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Witness: James A Rusch

Witness: James A. Busch Sponsoring Party: MO PSC Staff

Type of Exhibit: Rebuttal Testimony
Case Nos.: SR-2014-0166 and

WR-2014-0167

Date Testimony Prepared: September 12, 2014

# MISSOURI PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION REGULATORY REVIEW DIVISION

### **REBUTTAL TESTIMONY**

**OF** 

JAMES A. BUSCH

# HICKORY HILLS WATER AND SEWER COMPANY, INC CASE NOS. SR-2014-0166 and WR-2014-0167

Jefferson City, Missouri September 2014

1		TABLE OF CONTENTS OF							
2		REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF							
3	JAMES A. BUSCH								
4		HICKORY HILLS WATER & SEWER COMPANY							
5		CASE NOS. SR-2014-0166 and WR-2014-0167							
6	I.	EXCUTIVE SUMMARY	2						
7	II.	BRIEF HISTORY	3						
8	III.	TEMPORARY WASTEWATER FACILITY	6						
9	IV.	OTHER CONCERNS REGARDING PUBLIC COUNSEL TESTIMONY	8						
10	V.	CONCLUSION	11						
11									

1	REBUTTAL TESTIMONY												
2 3	OF												
4 5	JAMES A. BUSCH												
6 7	HICKORY HILLS WATER AND SEWER COMPANY, INC												
8 9	CASE NOS. SR-2014-0166 and WR-2014-0167												
10 11	Q. Please state your name and business address.												
12 13	A. My name is James A. Busch and my business address is P. O. Box 360												
14	Jefferson City, Missouri 65102.												
15	Q. By whom are you employed and in what capacity?												
16	A. I am employed by the Missouri Public Service Commission (Commission)												
17	as the Regulatory Manager of the Water and Sewer Unit, Regulatory Review Division.												
18	Q. Please describe your educational and professional background?												
19	A. I hold Bachelor of Science and Master of Science degrees in Economics												
20	from Southern Illinois University at Edwardsville. From April 2005 through January												
21	2008, I worked as a Regulatory Economist III with the Energy Department of the												
22	Commission. Previously, I worked as a Public Utility Economist with the Office of the												
23	Public Counsel (Public Counsel) from 1999 to 2005. Prior to my employment with												
24	Public Counsel, I worked as a Regulatory Economist I with the Procurement Analysis												
25	Department of the Commission from 1997 to 1999. I have been employed as the												
26	Regulatory Manager of the Water and Sewer Unit with the Staff of the Commission												
27	(Staff) since February 2008. In addition, I am a member of the Adjunct Faculty of												
28	Columbia College. I teach both graduate and undergraduate classes in economics.												
29	Q. Have you previously filed testimony before the Commission?												

Are there any other Staff members filing testimony regarding the

A. Yes. Staff has various experts responding to the direct testimony of Office of the Public Counsel (Public Counsel) witness Keri Roth. Staff expert Paul Harrison will be filing testimony regarding the various accounting issues mentioned by Ms. Roth. Staff expert Shana Atkinson will be filing testimony regarding Return on Equity. Staff expert Derick Miles will be filing testimony regarding depreciation issues. Staff expert Aaron Archer will be filing testimony addressing Staff's recommended wastewater treatment facility solution.

#### I. **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

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- Q. Please summarize your Rebuttal Testimony.
- Hickory Hills is a small utility that provides both water and sewer service. A. The Company was placed into Court appointed receivership in 2007. Mr. Gary Cover is the Court appointed receiver. The biggest issue that is impacting Hickory Hills is its

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wastewater treatment facility, which is no longer in compliance with Department of Natural Resource (DNR) regulations and in fact, has been operating without a discharge permit since March 2009. Currently, the Company's wastewater treatment facility is a single-cell lagoon (for a further description of the Company's facility, please see the testimony of Staff expert Archer). From discussions with DNR and a review of various engineering reports, a new type of wastewater treatment facility needs to be installed. Unfortunately, the receiver is not in position to raise the capital required to make that level of investment. The Company is in enforcement action by the Missouri Attorney General's Office (AG) on behalf of DNR. It was due to this enforcement action that Hickory Hills initiated this rate request. It is also due to this enforcement action that Staff has made the decisions it has made in this case regarding the wastewater treatment facility. A new treatment facility is needed as soon as possible. Staff has thus researched and found a temporary type facility that can be leased and will allow the system to be in compliance with State and Federal environmental regulations yet not require a substantial amount of capital outlay by the receiver. Please refer to the testimony of Staff witness Archer for treatment facility alternatives and information.

#### II. BRIEF HISTORY

- Q. Please provide a brief history of Hickory Hills.
- A. Hickory Hills is a small water and wastewater utility that provides water and wastewater service to approximately 45 customers in a subdivision just outside of California, MO. In 2006, Mr. Randy Clifford, owner of Hickory Hills, indicated that he, as owner of the Company, was no longer was willing and able to continue to provide service to the customers of Hickory Hills. In Case No. WO-2007-0036, a unanimous

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stipulation and agreement between Mr. Clifford, Staff and Public Counsel was filed to appoint Mr. Gary Cover as receiver of the Company and to ask the Commission permission for Staff to petition the circuit court for court approval. The Commission approved this agreement by Order on August 13, 2006. Staff subsequently petitioned the Cole County Circuit Court and that Court approved Mr. Cover as receiver on January 2, 2007 in Case No. 06AC-CC00885.

On March 19, 2004, DNR issued an operating permit to Hickory Hills. The permit expired on March 1, 2009. Because of non-compliance with prescribed permit conditions, the permit was not re-issued by DNR and the treatment facility has been operated by Hickory Hills without a permit since that time, in violation of Missouri law. Due to this and other factors, the AG's Office filed a Petition and Application for Preliminary Injunction, Permanent Injunction, and Civil Penalties against Hickory Hills on December 2, 2012 in the Circuit Court of Moniteau County, Case No. AP 12MT-CC00027. The Petition is attached to this testimony as Schedule JAB-2. Besides the various counts for violation of Missouri law within the petition, the AG in paragraph 42, asks for a Preliminary Injunction to have Hickory Hills enjoined from causing or permitting the discharge of contaminants from the wastewater treatment facility into waters of the State in order to prevent further violations of the Missouri Clean Water Since the lagoon is no longer capable of meeting treatment and discharge Law. requirements, it either needs substantial rehabilitation and upgrades or a new facility must be installed in order for customers to receive safe and adequate wastewater service. Other less than desirable options that DNR could impose on the Company to undertake include pumping and hauling raw sewage from the lagoon on a daily basis for disposal

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elsewhere, which would be extremely expensive, or the customers must cease using the system, meaning their homes would be uninhabitable and valueless.

On August 8, 2013, an <u>Agreed Order of Preliminary Injunction</u> was filed among DNR, the AG, and Hickory Hills and approved by the Court that required Hickory Hills to mow grass on the constructed lagoon berms, repair or erect a fence around the lagoon, post warning signs, and file a rate request with the PSC to request an emergency rate increase that would address the pumping and hauling costs regarding the lagoon. This rate request is the result of that Agreed Order.

Within this case, Hickory Hills eventually requested emergency rates to comply with the Agreed Order. Staff did an analysis of this request and determined that the cost of pumping and hauling to meet these requirements was cost prohibitive. Staff filed Staff's Recommendation Regarding Hickory Hills Request for Emergency Rate Increase in this proceeding on April 7, 2014. In that recommendation, Staff provided detailed analysis as to why pumping and hauling was not cost effective and recommended that the Company utilize a temporary facility to address DNR concerns. In reality, a treatment facility may or may not be a temporary set-up depending upon the product selected to be used. One option studied by Staff involves a facility that is intended to be used on a temporary basis and is available for lease, rather than purchase requiring a large capital investment. Refer to Staff's April 7, 2014 memorandum and Staff witness Archer's Rebuttal testimony for further information on treatment facility alternatives and options. The cost of a replacement facility was included in the Staff and Company Disposition Agreement filed on July 7, 2014 and is further discussed in the Rebuttal testimony of Staff expert Archer.

## III. TEMPORARY WASTEWATER FACILITY

2		Q.	What is Public Counsel's position regarding the temporary wastewater								
3	facility recommended by Staff?										
4		A.	According to Ms. Roth's testimony, Public Counsel opposes Staff's								
5	recommendation.										
6		Q.	Why does Public Counsel oppose Staff's recommendation?								
7		A.	From Ms. Roth's direct testimony, page 5 lines 14 – 16, she states that a								
8	permanent solution should be determined before customers are asked to pay such a high										
9	cost in their rates.										
10		Q.	What is the expected wastewater rate for Hickory Hills' customers if								
11	Staff's total recommendation is approved by the Commission?										
12		A.	Staff's recommended wastewater rate is \$116.33 per month. This includes								
13	not only the temporary wastewater facility, but includes all of Staff's recommendations.										
14		Q.	Does Staff agree with Public Counsel that this is a high rate?								
15		A.	Yes.								
16		Q.	Does Staff agree with Public Counsel that a permanent solution should be								
17	found?										
18		A.	Yes.								
19		Q.	Is there a permanent solution available at this time?								
20		A.	No. Staff has explored many permanent solutions to help solve this								
21	problem impacting the customers. Staff has worked diligently with DNR and the AG's										
22	office. Staff has attended meetings and has had discussions with the City of California to										

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- solve this problem. Staff has contacted potential entities who might purchase the system.
- 2 At this time, no permanent solution has been found.
  - Q. Please briefly describe the discussions with the City of California.
  - Staff has participated in discussions over the past few years with various A. council members and officials of the City of California (City). The Hickory Hills system is just outside of the municipal limits of the City. The reason that Staff has met with City officials is that one potential permanent solution is to have the City either take over the water and wastewater systems or at least allow for the connection of the water and wastewater systems to the City's system. However, after participating in these discussions, there are various obstacles mentioned by the City that need to be addressed before the City would be willing to allow the Hickory Hills' systems to be connected to the City's systems. Without a viable option to overcome those obstacles there have not been any further discussions to address how those obstacles can be overcome.
  - Q. Can you briefly describe Staff's efforts to reach out to potential buyers of the water and wastewater system?
  - A. Yes. Staff has had discussions with various entities that may be able to purchase the systems. However, as has been noted, there are very few customers and any permanent solution to the problems facing the system that a potential buyer would face would be cost prohibitive as well. Potential buyers are rightfully shy of tackling this problem considering the outstanding DNR violations, how quickly those violations would need to be remedied, and the overall cost to the customers via potential rates.
  - Staff continues to have discussions with any interested party to find not only a permanent solution, but a permanent solution that is more cost effective.

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- What is Public Counsel's recommendation to get the wastewater system Q.
- into compliance with State law?
  - A. After reading the testimony of Ms. Roth, it does not appear that Public
- Counsel has a plan that would move the system into compliance.
  - Q. If Staff agrees that its recommendation is costly and that a permanent
- solution is the best solution, why is Staff recommending a solution that could be
- considered to be temporary?
  - Staff is concerned about what will happen if the status quo continues. As A.
- 9 noted earlier, the AG has filed for an injunction that would force the Company to cease
- 10 polluting the waters of the state of Missouri. Absent a new facility or pumping and
- 11 hauling (which is an even more expensive option, if it would even be practical), the only
- 12 other way to prevent pollution is to force the customers to quit using the facilities. In
  - other words, the customers would essentially be forced from their homes if the Circuit
  - Court case would continue, absent some other resolution that would cause the polluting to
    - stop. It is better to recommend a temporary solution with a relatively high cost rather
      - than hope that the Court case does not force customers out of their homes.

#### IV. OTHER CONCERNS REGARDING PUBLIC COUNSEL TESTIMONY

- Q. On page 5, lines 16 – 18 of her direct testimony, Ms. Roth states that it
- does not appear that other similarly effective, less-expensive options have been explored.
- Has Staff explored other similarly effective and less-expensive options?
  - A. Staff is unaware of other similarly effective, less-expensive options. Staff
- has spent considerable time exploring a great number of treatment facility products,
- researching and estimating capital costs to install a replacement treatment facility, and

- estimating with as much detail as possible the costs to operate a replacement treatment facility. Public Counsel does not provide any alternatives. If Public Counsel is aware of such options, Staff would be very interested in reviewing Public Counsel's recommendations and is eager to analyze the feasibility of those options.
  - Q. What entity does Public Counsel propose pay for the permanent solution that it states should be determined?
    - A. Ms. Roth does not indicate who will pay for a permanent solution.
  - Q. If the intent of Public Counsel's recommendation is to have the receiver raise the capital required for a permanent solution, is this a realistic solution?
    - A. No.
      - Q. Please explain.
  - A. Under the terms of the order by the Cole County Circuit Court that appointed Mr. Cover as receiver, the receiver is directed to transfer the utility by sale or liquidate the assets of the utility. The receiver does not have the authority to make a substantial investment in the Company. In fact, there is nothing that requires any receiver to expend its own money to finance any improvements of a utility. Another option is to raise capital is through borrowing. However, due to the size of the Company, lack of revenues due to the small number of customers, and the cost of improvements, any ability the receiver would have to secure loans to fully address a permanent solution are non-existent. Staff is aware of many small water and sewer utilities that cannot secure financing for much needed repairs and upgrades. Thus, expecting the receiver of a small water and sewer utility to fund a project of the magnitude required for Hickory Hills is not feasible.

receivership when they have major environmental issues and/or poor overall management. This means that money needs to be expended on the system when there is no money available. From a practical perspective an ROE granted on rate base, is one small way that extra money could become available to the receiver to address these unaccounted for emergencies. Further, it is my experience as manager of the Water and Sewer Unit for the past six and a half years that most companies in receivership are barely bringing in sufficient cash flow to meet basic operating requirements. If ROE is reduced to zero, this means that there will be even less cash flow to meet basic operating requirements.

- Q. Can you please explain how an ROE of zero creates less cash flow to meet basic operating requirements?
- A. Yes. Many smaller, privately owned, wastewater systems, Hickory Hills in particular, are older systems. They date back 30 or 40 years, if not longer. Thus, even the best estimate of cost of service is highly likely to be insufficient to include all potential repairs, maintenance, and emergency repairs needed on an aging system. As the system keeps failing, it needs more and more cash to stay financially solvent. Since rates are set primarily looking in the past, future expenses are not included, nor are potential future repairs. ROE for these systems, like Hickory Hills, is just a little bit of cash flow that is available to meet those expenses and emergencies. As noted in Staff expert Harrison's testimony, Hickory Hills is cash poor, has been cash poor, and if Public Counsel's position on ROE is accepted, will be even more cash poor in the future.

#### IV. CONCLUSION

Q. Please summarize your testimony.

- A. Staff recognizes that its proposed rate for sewer service is high and will be very difficult for the customers to pay in Hickory Hills. Staff has worked very hard over the past few years to find a solution and has not stopped working on a better solution. Without a connection with the City of California or the sale to a larger entity, there are only two options. Option one is to continue to do nothing and hope that the environmental regulators and Circuit Court continue to allow the pollution of the waters of the state as opposed to forcing the residents to vacate their homes. Option two is to find a solution, temporary or otherwise, that will cause the pollution to cease and allow the homes to remain habitable, while at the same time recognizing it will be difficult for the customers of Hickory Hills to support a rather steep price associated with that solution. In Staff's opinion, option two is the only viable option at this time.
  - Q. What is Staff's recommendation regarding rate design?
- A. Staff recommends maintaining Hickory Hill's current rate structure for both its water and wastewater tariffs.
- Q. Does this conclude your Rebuttal Testimony?
- 16 A. Yes.

## BEFORE THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

### **OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI**

In the Matter of a Requested Rate Annual Water Operating Revenues Hills Water & Sewer			) ) )	Case No. WR-2014-0167 and	
In the Matter of a Requested Rate Annual Sewer Operating Revenues Hills Water & Sewer			) ) )	Case No. SR-2014-01	66
AFFI	DAVIT	OF JA	AMES A.	BUSCH	
STATE OF MISSOURI	)				
COUNTY OF COLE	)	SS.			
by him; that he has knowledge of the true and correct to the best of his kn				ich answers; and that s	uch matters are
			James I	A. Busch	-
			vanios		
Subscribed and sworn to before me	this	2+	<u>L</u> da	y of September, 2014.	
DIANNA L. VAUGHT Notary Public - Notary Seal State of Missouri Commissioned for Cole County My Commission Expires: June 28, 2015 Commission Number: 11207377		1	MRhns N	· L. Vaurtotary Public	