.79         0.04         4.88%           Everest Re Group Ltd         RE         39.44         275.26         10,855.70         0.04         2.48%         28.00%         17.50%         0.01%           Everest Re Group Ltd         RE         39.44         275.26         10,855.70         0.04         2.48%         0.00%         17.50%         0.01%           Everest Re Group Ltd         RE         39.44						0.06%		0.00%	16.00%	0.01%
Martin Marieita Materials Inc   MLM   62.28   318.45   19.834.34   0.08%   0.77%   0.00%   5.50%   0.00%   1.500%   1.							1.27%			
Teradyne Inc										
PayPal Holdings Inc         PYPL         1,158.04         75.83         87,814.17         0.34%         16.00%         0.05%           Tesla Inc         TSLA         1,036.39         699.00         724,437.31         50.50%         0.00%           DISH Network Corp         DISH         291.56         18.18         5,300.56         0.02%         2.50%         0.00%           Penn National Gaming Inc         DOW         728.10         57.41         41.800.34         4.88%         225.00%         28.00%           Dow Inc         DOW         728.10         57.41         41.800.34         4.88%         4.88%           Everest Re Group Ltd         RE         39.44         275.26         10.855.70         0.04%         2.40%         0.00%         17.50%         0.01%           Teledyne Technologies Inc         TDY         46.84         372.67         17.456.98         0.07%         11.50%         0.01%           News Corp         NWSA         388.47         15.54         6,036.81         1.29%           Exelon Corp         EXC         980.14         42.26         41,420.59         3.19%           Global Payments Inc         GPN         281.54         112.85         31,771.79         0.12%										
Tesla Inc DISH Network Corp DISH 291.66 18.18 5,300.56 0.02% 2.50% 0.00% PENN 166.80 30.25 5,045.79 28.00% Dow Inc Dow Inc Dow Tesla 10,855.70 0.04% 2.40% 0.00% 17.50% 0.01% Everest Re Group Ltd Teledyne Technologies Inc TDY 46.84 372.67 10,855.70 0.04% 2.40% 0.00% 17.50% 0.01% News Corp Exclon Corp BXSA 388.47 15.54 6,036.81 1.29% Exelon Corp Global Payments Inc GPN 281.54 112.85 31,771.79 0.12% 0.89% 0.00% 17.00% 0.02% Crown Castle International Corp Aptiv PLC Advance Auto Parts Inc AAP 60.64 172.29 10,447.67 0.04% 3.48% 0.00% 16.00% 0.01% Align Technology Inc Illimina Inc Illimi							0.48%	0.00%		
DISH Network Corp   DISH   291.56   18.18   5,300.56   0.02%   2.50%   0.00%						0.34%				0.05%
Penn National Gaming Inc   Penn   166.80   30.25   5,045.79   28.00%   2.00%										
Dow Inc						0.02%				0.00%
Everest Re Group Ltd							/		28.00%	
Teledyne Technologies Inc   TDY   46.84   372.67   17,456.98   0.07%   11.50%   0.01%										
News Corp         NWSA         388.47         15.54         6,036.81         1,29%         EVEROR CORD         EXC         980.14         42.26         41,420.59         3,19%         COMEDIAN CORD         281.54         41,220.59         3,19%         0.00%         17.00%         0.02%           Crown Castle International Corp         CCI         433.03         160.25         69,393.38         0.27%         3,67%         0.01%         12.00%         0.03%           Aptiv PLC         APTV         270.93         95.46         25,863.07         0.04%         3.48%         0.00%         16.00%         0.01%           Alga Technology Inc         ALGN         78.81         243.78         19,211.33         0.07%         17.00%         17.00%         0.01%           LIKQ Corp         LKQ         282.83         48.75         13,788.11         0.05%         2.05%         0.00%         13.00%         0.01%           Nielsen Holdings PLC         NLSN         359.69         22.65         8,147.05         0.05%         0.05%         0.00%         11.00%         0.03%           Zoetis Inc         ZTS         470.63         128.93         36,702.76         3,78%         0.00%         11.00%         0.03%							2.40%	0.00%		
Exclon Corp         EXC         980.14         42.26         41,420.59         3.19%           Global Payments Inc         GPN         281.54         112.85         31,771.79         0.12%         0.89%         0.00%         12.00%         0.30%           Crown Castle International Corp         CCI         433.03         160.25         69,393.38         0.27%         3.67%         0.01%         12.00%         0.03%           Aptiv PLC         APTV         270.93         95.46         25,863.07         0.04%         3.48%         0.00%         16.00%         0.01%           Advance Auto Parts Inc         AAP         60.64         172.29         10,447.67         0.04%         3.48%         0.00%         16.00%         0.01%           Aligin Technology Inc         ILMN         157.10         193.63         30,419.27         0.12%         0.00%         17.00%         0.01%           ILKQ Corp         LKQ         282.83         48.75         13,788.11         0.05%         2.05%         0.00%         13.00%         0.01%           Nielsen Holdings PLC         NLSN         359.99         22.65         8,147.05         1.06%         1.06%         0.00%         11.00%         0.03%           Zoetis I						0.07%			11.50%	0.01%
Global Payments Inc   GPN   281.54   112.85   31,771.79   0.12%   0.89%   0.00%   17.00%   0.02%										
Crown Castle International Corp         CCI         433.03         160.25         69,393.38         0.27%         3.67%         0.01%         12.00%         0.03%           Aptiv PLC         APT         270.93         95.46         25,863.07         -         -         0.01%         12.00%         0.03%           Advance Auto Parts Inc         AAP         60.64         172.29         10,447.67         0.04%         3.48%         0.00%         16.00%         0.01%           Align Technology Inc         ALGN         78.81         243.78         19,211.33         0.07%         16.00%         0.01%         11.00%         0.01%           Illumia Inc         ILKN         157.10         193.63         30.419.27         0.12%         2.05%         0.00%         13.00%         0.01%           LKQ Corp         LKQ         282.83         48.75         13,788.11         0.05%         2.05%         0.00%         13.00%         0.01%           Nielsen Holdings PLC         NLSN         359.69         22.65         8,147.05         1.06%         1.00%         0.05%           Zoetis Inc         ZTS         470.63         158.07         74,392.33         0.28%         0.82%         0.00%         11.00% <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.400/</td><td></td><td>0.000/</td><td>47.000/</td><td>0.000/</td></th<>						0.400/		0.000/	47.000/	0.000/
Aptiv PLC         APTV         270.93         95.46         25,863.07         27.50%         27.50%           Advance Auto Parts Inc         AAP         60.64         172.29         10.447.67         0.04%         3.48%         0.00%         16.00%         0.01%           Aligin Technology Inc         ALGN         78.81         243.78         19,211.33         0.07%         17.00%         0.01%           Illumina Inc         ILMN         157.10         193.63         30,419.27         0.12%         0.00%         13.00%         0.01%           LKQ Corp         LKQ         282.83         48.75         13,788.11         0.05%         2.05%         0.00%         13.00%         0.01%           Nielsen Holdings PLC         NLSN         359.69         22.65         8,147.05         1.06% <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>										
Advance Auto Parts Inc         AAP         60.64         172.29         10,447.67         0.04%         3.48%         0.00%         16.00%         0.01%           Align Technology Inc         ILGN         78.81         243.78         19,211.33         0.07%         17.00%         0.01%           Illumina Inc         ILMN         157.10         193.63         30,419.27         0.12%         5.05%         0.01%           LKQ Corp         LKQ         282.83         48.75         13,788.11         0.05%         2.05%         0.00%         13.00%         0.01%           Nielsen Holdings PLC         NLSN         359.69         22.65         8,147.05         1.06%         0.05%         0.07%         1.00%         0.01%           Zoetis Inc         ZTS         470.63         158.07         74,392.33         0.28%         0.82%         0.00%         11.00%         0.37%           Digital Realty Trust Inc         EQIA         284.67         128.93         36,702.76         3.78%         0.00%         15.00%         0.03%           Equinix Inc         MOH         58.70         66.33         15,281.96         0.06%         1.93%         0.00%         15.00%         0.01%						0.27%	3.67%	0.01%		0.03%
Align Technology Inc         ALGN         78.81         243.78         19,211.33         0.07%         17.00%         0.01%           Illumina Inc         ILMN         157.10         193.63         30,419.27         0.12%         0.02%         0.00%         0.01%           LKQ Corp         LKQ         282.83         48.75         13,788.11         0.05%         2.05%         0.00%         13.00%         0.01%           Nielsen Holdings PLC         NLSN         359.69         22.65         8,147.05         1.06%         1.06%         1.00%         11.00%         0.03%           Zoetis Inc         ZTS         470.63         158.07         74,392.33         0.28%         0.82%         0.00%         11.00%         0.03%           Digital Realty Trust Inc         DLR         284.67         128.93         36,702.76         3.78%         -3.56%         -3.56%           Equinix Inc         EQIX         91.02         641.25         58,367.86         0.22%         1.93%         0.00%         15.00%         0.03%           Molina Healthcare Inc         MOH         58.70         260.34         15,281.96         0.06%         11.00%         0.01%						0.040/	0.400/	0.000/		0.040/
Illumina Inc							3.48%	0.00%		
LKQ Corp         LKQ         28.2 83         48.75         13.788.11         0.05%         2.05%         0.00%         13.00%         0.01%           Nielsen Holdings PLC         NLSN         359.69         22.65         8,147.05         1.06%         1.06%         1.06%         1.00%         1.00%         1.00%         0.03%         1.00%         1.00%         0.03%         1.00%         0.00%         11.00%         0.03%         0.00%         1.00%         0.03%         0.00%         1.00%         0.03%         0.00%         1.00%         0.00% <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>										
Nielsen Holdings PLC         NLSN         359.69         22.65         8,147.05         1.06%           Zoetis Inc         ZTS         470.63         158.07         74,392.33         0.28%         0.82%         0.00%         11.00%         0.03%           Digital Realty Trust Inc         DLR         284.67         128.93         36,702.76         3.78%         -3.50%         -3.50%           Equinix Inc         EQIX         91.02         641.25         58,367.86         0.22%         1.93%         0.00%         15.00%         0.03%           Molina Healthcare Inc         MOH         58.70         260.34         15,281.96         0.06%							0.050/	0.000/		
Zoetis Inc         ZTS         470.63         158.07         74,392.33         0.28%         0.82%         0.00%         11.00%         0.03%           Digital Realty Trust Inc         DLR         284.67         128.93         36,702.76         3.78%         -3.550%         -3.550%           Equinix Inc         EQIX         91.02         641.25         58,367.86         0.22%         1.93%         0.00%         15.00%         0.03%           Molina Healthcare Inc         MOH         58.70         260.34         15,281.96         0.06%						0.05%		0.00%	13.00%	0.01%
Digital Realty Trust Inc         DLR         284.67         128.93         36,702.76         3.78%         -3.50%           Equinix Inc         EQIX         91.02         611.25         58,367.86         0.22%         1.93%         0.00%         15.00%         0.03%           Molina Healthcare Inc         MOH         58.70         260.34         15,281.96         0.06%         11.00%         0.01%						0.000/		0.000/	44.000/	0.000/
Equinix Inc         EQIX         91.02         641.25         58,367.86         0.22%         1.93%         0.00%         15.00%         0.03%           Molina Healthcare Inc         MOH         58.70         260.34         15,281.96         0.06%         11.00%         0.01%						0.28%		0.00%		0.03%
Molina Healthcare Inc MOH 58.70 260.34 15,281.96 0.06% 11.00% 0.01%						0.000/		0.000/		0.000/
							1.93%	0.00%		
Las vegas satius corp LvS 704.11 32.04 24,940.52 0.10% 13.50% 0.01%										
	Las vegas sanos corp	LV5	704.11	32.04	24,940.52	0.10%			13.50%	0.01%

Notes:

[1] Equals sum of Col. [9]

[2] Equals sum of Col. [11]

[3] Equals ([1] x (1 + (0.5 x [2]))) + [2]

[4] Source: Bloomberg Professional as of June 15, 2022

[5] Source: Bloomberg Professional as of June 15, 2022

[6] Equals [4] x [5]

[7] Equals weight in S&P 500 based on market capitalization [6] if Growth Rate >0% and ≤20%

[8] Source: Bloomberg Professional, as of June 15, 2022

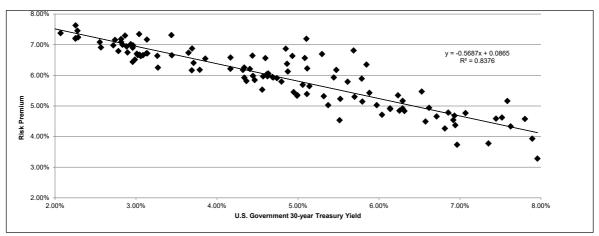
[9] Equals [7] x [8]

[10] Source: Value Line, as of June 15, 2022

[11] Equals [7] x [10]

-	[1]	[2]	[3]
	Average	II.S. Court 30	
	Authorized VI Electric ROE	U.S. Govt. 30- year Treasury	
1992.1	12.38%	7.80%	4.58%
1992.2	11.83%	7.89%	3.93%
1992.3 1992.4	12.03% 12.14%	7.45% 7.52%	4.59% 4.62%
1992.4	12.14%	7.07%	4.02%
1993.2	11.64%	6.86%	4.79%
1993.3	11.15%	6.31%	4.84%
1993.4	11.04%	6.14%	4.90%
1994.1 1994.2	11.07% 11.13%	6.57% 7.35%	4.49% 3.78%
1994.3	12.75%	7.58%	5.17%
1994.4	11.24%	7.96%	3.28%
1995.1	11.96%	7.63%	4.34%
1995.2	11.32%	6.94%	4.37% 4.66%
1995.3 1995.4	11.37% 11.58%	6.71% 6.23%	5.35%
1996.1	11.46%	6.29%	5.17%
1996.2	11.46%	6.92%	4.54%
1996.3	10.70%	6.96%	3.74%
1996.4 1997.1	11.56% 11.08%	6.62% 6.81%	4.94% 4.27%
1997.2	11.62%	6.93%	4.68%
1997.3	12.00%	6.53%	5.47%
1997.4	11.06%	6.14%	4.92%
1998.1	11.31%	5.88% 5.85%	5.43%
1998.2 1998.3	12.20% 11.65%	5.47%	6.35% 6.18%
1998.4	12.30%	5.10%	7.20%
1999.1	10.40%	5.37%	5.03%
1999.2	10.94%	5.79%	5.15%
1999.3 1999.4	10.75% 11.10%	6.04% 6.25%	4.71% 4.85%
2000.1	11.10%	6.29%	4.92%
2000.2	11.00%	5.97%	5.03%
2000.3	11.68%	5.79%	5.89%
2000.4	12.50%	5.69%	6.81%
2001.1 2001.2	11.38% 11.00%	5.44% 5.70%	5.93% 5.30%
2001.2	10.76%	5.52%	5.23%
2001.4	11.99%	5.30%	6.70%
2002.1	10.05%	5.51%	4.54%
2002.2	11.41%	5.61%	5.79%
2002.3 2002.4	11.65% 11.57%	5.08% 4.93%	6.57% 6.64%
2003.1	11.72%	4.85%	6.87%
2003.2	11.16%	4.60%	6.56%
2003.3	10.50%	5.11%	5.39%
2003.4 2004.1	11.34% 11.00%	5.11% 4.88%	6.23% 6.12%
2004.1	10.64%	5.32%	5.32%
2004.3	10.75%	5.06%	5.69%
2004.4	11.24%	4.86%	6.38%
2005.1 2005.2	10.63% 10.31%	4.69% 4.47%	5.93% 5.85%
2005.2	11.08%	4.44%	6.65%
2005.4	10.63%	4.68%	5.95%
2006.1	10.70%	4.63%	6.06%
2006.2	10.79%	5.14%	5.65%
2006.3 2006.4	10.35% 10.65%	4.99% 4.74%	5.35% 5.91%
2007.1	10.59%	4.80%	5.80%
2007.2	10.33%	4.99%	5.34%
2007.3	10.40%	4.95%	5.45%
2007.4 2008.1	10.65% 10.62%	4.61% 4.41%	6.04% 6.21%
2008.2	10.54%	4.57%	5.97%
2008.3	10.43%	4.44%	5.98%
2008.4	10.39%	3.65%	6.74%
2009.1	10.75% 10.75%	3.44% 4.17%	7.31% 6.58%
2009.2 2009.3	10.75%	4.17%	6.18%
2009.4	10.59%	4.34%	6.26%
2010.1	10.59%	4.62%	5.97%
2010.2	10.18%	4.36%	5.82%
2010.3 2010.4	10.40% 10.38%	3.86% 4.17%	6.55% 6.21%
2010.4	10.36%	4.17%	5.53%
2011.2	10.26%	4.34%	5.92%
2011.3	10.57%	3.69%	6.88%
2011.4 2012.1	10.39% 10.30%	3.04% 3.14%	7.35% 7.17%
2012.1	10.5070	J. 14 /0	7.17/0

	[1]	[2]	[3]
	Averag		
	Authorize		
	Electric R	- /	
2012.			7.02%
2012.			7.16%
2012.4			7.30%
2013.			6.72%
2013.			6.72%
2013.			6.41%
2013.4			6.18%
2014.			
2014.			6.66%
2014.			6.64%
2014.			6.98%
2015. 2015.			7.08% 6.94%
2015.			6.44%
2015.			6.90%
2015.			6.98%
2016.			6.91%
2016.			7.46%
2016.			7.00%
2010.			6.67%
2017.			6.75%
2017.			7.18%
2017.			7.09%
2018.			6.66%
2018.			6.66%
2018.			6.63%
2018.			6.25%
2019.			6.71%
2019.			6.79%
2019.	3 9.53%	2.29%	7.24%
2019.	4 9.89%	2.25%	7.63%
2020.	1 9.72%	1.89%	7.83%
2020.	2 9.58%	1.38%	8.20%
2020.	3 9.30%	1.37%	7.93%
2020.4	4 9.56%	1.62%	7.94%
2021.	1 9.45%	2.07%	7.38%
2021.	2 9.47%	2.25%	7.21%
2021.	3 9.27%	1.93%	7.34%
2021.			7.73%
2022.			7.20%
2022.			
AVERA			
MEDIA	N 10.599	4.62%	6.18%



#### SUMMARY OUTPUT

Regression St	atistics
Multiple R	0.915183713
R Square	0.837561229
Adjusted R Square	0.836207572
Standard Error	0.004189718
Observations	122

#### ANOVA

	df	SS	MS	F	Significance F
Regression	1	0.010861196	0.010861196	618.7398897	3.47241E-49
Residual	120	0.002106448	1.75537E-05		
Total	121	0.012967644			

	Coefficients	Standard Error	t Stat	P-value	Lower 95%	Upper 95%	Lower 95.0%
Intercept	0.086535683	0.001111113	77.8819689	1.3602E-104	0.084335756	0.08873561	0.084335756
X Variable 1	-0.568691952	0.022862463	-24.8744827	3.47241E-49	-0.613958038	-0.5234259	-0.61395804

	U.S. Govt.		
	30-year Treasury	Risk Premium	ROE
Current 30-day average of 30-year U.S. Treasury bond yield [4]	3.12%	6.88%	10.00%
Blue Chip Near-Term Projected Forecast (Q3 2022 - Q3 2023) [5]	3.48%	6.67%	10.15%
Blue Chip Long-Term Projected Forecast (2023-2027) [6]	3.80%	6.49%	10.29%
AVERAGE			10.15%

- Notes:

  [1] Source: Regulatory Research Associates, rate cases through June 15, 2022
  [2] Source: Bloomberg Professional, quarterly bond yields are the average of each trading day in the quarter
  [3] Equals Column [1] Column [2]
  [4] Source: Bloomberg Professional, 30-day average as of June 15, 2022
  [5] Source: Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 41, No. 6, June 1, 2022 at 2
  [6] Source: Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 41, No. 6, June 1, 2022 at 14
  [7] See notes [4], [5] & [6]

  #REF!
  [9] Faulals Column [7] + Column [7]

- [9] Equals Column [7] + Column [8]

## CAPITAL STRUCTURE ANALYSIS

		Most Recent 8 Quarters						
	-	Common	Long-Term	Preferred				
		Equity	Debt	Equity	Total			
Proxy Group Company	Ticker	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Capitalization			
ALLETE, Inc.	ALE	56.55%	43.45%	0.00%	100.00%			
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	51.72%	47.06%	1.22%	100.00%			
Ameren Corporation	AEE	53.09%	46.23%	0.69%	100.00%			
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	48.19%	51.81%	0.00%	100.00%			
Avista Corporation	AVA	50.52%	49.48%	0.00%	100.00%			
CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	51.82%	47.97%	0.22%	100.00%			
Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	52.95%	47.05%	0.00%	100.00%			
Entergy Corporation	ETR	46.15%	53.74%	0.11%	100.00%			
IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	53.76%	45.97%	0.28%	100.00%			
MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	61.36%	38.64%	0.00%	100.00%			
NextEra Energy, Inc.	NEE	61.33%	38.67%	0.00%	100.00%			
NorthWestern Corporation	NWE	47.54%	52.46%	0.00%	100.00%			
Otter Tail Corporation	OTTR	53.98%	46.02%	0.00%	100.00%			
Portland General Electric Company	POR	46.60%	53.40%	0.00%	100.00%			
The Southern Company	SO	54.42%	45.02%	0.56%	100.00%			
Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	53.99%	46.01%	0.00%	100.00%			
	Average	52.75%	47.06%	0.19%				
	Median	53.02%	46.64%	0.00%				
	Maximum	61.36%	53.74%	1.22%				
	Minimum	46.15%	38.64%	0.00%				

## Notes:

<sup>[1]</sup> Ratios are weighted by actual common capital, preferred capital, and long-term debt of the operating subsidiaries.

<sup>[2]</sup> Electric operating subsidiaries with data listed as N/A from S&P Capital IQ Pro have been excluded from the analysis.

# Dr. Won's Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) Costs of Common Equity (COE) Estimates - AS FILED Based on Dividend per Share, Earning per Share, Stock Price, and Growth Rate for the Comparable Electric Utility Companies

2022 Q1 DCF COE estimate		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
		Dividend		Dividend	Expected Dividend	Projected Weighted	Projected GDP	Growth	
Electric Utility Companies	Ticker	per Share	Stock Price	Yield	Yield	Growth	Growth	Rate	COE
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	1.71	59.03	2.90%	2.96%	4.83%	3.90%	4.65%	7.61%
2 Ameren Corporation	AEE	2.36	87.25	2.70%	2.79%	6.67%	3.90%	6.11%	8.90%
3 American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.17	90.69	3.50%	3.60%	6.17%	3.90%	5.71%	9.31%
4 Avista Corporation	AVA	1.76	43.96	4.00%	4.07%	3.33%	3.90%	3.45%	7.52%
5 CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	1.84	64.56	2.85%	2.93%	6.33%	3.90%	5.85%	8.78%
6 Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.98	103.01	3.86%	3.94%	3.83%	3.90%	3.85%	7.78%
7 Entergy Corporation	ETR	4.09	108.85	3.76%	3.84%	4.33%	3.90%	4.25%	8.08%
8 IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.05	108.09	2.82%	2.89%	4.83%	3.90%	4.65%	7.53%
9 MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	1.59	75.61	2.10%	2.15%	4.67%	3.90%	4.51%	6.66%
10 Northwestern Corporation	NWE	2.52	58.55	4.30%	4.37%	2.67%	3.90%	2.91%	7.28%
11 OGE Energy Corp.	OGE	1.66	37.72	4.40%	4.50%	4.67%	3.90%	4.51%	9.01%
12 Pinnacle West Capital Corporation	PNW	3.44	71.01	4.84%	4.91%	2.50%	3.90%	2.78%	7.69%
13 Portland General Electric Company	POR	1.80	51.94	3.47%	3.56%	5.67%	3.90%	5.31%	8.87%
14 The Southern Company	SO	2.70	67.08	4.03%	4.11%	4.00%	3.90%	3.98%	8.09%
15 Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	1.95	68.11	2.86%	2.94%	6.00%	3.90%	5.58%	8.52%
Average		2.51	73.03	3.49%	3.57%	4.70%	3.90%	4.54%	8.11%
							DCF L	ower Bound	7.40%
							DCF U	pper Bound _	8.96%
								Average	8.18%

2019 Q4 DCF COE estimate		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
•					Expected	Projected	Projected		
		Dividend		Dividend	Dividend	Weighted	GDP	Growth	
Electric Utility Companies	Ticker	per Share	Stock Price	Yield	Yield	Growth	Growth	Rate	COE
1 Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	1.42	53.04	2.68%	2.76%	6.50%	3.90%	5.98%	8.74%
2 Ameren Corporation	AEE	1.92	76.19	2.52%	2.59%	5.50%	3.90%	5.18%	7.77%
3 American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	2.71	92.78	2.92%	2.99%	4.67%	3.90%	4.51%	7.50%
4 Avista Corporation	AVA	1.55	47.68	3.25%	3.31%	3.50%	3.90%	3.58%	6.89%
5 CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	1.53	62.42	2.45%	2.53%	7.00%	3.90%	6.38%	8.91%
6 Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.75	91.71	4.09%	4.16%	3.67%	3.90%	3.71%	7.88%
7 Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.66	117.95	3.10%	3.16%	3.33%	3.90%	3.45%	6.60%
8 IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	2.56	107.11	2.39%	2.45%	4.83%	3.90%	4.65%	7.09%
9 MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	1.38	77.30	1.79%	1.83%	5.33%	3.90%	5.05%	6.88%
10 Northwestern Corporation	NWE	2.30	71.82	3.20%	3.26%	3.33%	3.90%	3.45%	6.70%
11 OGE Energy Corp.	OGE	1.51	43.26	3.49%	3.58%	5.67%	3.90%	5.31%	8.90%
12 Pinnacle West Capital Corporation	PNW	3.04	90.55	3.36%	3.43%	4.50%	3.90%	4.38%	7.81%
13 Portland General Electric Company	POR	1.52	56.09	2.71%	2.77%	4.67%	3.90%	4.51%	7.28%
14 The Southern Company	so	2.46	61.89	3.97%	4.04%	3.33%	3.90%	3.45%	7.49%
15 Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	1.62	62.69	2.58%	2.65%	5.67%	3.90%	5.31%	7.97%
Average		2.20	74.17	2.97%	3.03%	4.77%	3.90%	4.59%	7.63%
			•			•	DCF L	ower Bound	6.79%
							DCF U	pper Bound _	8.82%
								Average	7.80%

Comparison DCF Estimates
2019 Q4 DCF COE estimate
2022 Q1 DCF COE estimate
Difference of Averages between Q4 2019 and Q1 2022 7.80% 8.18% 0.37%

Note: [1] - [8] SJW-d13

# Dr. Won's Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) Costs of Common Equity (COE) Estimates - ADJUSTED FOR PROJECTED EPS GROWTH AS FILED Based on Dividend per Share, Earning per Share, Stock Price, and Growth Rate for the Comparable Electric Utility Companies

2022 Q1 DCF COE estimate	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
				Expected		Projected		
	Dividend		Dividend	Dividend	Projected	GDP	Growth	
Electric Utility Companies	icker per Share	Stock Price	Yield	Yield	EPS Growth	Growth	Rate	COE
1 Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT 1.71	59.03	2.90%	2.96%	4.50%	3.90%	4.38%	7.34%
2 Ameren Corporation	AEE 2.36	87.25	2.70%	2.79%	6.50%	3.90%	5.98%	8.77%
3 American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP 3.17	90.69	3.50%	3.60%	6.50%	3.90%	5.98%	9.58%
4 Avista Corporation	AVA 1.76	43.96	4.00%	4.07%	3.00%	3.90%	3.18%	7.25%
5 CMS Energy Corporation	CMS 1.84	64.56	2.85%	2.94%	6.50%	3.90%	5.98%	8.92%
6 Duke Energy Corporation	DUK 3.98	103.01	3.86%	3.99%	7.00%	3.90%	6.38%	10.37%
7 Entergy Corporation	ETR 4.09	108.85	3.76%	3.82%	3.00%	3.90%	3.18%	7.00%
8 IDACORP, Inc.	IDA 3.05	108.09	2.82%	2.88%	4.00%	3.90%	3.98%	6.86%
9 MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE 1.59	75.61	2.10%	2.15%	4.50%	3.90%	4.38%	6.53%
10 Northwestern Corporation	I W E 2.52	58.55	4.30%	4.37%	3.00%	3.90%	3.18%	7.55%
11 OGE Energy Corp.	OGE 1.66	37.72	4.40%	4.53%	6.50%	3.90%	5.98%	10.51%
12 Pinnacle West Capital Corporation	PNW 3.44	71.01	4.84%	4.89%	1.50%	3.90%	1.98%	6.87%
13 Portland General Electric Company	POR 1.80	51.94	3.47%	3.58%	7.50%	3.90%	6.78%	10.36%
14 The Southern Company	SO 2.70	67.08	4.03%	4.13%	5.50%	3.90%	5.18%	9.31%
15 Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL 1.95	68.11	2.86%	2.94%	6.00%	3.90%	5.58%	8.52%
Average	2.51	73.03	3.49%	3.58%	5.03%	3.90%	4.81%	8.38%
						DCF Lo	ower Bound	6.87%
						DCF U	pper Bound _	10.37%

	2019 Q4 DCF COE estimate		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
						Expected		Projected		
			Dividend		Dividend	Dividend	Projected	GDP	Growth	
	Electric Utility Companies	Ticker	per Share	Stock Price	Yield	Yield	EPS Growth	Growth	Rate	COE
1	Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	1.42	53.04	2.68%	2.76%	6.50%	3.90%	5.98%	8.74%
2	Ameren Corporation	AEE	1.92	76.19	2.52%	2.60%	6.50%	3.90%	5.98%	8.58%
3	American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	2.71	92.78	2.92%	2.98%	4.00%	3.90%	3.98%	6.96%
4	Avista Corporation	AVA	1.55	47.68	3.25%	3.31%	3.50%	3.90%	3.58%	6.89%
5	CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	1.53	62.42	2.45%	2.53%	7.00%	3.90%	6.38%	8.91%
6	Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.75	91.71	4.09%	4.20%	6.00%	3.90%	5.58%	9.78%
7	Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.66	117.95	3.10%	3.14%	2.00%	3.90%	2.38%	5.52%
8	IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	2.56	107.11	2.39%	2.43%	3.50%	3.90%	3.58%	6.01%
9	MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	1.38	77.30	1.79%	1.83%	6.00%	3.90%	5.58%	7.41%
10	Northwestern Corporation	NWE	2.30	71.82	3.20%	3.24%	2.00%	3.90%	2.38%	5.62%
11	OGE Energy Corp.	OGE	1.51	43.26	3.49%	3.59%	6.50%	3.90%	5.98%	9.57%
12	Pinnacle West Capital Corporation	PNW	3.04	90.55	3.36%	3.42%	4.00%	3.90%	3.98%	7.40%
13	Portland General Electric Company	POR	1.52	56.09	2.71%	2.77%	4.50%	3.90%	4.38%	7.15%
14	The Southern Company	SO	2.46	61.89	3.97%	4.05%	3.50%	3.90%	3.58%	7.63%
15	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	1.62	62.69	2.58%	2.65%	5.50%	3.90%	5.18%	7.83%
	Average		2.20	74.17	2.97%	3.03%	4.73%	3.90%	4.57%	7.60%
				•	•	•	•	DCF Lo	ower Bound	5.82%
								DCF U	pper Bound _	9.24%
									Average	7.53%

Comparison DCF Estimates 2019 Q4 DCF COE estimate 2022 Q1 DCF COE estimate 7.53% 8.62% 1.09% Difference of Averages between Q4 2019 and Q1 2022

Note:
[1] - [4] SJW-d13
[5] SJW-d11
[6] - [8] SJW-d13

# Dr. Won's Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) Costs of Common Equity (COE) Estimates - ADJUSTED TO INCLUDE GDP GROWTH Based on Dividend per Share, Earning per Share, Stock Price, and Growth Rate for the Comparable Electric Utility Companies

2022 Q1 DCF COE estimate		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
Electric Utility Companies	Ticker	Dividend per Share	Stock Price	Dividend Yield	Expected Dividend Yield	Projected Weighted Growth	Projected GDP Growth	Growth Rate	COE
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	1.71	59.03	2.90%	2.97%	4.83%	6.22%	5.11%	8.08%
	AEE	2.36	87.25	2.70%	2.79%	6.67%	6.22%	6.58%	9.37%
2 Ameren Corporation									
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.17	90.69	3.50%	3.60%	6.17%	6.22%	6.18%	9.78%
4 Avista Corporation	AVA	1.76	43.96	4.00%	4.08%	3.33%	6.22%	3.91%	7.99%
5 CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	1.84	64.56	2.85%	2.94%	6.33%	6.22%	6.31%	9.25%
6 Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.98	103.01	3.86%	3.95%	3.83%	6.22%	4.31%	8.26%
7 Entergy Corporation	ETR	4.09	108.85	3.76%	3.85%	4.33%	6.22%	4.71%	8.56%
8 IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.05	108.09	2.82%	2.89%	4.83%	6.22%	5.11%	8.00%
9 MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	1.59	75.61	2.10%	2.16%	4.67%	6.22%	4.98%	7.13%
10 Northwestern Corporation	NWE	2.52	58.55	4.30%	4.38%	2.67%	6.22%	3.38%	7.75%
11 OGE Energy Corp.	OGE	1.66	37.72	4.40%	4.51%	4.67%	6.22%	4.98%	9.49%
12 Pinnacle West Capital Corporation	PNW	3.44	71.01	4.84%	4.92%	2.50%	6.22%	3.24%	8.17%
13 Portland General Electric Company	POR	1.80	51.94	3.47%	3.57%	5.67%	6.22%	5.78%	9.34%
14 The Southern Company	so	2.70	67.08	4.03%	4.11%	4.00%	6.22%	4.44%	8.56%
15 Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	1.95	68.11	2.86%	2.95%	6.00%	6.22%	6.04%	8.99%
Average		2.51	73.03	3.49%	3.58%	4.70%	6.22%	5.00%	8.58%
							DCF L	ower Bound	7.87%
							DCF U	pper Bound	9.43%
								Average	8.65%

2019 Q4 DCF COE estimate (Adjusted GDP)	Growth)	[9]	[10]	[11]	[12]	[13]	[14]	[15]	[16]	[17]	[18]	[19]
							Projected	Projected				
					Expected	Projected	GDP	GDP				
		Dividend		Dividend	Dividend	Weighted	Growth	Growth	Growth	Growth		COE
Electric Utility Companies	Ticker	per Share	Stock Price	Yield	Yield	Growth	(Low)	(High)	Rate (Low)	Rate (High)	COE (Low)	(High)
1 Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	1.42	53.04	2.68%	2.73%	6.50%	4.10%	4.40%	6.02%	6.08%	8.75%	8.81%
2 Ameren Corporation	AEE	1.92	76.19	2.52%	2.57%	5.50%	4.10%	4.40%	5.22%	5.28%	7.79%	7.85%
3 American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	2.71	92.78	2.92%	2.98%	4.67%	4.10%	4.40%	4.55%	4.61%	7.54%	7.60%
4 Avista Corporation	AVA	1.55	47.68	3.25%	3.32%	3.50%	4.10%	4.40%	3.62%	3.68%	6.94%	7.00%
5 CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	1.53	62.42	2.45%	2.50%	7.00%	4.10%	4.40%	6.42%	6.48%	8.92%	8.98%
6 Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.75	91.71	4.09%	4.18%	3.67%	4.10%	4.40%	3.75%	3.81%	7.93%	7.99%
7 Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.66	117.95	3.10%	3.17%	3.33%	4.10%	4.40%	3.49%	3.55%	6.66%	6.72%
8 IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	2.56	107.11	2.39%	2.44%	4.83%	4.10%	4.40%	4.69%	4.75%	7.13%	7.19%
9 MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	1.38	77.30	1.79%	1.82%	5.33%	4.10%	4.40%	5.09%	5.15%	6.91%	6.97%
10 Northwestern Corporation	NWE	2.30	71.82	3.20%	3.27%	3.33%	4.10%	4.40%	3.49%	3.55%	6.76%	6.82%
11 OGE Energy Corp.	OGE	1.51	43.26	3.49%	3.56%	5.67%	4.10%	4.40%	5.35%	5.41%	8.92%	8.98%
12 Pinnacle West Capital Corporation	PNW	3.04	90.55	3.36%	3.43%	4.50%	4.10%	4.40%	4.42%	4.48%	7.85%	7.91%
13 Portland General Electric Company	POR	1.52	56.09	2.71%	2.77%	4.67%	4.10%	4.40%	4.55%	4.61%	7.32%	7.38%
14 The Southern Company	so	2.46	61.89	3.97%	4.06%	3.33%	4.10%	4.40%	3.49%	3.55%	7.55%	7.61%
15 Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	1.62	62.69	2.58%	2.64%	5.67%	4.10%	4.40%	5.35%	5.41%	7.99%	8.05%
Average		2.20	74.17	2.97%	3.03%	4.77%	4.10%	4.40%	4.63%	4.69%	7.66%	7.72%
								DCF I	ower Bound		6.83%	6.89%
								DCF (	Jpper Bound		8.84%	8.90%
									Average		7 83%	7 80%

Comparison DCF Estimates		
2019 Q4 DCF COE estimate	7.83%	7.89%
2022 Q1 DCF COE estimate	8.65%	8.65%
Difference of Averages between Q4 2019 and Q1 2022	0.82%	0.76%

Note:	
[1] - [3]	SJW-d13
[4]	$= [3] \times (1 + .5 \times [7])$
[5]	SJW-d13
[6]	AEB-R10
[7]	= (4 x [5] + [6]) / 5
[8]	= [4] + [7]
[9] - [11]	SJW-d13
[12]	= [11] x (1 + .5 x (AVERAGE ([14]:[15])))
[13]	SJW-d13
[14] - [15]	Empire District Case No. ER-2019-0374. Chari Rebuttal at 7 and Staff Direct Report at 16.
[16]	= (4 x [13] + [14]) / 5
[17]	= (4 x [13] + [15]) / 5
[18]	= [12] + [16]
[19]	= [12] + [17]

# Dr. Won's Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) Costs of Common Equity (COE) Estimates - ADJUSTED TO INCLUDE BULKLEY GDP GROWTH Based on Dividend per Share, Earning per Share, Stock Price, and Growth Rate

for	the	Comparable	eЕ	lectric	Utility	Companies
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2022 Q1 DCF COE estimate		[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]
					Expected	Projected	Projected		
		Dividend		Dividend	Dividend	Weighted	GDP	Growth	
Electric Utility Companies	Ticker	per Share	Stock Price	Yield	Yield	Growth	Growth	Rate	COE
Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	1.71	59.03	2.90%	2.97%	4.83%	6.22%	5.11%	8.08%
2 Ameren Corporation	AEE	2.36	87.25	2.70%	2.79%	6.67%	6.22%	6.58%	9.37%
3 American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.17	90.69	3.50%	3.60%	6.17%	6.22%	6.18%	9.78%
4 Avista Corporation	AVA	1.76	43.96	4.00%	4.08%	3.33%	6.22%	3.91%	7.99%
5 CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	1.84	64.56	2.85%	2.94%	6.33%	6.22%	6.31%	9.25%
6 Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.98	103.01	3.86%	3.95%	3.83%	6.22%	4.31%	8.26%
7 Entergy Corporation	ETR	4.09	108.85	3.76%	3.85%	4.33%	6.22%	4.71%	8.56%
8 IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.05	108.09	2.82%	2.89%	4.83%	6.22%	5.11%	8.00%
9 MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	1.59	75.61	2.10%	2.16%	4.67%	6.22%	4.98%	7.13%
10 Northwestern Corporation	NWE	2.52	58.55	4.30%	4.38%	2.67%	6.22%	3.38%	7.75%
11 OGE Energy Corp.	OGE	1.66	37.72	4.40%	4.51%	4.67%	6.22%	4.98%	9.49%
12 Pinnacle West Capital Corporation	PNW	3.44	71.01	4.84%	4.92%	2.50%	6.22%	3.24%	8.17%
13 Portland General Electric Company	POR	1.80	51.94	3.47%	3.57%	5.67%	6.22%	5.78%	9.34%
14 The Southern Company	SO	2.70	67.08	4.03%	4.11%	4.00%	6.22%	4.44%	8.56%
15 Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	1.95	68.11	2.86%	2.95%	6.00%	6.22%	6.04%	8.99%
Average		2.51	73.03	3.49%	3.58%	4.70%	6.22%	5.00%	8.58%
	•	•	•	•	•	•	DCF L	ower Bound	7.87%
							DCF U	pper Bound _	9.43%
								Average	8.65%

	2019 Q4 DCF COE estimate (Adjusted GDP Growth)		[9]	[10]	[11]	[12]	[13]	[14]	[15]	[16]
						Expected	Projected	Projected		
			Dividend		Dividend	Dividend	Weighted	GDP	Growth	
	Electric Utility Companies	Ticker	per Share	Stock Price	Yield	Yield	Growth	Growth	Rate	COE
1	Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	1.42	53.04	2.68%	2.75%	6.50%	5.53%	6.31%	9.06%
2	2 Ameren Corporation	AEE	1.92	76.19	2.52%	2.59%	5.50%	5.53%	5.51%	8.10%
3	American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	2.71	92.78	2.92%	3.00%	4.67%	5.53%	4.84%	7.84%
4	Avista Corporation	AVA	1.55	47.68	3.25%	3.34%	3.50%	5.53%	3.91%	7.25%
5	5 CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	1.53	62.42	2.45%	2.52%	7.00%	5.53%	6.71%	9.23%
6	Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.75	91.71	4.09%	4.20%	3.67%	5.53%	4.04%	8.24%
7	7 Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.66	117.95	3.10%	3.19%	3.33%	5.53%	3.77%	6.96%
8	B IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	2.56	107.11	2.39%	2.46%	4.83%	5.53%	4.97%	7.43%
9	MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	1.38	77.30	1.79%	1.83%	5.33%	5.53%	5.37%	7.21%
10	Northwestern Corporation	NWE	2.30	71.82	3.20%	3.29%	3.33%	5.53%	3.77%	7.06%
11	I OGE Energy Corp.	OGE	1.51	43.26	3.49%	3.59%	5.67%	5.53%	5.64%	9.23%
12	Pinnacle West Capital Corporation	PNW	3.04	90.55	3.36%	3.45%	4.50%	5.53%	4.71%	8.16%
13	Portland General Electric Company	POR	1.52	56.09	2.71%	2.78%	4.67%	5.53%	4.84%	7.62%
14	The Southern Company	SO	2.46	61.89	3.97%	4.08%	3.33%	5.53%	3.77%	7.86%
15	Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	1.62	62.69	2.58%	2.66%	5.67%	5.53%	5.64%	8.29%
	Average		2.20	74.17	2.97%	3.05%	4.77%	5.53%	4.92%	7.97%
				•		•	•	DCF Lo	ower Bound	7.14%
								DCF U	pper Bound	9.14%
									_	

Comparison DCF Estimates
2019 Q4 DCF COE estimate
2022 Q1 DCF COE estimate
2022 Q1 DCF COE estimate
Difference of Averages between Q4 2019 and Q1 2022 8.14%

Average

Note:

[1]-[3] SJW-d13
[4] = [3] x (1 + .5 x [7])
[5] SJW-d13
[6] AEB-R10
[7] = (4 x [5] + [6]) / 5
[8] = [4] + [7]
[9]-[11] SJW-d13
[12] = [11] x (1 + .5 x (AVERAGE ([14]:[15])))
[13] SJW-d13
[14] AEB-R10
[15] = (4 x [13] + [14]) / 5
[16] = [12] + [15]

# Dr. Won's Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) Costs of Common Equity (COE) Estimates - ADJUSTED FOR FERC METHODOLOGY Based on Dividend per Share, Earning per Share, Stock Price, and Growth Rate for the Comparable Electric Utility Companies

2022 Q1 DCF COE estimate (Adjusted Projecte	ed Weighted G	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]
Electric Utility Companies	Ticker	Dividend	Stock Price	Dividend Yield	Expected Dividend Yield	First Call Growth Rates	Projected GDP Growth	Growth Rate	COE	Outlier
1 Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	1.71	59.03	2.90%	2.99%	6.10%	6.22%	6.12%	9.11%	Outilei
2 Ameren Corporation	AEE	2.36	87.25	2.70%	2.80%	7.40%	6.22%	7.16%	9.97%	
American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	3.17	90.69	3.50%	3.60%	6.10%	6.22%	6.12%	9.73%	
4 Avista Corporation	AVA	1.76	43.96	4.00%	4.13%	6.60%	6.22%	6.52%	10.66%	
5 CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	1.84	64.56	2.85%	2.95%	7.40%	6.22%	7.16%	10.12%	
6 Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.98	103.01	3.86%	3.98%	5.85%	6.22%	5.92%	9.90%	
7 Entergy Corporation	ETR	4.09	108.85	3.76%	3.87%	5.90%	6.22%	5.96%	9.83%	
8 IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	3.05	108.09	2.82%	2.89%	4.40%	6.22%	4.76%	7.65%	
9 MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	1.59	75.61	2.10%	2.17%	6.50%	6.22%	6.44%	8.61%	
10 Northwestern Corporation	NWE	2.52	58.55	4.30%	4.41%	4.50%	6.22%	4.84%	9.25%	
11 OGE Energy Corp.	OGE	1.66	37.72	4.40%	4.46%	1.90%	6.22%	2.76%	7.23%	x
12 Pinnacle West Capital Corporation	PNW	3.44	71.01	4.84%	4.88%	0.10%	6.22%	1.32%	6.20%	x
13 Portland General Electric Company	POR	1.80	51.94	3.47%	3.55%	4.60%	6.22%	4.92%	8.47%	
14 The Southern Company	SO	2.70	67.08	4.03%	4.15%	6.47%	6.22%	6.42%	10.57%	
15 Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	1.95	68.11	2.86%	2.96%	6.90%	6.22%	6.76%	9.72%	
Average		2.51	73.03	3.49%	3.59%	5.38%	6.22%	5.55%	9.13%	
Upper Threshold [10]						19.45%				
Zone of Reasonableness Low						7.65%				
Lower Equal Third						8.65%				
Median						9.73%				
Upper Equal Third						9.66%				
Zone of Reasonableness High						10.66%				
Number of Companies in Proxy Group & Not Outlier						13				
Low-end Outlier Test - Value Line EPS Growth Rates										
Moody's Public Utility Baa Bond Yield	5.10%									
20% of CAPM MRP (Value Line)	2.20%									
Low End Threshold	7.30%									
High-end Outlier Test										
200% of Median	19.45%									
Notes:										
[1] - [3] SJW-d13 [4] = [3] x (1 + .5 x [7]) [5] Source: Yahool Finance as of March 31, 2022 [6] AEB-R10 [7] = (4 x [5] + [6]) / 5 [8] = [4] + [7] [9] = Outlier if [8] < 6-Mo. Average of Baa Utility Ind [10] = Median of [8] * 2	ex + 20% * Marl	ket Risk Prer	nium [5.10%]	or [8] > [10]						

# Dr. Won's Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) Costs of Common Equity (COE) Estimates - ADJUSTED FOR FERC METHODOLOGY Based on Dividend per Share, Earning per Share, Stock Price, and Growth Rate for the Comparable Electric Utility Companies

2019 Q4 DCF COE estimate (Adjusted Pro	jected Weighted G	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]	[5]	[6]	[7]	[8]	[9]
		Dividend		Dividend	Expected Dividend	First Call Growth	Projected GDP	Growth		
Electric Utility Companies	Ticker	per Share	Stock Price	Yield	Yield	Rates	Growth	Rate	COE	Outlier
1 Alliant Energy Corporation	LNT	1.42	53.04	2.68%	2.75%	5.00%	5.53%	5.11%	7.85%	
2 Ameren Corporation	AEE	1.92	76.19	2.52%	2.58%	4.70%	5.53%	4.87%	7.45%	
3 American Electric Power Company, Inc.	AEP	2.71	92.78	2.92%	3.01%	5.90%	5.53%	5.83%	8.83%	
4 Avista Corporation	AVA	1.55	47.68	3.25%	3.31%	3.50%	5.53%	3.91%	7.22%	
5 CMS Energy Corporation	CMS	1.53	62.42	2.45%	2.54%	7.50%	5.53%	7.11%	9.64%	
6 Duke Energy Corporation	DUK	3.75	91.71	4.09%	4.19%	4.65%	5.53%	4.83%	9.01%	
7 Entergy Corporation	ETR	3.66	117.95	3.10%	3.10%	Negative	5.53%			x
8 IDACORP, Inc.	IDA	2.56	107.11	2.39%	2.43%	2.50%	5.53%	3.11%	5.53%	x
9 MGE Energy, Inc.	MGEE	1.38	77.30	1.79%	1.82%	4.00%	5.53%	4.31%	6.13%	
10 Northwestern Corporation	NWE	2.30	71.82	3.20%	3.26%	3.20%	5.53%	3.67%	6.93%	
11 OGE Energy Corp.	OGE	1.51	43.26	3.49%	3.56%	3.50%	5.53%	3.91%	7.46%	
12 Pinnacle West Capital Corporation	PNW	3.04	90.55	3.36%	3.44%	4.41%	5.53%	4.63%	8.07%	
13 Portland General Electric Company	POR	1.52	56.09	2.71%	2.77%	4.10%	5.53%	4.39%	7.16%	
14 The Southern Company	SO	2.46	61.89	3.97%	4.02%	1.56%	5.53%	2.35%	6.38%	
15 Xcel Energy Inc.	XEL	1.62	62.69	2.58%	2.65%	5.20%	5.53%	5.27%	7.92%	
Average		2.20	74.17	2.97%	3.03%	4.27%	5.53%	4.52%	7.54%	
Threshold [10]						1/ 01%				

Average	2.20	74.17	2.9170	3.0370	4.21
Upper Threshold [10]					14.91%
Zone of Reasonableness Low					6.13%
Lower Equal Third					7.30%
Median					7.46%
Upper Equal Third					8.47%
Zone of Reasonableness High					9.64%
Number of Companies in Proxy Group & Not Outlier					13

Low-end Outlier Test - Value Line EPS Growth Rates Moody's Public Utility Baa Bond Yield 20% of CAPM MRP (Value Line) Low End Threshold 3.74% 2.08% 5.82%

High-end Outlier Test 200% of Median 14.91%

Notes:
[1] - [3]
[4]
[5]
[6]
[7]
[8]
[9]
[10]

SJW-d13
= [3] x (1 + .5 x [7])
Source: Yahool Finance as of November 30, 2019
AEB-R10
= (4 x [5] + [6]) / 5
= [4] + [7]
= Outlier if [8] < 6-Mo. Average of Baa Utility Index + 20% \* Market Risk Premium [5.10%] or [8] > [10]
= Median of [8] \* 2

Comparison DCF Estimates	Midpoint	Median
2019 Q4 DCF COE estimate	7.89%	7.46%
2022 Q1 DCF COE estimate	9.15%	9.73%
Difference of Averages between Q4 2019 and Q1 2022	1.27%	2.26%

CALCULATION OF LONG-TERM GDP GRO	WTH RATE (2022)
Real GDP (\$ Billions) [1]	
1929	\$1,110.20
2021	\$19,427.30
Compound Annual Growth Rate	3.16%
Consumer Price Index (YoY % Change) [2]	
2029-2033	2.20%
Average	2.20%
Consumer Price Index (All-Urban) [3]	
2031	3.26
2050	5.00
Compound Annual Growth Rate	2.27%
GDP Chain-type Price Index (2012=1.000) [3]	4.40
2031 2050	1.49
	3.38 4.41%
Compound Annual Growth Rate	4.4170
Average Inflation Forecast	2.96%
Long-Term GDP Growth Rate	6.22%

CALCULATION OF LONG-TERM GDP GROWTH RATE (2019)	
Real GDP (\$ Billions) [1]	
1929	\$1,110.20
2018	\$18,638.20
Compound Annual Growth Rate	3.22%
Consumer Price Index (YoY % Change) [2]	
2026-2030	2.10%
Average	2.10%
Consumer Price Index (All-Urban) [3]	
2029	3.24
2050	5.24
Compound Annual Growth Rate	2.31%
GDP Chain-type Price Index (2009=1.000) [3]	
2029	1.50
2050	2.42
Compound Annual Growth Rate	2.30%
Average Inflation Forecast	2.24%
Long-Term GDP Growth Rate	5.53%

- [1] Bureau of Economic Analysis, November 27, 2019.
  [2] Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 38, No. 6, June 1, 2019, at 14
- [3] Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2019, Table 20

<sup>[1]</sup> Bureau of Economic Analysis, March 30, 2022 [2] Blue Chip Financial Forecasts, Vol. 40, No. 12, December 1, 2021 at 14

<sup>[3]</sup> Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2022 at Table 20, March 2022